PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL	
Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Princeton, New Jersey	
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020	

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

Princeton, New Jersey

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by
Princeton Charter School
Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Princeton Charter School

100 Bunn Drive Princeton, NJ 08540 609-924-0575

January 10, 2021

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Princeton, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the Princeton Charter School (the "Charter School") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the basic financial statements and results of operations of the Charter School. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the Charter School's organizational chart, roster of officials and a list of consultants and advisors. The financial section includes the Independent Auditors' Report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and supplementary schedules providing detailed budgetary information. The statistical section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi- year basis. The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Information related to this single audit, including the auditors' reports on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

1) REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The Princeton Charter School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in codification section 2100. All funds of the Charter School are included in this report. The Princeton Charter School constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

Princeton Charter School is a K-8 independent public school, operated by a Board of Trustees under a charter granted by the Commissioner of Education of the State of New Jersey. The Charter School opened in 1997 as a fourth grade through sixth grade elementary school. It currently operates a kindergarten through eighth grade school with a diverse student population of students and staff. Princeton Charter School's charter was renewed in February of 2016 for a five-year term; this was the Charter School's fourth renewal. The Acting Commissioner, in granting the Charter School's renewal, praised the Charter School for its academic accomplishments and student success. The Charter School's next renewal application process will take place in the 2020-2021 school year.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 2 January 10, 2021

1) REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES (Cont'd)

There are three (3) school buildings on the Charter School's campus, all of which are in good condition. The buildings are as follows: K-4 building (lower school) built in 2003, 5-8 building (upper school) built in 1963 and renovated into a school building in 1998, and the campus center, built in 2010, which houses a gym, 3 classrooms and a black box theatre. There is also a business office, known as the Marsee Center, located on the Charter School's campus.

The Charter School completed the 2019-2020 school year with an enrollment of 422 students.

2) ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Princeton Charter School is located within the municipality of Princeton and the financial resources it receives flow through the Princeton Public School District (district of residence) on a per-pupil basis. The economy in Princeton is flat and home properties are generally holding their value. Most of the undeveloped land in Princeton is held by Princeton University. It is believed there may be some commercial and residential growth potential within the municipality.

3) INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control system designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state awards, the Charter School also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control system is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control system is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control system, including that portion related to major federal and state award programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

4) BUDGETARY CONTROLS

In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by a vote of the Board of Trustees. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Project length budgets are approved for the capital improvements accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. The final budget amount as amended for the period is reflected in the financial section.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 3 January 10, 2021

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be re-appropriated are reported as restrictions, commitments and assignments of fund balance at June 30, 2020.

5) ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS

The Charter School's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the GASB. The accounting system of the Charter School is organized on the basis of funds. These funds are explained in "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements", Note 1.

6) OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit - State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Nisivoccia LLP was selected by the Board of Trustees at its organization meeting.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplementary information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

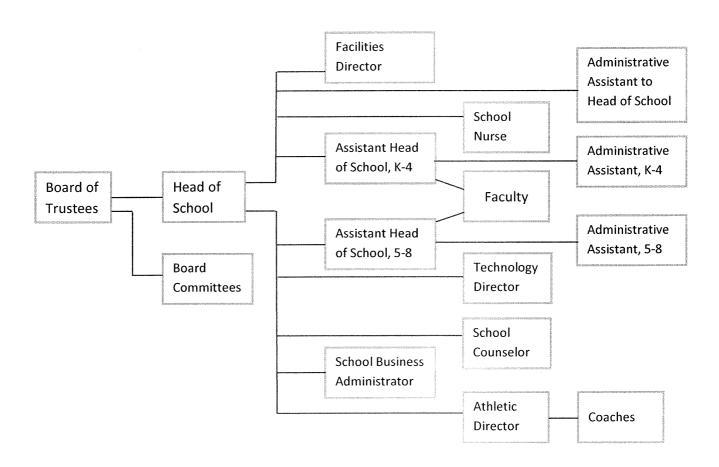
7) ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Board of Trustees of the Princeton Charter School for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and participating districts of the Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the financial and accounting staff.

Lawrence D. Patton/Head of School

Michael Falkowski /Business Administrator

Princeton Charter School Organizational Chart



PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL ROSTER OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2020

Board of Trustees	Position	Expiration of Term
Maryellen McQuade	President	June 2021
Stefanos Damianakis	Treasurer	June 2021
Roxanna Choe	Secretary	June 2023
Minzhi Liu	Member	June 2022
Rebecca Feder	Member	June 2021
John Weihe	Member	June 2023
Lorie Roth	Member	June 2022
Harlan Tenenbaum	Member	June 2022
Olga Troyanskaya	Member	June 2023
Other Officials	<u>Title</u>	
Lawrence D. Patton	Head of School	
Michael Falkowski	Business Administrator/Board Secretary	

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Audit Firm

Nisivoccia LLP

200 Valley Road, Suite 300 Mount Arlington, NJ, 07856 and Lawrence Business Park 11 Lawrence Road Newton, NJ 07860

Attorney

Busch Law Group, LLC 450 Main Street Metuchen, NJ 08840

Official Depository

Peapack Gladstone Bank

300 Carnegie Center Princeton, NJ 08540 FINANCIAL SECTION



200 Valley Road, Suite 300 Mt. Arlington, NJ 07856 973.298.8500

11 Lawrence Road Newton, NJ 07860 973.383.6699

nisivoccia.com

Independent Member BKR International

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees
Princeton Charter School
County of Mercer, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Princeton Charter School (the "Charter School") in the County of Mercer, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise of the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Charter School's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Princeton Charter School, in the County of Mercer, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, which follows this report, the pension and post-retirement benefit schedules in Exhibits L-1 through L-5 and the related notes and the budgetary comparison information in Exhibits C-1 through C-3 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*; and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, and the other information, such as the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying other supplementary schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying other information such as the introductory and statistical sections has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2021 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 10, 2021 Mount Arlington, New Jersey NISIVOCCIA LLP

Nisivoccia, LLP

Kathryn L. Mantell

Licensed Public School Accountant #884

Certified Public Accountant

Kathryn L. Mantell

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Princeton Charter School's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Charter School's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Charter School:

- The first two statements are *Charter School-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the Charter School's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the Charter School, reporting the School's operations in *more* detail than the Charter School-Wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- The *proprietary funds statements* offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the School operates like a business, such as food services and student programs.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the Charter School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Charter School's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1
Organization of the Princeton Charter School's Financial Report

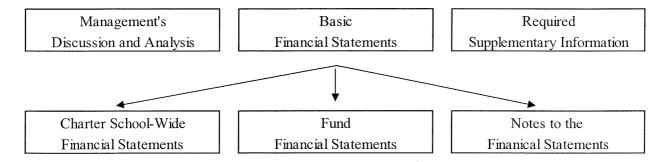


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the Charter School's financial statements, including the portion of the Charter School's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights that structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2

Major Features of the Charter School-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Charter	Fund Financial Statements					
	School- Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds			
Scope	Entire School (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the School operates similar to private businesses: food services and student programs	Instances in which the School administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities and unemployment trust			
Required Financial Statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	 Balance sheet Statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position Statement of cash flows 	 Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position 			
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities are included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can			
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenue for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

Charter School-wide Statements

The Charter School-wide statements report information about the Charter School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Charter School's assets, deferred inflows and outflows, and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two Charter School-wide statements report the Charter School's *net position* and how they have changed. Net positions – the difference between the Charter School's assets, outflows and deferred inflows, and liabilities – is one way to measure the Charter School's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the School's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the Charter School's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the Charter School's property tax base and enrollment and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the Charter School-wide financial statements, the School's activities are in the following categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the Charter School's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's food service and student programs are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Charter School's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Charter School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The Charter School establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenue (such as federal grants).

The School has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the Charter School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on {1} how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and {2} the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Charter School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Charter School-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or difference) between them.
- Proprietary funds: Services for which the Charter School charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the Charter School-wide statements. The Charter School's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information (such as cash flows). Internal service funds (the other kind of proprietary fund) report activities that provide supplies and services for other programs and activities. The Charter School currently does not maintain any internal service funds.

• Fiduciary funds: The Charter School is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds and the student activities funds. The Charter School is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The Charter School excludes these activities from the Charter School-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Charter School-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found immediately following the fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the School as a Whole

Net Position. The Charter School's combined net position was \$3,031,617 as of June 30, 2020 – a decrease of \$337,910 or 10.03% from the prior year. (See Figure A-3).

Figure A-3
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Char	%	
	2019-2020	2018-2019	2019-2020	2018-2019	2019-2020	2018-2019	Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,766,861	\$ 725,606	\$ 9,037	\$ 14,448	\$ 1,775,898	\$ 740,054	
Capital Assets, Net	9,218,060	9,710,570	9,005	10,322	9,227,065	9,720,892	
Total Assets	10,984,921	10,436,176	18,042	24,770	11,002,963	10,460,946	5.18%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,274,691	1,552,666		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,274,691	1,552,666	-17.90%
Other Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities	430,949 8,628,210	485,230 8,047,848	18,042	10,652	448,991 8,628,210	495,882 8,047,848	
Total Liabilities	9,059,159	8,533,078	18,042	10,652	9,077,201	8,543,730	6.24%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	437,599	438,265			437,599	438,265	-0.15%
Net Position: Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	3,064,242 75,000 (376,388)	3,327,731 75,000 (385,232)	9,005	10,322 3,796	3,073,247 75,000 (385,393)	3,338,053 75,000 (381,436)	
Total Net Position	\$ 2,762,854	\$ 3,017,499	\$ -	\$ 14,118	\$ 2,762,854	\$ 3,031,617	-8.87%

Changes in Net Position. The Charter School's combined net position decreased by \$337,910 – governmental activities decreased \$331,155 and business-type activities decreased \$6,755. The Charter School's net position invested in capital assets decreased primarily due to depreciation net of capital asset additions and unrestricted net position decreased primarily due to an increase in the net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions.

Figure A-4

Changes in Net Position from Operating Results								
O	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total School District		%	
	2019-2020	2018-2019	2019-2020	2018-2019	2019-2020	2018-2019	Change	
Revenue:								
Program Revenue:								
Charges for Services			\$ 135,875	\$ 244,326	\$ 135,875	\$ 244,326		
Operating Grants								
and Contributions	\$ 1,852,505	\$ 1,862,028	18,686	38,078	1,871,191	1,900,106		
General Revenue:								
Local Levy -								
Charter School Aid	6,464,767	6,060,133			6,464,767	6,060,133		
Unrestricted Federal								
& State Aid	-	261,638			-	261,638		
Other	89,975	126,343			89,975	126,343		
Total Revenue	8,407,247	8,310,142	154,561	282,404	8,561,808	8,592,546	-0.36%	
Expenses:								
Instruction	6,084,526	5,988,341			6,084,526	5,988,341		
Student & Instruction								
Related Services	142,047	239,342			142,047	239,342		
Administrative								
& Business	1,359,048	1,370,842			1,359,048	1,370,842		
Maintenance								
& Operations	683,751	733,152			683,751	733,152		
Pupil Transportation	12,750	14,870			12,750	14,870		
Other	368,184	263,320	180,265	318,206	548,449	581,526		
Total Expenses	8,650,306	8,609,867	180,265	318,206	8,830,571	8,928,073	-1.09%	
Other Items				(2,383)		(2,383)		
Transfers	(11,586)	(31,430)	11,586	31,430				
Change in								
Net Position	\$ (254,645)	\$ (331,155)	\$ (14,118)	\$ (6,755)	\$ (268,763)	\$ (337,910)	20.46%	

Governmental Activities

Net position of the Charter School's governmental activities decreased by \$254,645. The decrease is primarily due to depreciation of capital assets and the increase in the net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to pension.

Figure A-5 presents the cost of six major Charter School activities: instruction, pupil and instruction services, administration and business, maintenance and operations, transportation, and other. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs):

Figure A-5
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services			Net Cost of Services		
	2	2019-2020	2	2018-2019	2019-2020		2018-2019
Instruction	\$	6,084,526	\$	5,988,341	\$ 4,270,862	\$	4,160,826
Student & Instruction Services		142,047		239,342	142,047		239,342
Administrative & Business		1,359,048		1,370,842	1,359,048		1,370,842
Maintenance & Operations		683,751		733,152	644,910		698,639
Transportation		12,750		14,870	12,750		14,870
Other		368,184		263,320	368,184		263,320
	\$	8,650,306	\$	8,609,867	\$ 6,797,801	\$	6,747,839

Business-type Activities

Net position of the Charter School's business-type activities decreased by \$14,118 (Figure A-4). The decrease is primarily due to a reduction in revenue that was partially covered by a transfer from its governmental activities during the current year.

Financial Analysis of the Charter School's Funds

The Charter School's Governmental Funds' financial position increased \$139,415 during the current year. The General Fund balance increased by \$139,415 primarily due to excess miscellaneous revenue. The Capital Projects Fund balance remained the same as the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Charter School revised the annual operating budget several times. These budget amendments represented changes made between budgetary line items for changes in school-based needs for programs, supplies and equipment.

Capital Assets

The Charter School's capital assets decreased \$253,744 or 2.41% as a result of annual depreciation offset by capital additions. (More detailed information about the Charter School's capital assets is presented in the Note 4 to the Financial Statements).

Figure A-6
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Bus	Business-Type Activities		Total School District		Percentage
	2019-2020 2018-2019		201	2019-2020 2018-2019		2019-2020	2019-2020 2018-2019	
Land	\$ 2,560,000	\$ 2,560,000				\$ 2,560,000	\$ 2,560,000	
Construction in		, ,						
Progress	543,135	543,135				543,135	543,135	
Site Improvements	95,082	102,329				95,082	102,329	
Buildings and Building								
Improvements	6,401,725	6,857,878				6,401,725	6,857,878	
Machinery and								
Equipment	161,253	190,363	_\$_	9,005	\$ 10,322	170,258	200,685	
Total Capital Assets,								
Net of Depreciation	\$ 9,761,195	\$10,253,705	_\$_	9,005	\$ 10,322	\$ 9,770,200	\$10,264,027	-4.81%

Long-Term Liabilities

The Charter School's Long-Term Liabilities increased \$322,569 or 3.98% during the fiscal year. This is due to an increase in the Net Pension Liability of \$162,789 and an increase in the Derivative offset by a decrease in the current year retirement of the mortgage loans of \$222,170.

