SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BOONTON TOWNSHIP

Boonton Township School District Board of Education Boonton Township, New Jersey

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

of the

Boonton Township School District Board of Education

Boonton Township, New Jersey

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by

Boonton Township School District Board of Education

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION (UNAUDITED)

BOONTON TOWNSHIP BOARD OF EDUCATION

11 Valley Road Boonton Township, New Jersey 07005

Christian Angelillo, Ed.D. Superintendent/ Principal Voice (973) 334-4162

John T. Murray II, RSBA School Business Administrator/ Board Secretary Fax (973) 334-0035

October 15, 2022

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education
Boonton Township School District
County of Morris, New Jersey

Dear Honorable President and Board Members:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Boonton Township School District (the "District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Boonton Township Board of Education (the "Board"). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the basic financial statements and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the District's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes The Independent Auditors' Report, the management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and notes providing an overview of the District's financial position and operating results, and supplementary schedules providing detailed budgetary information. The statistical section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the District, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The District is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*; and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Information related to this single audit, including the auditors' report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

1. <u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u>: Boonton Township School District is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in codification section 2100. All funds of the District are included in this report. The Boonton Township Board of Education and its school constitute the District's reporting entity.

The Boonton Township Board of Education is a Type II District administered by a superintendent and business administrator. Boonton Township has only one public school, known as Rockaway Valley School, which provided learning opportunities for 391 children during the 2021/2022 school year in grades K-8 with two special education preschool programs. The District is in a sending/receiving relationship with Mountain Lakes Board of Education to provide educational services for their high school students. There were 232 Boonton Township High School students attending Mountain Lakes High School during 2021/2022.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education
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A full range of educational services and curriculum appropriate to the elementary grade levels is available at Rockaway Valley School. Regular programs as well as special education for the special needs youngsters are readily provided. The District completed the 2021/2022 fiscal year with an average daily enrollment of 628 students (which includes the high school students) which is 4 students less than the previous year's enrollment.

2. <u>ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK</u>: Boonton Township is a suburban community with a District Factor Group rating of I. It was founded in 1867, partially on land once owned by William Penn. The Township was once famous for its electronics industry, having been the home for Johanson Manufacturing Corp., still in existence today; Radio Frequency Laboratories and its hangar and flying field, and the Aircraft Radio Corp. Electronics played a large part in the history of the Township's World War II hero, General Jimmy Doolittle, who made the first "blind" aircraft landing at Mitchell Field using the company's radio equipment in 1929.

The population of Morris County continues to grow and Boonton Township's growth has slowed a bit in comparison to the County average. Boonton Township's population in 2000 was 4,283. In 2010, the census showed that the population was 4,263 or a decrease of -0.47%. The County growth during the same time frame was 4.7%. The Township labor force equals 2,088 people and 1,994 are employed. The unemployment rate was 4.50% compared to the County average of 6.3%.

3. MAJOR INITIATIVES: The Boonton Township School District faced many challenges related to the world-wide Covid-19 Pandemic beginning in March of 2020. Beginning in September of 2021, the District resumed a normal schedule of full day in person instruction. The District continued to purchase greater than normal amounts of hand sanitizer, personal protective equipment, cleaning and disinfecting supplies, HVAC filters and equipment to maintain a safe and healthy working and learning environment. A part-time custodian was added to disinfect high touch areas during the school day to reduce the chance for virus transmission. Despite the challenges of the pandemic and the lack of guidance from the Governor's office and the New Jersey Department of Education, the District was able to remain open during the year by maintaining social distancing and contact tracing protocols and did not shut down due to Covid-19 related illnesses or quarantines.

The District continues to purchase new Chromebooks to provide students in each grade level access to the internet and Google Classroom to enhance the learning environment. Rockaway Valley School continues to provide a welcoming and nurturing environment for all students. We believe that students must continue to strive toward high academic standards that are aligned with the New Jersey Student Learning Standards. Math and literacy programs implemented in the past few years continued to be expanded. A blended education course is offered to select students in 7th and 8th grade mathematics, which provides enrichment in both Algebra I and Geometry. The emphasis on infusing literacy in the classroom continues to focus on improving teaching strategies in all academic areas and upgrading the physical plant over the next several years. A comprehensive staff development program was initiated several years ago and continues to focus on implementing the Kim Marshall teacher evaluation program and the Genesis student database program. This effort is expected to continue into the next year. Professional development continues to be provided to the staff on the Google Suite platform to enhance the infusion of Google into typical classroom instruction and is also focused on diversity and inclusion training and social and emotional learning. Board of Education members receive their agenda information and correspondence through their designated Google accounts as the district continues its effort as it moves toward a more paperless environment. Parents receive more student information and updates through our Genesis student information system, thereby eliminating the costs and time encumbered by sending out a summer mailing and grade reporting.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education
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Additional MacBooks purchased either replace outdated units or supplement the existing inventory in order to prepare students for 21st Century learning. The school currently maintains an inventory of Smart Boards and Promethean boards in every educational space and MacBook carts are available for each grade level and specialty areas. As Smart Boards reach the end of their useful life, they are being replaced with more advanced technology found in promethean boards. The District purchased a number of classroom Promethean boards in the 2021-2022 school year and additional purchases are planned for the future. Computers continue to be upgraded for staff and student use as part of the District's 5-year Technology Plan. The District's budget includes an allowance to maintain a bandwidth of 1 gigabyte and to support wireless network upgrades to improve the delivery of instruction to students through mobile computing and interactive instruction and to meet the demands of the State mandated NJSLA test. Laptop computers are used in conjunction with the SMART/Promethean Boards that are installed in every classroom and Media Center. A new literacy/ELA series was purchased for grades K-2 as well as grades 3-5. We also modified our mathematics offerings and offer Geometry to all 8th grade students. As a result, we needed to purchase Geometry resources and texts. A mini STEAM Lab/Maker Space "specials" class continues to be an integral part of the Gifted and Talented program for students in grades 6 through 8.

Over the past few years, there has been an increasing emphasis at RVS on fostering a climate of respect for individual student differences. As such the staff has focused on identifying and correcting behaviors that might be considered "bullying" in nature. With the efforts of our school-based Climate Team, the staff will continue to focus this year on fostering a climate of respect and student awareness of the harmful effects of bullying type behavior. This renewed effort is aligned with the State initiatives on Harassment/Intimidation/ and Bullying (HIB). The Board Policy is referenced in the parent, staff, and student handbooks and is also posted on the school's website. Finally, a major theme on developing "Respect for All" along with a zero tolerance for any bullying type behaviors will rolled out for the students during a State mandated "Week of Respect" in early October. Rockaway Valley School has partnered with the United Way Culture and Climate Initiative that offered staff development and resources to promote a positive school climate. For the second year in a row, the District participated in the Kean University Diversity Council and remains steadfast in our commitment that we are #bettertogether.

Several health and safety and facility items were addressed during the 2021/2022 school year. New IP Digital phone system, bell, intercom, door locking systems and a new emergency alert notification system tied to local law enforcement were purchased to integrate all systems together to provide real-time response in the event of an emergency. Additional HEPA air purifier filters were purchased for each of the classrooms and offices to provide more frequent changes in an effort to improve air quality in each of those areas and mitigate the spread of viruses. Several electrical circuits and HVAC systems were either replaced or upgraded as needed. With the retirement of the district's long-term debt, a major focus in the coming year will be to plan for a referendum to address the building envelope including electrical, HVAC systems, LED lighting, air conditioning and roof replacement.

4. <u>INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS</u>: Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control system designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal awards and state awards, the District also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control system is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control system is also subject to periodic evaluation by the District's management.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education
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As part of the District's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control system, including that portion related to major federal and state award programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

5. <u>BUDGETARY CONTROLS</u>: In addition to internal accounting controls, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the Board of Education. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund, the special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. Project-length budgets are approved for the capital improvements accounted for in the capital projects fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either cancelled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be re-appropriated are reported as fund balance restrictions, commitments and assignments at June 30, 2022.

- 6. <u>ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS</u>: The District's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the District is organized on the basis of funds. These funds are explained in "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements", Note 1.
- 7. <u>CASH MANAGEMENT</u>: The investment policy of the District is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements", Note 3. The District has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- 8. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>: The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, excess liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property, contents, and fidelity bonds. The Board oversees Risk Management for the District. A schedule of insurance coverage is found on Exhibit J-20.
- 9. OTHER INFORMATION: Independent Audit State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Nisivoccia LLP, CPAs, was selected by the Board. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*; and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplementary information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District Page 5
October 15, 2022

10. <u>ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:</u> We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Boonton Township School Board for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the school district and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial and accounting staff.

Respectfully submitted,

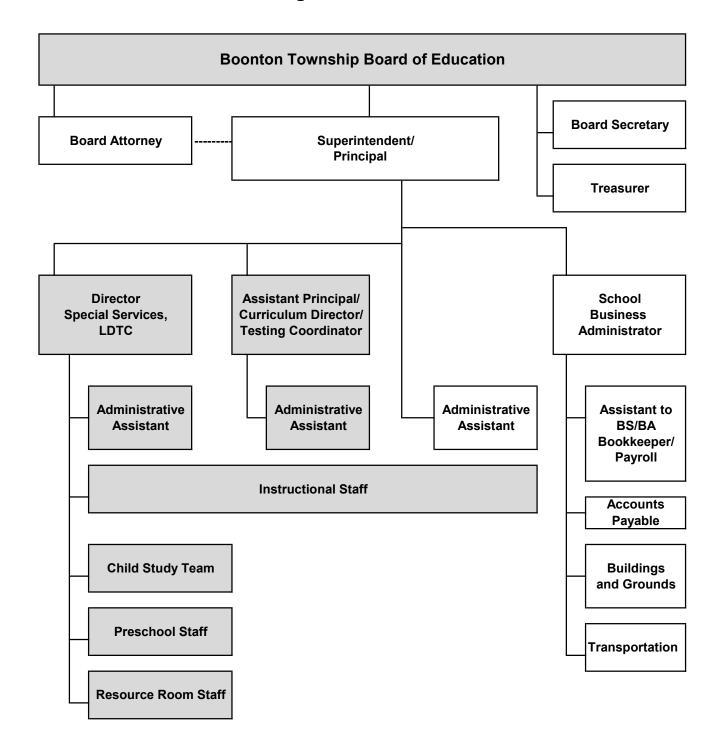
Christian Angelillo, Ed.D. Superintendent/ Principal

John T. Murray II, RSBA

Business Administrator/Board Secretary

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Boonton Township Board of Education Organization Chart



BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT ROSTER AND OFFICIALS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Members of the Board of Education	<u>Term Expires</u>
Barry Brantner, President	2022
Christine Cabana, Vice President	2023
Lauren Bardach	2024
Jeffrey Chen	2024
Charles Eaton	2022
Leigh Hermey	2022
Christopher Johnson	2024
Jonathan LeVar	2023
Grace McBride	2023

Other Officials <u>Title</u>

(Cleary, Giacobbe, Alfieri, Jacobs, LLC)

Dr. Christian Angelillo Ed. D. Superintendent/Principal

John T. Murray II, RSBA School Business Administrator/Board Secretary

Lia Lendis Assistant Principal

Christine Voorhees Director of Special Services, LDTC

Norman M. Eckstein Treasurer of School Monies
Matthew J. Giacobbe School Board Attorney

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT

Consultants and Advisors Year Ended June 30, 2022

Audit Firm

Nisivoccia LLP
200 Valley Road, Suite 300
Mount Arlington, NJ 07856
and
11 Lawrence Road
Newton, NJ 07860
and
1140 Route 22 East, Suite 203
Bridgewater, NJ 08807

Board Attorney

Matthew J. Giacobbe, Esq. Cleary Giacobbe Alfieri Jacobs LLC 169 Ramapo Valley Road, Upper Level 105 Oakland, New Jersey 07436

Special Education Attorney

Robin S. Ballard, Esq.
Schenck, Price, Smith & King, LLP
220 Park Avenue
P.O. Box 991
Florham Park, New Jersey 07932

Architect of Record

Parette Somjen Architects 439 Route 46 East Rockaway, New Jersey 07866

Financial Advisors

Phoenix Financial Advisors, LLC 4 West Park Street Bordentown, New Jersey 08505

Official Depositories

Bank of America Powerville Road Boonton Township, New Jersey 07005

State of New Jersey, Cash Management Fund Morgan Stanley Trust Harborside Financial Center, Plaza Two Jersey City, New Jersey 07311-3977

FINANCIAL SECTION



Mount Arlington, NJ Newton, NJ Bridgewater, NJ 973.298.8500

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Independent Member
BKR International

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District County of Morris, New Jersey

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of the Boonton Township School District (the "District"), in the County of Morris, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey (the "Office") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion

The District's note disclosure on postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) (Note 9) contains the June 30, 2020 information and not the June 30, 2021 information as the report for Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for the State of New Jersey State Health Benefits Local Education Retired Employees Plan ("SHBP") has not been released by the Division of Pensions and Benefits, Department of the Treasury, State of New Jersey (the "Division"), as of the date of this report. The District is in a "special funding situation" in that the OPEB contributions, expenses and related liability are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey, not the District and therefore does not affect the District's net position. An estimated release date for the June 30, 2021 OPEB information has not been announced by the Division. In our opinion, disclosure of this information is required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements prescribed by the Office will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements prescribed by the Office, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, which follows this report, the pension and post-retirement schedules in Exhibits L-1 through L-5 and the related notes, and the budgetary comparison information in Exhibits C-1 through C-3 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Schedule of Changes in the State's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Associated with the District and Related Ratios (Exhibit L-5) do not contain the June 30, 2021 OPEB information as the related GASB No. 75 report for SHBP has not been released by the State as of the date of this report. The District is in a "special funding situation" in that the OPEB contributions, expenses and related liability are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey, not the District and therefore does not affect the District's net position. An estimated release date for the June 30, 2021 OPEB information has not been announced by the Division. This required supplementary information is required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards; and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District Page 4

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 15, 2022 Mount Arlington, New Jersey *Nisivoccia LLP* NISIVOCCIA LLP

Man C Lee

Man C. Lee

Licensed Public School Accountant #2527

Certified Public Accountant

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

This section of Boonton Township School District's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more* detail than the District-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Proprietary funds* statements offer *short-* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the District operates like a business, such as food services.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1
Organization of Boonton Township School District's Financial Report

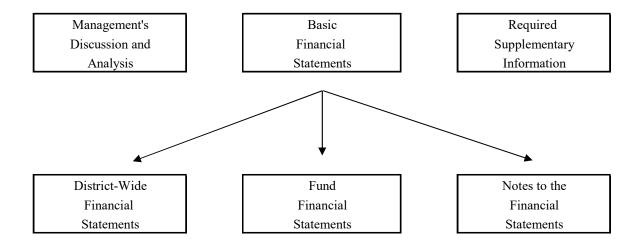


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights that structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2

Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

District-Wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred inflows and outflows and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets, deferred inflows and outflows and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's food service is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenue (such as federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on {1} how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and {2} the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or difference) between them.
- Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the District-wide statements. The District's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the District-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found immediately following the fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net Position. The District's combined net position was \$1,349,877 on June 30, 2022, \$890,041 or 194% higher than the year before. (See Figure A-3). The net position of the governmental activities increased \$893,642 and net position from business-type activities decreased by \$3,601.

Figure A-3
Condensed Statement of Net Position

							Total
							Percentage
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Scho	ool District	Change
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021-2022
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,711,872	\$ 3,224,848	\$ 4,605	\$ 3,993	\$3,716,477	\$ 3,228,841	
Capital Assets, Net	294,536	236,743	9,770	10,754	304,306	247,497	
Total Assets	4,006,408	3,461,591	14,375	14,747	4,020,783	3,476,338	15.66%
Deferred Ouflows of Resources	265,594	373,522			265,594	373,522	-28.89%
Other Liabilities	248,900	253,495	3,229		252,129	253,495	
Long-Term Liabilities	1,738,750	2,266,137			1,738,750	2,266,137	
Total Liabilities	1,987,650	2,519,632	3,229		1,990,879	2,519,632	-20.99%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	945,621	870,392			945,621	870,392	8.64%
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital							
Assets	228,201	139,140	9,770	10,754	237,971	149,894	
Restricted	1,860,162	1,644,356			1,860,162	1,644,356	
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	(749,632)	(1,338,407)	1,376	3,993	(748,256)	(1,334,414)	
Total Net Position	\$1,338,731	\$ 445,089	\$ 11,146	\$ 14,747	\$1,349,877	\$ 459,836	193.56%

Changes in net position. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$88,077 primarily due to the payment of \$31,268 of financed purchases payable and \$119,745 in capital assets additions; offset by \$62,936 in depreciation expense. Restricted net position increased by \$215,806 mainly due to an increase in excess surplus offset by a decrease in capital reserve. Unrestricted net position increased by \$586,158, primarily due to the net change in net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources and the increase in funds committed for capital projects; offset by a decrease in General Fund unassigned fund balance as a result of decrease in extraordinary aid and miscellaneous revenue and increase in expenditures with the District returning to normal operations since the start of the pandemic.

Figure A-4

Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

							Total
	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-Type	To	otal	Percentage
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	School	District	Change
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021-2022
Revenue:							
Program Revenue:							
Charges for Services	\$ 142,573	\$ 47,263	\$ 2,346		\$ 144,919	\$ 47,263	
Operating Grants and							
Contributions	2,943,004	3,168,615			2,943,004	3,168,615	
General Revenue:							
Property Taxes	14,031,402	13,756,276			14,031,402	13,756,276	
Unrestricted Federal & State Aid							
Other	164,229	296,083			164,229	296,083	_
Total Revenue	17,281,208	17,268,237	2,346		17,283,554	17,268,237	0.09%
Expenses:							
Instruction	7,115,868	6,977,810			7,115,868	6,977,810	
Tuition	5,197,447	5,167,830			5,197,447	5,167,830	
Pupil & Instruction Services	1,224,703	1,368,812			1,224,703	1,368,812	
Administrative and Business	1,118,838	1,077,627			1,118,838	1,077,627	
Maintenance & Operations	789,307	779,669			789,307	779,669	
Transportation	781,983	608,210			781,983	608,210	
Other	154,420	173,065	10,947	\$ 4,668	165,367	177,733	
Total Expenses	16,382,566	16,153,023	10,947	4,668	16,393,513	16,157,691	1.46%
Transfers	(5,000)	(5,000)	5,000	5,000			
Change in Net Position	\$ 893,642	\$ 1,110,214	\$ (3,601)	\$ 332	\$ 890,041	\$ 1,110,546	-19.86%

Governmental Activities

As discussed elsewhere in this commentary, the financial position of the District increased in the governmental activities. However, maintaining existing programs with regular pupil enrollment and providing many programs and services for special needs pupils places great demands on the District's financial resources. Careful management of these expenses remains essential for the District to sustain its financial health. Among the many significant cost savings actions continued during the year were:

- A significant number of special needs pupils continue to be educated in the District's Pre-K Integrated, Multiply Disabled and Learning and/or Language Disabilities programs rather than being sent out-of-District whereby the District would have to pay tuition as well as increased transportation costs. Boonton Township has been cited by the NJDOE for its inclusion programs.
- Boonton Township is maximizing its joint purchasing/cooperative agreements. We currently utilize many cooperative purchasing arrangements for the purchase of supplies and services (teaching, custodial, etc.), and insurance pools (health, property/casualty). It also participates in an energy purchasing consortium (ACES) and a telecommunication services consortium (ACTS).

