SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Secaucus, New Jersey

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE

FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

Secaucus Board of Education

Secaucus, New Jersey

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by

Secaucus Board of Education Business Department

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY	SECTION

Page

Orga Roste	er of Trar nizationa er of Off sultants a	ıl Chart	1-4 5 6 7
		FINANCIAL SECTION	
Indep	oendent A	Auditor's Report	8-10
REQ	UIRED	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION- PART I	
Mana	agement'	s Discussion and Analysis	11-18
Basio	e Financ	al Statements	
A.	Distr	ict-wide Financial Statements	
	A-1 A-2	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	19 20-21
B.	Fund	Financial Statements	
		rnmental Funds	
	B-1	Balance Sheet	22
	B-2 B-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	23
		and Changes in Fund Balances with the District-Wide Statements	24
	Propri	etary Funds	
	B-4	Statement of Net Position	25
	B-5	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	26
	B-6	Statement of Cash Flows	27
	Fiduc	iary Funds – Not Applicable	
	Notes	s to the Financial Statements	28-68
REQ	UIRED	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II	
C.	Budg	etary Comparison Schedules	
	C-1	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
		in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual - General Fund	69-7 4
	C-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Revenue Fund	75
	C-3	Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures	
		and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Notes to the	
		Required Supplementary Information	76

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART III

L.	Schedules Related to Accounting and Reporting for Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits
	("OPEB")

L-1	Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of the District's Proportionate	
	Share of the Net Pension Liability – Public Employees Retirement System	77
L-2	Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of District Contributions –	
	Public Employees Retirement System	78
L-3	Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of the District's Proportionate	
	Share of the Net Pension Liability – Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund	79
L-4	Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Net Pension Liability	80
L-5	Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Changes in District's Proportionate	
	Share of Total OPEB Liability	81
L-6	Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Total OPEB Liability	82

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

D. School Level Schedules (Not Applicable)

Special Revenue Fund

	E-1	Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures Special Revenue Fund – Budgetary Basis	83-84
Capit	tal Proje	cts Fund	
	F-1	Summary Schedule of Project Expenditures	85
	F-2	Summary Schedule of Project Expenditures and Changes in	
		Fund Balance – Budgetary Basis	86
	F-2a	Schedule of Project Revenues, Expenditures, Project Balance and Project Status -	
		Budgetary Basis	87

- G. Enterprise Funds Not Applicable
- H. Fiduciary Funds Not Applicable

I. Long-Term Debt

I-1	Schedule of Bonds Payable	88
I-2	Schedule of Capital and Other Financing Agreements	89
I-3	Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule	90

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

Financial Tr	ends	
J-1	Net Position by Component	91
J-2	Changes in Net Position	92-93
J-3	Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	94
J-4	Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	95
J-5	General Fund Other Local Revenue by Source	96
Revenue Cap	pacity	
J-6	Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	97
J-7	Property Tax Rates	98
J-8	Principal Property Taxpayers	99
J-9	Property Tax Levies and Collections	100
Debt Capaci	ty	
J-10	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	101
J-11	Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	102
J-12	Computation of Direct and Overlapping Outstanding Bonded Debt	103
J-13	Legal Debt Margin Information	104
Demographi	c and Economic Information	
J-14	Demographic Statistics	105
J-15	Principal Employers	106
Operating In	formation	
J-16	Full Time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program	107
J-17	Operating Statistics	108
J-18	School Building Information	109
J-19	Schedule of Required Maintenance for School Facilities	110
J-20	Schedule of Insurance	111

K.

J.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

112-113
114-116
117
118
119-120
121-122
123
124
125

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Secaucus Public Schools

Dr. Daniela Riser Acting Superintendent of Schools (201) 974-2000 x2052 Ms. Grace Yeo Business Administrator/Board Secretary (201) 974-2008

January 27, 2023

Honorable President and Members of the Secaucus Board of Education 685 Fifth Street Secaucus, New Jersey 07094

Dear Board Members:

State Department of Education statutes require that all School District's prepare a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) of the Secaucus Board of Education for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Secaucus Board of Education. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Secaucus Board of Education has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the school district's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Secaucus Board of Education's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Secaucus Board of Education's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects

The Secaucus Board of Education's financial statements have been audited by Lerch, Vinci & Bliss, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants and public-school accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Secaucus Board of Education for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion

that the Secaucus Board of Education's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Secaucus Board of Education was part of a broader, federal and state mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal control and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards and state financial assistance. These reports are available in the Single Audit Section of the Secaucus Board of Education's ACFR.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Secaucus Board of Education's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

1). REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: Secaucus Board of Education is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB). All funds of the District are included in this report. The Secaucus Board of Education and all its schools constitute the District's reporting entity.

The District provides a full range of educational services appropriate to grade levels PK through 12. These include regular, vocational as well as special education for students with disabilities. The District completed the 2021-2022 fiscal year with an enrollment of 2,197 students. The following details the changes in the student enrollment of the District over the last ten (10) years.

Fiscal	Student	Percent
<u>Year</u> 2021-2022	<u>Count</u> 2,197	<u>Change</u> 0.1
2020-2021	2,194	(3.3)
2019-2020	2,270	(.09)
2018-2019	2,272	3.4
2017-2018	2,197	3.9
		· · ·
		~ /
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2013-2014 2012-2013	2,183 2,185	(.1) 1.8
2019-2020 2018-2019 2017-2018 2016-2017 2015-2016 2014-2015 2013-2014	2,270 2,272 2,197 2,114 2,120 2,185 2,183	(.09) 3.4 3.9 (0.3) (3.0) 0.1 (.1)

2). ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK: The Town of Secaucus continues with a significant increase in residential construction. This is due to the completion of housing units being built in various parts of town. Current construction has yielded additional students and our population will continue its rise in the long term. Future planned construction could also continue to impact the student population. The additional ratables will continue to assist in stabilizing the tax rate. This in turn will provide revenues which will enable the Town of Secaucus to continue providing services that were the basis for Secaucus being considered a very good place to live in New Jersey. For all these reasons, Secaucus will continue to prosper economically, and its residents will continue to enjoy a high quality of life.

3). MAJOR INITIATIVES: The Secaucus School District has continued to strive toward academic improvement, through implementation of high-quality professional development, the updating of multiple curriculum documents, the acquisition of "Linkit" for data warehousing and assessment, and continuing the enactment of our progressive Mathematics program, Reveal Math with ALEKS. Specific measures completed in the school year include:

- The updating of a majority of our curriculum documents to the 2020 New Jersey Student Learning Standards
- Continuing our partnership with the Teachers College Reading and Writing Program for grades K-2 and 3-5 in both elementary schools.
- The completion of a 1:1 technology initiative, with "Ed-camp" tech training districtwide, for staff and students in grades K-12.
- Successful transition back to in-person, full-day instruction for ALL students in September of 2021

The following information provided is reflective of the continuing improvement of the educational program provided by the Secaucus Board of Education:

Class of 2022 comprised 130 students. Class of 2022 post graduation;

- \succ 78% attended 4-year colleges
- ► 8% attended 2-year colleges
- ➤ 5% Trade School
- ➢ 9% Undecided/Workforce

<u>4).INTERNAL ACCOUNT CONTROLS:</u> Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the District also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to evaluation by the District management.

As part of the District's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5). BUDGETARY CONTROLS: In addition to internal accounting controls, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund, special revenue fund and debt service fund. Project-length budgets are approved for the capital improvements accounted for in the capital projects fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as a re-appropriation of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be re-appropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2022.

<u>6). ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS:</u> The District's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Government Accounts Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the District is organized on the basis of funds. These funds are explained in the "Notes to the Financial Statements".

<u>7). DEBT ADMINISTRATION:</u> As of June 30, 2022, the District's outstanding debt issues included \$19,550,000 of general obligation and refunding bonds.

8). CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the District is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in the "Notes to the Financial Statements". The District has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted to protect Governmental Units from loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

<u>9). RISK MANAGEMENT</u>: The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, and fidelity bonds.

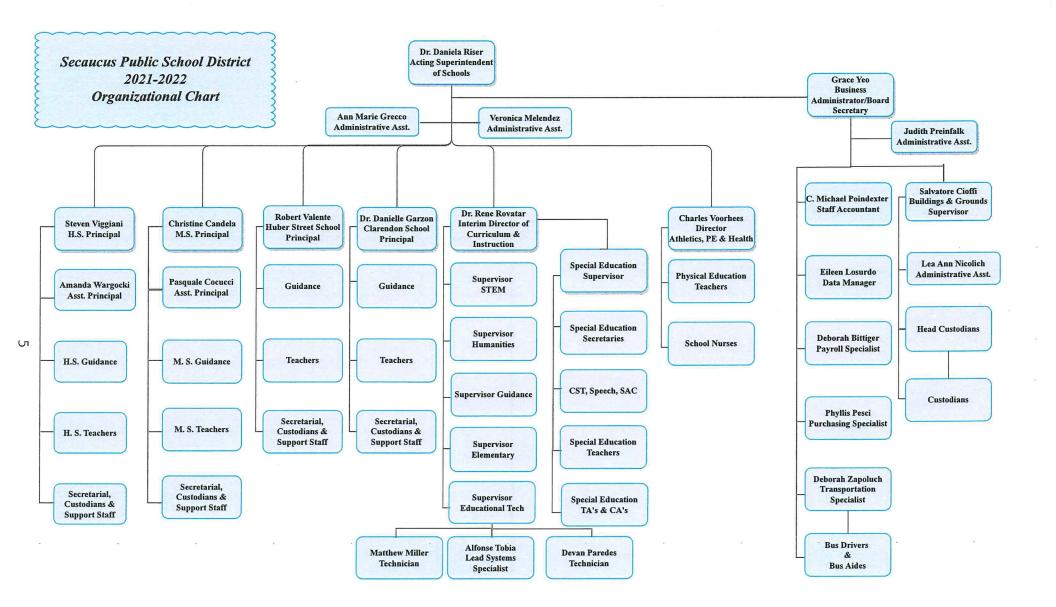
<u>10). OTHER INFORMATION</u>: State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Lerch Vinci & Bliss, LLP was selected by the Secaucus Board of Education. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the single audit requirements of the U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements, the individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's report related specifically to the single audit is included in the single audit section of this report.

<u>11). ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:</u> We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Secaucus Board of Education for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the school district and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial and accounting staff.