Figure A-7 Long-Term Liabilities

	Total Sch	Percentage	
	2019-2020	2018-2019	Change
Mortgage Loan Payable Payroll Protection Program Loan	\$ 6,696,953 928,400	\$ 6,925,974	
Derivative Instrument - Interest Rate Swap	<i>22</i> 0, 100	381,950	
Net Pension Liability	1,002,857	1,121,874	
	\$ 8,628,210	\$ 8,429,798	2.35%

Factors Bearing on the Charter School's Future

The Charter School was previously approved for student expansion and reached its maximum student capacity in 2018-2019. Students have been accommodated in temporary trailers while the Charter School is in the process of renovation and expansion of its facilities. The Charter School expects to award bids and enter a commitment for a bank loan to finance the cost of alterations and additions to the Princeton Charter School in 2020-2021.

Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Charter School's citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School Business Administrator at 609- 924-0575.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,079,182		\$ 1,079,182
Tax Levy Receivable	55,262		55,262
Receivables from Other Governments:			
State	22,744	\$ 83	22,827
Other		6,183	6,183
Other Accounts Receivable	10,023	25,403	35,426
Prepaid Expenses	25,000		25,000
Internal Balances	23,132	(23,132)	
Interfund Receivable	4,253	500	4,753
Non-Current Assets:			
Derivative Instrument - Interest Rate Swap	952,242		952,242
Capital Assets, Net:			
Construction in Progress	543,135		543,135
Sites (Land)	2,560,000		2,560,000
Depreciable Site Improvements, Buildings and Building			
Improvements, and Machinery and Equipment	6,658,060	9,005	6,667,065
Total Assets	11,933,033	18,042	11,951,075
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows in Pensions	476,391		476,391
Loss on Refunding of Mortgage Loan	416,350		416,350
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	892,741		892,741
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable - Vendors	42,094		42,094
Payable to State Government	6,905		6,905
Paycheck Protection Program Loan	928,400		928,400
Unearned Revenue		18,042	18,042
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	237,391		237,391
Due Beyond One Year	7,462,419		7,462,419
Total Liabilities	8,677,209	18,042	8,695,251
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Accumulated Increase in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives	952,242		952,242
Deferred Inflows in Pensions	437,599		437,599
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,389,841		1,389,841
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,064,242	9,005	3,073,247
Restricted	75,000		75,000
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	(380,518)	(9,005)	(389,523)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,758,724	\$ -0-	\$ 2,758,724

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenue	Reve	nue	Net () Cha	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	nue and osition	
		Cha	Charges for		Operating Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	v	1
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Se	Services	S	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	ŀ
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 6,020,368			↔	1,598,898	\$ (4,421,470)		\$ (4,421,470)	
Special Education	60,872				214,766	153,894		153,894	₹†
Other Instruction	3,286					(3,286)		(3,286)	2)
Support Services:									
Student & Instruction Related Services	142,047					(142,047)		(142,047)	<u></u>
General Administrative Services	1,133,815					(1,133,815)		(1,133,815)	2)
School Administrative Services	<i>L</i> 99					(299)		(299)	\sim
Central Services	118,257					(118,257)		(118,257)	(
Administrative Information Technology	106,309					(106,309)		(106,309)	6
Plant Operations and Maintenance	683,751				38,841	(644,910)		(644,910)	6
Pupil Transportation	12,750					(12,750)		(12,750)	6
Capital Outlay	99,193					(99,193)		(99,193	3)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	268,991					(268,991)		(268,991)	
Total Governmental Activities	8,650,306				1,852,505	(6,797,801)		(6,797,801)	\Box
Business-Type Activities: Food Service	104 411	€	77.446		18 686		(8.279)	(8,279)	6
Student Programs	75,854	,	58,429						2
Total Business-Type Activities	180,265		135,875		18,686		(25,704)	(25,704)	()
Total Primary Government	\$ 8,830,571	8	135,875	S	1,871,191	(6,797,801)	(25,704)	(6,823,505)	<u>S</u>

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:	4.050.105		.
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,079,182		\$ 1,079,182
Tax Levy Receivable	55,262		55,262
Interfund Receivable	595,520		595,520
Receivables From Other Governments:			
State	22,744		22,744
Other Accounts Receivable	10,023		10,023
Prepaid Expenses		\$ 25,000	25,000
Total Assets	\$ 1,762,731	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,787,731
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:			
Liabilities:			
Paycheck Protection Program Loan	\$ 928,400		\$ 928,400
Interfund Payable		\$ 568,135	568,135
Intergovernmental Accounts Payable - Other	6,905		6,905
Total Liabilities	935,305	568,135	1,503,440
Fund Balances:			
Restricted:			
Charter School Escrow	75,000		75,000
Unassigned:	,		,
General Fund	752,426		752,426
Capital Projects Fund (Deficit)		(543,135)	(543,135)
Total Fund Balances/(Deficit)	827,426	(543,135)	284,291
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,762,731	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,787,731

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Total Governmental Funds
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position (A-1) is Different Because:	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit B-1)	\$ 284,291
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Funds.	9,761,195
Derivative Instrument - Interest Rate Swap	952,242
A loss on refunding is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds in the year the mortgage loans were refunded.	416,350
The Net Pension Liability for PERS is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the Governmental Funds.	(1,002,857)
Certain amounts related to the Net Pension Liability are Deferred and Amortized in the Statement of Activities are not reported in the Governmental Funds:	
Deferred Outflows - Pensions	434,297
Deferred Inflows - Pensions	(437,599)
Deferred Inflow - Accumulated Increase in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives	(952,242)
Long-Term Liabilities, including mortgage loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the	44.40.40.55
Governmental Funds (see Note 5).	(6,696,953)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-1)	\$ 2,758,724

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FIGURAL WEAR ENDED HAVE 20, 2020

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental
DEVENIE	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
REVENUE:				
Local Sources: Charter School Aid	\$ 6,464,767			\$ 6,464,767
Miscellaneous	89,975			89,975
Total - Local Sources	6,554,742			6,554,742
State Sources	1,291,241			1,291,241
Federal Sources	1,221,211	\$ 144,925		144,925
Total Revenue	7,845,983	144,925		7,990,908
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Regular Instruction	3,501,914	60,461		3,562,375
Special Education Instruction		60,872		60,872
Other Instruction	3,004			3,004
Student & Instruction Related Services	98,341	23,592		121,933
General Administrative Services	921,696			921,696
School Administrative Services	610			610
Central Services	118,257			118,257
Administrative Information Technology	97,171			97,171
Plant Operations and Maintenance	614,573			614,573
Pupil Transportation	12,750			12,750
Employee Benefits	1,769,431			1,769,431
Capital Outlay	557,235			557,235
Total Expenditures	7,694,982	144,925		7,839,907
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	151,001			151,001
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Transfer to Food Service Fund	(11,586)			(11,586)
Total Other Financing Uses	(11,586)			(11,586)
Net Change in Fund Balances	139,415			139,415
Fund Balance—July 1	692,141	- 0 -	\$ (543,135)	149,006
Fund Balance—June 30	\$ 831,556	\$ -0-	\$ (543,135)	\$ 288,421

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

<u>10 1HE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit B-2)	\$	139,415
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2) are Different Because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense		

differs from capital outlays in the period.

Governmental funds report the effect of refunding transactions when the debt is first issued, but the amounts are deferred and	amortized in the statement of activities. This represents the current year amortization related to the deferred loss on refunding.

(39,970)

(492,510)

229,021

(210,284)

119,017

999

(254,645)

sported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and is not	in the Governmental Funds:
The net pension liability reported in the stater	reported as an expenditure in the Government

(-2)	
s (Exhibit A	
- Governmental Funds	
Change in Net Position -	

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	I	Business-Type Activities				
		Ente	rprise Funds			
	Food Service	2	Total Non-Major Fund			
	Program	N			Total All Funds	
	Major Fund					
ASSETS:						
Current Assets:						
Accounts Receivable:						
State	\$ 83	}		\$	83	
Federal	6,183	}			6,183	
Other	6,018	<u>\$</u>	19,385		25,403	
Total Current Assets	12,284	<u> </u>	19,385		31,669	
Non-Current Assets:						
Capital Assets	18,820)			18,820	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(9,815	5)			(9,815)	
Total Non-Current Assets	9,005	5			9,005	
Total Assets	21,289)	19,385		40,674	
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>						
Current Liabilities:						
Interfund Payable	3,247	7	19,385		22,632	
Unearned Revenue - Prepaid Sales	18,042		,		18,042	
Total Current Liabilities	21,289)	19,385		40,674	
NET POSITION:						
Investment in Capital Assets	9,005	5			9,005	
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	(9,005				(9,005)	
Total Net Position	\$ -0	\$_	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -	

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities					
			nterprise			
	Food	l Service	Tot	tal		
	Pr	ogram	Non-N	Major		Total
	Maj	or Fund	Fur	nd	Al	1 Funds
Operating Revenue						
Local Sources:						
Daily Sales - Reimbursable programs	\$	77,446			\$	77,446
Charges and Program Fees			\$ 53	8,429		58,429
Total Operating Revenue		77,446	5	8,429		135,875
Operating Expenses:						
Cost of Sales - Reimbursable Programs		78,550				78,550
Salaries, Benefits & Payroll Taxes		23,800	7	1,125		94,925
Supplies and Materials			:	2,866		2,866
Depreciation		1,317				1,317
Miscellaneous		744		1,863		2,607
Total Operating Expenses		104,411	7.	5,854		180,265
Operating Loss		(26,965)	(1	7,425)	·	(44,390)
Non-Operating Revenue:						
State Sources:						
State School Lunch Program		708				708
COVID Seamless Summer Option		71				71
Federal Sources:						
National Lunch Program		11,346				11,346
National PB Lunch		974				974
COVID Seamless Summer Option Breakfast		1,122				1,122
COVID Seamless Summer Option Lunch		4,465				4,465
Total Non-Operating Revenue		18,686			****	18,686
Change in Net Position Before Other Items		(8,279)	(1	7,425)		(25,704)
Other Items:						
Transfer - General Fund		8,279		3,307		11,586
Change in Net Position After Other Items		- 0 -	(1	4,118)		(14,118)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		- 0 -	1	4,118		14,118
Net Position - End of Year	\$	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Total Food Service Program Non-Major Total All Funds Fund Major Fund Cash Flows from Operating Activities: 97,394 97,394 \$ \$ Receipts from Customers \$ 61,518 61,518 Receipts from Program Revenues Receipts from Donations (78,550)Payments to Food Service Vendor (78,550)(3,610)(744)(2,866)Payments to Suppliers (71,125)(94,925)(23,800)Payments of Salaries, Benefits & Payroll Taxes (1,922)(1,922)Payments for Miscellaneous Expenses (14,395)(20,095)(5,700)Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: 13,200 Cash Received from State and Federal Reimbursements 13,200 11,088 (4,692)(15,780)Interfund Advanced/Returned) 8,280 3,307 11,587 Cash Received from Transfers 20,095 5,700 14,395 Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities - 0 -- 0 --0-Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents - 0 -- 0 -Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 - 0 -- 0 -\$ Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities: \$ \$ (44,390)(26,965)\$ (17,425)Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) to Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities: 1,317 1.317 Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: 15,588 3,089 (Increase)/Decrease in Other Accounts Receivable 12,499 7,449 7,449 (Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Sales (59)(59)Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable (20,095)(14,395)Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities (5,700)

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Agency Funds	Unemployment Compensation Trust		
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,365	\$ 20,101		
Total Assets	17,365	20,101		
LIABILITIES:				
Due to Student Groups Interfund Payable:	12,612			
General Fund Student Groups	4,253 500			
Total Liabilities	17,365			
Held in Trust for: Unemployment Claims		20,101		
NET POSITION	\$ -0-	\$ 20,101		

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Unemployment Compensation Trust
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employee Deductions	\$ 6,952
Total Contributions	6,952
Total Additions	6,952
Change in Net Position	6,507
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	13,594
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 20,101

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Board of Trustees (the "Board") of the Princeton Charter School (the "Charter School") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Board of Trustee's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity:

The Charter School is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The Board of Trustees consists of volunteer officials and is responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. A School Director is appointed by the Board of Trustees and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Codification Section 2100, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes standards to determine whether a governmental component unit should be included in the financial reporting entity. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A legally separate, tax-exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents. (2) The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization. (3). The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation:

Charter School-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the Charter School's Governmental and Business-type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. These statements distinguish between governmental and business type activities of the Charter School. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue and other non-exchange transactions. Business type activities are financed in part by fees charged to external parties.

(Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

B. Basis of Presentation: (Cont'd)

Charter School-Wide Financial Statements: (Cont'd)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the Charter School's Governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses are allocated to the functions using an appropriate allocation method or association with the specific function. Indirect expenses include health benefits, employer's share of payroll taxes, compensated absences and tuition reimbursements. Program revenue includes (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenue that is not classified as program revenue, including all taxes, is presented as general revenue. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

Fund Financial Statements:

During the period, the Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. The fund financial statements provide information about the Charter School's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary and fiduciary - are presented. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) has elected to require New Jersey schools to treat each governmental fund as a major fund in accordance with the option noted in GASB No. 34, paragraph 76. The NJDOE believes that the presentation of all funds as major is important for public interest and to promote consistency among school financial reporting models.

The Charter School reports the following Governmental Funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School and is used to account for and report all expendable financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the capital outlay sub-fund.

As required by NJDOE, the Charter School includes budgeted capital outlay in this fund. GAAP, as it pertains to governmental entities, states that general fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for longlived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenue. Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, school taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by Board resolution.

Special Revenue Fund: The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Thus, the Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Governments (other than major capital projects or debt service funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

B. Basis of Presentation: (Cont'd)

Charter School-Wide Financial Statements: (Cont'd)

Capital Projects Fund: The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities. The financial resources are derived from financing that is authorized by the Board of Trustees.

The Charter School reports the following proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds: The Enterprise Funds account for all revenue and expenses pertaining to the Charter School's cafeteria and student programs. The food service fund and school program fund are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the Charter School reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School on behalf of others and includes the Payroll and Student Activities Agency and the Unemployment Compensation Trust Funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Charter School-Wide financial statements, the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when measurable and available. The Charter School considers all revenue reported in the Governmental Funds to be available if the revenue is collected within sixty days after the end of the period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

It is the Charter School's policy that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) amounts are available, to apply restricted resources first followed by unrestricted resources. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, it is the Charter School's policy to apply committed resources first followed by assigned resources and then unassigned resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

D. Budgets/Budgetary Control:

Charter School Aid is susceptible to accrual since under the New Jersey State Statue, each constituent school district is required to remit to the Charter School the entire balance of aid in the amount reported to each district by the State Department of Education. The Charter School is entitled to receive moneys under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount is an "accounts receivable".