It is crucial that the District examine its expenses carefully. Increasing parental and student demands for new activities and programs must be evaluated thoroughly. District resources are at their tightest level in a decade.

Total

Figure A-5 presents the cost of seven major District activities: instruction, tuition, pupil and instructional services, administration and business, maintenance and operations, transportation, and other. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions:

Figure A-5
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services					ervices					
		2022		2021		2022		2021				
Instruction	\$	7,115,868	\$	6,977,810	\$	4,481,549	\$	4,313,604				
Tuition		5,197,447		5,167,830		5,197,447		5,167,830				
Pupil & Instruction Services		1,224,703		1,368,812		1,029,264		1,075,336				
Administrative and Business		1,118,838		1,077,627		1,029,189		982,771				
Maintenance & Operations		789,307		779,669		776,282		766,637				
Transportation		781,983		608,210		628,838		457,902				
Other		154,420		154,420		154,420		173,065		154,420		173,065
Total	\$	16,382,566	\$	16,153,023	\$	13,296,989	\$	12,937,145				

Business-Type Activities

Net position from the District's business-type activity decreased by \$3,601 (refer to Figure A-4).

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's overall financial position improved and district wide net pension liability does not affect fund balance. The cost of additional teachers and benefits has been a strain on our budget but is necessary to maintain class sizes at acceptable levels.

Difficult economic times have had a direct impact upon the District's revenue sources. The District has also increased its level of using surplus to reduce the tax levy. As overall revenue for the District is strained, the amount of funds generated for this purpose likewise decreases. The ratables in the municipality of the District have not significantly changed, thus generating concern for the local tax levy in the future.

All of these factors are likely to continue for the next several years. To maintain a stable financial position, the District must continue to practice sound budgeting and fiscal management.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its annual operating budget several times. These budget amendments were for changes made within budgetary line items for changes in school-based needs for programs, supplies and equipment.

Capital Asset and Long-Term Liabilities Administration

Figure A-6
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

							Total
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Scho	ool District	Percentage
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	Change
Construction in Progress Machinery and	\$ 53,303				\$ 53,303		
Equipment	241,233	\$ 236,743	\$ 9,770	\$ 10,754	251,003	\$ 247,497	
Total	\$ 294,536	\$ 236,743	\$ 9,770	\$ 10,754	\$ 304,306	\$ 247,497	22.95%

During the fiscal year, the District acquired \$119,745 in capital additions and depreciated \$62,396 of its capital assets.

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$1,741,068 in long-term liabilities outstanding – a decrease of \$527,387 from last year – as shown in Figure A-7. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.)

Figure A-7
Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities

	Total Scho	ool D	istrict	Total
	2022		2021	Percentage Change
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,451,533	\$	1,948,778	
Other Long Term Liabilities	 287,217		317,359	
Total	\$ 1,738,750	\$	2,266,137	-23.27%

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was in a good financial position. S1701, adopted by the State of New Jersey on June 17, 2004, forced the District to cut its allowable unassigned general fund balance to 2% leaving the District with very little protection in the event of costly emergencies. This law also placed limits on the District's ability to transfer funds into capital reserve for the construction and maintenance of school facilities, the ability to transfer available balance as needed and the ability to transfer available funds between appropriation accounts. However, recent changes have increased the allowable unassigned general fund balance temporarily to 4% which offers some relief in handling unforeseen emergencies. This temporary measure is due to revert back to 2% at the end of the 2022-2023 school year. The district maintains maintenance and Capital Reserve accounts to aid in the planning for future maintenance and improvement projects. As the student enrollment continues to trend downward, it becomes even more challenging to remain within the State mandated administrative spending limits. A new multi-family housing project was recently approved by the Boonton Township Committee which may impact enrollment, class size and staffing needs in the future.

Other factors impacting the district include an upward trend in kindergarten enrollment which may impact class size, facility needs and staffing, and recent changes to special education laws affecting which require districts to provide educational services to special education students beyond their 21st birthday.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Board of Education Office, 11 Valley Road, Boonton Township, New Jersey 07005.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		ess-Type vities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,184,623		4,605	\$ 2,189,228
Receivables from Federal Government	26,306			26,306
Receivables from State Government	205,781			205,781
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,295,162			1,295,162
Construction in Progress	53,303			53,303
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	241,233		9,770	251,003
Total Assets	4,006,408	_	14,375	4,020,783
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	265,594	_		 265,594
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	265,594			265,594
I IADII ITIEC				
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	246,300		3,229	249,529
Unearned Revenue	2,600		3,229	2,600
Noncurrent Liabilities:	2,000			2,000
Due Within One Year	32,518			32,518
Due Beyond One Year	1,706,232			1,706,232
Due Beyond One Teal	1,700,232			 1,700,232
Total Liabilities	1,987,650		3,229	 1,990,879
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	945,621	_		945,621
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	945,621	_		945,621
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	228,201		9,770	237,971
Restricted for:	220,201),//0	237,771
Capital Projects	846,660			846,660
Maintenance	350,750			350,750
Excess Surplus	565,000			565,000
Unemployment Compensation	48,097			48,097
Student Activities	49,655			49,655
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	(749,632		1,376	(748,256)
Total Net Position/(Deficit)	\$ 1,338,731	\$	11,146	\$ 1,349,877

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

Net Expense and

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program	Program Revenue	O	Changes in Net Position	tion
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 5,519,498	\$ 67,814	\$ 1,458,335	\$ (3,993,349)		\$ (3,993,349)
Special Education	1,331,252		1,041,790	(289,462)		(289,462)
Other Special Instruction	121,358		30,840	(90,518)		(90,518)
School Sponsored/Other Instruction	143,760		35,540	(108,220)		(108,220)
Support Services:						
Tuition	5,197,447			(5,197,447)		(5,197,447)
Student & Instruction Related Services	1,224,703	72,369	123,070	(1,029,264)		(1,029,264)
General Administrative Services	357,692			(357,692)		(357,692)
School Administrative Services	452,766		89,649	(363,117)		(363,117)
Central Services	269,364			(269,364)		(269,364)
Administration Information Technology	39,016			(39,016)		(39,016)
Plant Operations and Maintenance	789,307		13,025	(776,282)		(776,282)
Pupil Transportation	781,983	2,390	150,755	(628,838)		(628,838)
Capital Outlay	898			(898)		(898)
Transfer of Funds to Charter Schools	153,552			(153,552)		(153,552)
Total Governmental Activities	16,382,566	142,573	2,943,004	(13,296,989)		(13,296,989)
Business-Type Activities:	10 947	2 346			\$ (10)	(8,601)
2017 100 100 1	10,71	01.6,7				
Total Business-Type Activities	10,947	2,346			(8,601)	(8,601)
Total Primary Government	\$ 16,393,513	\$ 144,919	\$ 2,943,004	\$ (13,296,989)	\$ (8,601)	\$ (13,305,590)
	General Revenues and Transfers:	nd Transfers:				
	laxes:	ر د -	2			
	Property 1 axes, Lev Miscellaneous Income	Property Laxes, Levied for General Purposes, Net iscellaneous Income	l Furposes, Net	\$ 14,031,402 164.229		\$ 14,031,402 164.229
	Transfers			(5,000)	\$ 5,000	
	Total General Revenue and Transfers	ue and Transfers		14,190,631	5,000	14,195,631

890,041 459,836 1,349,877

(3,601)

893,642 445,089 1,338,731

Change in Net Position
Net Position - Beginning
Net Position - Ending

14,747

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ACCETTO	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables From Federal Government Receivables From State Government Interfund Receivable Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,787,926 200,918 29,669 1,245,507	\$ 26,306 4,863 49,655	\$ 396,697	\$ 2,184,623 26,306 205,781 29,669 1,295,162
Total Assets	\$ 3,264,020	\$ 80,824	\$ 396,697	\$ 3,741,541
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable - Vendors Interfund Payable - General Fund	\$ 85,910	\$ 1,500 29,669		\$ 87,410 29,669
Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	2,600 88,510	31,169		2,600 119,679
Fund Balances: Restricted: Capital Reserve Maintenance Reserve Excess Surplus - 2022-2023 Excess Surplus - 2023-2024 Unemployment Compensation Student Activities Committed Assigned: Other Purposes Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned	846,660 350,750 285,000 280,000 48,097 347,348 298,329 719,326	49,655	\$ 396,697	846,660 350,750 285,000 280,000 48,097 49,655 396,697 347,348 298,329 719,326
Total Fund Balances	3,175,510	49,655	396,697	3,621,862
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,264,020	\$ 80,824	\$ 396,697	\$ 3,741,541

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) are Different Because:

Total Fund Balances (Above)	\$ 3,621,862
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	294,536
The Net Pension Liability for PERS is not Due and Payable in the Current Period and is not Reported in the Governmental Funds.	(1,451,533)
Certain Amounts Related to the Net Pension Liability are Deferred and Amortized in the Statement of Activities and are not Reported in the Governmental Funds:	
Deferred Outflows	106,704
Deferred Inflows	(945,621)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and Financed Purchases are not due and payable	
in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(287,217)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-1)	\$ 1,338,731

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	P	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUE:					
Local Sources:					
Local Tax Levy	\$ 14,031,402				\$ 14,031,402
Tuition	67,814				67,814
Transportation Fees from Individuals	2,390				2,390
Restricted Miscellaneous Revenue	9,028	\$ 72,369			81,397
Unrestricted Miscellaneous Revenue	155,201				155,201
Total - Local Sources	14,265,835	72,369			14,338,204
State Sources	2,899,890	9,659			2,909,549
Federal Sources		231,258			231,258
Total Revenue	17,165,725	313,286			17,479,011
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Regular Instruction	3,204,554	107,954			3,312,508
Special Education Instruction	850,649	132,963			983,612
Other Special Instruction	66,228				66,228
School Sponsored/Other Instruction	86,346				86,346
Support Services and Undistributed Costs:					
Tuition	5,197,447				5,197,447
Student & Instruction Related Services	870,317	66,333			936,650
General Administrative Services	309,960				309,960
School Administrative Services	276,468				276,468
Central Services	213,588				213,588
Administration Information Technology	37,041				37,041
Plant Operations and Maintenance	683,195				683,195
Pupil Transportation	784,601				784,601
Unallocated Benefits	3,818,253				3,818,253
Capital Outlay	67,310		\$	53,303	120,613
Transfer of Funds to Charter Schools	153,552				153,552
Total Expenditures	16,619,509	307,250		53,303	16,980,062
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenue Over/(Under) Expenditures	546,216	6,036		(53,303)	498,949
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):					
Transfers	(455,000)			450,000	(5,000)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(455,000)			450,000	(5,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	91,216	6,036		396,697	493,949
Fund Balance - July 1	3,084,294	43,619			3,127,913
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 3,175,510	\$ 49,655	\$	396,697	\$ 3,621,862

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (from Exhibit B-2)

\$ 493,949

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2) are Different Because:

Capital outlays related to capital assets are reported in the Governmental Funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period.

Depreciation Expense \$ (61,952)
Capital Asset Additions 119,745

57,793

The net pension liability reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in the Governmental Funds:

Change in Net Pension Liability 497,245
Change in Deferred Outflows (110,258)
Change in Deferred Inflows (75,229)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, e.g., compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the Governmental Funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used (paid). When the earned amount exceeds the paid amount, the difference is a reduction in the reconciliation (-); when the paid amount exceeds the earned amount the difference is an addition to the reconciliation (+).

(3,444)

Repayment of debt service principal and other long-term obligation liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and is not reported in the statement of activities.

33,586

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-2)

\$ 893,642

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Food Service
ASSETS:	Service
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,605
Total Current Assets	4,605
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital Assets	27,068
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(17,298)
Total Non-Current Assets	9,770
Total Assets	14,375
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	3,229
Total Liabilities	3,229
NET POSITION:	
Investment in Capital Assets	9,770
Unrestricted	1,376
Total Net Position	\$ 11,146

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

$\frac{\text{BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT}}{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION}} \\ \frac{\text{PROPRIETARY FUNDS}}{\text{FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022}}$

	Acti	ness-type ivities - rise Funds
	F	Food
	Se	ervice
Operating Revenue:		
Local Sources:		
Daily Sales:		
Non-Reimbursable Programs	<u></u> \$	2,346
Total Operating Revenue		2,346
Operating Expenses:		
Cost of Sales:		
Non-Reimbursable Programs		9,963
Depreciation Expense		984
Total Operating Expenses		10,947
Operating Loss		(8,601)
Transfers:		
Transfer from General Fund		5,000
Change in Net Position		(3,601)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		14,747
Net Position - End of Year	\$	11,146

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ac	iness-type tivities - prise Funds
	Foo	d Service
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Payments to Suppliers	\$	(6,734)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities		(4,388)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Board Contribution from General Fund		5,000
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		5,000
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		612
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		3,993
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	4,605
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities: Operating Loss Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities: Depreciation	\$	(8,601) 984
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$	(4,388)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Board of Education (the "Board") of the Boonton Township School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Board's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity:

The Board is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The Board consists of elected officials and is responsible for the fiscal control of the District. A superintendent is appointed by the Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the District.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Codification Section 2100, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes standards to determine whether a governmental component unit should be included in the financial reporting entity. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A legally separate, tax-exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents. (2) The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization. (3). The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the District is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation:

District-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present financial information about the District's governmental and business type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall District in its entirety. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue and other nonexchange transactions. Business type activities are financed in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for business-type activities and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses are allocated to the functions using an appropriate allocation method or association with the specific function. Indirect expenses include health benefits, employer's share of payroll taxes, compensated absences and tuition reimbursements. Program revenue includes (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.

(Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

B. Basis of Presentation: (Cont'd)

District-Wide Financial Statements: (Cont'd)

Revenue that is not classified as program revenue, including all taxes, is presented as general revenue. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category governmental and proprietary - are presented. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) has elected to require New Jersey districts to treat each governmental fund as a major fund in accordance with the option noted in GASB No. 34, paragraph 76. The NJDOE believes that the presentation of all funds as major is important for public interest and to promote consistency among district financial reporting models.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for and report all expendable financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or noninstructional equipment which are classified in the capital outlay subfund.

As required by NJDOE, the District includes budgeted capital outlay in this fund. GAAP, as it pertains to governmental entities, states that general fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenue. Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, district taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to capital assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by Board resolution.

Special Revenue Fund: The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Thus, the Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Governments (other than major capital projects, debt service or the enterprise funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund: The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets or lease assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election, funds appropriated from the General Fund, and from aid provided by the state to offset the cost of approved capital projects.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

B. Basis of Presentation: (Cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements: (Cont'd)

<u>Debt Service Fund:</u> The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The District reports the following proprietary fund:

Enterprise (Food Service) Fund: The Enterprise Fund accounts for all revenue and expenses pertaining to the Board's cafeteria operations. The food service fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the cost (i.e., expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

The district-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenue reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenue is collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset or lease asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under financial purchases are reported as other financing sources.

It is the District's policy, that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, to apply restricted resources first followed by unrestricted resources. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, it is the District's policy to apply committed resources first followed by assigned resources and then unassigned resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenue. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenue.

(Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

D. Budgets/Budgetary Control:

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general, special revenue and debt service funds. The budgets are submitted to the County office and are approved by a vote of the Board of Education. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. All budget Amendments/Transfers must be made by School Board resolution. All budgeting amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budget during the year).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis, except for student activities. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports. The General Fund budgetary revenue differs from GAAP revenue due to a difference in recognition of the last two state aid payments for the current year. Since the State is recording the last two state aid payments in the subsequent fiscal year, the District cannot recognize the payments on the GAAP financial statements.

Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources:		
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Revenue"		
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 17,174,543	\$ 339,212
Differences - Budget to GAAP:		
Grant Accounting Budgetary Basis Differs from GAAP in that the		
Budgetary Basis Recognizes Encumbrances as Expenditures and		
Revenue, whereas GAAP does not		
Prior Year Encumbrances		2,399
Currrent Year Encumbrances		(28,325)
Prior Year State Aid Payment Recognized for GAAP Statements,		
not Recognized for Budgetary Statements	60,681	
Current Year State Aid Payments Recognized for Budgetary		
Purposes, not Recognized for GAAP Statements	(69,499)	
Total Revenues as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures		
and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds.	\$ 17,165,725	\$ 313,286

(Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

D. Budgets/Budgetary Control: (Cont'd)

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund
Uses/Outflows of Resources:			
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Total Outflows" from the			
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	16,619,509	\$ 333,176
Differences - Budget to GAAP:			
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but			
not received are reported in the year the order is placed for			
budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received			
for financial reporting purposes.			
Prior Year Encumbrances			2,399
Currrent Year Encumbrances			 (28,325)
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Statement of Revenue,			
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	16,619,509	\$ 307,250

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Investments:

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash and cash in banks. Certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost.

The District generally records investments at fair value and records the unrealized gains and losses as part of investment income. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

New Jersey school districts are limited as to type of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey Statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey school districts. Additionally, the District has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value of at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Government Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all the other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

F. Interfund Transactions:

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the District-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing source/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the enterprise fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position, except for amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

G. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

H. Encumbrances:

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds other than the special revenue fund are reported as restricted, committed and/or assigned fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund for which the District has received advances are reflected in the balance sheet as unearned revenue at fiscal year end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

I. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables:

Short-term interfund receivables/payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the District and that are due within one year.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses:

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund, are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase.

Enterprise fund inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Prepaid expenses in the enterprise fund represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

K. Capital Assets:

During the year ended June 30, 1994, the District established a formal system of accounting for its capital assets. Capital assets acquired or constructed subsequent to June 30, 1994, are recorded at historical cost including ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into service. Capital assets acquired or constructed prior to the establishment of the formal system are valued at cost based on historical records or through estimation procedures performed by an independent appraisal company. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs is not capitalized. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Capital assets have been reviewed for impairment.

The capitalization threshold (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) is \$2,000. The depreciation method is straight-line. The estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the district-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

Buildings and Building Improvements

Machinery and Equipment

Estimated Useful Life

50 Years

10 to 15 Years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

L. Lease Assets:

Intangible right-to-use lease assets which the District leases for a term of more than one year. The value of leases are determined by the net present value of the leases at the District's incremental borrowing rate at the time of the lease agreement, amortized over the term of the agreement.