Respectfully submitted,

Grace yeo

Grace Yeo Business Administrator/Board Secretary



Secaucus Board of Education

Roster of Officials

June 30, 2022

Name	<u>Term Expires</u>
Jack McStowe, President	2022
Lance Bartletta, Vice President	2023
Enrico Bolognino	2023
Leah Farinola	2024
Abigail Gonzalez	2024
Ruby Kish	2024
Joe Lewis	2023
Kathy O'Connell	2022
Jayesh Patel	2022

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Audit Firm

Lerch, Vinci & Bliss LLP 17-17 Route 208 Fair Lawn, New Jersey 07410

Attorneys

Fogarty & Hara 21-00 Route 208 South Fair Lawn, New Jersey 07410

Wilentz Goldman & Spitzer 90 Woodbridge Center Drive Suite 900 Box 10 Woodbridge, New Jersey 07095-0958

,

Official Depository

TD Bank 1262 Paterson Plank Road Secaucus, New Jersey 07094

Consultant

DiCara/Rubino Architects 30 Galesi Drive, West Wing Wayne, NJ 07470

Construction Manager:

Legacy Construction Management, Inc. 435 Slopping Hill Terrace Brick, New Jersey 08723

Benefit Advisors:

Brown & Brown Benefit Advisors 24 Arnett Ave. Ste. 110 Lambertville, New Jersey 08530

FINANCIAL SECTION



ELIZABETH A. SHICK, CPA, RMA, PSA

ROBERT W. HAAG, CPA, RMA, PSA

CHRISTOPHER VINCI, CPA, PSA

CHRISTINA CUIFFO, CPA, PSA

DEBRA GOLLE, CPA

ROBERT LERCH, CPA

MARK SACO, CPA

DIETER P. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA GARY J. VINCI, CPA, RMA, PSA JEFFREY C. BLISS, CPA, RMA, PSA PAUL J. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA JULIUS B. CONSONI, CPA, PSA ANDREW D. PARENTE, CPA, RMA, PSA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Secaucus Board of Education 685 Fifth Street Secaucus, New Jersey 07094

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Secaucus Board of Education, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Secaucus Board of Education as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Secaucus Board of Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Secaucus Board of Education's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

17-17 ROUTE 208 • FAIR LAWN, NJ 07410 • TELEPHONE (201) 791-7100 • FACSIMILE (201) 791-3035 WWW.LVBCPA.COM

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Secaucus Board of Education's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension information and other postemployment benefits information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Secaucus Board of Education's basic financial statements. The accompanying fund financial statements, schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance as required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Secaucus Board of Education. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, fund financial statements, schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, financial schedules and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2023 on our consideration of the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kuch, Vinc Victor, LLF LERCH, VINCI & BLISS, LLP

LERCH, VINCI & BLISS, LLI Certified Public Accountants Public School Accountants

Gary J. Whici

Gary J. Whici Public School Accountant PSA Number CS00829

Fair Lawn, New Jersey January 27, 2023

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The discussion and analysis of the Secaucus Board of Education's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the financial statements as well as the financial statements themselves to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$28,139,182 (net position).
- General revenues accounted for \$39,361,194 in revenue or 72 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$15,481,838 or 28 percent of total revenues of \$54,843,032.
- Total net position of governmental activities amounted to \$27,007,389 as of June 30, 2022.
- The District had \$48,842,680 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$14,140,074 were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$39,361,194 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$49,681,060 in revenues and \$46,833,021 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increased \$2,848,039 or 28 percent from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 balance.

Using the Annual Comprehensive Financial report (ACFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Secaucus Board of Education as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the district's most significant funds. In the case of the Secaucus Board of Education, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position reports information on the District as a whole. The statement includes all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The Statement of Activities takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current laws in New Jersey restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extra-curricular activities.
- Business-Type Activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods and services provided. The District's food service program and technology program are reported as a business-type activity.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. The District's governmental funds are the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund. The Enterprise Fund includes the District's Food Service Fund and Technology Program Fund.

Governmental Funds

The District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future years. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Enterprise Fund

The Enterprise Fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match the information provided in statements for the District as a whole.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the District-wide and fund financial statements.

The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspectives of the District as a whole, showing assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and the difference between them (net position). Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

Below is a summary of the District's Net Position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Statement of Net Position							
As of June 30, 2022 and 2021							
	Governmental			ness-Type			
	Activ	vities	Ac	tivities	Te	Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Assets							
Current Assets	\$ 14,887,348	\$ 13,927,030	\$ 957,22	9 \$ 1,117,036	\$ 15,844,577	\$ 15,044,066	
Capital Assets	45,457,611	46,164,032	193,52	4 159,902	45,651,135	46,323,934	
Total Assets	60,344,959	60,091,062	1,150,75	3 1,276,938	61,495,712	61,368,000	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred Amount on Net Pension Liability	121,936	731,968	-		121,936	731,968	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	121,936	731,968	-		121,936	731,968	
Liabilities							
Other Liabilities	1,726,972	1,388,492	18,80	2 28,318	1,745,774	1,416,810	
Long-Term Liabilities	27,504,906	30,848,614	-		27,504,906	30,848,614	
Total Liabilities	29,231,878	32,237,106	18,80	2 28,318	29,250,680	32,265,424	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred Commodities Revenue			15	8 198	158	198	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		2,259,020			-		
Deferred Amount on Net Pension Liability	4,227,628	3,978,103	-		4,227,628	3,978,103	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,227,628	6,237,123	15	8198	4,227,786	3,978,301	
Net Position:			,				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,840,528	25,321,865	193,52	4 159,902	26,034,052	25,481,767	
Restricted	11,311,039	8,693,843			11,311,039	8,693,843	
Unrestricted	(10,144,178)	(11,666,907)	938,26	9 1,088,520	(9,205,909)	(10,578,387)	
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 27,007,389</u>	<u>\$ 22,348,801</u>	<u>\$ 1,131,79</u>	3 <u>\$ 1,248,422</u>	\$ 28,139,182	<u>\$ 23,597,223</u>	

The District's combined net position was \$28,139,182 and \$23,597,223 on June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. This was an increase of \$4,541,959 or 19 percent from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmental		Business-Type			
	Activities		Activities		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 415,723	\$ 135,966	\$ 142,617	\$ 62,673	\$ 558,340	\$ 198,639
Grants and Contributions	10,268,115	16,073,215	1,199,147	1,027,091	11,467,262	17,100,306
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	38,751,050	38,301,584			38,751,050	38,301,584
State Aid	406,300	425,386			406,300	425,386
Other	203,844	116,143	-		203,844	116,143
Total Revenues	50,045,032	55,052,294	1,341,764	1,089,764	51,386,796	56,142,058
Program Expenses						
Instruction	27,158,825	32,074,343			27,158,825	32,074,343
Support Services						
Student and Instruction Related	4,926,219	5,730,596			4,926,219	5,730,596
General Administration	1,206,331	1,181,161			1,206,331	1,181,161
School Administration	2,437,943	2,912,271			2,437,943	2,912,271
Central Services	1,153,344	1,160,327			1,153,344	1,160,327
Plant Operations and Maintenance	6,302,938	6,280,124			6,302,938	6,280,124
Pupil Transportation	1,529,561	1,230,309			1,529,561	1,230,309
Interest on Debt	671,283	714,387			671,283	714,387
Food Service		-	1,386,035	752,870	1,386,035	752,870
Technology Program	-		72,358	6,533	72,358	6,533
Total Expenses	45,386,444	51,283,518	1,458,393	759,403	46,844,837	52,042,921
Change in Net Position	4,658,588	3,768,776	(116,629)	330,361	4,541,959	4,099,137
Net Position, Beginning of Year	22,348,801	18,580,025	1,248,422	918,061	23,597,223	19,498,086
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 27,007,389</u>	\$ 22,348,801	<u>\$ 1,131,793</u>	<u>\$ 1,248,422</u>	\$ 28,139,182	\$ 23,597,223

Governmental Activities

The District's total governmental activities revenues were \$53,501,268 and \$55,052,294 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Property taxes made up 72 and 70 percent of revenues for governmental activities for the Secaucus Board of Education for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Federal, state and local grants accounted for 27 and 29 percent of revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Other revenues accounted for 1 and 1 percent of revenues for fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$48,842,680 and \$51,283,518 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Instruction comprises 60 and 63 percent of governmental expenses for years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Support services expenses make up 39 and 36 percent of governmental expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Interest on debt accounted for 1 percent governmental of expenses for both fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services.

				Cost <u>rvices</u> <u>2021</u>
Instruction	\$ 29,432,709	\$ 32,074,343	\$ 18,838,879	\$ 19,941,278
Support Services				
Student and Instruction Related	5,311,587	5,730,596	3,931,396	4,058,349
General Administration, School Admin.,				
Central Services	5,207,965	5,253,759	4,418,040	4,157,216
Plant Operations and Maintenance	6,588,128	6,280,124	6,111,471	5,822,431
Pupil Transportation	1,631,008	1,230,309	960,561	592,450
Interest on Debt	671,283	714,387	442,259	502,613
Total	\$ 48,842,680	\$ 51,283,518	\$ 34,702,606	\$ 35,074,337

Total and Net Cost of Services for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities include the food service operation and technology program. The programs had revenues of \$1,341,764 and \$1,089,764 and expenses of \$1,458,393 and \$759,403 in fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Of the revenues, \$142,617 and \$62,673 was charges for services paid by patrons for daily food service and program fees; \$1,199,147 and \$1,027,091 was from State and Federal reimbursements for the food service program for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The significant increase in State and Federal reimbursement in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is the result of all student meals served being reimbursed at the free rate as a result of COVID-19 amended regulations.

The School District's Funds

All governmental funds (i.e., general fund, special revenue fund, capital projects fund and debt service fund presented in the fund-based statements) are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total revenues amounted to \$54,716,566 and \$50,060,097 and expenditures were \$51,849,152 and \$47,355,782 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The net change in the fund balance for the year was an increase of \$2,867,414 mainly as the result of the excess results of operations in the General Fund.

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedules present a summary of the revenues of the governmental funds for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Years	End	ed	-		Percent
<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>	(Decrease)	Change
			•		
\$ 39,370,617	\$	38,554,348	\$.	816,269	2.12%
12,553,310		10,054,057		2,499,253	24.86%
 2,792,639		1,451,692		1,340,947	92.37%
\$ 54,716,566	\$	50 060 097	\$	4 656 469	9.30%
\$	2022 \$ 39,370,617 12,553,310	2022 \$ 39,370,617 \$ 12,553,310 2,792,639	\$ 39,370,617 \$ 38,554,348 12,553,310 10,054,057 2,792,639 1,451,692	Years Ended 2022 2021 (\$ 39,370,617 \$ 38,554,348 \$ 12,553,310 10,054,057 2,792,639 1,451,692	2022 2021 (Decrease) \$ 39,370,617 \$ 38,554,348 \$ 816,269 12,553,310 10,054,057 2,499,253 2,792,639 1,451,692 1,340,947

The following schedule represents a summary of the governmental funds expenditures for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Amount of <u>Years Ended</u> Increase Percent							
Expenditures		2022		2021 (Decrease)		Decrease)	Change	
Current								
Instruction	\$	30,717,542	\$	28,291,372	\$	2,426,170	8.58%	
Support Services		17,918,001		15,582,054		2,335,947	14.99%	
Capital Outlay		1,142,740		1,132,427		10,313	0.91%	
Debt Service				1. S.				
Principal		1,386,142		1,617,486		(231,344)	-14.30%	
Interest		684,727	,	732,443		(47,716)	-6.51%	
Total Expenditures	\$	51,849,152	<u>\$</u>	47,355,782	<u>\$</u>	4,493,370	9.49%	

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to New Jersey Law, and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budget fund is the General Fund.