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Charter School may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenue. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance the program. It is the Charter School's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenue.

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was submitted to the County office and was approved by a vote of the Board of Trustees. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum Charter of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. All budget amendments/transfers must be made by resolution of the Board of Trustees. All budgetary amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For Governmental Funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, except for the Special Revenue Fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the Governmental Fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The accounting records of the Special Revenue Fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and recognizes the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources:		
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Revenue" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 7,841,730	\$ 144,925
Total Revenues as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,841,730	\$ 144,925

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

D. Budgets/Budgetary Control: (Cont'd)

		Special
	General	Revenue
	Fund	Fund
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Total Outflows" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 7,694,982	\$ 144,925
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,694,982	\$ 144,925

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments:

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash change funds, amounts in deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

New Jersey school districts and charter schools are limited as to type of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey Statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey school districts and charter schools. Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

The Charter School generally records investments at fair value and records the unrealized gains and losses as part of investment income. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Charter School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value of at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

F. Interfund Transactions:

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in Governmental Funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

F. Interfund Transactions: (Cont'd)

On the fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables.

G. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

H. Encumbrances:

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in Governmental Funds, other than the Special Revenue Fund, are reported as restricted, committed and/or assigned of fund balances at period-end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the Special Revenue Fund for which the Charter School has received advances are reflected in the balance sheet as unearned revenue at period end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next period. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next period to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current period end.

I. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables:

Short-term interfund receivables/payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the Charter School and that are due within one year.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses:

Inventories which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the Enterprise Fund, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase.

Enterprise fund inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Prepaid expenses in the enterprise and general funds represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020.

K. Capital Assets:

During the Charter School's initial year of operation, a formal system of accounting for its capital assets was established. Capital assets acquired or constructed are recorded at historical cost including ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into service. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs is not capitalized. The Charter School does not possess any infrastructure. The Charter School would review any capital assets for impairment.

(Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

K. Capital Assets: (Cont'd)

The capitalization threshold (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) is \$2,000. The depreciation method is straight-line. The estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the Charter School-Wide statements are as follows:

	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	50 years
Site Improvements	20 years
Machinery and Equipment	10 to 15 years

In the Fund financial statements, capital assets used in the Governmental Fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures in the Governmental Funds upon acquisition. Capital assets are not capitalized, and related depreciation is not reported in the Fund financial statements.

L. Long Term Liabilities:

In the Charter School-Wide Statement of Net Position, long-term debt and other long-term obligations would be reported as liabilities in governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt using the straight-line method of amortization. In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

In the Charter School-Wide Statement of Net Position, the liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year should be reported in two components - the amount due within one year and the amount due beyond one vear.

M. Accrued Salaries and Wages:

The Charter School does not allow employees, who provide services to the Charter School over the ten-month academic year, the option to have their salaries evenly disbursed during the entire twelve-month year. Therefore, there are no accrued salaries and wages for this purpose at June 30, 2020.

N. Compensated Absences:

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences as directed by GASB. A liability attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's policies and employee contracts. Upon separation, certain employees are paid for accrued vacation. Employees can also accumulate unused sick leave which will be paid, with certain limits, upon the employee's retirement or separation pursuant to the Charter School's policy or employee contracts.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

N. Compensated Absences: (Cont'd)

In the Charter School-wide Statement of Net Position, the liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year should be reported in two components - the amount due within one year and the amount due after one year.

O. Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue in the Special Revenue Fund represents cash which has been received but not yet earned. See Note 1(D) regarding the Special Revenue Fund.

P. Fund Balance Appropriated:

General Fund: The General Fund balance of \$831,556 at June 30, 2020 is unassigned.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: The Capital Projects Fund deficit in fund balance of \$543,135 at June 30, 2019 is unassigned.

Q. Net Position:

The net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the Charter School that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the Charter School that is applicable to a future reporting period. The Charter School had deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and a deferred outflow for the loss on bond refunding at June 30, 2020 and a deferred inflow for the accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives.

Net position is displayed in three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also would be included in this component of net position.

The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. The Charter School had \$75,000 restricted in net position for Charter School Escrow which is required by NJDOE.

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

R. Deficit Net Position:

The Charter School had a \$543,135 deficit in its Capital Projects Fund due to expenditures associated with its facilities expansion project. The Charter School will resolve the deficit when it issues the loans secured for this purpose. The Charter School also had a \$9,005 deficit in unrestricted net position in its food service program fund, which is primarily due to operating expenses exceeding revenues. The Charter School plans to resolve the deficit with a budget transfer from the General Fund.

S. Fund Balance Restrictions, Commitments and Assignments:

The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined for a formal action of the Charter School's highest level of decision-making authority. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the Charter School's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classifications should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts has been restricted, committed or assigned.

The Board of Trustees has the responsibility to formally commit resources for specific purposes through a motion or a resolution passed by a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees at a public meeting of that governing body. The Board of Trustees must also utilize a formal motion or a resolution passed by a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees at a public meeting of that governing body in order to remove or change the commitment of resources. The Charter School has no committed resources at June 30, 2020.

The assignment of resources is generally made by the Board of Trustees through a motion or a resolution passed by a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees. These resources are intended to be used for a specific purpose. The process is not as restrictive as the commitment of resources and the Board of Trustees may allow an official of the Charter School to assign resources through policies adopted by the Board of Trustees. The Charter School has no assigned resources as of June 30, 2020.

T. Revenue - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue, resulting from exchange transactions in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the period in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current period or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For the Charter School, available means within sixty days of the period end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the period

(Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

T. Revenue - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions: (Cont'd)

when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Charter School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Charter School on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are both measurable and available at period-end: property taxes, interest and tuition.

U. Management Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

V. Interest Rate Swap Contract:

The Charter School utilizes an interest rate swap agreement (derivative financial instrument) to reduce interest rate risk. The Charter School does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. In accordance with GASB, the Charter School recognizes all derivatives as either assets or liabilities and an offsetting deferred outflow or inflow in the statement of financial position and measures those instruments at fair value. Changes in the fair value of these derivatives are reported in the statement of activities. The fair value of derivative instruments is determined by utilizing forward interest rate estimates and present value techniques.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used on the government fund statements and Charter School-Wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, amounts in deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

The Charter School classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB requires disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Charter School in its cash, cash equivalents and investments, if those items are uninsured or unregistered. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned.

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with its cash management plan, the Charter School ensures that any deposit or investment matures within the time period that approximates the prospective need for the funds, deposited or invested, so that there is not a risk to the market value of such deposits or investments.

(Continued)

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

Credit Risk - The Charter School limits its investments to those authorized in its cash management plan which are those permitted under state statute as detailed in the Investment section of this note.

Custodial Credit Risk – The Charter School's policy with respect to custodial credit risk ensures that Charter School funds are only deposited in financial institutions in which NJ school districts and charter schools are permitted to invest their funds.

Deposits:

New Jersey statutes require that school districts and charter schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. School districts and charter schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least 5% of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit, and

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Investments:

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- (1) Bonds or other obligations of the United States of America or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America;
- (2) Government money market mutual funds;
- (3) Any obligation that a federal agency or a federal instrumentality has issued in accordance with an act of Congress, which security has a maturity date not greater than 397 days from the date of purchase, provided that such obligation bears a fixed rate of interest not dependent on any index or other external factor;
- (4) Bonds or other obligations of the school district or charter school or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the school district or charter school is located.

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

Investments: (Cont'd)

- (5) Bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, issued by New Jersey school districts and charter schools, municipalities, counties, and entities subject to the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law", P.L. 1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.). Other bonds or obligations having a maturity date not more than 397 days from the date of purchase may be approved by the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury for investment by local units;
- (6) Local government investment pools;
- (7) Deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund established pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1977, c.281 (C.52:18A-90.4); or
- (8) Agreements for the repurchase of fully collateralized securities if:
 - (a) the underlying securities are permitted investments pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (3) of this subsection a. or are bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date of not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, issued by New Jersey school districts or charter schools, municipalities, counties, and entities subject to the requirements of the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L. 1983, c. 313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.).;
 - (b) the custody of collateral is transferred to a third party;
 - (c) the maturity of the agreement is not more than 30 days;
 - the underlying securities are purchased through a public depository as defined in section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.236 (C.17:9-41); and
 - (e) a master repurchase agreement providing for the custody and security of collateral is executed; or
- (9) Deposit of funds in accordance with the following conditions:
 - (a) The funds are initially invested through a public depository as defined in section 1 of P.L. 1970, c. 236 (C.17:9-41) designated by the school district or charter school;
 - (b) The designated public depository arranges for the deposit of the funds in deposit accounts in one or more federally insured banks, savings banks or savings and loan associations or credit unions for the account of the school district or charter school;
 - (c) 100 percent of the principal and accrued interest of each deposit is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund;
 - (d) The designated public depository acts as custodian for the school district or charter school with respect to these deposits; and

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

Investments: (Cont'd)

(e) On the same date that the school district's or charter school's funds are deposited pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, the designated public depository receives an amount of deposits from customers of other financial institutions, wherever located, equal to the amounts of funds initially invested by the school district or charter school through the designated public depository.

As of June 30, 2020, cash and cash equivalents of the Charter School consisted of the following:

	(Cash and
		Cash
	Ес	quivalents
Checking & Savings Accounts	\$	1,134,013

During the period ended June 30, 2020, the Charter School did not hold any investments. The carrying amount of the Charter School's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2020, was \$1,134,013 and the bank balance was \$1,213,660.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Balance	T	Dannaga	Balance
	June 30, 2019	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Sites (Land)	\$ 2,560,000			\$ 2,560,000
Construction in Progress	543,135			543,135
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	3,103,135			3,103,135
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Site Improvements	338,252			338,252
Buildings and Building Improvements	12,494,219			12,494,219
Machinery and Equipment	1,108,951			1,108,951
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	13,941,422		M	13,941,422
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	17,044,557			17,044,557

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

	Ju	Balance me 30, 2019	Iı	ncreases	Dec	ereases		Balance ne 30, 2020_
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Site Improvements Buildings and Building Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$	(235,923) (5,636,341) (918,588)	\$	(7,247) (456,153) (29,110)			\$	(243,170) (6,092,494) (947,698)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(6,790,852)		(492,510)				(7,283,362)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		10,253,705		(492,510)				9,761,195
GRAND TOTAL	\$	10,253,705	_\$_	(492,510)	\$	- 0 -	_\$_	9,761,195
Depreciation expense was charged to government	ıtal	functions as f	ollo	ows:				
Regular Instruction Other Instruction Student and Instruction Related Services General Administrative Services School Administrative Services Admin Information Technology Plant Operations and Maintenance						\$		29,316 282 9,248 86,675 57 9,138 57,794
						\$	4	92,510_

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the Charter School-wide financial statements:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2019	Accrued	 Retired	June 30, 2020
Mortgage Loans Payable	\$ 6,925,974		\$ 229,021	\$ 6,696,953
Derivative Instrument - Interest Rate Swap	381,950		381,950	
Net Pension Liability	1,121,874		119,017	1,002,857
	\$ 8,429,798	\$ -0-	\$ 729,988	\$ 7,699,810

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Mortgage Loans Payable

The \$7,391,000 loan requires monthly payments of principal and interest through maturity in July 1, 2040 when all unpaid principal and interest is due. Interest accrues at a variable rate based on the one-month LIBOR rate (0.17263 % at June 30, 2020). At June 30, 2020, the interest rate was 1.41221 %. The Charter School entered into an interest rate swap agreement with the Bank for the first twenty years to reduce the impact of changes in the interest rate on this variable rate loan. The swap has a fixed rate of 3.12%. The fair market value of the interest rate swap at June 30, 2020 is \$952,242 which is reflected as a deferred inflow and a non-current asset on the Statement of Net Position.

The \$365,000 loan requires monthly payments of principal and interest through maturity in June 1, 2035 when all unpaid principal and interest is due. Interest accrues at a variable rate based upon the LIBOR rate plus 2%. The interest rate at June 30, 2020 was 2.17263 %.

The Charter School had loans payable as of June 30, 2020 as follows:

Purpose	pose Final Maturity Interest Rate			
Mortgage Loan	7/1/2040	3.12%	\$ 6,404,953	
Mortgage Loan	6/1/2035	3.98246%	292,000	
Payroll Protection				
Program Loan	4/1/2022	1.00%	928,400	
			\$ 7,625,353	

Principal and interest due on the mortgage loans outstanding are as follows:

Fiscal Year Due	Principal		Principal]	Interest*	 Total
2021	\$	237,391	\$	212,787	\$ 450,178		
2022		245,427		203,036	448,463		
2023		253,752		194,936	448,688		
2024		261,834		188,198	450,032		
2025		271,296		177,945	449,241		
2026-2030		1,501,751		753,161	2,254,912		
2031-2035		3,852,502		491,190	4,343,692		
2036-2041		73,000		242	73,242		
	\$	6,696,953	\$	2,221,495	 8,918,448		

^{* -} Interest on the remaining \$292,000 of mortgage loan payable is variable and is based on the rate at June 30, 2019. Thus, the actual interest paid may be different than the amount presented above.

The Charter School also entered into a line of credit agreement with Peapack-Gladstone Bank which has a maximum borrowing capacity of \$500,000 and will expire on March 31, 2021. Interest accrues at the Prime rate (5.00 percent at June 30, 2020). The outstanding principal and accrued interest would be due at maturity. As of June 30, 2020, the Charter School had not borrowed any funds under the line of credit.

(Continued)

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

A. Mortgage Loans Payable (Cont'd)

The loans and line of credit are collateralized by all property of the Charter School and an assignment of leases and rents.

The loan agreement with the Bank contains a debt service coverage ratio test related to the \$7,391,000 mortgage loan as follows:

	2020	2019	2018	Average	Use
Change in Net Position	\$ (254,645)	\$ (331,155)	\$ (225,832)		
Add back:					
Interest Expense	217,255	226,743	230,910		
Depreciation	492,510	501,253	519,155		
Net Pension Liability & Related					
Deferred Inflows & Outflows	90,601	109,507	9,076		
EBIDA	\$ 545,721	\$ 506,348	\$ 533,309	\$528,459	\$528,000
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt					237,391
Interest Expense (Current Reporting)	Period)				217,255
• •	ŕ				454,646
			Ratio		1.16
			Benchmark		1.05
			Result		PASS

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the Charter School was in compliance with the debt service coverage ratio.