M. Long Term Liabilities:

In the District-wide and enterprise fund statements of net position, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or enterprise funds. Bond premiums and discounts, are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt using the straight-line method of amortization. In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

N. Accrued Salaries and Wages:

The District does not allow employees who provide services over the ten-month academic year the option to have their salaries evenly distributed during the entire twelve-month year, therefore, there are no accrued salaries and wages as of June 30, 2022.

(Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

O. Compensated Absences:

The District accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by GASB. A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

District employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the District's personnel policy. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation. Sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and begin vesting with the employee after fifteen years of service.

In the district-wide *Statement of Net Position*, the liabilities, whose average maturities are greater than one year, should be reported in two components - the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year.

P. Lease Payable:

In the district-wide financial statements, leases payable are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the present value of lease payments is reported as other financing sources.

Q. Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue in the special revenue fund represents cash which has been received but not yet earned. See Note 1(D) regarding the special revenue fund.

R. Fund Balance Appropriated:

General Fund: Of the \$3,175,510 General Fund balance at June 30, 2022, \$347,348 is assigned for year-end encumbrances; \$298,329 is assigned and has been appropriated and included as anticipated revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023; \$846,660 is restricted in the capital reserve account; \$350,750 is restricted in the maintenance reserve account; \$48,097 is restricted for unemployment compensation; \$280,000 is restricted for current excess surplus in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-7, as amended and will be included as anticipated revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024); \$285,000 is restricted as prior year excess surplus and has been included as anticipated revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023; and \$719,326 is unassigned fund balance (which is \$69,499 less than the calculated maximum unassigned fund balance, on a Budgetary basis, due to the final state aid payments, which are not recognized until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023).

Special Revenue Fund: The Special Revenue fund balance at June 30, 2022 of \$49,655 is restricted for student activities.

Capital Projects Fund: The Capital Projects fund balance at June 30, 2022 of \$396,697 is committed.

Calculation of Excess Surplus: In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-7 as amended by P.L. 2004, c.73 (S1701), the designation for Restricted Fund Balance-Excess Surplus is a required calculation pursuant to the New Jersey Comprehensive Educational Improvement and Financing Act of 1996 (CEIFA). New Jersey school districts are required to restrict General Fund balance at the fiscal year end of June 30 if they did not appropriate a required minimum amount as budgeted fund balance in their subsequent year's budget. The District had excess surplus as indicated above.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

R. Fund Balance Appropriated: (Cont'd)

P.L. 2003, C.97 provides that in the event state school aid payments are not made until the following school budget year, districts must record the related state aid payments as revenue, for budget purposes only, in the current school budget year. The bill provides legal authority for school districts to recognize this revenue in the current budget year. For intergovernmental transactions, GASB Statement No. 33 requires that recognition (revenue, expenditure, asset, liability) should be in symmetry, i.e., if one government recognizes an asset, the other government recognizes a liability. Since the State is recording the last two state aid payments in the subsequent fiscal year, the school district cannot recognize the last two state aid payments on the GAAP financial statements until the year the State records the payable. The excess surplus calculation is calculated using the fund balance reported on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, including the final two state aid payments and not the fund balance reported on the fund statement which excludes the last two state aid payments.

S. Deficit Net Position:

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$749,632 in the governmental activities as of June 30, 2022 primarily due to compensated absences payable and net pension liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources. This deficit does not indicate that the District is in financial difficulties and is a permitted practice under generally accepted accounting principles.

T. Net Position:

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District had deferred outflows and inflows of resources at June 30, 2022 related to pensions.

Net position is displayed in three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, lease assets, net of accumulated amortization reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also would be included in this component of net position.

The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

(Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

U. Fund Balance Restrictions, Commitments and Assignments:

The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined for a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the District's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classifications should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts has been restricted, committed or assigned.

Fund balance restrictions have been established for a capital reserve, a maintenance reserve, excess surplus, unemployment compensation and student activities.

The District Board of Education has the responsibility to formally commit resources for specific purposes through a motion or a resolution passed by a majority of the Members of the Board of Education at a public meeting of that governing body. The Board of Education must also utilize a formal motion or a resolution passed by a majority of the members of the Board of Education at a public meeting of that governing body in order to remove or change the commitment or resources. The District has committed resources in the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2022.

The assignment of resources is generally made by the District Board of Education through a motion or a resolution passed by a majority of the Members of the Board of Education. These resources are intended to be used for a specific purpose.

The process is not a restrictive as the commitment of resources and the Board of Education may allow an official of the District to assign resources through policies adopted by the Board of Education. The District has assigned resources for the 2022/2023 budget and year-end encumbrances at June 30, 2022.

V. Revenue - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions:

Revenue, resulting from exchange transactions in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

(Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

V. Revenue - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions: (Cont'd)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes, interest and tuition.

W. Operating Revenue and Expenses:

Operating revenue are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Enterprise Fund. For the School District, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Enterprise Fund.

X. Management Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Y. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the State of New Jersey Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the PERS's and TPAF's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS and the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension Plan investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used on the government fund statements and district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, amounts in deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB requires disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the District in its cash, cash equivalents, and investments, if those items are uninsured or unregistered. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned.

(Continued)

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with its cash management plan, the District ensures that any deposit or investment matures within the time period that approximates the prospective need for the funds, deposited or invested, so that there is not a risk to the market value of such deposits or investments.

Credit Risk - The District limits its investments to those authorized in its cash management plan which are those permitted under state statute as detailed in the section entitled Investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – The District's policy with respect to custodial credit risk requires that the District ensures that District funds are only deposited in financial institutions in which NJ school districts are permitted to invest their funds.

Deposits:

New Jersey statutes require that school districts deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. School districts are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least 5% of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Investments:

New Jersey statutes permit the Board to purchase the following types of securities:

- (1) Bonds or other obligations of the United States of America or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America;
- (2) Government money market mutual funds;
- (3) Any obligation that a federal agency or a federal instrumentality has issued in accordance with an act of Congress, which security has a maturity date not greater than 397 days from the date of purchase, provided that such obligation bears a fixed rate of interest not dependent on any index or other external factor;
- (4) Bonds or other obligations of the school district or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the school district is located.

(Continued)

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

<u>Investments:</u> (Cont'd)

- (5) Bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, issued by New Jersey school districts, municipalities, counties, and entities subject to the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law", P.L. 1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.). Other bonds or obligations having a maturity date not more than 397 days from the date of purchase may be approved by the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury for investment by local units;
- (6) Local government investment pools;
- (7) Deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund established pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1977, c.281 (C.52:18A-90.4); or
- (8) Agreements for the repurchase of fully collateralized securities if:
 - (a) the underlying securities are permitted investments pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (3) of this subsection a. or are bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date of not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, issued by New Jersey school districts, municipalities, counties, and entities subject to the requirements of the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L. 1983, c. 313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.).;
 - (b) the custody of collateral is transferred to a third party;
 - (c) the maturity of the agreement is not more than 30 days;
 - (d) the underlying securities are purchased through a public depository as defined in section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.236 (C.17:9-41); and
 - (e) a master repurchase agreement providing for the custody and security of collateral is executed.
- (9) Deposit of funds in accordance with the following conditions:
 - (a) The funds are initially invested through a public depository as defined in section 1 of P.L. 1970, c. 236 (C.17:9-41) designated by the school district;
 - (b) The designated public depository arranges for the deposit of the funds in deposit accounts in one or more federally insured banks, savings banks or savings and loan associations or credit unions for the account of the school district;
 - (c) 100 percent of the principal and accrued interest of each deposit is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund;
 - (d) The designated public depository acts as custodian for the school district with respect to these deposits; and

(Continued)

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

<u>Investments:</u> (Cont'd)

(e) On the same date that the school district's funds are deposited pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, the designated public depository receives an amount of deposits from customers of other financial institutions, wherever located, equal to the amounts of funds initially invested by the school district through the designated public depository.

As of June 30, 2022, cash and cash equivalents of the District consisted of the following:

		Cash and Cash Equivalents					
	U	Unrestricted Restricted					
Checking & Savings Accounts NJ Cash Management Fund	\$	1,963,739 225,489	\$	1,289,099 6,063	\$	3,252,838 231,552	
	\$	2,189,228	\$	1,295,162	\$	3,484,390	

During the period ended June 30, 2022, the District did not hold any investments. The carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022 was \$3,484,390 and the bank balance was \$3,810,369. The \$231,552 in the NJ Cash Management Fund is uninsured and unregistered.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL RESERVE ACCOUNT

A capital reserve account was established by the Boonton Township School District by inclusion of \$1 on June 30, 2001 for the accumulation of funds for use as capital outlay expenditures in subsequent fiscal years. The capital reserve account is maintained in the general fund and its activity is included in the general fund annual budget.

Funds placed in the capital reserve account are restricted to capital projects in the District's approved Long Range Facilities Plan (LRFP). Upon submission of the LRFP to the Department, a district may increase the balance in the capital reserve by appropriating funds in the annual general fund budget certified for taxes or by transfer by board resolution at year end of any unanticipated revenue or unexpended line-item appropriation amounts, or both.

A district may also appropriate additional amounts when the express approval of the voters has been obtained either by a separate proposal at budget time or by a special question at one of the four special elections authorized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:60-2. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6:23A-5.1(d)7, the balance in the account cannot at any time exceed the local support costs of uncompleted capital projects in its approved LRFP.

The activity of the capital reserve for the July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022 fiscal year is as follows:

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 925,918
Decreases: Budgeted Withdrawal	(450,000)
Increases: Board Resolution - June 15, 2022	370,742
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 846,660

The Long Range Facilities Plan balance of local support costs of uncompleted projects exceeds the balance in the capital reserve account at June 30, 2022. The withdrawals from the capital reserve were for use in a DOE approved facilities project consistent with the District's LRFP.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Balance //30/2021	In	icreases	istments/		Balance /30/2022
Governmental Activities:		_					
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated: Construction in Progress			P	52 202		¢	52 202
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated			\$	53,303		\$	53,303
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				33,303			33,303
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	1,867,191					1,867,191
Machinery and Equipment		1,304,564		66,442			1,371,006
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		3,171,755		66,442			3,238,197
Governmental Activities Capital Assets		3,171,755		119,745		,	3,291,500
Less Accumulated Depreciated for:							
Buildings and Building Improvements	((1,867,191)				((1,867,191)
Machinery and Equipment		(1,067,821)		(61,952)		((1,129,773)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(2,935,012)		(61,952)			(2,996,964)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,							
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	236,743	\$	57,793	\$ -0-	\$	294,536
Business Type Activites: Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Furniture and Equipment	\$	27,068				\$	27,068
Less Accumulated Depreciation	,	(16,314)	\$	(984)		,	(17,298)
Business Type Activities Capital Assets,							
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	10,754	\$	(984)	\$ -0-	\$	9,770
Depreciation expense was charged to governmen	ıtal fuı	nctions as fol	llows:				
Regular Instruction					\$	2	21,438
Special Education Instruction					Ψ		6,124
Other Special Instruction							510
Student & Instructional Related Services							6,124
General Administration							2,041
School Administration							2,041
Central Services							1,531
Operations and Maintenance of Plant							1,112
Transportation						1	1,031
					\$	6	51,952

NOTE 6: TRANSFERS TO CAPITAL OUTLAY

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District transferred \$145,369 to the capital outlay accounts for equipment which did not require approval of the County Superintendent.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the district-wide financial statements:

	Balance 06/30/21	Accrued		Retired		Balance 06/30/22	ne Within
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,948,778			\$	497,245	\$ 1,451,533	
Compensated Absences Payable	217,438	\$	26,545		23,101	220,882	
ERIP Accrued Liability	2,318				2,318		
Financed Purchases Payable	97,603				31,268	66,335	\$ 32,518
	\$ 2,446,137	\$	26,545	\$	553,932	\$1,738,750	\$ 32,518

A. Bonds Payable:

As of June 30, 2022, the District has no bonds payable outstanding.

B. Bonds Authorized But Not Issued:

As of June 30, 2022, the District has no bonds authorized but not issued.

C. Financed Purchases Payable:

The District entered into a financed purchases agreement for the purchase of two school buses. As of June 30, 2022, \$62,754 has matured and been repaid. The following is a schedule of future minimum finance purchase payments and the present value of the net minimum payments at June 30, 2022.

<u>Year</u>	 Amount
2023	\$ 35,168
2024	 35,168
Total minimum financed purchases payments	70,336
Less: Amount representing interest	 (4,001)
Present value of net minimum financed purchases payments	\$ 66,335

The current portion of the financed purchases payable at June 30, 2022 is \$32,518 and the long-term portion is \$33,817. The General Fund will be used to liquidate the financed purchases payable.

(Continued)

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

D. Compensated Absences Payable:

The liability for compensated absences of the governmental fund types is recorded in the current and long-term liabilities and the current portion of the compensated absences balance of the governmental funds is \$-0- and is separated from the long-term portion of compensated absences of \$220,882. There is no liability for compensated absences in the District's Enterprise Fund.

E. Net Pension Liability:

The Public Employees' Retirement System's (PERS) net pension liability of the governmental fund types is recorded in the current and long-term liabilities and will be liquidated by the General Fund. The current portion of the net pension liability at June 30, 2022 is \$-0- and the long-term portion is \$1,451,533. See Note 8 for further information on the PERS.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS

Substantially all of the Board's employees participate in one of the two contributory, defined benefit public employee retirement systems: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) or the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) of New Jersey; or the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP), a tax-qualified defined contribution money purchase pension plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 401(a).

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's annual financial statements which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annual-reports.shtml.

Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28. 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65.

(Continued)

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Benefits Provided (Cont'd)

Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a members retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 50 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Contributions

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing members. The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years, beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. District contributions to PERS amounted to \$143,495 for 2022. The employee contribution rate was 7.50% effective July 1, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District's liability was \$1,451,533 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.0123%, which was an increase of 0.0003% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized actual pension benefit in the amount of \$168,262. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources.

(Continued)

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

		Amortization	Deferred	Deferred
	Year of	Period	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Deferral	in Years	Resources	Resources
Changes in Assumptions	2017	5.48		\$ 61,343
	2018	5.63		115,003
	2019	5.21		101,453
	2020	5.16		238,956
	2021	5.13	\$ 7,560	
			7,560	516,755
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	2017	5.48	1,825	
	2018	5.63		4,379
	2019	5.21	7,755	
	2020	5.16	13,313	
	2021	5.13		6,012
			22,893	10,391
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual	2018	5.00		11,339
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	2019	5.00		(3,659)
	2020	5.00		(82,453)
	2021	5.00		457,145
				382,372
Changes in Proportion	2017	5.48	6,082	
	2018	5.63	2,332	
	2019	5.21	14,711	
	2020	5.16		36,103
	2021	5.13	53,126	
			76,251	36,103
District Contribution Subsequent to the Measurement Date	2021	1.00	158,890	
			\$ 265,594	\$ 945,621

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts including changes in proportion and the District contribution subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year End June 30,	Total	
2022	\$	(342,498)
2023		(244,543)
2024		(166,737)
2025		(125,336)
2026		49
	\$	(879,065)

(Continued)

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Rate:

Price 2.75% Wage 3.25%

Salary Increases:

Through 2026 2.00 - 6.00% based on years of service Thereafter 3.00 - 7.00% based on years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee Mortality Table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and a 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return (Cont'd)

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Management Strategies	3.00%	3.35%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based upon 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2021 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed below, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

June 3	50,202	21			
		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease (6.00%)	Dis	(7.00%)	 Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,977,787	\$	1,451,533	\$ 1,006,416

(Continued)

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Pension plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial statements.

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey (the State) is responsible to fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. The TPAF is administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the TPAF, please refer to the Division's annual financial statements which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annual-reports.shtml.

Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts. The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28. 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62 and to Tier 5 before age 65 with 30 or more years of service credit. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the retirement age for his/her respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

(Continued)

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Contributions

The contribution policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing members. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. For fiscal year 2021, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

Special Funding Situation

The employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefore, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers. However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the local participating employer. In addition, each local participating employer must recognize pension expense associated with the employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with the local participating employer. During the fiscal year ended 2022, the State of New Jersey contributed \$1,381,667 to the TPAF for normal pension benefits on behalf of the District, which is more than the contractually required contribution of \$386,474.

The employee contribution rate was 7.50% effective July 1, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District was \$16,424,437. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.0342%, which was a decrease of 0.0004% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability \$ -0
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the District 16,424,437

Total \$ 16,424,437

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized pension expense on behalf of the District in the amount of \$386,474 and the District recognized pension expense and revenue for that same amount in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 financial statements.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

The State reported collective deferred outflows and inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts) related to pensions from the following sources:

	Year of Deferral	Amortization Period in Years	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in Assumptions	2014	8.50	\$ 153,774,925	
· ·	2015	8.30	926,219,611	
	2016	8.30	3,000,278,784	
	2017	8.30		\$ 5,282,196,290
	2018	8.29		3,527,661,165
	2019	8.04		2,510,940,613
	2020	7.99	1,209,286,241	
	2021	7.93		12,903,483,645
			5,289,559,561	24,224,281,713
Difference Between Expected	2014	8.50		1,464,605
and Actual Experience	2015	8.30	57,204,429	-, ,
1	2016	8.30	, . , .	37,311,034
	2017	8.30	93,981,436	, ,
	2018	8.29	618,845,893	
	2019	8.04	, ,	97,553,990
	2020	7.99		6,444,940
	2021	7.93	171,234,070	
			941,265,828	142,774,569
Net Difference Between Projected and	2018	5.00		96,030,373
Actual Investment Earnings on Pension	2019	5.00		(72,441,385)
Plan Investments	2020	5.00		(724,186,621)
	2021	5.00		3,554,633,811
				2,854,036,178
			\$ 6,230,825,389	\$ 27,221,092,460

(Continued)

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

Amounts reported by the State as collective deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid members contributions as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Total
2022	\$ (2,914,282,899)
2023	(3,500,098,875)
2024	(4,665,036,366)
2025	(4,192,375,542)
2026	(2,350,648,872)
Thereafter	(3,367,824,517)
	\$ (20,990,267,071)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	1.55 – 4.45% based on years of service
Thereafter	2.75 - 5.65% based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and a 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Management Strategies	3.00%	3.35%

Discount Rate - TPAF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Sensitivity of the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the District to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District as of June 30, 2021 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

J	une 30,	2021			
		At 1%		At Current	At 1%
		Decrease	D	iscount Rate	Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)
State's Proportionate Share of the Net					
Pension Liability Associated with the District	\$	19,432,857	\$	16,424,437	\$ 13,897,557

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - TPAF

Detailed information about the TPAF's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial statements.

C. Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)

Prudential Financial jointly administers the DCRP investments with the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits. If an employee is ineligible to enroll in the PERS or TPAF, the employee may be eligible to enroll in the DCRP. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting is immediate upon enrollment for members of the DCRP.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the DCRP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625-0295.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Employee contributions are based on percentages of 5.50% for DCRP of employees' annual compensation, as defined. The DCRP was established July 1, 2007, under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 and expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008. Employee contributions for DCRP are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

For DCRP, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,093 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Employee contributions to DCRP amounted to \$2,843 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

(Continued)

NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District is in a "special funding situation", as described in GASB Codification Section P50, in that OPEB contributions and expenses are legally required to be made by and are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey, not the District.