During the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget several times. Revisions in the budget were made to prevent over-expenditures in specific line item accounts.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal years 2022 and 2021, the District had \$45,457,611 and \$193,524 and \$46,164,032 and \$159,902 invested in land, buildings, furniture and equipment and vehicles and construction in progress for governmental activities and business type activities net of accumulated depreciation, respectively. Overall capital assets for governmental activities decreased \$706,421 and capital assets of business type activities increased \$33,622 as a result of capital asset additions exceeding depreciation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Capital Assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021

		tal Activities otal	Business Type Activities <u>Total</u>			
	2022	2021	2022	<u>2021</u>		
Land Improvements Other Than Buildings Construction in Progress Buildings and Building Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$ 533,623 1,574,763 758,130 66,800,367 6,380,135	\$ 533,623 1,531,954 66,567,597 6,271,104	<u>\$ 511,645</u>	<u>\$ 443,635</u>		
Less Accumulated Depreciation Net	76,047,018 30,589,407 \$ 45,457,611	74,904,278 28,740,246 \$ 46,164,032	511,645 318,121 \$ 193,524	443,635 283,733 \$ 159,902		

Additional information about the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Long-Term Liabilities

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District had \$27,504,906 and \$30,848,614 of long-term liabilities. Of this amount, \$1,945,149 and \$1,427,520 is for compensated absences; and \$19,550,000 and \$20,745,000 of bonds payable; \$69,412 and \$99,496 for capital financing agreements; \$103,138 and \$244,286 for other financing agreements, \$24,977 and \$44,887 for deferred pension obligations, and \$5,812,230 and \$8,287,425 for net pension liability, respectively.

Additional information about the District's Long-Term Debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

For the Future

Secaucus Board of Education demonstrated strengths in developing and implementing budgets was a major factor in the successes of the 2022-2023 school year. The process is broad based and includes the staff, administration and Board of Education. All effort in the development of a budget are directed at achieving district goals. As we look forward, the administration and staff are prepared to face the new economic realities of minimal increases in state aid and statutory CAPS on property tax increases. In these difficult times improvement of student achievement will always be our paramount consideration.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Grace Yeo, Business Administrator/Board Secretary at Secaucus Board of Education, 685 Fifth Street, Secaucus, New Jersey 07094.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 12,550,219	\$ 854,310	\$ 13,404,529
Receivables, Net	2,337,129	94,571	2,431,700
Inventory		8,348	8,348
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,291,753		1,291,753
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, net	44,165,858	193,524	44,359,382
Total Assets	60,344,959	1,150,753	61,495,712
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Amount on Net Pension Liability	121,936		121,936
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	121,936		121,936
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	60,466,895	1,150,753	61,617,648
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	720,830	125	720,955
Payable to Federal Government	144		144
Payable to State Government	116,790		116,790
Accrued Interest Payable	245,878		245,878
Unearned Revenue	643,330	18,677	662,007
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	1,563,739		1,563,739
Due Beyond One Year	25,941,167		25,941,167
Total Liabilities	29,231,878	18,802	29,250,680
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Commodities Revenue		158	158
Deferred Amount on Net Pension Liability	4,227,628		4,227,628
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,227,628	158	4,227,786
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	33,459,506	18,960	33,478,466
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,840,528	193,524	26,034,052
Restricted for			
Capital Projects	9,998,513		9,998,513
Maintenance Projects	1,025,198		1,025,198
Other Purposes	287,328		287,328
Unrestricted	(10,144,178)	938,269	(9,205,909)
Total Net Position	\$ 27,007,389	\$ 1,131,793	\$ 28,139,182

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		FO		LI FISCAL I	EAK ENDED J	UINE 50, 2022				-	
				1)				ense) Revenue		
					Program Revenu Operating		- <u> </u>	nange	es in Net Posit	ion	
			C	harges for	Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Ru	siness-Type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities		Activities		Total
Governmental Activities								-			
Instruction											
Regular	\$	19,892,050	\$	8,400	\$ 5,723,184		\$ (14,160,466)			\$	(14,160,466)
Special Education		7,207,913			4,031,175		(3,176,738)				(3,176,738)
Other Instruction		589,297			115,127		(474,170)				(474,170)
School Sponsored Activities and Athletics		1,730,961		405,825	308,689		(1,016,447)				(1,016,447)
Community Services		12,488			1,430		(11,058)				(11,058)
Support Services											
Student and Instruction Related Services		5,311,587		1,498	1,378,693		(3,931,396)				(3,931,396)
School Administration Services		2,685,042			551,374		(2,133,668)				(2,133,668)
General Administration Services		1,270,298			103,668		(1,166,630)				(1,166,630)
Plant Operations and Maintenance		6,588,128			476,657		(6,111,471)				(6,111,471)
Pupil Transportation		1,631,008			670,447		(960,561)				(960,561)
Central Services		1,252,625			134,883		(1,117,742)				(1,117,742)
Interest on Long Term Debt		671,283		-	229,024		(442,259)	_			(442,259)
Total Governmental Activities		48,842,680		415,723	13,724,351		(34,702,606)				(34,702,606)
Business-Type Activities											
Food Service		1,386,035		71,710	1,199,147	-	-	\$	(115,178)		(115,178)
Technology Program		72,358		70,907	-	-	-	-	(1,451)		(1,451)
Total Business-Type Activities		1,458,393		142,617	1,199,147			-	(116,629)		(116,629)
Total Primary Government	\$	50,301,073	\$	558,340	\$ 14,923,498	<u> </u>	\$ (34,702,606)	\$	(116,629)	\$	(34,819,235)
Total I milary Government	•	50,501,075	<u>ф</u>	556,540	φ 1 7 ,723,490	ψ	<u>v (34,702,000</u>)	Ψ	(110,029)		(37,019,235)

Continued

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>					
General Revenues								
Property Taxes - General Purposes	\$ 37,517,774		\$ 37,517,774					
Property Taxes - Debt Service	1,233,276		1,233,276					
State Aid Restricted for Debt Service	406,300		406,300					
Miscellaneous Income	203,844	_	203,844					
Total General Revenues	39,361,194		39,361,194					
Change in Net Position	4,658,588	\$ (116,629)	4,541,959					
Net Position, Beginning of Year	22,348,801	1,248,422	23,597,223					
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 27,007,389</u>	<u>\$ 1,131,793</u>	<u>\$ 28,139,182</u>					

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

		General <u>Fund</u>		Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	,	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Receivables from Other Governments	\$	12,291,064 1,185 1,422,365 84,172	\$	256,826 9,873 2,241,899	\$	2,329			\$	12,550,219 11,058 1,422,365 2,326,071
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	13,798,786	<u>\$</u>	2,508,598	\$	2,329	\$		- \$	16,309,713
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable Due to Other Funds Payable to Federal Government Payable to State Government Unearned Revenue	\$	501,766 33,131 116,790	\$	185,933 1,422,365 144 643,330		_			\$	687,699 33,131 1,422,365 144 116,790 643,330
Total Liabilities		651,687		2,251,772		-		-		2,903,459
Fund Balances Restricted Capital Projects Scholarship Awards Student Activities Unemployment Compensation Reserve Maintenance Reserve Maintenance Reserve Emergency Reserve Capital Reserve Capital Reserve-Designated for Subsequent Year's Budget Committed Year End Encumbrances Assigned Year End Encumbrances Unassigned		30,502 1,025,198 400,000 7,573,513 2,425,000 329,558 177,598 1,185,730 13,147,099		877 255,949 	\$	2,329				2,329 877 255,949 30,502 1,025,198 400,000 7,573,513 2,425,000 329,558 177,598 1,185,730 13,406,254
Total Fund Balances	<u></u>				vicities					
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	13,798,786	<u>\$</u>	2,508,598	\$	2,329	<u>\$</u>			16,309,713
Total Fund Balances-Governmental Funds									\$	13,406,254
		ounts reported position (A-1)				ies in the stater	nent o	of		
	Car	vital accete used	in a	overnmental ac	tiviti	es are not finan	cial			

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fin resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. T of the assets is \$76,047,018 and the accumulated depred	he cost		
is \$30,589,407.			45,457,611
The District has financed capital assets through the issue serial bonds. The interest accrual at year end is:	ance of		(245,878)
Certain amounts resulting from the measurement of the reported as either deferred inflows of resources or defer on the statement of net position and deferred over future	red outflows of resource	s	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 121,936 (4,227,628)	
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not d payable in the current period and therefore are not repor liabilities in the funds. These items are as follows:			(4,105,692)
Bonds Payable	(19,550,000))	
Capital Financing Agreements	(69,412)	
Other Financing Agreements	(103,138)	
Deferred Pension Obligation	(24,977)	
Net Pension Liability	(5,812,230))	
Compensated Absences Payable	(1,945,149)	
			(27,504,906)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$</u>	27,007,389

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fun <u>d</u>	Capit Projec Fund	ets	Debt Service Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						-			4
Local Sources									
Property Taxes	\$	37,517,774					\$ 1,233,276	\$	38,751,050
Tuition		8,400							8,400
Rents and Royalties		850							850
Unrestricted Miscellaneous Revenues		202,994	<u>\$</u>	407,323					610,317
Total - Local Sources		37,730,018		407,323		-	1,233,276		39,370,617
State Sources		11,917,986					635,324		12,553,310
Federal Sources		33,056		2,759,583	<u></u>				2,792,639
Total Revenues		49,681,060	<u></u>	3,166,906			1,868,600	<u></u>	54,716,566
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Regular Instruction		20,259,117		534,500					20,793,617
Special Education Instruction		6,521,888		978,796					7,500,684
Other Instruction		613,461							613,461
School Sponsored Activities and Athletics		1,408,554		387,198					1,795,752
Community Services		14,028							14,028
Support Services									
Student and Instruction Related Services		5,019,390		488,907					5,508,297
School Administration Services		2,850,059							2,850,059
General Administration Services		1,326,917							1,326,917
Plant Operations and Maintenance		5,353,616							5,353,616
Pupil Transportation		1,535,614							1,535,614
Central Services		1,343,498							1,343,498
Debt Service									
Principal		191,142					1,195,000		1,386,142
Interest and Other Charges		11,127					673,600		684,727
Capital Outlay		384,610		758,130	·····		-		1,142,740
Total Expenditures		46,833,021		3,147,531		-	1,868,600	<u> </u>	51,849,152
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		2,848,039		19,375		-	-		2,867,414
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		10,299,060		237,451	<u>\$</u> 2	2,329			10,538,840
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$</u>	13,147,099	<u>\$</u>	256,826	<u>\$</u>	2,329	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	13,406,254