The Charter School has loans authorized but not issued for \$4,500,000 for the Expansion and Renovation of Princeton Charter School Project as of June 30, 2020.

B. Loss on Refunding

The refunding of the School's outstanding mortgage debt resulted in a loss on refunding of \$616,200 in 2015. In accordance with GASB, the loss is classified as a deferred outflow of resources. The deferred outflow of resources is amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the life of the old or new debt. This deferred outflow of resources will be recognized in interest expense as follows for the fiscal years ending June 30:

2021	\$ 39,970
2022	39,970
2023	39,970
2024	39,970
2025	39,970
2026-2030	199,850
2031	16,650
	\$ 416,350

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

C. Net Pension Liability:

The Public Employees' Retirement System's (PERS) net pension liability of the governmental fund types is recorded in the current and long-term liabilities and will be liquidated by the General Fund. The current portion of the net pension liability at June 30, 2020 is \$-0- and the long-term portion is \$1,002,857. See Note 6 for further information on the PERS.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS

Substantially all of the Charter School's employees participate in one of the two contributory, defined benefit public employee retirement systems: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) or the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) of New Jersey; or the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP). a tax-qualified defined contribution money purchase pension plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 401(a).

A. Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annual-reports.shtml.

Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Benefits Provided (Cont'd)

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62 and Tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Contributions

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing members. The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years, beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. Charter School contributions to PERS amounted to \$54,591 for 2020.

The employee contribution rate was 7.50% effective July 1, 2018.

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2020, the Charter School's liability was \$1,002,857 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Charter School's proportion was .0056%, which was a increase of 0.0013% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Charter School recognized actual pension expense in the amount of \$54,138.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense (Cont'd)

At June 30, 2020, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferral	Amortization Period	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Year	in Years	Resources	Resources
Changes in Assumptions	2014	6.44	\$ 2,650	
-	2015	5.72	16,3/88	
	2016	5.57	81,101	
	2017	5.48		\$ (143,964)
	2018	5.00		(116,336)
	2019	5.21		(87,789)
			100,139	(348,089)
Changes in Proportion	2014	6.44	1,178	
• .	2015	5.72	2,387	
	2016	5.57	83,156	
	2017	5.48		(45,074)
	2018	5.00	229,443	
	2019	5.21	1000000	(24,182)
			316,164	(69,256)
Net Difference Between	2016	5.00		18,510
Projected and Actual	2017	5.00		(22,213)
Investment Earnings on	2018	5.00		(15,451)
Pension Plan Investments	2019	5.00		3,324
				(15,830)
Difference Between Expected	2015	5.72	4,547	
and Actual Experience	2016	5.57	2,461	
	2017	5.48	4,281	
	2018	5.63		(4,430)
	2019	5.21	6,711	
			18,000	(4,430)
District Contribution Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date	2019	1.00	42,094	
			\$ 476,397	\$ (437,605)

(Continued)

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense (Cont'd)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts including changes in proportion and the Charter School contribution subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total		
2020	\$ (28,958)		
2021	(93,939)		
2022	(83,882)		
2023	(39,387)		
2024	(4,044)		
	\$ (250,210)		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2019 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Rate: Price Wage	2.75% 3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	2.00 - 6.00% based on years of service
Thereafter	3.00 - 7.00% based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee Mortality Table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and a 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2019) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected_returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Risk Management Strategies	3.00%	4.67%
Cash Equivalents	5.00%	2.00%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	2.68%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	4.25%
High Yield	2.00%	5.37%
Private Credit	6.00%	7.92%
Real Assets	2.50%	9.31%
Real Estate	7.50%	8.33%
U.S. Equity	28.00%	8.26%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	12.50%	9.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.37%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.85%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.28% as of June 30, 2019. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.50% as of June 30, 2019 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20 Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based upon

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Discount Rate (Cont'd)

100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2057. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2057, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed below, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

June 30, 2	2019		
	At 1%	At Current	At 1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(5.28%)	(6.28%)	(7.28%)
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,275,584	\$ 1,002,857	\$ 785,901

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial statements.

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey (the State) is responsible to fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. The TPAF is administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division).

For additional information about the TPAF, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annual-reports.shtml.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

<u>Tier</u>	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28. 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62 and Tier 5 before age 65 with 30 or more years of service credit. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the retirement age for his/her respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Contributions

The contribution policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing members. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which included the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. For fiscal year 2020, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Special Funding Situation

The employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefore, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers, such as the Charter School. This note discloses the portion of the Charter School's total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the Charter School. During the fiscal year ended 2020, the State of New Jersey contributed \$639,621 to the TPAF for normal pension benefits on behalf of the Charter School, which is less than the contractually required contribution of \$872,820

The employee contribution rate was 7.50% effective July 1, 2018.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School was \$14,797,902. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Charter School's proportion was 0.02411%, which was a decrease of 0.0007067% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	-0-
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated		
with the District	14.	,797,902
Total	\$ 14	,797,902

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the State recognized pension expense on behalf of the Charter School in the amount of \$872,820 and the Charter School recognized pension expense and revenue for that same amount in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 financial statements.

The State reported collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts) related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Cont'd)

		Amortization	Deferred	Deferred
	Year of	Period	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Deferral	in Years	Resources	Resources
Changes in Assumptions	2014	8.50	\$ 768,874,621	
	2015	8.30	2,351,172,865	
	2016	8.30	5,609,216,856	
	2017	8.30		\$ 8,483,527,374
	2018	8.29		5,172,258,445
	2019	8.04		3,507,345,617
			8,729,264,342	17,163,131,436
Difference Between Expected	2014	8.50		7,323,009
and Actual Experience	2015	8.30	145,211,243	
•	2016	8.30		69,755,412
	2017	8.30	150,939,884	
	2018	8.29	907,352,137	
	2019	8.04		136,265,890
			1,203,503,264	213,344,311
Net Difference Between Projected	2016	5.00		(431,855,192)
and Actual Investment Earnings	2017	5.00		452,016,524
on Pension Plan Investments	2018	5.00		288,091,115
	2019	5.00		(144,882,771)
				163,369,676
			\$ 9,932,767,606	\$ 17,539,845,423

Amounts reported by the State as collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid members contributions as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Total
2020	\$ (272,405,510)
2021	(704,260,700)
2022	(630,562,767)
2023	(1,216,378,743)
2024	(2,381,316,232)
Thereafter	(2,402,153,865)
	\$ (7,607,077,817)

(Continued)

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2019 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate

Price 2.75% Wage 3.25%

Salary Increases:

Through 2026 1.55 - 4.45% based on years of service Thereafter 2.75 - 5.65% based on years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and a 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2019) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected_returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the table on the following page.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return (Cont'd)

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
	-	
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	4.67%
Cash Equivalents	5.00%	2.00%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	2.68%
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	4.25%
High Yield	2.00%	5.37%
Private Credit	6.00%	7.92%
Real Assets	2.50%	9.31%
Real Estate	7.50%	8.33%
U.S. Equity	28.00%	8.26%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	12.50%	9.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.50%	11.37%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.85%

Discount Rate - TPAF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.60% as of June 30, 2019. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.50% as of June 30, 2019 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on 70% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2054. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2054, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School as of June 30, 2019 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

J	une 3	0, 2019			
		At 1%	_	At Current	At 1%
		Decrease	D	iscount Rate	Increase
		(4.60%)		(5.60%)	(6.60%)
State's Proportionate Share of the Net					
Pension Liability Associated with the District	\$	17,450,002	\$	14,797,902	\$ 12,597,497

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - TPAF

Detailed information about the TPAF's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial statements.

C. Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)

Prudential Financial jointly administers the DCRP investments with the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits. If an employee is ineligible to enroll in the PERS or TPAF, the employee may be eligible to enroll in the DCRP. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting is immediate upon enrollment for members of the DCRP.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the DCRP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625-0295.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Employee contributions are based on percentages of 5.50% for DCRP of employees' annual compensation, as defined. The DCRP was established July 1, 2007, under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 and expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008. Employee contributions for DCRP are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

For DCRP, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$54,591 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Employee contributions to DCRP amounted to \$11,785 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

(Continued)

NOTE 7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grant Programs

The Charter School participates in state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to program compliance audits by grantors or their representatives. The Charter School is potentially liable for expenditures which may be disallowed pursuant to terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

Litigation

The Charter School is periodically involved in lawsuits and estimates that any potential claims against it resulting from such litigation and not covered by insurance would not materially adversely affect the financial position of the Charter School.

Encumbrances

At June 30, 2020, the Charter School had no encumbrances.

NOTE 8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Charter School offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b). The plan, which is administered by the Charter School and TIAA CREF, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plan are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 9. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Charter School receives a substantial amount of its support from state, federal and local governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if this were to occur, may have an effect on the Charter School's programs and activities.

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Charter School provides employees with health benefit coverage through the State of New Jersey Health Benefits Plan.

Property and Liability Insurance

A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the statistical section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The Charter School is a member of the New Jersey Schools Insurance Group ("NJSIG"). This public entity risk management pool provided workers' compensation and employer's liability for its members. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

(Continued)

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Property and Liability Insurance (Cont'd)

The NJSIG is a risk-sharing public entity risk pool that is both an insured and self-administered group of school districts and charter schools established for the purpose of providing low-cost insurance coverage for their members in order to keep local property taxes at a minimum. Each member appoints an official to represent their respective district or charter school for the purpose of creating a governing body from which officers for the NJSIG are elected.

As a member of the NJSIG, the Charter School could be subject to supplemental assessments in the event of deficiencies. If the assets of the NJSIG were to be exhausted, members would become responsible for their respective shares of the NJSIG's liabilities. The NJSIG can declare and distribute dividends to members upon approval of the State of New Jersey Department of Banking and Insurance. These distributions are divided amongst the members in the same ratio as their individual assessment relates to the total assessment of the membership body.

Selected financial information for NJSIG as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 384,022,002
Net Assets	\$ 138,857,553
Total Revenue	\$ 144,445,665
Total Expenses	\$ 113,037,156
Change in Net Position	\$ 31,408,509
Net Position Distribution to Participating Members	\$ - 0 -

Financial statements for the NJSIG are available at the Group's Executive Director's Office:

600 Midlantic Drive Mount Laurel, NJ 08054 Phone: 609-386-6060

Fax: 609-386-8877

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

	Em	ployer/					
	Em	Employee Contributions		Amount Reimbursed		Ending Balance	
Fiscal Year	Cont						
2019-2020	\$	6,952	\$	445	\$	20,101	
2018-2019		6,571				13,594	
2017-2018		6,586		9,950		7,023	

NOTE 11. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The following interfund balances remained on the balance sheet at June 30, 2020.

	Interfund		Interfund	
Fund	Receivable		Payable	
General Fund	\$	595,520		
Capital Projects Fund			\$	568,135
Food Service Enterprise Fund				3,247
Student Programs Enterprise Fund		500		19,885
Payroll Agency Fund				4,253
Student Activities Fund				500
	\$	596,020	\$	596,020

The interfund payables in the Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Food Service and Enterprise Fund is for cash advanced from the General Fund while awaiting grant collections, loans proceeds and subsidy reimbursements. The interfund payable in the Student Programs Enterprise Fund is for cash advanced from the General Fund during the fiscal year. The interfund payable in the Payroll Agency Fund is for interest and other amounts owed to the General Fund. The interfund payable in the Student Activities Fund is for a prior year interfund owed to the Student Programs Enterprise Fund.

NOTE 12. PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM LOAN

The Charter School was approved for a Paycheck Protection Program Loan on April 21, 2020 and received \$928,400. Seventy-five percent of the proceeds of the loan were used for payroll expenses. The District expects that the entire loan will be forgiven. If the loan is not forgiven by the federal government, then the Charter School plans to pay the loan back within one year of its issuance.

NOTE 13. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

At year end June 30, 2020, the Charter School has the following accounts payable:

			Charter School		
	Governme	ntal Funds	Contribution		
	General	Special	Subsequent to	Total	Total
		Revenue	Measurement	Governmental	Business-Type
	Fund	Fund	Date	Activities	Activities
State of New Jersey			\$ 42,094	\$ 42,094	
	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 42,094	\$ 42,094	\$ -0-

(Continued)

NOTE 14. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Charter School is in a "special funding situation", as described in GASB Codification Section P50, in that OPEB contributions and expenses are legally required to be made by and are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey, not the Charter School.

The State of New Jersey reports a liability as a result of its statutory requirements to pay other post-employment (health) benefits for the State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Education Plan. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in GASB Codification Section P50. The State Health Benefits Local Education Retired Employees Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents of local education employers.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State of New Jersey in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f. According to N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 years or more of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits, if any, is the responsibility of the individual education employers.

For additional information about the State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Education Plan, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/gasb-notices-opeb.shtml.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2018, the plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	148,051
Active Plan Members	216,892
Total	364,943

(Continued)

NOTE 14. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

<u>State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund)</u> (Cont'd)

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Inflation Rate

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

2.50%

Illiation Rate	2.5070	
	TPAF/ABP	PERS
Salary Increases:		
Through 2026	1.55 - 3.05%	2.15 - 6.00%
	based on years of service	based on age
Thereafter	1.55 - 3.05%	3.00 - 7.00%
	based on years	based on age
	of service	

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2018 for TPAF and PERS, respectively.

Mortality Rates

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019.

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.7% and decreases to a 4.5% long term trend rate after eight years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rate for fiscal year 2020 is reflected. The assumed post-65 medical trend rate is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 7.5% and decreases to a 4.5% long term rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

(Continued)

NOTE 14. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

<u>State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund)</u> (Cont'd)

Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2019 was 3.50%. The discount rate for June 30, 2018 was 3.87%, a change of .37%. This represents the municipal bond rate as chosen by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

Changes in the State's Total OPEB Liability

	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 4,568,028
Changes for Year:	
Service Cost	303,843
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	185,935
Changes of Assumptions	68,072
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences	(424,367)
Gross Benefit Payments by the State	(140,148)
Contributions from Members	 4,154
Net Changes	 (2,511)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 4,565,517

Sensitivity of the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB Liability attributable to the Charter School as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed in this note, as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

June 30	0, 20	19			
		At 1%		At	At 1%
	Ι	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	Increase
		(2.50%)		(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School	\$	5,393,680	\$	4,565,517	\$ 3,907,670

(Continued)

NOTE 14. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund) (Cont'd)

Sensitivity of the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB Liability attributable to the Charter School as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed in this note, as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

June 30), 201	9				
		1%	Н	ealthcare		1%
	D	ecrease	Cost	Trend Rate]	Increase
<u>-</u>	(2.50%)		(3.50%)		(4.50%)
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School	\$	3,761,783	\$	4,565,517	\$	5,629,496

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 the District recognized OPEB expense of \$403,462 as determined by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. This expense and the related offsetting revenue are for benefits provided by the State through a defined benefit OPEB plan that meets the criteria in GASB Codification Section P50, in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASB Codification Section P50, as the District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0-, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources. At June 30, 2019 the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB associated with the District from the following sources.