The State of New Jersey reports a liability as a result of its statutory requirements to pay other post-employment (health) benefits for the State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Education Plan. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in GASB Codification Section P50. The State Health Benefits Local Education Retired Employees Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents of local education employers.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State of New Jersey in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f. According to N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 years or more of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits is the responsibility of the individual education employers.

For additional information about the State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Education Plan, please refer to the Division's annual financial statements which can be found at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/gasb-notices-opeb.shtml.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2019, the plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	149,304
Active Plan Members	216,804
Total	366,108

(Continued)

NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund) (Cont'd)

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Inflation Rate

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

	TPAF/ABP	PERS
Salary Increases:		
Through 2026	1.55 - 4.45%	2.00 - 6.00%
-	based on service	based on service
	years	years
Thereafter	1.55 - 4.45%	3.00 - 7.00%
	based on service	based on service
	years	years

2.50%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2018 for TPAF and PERS, respectively.

Mortality Rates

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) and "General" (PERS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2020. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2020. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2020.

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.6% and decreases to a 4.5% long term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rate for fiscal year 2021 through 2022 are reflected. The assumed post-65 medical trend rate is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 7.0% and decreases to a 4.5% long term rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

(Continued)

NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund) (Cont'd)

Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2020 was 2.21%. This represents the municipal bond rate as chosen by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

Changes in the State's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Associated with the District

	 Fotal OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 13,664,192
Service Cost	574,460
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	491,709
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	4,192,388
Changes of Assumptions	4,143,455
Member Contributions	11,969
Gross Benefit Payments by the State	 (394,897)
Net Changes	 9,019,084
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 22,683,276

Sensitivity of the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability Attributable to the District to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB Liability attributable to the District as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed in this note, as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability attributable to the District would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Jui	ne 30, 2020		
	At 1%	At	At 1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(1.21%)	(2.21%)	(3.21%)
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the District	\$ 27,345,860	\$ 22,683,276	\$ 19,037,584

(Continued)

NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

State Health Benefit Program Fund - Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund) (Cont'd)

Sensitivity of the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability Attributable to the District to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB Liability attributable to the District as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed in this note, as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability attributable to the District would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Jui	ne 30	, 2020			
		1%	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1%	
		Decrease	Cost Trend Rate		Increase
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the District	\$	18,310,705	\$	22,683,276	\$ 27,890,036

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,124,758 as determined by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. This expense and the related offsetting revenue are for benefits provided by the State through a defined benefit OPEB plan that meets the criteria in GASB Codification Section P50, in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASB Codification Section P50, as the District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0-, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources. At June 30, 2020, the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB associated with the District from the following sources:

	Year of Deferral	Period in Years	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in Assumptions	2017 2018 2019	9.54 9.51 9.29	\$	162 221	\$	1,376,612 1,211,678
	2020	9.24	<u> </u>	163,321 3,695,030 3,858,351		2,588,290
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	2018 2019	9.51 9.29		2.442.042		1,145,413 1,922,301
	2020	9.24		3,443,912 3,443,912		3,067,714
Changes in Proportion	N/A	N/A	\$	637,638 7,939,901	\$	377,042 6,033,046

(Continued)

NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

State Health Benefit Program Fund - Local Education Retired (including Prescription Drug Program Fund) (Cont'd)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Cont'd)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Total	
2021	\$ (14,532)	
2022	(14,532)	
2023	(14,532)	
2024	(14,531)	
2025	(14,531)	
Thereafter	 (1,573,601)	
	\$ (1,646,259)	

NOTE 10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Board offers its employees a choice of the following deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). The plans, which are administered by the entities listed below, permit participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plans are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plan administrators are as follows:

Ameriprise
AXA Equitable
Lincoln Investment
MetLife

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Health Benefits are provided to the employees through the State of New Jersey Health Benefits Plan.

Property, Liability and Health Benefits

A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the statistical section of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The District is a member of the New Jersey Schools Insurance Group ("NJSIG"). This public entity risk management pool provided general liability, property and automobile coverage and workers' compensation for its members. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The NJSIG is a risk-sharing public entity risk pool that is both an insured and self-administered group of school districts established for the purpose of providing low-cost insurance coverage for their members in order to keep local property taxes at a minimum. Each member appoints an official to represent their respective district for the purpose of creating a governing body from which officers for the NJSIG are elected.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Continued)

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Property, Liability and Health Benefits (Cont'd)

As a member of the NJSIG, the District could be subject to supplemental assessments in the event of deficiencies. If the assets of the NJSIG were to be exhausted, members would become responsible for their respective shares of the NJSIG's liabilities. The NJSIG can declare and distribute dividends to members upon approval of the State of New Jersey Department of Banking and Insurance. These distributions are divided amongst the members in the same ratio as their individual assessment relates to the total assessment of the membership body.

The June 30, 2022 audit report is not available as of the date of this report. Selected financial information for the NJSIG as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 409,725,069
Net Position	\$ 171,872,738
Total Revenue	\$ 136,646,172
Total Expenses	\$ 104,006,539
Change in Net Position	\$ 32,639,633
Members Dividends	\$ -0-

Financial statements for the Group are available at the Group's Executive Director's Office:

New Jersey School Boards Insurance Group 6000 Midlantic Drive Mount Laurel, NJ 08054 (609) 386-6060 www.njsig.org

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The District has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the District is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The District is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State. The following is a summary of the employee contributions and interest, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and the ending balance of the District's unemployment compensation restricted fund balance for the current and previous two years:

			En	nployee				
	Γ	istrict	Con	tributions	A	mount]	Ending
Fiscal Year	Cont	tributions	and	Interest	Rei	mbursed	<u>F</u>	Balance
2021/2022	\$	-0-	\$	9,187	\$	159	\$	48,097
2020/2021		9,000		8,552		5,936		39,069
2019/2020		-0-		16,997		18,340		27,453

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Continued)

NOTE 12. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Board of Education receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if this were to occur, may have an effect on the Board of Education's programs and activities.

NOTE 13. TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the previous calendar year. The tax levy is divided into two billings. The first billing is an estimate of the current year's levy based on the prior year's taxes. The second billing reflects adjustments to the current year's actual levy. The final tax bill is usually mailed on or before June 14th, along with the first half estimated tax bills for the subsequent year. The first half estimated taxes are divided into two due dates, February 1 and May 1. The final tax bills are also divided into two due dates, August 1 and November 1. A ten- day grace period is usually granted before the taxes are considered delinquent and there is an imposition of interest charges. A penalty may be assessed for any unpaid taxes in excess of \$10,000 at December 31 of the current year. Unpaid taxes of the current and prior year may be placed in lien at a tax sale held after December 10.

Taxes are collected by the constituent municipality and are remitted to the local school district on a predetermined, agreed-upon schedule.

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The school district participates in state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to program compliance audits by grantors or their representatives. The school district is potentially liable for expenditures which may be disallowed pursuant to terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

Litigation

The District is periodically involved in pending lawsuits. The District estimates that the potential claims against it resulting from such litigation and not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements of the District.

Encumbrances

At June 30, 2022, there were encumbrances as detailed below in the governmental funds. All of the governmental funds are considered to be major funds.

\$	347,348	\$	28,325	\$	396,697	\$	375,673
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
(General	R	evenue]	Projects	Go	vernmental
		S	Special		Capital		Total

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Continued)

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Cont'd)

Encumbrances (Cont'd)

On the District's Governmental Funds Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022, \$-0- is assigned for year-end encumbrances in the Special Revenue Fund, which is \$28,325 less than the actual year-end encumbrances on a budgetary basis. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances are not recognized until paid and this non-recognition of encumbrances on a GAAP basis is also reflected as either a reduction in grants receivable or an increase in unearned revenue in the Special Revenue Fund. The \$396,697 encumbrances in the Capital Projects Fund is included in the committed fund balance on a GAAP basis.

NOTE 15. MAINTENANCE RESERVE ACCOUNT

A maintenance reserve account in the amount of \$165,000 was established by the Boonton Township School District during the year ended June 30, 2012. The funds for the establishment of this reserve were withdrawn from unassigned general fund balance. These funds may be used for specific activities necessary for the purpose of keeping a school facility open and safe for use or in its original condition, and for keeping its constituent buildings systems fully and efficiently functional and for keeping their warranties valid but cannot be used for routine or capital maintenance. The purpose of the reserve is to provide funds for anticipated expenditures required to maintain a building.

Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26A-4.2 funds may be deposited into the maintenance reserve account at any time by board resolution to meet the required maintenance of the district by transferring unassigned general fund balance or by transferring excess, unassigned general fund balance that is anticipated to be deposited during the current year in the advertised recapitulation of balances of the subsequent year's budget that is certified for taxes.

Funds may be withdrawn from the maintenance reserve account and appropriated into the required maintenance account lines at budget time or any time during the year by board resolution for use on required maintenance activities by school facility as reported in the comprehensive maintenance plan. Funds withdrawn from the maintenance reserve account are restricted to required maintenance appropriations and may not be transferred to any other line-item account. In any year that maintenance reserve account funds are withdrawn, unexpended required maintenance appropriations, up to the amount of maintenance reserve account funds withdrawn, shall be restored to the maintenance reserve account at year-end. At no time, shall the maintenance reserve account have a balance that exceeds four percent of the replacement cost of the current year of the district's school facilities. If the account exceeds this maximum amount at June 30, the excess shall be restricted and designated in the subsequent year's budget. The maintenance reserve account is maintained in the general fund and its activity is included in the general fund annual budget.

The activity of the maintenance reserve for the July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022 fiscal year is as follows:

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$_	350,750
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	350,750

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 16. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable recorded in the District's Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Governme	ntal Fu	unds	I	District	
	General Fund	R	pecial evenue Fund	Subse	ntribution equent to the arement Date	Total vernmental ctivities
Vendors Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$ 44,075 41,835	\$	1,500			\$ 45,575 41,835
State of New Jersey				\$	158,890	 158,890
	\$ 85,910	-	1,500	\$	158,890	\$ 246,300

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

								Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ding Ju	ine 30,						
		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0.0102578214%	0.0	0.0113230660%	0.01	0.0117048258%		0.0120232965%	0.01	0.0120589910%		0.0122121246%		0.0119502767%		0.0122528402%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	S	1,920,545	S	2,541,801	S	3,466,634	↔	2,798,831	S	2,374,355	€	2,200,440	↔	1,948,778	↔	1,451,533
District's covered employee payroll	S	704,653	~	799,336	S	820,322	\$	805,456	S	858,725	\$	858,463	↔	879,326	↔	1,041,661
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		272.55%		317.99%		422.59%		347.48%		276.50%		256.32%		221.62%		139.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability for the local group		52.08%		47.93%		40.14%		48.10%		53.60%		56.27%		58.32%		70.33%

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

							Fis	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ding	June 30,						
		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	20	2021		2022
Contractually required contribution	\$	85,196		97,348	↔	104,691	↔	114,642	∽	\$ 97,348 \$ 104,691 \$ 114,642 \$ 120,323	↔	\$ 119,089	∞	\$ 130,730 \$ 143,495	~ 	43,495
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(85,196)		(97,348)		(104,691)		(114,642)		(120,323)		(119,089)	=======================================	(130,730)		(143,495)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	∽	0-	↔	-0-	8	op	↔	0-	∞	-0-	∽	0	↔	0-	∞	0-
District's covered employee payroll	∽	799,336	↔	820,322	↔	805,456 \$ 858,725	↔	858,725	↔	858,463	↔	\$ 879,326 \$ 1,041,661	\$ 1,0	11,661	∞	\$ 883,111
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		10.66%		11.87%		13.00%		13.35%		14.02%		13.54%		12.55%		16.25%

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

SCHEDULE OF STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE DISTRICT TEACHERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

								Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ding	June 30,						
		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable to the District	0.0	0.0345934377%		0.0361999168%		0.0356519581%	0.03	0.0334630139%	0.0	0.0367784558%	0.0	0.0346821008%	0.03	0.0345879016%	0.03	0.0341640622%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the District	€9	18,489,067	€	22,879,884	€	28,046,100	8	22,561,971	8	23,397,664	\$	21,284,733	S	22,775,717	€	16,424,437
Districts covered employee payroll	8	3,493,986	∽	3,453,257	8	3,653,694	\$	3,657,373	8	3,810,206	8	3,762,618	€	3,809,200	S	3,833,687
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the district as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		529.17%		662.56%		767.61%		616.89%		614.08%		565.69%		597.91%		428.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		33.64%		28.71%		22.23%		25.41%		26.49%		26.95%		24.60%		35.52%

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF STATE'S CONTRIBUTIONS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE DISTRICT TEACHERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

				Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	nding June 30,			
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Contractually required contribution	£ A	994,885 \$ 1,397,023	\$ 2,107,274	\$ 2,107,274 \$ 1,562,978 \$ 1,364,002		\$ 1,255,430	\$ 1,255,430 \$ 1,416,291 \$	\$ 386,474
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(195,710)	(285,443)	(363,232)	(541,617)	(285,443) (363,232) (541,617) (682,114) (758,645) (993,108) (1,381,667)	(758,645)	(993,108)	(1,381,667)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ 799,175		\$ 1,744,042	\$ 1,021,361	\$ 1,021,361 \$ 681,888 \$ 496,785	\$ 496,785	\$ 423,183 \$ (995,193)	\$ (995,193)
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 3,453,257	\$ 3,653,694	\$ 3,657,373	\$ 3,810,206	\$ 3,657,373 \$ 3,810,206 \$ 3,762,618 \$ 3,809,200 \$ 3,833,687 \$ 4,122,830	\$ 3,809,200	\$ 3,833,687	\$ 4,122,830
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.67%	7.81%	9.93%	14.21%	18.13%	19.92%	25.90%	33.51%

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 68 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE STATE'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Years E	ndin	g June 30,		
	2017	2018		2019		2020
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost	\$ 815,318	\$ 676,143	\$	564,405	\$	574,460
Interest Cost	560,489	648,472		611,817		491,709
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		(1,342,126)		(2,755,153)		4,192,388
Changes in Assumptions	(2,393,447)	(1,772,552)		203,734		4,143,455
Member Contributions	15,041	14,275		12,434		11,969
Gross Benefit Payments	 (408,469)	 (413,031)	_	(419,450)	_	(394,897)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(1,411,068)	(2,188,819)		(1,782,213)		9,019,084
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 19,046,292	 17,635,224		15,446,405		13,664,192
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 17,635,224	\$ 15,446,405		13,664,192	\$	22,683,276
District's Covered Employee Payroll *	\$ 4,474,016	\$ 4,462,829	\$	4,668,931	\$	4,621,081
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	394%	346%		293%		491%

Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 75 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

 $[\]ast$ - Covered payroll for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020 are based on the payroll on the June 30, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 census data.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Benefit Changes

There were none.

Changes of Actuarial Assumptions

In the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation the mortality improvement was based on Scale MP-2020 while in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation the mortality improvement was based on Scale MP-2021.

B. TEACHERS PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND

Benefit Changes

There were none.

Changes of Actuarial Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.40% as of June 30, 2020 to 7.00% as of June 30, 2021.

In the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation the mortality improvement was based on Scale MP-2020 while in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation the mortality improvement was based on Scale MP-2021.

C. State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees OPEB Plan

Benefit Changes

There were none.

Changes of Actuarial Assumptions

The discount rate for June 30, 2020 was 2.21%. The discount rate for June 30, 2019 was 3.50%, a change of -1.29%.

The mortality rates in the valuation as of June 30, 2020 were based on the following:

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) and "General" (PERS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2020. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2020. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2020.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

C. State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees OPEB Plan (Cont'd)

The mortality rates in the valuation as of June 30, 2019 were based on the following:

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019.

The health care trend rates in the valuation as of June 30, 2020 were based on the following:

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.6% and decreases to a 4.5% long term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rate for fiscal year 2021 through 2022 are reflected. The assumed post-65 medical trend rate is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 7.0% and decreases to a 4.5% long term rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

The health care trend rates in the valuation as of June 30, 2019 were based on the following:

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.7% and decreases to a 4.5% long term trend rate after eight years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rate for fiscal year 2020 is reflected. The assumed post-65 medical trend rate is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 7.5% and decreases to a 4.5% long term rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Revenues from Local Sources: Local Tax Levy Tuition From Individuals Transportation Fees From Individuals Unrestricted Miscellaneous Revenues Other Restricted Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 14,031,402 77,000 8,700		\$ 14,031,402 77,000 8,700	\$ 14,031,402 67,814 2,390 155,201 9,028	\$ (9,186) 2,390 146,501 9,028
Total Revenues from Local Sources	14,117,102		14,117,102	14,265,835	148,733
Revenues from State Sources: Categorical Transportation Aid	138,307		138,307	138,307	
Extraordinary Aid Categorical Special Education Aid	555,524		555,524	174,183 555,524	174,183
Categorical Security Aid	13,027		13,027	13,027	
Nonpublic Transportation Aid				12,470	12,470
TPAF Post Retirement Contributions (Non-Budgeted)				327,368	327,368
TPAF Pension Contributions (Non-Budgeted) TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance (Non-Budgeted)				1,381,667 $19,493$	1,381,667 19.493
TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance (Non-Budgeted)				528	528
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions				286,141	286,141
Total Revenues from State Sources	706,858		706,858	2,908,708	2,201,850
TOTAL REVENUE	14,823,960		14,823,960	17,174,543	2,350,583

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE Regular Programs - Instruction:					
Preschool - Salaries of Teachers	\$ 158,986	\$ 2,805	\$ 161,791	\$ 161,641	\$ 150
Kindergarten - Salaries of Teachers	179,389	530	179,919	158,173	21,746
Grades 1-5 - Salaries of Teachers	1,472,006	(89,666)	1,382,340	1,289,120	93,220
Grades 6-8 - Salaries of Teachers	1,092,120	81,284	1,173,404	1,164,604	8,800
Regular Programs - Home Instruction:					
Salaries of Teachers	200		700		700
Regular Programs - Undistributed Instruction:					
Other Salaries for Instruction	140,532		140,532	114,193	26,339
Purchased Professional-Educational Services	6,300		6,300	4,090	2,210
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	33,730		33,730	27,635	6,095
General Supplies	103,782	78,085	181,867	164,234	17,633
Textbooks	25,000	167,989	192,989	120,864	72,125
Other Objects	200		500		200
Total Regular Programs - Instruction	3,213,045	241,027	3,454,072	3,204,554	249,518
Special Education - Instruction:					
Learning and/or Language Disabilities:					
Salaries of Teachers	95,240	2,320	97,560	97,380	180
Other Salaries for Instruction	968'69	(15,000)	54,896	35,548	19,348
General Supplies	068	822	1,712	1,645	29
Total Learning and/or Language Disabilities	166,026	(11,858)	154,168	134,573	19,595
Multiple Disabilities:					
Salaries of Teachers	896,69	530	868,69	868'69	
Other Salaries for Instruction	34,348		34,348	33,010	1,338
General Supplies	922		922	384	538
Total Multiple Disabilities	104,638	530	105,168	103,292	1,876