		EXHIBIT B-3	
SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT (REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES WITH THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)F		
FOR THE FISCAL TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022			
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit B-2)		\$ 2,867,414	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the current period.			
Capital Outlay	\$ 1,142,740		
Depreciation Expense	(1,849,161)	(706,421)	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal Repayments			
Bond Principal Deferred Pension Obligation - Net	1,195,000		
Capital Financing Agreement Principal	19,910 30,084		
Other Financing Agreement Principal	141,148		
		1,386,142	
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount			
reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current			
financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense			
is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.			
Decrease in Accrued Interest		13,444	
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences and other retirement programs - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (paid) When the earned amount exceeds the paid amount, the difference is reduction in the reconciliation (-); when the paid amount exceeds the earned amount the difference is an addition to the reconciliation (+)			
Decrease in Pension Expense	1,615,638		
Increase in Compensated Absences	(517,629)	1 000 000	
		1,098,009	
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A-2)		\$ 4,658,588	

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	Busin E		
	Food <u>Service Fund</u>	Non Major Technology Program <u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 792,124	\$ 62,186	\$ 854,310
Intergovernmental Receivable			
State	1,750		1,750
Federal Inventory	92,821 8,348	_	92,821 8,348
inventory	0,540		
Total Current Assets	895,043	62,186	957,229
Capital Assets			
Machinery and Equipment	511,645		511,645
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(318,121)		(318,121)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	193,524	<u> </u>	193,524
Total Assets	1,088,567	62,186	1,150,753
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	125		125
Unearned Revenue	18,677		18,677
Total Current Liabilities	18,802	-	18,802
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Commodities Revenue	158	-	158
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	158	-	158
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,960		18,960
NET POSITION			
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	193,524	-	193,524
Unrestricted	876,083	62,186	938,269
Total Net Position	\$ 1,069,607	\$ 62,186	<u>\$ 1,131,793</u>

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					
	<u>s</u>	Food Service Fund	Non Ma Technology <u>Fun</u> e	Program	<u>1</u>	<u>`otals</u>
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for Services						
Daily Sales - Non-Reimbursable Programs Program Fees	\$	71,710	\$	70,907		71,710 70,907
Total Operating Revenues		71,710		70,907		142,617
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of Sales - Reimbursable Programs		534,121				534,121
Cost of Sales - Non-Reimbursable Programs		31,040			×	31,040
Salaries and Employee Benefits		505,601				505,601
Other Purchased Services		146,115				146,115
Management Fee		82,500	•			82,500
General Supplies		42,844	· ·	68,187		111,031
Miscellaneous Expenditures		9,426		4,171		13,597
Depreciation Expense	<u> </u>	34,388		-		34,388
Total Operating Expenses		1,386,035		72,358		1,458,393
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,314,325)		(1,451)		(1,315,776)
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
State Sources						
School Lunch Program		26,367				26,367
Federal Sources						
National School Lunch Program		964,961				964,961
Emergency Operational Reimb		30,045				30,045
Food Distribution Program		41,838				41,838
P-EBT Reimbursement		1,242				1,242
National School Breakfast Program		134,694	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		134,694
Total Nonoperating Revenues		1,199,147				1,199,147
Net Income (Loss)		(115,178)	·	(1,451)		(116,629)
Change in Net Position		(115,178)		(1,451)		(116,629)
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year		1,184,785		63,637		1,248,422
Total Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$</u>	1,069,607	<u>\$</u>	62,186	\$	1,131,793

The Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an Integral Part of this Statement

26

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					
	Non Major					
		Food	Tech	Technology Program		
		Service Fund		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Totals</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	62,406	\$	70,907	\$	133,313
Cash Payments to Employees' Salaries and Benefits		(505,601)				(505,601)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(806,482)		(72,358)		(878,840)
Net Cash Provided (Used for) Operating Activities		(1,249,677)		(1,451)		(1,251,128)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Cash Received from State and Federal Subsidy Reimbursements		1,158,495				1,158,495
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		1,158,495				1,158,495
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(68,010)				(68,010)
Net Cash Used for Noncapital Financing Activities		(68,010)	-			(68,010)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(159,192)		(1,451)		(160,643)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		951,316		63,637		1,014,953
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$</u>	792,124	<u>\$</u>	62,186	<u>\$</u>	854,310
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Used for Operating Activities						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,314,325)	<u>\$</u>	(1,451)	\$	(1,315,776)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to						
Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities						
Depreciation		34,388				34,388
Non-Cash Federal Assistance - Food Distribution - National						
School Lunch Program		41,838				41,838
Change in Assets and Liabilities						
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory		(2,062)				(2,062)
Increase/(Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		(9,304)				(9,304)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(212)				(212)
Total Adjustments		64,648				64,648
Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	(1,249,677)	<u>\$</u>	(1,451)	<u>\$</u>	(1,251,128)
Non-Cash Financing Activities						
National School Lunch (Food Distribution Program)	\$	41,798	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	41,798

The Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an Integral Part of this Statement

. .

.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Secaucus Board of Education (the "Board" or the "District") is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The Board consists of nine elected officials and is responsible for the fiscal control of the District. A Superintendent of Schools is appointed by the Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the District. A School Business Administrator/Board Secretary is also appointed by the Board and oversees the business functions of the District. Under existing statutes, the Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the development and adoption of a school program; the establishment, organization and operation of schools; and the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property. The Board currently operates a Pre-Kindergarten through grade twelve (12) school district.

The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls. The Superintendent of Schools is the Chief Administrative Officer of the District who is responsible for general supervision of all schools, planning and operational functions of the District. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary is the Chief Financial Officer and is responsible for budgeting, financial accounting and reporting and reports through the Superintendent of Schools to the Board.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the Secaucus Board of Education this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based on the foregoing criteria, the District has no component units. Furthermore, the District is not includable in any other reporting entity as a component unit.

B. <u>New Accounting Standards</u>

During fiscal year 2022, the District adopted the following GASB statements:

- GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.
- GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities.
- GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objective of this Statement is to enhance comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>New Accounting Standards</u> (Continued)

- GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No.84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The objective of this Statement is to provide more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The requirements also will enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of (1) the information related to Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and the benefits provided through those plans and (2) investment information for all Section 457 plans.
- GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. This Statement establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. That new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments.

Other accounting standards that the District is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

- GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements*, will be effective beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The objective of this Statement will be to improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. That definition and uniform guidance will result in greater consistency in practice. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs.
- GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, the section applicable to the District will be effective beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees.
- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, will be effective beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.
- GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, will be effective beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements

The financial statements include both district-wide financial statements (based on the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (based on specific District activities or objectives). Both the district-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities. While separate district-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. In the district-wide financial statements, the governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the District's enterprise funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Currently the District has no fiduciary funds.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Board of Education. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. In the statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reflect on a full accrual economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or other governmental entities, including other school districts, who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Board's proprietary funds since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary activities, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The District considers all of its governmental funds and its food service enterprise fund to be major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue fund* accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. This fund accounts for federal, state and local financial programs, with the exception of grants for major capital projects and the child nutrition programs, student activity funds derived from athletic events or other activities of pupil organizations and private donations for scholarship awards.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the proceeds from the sale of bonds, financing agreements and other revenues used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by the proprietary funds.

The *debt service fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The District reports the following major proprietary fund which is organized to be self-supporting through user charges:

The *food service fund* accounts for the activities of the school cafeteria, which provides food service to students as well as a la carte and catering services for administrators, teachers and special events.

The District reports the following non-major proprietary fund which is organized to be self-supporting through user charges:

The *technology program fund* accounts for the activities of student purchased insurance on district issued computers.

Strate in

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the district-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data may have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. All assets, all liabilities and all deferred outflows/inflows of resources associated with these operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they are both measurable and available). Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual basis of accounting, with the exception of debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt, acquisitions under financing agreements and leases payable for intangible right-to-use leased assets are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, tuition, unrestricted state aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements (formula-type grants and aid) are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. Expenditure-driven grants and similar awards (reimbursement-type grants and awards) are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value and are limited by N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37.

2. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value, and where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

3. Inventories

The cost of inventories of the governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are purchased.

Food Service Fund inventories, exclusive of the federal commodities, are valued at cost, using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method and consist of food and expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodity portion of the Food Service Fund inventory consists of food donated by the USDA. It is valued at estimated market prices by the USDA. The amount of unused commodities inventory at year-end is reported as deferred inflows of resources.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these capital assets through back trending. As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost except for intangible right-to-use leased assets the measurement of which is discussed in Note 1. E.8. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Improvements Other Than Buildings	20
Buildings and Building Improvements	20-50
Right-to-use Leased Buildings	3-5
Machinery and Equipment	5-20
Right-to-use Leased Equipment	5-10

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Board has one item which arises only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The one item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the district-wide statement of net position and result from: (1) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions; and (5) contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Board has two types which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item that qualifies for reporting in this category are the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the district-wide statement of net position and result from: (1) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years. The other item is the deferred commodities revenue, reported in both the district-wide and the proprietary funds statements of net position. The deferred commodities revenue represents the estimated market value of the donated and unused Federal commodities inventory at year end. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the commodities are consumed.

6. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate (with certain restrictions) earned but unused vacation, personal, and sick leave benefits. A long-term liability of accumulated vacation, personal and sick leave and salary related payments has been recorded in the governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements, representing the Board's commitment to fund such costs from future operations. A liability is reported in the governmental funds only to the amount actually due at year end as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

7. Pensions

In the district-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems sponsored and administered by the State of New Jersey and additions to/deductions from these retirement systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In the governmental fund financial statements, net pension liabilities represent amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources for required pension contributions that are due and payable at year end. Pension expenditures are recognized based on contractual pension contributions that are required to be made to the pension plan during the fiscal year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

8. Financing Agreements

Capital financing agreements and other financing agreements are financed purchase contracts that transfer ownership of the underlining assets or items (i.e. expendable supplies) to the District by the end of the agreement and do not contain termination options. Capital financing agreements and other financing agreements are recognized as long-term liabilities along with the related capital asset or expenses being financed, respectively, in the district-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, capital financing agreements and other financing agreements are recognized as other financing sources at the face amount of the financed purchase contract. Assets and supplies financed under these agreements are reported as capital outlay or current expenditures, respectively.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the district-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

10. Net Position/Fund Balance

District-Wide Statements

In the district-wide statements, there are three classes of net position:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included.
- **Restricted Net Position** reports net position when constraints placed on the residual amount of noncapital assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position any portion of net position not already classified as either net investment in capital assets or net position restricted is classified as net position unrestricted.

Governmental Fund Statements

Fund balance categories are designed to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the District's fund balance more transparent. These categories are comprised of a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

10. Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Governmental Fund Statements (Continued)

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Capital Projects</u> – Represents fund balance restricted specifically for capital acquisitions and improvements in the Capital Projects Fund.

<u>Scholarship Awards</u> – This restriction was created to represents the accumulation of donor restricted funds specifically earmarked for student scholarship awards.

<u>Student Activities</u> – This restriction was created in accordance with NJAC 6A:23A-16.12 to represent the accumulation of funds derived from athletic events and other student organizations reserved for the payment of student group activities.