(Continued)

NOTE 14. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

<u>State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund)</u> (Cont'd)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB(Cont'd)

			De	eferred	D	eferred
	Deferral	Period	Out	flows of	In	flows of
	Year	in Years	Re	sources	Re	esources
Changes in Assumptions	2017	9.54			\$	531,518
	2018	9.51				457,178
	2019	9.29	\$	60,744		
				60,744		988,696
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	2018	9.51				432,176
	2019	9.29				714,969
						1,147,145
Changes in Proportion	N/A	N/A		1,384,170		
			\$	1,444,914	\$ 2	2,135,841

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total
2020	\$ (278,612)
2021	(278,612)
2022	(278,612)
2023	(278,612)
2024	(278,612)
Thereafter	(682,037)
	\$ (2,075,097)

NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States and specifically in New Jersey has caused disruption of the Charter School's normal financial operations. Though the impact on the Charter School's operations cannot be reasonably estimated at this date, it is likely that there will be an impact on certain revenue in the General Fund other than state aid and the local tax levy. The Charter School's state aid in the General Fund was reduced by approximately \$200,000 after their budget was adopted due to the reduction of state aid provided to certain school districts and charter schools by the State of New Jersey. Also, there have been additional operating expenses in the General Fund not planned for or expected at the time of the adoption of the Charter School's 2020-21 budget related to COVID-19.

Additionally, the Charter School's cash flow in the Governmental Funds may be affected by the timing of the collection of the Charter School's tax levy as well as certain State aid payments.

The Charter School's Food Service Enterprise Fund(s) has(have) been (or likely will be) impacted by COVID-19 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OFCHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

308.47% 56.27% $0.0029932595\% \quad 0.0030915455\% \quad 0.0045768408\% \quad 0.0041200647\% \quad 0.0056978300\% \quad 0.0055657137\%$ 325,110 1,002,857 S ∽ 265.37% 53.60% 422,752 1,121,874 2019 S S 277.47% 48.10% 959,085 345,651 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018 S **⇔** 695.16% 40.14% 1,355,529 194,994 2017 ↔ 325.43% 47.93% 693,990 213,250 2016 **⇔** ↔ 52.08% 270.73% 560,420 207,000 2015 8 ↔ of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage Charter School's Covered Employee Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage Charter School's proportionate share Charter School's proportionate share of its Covered Employee Payroll Charter School's Proportion of the of the Total Pension Liability of the Net Pension Liability Net Pension Liability

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES
SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

					Fisc	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ding	June 30,				
		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	24,676 \$ 26,579	€>	26,579	↔	\$ 40,660 \$ 39,028	↔	39,028	↔	\$ 57,294 \$ 54,591	↔	54,591
Contributions in relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(24,676)		(26,579)		(40,660)		(39,028)		57,294		(54,591)
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	↔	-0-	↔	-0-	8	-0-	8	-0-	8	-0-	8	-0-
District's Covered Employee Payroll	⇔	213,250	€	194,994	8	345,651 \$ 422,752	\$	422,752		\$ 325,110 \$ 321,717	\$ 3	,21,717
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		11.57%		13.63%		11.76%		9.23%		17.62%		16.97%

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH THE CHARTER SCHOOL

TEACHERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2019 2020	0.2481891790% 0.0241122284%	15,789,262 \$ 14,797,902	2,988,817 \$ 3,063,391	528.28% 483.06%	26.49% 26.95%
ng June 30,	2018	.0256731247% 0.24	17,309,746 \$	2,549,587 \$	678.92%	25.41%
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	2017	0.0260592790% 0.0246761498% 0.0256731247%	\$ 19,411,831 \$	\$ 2,262,360 \$	858.03%	22.33%
	2016	0.0260592790%	\$ 16,470,577	\$ 2,474,124	665.71%	28.71%
	2015	0.0248024512%	\$ 13,256,103	\$ 2,563,929	517.02%	33.64%
	. 1	State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability attributable to the Charter School	Charter School's Covered Employee Payroll	State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability attributable to the Charter School as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES
SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ding June 30,			
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 713,303	\$ 1,005,677	\$ 1,458,529	\$ 713,303 \$1,005,677 \$1,458,529 \$1,199,132 \$ 920,459 \$ 872,820	\$ 920,459	↔	872,820
Contributions in relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(364,543)	(432,815)	(530,485)	(364,543) (432,815) (530,485) (365,495)	(474,229)		(639,621)
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$ 348,760	\$ 572,862	\$ 928,044	348,760 \$ 572,862 \$ 928,044 \$ 833,637 \$ 446,230 \$ 233,199	\$ 446,230	↔	233,199
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,262,360	\$ 2,549,591	\$ 2,549,587	\$ 2,988,817	\$ 3,063,391	\$3,	\$ 3,221,539
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	16.11%	16.98%	20.81%	12.23%	15.48%		19.85%

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ding Ju	me 30,
		2017		2018
Change in Total OPEB Liability:				
Service Cost	↔	359,509	S	299,881
Interest Cost		142,911		167,593
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience				302,759
Changes in Assumptions		(667,530)		(524,204)
Member Contributions		3,787		4,222
Gross Benefit Payments		(102,838)		(122,147)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(264,161)		128,104
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		4,704,085		4,439,924
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	↔	4,439,924	8	4,568,028
State's Covered Employee Payroll *	⊗	2,457,354	⊗	2,895,242
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		181%		158%

* - Covered payroll for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018 are based on the payroll on the June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017 census data.

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 75 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Benefit Changes

There were none.

Changes of Actuarial Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.66% as of June 30, 2018 to 6.28% as of June 30, 2019. The municipal bond rate changed from 3.87% to 3.50%.

The inflation rate was 2.25% as of June 30, 2018. As of June 30, 2019, the inflation rate was as follows – Price – 2.75% and Wage – 3.25%. The salary increases as of June 30, 2018 were as follows: Through 2026 - 1.65% – 4.15% based on age and Thereafter – 2.65% – 5.15% based on age. The salary increases as of June 30, 2019 are as follows: Through 2026 - 2.00% – 6.00% based on years of service and Thereafter – 3.00% – 7.00% based on years of service.

The July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation utilized the following mortality rate assumptions:

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Pre-retirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the Conduent modified 2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from 2012 to 2013 using Projection Scale AA and a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale thereafter. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward one year for females).

The July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation utilized the following mortality rate assumptions:

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee Mortality Table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and a 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2019.

B. TEACHERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND

Benefit Changes

There were none.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

B. TEACHERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND (Cont'd)

Changes of Actuarial Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 4.86% as of June 30, 2018 to 5.60% as of June 30, 2019. The municipal bond rate changed from 3.87% to 3.50%. The inflation rate as of June 30, 2018 was 2.25%. The inflation rate as of June 30, 2019 was as follows: Price -2.75% and Wage -3.25%.

The salary increases in the July 1, 2018 valuation were as follows: Through 2026 - 1.55 - 4.45% based on years of service and thereafter - 2.75 - 5.65% based on years of service. The salary increases in the July 1, 2017 valuation were as follows: 2011-2026 - 1.55% - 4.55% and thereafter -2% - 5.45%.

The mortality rates utilized in the July 1, 2018 valuation were as follows: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and a 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2019.

The mortality rates utilized in the July 1, 2017 valuation were as follows: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Employee White Collar Mortality Tables, set back 3 years for males and 5 years for females, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60 year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant White Collar Mortality Tables, with adjustments as described in the latest experience study, projected on a generational basis from a base year of 2006 using a 60 year average of improvement rates based on Social Security data from 1953 to 2013. Disabled mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with rates adjusted by 90%. No mortality improvement is assumed for disabled retiree mortality.

C. State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees OPEB Plan

Benefit Changes

There were none.

Changes of Actuarial Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 2.85% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

C. State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees OPEB Plan (Cont'd)

Changes of Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd)

For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) medical benefits, this amount initially is 5.9% and decreases to a 5.0% long term trend rate after nine years. For self-insured post 65 PPO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.9% and decreases to a 5.0% long term rate after eight years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 5.0% long term rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

The health care trend rates in the valuation as of June 30, 2018 were based on the following:

For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) medical benefits and health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, trend rate is initially 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long term trend rate after eight years. For self-insured post-65 PPO and HMO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 5.0% long term rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

<u>PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL</u> <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS</u>

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original	Budget	Final		Variance
Revenues:	Budget	Transfers	Budget	Actual	Final to Actual
Local Sources:					
Local Levy - Charter School Aid - Local Share	\$ 6,447,549	\$ 213,294	\$ 6,660,843	\$ 6,464,767	\$ (196,076)
Miscellaneous Revenue	100,000		100,000	85,845	(14,155)
Total - Local Sources	6,547,549	213,294	6,760,843	6,550,612	(210,231)
State Sources:					
Special Education Aid - Charter School Aid	145,749		145,749	131,576	(14,173)
Security Aid	38,022		38,022	38,841	819
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions (Non-Budgeted)				639,621	639,621
On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Medical Benefits (Non-Budgeted)				241,540	241,540
On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance (Non-Budgeted)				098	098
On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance (Non-Budgeted)				11,464	11,464
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (Non-Budgeted)				227,339	227,339
Total State Sources	183,771		183,771	1,291,241	1,107,470
Total Revenues	6,731,320	213,294	6,944,614	7,841,853	897,239

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS

GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Expenditures:)		
Regular Programs - Instruction:					.
Grades 1-5 - Salaries of Teachers Regular Programs - Undistributed Instruction:	070,020,070	4 110,811	\$ 5,005,831	3,005,830	T
Other Salaries for Instruction	143,117	105,880	248,997	248,997	
Purchased Professional/Technical Services	12,614	40,979	53,593	53,592	1
Other Purchased Services	21,800		21,800	18,209	3,591
General Supplies	88,000	48,892	136,892	130,082	6,810
Textbooks	20,000	(1,994)	18,006	17,726	280
Other Objects	10,750	16,775	27,525	27,478	47
Total Regular Programs - Instruction	3,191,301	321,343	3,512,644	3,501,914	10,730
School-Sponsored Athletics - Instruction: Other Purchased Services	5,000		5,000	3,004	1,996
Total School-Sponsored Athletics - Instruction	5,000		5,000	3,004	1,996
Total Instruction	3,196,301	321,343	3,517,644	3,504,918	12,726
Undistributed Expenditures: Attendance and Social Work: Other Purchased Services	2.525		2,525		2.525
Total Attendance and Social Work	2,525		2,525		2,525

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Or B	Original Budget	Bu Tra	Budget Transfers	В	Final Budget	∢	Actual	Vari Final to	Variance Final to Actual
Undistributed Expenditures: Health Services:										
Salaries	\$	109,308	\$	(49,525)	\$	59,783	↔	59,783		
Purchased Professional/Technincal Services		10,100		(8,237)		1,863		1,863		
Supplies and Materials		4,250		225		4,475		2,185	8	2,290
Total Health Services		123,658		(57,537)		66,121		63,831		2,290
Speech. OT. PT. and Related Services:										
Purchased Professional Educational Services		7,200		29,287		36,487		34,510		1,977
Total Speech, OT, PT, and Related Services		7,200		29,287		36,487		34,510		1,977
General Administration:										
Salaries		692,747		(2,463)		690,284		690,284		
Legal Services		25,125		34,784		59,909		59,909		
Audit Fees		25,500		8,500		34,000		34,000		
Communications/Telephone		19,302		2,864		22,166		18,973		3,193
Other Purchased Services		15,236		55,015		70,251		70,251		
Supplies and Materials		7,000		2,131		9,131		9,131		
Judgements Against School District		30,000	_	(30,000)						
Membership Dues and Fees		49,354		(7,458)		41,896		39,148		2,748
								,		
I otal General Administration		864,264		63,3/3		927,637		921,696		5,941

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS

GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Va Final	Variance Final to Actual
Undistributed Expenditures: School Administration:)			
Other Purchased Services	\$ 3,000		\$ 3,000	\$ 610	8	2,390
Total School Administration	3,000		3,000	610		2,390
Central Services: Purchased Professional Services	105,323	\$ 12,934	118,257	118,257		
Total Central Services	105,323	12,934	118,257	118,257		
Administrative Information Technology: Purchased Professional and Technical Services Supplies and Materials	103,535	(9,664)	93,871 5,738	93,871 3,300		2,438
Total Administrative Information Technology	108,363	(8,754)	609,666	97,171		2,438
Custodial Services: Salaries	105,563	(43,025)	62,538	62,538		
Furchased Professional and Technical Services Other Purchased Property Services	97,970	45,431 109,549	143,401 170,745	143,401 169,159		1,586
Rental of Land & Bldg. Oth. than Lease Pur. Agrmt.	18,400	4,328	22,728	22,728		
Insurance	54,167	(16,229)	37,938	18,117		19,821
General Supplies	42,400	18,358	60,758	59,087		1,671
Energy (Electric)	94,688	17,844	112,532	92,392		20,140
Total Custodial Services	474,384	136,256	610,640	567,422		43,218