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BOONTON SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND

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	Orig Buc	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	get	Final	Final Budget		Actual	Varia	Variance Final to Actual
Resource Room/Resource Center: Salaries of Teachers Other Salaries for Instruction General Supplies	€ (1)	301,525 207,388 6,000	↔	7,235	↔	308,760 258,154 6,000	↔	304,020 257,575 5,484	↔	4,740 579 516
Total Resource Room/Resource Center	,,	514,913	,,	58,001		572,914		567,079		5,835
Preschool Disabilities - Full-Time: Salaries of Teachers Total Preschool Disabilities - Full-Time		45,705				45,705		45,705		
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION - INSTRUCTION		831,282	7	46,673		877,955		850,649		27,306
Basic Skills/Remedial - Instruction: Salaries of Teachers General Supplies		66,129				66,129		65,949 279		180
Total Basic Skills/Remedial - Instruction		67,443				67,443		66,228		1,215
School-Spon. Cocurricular & Extracurricular Actvts Inst.: Salaries Other Objects		30,691		1,673		32,364 700		32,364		920
Total School-Spon. Cocurricular & Extracurricular Actvts Inst.		31,391		1,673		33,064		32,414		650
School-Sponsored Athletics - Instruction: Salaries		45,423				45,423		43,635		1,788
Supplies and Materials		4,150		2,678		6,828		5,708		1,120
Other Objects		1,425		(28)		1,397		880		517
Transfers to Cover Deficit (Agency Funds)		8,778				8,778		3,709		5,069
Total School-Sponsored Athletics - Instruction		59,776		2,650		62,426		53,932		8,494
TOTAL INSTRUCTION	4,5	4,202,937	25	292,023	4,	4,494,960		4,207,777		287,183

BOONTON SCHOOL DISTRICT
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual	- a-
Undistributed Expenditures - Instruction: Tuition to Other LEAs Within the State-Regular Tuition to Other LEAs Within the State-Special Tuition to County Voc. School DistRegular Tuition to Priv. Sch. for the Handicap. W/I State Tuition to Priv Sch Handicap & Oth LEAs-Spl,O/S St	\$ 3,403,362 831,008 70,320 1,181,931 62,007 5,548,678	\$ (37,953) (5,254) (233,812) (62,007)	\$ 3,403,362 793,055 65,066 948,119	\$ 3,403,362 793,055 65,066 935,964	\$ 12,155	v v
Undistributed Expenditures - Health Services:	97,380	500	97,880	97,880		,
Purchased Professional and Technical Services Supplies and Materials Other Objects	6,750 6,400 749	(1,580) (2,019)	5,170 4,381 749	5,023 4,376 398	147 5 351	47 5
Total Undist. Expenditures - Health Services	111,279	(3,099)	108,180	107,677	503	<u>@</u>
Undist. Expend Speech, OT, PT, Related Svcs: Salaries Purchased Professional - Educational Services Supplies and Materials Total Undist Expend. Speech OT DT Related Svcs	56,928 93,261 1,652	(3,736) 4,200	56,928 89,525 5,852	56,928 84,605 5,314	4,920 538 5488	0 ∞ ∞
Undist.ExpendOther Supp.Serv.Students-Extra.Serv.: Purchased Professional - Educational Services Total Undist. Expend Other Supp. Srvs. Students - Extra. Serv.	122,493	102,449	224,942	74,942	150,000	اه اه
Undist.ExpendGuidance: Salaries of Other Professional Staff Other Purchased Services (400-500 series) Supplies and Materials	39,384 14,200 3,000	68 2,500 (2,500)	39,452 16,700 500	38,952 16,579 4	500 121 496	9 - 9

BOONTON SCHOOL DISTRICT
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND

Tradier Brosna Guidence (Conta)	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Va Va	Variance Final to Actual
	\$ 750	09	\$ 750	\$ 55 535		750
			201,10		<u> </u>	1,907
	199,194		199,194	197,195	8	1,999
	35,943		35,943	35,943	33	
	26,648	75,800	102,448	49,537	_	52,911
	15,200	3,200	18,400	9,633	~ ~	8,767
	3,412		3,412	1,936	. 9	1,476
	1,500		1,500	1,245	2	255
	282,397	79,000	361,397	295,612		65,785
	7 400		900	000		000
	6,400 12,700		6,400 12,700	3,500		3,200 9,200
	19,100		19,100	6,700		12,400
	117,517		117,518	108,371	_	9,147
	23,688	6,000	32,688	30,047	7	2,641
	10,580	(500)	10,080	8,580	0	1,500
	711		7111			7111
	152,496	8,501	160,997	146,998	 ∞	13,999
	31,275 2,600		31,275 2,600	10,654	4 0	20,621
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FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND BOONTON SCHOOL DISTRICT

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Varia to	Variance Final to Actual
Undist.ExpendInstructional Staff Training Services: (Cont'd) Other Objects	\$ 800		\$ 800		↔	008
Total Undist. ExpendInstructional Staff Training Services	59,310	\$ 397	59,707	\$ 36,006		23,701
Undist. ExpendSupport ServGen. Admin.:	ECO 221	ľ	600 // -	600 771		
Salaries Audit Fees	186,027	C//	166,802	166,802 22,400		
Other Purchased Professional Services	12,150	559	12,709	12,209		200
Communications / Telephone	20,200	1,789	21,989	21,302		289
BOE Other Purchased Services	2,000		2,000	1,008		992
Other Purch. Serv. (400-500 series other than 530 & 585)	31,250	8,304	39,554	35,859		3,695
General Supplies	10,000	(141)	9,859	7,141		2,718
BOE In-house training/ Meeting Supplies	2,000		2,000	1,739		261
Judgments Against The School District	12,745	(12,745)				
Miscellaneous Expenditures	4,859		4,859	3,958		901
BOE Membership Dues and Fees	7,000		7,000	6,503		497
Total Undist. ExpendSupport ServGen. Admin.	307,631	15,572	323,203	309,960		13,243
Undist. ExpendSupport ServSchool Admin.:						
Salaries of Principals/Assistant Principals/Prog Director	191,709		191,709	191,709		
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	12,296		12,296	12,296		
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	64,455		64,455	63,255		1,200
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	4,400		4,400	2,039		2,361
Supplies and Materials	5,265	2,000	7,265	4,491		2,774
Other Objects	2,900	229	3,129	2,678		451
Total Undist. ExpendSupport ServSchool Adm.	281,025	2,229	283,254	276,468		6,786
Undist. Expend Central Services: Salaries	187,038		187,038	187,038		
Miscellaneous Purchased Services (400-500 series other than 594)	12,792	7,745	20,537	20,537		

BOONTON SCHOOL DISTRICT
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND

	O M	Original Budget	Tr	Budget Transfers	Fir	Final Budget		Actual	Varia to	Variance Final to Actual
Undist. Expend Central Services: (Cont'd) Supplies and Materials Other Objects Total Undist. Expend Central Services	↔	3,600 4,250 207,680	∞	$ \begin{array}{c} (1,583) \\ \hline (254) \\ \hline 5,908 \end{array} $	∞	2,017 3,996 213,588	€	2,017 3,996 213,588		
Undist. Expend Admin. Info. Technology: Salaries Purchased Technical Services Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)		6,860 2,000 9,200		1,435		6,860 3,435 19,530		6,860 1,445 19,530	↔	1,990
Supplies and Materials Other Objects		3,500		$6,621 \\ (1,425) \\ 16,061$		575		8,631		1,490
Undist. ExpendRequired Maintenance for School Facilities:		61,699		10,01		61,699		61,225		474
Cleaning, Repair, and Maintenance Services General Supplies		130,480 18,036		19,640		150,120 18,036		106,168 14,379		43,952 3,657
Total Undist. Expend Required Maint. for School Facilities		210,215		19,640		229,855		181,772		48,083
Undist. ExpendCustodial Services: Salaries		300,457		588		301,045		282,342		18,703
Purchased Professional and Technical Services Cleaning, Repair, and Maintenance Services		9,000 74,290		(12,480)		9,000 $61,810$		5,130 41,473		3,870 20,337
Other Purchased Property Services		2,600				5,600		5,393		207
Insurance Miscellaneous Purchased Services		37,526 450		(6,280)		31,246 450		30,999		247 450
General Supplies		22,600		1,500		24,100		20,754		3,346
Energy (Natural Gas)		132,800		13,716		146,516		96,264		50,252
Energy (Electricity)		13,716		(13,716)						

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Varia to	Variance Final to Actual
Undist. ExpendCustodial Services: (Cont'd) Other Objects	\$ 700		\$ 700	08 \$	8	620
Total Undist. ExpendCustodial Services	597,139	\$ (16,672)	580,467	482,435		98,032
Care and Upkeep of Grounds: Cleaning, Repair, and Maintenance Services	21,300	488	21,788	18,988		2,800
Total Care And Upkeep Of Grounds	21,300	488	21,788	18,988		2,800
Total Undist. Expendoper. And Maint. Of Plant Serv.	828,654	3,456	832,110	683,195		148,915
Undist. ExpendStudent Transportation Serv.: Sal. for Pupil Trans. (Bet. Home and Sch)-Reg.	52.930	682	53.612	52,924		889
Sal. for Pupil Trans. (Bet. Home and Sch)-Spl. Ed.	5,151		5,151	4,051		1,100
Sal. for Pupil Trans. (Oth. than Bet. Home & Sch)	12,000		12,000	4,240		7,760
Cleaning, Repair, and Maint. Services	10,810		10,810	4,435		6,375
Lease Purchase Payments - School Buses		35,170	35,170	35,168		2
Contract. Serv Aid in Lieu of Payments-Nonpublic Studts	58,000		58,000	41,722		16,278
Contract. Serv.(Bet. Home & Sch.)-Vendors	281,542	(500)	281,042	271,501		9,541
Contract. Serv.(Oth. than Bet. Home & Sch.)-Vend.	7,400		7,400	5,948		1,452
Contract. Serv.(Spl. Ed. Students)-Vendors	5,850		5,850	2,500		3,350
Contract. Serv.(Reg. Students)-ESCs & CTSAs	42,000	67,742	109,742	109,742		
Contract. Serv.(Spl. Ed. Students)-ESCs & CTSAs	355,016	(66,056)	288,960	247,520		41,440
Misc. Purchased Serv Transportation	4,000		4,000	791		3,209
General Supplies	8,783	(66)	8,684	3,957		4,727
Other Objects	800		800	102		869
Total Undist. ExpendStudent Trans. Serv.	844,282	36,939	881,221	784,601		96,620

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
ALLOCATED BENEFITS Regular Programs - Instruction: Other Retirement Contribution - Regular Total Regular Programs - Instruction	\$ 397	\$ (397)			
UNALLOCATED BENEFITS Social Security Contributions T.P.A.F. Contributions - ERIP Other Retirement Contributions - PERS	98,482 17,000 156,560	11,369	\$ 109,851 17,000 156,560	\$ 109,807	\$ 44 17,000 13.065
Other Retirement Contributions - Regular Unemployment Compensation	3,300	397	3,697	2,093	1,604
Workers Compensation	49,884	(300)	49,584	46,956	2,628
Health Benefits	1,511,210	(34,364)	1,476,846	1,374,832	102,014
Tuition Reimbursement Other Employee Benefits	25,500 85,500	23,951	25,500 $109,451$	19,194 106,679	6,306 2,772
TOTAL UNALLOCATED BENEFITS	1,956,436	1,053	1,957,489	1,803,056	154,433
ON-BEHALF CONTRIBUTIONS (NON-BUDGETED) TPAF Post Retirement Contributions (Non-Budgeted) TPAF Pension Contributions (Non-Budgeted) TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance (Non-Budgeted) TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance (Non-Budgeted) Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions				327,368 1,381,667 19,493 528 286,141	(327,368) (1,381,667) (19,493) (528) (286,141)
TOTAL CIN-DELITATE CONTINUED HOUS (NON-BODGETED)				2,010,171	(2,010,17)
TOTAL PERSONAL SERVICES - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	1,956,833	929	1,957,489	3,818,253	(1,860,764)
TOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES	10,954,543	(69,525)	10,885,018	12,190,870	(1,305,852)
TOTAL GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE	15,157,480	222,498	15,379,978	16,398,647	(1,018,669)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Bu Trai	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	A	Actual	Varian to A	Variance Final to Actual
CAPITAL OUTLAY Equipment: Undistributed Expenditures - Instruction	\$ 63,276	€	26,066	\$ 89,342	€	57,739	↔	31,603
Undistributed Expenditures - General Admin. Undistributed Expenditures - Central Services			4,266 6,249	3,163 4,266 6,249		3,103		4,266 6,249
Undistributed Expenditures - Admin. Info. Tech. Undist. Expend Required Maint for School Fac.			67,664 73,109	67,664		3,218 2,300		64,446 70,809
School Buses - Regular	35,170		(35,170)	210 010				CE C EE
Total Equipment	98,446		145,369	243,815		66,442		177,373
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Serv.: Construction Services	450,000		(450,000)					
Assessment for Debt Service on SDA Funding	898		(000	898		898		
I ofal Facilities Acquisition and Const. Serv.	450,868		(450,000)	868		808		
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	549,314		(304,631)	244,683		67,310		177,373
Transfer of Funds to Charter Schools	188,326		(34,774)	153,552		153,552		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,895,120		(116,907)	15,778,213	. 16,	16,619,509		(841,296)
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	(1,071,160)		116,907	(954,253)		555,034	1,	1,509,287
Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Transfers to Cover Deficit (Enterprise Fund) Capital Reserve - Transfer to Capital Projects Fund Other Financing Sources/(Uses):			(5,000) (450,000) (455,000)	(5,000) (450,000) (455,000)		(5,000) (450,000) (455,000)		

BOONTON SCHOOL DISTRICT
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Ac	Actual	Variance Final to Actual	inal 1
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ (1,071,160)	\$ (338,093)	3) \$ (1,409,253)	∻	100,034	\$ 1,509,287	287
Fund Balance, July 1	3,144,975		3,144,975	3,1	3,144,975		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,073,815	\$ (338,093)	3) \$ 1,735,722	\$ 3,2	3,245,009	\$ 1,509,287	287
Recapitulation:							
Restricted Fund Balance:							
Excess Surplus - Restricted For 2023-2024				\$	280,000		
Excess Surplus - Restricted For 2022-2023				(1	285,000		
Capital Reserve				~	846,660		
Maintenance Reserve				(,)	350,750		
Unemployment Compensation					48,097		
Assigned Fund Balance:							
Year End Encumbrances				(,,	347,348		
Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures				(1	298,329		
Unassigned Fund Balance				(-	788,825		
				3,5	3,245,009		
Reconciliation to Governmental Funds Statement (GAAP):							
Last State Aid Payments not Recognized on GAAP basis					(69,499)		
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds (GAAP)				\$ 3,1	3,175,510		

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget ransfers	Final Budget		Actual	I	ariance Final to Actual
REVENUES: Local		\$ 72,369	\$ 72,369	\$	72,369		
State Sources Federal Sources	\$ 138,122	 10,471 131,505	 10,471 269,627		10,471 256,372	\$	13,255
Total Revenues	 138,122	214,345	352,467		339,212		13,255
EXPENDITURES: Instruction;							
Salaries		13,814	13,814		9,727		4,087
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	40000	58,250	58,250		58,250		
Tuition	108,993	17,518	126,511		126,511		
General Supplies	 9,500	 28,906	 38,406	_	38,406		
Total Instruction	 118,493	118,488	 236,981		232,894		4,087
Support Services:							
Salaries	6,231	7,062	13,293		11,063		2,230
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	476	914	1,390		1,220		170
Purchased Professional Educational Services	6,422	1,425	7,847		7,303		544
Other Purchased Professional Services		5,812	5,812		5,044		768
Supplies and Materials	6,500	8,144	14,644		9,188		5,456
Other Objects		131	131		131		
Student Activities	 	 66,333	 66,333		66,333		
Total Support Services	 19,629	 89,821	 109,450		100,282		9,168
Total Expenditures	138,122	208,309	346,431		333,176		13,255
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenue Over/(Under) Expenditures	\$ -0-	\$ 6,036	\$ 6,036	\$	6,036	\$	-0-

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note A - Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	 General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources		
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Revenue" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 17,174,543	\$ 339,212
Difference - Budget to GAAP:		
Grant Accounting Budgetary Basis Differs from GAAP in that the		
Budgetary Basis Recognized Encumbrances as Expenditures and		
Revenue while the GAAP Basis does not:		
Current Year Encumbrances		(28,325)
Prior Year Encumbrances		2,399
Prior Year State Aid Payments Recognized for GAAP Statements, not		
Recognized for Budgetary Statements	60,681	
Current Year State Aid Payments Recognized for Budgetary Statements,		
not Recognized for GAAP Statements	 (69,499)	
Total Revenues as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures		
and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds.	\$ 17,165,725	\$ 313,286
Uses/Outflows of Resources		
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Total Outflows" from the		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 16,619,509	\$ 333,176
Differences - Budget to GAAP:		
Encumbrances Ordered but not Received are Reported in the Year		
the Order is Place for Budgetary Purposes, but in the Year they		
are Received for Financial Reporting Purposes.		
Current Year Encumbrances		(28,325)
Prior Year Encumbrances	 	 2,399
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 16,619,509	\$ 307,250

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds. The budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was submitted to the County office and was approved by a vote of the Board of Education. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year. All budgetary amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are not substanial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis, except for student activities. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

The General Fund budgetary revenue differs from GAAP revenue due to a difference in recognition of the last two state aid payments for the current year. Since the State is recording the last two state aid payments in the subsequent fiscal year, the District cannot recognize these payments on the GAAP financial statements.