<u>Unemployment Compensation Reserve</u> – This restriction was created in accordance with R.S. 43:21-7.3 to reserve funds for unemployment compensation claims reimbursable to the State under the District's election for payment in lieu of contributions (benefit reimbursement method). (See Note 4A).

<u>Maintenance Reserve</u> – This restriction was created by the Board in accordance with NJAC 6A:23A-14.2 to accumulate funds for the required maintenance of school facilities in accordance with the EFCA (NJSA 18A:7G-9) for a thorough and efficient education. (See Note 2C).

<u>Emergency Reserve</u> – This restriction was created in accordance with NJAC 6A:23A-14.4(A)1 to accumulate funds in accordance with State statute to finance unanticipated general fund expenditures required for a thorough and efficient education. (See Note 2D).

<u>Capital Reserve</u> – This restriction was created by the District in accordance with NJAC 6A:23A-14.1 to fund future capital expenditures (See Note 2B).

<u>Capital Reserve - Designated for Subsequent Year's Budget</u> – This designation was created to dedicate the portion of capital reserve fund balance appropriated in the adopted 2022/2023 District budget certified for taxes.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by a school district itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Year-End Encumbrances</u> – Represents outstanding purchase orders at year end for contracts awarded by formal action of the Board of Trustee's for specific purposes from available resources of the current year for which the goods and materials have not yet been received or the services have not yet been rendered at June 30.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Amounts a school district intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or body to which the Board delegates the authority.

<u>Year-End Encumbrances</u> – Represent outstanding purchase orders for goods or services approved by management for specific purposes from available resources of the current year for which the goods and materials have not yet been received or the services have not yet been rendered at June 30.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

10. Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the governmental funds.

In the general operating fund and other governmental funds (special revenue, capital projects and debt service fund types), it is the District's policy to consider restricted resources to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (i.e., committed, assigned or unassigned) fund balances are available, followed by committed and then assigned fund balances. Unassigned amounts are used only after the other resources have been used.

11. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Board of Education itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision-making authority for the school district that can, by adoption of a resolution or formal Board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Board of Education for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has authorized the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

F. <u>Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses</u>

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues in the district-wide statement of activities include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods or services, provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all property taxes, unrestricted state aid, investment earnings and miscellaneous revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied pursuant to law and are collected by the municipality and are transferred to the District as requested. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year they are levied and become available. Property taxes collected in advance of the year-end for which they are levied and transferred to the District are reported as deferred inflows of resources. The tax bills are mailed annually in June by the municipal tax collector and are levied and due in four quarterly installments on August 1, November 1, February 1 and May 1 of the fiscal year. When unpaid, taxes or any other municipal lien, or part thereof, on real property, remains in arrears on April 1st in the year following the calendar year levy when the same became in arrears, the tax collector of the municipality shall, subject to the provisions of New Jersey Statute, enforce the lien by placing the property on a tax sale. The municipality may institute annual "in rem" tax foreclosure proceedings to enforce the tax collection or acquisition of title to the property.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. <u>Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses</u> (Continued)

3. Tuition Revenues and Expenditures

<u>Tuition Revenues</u> - Tuition charges were established by the Board of Education based on estimated costs. The charges are subject to adjustment when the final costs are determined and certified by the State Department of Education.

<u>Tuition Expenditures</u> - Tuition charges for the fiscal years 2020/2021 and 2021/2022 were based on rates established by the receiving district. These rates are subject to change when the actual costs have been certified by the State Department of Education.

4. Proprietary Funds, Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Federal and State subsidies for the food service operation are considered nonoperating revenues.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the requirements of the New Jersey Department of Education ("the Department"), the District annually prepares its operating budget for the forthcoming year. The budget, except for the general fund and special revenue fund, which is more fully explained below and in the notes to the required supplementary information, is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and serves as a formal plan for expenditures and the proposed means for financing them.

The annual budget is adopted in the spring of the preceding year for the general, special revenue and debt service funds. The District is not required to adopt an annual budget for the capital projects fund. The budget is submitted to the county superintendent for review and approval prior to adoption. Districts that have their school board members elected in November no longer have to submit their budgets that meet levy cap requirements for voter approval. Only a school board decision to exceed the tax levy cap would require voter approval for the additional amount on the November ballot. The Board adopted a resolution to move its annual election to the date of the general elections in accordance with the law; therefore voter approval of the annual budget is not required.

Budget adoptions and amendments are recorded in the District's board minutes. The budget is amended by the Board of Trustees as needed throughout the year. The budget for revenues, other resources, other uses, and fund balances is prepared by fund source and amount. The budget for expenditures is prepared by fund, program, function, object and amount. The legal level of budgetary control is established at the line item account within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. The Board approved several budget transfers during 2021/2022. Also, during 2021/2022 the Board increased the original budget by \$5,074,085. The net increase was funded by additional state aid, additional grant awards, the reappropriation of prior year general fund encumbrances, the inclusion of student activities and scholarship transactions and the additional appropriation of the maintenance reserve.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> (Continued)

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of certain state aid payments for budgetary purposes only and the treatment of encumbrances in the special revenue fund as described in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information (RSI). Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds other than the special revenue fund are reported as committed and/or assigned fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services which are reappropriated and honored during the subsequent fiscal year.

B. Capital Reserve

A capital reserve account was established by the District. The accumulation of funds will be used for capital outlay expenditures in subsequent fiscal years. The capital reserve is maintained in the general fund and its activity is included in the general fund annual budget.

Funds placed in the capital reserve are restricted to capital projects in the district's approved Long Range Facilities Plan (LRFP). Upon submission of the LRFP to the Department, a district may increase the balance in the capital reserve by appropriating funds in the annual general fund budget certified for taxes or by transfer by board resolution at year end of any unanticipated revenue or unexpended line-item appropriation amounts or both. A district may also appropriate additional amounts when the express approval of the voters has been obtained either by a separate proposal at budget time or by a special question at one of the four special elections authorized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:60-2. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6:23A-14.1(g), the balance in the reserve cannot at any time exceed the local support costs of uncompleted capital projects in its approved LRFP.

The activity of the capital reserve for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 7,450,692
Increased by: Deposits Approved by Board Resolution	4,393,321
	11,844,013
Decreased by: Withdrawals Approved in District Budget	1,845,500
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 9,998,513</u>

The withdrawals from the capital reserve were for use in a department approved facilities project, consistent with the district's Long Range Facilities Plan. \$2,425,000 of the capital reserve balance at June 30, 2022 was designated and appropriated for use in the 2022/2023 original budget certified for taxes.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. Maintenance Reserve

A maintenance reserve account was established by the District. The accumulation of funds will be used for required maintenance of school facilities expenditures in subsequent fiscal years. The maintenance reserve is maintained in the General Fund and its activity is included in the General Fund annual budget.

Funds placed in the maintenance reserve are restricted to required maintenance activities for a school facility as reported in the comprehensive maintenance plan. A District may appropriate funds into the maintenance reserve in the annual General Fund budget certified for taxes or by transfer by board resolution at year end of any unanticipated revenue or unexpended line item appropriation amounts or both. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-14.2(g), the balance in the reserve cannot at any time exceed four percent of the replacement cost of the school district's school facilities for the current year.

The activity of the maintenance reserve for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 975,198
Increased by: Deposits Approved by Board Resolution	350,000
Decreased by:	1,325,198
Withdrawals Approved by Board Resolution	300,000
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 1,025,198

The June 30, 2022 comprehensive maintenance plan indicated a maximum maintenance reserve amount of \$2,114,398. The withdrawals from the maintenance reserve were for use in required maintenance activities for school facilities.

D. Emergency Reserve

An emergency reserve account was established by the District. The accumulation of funds will be used to finance unanticipated General Fund current expenditures required for a thorough and efficient education in subsequent fiscal years.

Funds placed in the emergency reserve are restricted to finance reasonably unforeseeable costs and shall not include additional costs due to poor planning. A District may appropriate funds into the emergency reserve in the annual General Fund budget certified for taxes or by transfer by board resolution at year end of any unanticipated revenue or unexpended line item appropriation amounts or both. Withdrawals from the reserve require the approval of the Commissioner unless the withdrawal is necessary to meet an increase in total health care costs in excess of four percent or the withdrawal is included in the original budget certified for taxes to finance school security improvements to school facilities pursuant to 18A:7G-6(c)1. Pursuant to NJAC 6A:23A-14.4(A), the balance in the reserve cannot at any time exceed the greater of \$250,000 or one percent of the school district's General Fund budget as certified for taxes up to a maximum of \$1,000,000.

The activity of the emergency reserve for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 350,000
Increased by Deposits Approved by Board Resolution	50,000
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 400,000
20	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash Deposits and Investments

Cash Deposits

The Board's deposits are insured through either the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF), Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) or New Jersey's Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). The Board is required to deposit their funds in a depository which is protecting such funds pursuant to GUDPA. The New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act requires all banks doing business in the State of New Jersey to pledge collateral equal to at least 5% of the average amount of its public deposits and 100% of the average amount of its public funds in excess of the lesser of 75% of its capital funds or \$200 million for all deposits not covered by the FDIC and NCUSIF.

Bank balances are insured up to \$250,000 in the aggregate by the FDIC for each bank. NCUSIF insures credit union accounts up to \$250,000 in the aggregate for each financial institution. SIPC replaces cash claims up to a maximum of \$250,000 for each failed brokerage firm. At June 30, 2022, the book value of the Board's deposits were \$13,404,529 and bank and brokerage firm balances of the Board's deposits amounted to \$17,145,230. The Board's deposits which are displayed on the various fund balance sheets as "cash and cash equivalents" are categorized as:

Depository Account

Insured Uninsured and Collateralized		\$	15,348,330 1,796,900
	x	 \$	17,145,230

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Board does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022 \$1,796,900 of the Board's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Depository Account

Uninsured and Collateralized:

Collateral held by pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Board's name.

\$ 1,796,900

Investments

The Board is permitted to invest public funds in accordance with the types of securities authorized by N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37. Examples of the allowable investments are bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America; Government Money Market Mutual Funds; any obligation that a federal agency or a federal instrumentality has issued in accordance with an act of Congress, which security has a maturity date not greater than 397 days from the date of purchase, provided that such obligations bear a fixed rate of interest not dependent on any index or other external factor; bonds or other obligations of the school district or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the school district is located; Bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date of not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, issued by New Jersey school districts, municipalities, counties, and entities subject to the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.); Other bonds or obligations having a maturity date not more than 397 days from the date of purchase may be approved by the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury for investment by school districts; Local Government investment pools; deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund established pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1977, c.281 (C.52:18A-90.4); and agreements for the repurchase of fully collateralized securities, if transacted in accordance with the above statute.

As of June 30, 2022, the Board had no outstanding investments.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. State law limits investments as noted above (N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37). The District does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the Board's investment in a single issuer. The Board places no limit in the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Investment and interest earnings in the Capital Projects Fund are assigned to the General Fund in accordance with Board policy.

B. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables as of June 30, 2022 for the district's individual major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	<u>(</u>	General	Special <u>Revenue</u>	2	Food Service	Total
Receivables:						
Intergovernmental-						
Federal			\$ 2,241,899	\$	92,821	\$ 2,334,720
State	\$	84,172			1,750	85,922
Other		1,185	9,873		-	11,058
						1
Gross Receivables		85,357	2,251,772		94,571	2,431,700
Less: Allowance for						
Uncollectibles						- , ,
Net Total Receivables	\$	85,357	\$ 2,251,772	\$	94,571	<u>\$ 2,431,700</u>

C. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Special Revenue Fund		
Unencumbered Grant Draw Downs	\$	67,035
Grant Draw Downs Year-End Encumbrances		576,295
		125
Total Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	643,330

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance, Jul <u>y 1, 2021</u>	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Balance, <u>June 30, 2022</u>
Governmental Activities:	·····			
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 533,623			\$ 533,623
Construction in Progress	-	\$ 758,130	-	758,130
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	533,623	758,130		1,291,753
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	66,567,597	232,770		66,800,367
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,531,954	42,809		1,574,763
Machinery and Equipment	6,271,104	109,031	-	6,380,135
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	74,370,655	384,610		74,755,265
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	(23,049,449)	(1,473,963)		(24,523,412)
Land Improvements	(978,570)	(36,112)		(1,014,682)
Machinery and Equipment	(4,712,227)	(339,086)	-	(5,051,313)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(28,740,246)	(1,849,161)	-	(30,589,407)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	45,630,409	(1,464,551)	<u></u>	44,165,858
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 46,164,032	\$ (706,421)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 45,457,611

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance, July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance, June 30, 2022
Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 443,63	5 \$ 68,010	-	\$ 511,645
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	443,63	5 68,010		511,645
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Machinery and Equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation	(283,73)		······	(318,121) (318,121)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	159,90	2 33,622		193,524
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 159,90</u>	2 \$ 33,622	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 193,524</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction	
Regular	<u>\$ 28,362</u>
Total Instruction	28,362
Support Services	
Student and Instruction Related Services	62,564
School Administrative Services	7,271
Plant Operations and Maintenance	1,541,398
Pupil Transportation	204,557
Central Services & Info. Technology	5,009
Total Support Services	1,820,799
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,849,161</u>
Business-Type Activities: Food Service Fund	<u>\$ 34,388</u>
Total Depreciation Expense-Business-Type Activities	\$34,388

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The District has the following active construction projects as of June 30, 2022:

Project		Spent to Date		Remaining Commitment				
				÷				
HVAC Upgrades at Clarendon Elementary Sch	lool	\$	662,669	<u>\$</u>	460,081			
E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers								
The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:								
<u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>								
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund						Amount	
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund						1,422,365	
Total						<u>\$</u>	1,422,365	

The above balance is to cover the cash balance which was in an overdraft position.

The District expects the interfund balance to be liquidated within one year.

F. Financing Agreements

Capital Financing Agreements

The District entered into the following agreement to finance other capital assets under capital financing agreements. The repayments under this financing agreement is subject to the annual appropriation of funds in the District's approved budget.

Capital financing agreement at June 30, 2022 is comprised of the following:

\$151,650, fiscal year 2020 Agreement for the acquisition of telephone system for a term of 5 years due in annual principal installments of \$2,561 through \$2,781 through August 1, 2024 interest at 3.45%

\$ 69,412

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Financing Agreements (Continued)

Other Financing Agreements

The District entered into the following agreements to finance the purchase of certain equipment that does not meet the threshold of a capital asset and therefore are classified as expendable supplies. The repayments under these financing agreements are subject to the annual appropriation of funds in the District's approved budget.

Other financing agreements at June 30, 2022 are comprised of the following:

\$69,500, fiscal year 2019 Agreement for the acquisition of technology equipment for a term of 4 years due in annual principal installments of \$1,553 and \$1,576 through November 1, 2023	\$ 7,823
\$228,145, fiscal year 2019 Agreement for the acquisition of technology equipment for a term of 4 years due in annual principal installments of \$5,050 and \$5,184 through February 18, 2023	40,934
\$177,390, fiscal year 2020 Agreement for the acquisition of technology equipment for a term of 5 years due in annual principal installments of \$3,810 and \$3,960 through August 1, 2023	 54,381
Total	\$ 103,138

The maturity schedule of the remaining capital and other financing agreement payments for principal and interest is as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Fiscal										
Year Ending		Capital Agreements				Other Ag				
<u>June 30,</u>	Pr	incipal		Interest	erest Principal			Interest	<u>Total</u>	
2023	\$	31,298	\$	2,186	\$	95,230	\$	1,969	\$ 130,683	
2024		32,561		923		7,908		36	41,428	
2025		5,553		28		-		-	 5,581	
Total	\$	69,412	<u>\$</u>	3,137	\$	103,138	<u>\$</u>	2,005	\$ 177,692	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

G. Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The Board issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets or other purposes permitted by statute. The full faith and credit of the Board are irrevocably pledged for the payment of the principal of the bonds and the interest thereon.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2022 is comprised of the following issue:

\$27,400,000, 2014 School Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,220,000 to \$1,870,000 through August 15, 2034, interest at 3.00% to 4.00%

\$19,550,000

The Board's schedule of principal and interest for long-term debt issued and outstanding is as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Fiscal Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>		<u>Serial</u> Principal	Bon	i <u>ds</u> Interest		<u>Total</u>
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028-2032 2033-2035	\$	1,220,000 $1,255,000$ $1,290,000$ $1,330,000$ $1,375,000$ $7,690,000$ $5,390,000$	\$	637,375 600,250 562,075 522,775 482,200 1,711,638 325,966	\$	1,857,375 1,855,250 1,852,075 1,852,775 1,857,200 9,401,638 5,715,966
	<u>\$</u>	19,550,000	<u>\$</u>	4,842,279	<u>\$</u>	24,392,279

Statutory Borrowing Power

The Board's remaining borrowing power under N.J.S. 18A:24-19, as amended, at June 30, 2022 was as follows:

4% of Equalized Valuation Basis (Municipal)	\$ 218,403,234
Less: Net Debt	19,550,000
Remaining Borrowing Power	\$ 198,853,234

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

G. Other Long-Term Liabilities

Deferred Pension Obligation

During the 2009/2010 school year the Board elected to contribute only 50% of its normal and accrued liability components of the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) obligations and deferred the remaining 50% in accordance with P.L. 2009, c.19. The deferred amount totaled \$139,317 and is being paid back with interest over 15 years beginning in the 2011/2012 fiscal year. The District is permitted to payoff the deferred PERS pension obligations at any time. It is estimated that the total deferred liability including accrued interest (at 7.00% effective July 1, 2017), at June 30, 2022 is \$24,997.

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 the Board was required to contribute for the deferred pension obligation the following amounts which equaled the required contribution for each year.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Ī	PERS
2022	\$	22,696
2021		22,254
2020		22,195

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance, July 1, 2021			Additions	Reductions		Balance, <u>June 30, 2022</u>		Due Within <u>One Year</u>	
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds Payable	\$	20,745,000			\$	1,195,000	\$	19,550,000	\$	1,220,000
Net Pension Liability		8,287,425				2,475,195		5,812,230		
Capital Financing Agreements		99,496				30,084		69,412		31,298
Other Financing Agreements		244,286				141,148		103,138		95,230
Compensated Absences		1,427,520	\$	517,629				1,945,149		194,515
Deferred Pension Obligation	20.20 Corres	44,887		2,786		22,696		24,977	<u></u>	22,696
Governmental Activity										
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	30,848,614	<u>\$</u>	520,415	<u>\$</u>	3,864,123	<u>\$</u>	27,504,906	<u>\$</u>	1,563,739

For the governmental activities, the liabilities for compensated absences, capital and other financing agreements, deferred pension obligations and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property, general liability, automobile coverage, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; student accident; termination of employees and natural disasters. The Board has obtained commercial insurance coverage to guard against these events to minimize the exposure to the District should they occur. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the statistical section of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The District is a member of the School Alliance Insurance Fund (SAIF or the "Fund"). The Fund is a risk sharing public entity pool, established for the purpose of insuring against worker's compensation claims.

The relationship between the Board and the Fund is governed by a contract and by-laws that have been adopted by resolution of each unit's governing body. The Board is contractually obligated to make all annual and supplementary contributions to the Fund, to report claims on a timely basis, cooperate with the management of the fund, its claims administrator and attorneys in claims investigation and settlement, and to follow risk management procedures as outlined by the Fund. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of the Fund attributable to a membership year during which they were a member.

SAIF provides its members with risk management services, including the defense of and settlement of claims and to establish reasonable and necessary loss reduction and prevention procedures to be followed by the members. Complete financial statements of the Fund are on file with the School's Business Administrator.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year nor have there been any settlements in excess of insurance coverage's in any of the prior three years.

The District has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan the District is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The District is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State. The following is a summary of District contributions, employee contributions, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and the ending balance of the District's restricted fund balance for unemployment compensation claims in the General Fund fiduciary trust fund for the current and previous two years:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	District <u>Contributions</u>		Employee <u>Contributions</u>		Amount imbursed	Ending <u>Balance</u>	
2022 2021 2020	\$ 50,000 50,000 50,000	\$	39,993 35,698 36,603	\$	38,253 88,117 125,896	\$	30,502 30,502 32,921

B. Contingent Liabilities

The District is a party defendant in some lawsuits, none of a kind unusual for a school district of its size and scope of operation except for the following:

John Doe v. Secaucus Board of Education

The Board is a defendant in ten cases, filed between December 2019 and February 2021 on behalf of ten former students that allege they were sexually abused by a former teacher when they were students in the district in the 1980's or 1990's. Although the allegations are decades old, the lawsuits are filed pursuant to a 2019 New Jersey law that extends the statute of limitations for civil actions based on sexual abuse. While the Board attorney is aggressively defending the Board in these actions, there is the potential for substantial liability in these cases due to the present lack of liability insurance coverage for all the time periods and causes of actions covered by the complaints. The Board's potential liability in each of these cases is substantial, the amount of which depends on the factual allegations in each case. If any of these cases proceed to trial and there is a damage award for any uninsured periods or causes of action, the damages must be paid by the Board.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

<u>Federal and State Awards</u> – The Board participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Board may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2022, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the Board believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the District.

C. Federal Arbitrage Regulations

The District is subject to Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code as it pertains to the arbitrage rebate on all tax-exempt obligations, both long and short-term debt. Under the 1986 Tax Reform Act, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) required that all excess earnings from investment proceeds be rebated to the IRS. Arbitrage, for purposes of these regulations, is defined as the difference between the yield on the investment and the yield on the obligations issued. If there are excess earnings, this amount may be required to be rebated to the IRS. At June 30, 2022, the District has not estimated its arbitrage earnings due to the IRS, if any.