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	, , H	Budget Transfers	B.	Final Budget	·	Actual	Var Final to	Variance Final to Actual
Undistributed Expenditures: Care and Upkeep of Grounds:		•			, ,	-	,		
Purchased Protessional and Technical Services	\$ 25,250	∌	21,901	•	47,151	♪	47,151		
Total Care and Upkeep of Grounds	25,250		21,901		47,151		47,151		
Student Transportation Services: Contracted Services: Other than Between Home and School - Vendors	13,635				13,635		12,750	↔	885
Total Student Transportation Services	13,635				13,635		12,750		885
Unallocated Employee Benefits: Social Security Contributions Other Retirement Contributions - PERS	79,213		9,635		88,848 55,300		88,848 54,591		402
Unemployment Compensation Workmen's Compensation	20,200		(20,200)		37,242		37,242		
Health Benefits	523,803		(55,877)		467,926		467,926		
Total Unallocated Benefits	721,421		(72,105)		649,316		648,607		402
On-Behalf Contributions: (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Medical Benefits (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance (Non-Budgeted) Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (Non-Budgeted)							639,621 241,540 860 11,464 227,339		(639,621) (241,540) (860) (11,464) (227,339)
Total On-Behalf Contributions							1,120,824	(1,1	(1,120,824)
TOTAL GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE	5,645,324		446,698	6,	6,092,022		7,137,747	(1,0	(1,045,725)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Capital Outlay: Equipment: Non Instructional Equipment	\$ 5,000	\$ (5,000)			
Total Equipment	5,000	(5,000)			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services: Architectural/Engineering Services Construction Services	200 000	54,247	\$ 54,247	\$ 54,247	
Land and Improvements		19,852	19,852	19,852	
Interest on Mortgage	247,216	(27,271)	219,945	219,945	
Principal on Mortgage	207,930	18,401	226,331	226,331	
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	955,146	(397,911)	557,235	557,235	
Total Capital Outlay	960,146	(402,911)	557,235	557,235	
Total Expenditures	6,605,470	43,787	6,649,257	7,694,982	\$ (1,045,725)
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	125,850	169,507	295,357	146,871	(148,486)
Other Financing Uses: Transfer Out - Food Service Fund		(11,586)	(11,586)	(11,586)	
Total Other Financing Uses		(11,586)	(11,586)	(11,586)	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	0 🖺	Original Budget	Bu	Budget Transfers		Final Budget		Actual	Fina	Variance Final to Actual
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	↔	125,850	8	\$ 157,921	↔	283,771	\$	135,285	↔	(148,486)
Fund Balance, July 1		692,141				692,141		692,141		
Fund Balance, June 30	↔	817,991	\$	\$ 157,921	S	975,912	↔	827,426	↔	\$ (148,486)
Restricted: Charter School Escrow Unassigned							↔	75,000 752,426		
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds GAAP/Budgetary Basis							↔	827,426		

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Original Budget	Bı	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	iet	Actual	Vai Final t	Variance Final to Actual
Revenue: Federal Sources	↔	102,565	↔	42,360	\$ 144	144,925	\$ 144,925		
Total Revenue		102,565		42,360	144	144,925	144,925		
Expenditures: Instruction: Salaries of Teachers Other Purchased Services		35,375		25,000	99	60,375	60,375		
Total Instruction		35,375		26,360	9	61,735	61,735		
Support Services: Employee Benefits Purchased Professional/Technical Services Other Purchased Services Instructional Equipment		2,706 60,872 3,612		16,000	11 , 66	2,706 60,872 3,612 16,000	2,706 60,872 3,612 16,000		
Total Support Services		67,190		16,000	8	83,190	83,190		
Total Expenditures		102,565		42,360	14	144,925	144,925		
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenue Over/ (Under) Expenditures	€>	-0-	8	-0-	8	-0-	.0-	∞ ∥	0 1

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE NOTE TO RSI FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and		Special
Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures:	General	Revenue
	Fund	Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Revenue" from the		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 7,845,983	\$ 144,925
Total Revenues as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,845,983	\$ 144,925
Uses/Outflows of Resources:		
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Total Outflows" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 7,694,982	\$ 144,925
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,694,982	\$ 144,925

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the General and Special Revenue Funds. The budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was submitted to the County office and was approved by a vote of the Board of Trustees. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest of (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year. All budgetary amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the Special Revenue Fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

SCHOOL LEVEL SCHEDULES (NOT APPLICABLE)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Elementary and Secondary Charter Education Act IDEA IDEA Implementation Totals Title I Basic Preschool Grant June 30, 2020	081 \$ 59,598 \$ 1,274 \$ 45,972	38,081 59,598 1,274 45,972 144,925	35,375 1,360 1,360 1,360	35,375 26,360 61,735	2,706 ices 59,598 1,274 60,872 3,612 3,612 16,000 16,000	2,706 59,598 1,274 19,612 83,190	
Elementary and Secondary Education Act Title I	38,081	Total Revenue	EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Salaries of Teachers Other Purchased Services	Total Instruction 35,375		Total Support Services 2,706	e 100.00 e

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Exhibit F-1

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

$\frac{\text{SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE}}{\text{BUDGETARY BASIS}}$

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Fund Balance - Beginning Balance	 (543,135)
Fund Balance - Ending Balance	\$ (543,135)

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF PROJECT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, PROJECT BALANCES AND PROJECT STATUS BUDGETARY BASIS

EXPANSION AND RENOVATION OF THE PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Prior Periods	_	urrent Year		Total		horized Cost
Revenue and Other Financing Sources: Mortgage Loan Payable							\$ 4,	500,000
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources							4,	500,000
Expenditures: Legal Services								
Construction Services							3,	950,000
Other Purchased Professional Technical Services	_\$_	543,135			_\$_	543,135		550,000
Total Expenditures		543,135				543,135	4,	500,000
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures		(543,135)	\$	- 0 -	\$	(543,135)	\$	- 0 -
Additional Project Information:								
Project Number		N/A						
Grant Date		N/A						
Original Authorized Cost	\$	4,500,000						
Percentage Completion		12.07%						
Original Target Completion Date		12/31/2020						

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

		d Service ogram		tudent ograms	Total
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Accounts Receivable:					
State	\$	83			\$ 83
Federal		6,183			6,183
Other	-	6,018	\$	19,385	 25,403
Total Current Assets		12,284		19,385	 31,669
Non-Current Assets:					
Capital Assets		18,820			18,820
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(9,815)			 (9,815)
Total Non-Current Assets	44000	9,005			 9,005
Total Assets	PAGE 1818	21,289	***************************************	19,385	 40,674
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities:					
Interfund Payable		3,247		19,385	22,632
Unearned Revenue - Prepaid Sales	W-112-17-11	18,042			 18,042
Total Current Liabilities		21,289		19,385	 40,674
NET POSITION:					
Investment in Capital Assets		9,005			9,005
Unrestricted/(Deficit)		(9,005)			 (9,005)
Total Net Position	\$	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -	\$ - 0 -

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Food Service Program	Student Programs	Total
Operating Revenue Local Sources: Daily Sales - Reimbursable programs Charges and Program Fees	\$ 77,446	\$ 58,429	\$ 77,446 58,429
Total Operating Revenue	77,446	58,429	135,875
Operating Expenses: Cost of Sales - Reimbursable programs Salaries, Benefits & Payroll Taxes Supplies and Materials Depreciation	78,550 23,800 1,317	71,125 2,866	78,550 94,925 2,866 1,317
Miscellaneous	744	1,863	2,607
Total Operating Expenses	104,411	75,854	180,265
Operating Loss	(26,965)	(17,425)	(44,390)
Non-Operating Revenue: State Sources: State School Lunch Program COVID Seamless Summer Option Federal Sources:	708 71		708
National Lunch Program National PB Lunch	11,346 974		
COVID Seamless Summer Option Breakfast COVID Seamless Summer Option Lunch	1,122 4,465		4,465
Total Non-Operating Revenue	18,686		5,173
Change in Net Position Before Other Items	(8,279)	(17,425)	(25,704)
Other Items: Transfer - General Fund	8,279	3,307	11,586
Change in Net Position After Other Items	- 0 -	(14,118)	(14,118)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	- 0 -	14,118	14,118
Net Position - End of Year	\$ -0-	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	od Service Trogram	Student rograms		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers	\$ 97,394	(4.710	\$	97,394
Receipts from Program Revenues	(70.550)	\$ 61,518		61,518
Payments to Food Service Vendor	(78,550) (744)	(2,866)		(78,550) (3,610)
Payments to Suppliers Payments of Salaries, Benefits & Payroll Taxes	(23,800)	(2,800) $(71,125)$		(94,925)
Payments for Miscellaneous Expenses	 (23,000)	(1,922)	·	(1,922)
Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities	 (5,700)	 (14,395)		(20,095)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Cash Received from State and Federal Reimbursements	13,200	11 000		13,200
Interfund Advanced/(Returned)	(15,780)	11,088		(4,692)
Cash Received from Transfers	 8,280	 3,307		11,587
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	 5,700	 14,395		20,095
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	- 0 -	- 0 -		- 0 -
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	 - 0 -	 - 0 -	-	- 0 -
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ - 0 -	\$ - 0 -		- 0 -
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities:				
Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) to Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities:	\$ (26,965)	\$ (17,425)	\$	(44,390)
Depreciation	1,317			1,317
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Accounts Receivable	12,499	3,089		15,588
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Sales	7,449	(50)		7,449
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		 (59)		(59)
Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (5,700)	 (14,395)	\$	(20,095)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2020

	,	Agency Funds	Funds	-	t	ŗ	Unemp	Unemployment		
	P. P.	Payroll Agency	Sta Aci	Student Activities	_ A	Total Agency	Comp	Compensation Trust	L	Totals
ASSETS:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	4,253	8	13,112	\$	17,365	↔	20,101	8	37,466
Total Assets		4,253		13,112		17,365		20,101		37,466
LIABILITIES:										
Due to Student Groups				12,612		12,612				12,612
Interfund Payable: General Fund Student Programs		4,253		200		4,253				4,253 500
Total Liabilities		4,253		13,112		17,365		-0-		17,365
NET POSITION:										
Held in Trust for: Unemployment Claims								20,101		20,101
Total Net Assets	↔	- 0 -	8	- 0 -	\$	-0-	8	20,101	€	20,101

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Unemployment Compensation Trust
ADDITIONS: Contributions:	
Plan Members	\$ 6,952
Total Contributions	6,952
Total Additions	6,952
DEDUCTIONS: Unemployment Compensation Claims	445
Total Deductions	445
Change in Net Position	6,507
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	13,594_
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 20,101

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STUDENT ACTIVITY AGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	alance 30, 2019	A	dditions	De	letions	alance 30, 2020
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,095	\$	10,428	\$	411	\$ 13,112
Total Assets	\$ 3,095	\$	10,428	\$	411	\$ 13,112
I IADII ITIEC.						
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>						
Liabilities: Due to Student Groups	\$ 2,595	\$	10,428	\$	411	\$ 12,612
Interfund Payable: Student Programs	500					500
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,095	\$	10,428	\$	411	\$ 13,112

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STUDENT ACTIVITY AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITY

	alance 30, 2019	F	Cash Receipts	Cash ersements	Balance e 30, 2020
Princeton Charter School: Student Account	\$ 3,095	\$	10,428	\$ 411	\$ 13,112
Total	\$ 3,095	\$	10,428	\$ 411	\$ 13,112

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PAYROLL AGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	alance 30, 2019	1	Additions	Deletions	alance 30, 2020
ASSETS:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,420	_\$_	4,579,757	 4,579,924	\$ 4,253
Total Assets	\$ 4,420	\$	4,579,757	\$ 4,579,924	\$ 4,253
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>					
Interfund Payable: General Fund Payroll Deductions	\$ 4,131	\$	122		\$ 4,253
and Withholdings	 289		4,579,635	 4,579,924	
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,420	\$	4,579,757	\$ 4,579,924	\$ 4,253

LONG-TERM DEBT

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

LONG-TERM DEBT

SCHEDULE OF MORTGAGE LOANS PAYABLE

	Balance	Julic 20, 2020	\$ 6,404,953														
	Morning	Matured	\$ 214,421														
	Balance	Julie 30, 2019	\$ 6,619,374														
	Interest	Naic	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%	3.12%
Maturities of Bonds Outstanding	June 30, 2020	Amount	\$ 222,791	230,827	239,152	247,234	256,696	265,955	275,547	285,047	295,767	306,435	317,488	328,621	340,793	353,085	2,439,515
Maturitie Outst	June 3	Date	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34	2034/35
	Original	Issue	06/27/2015 \$ 7,391,000														
	Date of	Issue	06/27/2015														
	ţ	Purpose	Mortgage Loan)													

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL
LONG-TERM DEBT
SCHEDULE OF MORTGAGE LOANS PAYABLE

	Balance	June 30, 2020	292,000																\$ 6,696,953
	, ,	Jun	↔																∽
		Matured	14,600																229,021
			∨																8
	Balance	June 30, 2019	306,600																6,925,974
		rg	€															-	8
	Interest	Rate	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	3.98246%	
Sonds	g 20	Amount	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	14,600	73,000	
s of B	Outstanding fune 30, 2020		↔																
Maturities of Bonds	Outstanding June 30, 2020	Date	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34	2034/35	2035/36	
	Original	Issue	365,000																
			↔																
	Date of	Issue	6/27/2015																
		Purpose	Mortgage Loan	0															

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the Charter School's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the Charter School's overall financial health.

Contents

Exhibit

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Charter School's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

J-1 thru J-5

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the Charter School's ability to generate its property taxes.

J-6 thru J-9

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Charter School's current levels of outstanding debt and the School's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

J-10 thru J-13

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Charter School's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

J-14 thru J-15

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the Charter School's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the Charter School's financial information relates to the services the Charter School provides and the activities it performs.

J-16 thru J-21

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Jun	June 30,				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$5,121,531 \$5,004,850	\$5,004,850	\$4,957,173	\$4,819,417	\$3,925,810	\$3,582,973	\$3,269,440	\$3,008,598	\$3,327,729	\$3,064,242
Restricted	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000
Unrestricted	76,389	366,515	396,291	412,216	267,234	375,774	230,046	265,056	(385,232)	(376,388)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$5,272,920	\$5,446,365	\$5,428,464	\$5,306,633	\$4,268,044	\$4,033,747	\$3,574,486	\$3,348,654	\$3,017,499	\$2,762,854
Ducinoca Tymo A ofinition										
Dustriess-Type Activities. Investment in Capital Assets			\$ 17.795	\$ 16 540	\$ 15.285	\$ 14.027	\$ 12.772	\$ 11 547	\$ 10322	\$ 9 00 \$
) ! !	010,01	007,01	170,5	7/1/7	11,01	777,01	2,000
Unrestricted	\$ 4,/4/	\$ 6,492	7,747	6,823	1,761	5,507	9,432	9,326	3,796	(9,005)
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 4,747	\$ 6,492	\$ 25,542	\$ 23,363	\$ 17,046	\$ 19,534	\$ 22,204	\$ 20,873	\$ 14,118	-0- \$
				1			AND COMPANY OF THE PARK OF THE			
Charter School-Wide										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$5,121,531 \$5,004,850	\$5,004,850	\$4,974,968	\$4,835,957	\$3,941,095	\$3,597,000	\$3,282,212	\$3,020,145	\$3,338,053	\$3,073,247
Restricted	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000
Unrestricted	81,136	373,007	404,038	419,039	268,995	381,281	239,478	274,382	(381,436)	(385,393)
Total Charter School-Wide Net Position	\$5,277,667 \$5,452,857	\$5,452,857	\$5,454,006	\$5,329,996	\$4,285,090	\$4,053,281	\$3,596,690	\$3,369,527	\$3,031,617	\$2,762,854

Source: Princeton Charter School Financial Reports.

REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					For Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	inding June 30,				
Expenses:	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental Activities:			•							
instruction. Regular	\$ 2,685,878	\$ 2,949,759	\$ 3,137,509	\$ 3,189,500	\$ 3,618,617	\$ 3,953,523	\$ 4,445,743	\$ 5,573,943	\$ 5,927,146	\$ 6,020,368
Special Education								51,007	55,875	60,872
Other Instruction	59,986	59,722						4,234	5,320	3,286
Support Services:	100,400	01 033	273 646	230 300	560 201	270 174	366 998	163 637	239 342	142 047
Student & Instruction Related Services	100,400	61,623	1 002 137	1 110 063	102,201	1 206 594	1 252 676	833 825	1 177 170	1133.815
General Administration Services	1,047,591	1,023,426	1,085,150	1,110,003	1,5,627,1	1,500,504	0/0,555,1	255,023	7,1,1,1	619,661,1
School Administration Services								210 030	01,000	118 257
Central Services								115 740	94 741	106 309
Administrative Information Technology				011	,00	100 100	660.000	047,011	722 153	683 751
Plant Operations And Maintenance	483,691	617,157	580,042	634,119	095,805	11 059	080,032	902,444	14 970	127,731
Pupil Transportation	13,594	12,518	10,15/	14,222	12,446	11,938	13,171	0,015	14,6/0	768 991
Interest on Long-Term Debt	352,690	339,570	327,663	515,140	515,195	760,092	706,477	7,0000	775,507	166,507
Sinking Fund Unallocated Depreciation	474,303	486,583	490,996	496,918	496,953	497,495	480,057	476,784		99,193
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	5,218,133	5,570,558	5,863,149	6,084,815	6,925,585	7,034,280	7,714,581	8,556,252	8,609,867	8,650,306
Business-Type Activities:										
Food Service Program	127,178	120,753	59,438	96,982	94,412	93,933	107,960	127,568	138,208	104,411
Chess Program	210 24	12,230	700,71	11,630	52,842	47.360	94.650	183 221	179 998	75 854
Student Programs	40,310	24,140	7,777	12,490	18.544	25.918	29.576	1		
Summer Camps		13,151	19,367							
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	173,494	180,300	137,082	165,037	179,484	183,111	248,462	310,789	318,206	180,265
Total Charter School-Wide Expenses	5.391.627	5,750,858	6,000,231	6,249,852	7,105,069	7,217,391	7,963,043	8,867,041	8,928,073	8,830,571
Program Revenues: Governmental Activities: Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	486,230	465,918	608,485	554,157	1,132,893	1,359,703	1,777,953	2,146,694	1,862,028	1,852,505
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	486,230	465,918	608,485	554,157	1,132,893	1,359,703	1,777,953	2,146,694	1,862,028	1,852,505
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services Operations Charte and Contributions	157,796	173,393	121,263	153,239	154,092	178,241	212,245	261,416	244,326 38,078	135,875
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	166,822	182,046	126,133	162,858	162,467	185,599	241,132	300,302	. 282,404	154,561
Total Charter School-Wide Program Revenues	653,052	647,964	734,618	717,015	1,295,360	1,545,302	2,019,085	2,446,996	2,144,432	2,007,066
Net (Expenses)/Revenue Governmental Activities	(4,731,903)	(5,104,640)	(5,254,664)	(5,530,658)	(5,792,692)	(5,674,577)	(5,936,628)	(6,409,558)	(6,747,839)	(6,797,801)
Business-Type Activities	(6,672)	1,746	(10,949)	(2,179)	(17,017)	2,488	(7,330)	(10,487)	(35,802)	(25,704)
Total Charter School-Wide Net (Expenses)/Revenue	(4,738,575)	(5,102,894)	(5,265,613)	(5,532,837)	(5,809,709)	(5,672,089)	(5,943,958)	(6,420,045)	(6,783,641)	(6,823,505)

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2011 2012 2013	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities: Local Property Taxes - Charter School Aid \$ 4,244,470 \$ 4,446,092 \$ 4,571,071 \$ 4,000	Grants and contributions not restricted to Specific Programs	1,470 19,216 28,690 29,746 (30,000)	Total Governmental Activities General Revenues 4,496,150 5,277,815 5,237,033 5,	30,000	Total Business-Type Activities General Revenues and Other Changes	Total Charter School-Wide General Revenues & 4,496,150 5,277,815 5,267,033 5	(235,753) 173,175 (17,631) (6,672) 1,746 19,051	9 00/1 9 100/21 9 30/2/2/2/39 2/34/34 12 13/4/34 12 13/4/34
For Fiscal	2014 2015	\$ 4,675,523 \$ 4,819,869 563,152 457,516	125,000 50,	45,152 48,	5,408,827 5,376,362			5,408,827 5,376,362	(121,831) (416, 2,179 (17,	(174 5010) \$ (010 401) \$
For Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	2016	869 \$ 4,792,581 516 499,827	50,000 50,000	48,977 97,872	362 5,440,280			,362 5,440,280	(416,330) (234,297) (17,017) 2,488	347) \$ (731,800)
	2017	\$ 4,693,659	152,000	41,790 (10,000)	5,477,367	10,000	10,000	5,487,367	(459,261)	(165 957)
	2018	\$ 5,245,919 776,291		170,672 (9,156)	6,183,726	9,156	9,156	6,192,882	(1,331)	\$ (227.163)
	2019	\$ 6,060,133 261,638		126,343	6,416,684	(2,383)	29,047	6,445,731	(331,155)	(\$ 727 163)
	2020	\$ 6,464,767		89,975 (11,586)	6,543,156	11,586	11,586	6,554,742	(254,645)	\$ (268.763)

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

						June	June 30,				
		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Fund:											
Restricted	S	75,000	75,000 \$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000
Assigned		19,500	219,500								
Unassigned		56,889	147,015	396,291	412,216	412,216 187,970	359,511	490,761	574,817	617,141	756,556
Total General Fund	8	\$ 151,389	\$ 441,515	\$ 471,291	\$ 487,216	\$ 262,970	\$ 434,511	\$ 565,761	\$ 649,817	\$ 692,141	\$ 831,556
Other Governmental Funds:											
Capital Projects Fund	\$	134,626	\$ 134,626 \$ -0-	-0-\$	-0-\$	-0-\$	-0-\$	-0-\$	\$(349,482)	\$(543,135)	\$(543,135)

Source: Princeton Charter School Financial Reports.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues: Equalization Aid Interest Earnings	\$ 4,244,470	\$ 4,446,092	\$ 4,571,071	\$ 4,675,523	\$ 4,819,869	\$ 4,792,581	\$ 4,693,659	\$ 5,245,919	\$ 6,060,133	\$ 6,464,767
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs				125,000	50,000	50,000	152,000			
Miscellaneous	19,216	33,690	29,746	45,152	179,584	142,149	64,093	170,672	126,343	89,975
State Sources	595,314	1,212,445	1,222,265	1,067,241	1,057,961	1,162,554	1,351,511	1,704,484	1,323,489	1,291,241
Federal Sources	121,910	51,506	52,436	50,068	53,081	/9,83/	/6,013	148,8/9	148,8/9	144,923
Total Revenue	4,982,380	5,743,733	5,875,518	5,962,984	6,160,495	6,227,121	6,337,276	7,269,954	6,869,785	7,990,908
Expenditures:										
Instruction:	700	010 130 0	7700177	001 003 C	2 509 240	7 507 714	3 678 156	3 275 699	3 477 454	322 695 %
Regular Instruction	2,1/0,/34	2,554,910	7,11,605,7	2,300,190	2,070,047	+17,726,7	2,076,450	25.0,017,0	55 875	60.875
Special Education Instruction								07,000	7,000	3,004
Other Instruction								1,140	, co, t	100.0
Student Services and Undistributed Costs.	26 397	51 506	182 090	194 568	364756	244 639	308 755	101 223	204.331	121.933
Congress Administration Services	872,090	830 304	873,232	902,77	930,903	939 473	919,171	754.028	950.579	921,696
School Administration Services	2,0,1							205,906	6,313	610
Central Services								219,939	91,276	118,257
Administrative Information Technology								109,322	86,471	97,171
Plant Onerations And Maintenance	453.840	583.396	535.571	591.654	637,584	608,645	596,453	563,594	654,109	614,573
Punil Transportation	10.515	12.518	10.157	14.222	12,446	11,958	13,171	8,615	14,870	12,750
Fupit Hansporation	756.398	862.787	494.891	542,113	599,962	612,710	526,172	1,389,170	1,583,322	1,769,431
Construction	136,096	•								
On Behalf Contributions			515.078	459,934	552,265	619,276	710,942			
Capital Outlay	119,071	131,359	188,922	109,173	64,479	22,217		* 489,223 *	** 699,287 *	** 557,235
Debt Service:	•	•								
Principal	163,677	287,258	298,961	311,141	323,818	183,726	207,969			
Interest and Other Charges	352,690	339,570	327,663	313,140	300,679	220,722	234,937			
Total Expenditures	5,097,508	5,453,608	5,815,742	5,947,059	6,384,741	6,055,580	6,196,026	7,176,742	7,778,743	7,839,907
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	(115,128)	290,125	59,776	15,925	(224,246)	171,541	141,250	93,212	(119,899)	151,001
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Loan proceeds					720,855					
Debt issuance costs					(92,141)					
Loss on retunding Mortgage note payments - interest					(12.514)					
Transfers in										
Transfers out			(30,000)				(10,000)	(9,156)	(31,430)	(11,586)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(30,000)				(10,000)	(9,156)	(31,430)	(11,586)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ (115,128)	\$ 290,125	\$ 29,776	\$ 15,925	\$ (224,246)	\$ 171,541	\$ 131,250	\$ 84,056	\$ (151,329)	\$ 139,415
Date Samice as a Dercentage of Noncomital Econoditines	10 37%	11 78%	11 14%		%88.6	6.70%	7.15%	6.22%	5.92%	5.77%
Utol Struct as a restallage of molicapital Experiorities	2.77	20011		0//0:01						

^{*-} Includes \$230,910 of interest on mortgage and \$214,944 of principal on mortgage expenditures which are factored into the debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures.
**- Includes \$226,743 of interest on mortgage and \$223,350 of principal on mortgage expenditures which are factored into the debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures.
Source: Princeton Charter School Financial Reports.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL GENERAL FUND - OTHER LOCAL REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Char	ocal Levy ter School Aid ocal Share	 rest on stments	Misc	cellaneous	Grants and ntributions	Total
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	4,244,470 4,446,092 4,571,071 4,675,523 4,819,869 4,792,581 4,693,659 5,245,919 6,060,133	\$ 380 42	\$	19,216 28,690 24,746 45,152 48,977 97,872 41,790 170,292 126,301	\$ 125,000 50,000 50,000 152,000	\$ 4,263,686 4,474,782 4,595,817 4,845,675 4,918,846 4,940,453 4,887,449 5,416,591 6,186,476
2020		6,464,767			89,975		6,554,742

Source: Princeton Charter School Financial Reports.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities Fiscal Year General Mortgage Percentage Ended Obligation Loans Total of Personal **Bonds** Income a Per Capita ^a June 30, Payable District \$ 8,256,323 \$ 2011 8,256,323 0.52% 288.72 2012 283.74 7,969,065 7,969,065 0.47% 2013 7,670,104 7,670,104 0.46% 260.99 2014 7,358,963 7,358,963 0.42% 247.66 2015 7,756,000 7,756,000 0.41% 261.49 2016 7,571,057 7,571,057 0.39% 251.40 2017 7,363,088 7,363,088 0.35% 237.50 2018 7,148,144 7,148,144 0.33% 227.88 2019 6,925,974 6,925,974 0.32% 221.49 2020 6,696,953 6,696,953 0.31% 214.74

Note: Details regarding the School's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

a - See Exhibit J-14 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Source: Princeton Charter School Financial Reports.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year	Population ^a	Pe	ersonal Income b	Pe	Per Capita ersonal Income ^c		Unemployment Rate ^d
2011	28,086	\$	1,586,774,742	\$	56,497		8.10%
2012	29,388		1,707,824,844		58,113		5.40%
2013	29,714		1,666,717,688		56,092		3.90%
2014	29,661		1,742,554,089		58,749		3.70%
2015	30,115		1,872,309,780		62,172		3.10%
2016	31,002		1,960,473,474		63,237		2.80%
2017	31,368		2,081,047,224		66,343		2.60%
2018	31,270		2,168,386,880		69,344		2.20%
2019	31,187		2,162,631,328	*	69,344	**	1.90%
2020	31,187 *		2,162,631,328		69,344	**	N/A

N/A - Information is not available.

Sources:

- ^a Population information provided by the NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development.
- Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented.
- d Unemployment data provided by the NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development.

^{* -} Latest population data available (2019) was used for calculation purposes.

^{**-} Latest Mercer County per capita personal income available (2018) was used for calculation purposes.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Instruction: Regular Other Instruction	28	28	28	30	28	30	30	37	37	37
Support Services: School counselor	-	-	-		-	1	1		1	1
General Administration and Business Services	8	\mathcal{C}	8	ω.	4	4	S.	S.	S	\$
School Administration Services Plant Operations and Maintenance	w	w	w	4 -	v -	w -	4 -	c -1	2	2
Total	40	40	41	44	45	43	46	50	51	52

Source: Princeton Charter School Business Office.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

OPERATING STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

Student Attendance Percentage	97.12%	%08.96	96.48%	96.51%	96.49%	96.64%	95.51%	95.49%	96.25%	96.33%
% Change Average Daily Enrollment	-0.03%	0.03%	0.03%	-0.03%	0.93%	0.14%	-0.03%	14.79%	5.71%	0.17%
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) ^d	334	333	332	332	335	336	332	381	406	407
Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) ^d	343.9	344.0	344.1	344.0	347.2	347.7	347.6	399.0	421.8	422.5
Pupil/ Teacher Ratio Elem.	11:1	11:1	11:1	10:1	11:1	11:1	11:1	10:1	10:1	10:1
Teaching Staff	32	32	33	35	34	32	35	40	41	41
Percent Change	-0.32%	8.54%	6.49%	4.27%	9.25%	-1.17%	2.21%	16.79%	5.37%	2.87%
Cost Per Pupil ^b	\$ 12,576	13,649	14,535	15,156	16,367	16,175	16,532	16,882	16,776	17,258
Operating Expenditures ^a	\$ 4,325,974	4,695,421	5,000,196	5,213,605	5,695,765	5,628,915	5,753,120	6,718,944	7,079,456	7,282,672
Enrollment	344	344	344	344	348	348	348	398	422	422
Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Note: Enrollment is based on final June enrollment count.