SCHOOL LEVEL SCHEDULES (NOT APPLICABLE)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Every	Stude	Every Student Succeeds Act	s Act							
		Title I	Tï	Title II, Part A	Τ	Title IV		ARP, IDEA Part B Basic Presch	A Par	Part B Preschool	ž	Nonpublic STEM
REVENUE: Local Sources												
State Sources Federal Sources	\$	12,088	S	8,102	S	10,000	↔	16,488	S	1,408	S	10,471
Total Revenue		12,088		8,102		10,000		16,488		1,408		10,471
EXPENDITURES: Instruction:												
Salaries of Teachers												9,727
Purchased Professional Educational Services Tuition								16.488				
General Supplies		12,088				10,000		6,6				
Total Instruction		12,088				10,000		16,488				9,727
Support Services: Salaries of Other Professional Staff Personal Services - Employee Benefits				6,231 476						-		744
Furchased Professional Educational Services Other Purchased Professional Services Supplies and Materials Other Objects Student Activities				666,1						1,400		
Total Support Services				8,102						1,408		744
Total Expenditures		12,088		8,102		10,000		16,488		1,408		10,471

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS

						CRRS,	CRRSA ESSER II	_			
	Student	IDEA	IDEA Part B		ESSER II	r	Learning	_	Mental		
	Activities	Basic	Preschool	Ī	Grant	Acc	Acceleration	Д,	Health		Totals
REVENUE:				 							
Local Sources	\$ 72,369									S	72,369
State Sources											10,471
Federal Sources		\$ 110,023	\$ 5,044	4 &	28,488	∽	20,600	∽	44,131		256,372
Total Revenue	72,369	110,023	5,044	4	28,488		20,600		44,131		339,212
EXPENDITURES:											
Instruction:											
Salaries of Teachers											9,727
Purchased Professional Educational Services							18,750		39,500		58,250
Tuition		110,023									126,511
General Supplies				 	14,468		1,850				38,406
Total Instruction		110,023		 	14,468		20,600		39,500		232,894
Support Services:											
Salaries of Other Professional Staff					4,832						11,063
Personal Services - Employee Benefits											1,220
Purchased Professional Educational Services									4,500		7,303
Other Purchased Professional Services			5,044	4							5,044
Supplies and Materials					9,188						9,188
Other Objects									131		131
Student Activities	66,333										66,333
Total Support Services	66,333		5,044	4	14,020				4,631		100,282
Total Expenditures	66,333	110,023	5,044	4	28,488		20,600		44,131		333,176

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenue and Other Financing Sources	
Transfer from Capital Reserve	\$ 450,000
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	 450,000
Expenditures: Purchased Professional and Technical Services	53,303
Total Expenditures	 53,303
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures	396,697
Fund Balance - Beginning	 -0-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 396,697
Recapitulation: Committed - Encumbered	\$ 396,697
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds (GAAP)	\$ 396,697

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF PROJECT REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, PROJECT BALANCE

AND PROJECT STATUS - BUDGETARY BASIS

ROOF REPLACEMENT

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Pri	or Periods	Cu	rrent Year	Totals		Project thorization
Revenue and Other Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Reserve			\$	450,000	\$ 450,000	\$	450,000
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	_\$_	-0-		450,000	450,000		450,000
Expenditures: Purchased Professional and Technical Services Construction Services	_			53,303	53,303	_	70,100 379,900
Total Expenditures		-0-		53,303	 53,303		450,000
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures	\$	-0-	\$	396,697	\$ 396,697	\$	-0-
Additional Project Information:							
Project Number		N/A					
Grant Date		N/A					
Original Authorized Cost	\$	450,000					
Change Orders	\$	-0-					
Revised Authorized Cost	\$	450,000					
Change Order Percentage		0.00%					
Percentage Completion Original Target Completion Date		11.85% 10/31/22					

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT FOOD SERVICE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS:

Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,605
Total Current Assets	4,605
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital Assets	27,068
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(17,298)
Total Non-Current Assets	9,770
Total Assets	14,375
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	3,229
Total Liabilities	3,229
NET POSITION:	
Investment in Capital Assets	9,770
Unrestricted	1,376
Total Net Position	\$ 11,146

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT FOOD SERVICE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Operating Revenue:	
Local Sources:	
Daily Sales:	
Non-Reimbursable Programs	\$ 2,346
Total Operating Revenue	 2,346
Operating Expenses:	
Cost of Sales:	
Non-Reimbursable Programs	9,963
Depreciation Expense	984
Total Operating Expenses	10,947
Operating Loss	(8,601)
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	(8,601)
Transfer from General Fund	 5,000
Change in Net Position	(3,601)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 14,747
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 11,146

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT FOOD SERVICE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Payments to Suppliers	\$	(6,734)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities		(4,388)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Board Contribution from General Fund		5,000
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		5,000
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		612
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		3,993
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	4,605
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Used for Operating Logs	¢	(9 (01)
Operating Loss Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	\$	(8,601)
Depreciation		984
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$	(4,388)

FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES (NOT APPLICABLE)

LONG-TERM DEBT

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT LONG-TERM DEBT SCHEDULE OF OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCED PURCHASES

Item	OriginalIssue	Interest Rate	Balance y 1, 2021	N	Matured	Balance e 30, 2022
2 Thomas School Buses	\$ 129,089	3.969%	\$ 97,603	\$	31,268	\$ 66,335
			\$ 97,603	\$	31,268	\$ 66,335

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

	Exhibit
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how	
the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	J-1 thru J-5
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors	
affecting the District's ability to generate its property taxes.	J-6 thru J-9
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability	
of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability	
to issue additional debt in the future.	J-10 thru J-13
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader	
understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take	
place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	J-14 thru J-15
Operating Information	
These schedules contain information about the District's operations and	
resources to help the reader understand how the District's financial information	
relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	J-16 thru J-20

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT,

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

UNAUDITED

								June 30	30,									
	2013	2014		2015		2016		2017	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	П
Governmental Activities																		
Net Investment in Capital Assets/(Deficit)	\$ (1,093,396) \$ (877;	\$ (877,219)	\$ (6	(654,042)	↔	(499,372)	s	(361,668)	\$ (239,328)	28) \$	(57,194)	\$	152,629	S	139,140	S	228,20	_
Restricted	459,255	731,686	9	901,550		761,486		757,475	1,010,336	36	999,220		979,855		1,644,356		1,860,162	~ 1
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	426,991	(1,368,767)	(-	(1,303,292)	_	1,217,996)		1,577,072)	(1,860,702	92)	(2,006,624)		(1,797,609)		1,338,407)		(749,632)	<u>~</u>
Total Governmental Activities Net Position/(Deficit)	\$ (207,150) \$ (1,514,	\$ (1,514,300)	8	(1,055,784)	s	(955,882)	\$,181,265)	\$ (1,089,694	94)	(1,064,598)	÷	(665,125)	s	445,089	s	1,338,731	_
			 							 								ı
Business-Type Activities																		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 14,377	\$ 17,618	8	16,657	S	15,696	S	14,689	\$ 13,705	05 \$	12,722	\$	11,738	S	10,754	S	9,770	
Unrestricted	30,656	30,078	∞	22,747		3,205		15,237	10,347	47	5,690		2,677		3,993		1,376	ای
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 45,033	\$ 47,696	9	39,404	s	18,901	s	29,926	\$ 24,052	52 \$	18,412	s	14,415	s	14,747	s	11,146	اررا
			 							 								ı
District-wide																		
Net Investment in Capital Assets/(Deficit)	\$ (1,079,019) \$ (859,	\$ (859,601	1) \$	(637,385)	S	(483,676)	S	(346,979)	\$ (225,623)	23) \$	(44,472)	S	164,367	S	149,894	S	237,97	_
Restricted	459,255	731,686	9	901,550		761,486		757,475	1,010,336	36	999,220		979,855		1,644,356		1,860,162	~ 1
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	457,647	(1,338,689)	(6)	(1,280,545)		1,214,791)	1)	1,561,835)	(1,850,355	55)	(2,000,934)		(1,794,932)		1,334,414)		(748,256	(5)
Total District Net Position/(Deficit)	\$ (162,117) \$ (1,466	\$ (1,466,604)	(4)	(1,016,380)	\$	(936,981)	\$ (1	(,151,339)	\$ (1,065,642)	42) \$	(1,046,186)	\$	(650,710)	S	459,836	\$	1,349,877	_

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGE IN NET POSITION BY COMPONENT, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year E	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities										
Instruction:										
Regular	\$ 4,330,742	\$ 4,111,012	\$ 4,648,650	\$ 5,409,429	\$ 5,999,606	\$ 5,986,416	\$ 5,666,452	\$ 5,259,075	\$ 5,506,676	\$ 5,519,498
Special Education	783,085	1,217,404	1,447,043	1,063,179	1,333,066	1,428,431	1,246,448	1,118,822	1,284,456	1,331,252
Other Special Education	174,257	115,393	200,686	216,423	269,107	267,703	194,030	156,937	121,578	121,358
Other Instruction	102,106	112,891	133,317	128,000	148.554	155,899	153,356	137,761	65.100	143,760
Support Services:										
Tuition	4.841.361	4.712.162	4.769.617	5.137.900	5.382.635	5.391.426	5.548.571	5.642.389	5.167.830	5.197.447
Student and Instruction Related Services	702,7307	803 652	883 564	973 397	1 009 029	1 016 989	1 355 568	1 238 279	1 368 812	1 224 703
	100,120	100,000	100,000	00,000	770,700,1	000000	000,000,	17,007,1	2100,000,1	007,527,1
General Administrative Services	761,087	798,081	792,176	789,630	311,/36	787,337	303,238	525,564	320,492	769,765
School Administrative Services	341,420	343,051	434,209	391,927	488,095	463,684	454,096	460,665	457,484	452,766
Central Services	226,173	235,041	234,881	284,745	263,304	255,417	262,702	261,410	268,207	269,364
Administration Information Technology	56,531	45,660	52,025	58,313	62,980	59,611	49,780	27,685	31,444	39,016
Plant Operations and Maintenance	679.598	739,682	764.981	820.522	779,057	884.360	780.485	768,046	699.622	789,307
Punil Transportation	602,174	632,070	617,890	600.101	719,675	764.426	812,440	926,532	608.210	781 983
Unallocated Depreciation	45.284	44.844	30.579	32,360	35.793	22.600	31.583			
Charter Schools						Î			172 197	153 552
Canital Outlay	000 9	198	898	1 017	898	898	698	898	898	898
Capital Outay Interest on Long-Term Daht	0,500	64 314	50 018	38 400	30.400	909	14 800	2 200	909	909
T + 1 C	12 481 188	12 447 124	14 5 0 5 0 4	36,400	30,400	02,020	17.074.419	007,1	17 153 000	772 000 71
I otal Governmental Activities Expenses	15,481,188	13,440,124	14,563,504	15,445,543	16,833,903	1 / ,045, /82	16,8/4,418	16,531,253	16,153,023	16,382,366
Business-Type Activities: Food Service	7 7 08	068 9	15 980	11 644	11 196	12 487	8 790	11 189	4 668	10 947
Total Business-Type Activities Expense	7,708	6.890	15,980	11.644	11.196	12.487	8.790	11.189	4,668	10,947
	,	,	;	;	,	,	,	,	;	,
Total District Expenses	\$ 13,488,896	\$ 13,453,014	\$ 14,579,484	\$ 15,456,987	\$ 16,845,101	\$ 17,056,269	\$ 16,883,208	\$ 16,342,422	\$ 16,157,691	\$ 16,393,513
Program Revenues: Governmental Activities: Charges for Services: Tution Pupil transportation								\$ 76,693	\$ 33,677	\$ 67,814
Student and Related Services Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 1,553,539	\$ 1,448,865	\$ 2,436,503	\$ 2,759,007	\$ 3,507,310	\$ 3,773,832	\$ 3,298,443	2,834,043	11,794 3,168,615	72,369 2,943,004
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	1,553,539	1,448,865	2,436,503	2,759,007	3,507,310	3,773,832	3,298,443	2,913,204	3,215,878	3,085,577
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services: Food Service	10.476	9.553	7.688	6.924	6.439	6.613	3.150	7.192		2.346
Total Business-Tyne Activities Program Revenues	10 476	9 553	7 688	6 974	6 4 3 9	6,613	3.150	7 192		2 346
Total District Program Revenues	\$ 1,564,015	\$ 1,458,418	\$ 2,444,191	\$ 2,765,931	\$ 3,513,749	\$ 3,780,445	\$ 3,301,593	\$ 2,920,396	\$ 3,215,878	\$ 3,087,923
)										
Net (Expense)/Revenue: Governmental Activities	\$ (11,927,649)	\$ (11,997,259)	\$ (12,1	\$ (12,68	\$ (13,326,595)	\$ (13,269,950)	\$ (13,575,975)	\$ (13,418,029)	\$ (12,937,145)	\$ (13,296,989)
Business-Type Activities	2,768	2,663	(8,292)	- 1	(4,757)	(5,874)	(5,640)	(3,997)	(4,668)	(8,601)
Total District-Wide Net Expense	\$ (11,924,881)	\$ (11,994,596)	\$ (12,135,293)	\$ (12,691,056)	\$ (13,331,352)	\$ (13,275,824)	\$ (13,581,615)	\$ (13,422,026)	\$ (12,941,813)	\$ (13,305,590)

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BY COMPONENT, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
UNAUDITED
(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year E	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:										
Droperty Taxes I evied for General Purposes Net	\$ 11 740 849 \$ 11 975	\$ 11.975.666	\$ 12.215.179	\$ 12 459 483	\$ 12 708 673	\$ 12 962 846	\$ 13 222 103	\$ 13 486 545	3756276	\$ 14.031.402
Tower I arried for Delet Couries	200.007		908 970	181 420	171 537	165,502,010	091,777,01	21,001,01	21,000	10.,100,1
Taxes Levieu 101 Debt Selvice	300,304	540,647	20,030	101,430	166,171	100,001	153,600	20+,241		
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions	62,059	61,271	73,500	81,044	88,788	86,490	64,066	57,756		
Investment Earnings	91	-	136							
Miscellaneous Income	39,929	197,719	17,804	64,281	132,214	146,584	159,042	57,240	296,083	164,229
Transfers									(5,000)	(2,000)
Total Governmental Activities	12,143,757	12,527,700	12,585,517	12,786,238	13,101,212	13,361,521	13,601,071	13,744,006	14,047,359	14,190,631
Business-Type Activities: Other Item - Cancellation of										
Prior Year Interfund - General Fund				(15,783)	15,782					
Transfers									5,000	5,000
Total Business-Type Activities				(15,783)	15,782				5,000	5,000
Total District-Wide	\$ 12 143 757	12 143 757 \$ 12 527 700	\$ 12 585 517	\$ 12 770 455	\$ 13 116 994	13 361 521	\$ 13 601 071	\$ 13 744 006	\$ 14.052.359	\$ 14 195 631
						"				10000
Change in Net Position:	901.710	000	212 027	6	(200, 300)	6	200 30	£ 50 900	-	9000
Governmental Activities	\$ 210,108	3 550,441	010,804	206,66	\$ (225,383)	•	•	9	3 1,110,214	242,047
Business-Type Activities	2,768	2,663	(8,292)	(20,503)	11,025	(5,874)	(5,640)	(3,997)	332	(3,601)
Total District	\$ 218,876	\$ 533,104	\$ 450,224	\$ 79,399	\$ (214,358)	\$ 85,697	\$ 19,456	\$ 321,980	\$ 1,110,546	\$ 890,041

Source: School District Financial Reports

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENT FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED (modified accrual basis of accounting)

								June 30,	30,						
	2013		2014	2(2015	2016	2017	17	2018	2019		2020	2021		2022
General Fund: Restricted	\$ 731.68	se	731.686 \$ 901.550	\$	761.486	\$ 761.486	- €-	7.475	\$ 1.010.336	\$ 999.220	+s	933.812	\$ 1.600.737	i I	\$ 1.810.507
Assigned	372,172	, 7,	426,541	9	689,788	689,788	+	500,752	436,586	313,364	÷	613,071	621		645,677
Unassigned	389,611	-	412,809	3	358,802	358,802		454,685	431,833	469,200	_	439,931	862	862,397	719,326
Total General Fund	\$ 1,493,469	\$ 65	1,740,900	\$ 1,8	1,810,076	\$ 1,810,076	∞	1,712,912	\$ 1,878,755	\$ 1,781,784	ا کئ	1,986,814	\$ 3,084,294	,294	\$ 3,175,510
All Other Governmental Funds:															
Committed															\$ 396,697
Restricted											- - -	46,043	\$ 43	43,619	49,655
Total All Other Governmental Funds)- \$	-0-	-0-	8	0-	-0-	\$	-0-	-0-	-0-	<u>ج</u>	46,043	\$ 43	43,619	\$ 446,352

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENT FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues:										
Tax Levy	\$ 12,041,753	\$ 12,268,709	\$ 12,494,077	\$ 12,640,913	\$ 12,880,210	\$ 13,128,447	\$ 13,377,963	\$ 13,629,010	\$ 13,756,276	\$ 14,031,402
Tuition Charges	14,000	168,744	86,990	34,089	46,316	56,100	55,962	76,693	33,677	67,814
Interest Earnings	16	120	136							
Restricted Miscellaneous Revenue									23,410	81,397
Unrestricted Miscellaneous Revenue	25,929	28,856	17,804	30,192	85,897	90,484	103,080	59,708	286,259	157,591
State Sources	1,447,881	1,344,354	1,489,077	1,590,190	1,733,299	1,937,102	2,109,719	2,225,474	2,572,590	2,909,549
Federal Sources	167,717	165,782	134,761	138,280	131,917	133,384	125,915	140,235	174,195	231,258
Total Revenue	13,697,296	13,976,565	14,222,845	14,433,664	14,877,640	15,345,517	15,772,639	16,131,120	16,846,407	17,479,011
Expenditures:										
Instruction										
Regular Instruction	2,997,596	2,903,012	2,846,813	3,096,794	2,955,833	2,854,351	3,016,738	2,967,136	3,092,707	3,312,508
Special Education Instruction	519,732	875,062	895,458	641,161	761,381	817,895	761,982	687,130	909,361	983,612
Other Special Instruction	115,972	78,415	116,951	118,122	122,811	122,409	95,634	82,767	64,773	66,228
Other Instruction	73,282	79,579	84,430	75,301	74,999	77,566	83,992	79,346	36,892	86,346
Support Services:										
Tuition	4,841,361	4,712,162	4,769,617	5,137,900	5,382,635	5,391,426	5,548,571	5,642,389	5,167,830	5,197,447
Student and Instruction Related Services	760,524	667,572	704,282	677,572	748,365	771,607	948,871	885,973	840,441	936,650
General Administrative Services	248,192	227,529	250,238	233,059	270,884	252,616	266,007	281,768	279,409	309,960
School Administrative Services	229,120	233,923	260,489	227,622	252,403	244,831	261,706	273,203	271,581	276,468
Central Services	179,147	187,172	186,035	189,836	198,116	198,647	201,971	199,454	204,894	213,588
Administration Information Technology	49,845	38,848	45,084	43,720	52,229	49,750	44,180	25,474	29,106	37,041
Plant Operations and Maintenance	591,972	646,794	666,152	645,401	654,075	773,339	664,531	648,503	660,296	683,195
Pupil Transportation	569,005	598,999	584,745	553,503	926,089	746,938	792,564	901,569	609,947	784,601
Unallocated Benefits	2,142,031	2,089,313	2,217,331	2,454,903	2,572,185	2,649,505	2,939,202	3,001,288	3,386,550	3,818,253
Capital Outlay	130,544	14,176	9,771	31,194	22,512	11,194	38,861	90,343	149,456	120,613
Charter Schools									172,197	153,552
Debt Service:										
Principal	285,000	290,000	288,000	200,000	195,000	195,000	190,000	180,000		
Interest and Other Charges	77,963	64,314	50,018	38,400	30,400	22,600	14,800	7,200		
Total Expenditures	13,811,286	13,706,870	13,975,414	14,364,488	14,974,804	15,179,674	15,869,610	15,953,543	15,875,440	16,980,062
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(113,000)	307 070	2 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	221.02	(771 70)	165 043	(120 50)		120 010	408 040
Over (Onder) Expenditures	(113,990)	260,607	24/,431	07,1/0	(97,104)	103,843	(1/6,9/1)	//5//1	70,001	498,949
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									000 47	(000 3)
ransters Financed Purchases (Non-Budgeted)									(5,000) 129,089	(2,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									124,089	(5,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	* (113,990)	\$ 269,695	\$ 247,431	\$ 69,176	\$ (97,164)	\$ 165,843	\$ (96,971)	\$ 177,577	\$ 1,095,056	\$ 493,949
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	2.65 %	2.59 %	2.42 %	1.66 %	1.51 %	1.43 %	1.29 %	1.18 %	0.00 %	0.00 %