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the following contributory defined benefit public employee retirement systems (retirement systems) covering substantially all Board employees who are eligible for pension coverage:

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) – Established in January 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage, to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county, municipality, school district, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another State-administered retirement system. Membership is mandatory for such employees. PERS is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. For additional information about PERS, please refer to the State Division of Pension and Benefits (Division's) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition								
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007								
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008								
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010								
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011								
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011								

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. <u>Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reached age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tier 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tier 3 and 4 members with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62, and tier 5 members with 30 or more years of service credit before age 62, and tier 5 members with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least ten years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) – Established in January 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State. Membership is mandatory for such employees. TPAF is a cost sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, which the State is responsible to fund 100% of local employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. For additional information about TPAF, please refer to the State Division of Pension and Benefits (Division's) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

The following represent the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reached age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tier 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tier 3 and 4 members with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62, and tier 5 members with 30 or more years of service credit before age 62, and tier 5 members with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the retirement for his/her respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least ten years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. <u>Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the following defined contribution public employee retirement program covering certain state and local government employees which include those Board employees who are eligible for pension coverage.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) – established under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2008 to provide coverage to elected and certain appointed officials, effective July 1, 2007 and employees enrolled in PERS or TPAF on or after July 1, 2007 who earn in excess of established annual maximum compensation limits (equivalent to annual maximum wage for social security deductions). This provision was extended by Chapter 1, P.L. 2010, effective May 21, 2010, to new employees (Tier 2) of the PFRS and new employees who would otherwise be eligible to participate in PERS or TPAF on or after November 2, 2008 and do not earn the minimum salary required for tier 3 enrollment or do not work the minimum required hours for tier 4 and tier 5 enrollments but earn a base salary of at least \$5,000 are eligible for participation in the DCRP. Membership is mandatory for such individuals with vesting occurring after one (1) year of membership. DCRP is a defined contribution pension plan.

Other Pension Funds

The State established and administers a Supplemental Annuity Collective Trust Fund (SACT) which is available to active members of the State-administered retirement systems to purchase annuities to supplement the guaranteed benefits provided by their retirement system. The state or local government employers do not appropriate funds to SACT.

The cost of living increase for PERS and TPAF, are funded directly by each of the respective systems but are currently suspended as a result of reform legislation.

According to state law, all obligations of each retirement system will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should any retirement system be terminated.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits ("Division"), issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of each of the above systems. The financial reports may be accessed via the New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

Plan Amendments

The authority to amend the provisions of the above plans rests with legislation passed by the State of New Jersey. Pension reforms enacted pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011 included provisions creating special Pension Plan Design Committees for TPAF and PERS, once a Target Funded Ratio (TFR) is met. The Pension Plan Design Committees will have the discretionary authority to modify certain plan design features, including member contribution rate; formula for calculation of final compensation of final salary; fraction used to calculate a retirement allowance; age at which a member may be eligible and the benefits for service or early retirement; and benefits provided for disability retirement. The committees will also have the authority to reactivate the cost of living adjustment (COLA) on pensions. However, modifications can only be made to the extent that the resulting impact does not cause the funded ratio to drop below the TFR in any one year of a 30-year projection period.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. <u>Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the retirement systems are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental organizations. In doing so, the Division adheres to reporting requirements established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and changes in net position of the pension trust funds. Under this method, contributions are recorded in the accounting period in which they are legally due from the employer or plan member, and deductions are recorded at the time the liabilities are due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The accounts of the Division are organized and operated on the basis of funds. All funds are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus.

Investment Valuation

The Division of Investment, Department of the Treasury, State of New Jersey (Division of Investment) manages and invests certain assets of the retirement systems. Prudential retirement is the third-party administrator for the DCRP and provides record keeping, administrative services and investment options. Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade or investment date basis. Interest and dividend income is recorded on the accrual basis, with dividends accruing on the exdividend date. The net increase or decrease in the fair value of investments includes the net realized and unrealized gains or losses on investments.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements of the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. The financial reports may be obtained in writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, P.O. Box 290, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0290 or at <u>www.state.nj.us/treasury/doinvest.</u>

Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liability of the participating employers for local PERS at June 30, 2021 is \$12.0 billion and the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is 70.33%. The collective net pension liability of the State funded TPAF at June 30, 2021 is \$48.2 billion and the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is 35.52%.

The total pension liabilities were determined based on actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2020 which were rolled forward to June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

In the July 1, 2020 PERS and TPAF actuarial valuation, the actuarial assumptions and methods used in these valuations were described in the Actuarial Assumptions and Methods section of the Actuary's report and are included here in this note to the financial statements. The pension systems selected economic and demographic assumptions and prescribed them for use for purposes of compliance with GASB Statement No. 68. The Actuary provided guidance with respect to these assumptions, and it is their belief that the assumptions represent reasonable expectations of anticipated plan experience.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. <u>Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Employer and Employee Pension Contributions

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and contributions are required by active members and participating employers. Plan members and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation with the amount of contributions by the State of New Jersey contingent upon the Annual Appropriations Act. As defined, the retirement systems require employee contributions based on 7.50% for PERS, 7.50% for TPAF and 5.50% for DCRP of the employee's annual compensation for fiscal year 2022.

PERS employers' and TPAF State's nonemployer contributions are based on actuarially determined amounts, which include the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, the State's annual pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount. For local PERS, which is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension contributions were equal to the actuarial determined amounts. TPAF nonemployer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Board. PERS employer contributions are made annually by the Board to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution. All PERS and DCRP contributions made by the Board for fiscal years 2022, 2021 and 2020 were equal to the required contributions.

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 the Board was required to contribute for PERS and DCRP and the State of New Jersey, as a nonemployer contributing entity, contributed for TPAF, respectively for normal cost pension and unfunded accrued liability contributions (including non-contributory group life insurance (NCGI)) the following amounts:

Fiscal						
Year Ended				On-behalf		
<u>June 30,</u>	June 30, PERS		TPAF			DCRP
2022	\$	574,583	\$	6,400,660	\$	20,356
2021		555,947		4,527,808		13,742
2020		501,961		3,378,650		25,262

In addition for fiscal years 2022, 2021 and 2020 the District contributed \$0, \$0 and \$1,922 respectively for PERS and the State contributed \$2,516, \$3,014 and \$3,412, respectively for TPAF for Long Term Disability Insurance Premium (LTDI).

The PERS contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure. The on-behalf TPAF contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017* (GASB No. 85). The DCRP contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure, as well as, the district-wide financial statements (accrual basis) as an expense.

Also, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the Board \$1,342,696 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members as calculated on their base salaries. This amount has been recognized in the district-wide financial statements (accrual basis) and the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expense/expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 85.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, (GASB No. 68) requires participating employers in PERS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense. The employer allocation percentages presented are based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the measurement period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes.

Although the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits ("Division") administers one cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and pension expense are determined separately for each individual employer of the State and local groups of the plan.

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages are presented for each group. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2021 are based on the ratio of each employer's contribution to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported in the statement of net position (accrual basis) a liability of \$5,812,230 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating governmental entities, for the year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportionate share was .04906 percent, which was a decrease of .00176 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020 of .05082 percent.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized in the district-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) pension benefit of \$1,041,055 for PERS. The pension contribution made by the District during the current 2021/2022 fiscal year is the contribution that is applied to the net pension liability reported at the end of the current fiscal year of June 30, 2022 with a measurement date of the prior fiscal year end of June 30, 2021. Since the State of New Jersey applies the current year pension contribution towards the calculation of the net pension liability reported at the end of the current fiscal year, which has a measurement date of the preceding fiscal year end, there is no deferred outflows of resources reported as of June 30, 2022 for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS pension from the following sources:

	Ō	eferred Jutflows <u>Resources</u>	-	Deferred Inflows 'Resources
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	91,666	\$	41,609
Changes of Assumptions		30,270		2,069,192
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual			5 a. 2 f a	
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments				1,531,094
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between				
District Contributions and Proportionate Share				
of Contributions		-		585,733
Total	\$	121,936	\$	4,227,628

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS pension will be recognized in pension expense/(benefit) as follows:

Year		
Ending		
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Total</u>
2022	ድ	(1 (20 577)
2023	\$	(1,629,577)
2024		(1,130,586)
2025		(765,696)
2026		(572,182)
2027		(7,651)
Thereafter		
	<u>\$</u>	(4,105,692)

Actuarial Assumptions

The District's total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate: Price Wage	2.75% 3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	2.00-6.00% Based on Years of Service
Thereafter	3.00%-7.00% Based on Years of Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Mortality Rates

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7% at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plans investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
US Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-US Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERS was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>6.00%</u>		Current scount Rate <u>7.00%</u>		1% Increase <u>8.00%</u>
District's Proportionate Share of the PERS Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,915,079	<u>\$</u>	5,812,230	<u>\$</u>	4,027,665

The sensitivity analysis was based on the proportionate share of the District's net pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021. A sensitivity analysis specific to the District's net pension liability at June 30, 2021 was not provided by the pension system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the PERS pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report from the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits. The financial report may be accessed via the New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at <u>www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions</u>.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

GASB No. 68, requires participating employers in TPAF to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense. The non-employer allocation percentages presented are based on the ratio of the State's contributions made as an employee and non-employer adjusted for unpaid early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the measurement period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Non-employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes.

The contribution policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and non-employer contributions by the State. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

In accordance with GASB No. 68, the District is not required to recognize a net pension liability for TPAF. The State of New Jersey, as a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to TPAF on behalf of the District. Accordingly, the District's proportionate share percentage determined under Statement No. 68 is zero percent and the State's proportionate share is 100% of the net pension liability attributable to the District for TPAF. Therefore, in addition, the District does not recognize any portion of the TPAF collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized in the district-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) pension expense of \$1,729,126 for TPAF. This amount has been included in the district-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) as both a revenue and expense in accordance with GASB No. 85.

At June 30, 2022 the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the District is \$73,484,658. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The nonemployer allocation percentages are based on the ratio of the State's contributions made as a nonemployer attributable to the District adjusted for unpaid early retirement incentives relative to total contributions to TPAF during the year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the State's share of the net pension liability attributable to the District was .15285 percent, which was an increase of .00152 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020 of .15133 percent.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued) D.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources **Related to Pensions (Continued)**

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2020. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate:	· ·
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	1.55-4.55% Based on Years of Service
Thereafter	2.75%-5.65% Based on Years of Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Mortality Rates

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. <u>Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7% at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return (expected returns, net of pension plans investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
US Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-US Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for TPAF was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the TPAF net pension liability attributable to the District calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the State's proportionate share of the TPAF net pension liability attributable to the District that would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00% percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00% percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease <u>(6.00%)</u>	Discount Rate <u>(7.00%)</u>	Increase <u>(8.00%)</u>
State's Proportionate Share of the TPAF Net Pension Liability			
Attributable to the District	<u>\$ 86,944,625</u>	<u>\$</u> 73,484,658	<u>\$ 62,179,131</u>

The sensitivity analysis was based on the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the District as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021. A sensitivity analysis specific to the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2021 was not provided by the pension system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TPAF pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report from the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits. The financial report may be accessed via the New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at <u>www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions</u>.