^a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less capital outlay.

Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.

Source: Princeton Charter School Business Office.

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

District Building	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Multi-Purpose Campus Center Square Feet	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000
Capacity (Students)	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
K-4 School Building (2003)										
Square Feet	14,800	14,800	14,800	14,800	14,800	14,800	14,800	14,800	14,800	14,800
Capacity (Students)	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	202	202	202
Enrollment	156	156	156	156	159	159	159	201	199	199
5-8 School Building (1963)										
Square Feet	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800
Capacity (Students)	188	188	188	188	188	188	188	200	200	200
Enrollment	188	188	188	188	188	188	188	197	223	223
Business Office Building - Marsee Center (1879)	Center (1879)									
Square Feet	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200

Number of Schools at June 30, 2018:

Elementary = 1Middle School = 1

N/A - Not Applicable Source: School Facilities Office

Note: Year of original construction is shown in parentheses. Increases in square footage and capacity are the result of additions. Enrollment is based on the final June school count.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL INSURANCE SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

	Coverage	Deductible
ool Package Policy - N.J. Schools Insurance Group:		
Property:		
Blanket Building and Contents	\$ 14,692,596	\$ 1,000
Blanket Extra Expense	50,000,000	1,000
Blanket Valuable Papers and Records	10,000,000	1,000
Business Income	3,000,000	1,000
Loss of Rents	31,000	1,000
Flood - Zones A & V - Pool Aggregate	25,000,000	500,000
Flood - All Other	75,000,000	10,000
EDP:		
Blanket Hardware/Software	250,000	1,000
Blanket Extra Expense	Included	
Equipment Breakdown:		
Property Damage & Extra Expense	100,000,000	1,000
Crime:		
Public Employee Dishonesty	250,000	1,000
Forgery or Alteration	250,000	1,000
Computer Fraud	250,000	1,000
Money Orders & Counterfeit Papers	50,000	500
Loss of Money & Securities	50,000	500
General Liability		
Each Occurrence CSL	16,000,000	
Products/Completed Ops Ann Agg	16,000,000	
Sexual Abuse per OCC	16,000,000	
Sexual Abuse Annual Pool Agg	17,000,000	
Personal Injury & Advertising Injury	16,000,000	
Employee Benefits	16,000,000	1,000
Medical Payments	10,000	
Automobile:		
Comprehensive Automobile Liability	16,000,000	
Errors and Omissions	16,000,000	10,000

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL INSURANCE SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

	Coverage	Deductible
School Package Policy - N.J. Schools Insurance Group: Boiler and Machinery	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 1,000
Workers Compensation - N.J. Schools Insurance Group		
Bodily Injury by Accident	2,000,000	Each Acc.
Bodily Injury by Disease	2,000,000	Each Employee
Bodily Injury by Disease	2,000,000	Agg. Limit
Supplemental Workers Compensation -		
N.J. Schools Insurance Group:		
Maximum weekly benefit (52 weeks Maximum Benefit Period)	2,500	
Student Accident Insurance:		
Basic Sports K-8	5,000,000	
Volunteer Coverage	25,000	
Surety Bond:		
Board Secretary/School Business Administrator	180,000	1,000
Group Catastrophe Access Program:		
Limit each ocurrence	50,000,000	
Aggregate	150,000,000	

Source: Princeton Charter School Business Office.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
Cash	\$	348,890	\$	525,965	\$	172,331	\$	50,904	\$	1,079,182
Current Assets	Ψ	257,970	Ψ	149,415	Ψ	115,315	Ψ	131,567	Ψ	140,414
Noncurrent Assets				,,		3,799		,		952,242
Capital Assets, Net		11,155,247		10,632,528		10,541,861		10,253,705		9,761,195
Total Assets		11,762,107		11,307,908		10,833,306		10,436,176		11,933,033
D. C. 10 (C)		1 470 972		1 412 002		000.546		1.550.666		902.741
Deferred Outflows	_	1,470,873		1,412,882		980,546		1,552,666		892,741
Current Liabilities		172,349		109,619		80,242		103,280		977,399
Long-Term Liabilities		9,015,726		8,984,997		8,107,229		8,429,798		7,699,810
Total Liabilities		9,188,075		9,094,616		8,187,471		8,533,078		8,677,209
Deferred Inflows		11,158		51,688		277,727		438,265		1,389,841
Belefied Millows		11,120		31,000		277,727		150,205		1,505,011
Net Position	\$	4,033,747	\$	3,574,486	\$	3,348,654	\$	3,017,499	\$	2,758,724
Total Revenue	\$	6,799,983	\$	7,265,320	\$	8,339,576	\$	8,278,712	\$	8,370,313
Total Expenses	Ψ	7,034,280	Ψ	7,724,581	Ψ	8,565,408	Ψ	8,609,867	Ψ	8,629,088
Total Expenses		7,031,200		7,721,301		0,505,100		0,000,007		0,022,000
Change in Net Position	\$	(234,297)	\$	(459,261)	\$	(225,832)	\$	(331,155)	\$	(258,775)
Depreciation Expense	\$	548,780	\$	522,719	\$	519,155	\$	501,253	\$	492,510
Principal Payments	\$	183,726	\$	207,969	\$	214,944	\$	222,170	\$	229,021
Interest Payments	\$	220,722	\$	234,937	\$	230,910	\$	226,743	\$	217,255
Final Average Daily Enrollment		347.7		347.6		399.0		421.8		422.5
March 30th Budgeted Enrollment		348		348		402		412		424
The court of the c		2.0		0.0		.02				
Near Term Indicators:										
Current Ratio		1.50		1.36		1.44		1.27		0.14
Unrestricted Days Cash		21.03		30.98		5.81		1.78		33.01
Enrollment Variance		99.91%		99.89%		99.25%		102.38%		99.65%
Default		No		Yes		No		No		No
Sustainability Indicators:										
Cash Flow	\$	53,883	\$	177,075	\$	(353,634)	\$	(121,427)	\$	1,028,278
Debt Service Coverage Ratio		N/A		N/A	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	N/A

Source: Princeton Charter School Business Office.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



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Independent Member BKR International

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School County of Mercer, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey (the "Department"), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Princeton Charter School, in the County of Mercer (the "Charter School") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Charter School's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 10, 2021 Mount Arlington, New Jersey NISIVOCCIA LLP

Visivoccia, LLP

Kathryn L. Mantell

Licensed Public School Accountant #884

Certified Public Accountant

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Report on Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School County of Mercer, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Princeton Charter School's (the "Charter School's") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the and the *New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The Charter School's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Charter School's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.* Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Charter School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 2

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Charter School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and NJOMB 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance or NJOMB 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 10, 2021 Mount Arlington, New Jersey NISIVOCCIA LLP

Visivoccia, LLP

Kathryn L. Mantell

Licensed Public School Accountant #884

Certified Public Accountant

Kathryn L. Mantell

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title/Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Award	Balance June 30, 2019 Budgetary Accounts Receivable	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Balance June 30, 2020 Budgetary Accounts Receivable		Amount Paid to Subrecipients
Special Revenue Fund: US Department of Education Passed-through State of New Jersey Department of Education Special Education Cluster: IDEA- B, Basic IDEA- B, Preschool	84.027 84.173	IDEA-7540-20 IDEA-7540-20	7/1/19-9/30/20	\$ 59,598		\$ 59,598	\$ (59,598)			
Total Special Education Cluster						60,872	(60,872)			
Elementary and Secondary Education Act: Title I - Part A Title I - Part A	84.010A 84.010A	ESEA-7540-19 ESEA-7540-20	7/1/18-9/30/19 7/1/19-9/30/20	47,780 38,081	\$ (19,377)	19,377	(38,081)			
Charter Implementation Grant	84.282	N/A	7/1/19-6/30/20	42,360		45,972	(45,972)			
Total Special Revenue Fund					(19,377)	164,302	(144,925)			
Enterprise Fund: U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through State Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program COVID-19 Seamless Summer Option Lunch COVID-19 Seamless Summer Option Breakfast	10.555 10.555 10.550 10.550	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	7/1/18-6/30/19 7/1/19-6/30/20 3/18/20-6/30/20 3/18/20-6/30/20	11,831 12,320 4,465 1,122	(720)	720 10,207 1,517	(12,320) (4,465) (1,122)	\$ (2,2)	(2,113) (2,948) (1,122)	
Total Enterprise Fund					(720)	12,444	(17,907)	(6,	(6,183)	
Total Federal Awards					\$ (20,097)	\$ 176,746	\$ (162,832)	\$ (6,	(6,183) \$	- 0 -

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

								ME	MEMO
			-	June 30, 2019	-	-	June 30, 2020	-	Cumulative
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	(Accounts Receivable)	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	GAAP Receivable	Budgetary Receivable	l otal Expenditures
State Department of Education:									
General Fund:									
Adjustment Aid	19-495-034-5120-085	7/01/18-6/30/19	\$ 207,947	\$ (25,607)	\$ 25,607				\$ 207,947
Local Levy - Charter School Aid	19-495-034-5120-071	7/01/18-6/30/19	53,691	(6,612)	6,612				53,691
Security Aid	19-495-034-5120-084	7/01/18-6/30/19	34,513	(4,250)	4,250				34,513
Security Aid	20-495-034-5120-084	7/01/19-6/30/20	38,841		38,841	\$ (38,841)			38,841
Special Education Aid	19-495-034-5120-089	7/01/18-6/30/19	113,595	(13,988)	13,988				113,595
Special Education Aid	20-495-034-5120-089	7/01/19-6/30/20	131,576		131,576	(131,576)			131,576
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions	20-495-034-5094-003	7/01/19-6/30/20	227,339		204,595	(227,339)	\$ (22,744) \$	\$ (22,744)	227,339
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions	20-495-034-5094-002	7/01/19-6/30/20	639,621		639,621	(639,621)			639,621
On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Contributions	20-495-034-5094-001	7/01/19-6/30/20	241,540		241,540	(241,540)			241,540
On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance	20-495-034-5094-004	7/01/19-6/30/20	098		098	(098)			098
On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance	20-495-034-5094-004	7/01/19-6/30/20	11,464		11,464	(11,464)			11,464
Total General Fund				(50,457)	1,318,954	(1,291,241)	(22,744)	(22,744)	1,700,987
Enterprise Fund: State School Lunch Program	19-100-010-3350-023	7/01/18-6/30/19	266	(09)	09				266
State School Lunch Program	20-100-010-3350-023	7/01/19-6/30/20	708		671	(708)	(37)	(37)	708
COVID-19 State Seamless Summer Option	20-100-010-3350-023	3/18/20-6/30/20	7.1		25	(71)	(46)	(46)	71
Total Enterprise Fund				(09)	756	(779)	(83)	(83)	1,776
Total State Awards Subject to Single Audit Determination	uc			\$ (50,517)	\$1,319,710	(1,292,020)	\$ (22,827)	\$ (22,827)	\$ 1,702,763
Less: State Awards Not Subject to Single Audit Major Program Determination	Program Determination								
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions	20-495-034-5094-002	7/01/19-6/30/20	(639,621)			639,621			
	100 100 100 100 00		(0,10)						

 On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions
 20-495-034-5094-002
 7/01/19-6/30/20
 (639,621)

 On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Contributions
 20-495-034-5094-001
 7/01/19-6/30/20
 (241,540)

 On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance
 20-495-034-5094-004
 7/01/19-6/30/20
 (860)

 On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contributions Subtotal - On-Behalf TPAF Pension System Contributions
 20-495-034-5094-004
 7/01/19-6/30/20
 (11,464)

241,540 860 11,464 893,485 \$ (398,535) SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards include federal and state grant activity of the Board of Trustees, Princeton Charter School under programs of the federal and state governments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the Charter School, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Charter School.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are reported on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the Schedules represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3. INDIRECT COST RATE

The Charter School has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the General and Special Revenue Funds on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the General and Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The General Fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis.

The Special Revenue Fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The net adjustment to reconcile revenue from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is \$-0- for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Revenue from Federal and State awards is reported on the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented below:

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund		\$ 1,291,241	\$ 1,291,241
Special Revenue Fund	\$ 144,925		144,925
Enterprise Fund	17,907	779_	18,686
	\$ 162,832	\$ 1,292,020	\$ 1,454,852

NOTE 5. OTHER

TPAF Social Security contributions represent the amount reimbursed by the State for the employers' share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Summary of Auditors' Results:

- The Independent Auditors' Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Charter School.
- There were no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies disclosed during the audit of the financial statements as reported in the *Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards*.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Charter School which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- There were no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over the major state programs disclosed during the audit as reported in the *Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance*.
- The auditor's report on compliance for the major state programs for the Charter School expresses an unmodified opinion on all of its major state programs.
- The Charter School was not subject to the single audit provisions of the Uniform Guidance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 as federal grant expenditures were less than the single audit threshold of \$750,000 identified in the Uniform Guidance.
- The audit did not disclose any audit findings which are required to be reported in accordance with New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 or 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance.
- The Charter School's major state programs for the current period consisted of the following State awards:

Program Title	Grant Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	Budgetary Expenditures
State Programs: Special Education Aid Security Aid	20-495-034-5120-089	7/1/19-6/30/20	131,576	131,576
	20-495-034-5120-084	7/1/19-6/30/20	38,841	38,841

- The threshold used for distinguishing between State Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- The Charter School was determined to be a "low risk" auditee for State Programs.

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

- Not applicable since federal expenditures were below the single audit threshold.

Findings and Questioned Costs for State Awards:

- The audit did not disclose any findings or questioned costs for state awards as defined in 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08.

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Status of Prior Year Findings:

There were no prior year audit findings.