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND - OTHER LOCAL REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Inter	rest on			Refi	and of Prior	
Ending June 30,	Inves	stments	Tuition	Other	Yea	r Expenses	 Total
2013	\$	16	\$ 14,000	\$ 25,929			\$ 39,945
2014		120	168,744	28,856			197,720
2015		136	86,990	17,804			104,930
2016			34,089	30,192			64,281
2017			46,316	85,898			132,214
2018			56,100	90,484			146,584
2019			55,962	103,080			159,042
2020			76,693	59,708			136,401
2021		129	33,677	17,496	\$	280,250	331,552
2022		466	67,814	40,425		125,728	234,433

Source: Boonton Township School District records

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN YEARS

UNAUDITED

Residential	Farm Regular	Farm Qualified	Commercial	Industrial	Apartment	Total Assessed Value	Tax-Exempt Property	Public Utilities ^a	Net Valuation Taxable	School Ta Rate b		Estimated Actual County Equalized Value)
,580,300	9-3	\$ 244,500	\$ 15,475,400	\$ 14,061,400	\$ 496,800	\$ 962,662,000	\$ 76,600,700	\$ 914,199	\$ 966,092,599	\$ 1.2	4	1,018,768,215
0,011,900		234,200	14,962,400	14,061,400	496,800	957,942,700	78,834,500	0-	957,942,700	1.2	7	954,418,176
1,081,700		233,100	13,771,500	12,342,400	-0-	849,493,400	71,896,700	-0-	849,493,400	1.4	9	927,103,178
3,744,500		240,500	13,771,500	12,342,400	0-	851,635,300	71,985,500	0	851,635,300	1.4	8	925,140,690
5,957,400		250,900	29,032,000	12,342,400	0-	869,768,700	53,698,100	0-	869,768,700	1.4	7	937,574,113
97,398,000		250,900	28,911,000	12,342,400	-0-	871,918,800	53,699,300	-0-	871,918,800	1.4	-	915,416,511
99,906,800		251,200	28,805,900	12,342,400	-0-	874,117,300	53,699,300	-0-	874,117,300	1.5	2	928,793,968
00,465,700		251,400	28,805,900	12,342,400	0-	875,277,000	54,321,600	0-	875,277,000	1.5	4	967,153,757
804,259,100		223,100	30,680,700	12,342,400	-0-	879,417,900	54,156,000	-0-	879,417,900	1.5	9	980,265,478
304,521,900		223,100	30,680,700	12,342,400	-0-	879,943,700	54,213,200	-0-	879,943,700	1.5	8	971,887,448
	Residential \$ 893,580,300 890,011,900 791,081,700 793,744,500 795,957,400 797,398,000 799,906,800 800,465,700 804,521,900	i	Farm Regular 22,249,900 8 22,249,900 19,328,000 20,393,000 21,111,400 21,136,100 22,230,100 21,518,800 21,518,800 21,781,800	Farm Regular Qualified CC 22,249,900 234,200 19,328,000 233,100 20,393,000 20,393,000 21,111,400 251,200 21,781,800 22,33,100 21,781,800 223,100 21,781,800 223,100 21,781,800 223,100 21,781,800 223,100 223,	Farm Farm \$ 22,089,700 \$ 244,500 \$ 15,475,400 \$ 22,249,900 234,200 14,962,400 \$ 19,328,000 233,100 13,771,500 \$ 20,393,000 240,500 13,771,500 \$ 20,575,800 250,900 28,911,000 \$ 21,111,400 250,900 28,805,900 \$ 22,230,100 251,200 28,805,900 \$ 21,518,800 223,100 30,680,700 \$ 21,781,800 223,100 30,680,700	Farm Farm Farm \$ 22,089,700 \$ 244,500 \$ 15,475,400 \$ 14,061,400 \$ 22,249,900 234,200 14,962,400 14,061,400 \$ 19,328,000 233,100 13,771,500 12,342,400 \$ 20,393,000 240,500 13,771,500 12,342,400 \$ 20,575,800 250,900 29,032,000 12,342,400 \$ 21,111,400 251,200 28,911,000 12,342,400 \$ 21,136,100 251,200 28,805,900 12,342,400 \$ 22,230,100 251,400 28,805,900 12,342,400 \$ 21,751,8,800 223,100 30,680,700 12,342,400 \$ 21,781,800 223,100 30,680,700 12,342,400	Farm Farm Commercial Industrial Apartment 1 \$ 22,089,700 \$ 244,500 \$ 15,475,400 \$ 14,061,400 \$ 496,800 22,249,900 234,200 14,962,400 14,061,400 496,800 19,328,000 233,100 13,771,500 12,342,400 -0- 20,393,000 240,500 29,032,000 12,342,400 -0- 21,111,400 250,900 28,911,000 12,342,400 -0- 21,113,6100 251,200 28,805,900 12,342,400 -0- 22,230,100 223,100 30,680,700 12,342,400 -0- 21,518,800 223,100 30,680,700 12,342,400 -0- 21,781,800 223,100 30,680,700 12,342,400 -0-	Farm Regular Qualified Commercial Industrial Apartment Value 1 \$ 22,089,700 \$ 244,500 \$ 15,475,400 \$ 14,061,400 \$ 496,800 \$ 962,662,000 \$ 52,249,900 22,249,900 234,200 14,962,400 14,061,400 496,800 \$ 967,942,700 19,328,000 233,100 13,771,500 12,342,400 -0- 849,493,400 20,393,000 250,900 29,032,000 12,342,400 -0- 869,768,700 21,1136,100 250,900 28,911,000 12,342,400 -0- 874,117,300 22,230,100 251,200 28,805,900 12,342,400 -0- 874,117,300 22,230,100 251,400 28,805,900 12,342,400 -0- 874,117,300 22,230,100 251,400 28,805,900 12,342,400 -0- 874,117,900 21,518,800 223,100 30,680,700 12,342,400 -0- 879,941,700 21,781,800 223,100 30,680,700 12,342,400 -0- 879,943,700	Farm Regular Qualified Commercial Industrial Apartment Value Property 1 \$ 22,089,700 \$ 244,500 \$ 15,475,400 \$ 14,061,400 \$ 496,800 \$ 962,662,000 \$ 76,600,700 \$ 72,249,900 1 \$ 22,249,900 \$ 234,200 \$ 14,061,400 \$ 496,800 \$ 957,942,700 \$ 78,834,500 1 \$ 22,249,900 \$ 240,500 \$ 13,771,500 \$ 12,342,400 -0- \$ 849,493,400 71,896,700 2 \$ 20,393,000 \$ 29,032,000 \$ 12,342,400 -0- \$ 869,768,700 71,985,500 2 \$ 251,200 \$ 28,911,000 \$ 12,342,400 -0- \$ 869,768,700 71,985,500 2 \$ 251,200 \$ 28,911,000 \$ 12,342,400 -0- \$ 869,768,700 73,699,300 2 \$ 21,136,100 \$ 28,911,000 \$ 12,342,400 -0- \$ 874,117,300 53,699,300 2 \$ 21,136,100 \$ 28,805,900 \$ 12,342,400 -0- \$ 874,117,300 53,699,300 \$ 22,230,100 \$ 23,100 \$ 30	Farm Regular Qualified Commercial Industrial Apartment Value Property Utilities " 1 \$ 22,089,700 \$ 244,500 \$ 15,475,400 \$ 14,061,400 \$ 496,800 \$ 962,662,000 \$ 76,600,700 \$ 914,199 \$ 914,199 1 \$ 22,249,900 \$ 234,200 14,962,400 14,061,400 496,800 \$ 962,662,000 \$ 7,834,500 -0- 1 \$ 22,249,900 \$ 234,200 14,962,400 14,061,400 -0- 849,493,400 71,896,700 -0- 2 \$ 20,393,000 \$ 240,500 13,771,500 12,342,400 -0- 849,493,400 71,896,700 -0- 2 \$ 20,393,000 \$ 250,900 \$ 29,032,000 12,342,400 -0- 849,493,400 71,896,700 -0- 2 \$ 21,111,400 \$ 250,900 \$ 28,901,900 12,342,400 -0- 874,117,300 \$ 35,693,300 -0- \$ 21,136,100 \$ 251,400 \$ 28,805,900 \$ 12,342,400 -0- 874,117,300 \$ 35,693,300 -0-	Farm Regular Qualified Commercial Industrial Apartment Value Property Utilities a Taxable 1 \$ 22,089,700 \$ 244,500 \$ 15,475,400 \$ 14,061,400 \$ 496,800 \$ 962,662,000 \$ 76,600,700 \$ 914,199 \$ 966,992,599 2,2249,900 234,200 14,962,400 14,061,400 496,800 \$ 957,942,700 \$ 78,834,500 -0- 957,942,700 19,328,000 233,100 13,771,500 12,342,400 -0- 849,493,400 71,896,700 -0- 849,493,400 20,393,000 220,393,000 229,032,000 12,342,400 -0- 849,493,400 71,896,700 -0- 869,768,700 21,111,400 250,900 229,032,000 12,342,400 -0- 871,918,800 -0- 869,768,700 -0- 869,768,700 21,111,400 251,200 228,805,900 12,342,400 -0- 874,117,300 -0- 873,417,900 22,233,100 251,400 28,685,900 12,342,400 -0- 874,117,900 -0-	Farm Regular Qualified Commercial Industrial Apartment Value Property Utilities and property Net Valuation School Tax (Spool Tax) 1 \$ 22,089,700 \$ 244,500 \$ 15,475,400 \$ 14,061,400 \$ 496,800 \$ 957,942,700 \$ 914,199 \$ 966,092,599 \$ 1.24 \$ 12,45 2 22,249,900 234,200 14,061,400 \$ 496,800 \$ 957,942,700 78,834,500 -0- \$ 957,942,700 1.27 1 9,328,000 233,100 13,771,500 12,342,400 -0- 849,493,400 -0- 849,493,400 1.46 2 0,393,000 250,900 29,032,000 12,342,400 -0- 849,493,400 -0- 849,493,400 1.46 2 0,311,111,111,400 250,900 29,032,000 12,342,400 -0- 871,918,800 53,699,300 -0- 871,918,800 1.41 2 1,111,11,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,1

Note: Real property is required to be assessed at some percentage of true value (fair or market value) established by each county board of taxation. Reassessment occurs when ordered by the County Board of Taxation.

Source: Municipal Tax Assessor

^{*} Revaluation of Real Property.

^a Taxable Value of Machinery, Implements and Equipment of Telephone, Telegraph and Messenger System Companies.

^b Tax Rates are per \$100 of Assessed Value.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN YEARS UNAUDITED

(Rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	Boo	onton Town	nship So	chool Distr	ict Dire	ect Rate	 Overlapp	ing Ra	ites		
Year Ended December 31,	Bas	ic Rate ^a	Obl	eneral ligation Service b	Tota	al Direct	onship of		Morris ounty	Ove	Direct and rlapping x Rate
2012	\$	1.207	\$	0.031	\$	1.238	\$ 0.384	\$	0.250	\$	1.872
2013		1.239		0.030		1.269	0.392		0.250		1.911
2014 *		1.425		0.033		1.458	0.446		0.278		2.182
2015		1.455		0.021		1.476	0.444		0.271		2.191
2016		1.447		0.020		1.467	0.451		0.273		2.191
2017		1.389		0.018		1.407	0.430		0.257		2.094
2018		1.498		0.018		1.516	0.461		0.276		2.253
2019		1.527		0.016		1.543	0.483		0.289		2.315
2020		1.557		-0-		1.557	0.499		0.290		2.346
2021		1.579		-0-		1.579	0.510		0.286		2.375

- * Revaluation of Real Property.
- ^a The district's basic tax rate is calculated from the A4F form which is submitted with the budget and the Net Valuation Taxable.
- Rates for debt service are based on each year's requirements.

Note: NJSA 18A:7F-5d limits the amount that the district can submit for a general fund tax levy. The levy when added to other components of the district's net budget may not exceed the prebudget year net budget by more than the spending growth limitation calculation.

Source: Municipal Tax Collector and School Business Administrator

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS,

UNAUDITED

2012	% of Total	District Net	Assessed Value
2	Taxable	Assessed	Value
			Taxpayer
2021	% of Total	District Net	Assessed Value
2	Taxable	Assessed	Value
			Taxpayer

INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE

INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE

Source: Municipal Tax Assessor

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the

Levv^a

Collections in Subsequent Years \$ -0-
\$ -0-
-0-
-0-
-0-
-0-
-0-
-0-
-0-
-0-
-0-

Source: Boonton Township School District records including the Certificate and Report of School Taxes (A4F form)

^a School taxes are collected by the Municipal Tax Collector. Under New Jersey State Statute, a municipality is required to remit to the school district the entire property tax balance, in the amount voted upon or certified prior to the end of the school year.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 General Obligation Bonds	nanced	To	otal District	Percentage of Personal Income a	Per	Capita ^a
2013	\$ 1,538,000	\$ -0-	\$	1,538,000	0.44 %	\$	355
2014	1,248,000	-0-		1,248,000	0.34 %		289
2015	960,000	-0-		960,000	0.25 %		222
2016	760,000	-0-		760,000	0.19 %		176
2017	565,000	-0-		565,000	0.14 %		131
2018	370,000	-0-		370,000	0.09 %		86
2019	180,000	-0-		180,000	0.04 %		43
2020	-0-	-0-		-0-	0.00 %		-0-
2021	-0-	97,603		97,603	0.02 %		22
2022	-0-	66,335		66,335	0.01 %		15

Note: Details regarding the district's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: School District Financial Reports

^a See Exhibit J-14 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

$\frac{\text{BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT}}{\text{RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING}} \\ \underline{\text{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}} \\ \underline{\text{UNAUDITED}}$

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

	 Center	ar Benaec	Bonata Brot Gatstanania					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 General Obligation Bonds	Ded	uctions	Во	et General onded Debt utstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value a of Property	Per (Capita ^b
2013	\$ 1,538,000	\$	-0-	\$	1,538,000	0.16 %	\$	355
2014	1,248,000		-0-		1,248,000	0.13 %		289
2015	960,000		-0-		960,000	0.11 %		222
2016	760,000		-0-		760,000	0.09 %		176
2017	565,000		-0-		565,000	0.06 %		131
2018	370,000		-0-		370,000	0.04 %		86
2019	180,000		-0-		180,000	0.02 %		43
2020	-0-		-0-		-0-	0.00 %		-0-
2021	-0-		-0-		-0-	0.00 %		-0-
2022	-0-		-0-		-0-	0.00 %		-0-

^a See Exhibit J-6 for property tax data. This ratio is calculated using valuation data for the prior calendar year.

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: School District Financial Reports

b See Exhibit J-14 for population data. This ratio is calculated using population for the prior calendar year.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT RATIOS OF OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021 UNAUDITED

Governmental Unit	De	bt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ^a	 nated Share of rlapping Debt
Debt Repaid With Property Taxes				
Boonton Township	\$	3,181,909	100.00 %	\$ 3,181,909
Morris County General Obligation Debt		235,030,042	1.00 %	 2,340,258
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt				5,522,167
Boonton Township School District Direct Debt				 -0-
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 5,522,167

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Boonton. This process recognizes that, when considering the District's ability to issue and repay long-term, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping unit.

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Morris County Board of Taxation; debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

^a For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable equalized property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's equalized property value that is within the district's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total equalized property value.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022					
		Equalized Valuation 2021 2020 2019	on Basis		\$ 1,010,732,483 969,162,332 973,503,504 \$ 2,953,398,319	
		Average Equalized	Valuation of Taxa	ble Property	\$ 984,466,106	
		Debt Limit ^a (3% o Net Bonded Schoo Legal Debt Margin	l Debt as of June 30		29,533,983 -0- \$ 29,533,983	
			Fiscal Year			
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
Debt Limit	\$ 27,473,394	\$ 27,990,172	\$ 28,615,774	\$ 35,486,502	\$ 29,533,983	
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	370,000	180,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 27,103,394	\$ 27,810,172	\$ 28,615,774	\$ 35,486,502	\$ 29,533,983	
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	1.35 %	0.64 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	
			Fiscal Year			
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Debt Limit	\$ 29,844,395	\$ 29,850,070	\$ 28,566,544	\$ 27,931,425	\$ 27,603,377	
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	1,538,000	1,248,000	960,000	760,000	565,000	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 28,306,395	\$ 28,602,070	\$ 30,323,142	\$ 27,171,425	\$ 27,038,377	
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	5.15 %	4.18 %	3.36 %	2.72 %	2.05 %	

^a Limit set by NJSA 18A:24-19 for a K through 8 district; other % limits would be applicable for other districts.

Source: Equalized valuation bases were obtained from the Annual Report of the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Taxation

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Year	Population ^a	rsonal Income thousands of dollars) ^b		Capi	s County Per ta Personal ncome ^c	Unemployment Rate d
2013	4,328	\$ 350,680,528		\$	81,026	5.20%
2014	4,320	364,119,840			84,287	5.20%
2015	4,321	381,535,658			88,298	5.20%
2016	4,324	394,573,648			91,252	4.50%
2017	4,302	402,426,288			93,544	4.00%
2018	4,288	416,982,272			97,244	4.00%
2019	4,235	419,857,900			99,140	3.40%
2020	4,220	431,397,940			102,227	3.10%
2021	4,380	447,754,260	***		102,227 *	8.30%
2022	4,380 **	447,754,260	***		102,227 *	N/A

Source:

^{* -} Latest Morris County per capita personal income available (2020) was used for calculation purposes.

^{** -} Latest population data available (2021) was used for calculation purposes.

^{*** -} Latest available population data (2021) and latest available Morris County per capita personal income (2020) was used for calculation purposes.

^a Population information provided by the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development

^b Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented

^c Per capita personal income by county provided by the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development

^d Unemployment data provided by the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS - MORRIS COUNTY
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO
UNAUDITED

	2021	.1		2012	2
		Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employer	Employees	Employment
Atlantic Health System	7,642	3.06%	Novartis	6,200	2.42%
U.S. Army Armament R&D	90009	2.40%	U.S. Army Armament R&D	5,274	2.06%
Novartis	5,200	2.08%	Atlantic Heatlh system	5,013	1.96%
Bayer	3,483	1.40%	ADP	1,947	0.76%
Barclays	2,560	1.03%	County of Morris	1,914	0.75%
Automatic Data Processing, Inc.	2,400	%96.0	Saint Clare's	1,841	0.72%
Accenture	1,826	0.73%	Accenture	1,498	0.59%
Honeywell	1,704	%89.0	Wyndham Worldwide Corporation	1,444	0.56%
St. Clare's Health System	1,638	%99.0	Chilton Memorial	1,440	0.56%
County of Morris	1,469	0.59%	BASF Corporation	1,400	0.55%
Total	33,922	13.59%	Total	27,971	10.93%
Total Employment	249,661		Total Employment	255,907	

Note - Information is for Morris County

Source: Morris County Economic Development Corporation

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM,

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
UNAUDITED

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<u>Function/Program</u> Instruction:										
Regular	49.00	53.00	52.12	54.00	54.00	55.00	55.00	53.00	55.50	55.50
Support Services:										
Student and Instruction Related Services	7.60	7.60	8.60	8.60	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80
School Administrative Services	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
General Administrative Services	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Plant Operations and Maintenance	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Pupil Transportation	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30
Business and Other Support Services	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60
Total	70.80	74.80	74.92	76.80	77.40	78.40	78.40	76.40	78.90	78.90

Source: District Personnel Records

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT OPERATING STATISTICS.

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

	Student Attendance	Percentage	96.47 %	% 90.76	% 90.76	97.05 %	96.47 %	96.22 %	96.22 %	97.42 %	97.56 %	95.91 %
	% Change in Average Daily	Enrollment	-1.63 %	-1.45 %	-4.52 %	-0.56 %	-0.63 %	-4.06 %	-5.12 %	-1.72 %	-1.75 %	-0.76 %
	Average Daily Attendance	(ADA) ^e	465	461	439	437	432	413	391	391	384	375
Elementary	Average Daily Enrollment	(ADE) ^e	482	475	454	451	448	430	408	401	394	391
	Pupil/ Teacher	Ratio	1:9.84	1:9.50	1:9.50	1:9.50	1:9.50	1:9.50	1:9.50	1:9.50	1:9.50	1:9.50
	Teaching	Staff	49	50	49	51	51	52	52	51	51	51
	Percentage	Change	8.97%	2.36%	4.39%	1.79%	%69.9	4.01%	7.95%	3.25%	3.33%	7.89%
	Cost Per	Pupil °	\$ 17,900	18,322	19,126	19,468	20,771	21,605	23,322	24,080	24,883	26,846
	Operating	Expenditures ^b	\$ 13,317,779	13,338,380	13,627,625	14,094,894	14,726,892	14,950,880	15,625,949	15,676,000	15,725,984	16,859,449
		Enrollment ^a	744	728	713	724	400	692	029	651	632	628
	Fiscal	Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Enrollment includes grades 9-12 students attending Mountain Lakes High School and Out of District S/E placements.

Deerating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

Cost per pupil is the sum as operating expendtures divided by enrollment. This cost per pupil may be different from the State's per pupil calculations. ၁

d Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.

Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).

Note: Enrollment based on annual October district count.

Source: Boonton Township School District records

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2022			61,320	537	391
2021			61,320	537	394
2020	i I		61,320	537	400
2019	l I		61,320	537	410
2018	!		61,320	537	428
2017	 		61,320	537	444
2016]]		61,320	537	451
2015			61,320	537	451
2014	l 1		61,320	537	475
2013			61,320	537	482
	•				
	District Building	Rockaway Valley School	Square Feet	Capacity (Students)	Enrollment

Number of Schools at June 30, 2022

Elementary = 1

Note: Enrollment is based on the annual October district count.

Source: Boonton Township School District Facilities Office

SCHEDULE OF ALLOWABLE MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURES BY SCHOOL FACILITIES BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES - REQUIRED MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES

ACCOUNT #11-000-261-xxx

	2022	\$ 181,772	\$ 181,772
	2021	\$ 178,145	\$ 178,145
June 30,	2020	\$ 187,178	\$ 187,178
	2019	\$ 192,733	\$ 192,733
	2018	\$ 313,791	\$ 313,791
	2017	\$ 180,440	\$ 180,440
	2016	\$ 168,482	\$ 168,482
	2015	\$ 221,321	\$ 221,321
	2014	\$ 194,113	\$ 194,113
	2013	\$ 151,584 \$	\$ 151,584
	Project #	N/A	**
	School Facility	Rockaway Valley School	

N/A - Not Applicable

* School facilities as defined under EFCFA. (N.J.A.C. 6A:26-1.2 and N.J.A.C. 6A:26A-1.3)

Source: Boonton Township School District records

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT

INSURANCE SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2022 UNAUDITED

	Coverage	Deductible
Commercial Package Policy - New Jersey Schools Insurance Group (NJSIG)		
Real & Personal Property (per occurrence)	\$ 500,000,000	\$ 5,000
Blanket Extra Expense	50,000,000	5,000
Blanket Valuable Paper & Records	10,000,000	5,000
Demolition & Increased Cost of Construction	25,000,000	
Limited Builders Risk	10,000,000	
Fire Dept. Service Charge	10,000	
Arson Reward	10,000	
Pollution Cleanup & Removal	250,000	
Flood/Earthquake:		
Flood Zone A & V	25,000,000	500,000
All Other Flood Zones	75,000,000	10,000
Earthquake	50,000,000	5,000
Terrorism	1,000,000	
Electronic Data Processing:		
Blanket Hardware/Software, Extra Expense, Business Income,		
Transit, Debris Removal	Included in Blanket Limit	1,000
Flood (Deductible for Zone A & Z)		500,000
(Deductible All Other Flood Zones)		10,000
Equipment Breakdown		10,000
Combined Single Limit/Accident for Property Damage & Business Income	100,000,000	5,000
Property Damage	Included	5,000
Off Premises Property Damage	1,000,000	5,000
· · ·	10,000,000	
Extra Expense		5,000
Service Interruption	10,000,000	5,000
Perishable Goods	1,000,000	5,000
Data Restoration	1,000,000	5,000
Demolition	1,000,000	5,000
Ordinance or Law	1,000,000	5,000
Expediting Expense	1,000,000	5,000
Hazardous Substances	1,000,000	5,000
Newly Acquired Locations - 120 Days Notice	1,000,000	5,000
Crime Coverage:		
Public Employee Dishonesty	50,000	500
Theft, Disapp. & Destruction/Money Orders & Counterfeit Currency	25,000	500
Forgery or Alteration	25,000	500
Computer Fraud	25,000	500
Public Officials Bond		
Business Administrator - J Murray (Selective Ins. Co.)	185,000	
Treasurer - N Eckstein (Selective Ins. Co.)	185,000	
General Liability:		
Bodily Injury & Property Damage	11,000,000	
Products & Completed Operations	11,000,000	
Sexual Abuse	11,000,000	
Personal Injury & Advertising Injury	11,000,000	
Employee Benefits Liability	11,000,000	1,000
1 /	11,000,000	1,000

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT INSURANCE SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2022

UNAUDITED

	Coverage	De	ductible
General Liability:			
Premises Medical Payments	\$10,000 per accident		
	\$5,000 per person		
Terrorism	1,000,000		
Automotive Coverage:			
Bodily Injury and Property Damage Comined Single Limit	11,000,000	\$	1,000
Personal Injury Protection	250,000		1,000
Medical Payments	10,000		
Underinsured	1,000,000		
Terrorism	1,000,000		
Garagekeepers	Included		
School Leaders Errors & Omissions			
Coverage A - protection againsts "loss"/Wrongful Acts	11,000,000		5,000
Coverage B - defense costs for specific administrative actions	\$100,000/claim		5,000
	\$300,000/agg		5,000
Retro Date	7/1/1986		
Workers' Compensation			
Part One	Statutory		
Part Two			
Bodily Injury by Accident	2,000,000		
Bodily Injury by Disease	2,000,000		

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



Mount Arlington, NJ Newton, NJ Bridgewater, NJ

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Independent Member BKR International

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District County of Morris, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey (the "Office"), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of the Township of Boonton, in the County of Morris (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2022. That report included a qualified opinion on the financial statements as the District's note disclosure on postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) contains the June 30, 2020 information and not the June 30, 2021 information as the report for Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for the State of New Jersey State Health Benefits Local Education Retired Employees Plan ("SHBP") has not been released by the Division of Pensions and Benefits, Department of the Treasury, State of New Jersey, as of the date of this report. In our opinion, disclosure of this information is required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 15, 2022 Mount Arlington, New Jersey NISIVOCCIA LLP

Man C Lee

Nisivoccia LLP

Man C. Lee

Licensed Public School Accountant #2527

Certified Public Accountant



Mount Arlington, NJ Newton, NJ Bridgewater, NJ 973.298.8500 nisivoccia.com

BKR International

Report on Compliance For Each Major State Program;
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by NJOMB 15-08

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District County of Morris, New Jersey

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited the Boonton Township School District's (the District's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major state program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state program.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District Page 2

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education Boonton Township School District Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance or New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 15, 2022 Mount Arlington, New Jersey Nisivoccia LLP NISIVOCCIA LLP

Man C Lee

Man C. Lee

Licensed Public School Accountant #2527

Certified Public Accountant

Balance at

Balance at

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

					Tube 20, 2021			Tube 20 2022	
Federal Grantor	Federal	Grant or			Budgetary			Budgetary	Amounts
Pass Through Grantor/	CFDA	State Project	Grant	Award	Accounts	Cash	Budgetary	Accounts	Provided to
Program/Cluster Title	Number	Number	Period	Amount	Receivable	Received	Expenditures	Receivable	Subrecipients
Special Revenue Fund: U.S. Department of Education - Passed-through State Department of Education: Education Stabilization Fund:	9		9						
CKRSA - ESSEK II CRRSA - Learning Acceleration	84.425D 84.425D	S425D210027 S425D210027	3/13/20-9/30/23 3/13/20-9/30/23	\$ 34,075		\$ 4,832 17,847	\$ (28,488) (20,600)	\$ (23,656) (2.753)	
CRRSA - Mental Health	84.425D	S425D210027	3/13/20-9/30/23	45,000		23,156	(44,131)	(20,975)	
Total Education Stabilization Fund						45,835	(93,219)	(47,384)	
Elementary and Secondary Education Act:									
Title I - Part A	84.010	ESEA-0460-22	7/1/21-9/30/22	12,088		12,088	(12,088)		
Title II - Part A	84.367A	ESEA-0460-21	7/1/20-9/30/21	8,115	\$ (2,400)	2,400			
Title II - Part A	84.367A	ESEA-0460-22	7/1/21-9/30/22	8,102		4,749	(8,102)	\$ (3,353)	
Total Title II					(2,400)	7,149	(8,102)	(3,353)	
Title IV	84.186A	ESEA-0460-20	7/1/20-9/30/21	10,000	(2,950)	2,950			
Title IV	84.186A	ESEA-0460-22	7/1/21-9/30/22	10,000		6,917	(10,000)	(3,083)	
Total Title IV					(2,950)	6,867	(10,000)	(3,083)	
Total Elementary and Secondary Education Act					(5,350)	29,104	(30,190)	(6,436)	
Special Education Cluster:									
IDEA Part B, Basic	84.027	IDEA-0460-21	7/1/20-9/30/21	112,808	(12,596)	12,596			
IDEA Part B, Basic	84.027	IDEA-0460-22	7/1/21-9/30/22	110,023		110,023	(110,023)		
IDEA Part B, Preschool	84.173	IDEA-0460-22	7/1/21-9/30/22	5,044		5,044	(5,044)		
ARP - IDEA Part B, Basic	84.027X	H027X210100	7/1/21-9/30/22	16,488		16,488	(16,488)		
ARP - IDEA Part B, Preschool	84.173X	H027X210114	7/1/21-9/30/22	1,408		1,408	(1,408)		
Total Special Education Cluster					(12,596)	145,559	(132,963)		
Total U.S. Department of Education / Special Revenue Fund	e Fund				(17,946)	220,498	(256,372)	(53,820)	
Total Federal Financial Awards					(17,946)	\$ 220,498	\$ (256,372)	\$ (53,820)	-0-

Memo

Balance at June 30, 2022

Balance at June 30, 2021

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT

				July 20, 2021			Jane 30, 2022	TATE	IIO
				Budgetary			GAAP		Cumulative
	Grant or State	Grant	Award	Accounts	Cash	Budgetary	(Accounts	Budgetary	Total
State Grantor/Program Title	Project Number	Period	Amount	Receivable	Received	Expenditures	Receivable)	Receivable	Expenditures
State Department of Education:									
General Fund:									
Transportation Aid	22-495-034-5120-014	7/1/21-6/30/22	\$ 138,307		\$ 124,709	\$ (138,307)		\$ (13,598)	\$ 138,307
Transportation Aid	21-495-034-5120-014	7/1/20-6/30/21	138,307	\$ (13,576)	13,576				138,307
Special Education Categorical Aid	22-495-034-5120-089	7/1/21-6/30/22	555,524		500,904	(555,524)		(54,620)	555,524
Special Education Categorical Aid	21-495-034-5120-089	7/1/20-6/30/21	446,220	(45,826)	45,826				446,220
Security Aid	22-495-034-5120-084	7/1/21-6/30/22	13,027		11,746	(13,027)		(1,281)	13,027
Security Aid	21-495-034-5120-084	7/1/20-6/30/21	13,027	(1,279)	1,279				13,027
Extraordinary Special Education Aid	22-495-034-5120-044	7/1/21-6/30/22	174,183			(174,183)	\$ (174,183)	(174,183)	174,183
Extraordinary Special Education Aid	21-495-034-5120-044	7/1/20-6/30/21	327,943	(327,943)	327,943				327,943
Nonpublic Transportation	22-495-034-5120-014	7/1/21-6/30/22	12,470			(12,470)	(12,470)	(12,470)	12,470
Nonpublic Transportation	21-495-034-5120-014	7/1/20-6/30/21	10,150	(10,150)	10,150				10,150
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions	22-495-034-5094-003	7/1/21-6/30/22	286,141		271,876	(286,141)	(14,265)	(14,265)	286,141
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions	21-495-034-5094-003	7/1/20-6/30/21	262,019	(13,175)	13,175				262,019
On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Contributions	22-495-034-5094-001	7/1/21-6/30/22	327,368		327,368	(327, 368)			327,368
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions	22-495-034-5094-002	7/1/21-6/30/22	1,381,667		1,381,667	(1,381,667)			1,381,667
On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance	22-495-034-5094-004	7/1/21-6/30/22	19,493		19,493	(19,493)			19,493
On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance	22-495-034-5094-004	7/1/21-6/30/22	528		528	(528)			528
Total General Fund State Aid				(411,949)	3,050,240	(2,908,708)	(200,918)	(270,417)	4,106,374
Special Revenue Fund: N I Nomoniblic Teach STFM	Not Available	7/1/21-6/30/22	10 471		4 797	(10 471)	(4 863)	(5 674)	10 471
Total Special Revenue					4,797	(10,471)	(4,863)	(5,674)	10,471
Total State Department of Education / Awards Subject to Single Audit Determination	Single Audit Determina	tion		\$ (411,949)	\$ 3,055,037	\$ (2,919,179)	\$ (205,781)	\$ (276,091)	\$ 4,116,845
Less: State Awards Not Subject to Single Audit Major Program Determination On-Behalf TPAF Pension System Contributions: On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Contributions 22.405-034-6094-0	rogram Determination 22-495-034-5094-001	7/1/21-6/30/22	(898 268)			898 128			
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance	22-495-034-5094-001 22-495-034-5094-001	7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22	(1,381,667) $(19,493)$			1,381,667			
On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance	22-495-034-5094-001	7/1/21-6/30/22	(528)			528			
Total State Awards Subject to Single Audit Major Program Determination	am Determination					\$ (1,190,123)			

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards includes the federal and state grant activity of the Board of Education, Boonton Township School District Board of Education under programs of the federal and state governments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the District, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported in the accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are reported on the budgetary basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is described in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the Schedules represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3. INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the General and Special Revenue Funds on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the General and Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The General Fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the last two state aid payments in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:22-44.2. For GAAP purposes those payments are not recognized until the subsequent budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the last two state aid payments in the subsequent year. The Special Revenue Fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is (\$8,818) for the General Fund and (\$25,926) for the Special Revenue Fund. See Note 1D for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the General and Special Revenue Funds, respectively.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Continued)

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Revenue from federal and state awards are reported in the Board's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented below:

]	Federal	 State		Total
General Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$	231,258	\$ 2,899,890 9,659		\$ 2,899,890 240,917
Total Financial Awards	\$	231,258	\$ 2,909,549		\$ 3,140,807

NOTE 5. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 6. FEDERAL AND STATE LOANS OUTSTANDING

Boonton Township School District had no loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 7. OTHER

TPAF Social Security contributions represent the amount reimbursed by the State for the employers' share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Summary of Auditors' Results:

- The Independent Auditors' Report expresses a qualified opinion on the financial statements as the District's note disclosure on postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) contains the June 30, 2020 information and not the June 30, 2021 information as the report for Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for the State of New Jersey State Health Benefits Local Education Retired Employees Plan ("SHBP") has not been released by the Division of Pensions and Benefits, Department of the Treasury, State of New Jersey, as of the date of this report. In our opinion, disclosure of this information is required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- There were no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies disclosed during the audit of the financial statements as reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- There were no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over major state programs disclosed during the audit as reported in the *Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by NJ OMB 15-08*.
- The auditor's report on compliance for the major state program for the District expresses an unmodified opinion on the major state program.
- The District was not subject to the single audit provisions of the Uniform Guidance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 as federal grant expenditures were less than the single audit threshold of \$750,000 identified in the Uniform Guidance.
- The audit did not disclose any audit findings which are required to be reported in accordance with New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 or 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance.
- The District's programs tested as a major state program for the current fiscal year consisted of the following state aid:

			Award	Budgetary
	Grant Number	Grant Period	Amount	Expenditures
Reimbursed TPAF				
Social Security Contributions	22-495-034-5094-003	7/1/21-6/30/22	\$ 286,141	\$ 286,141

- The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and Type B state programs was \$750,000.
- The District was determined to be a "low-risk" auditee for state programs.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Continued)

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards:

- The audit did not disclose any findings required to be reported under Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

- Not applicable since federal expenditures were below the single audit threshold.

Findings and Questioned Costs for State Awards:

The audit did not disclose any finding or questioned costs for state awards as defined in 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance or NJOMB 15-08.

BOONTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Status of Prior Year Findings:

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.