E. Post-Retirement Medical Benefits

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the post-retirement health benefit program plan for school districts.

As a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans,* the post-retirement health benefit program plan is reported in a Custodial Fund in the New Jersey Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. In addition, the plan is administered on a pay-asyou-go basis. Therefore, the plan has no assets accumulated in a qualified trust. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension* (GASB No. 75), the plan is classified as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the following post-retirement health benefit program plan covering certain local school district employees, including those Board employees and retirees eligible for coverage.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. Post-Retirement Medical Benefits (Continued)

State Health Benefit Program Fund – **Local Education Retired Employees Plan** (including Prescription Drug Program Fund) – N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f provides medical coverage, prescription drug benefits and Medicare Part B reimbursement to qualified retired education employees and their covered dependents. The State of New Jersey provides employer-paid coverage to members of the TPAF who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service or on a disability retirement. Under the provisions of Chapter 126, P.L. 1992, the State also provides employer-paid coverage to members of the PERS and Alternate Benefits Program (ABP) who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years of service or on a disability retirement if the member's employer does not provide this coverage. Retirees who are not eligible for employer paid health coverage at retirement can continue in the program if their employer participates in this program or if they are participating in the health benefits plan of their former employer and are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B by paying the cost of the insurance for themselves and their covered dependents.

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the above Fund. The financial reports may be accessed via the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at <u>www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions</u>.

Plan Membership

Membership of the defined benefit OPEB plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

Active Plan Members Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	216,804 <u>149,304</u>
Total	366,108

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the post-employment health benefit plan is prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental organizations. In doing so, the Division adheres to reporting requirements established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and changes in net position of the post-employment health benefit plan. Under this method, contributions are recorded in the accounting period in which they are legally due from the employer or plan member, and deductions are recorded at the time the liabilities are due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The accounts of the Division are organized and operated on the basis of funds. All funds are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. <u>Post-Retirement Medical Benefits</u> (Continued)

Investment Valuation

Investments are reported at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Collective Net OPEB Liability

The collective net OPEB liability of the State, as the non-employer contributing entity, of the plan at June 30, 2021 is \$60.0 billion, and the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability is zero percent.

The total OPEB liabilities were determined based on actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2020 which were rolled forward to June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

In the June 30, 2020 OPEB actuarial valuation, the actuarial assumptions and methods used in these valuations were described in the Actuarial Assumptions and Methods section of the Actuary's report and are included here in this note to the financial statements. The Plan selected economic and demographic assumptions and prescribed them for use for purposes of compliance with GASB Statement No. 75. The Actuary provided guidance with respect to these assumptions, and it is their belief that the assumptions represent reasonable expectations of anticipated plan experience.

Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions

The funding policy of the OPEB plan is pay as you go basis; therefore, there is no prefunding of the liability. Contributions to pay for the health benefit premiums of participating employees in the OPEB plan are made by the State, as a non-employer contributing entity, under a special funding situation in accordance with State statutes as previously disclosed. The State as a non-employer contributing entity made contributions of \$1.23 billion to the OPEB plan in fiscal year 2021.

The State sets the contribution rate based on a pay as you go basis rather than the actuarial determined contribution an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 75. The actuarial determined contribution represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan using a systematic and rational method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with OPEB through the Plan. The State's contributions, as a nonemployer contributing entity, to the State Health Benefits Program Fund – Local Education Retired Employees Plan for retirees' post-retirement benefits on behalf of the School District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$1,495,453, \$1,418,944 and \$1,253,417, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year. The State's contributions to the State Health Benefits Program Fund – Local Education Retired Employees Plan for PERS retirees' post-retirement benefits on behalf of the School District was not determined or made available by the State of New Jersey. The on-behalf OPEB contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 85.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. <u>Post-Retirement Medical Benefits</u> (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

÷.

GASB Statement No. 75 requires participating employers in the State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired Employees Plan to recognize their proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective OPEB expense. The nonemployer allocation percentages presented are based on the ratio of the State's contributions made as a nonemployer toward the actuarially determined contribution amount to total contributions to the plan during the measurement period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Nonemployer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes.

In accordance with GASB No. 75, the District is not required to recognize an OPEB liability for the post-employment health benefit plan. The State of New Jersey, as a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to the plan on behalf of the District. Accordingly, the District's proportionate share percentage determined under Statement No. 75 is zero percent and the State's proportionate share is 100% of the OPEB liability attributable to the District. Therefore, in addition, the District does not recognize any portion of the collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized in the district-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) OPEB expense of \$4,951,689. This amount has been included in the district-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) as both a revenue and expense in accordance with GASB No. 85.

At June 30, 2022 the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District is \$79,533,416. The nonemployer allocation percentages are based on the ratio of the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2021 to the total OPEB liability of the State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired Employees Plan at June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the state's share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District was .13254 percent, which was a decrease of .00008 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020 of .13262 percent.

Actuarial Assumptions

The OPEB liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	2.50%	
Salary Increases*	PERS	TPAF
Initial Fiscal Year Applied Through Rate Rate Thereafter	2026 2.00% to 6.00% 3.00% to 7.00%	2026 1.55% to 4.45% 2.75% to 5.65%

*Salary increases are based on the defined benefit pension plan that the member is enrolled in and the members years of service.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. Post-Retirement Medical Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Health "Teachers" (TPAF) and "General" (PERS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disables retirees. Future disabled retirees was based on the Pub-2010 "General" (PERS) and "Teachers" (TPAF) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disables retirees. Future disabled retirees was based on the Pub-2010 "General" (PERS) and "Teachers" (TPAF) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the TPAF and PERS actuarial experience studies for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018, respectively.

100% of active members are considered to participate in the plan upon retirement.

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.65% and decreases to a 4.50% long-term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2022 through 2023 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 5.74% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 12.93% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to 4.50% after 11 years. For HMO the trend is initially 6.01% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 15.23% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to 4.50% after 11 years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 6.75% and decreases to a 4.50% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2021 was 2.16%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. <u>Post-Retirement Medical Benefits</u> (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The change in the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 (measurement date June 30, 2021) is as follows:

	otal OPEB Liability te Share 100%)
Balance, June 30, 2020 Measurement Date	\$ 89,931,040
Changes Recognized for the Fiscal Year:	
Service Cost	4,430,279
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	2,063,181
Changes of Benefit Terms	(84,654)
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(15,312,433)
Changes of Assumptions	78,466
Gross Benefit Payments	(1,625,208)
Contributions from the Member	52,745
Net Changes	\$ (10,397,624)
Balance, June 30, 2021 Measurement Date	\$ 79,533,416
	· .

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21% in 2020 to 2.16% in 2021.

The change in the total OPEB liability was based on the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2021.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. <u>Post-Retirement Medical Benefits</u> (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Sensitivity of OPEB Liability

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District that would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	<u>(1.16%)</u>	<u>(2.16%)</u>	<u>(3.16%)</u>
State's Proportionate Share of			
the OPEB Liability			
Attributable to the District	<u>\$ 95,268,547</u>	<u>\$ 79,533,416</u>	<u>\$ 67,142,945</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% <u>Decrease</u>		Healthcare Cost Trend <u>Rates</u>	1% <u>Increase</u>		
State's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability Attributable to the District	 64,382,559	<u>\$</u>	79,533,416	\$	99,879,898	

The sensitivity analyses were based on the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2021. Sensitivity analyses specific to the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2021 were not provided by the pension system.

F. Tax Abatements

As defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), a tax abatement is an agreement between a government and an individual or entity in which the government promises to forgo tax revenues and the individual or entity promises to subsequently take a specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the government or its citizens. School districts are not authorized by New Jersey statute to enter into tax abatement agreements. However, the county or municipality in which the school district is situated may have entered into tax abatement agreements, and that potential school tax revenue must be disclosed in these financial statements. If the county or municipality entered into tax abatement agreements, those agreements will not directly affect the school district's local tax revenue because N.J.S.A. 54:4-75 and N.J.S.A. 54:4-76 require that amounts so forgiven must effectively be recouped from other taxpayers and remitted to the school district.

For Secaucus Board of Education, the District's share of abated taxes resulting from the municipality having entered into a tax abatement agreement is indeterminate.

NOTE 5 INFECTIOUS DISEASE OUTBREAK - COVID-19 RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has been characterized as a pandemic (the "Pandemic") by the World Health Organization and has been affecting many parts of the world, including the United States and the State of New Jersey. On January 31, 2020, the Secretary of the United States Health and Human Services Department declared a public health emergency for the United States and on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared the outbreak of COVID-19 in the United States a national emergency. Subsequently, the President's Coronavirus Guidelines for America and the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention called upon Americans to take actions to slow the spread of COVID-19 in the United States. As governments monitor the outbreaks, they have taken various steps to control them through requiring social distancing, masks and business closures and limited openings. As the virus appears to be under control in many areas, many of these restrictions have been lifted although the situation is monitored, sometimes restrictions are reinstated. Several vaccines have been developed and have been administered. Mutant variants have emerged in various places around the world and now are prevalent in the United States. Certain workers are being required to be vaccinated. Companies have developed booster shots, and current vaccines have proven substantially effective against all currently know variants. New treatments are also being developed to avert the worst outcomes. The assessment of the virus and the ability to control it and its mutant strains is ongoing.

In the State, Governor Phil Murphy has issued multiple Executive Orders since March 16, 2020 including but not limited to aggressive social distancing measures, restrictions on local elections, restrictions on foreclosure and evictions, suspension of all elective surgeries, closing of schools and child care centers, the commandeering of property such as medical supplies, the cessation of all non-essential construction projects, extending insurance premium grace periods, the temporary reprieve to certain at-risk inmates and the extension of the permitted statutory grace period from May 11, 2020 to June 1, 2020 for quarterly property taxes due May 1, 2020. On June 4, 2021, the Governor signed legislation enabling the end of the public health emergency and keeping certain executive orders in place until January 1, 2022, though such executive orders may be modified or rescinded prior to that day by the Governor. The Board expects ongoing actions be taken by State, federal and local governments and private entities to mitigate the spread and impacts of COVID-19. The Pandemic has negatively affected travel, commerce, and financial markets globally, and may continue to negatively affect economic growth and financial markets worldwide. These negative impacts could reduce or negatively affect property values within the School District.

Since the pandemic began, the federal government had enacted rescue legislation to address the pandemic and alleviate its economic and health effects, including significant support for education. The legislation includes various forms of financial relief including direct stimulus payments and various other forms of economic relief, including extended unemployment benefits, continued eviction and foreclosure moratoriums, an increase in the child tax credit, an increase in food and housing aid, assistance grants to restaurants and bars, and other small business grants and loans. The Plan provides funding for state and local governments to offset costs to safely reopen schools during the COVID-19 pandemic and to subsidize COVID-19 testing and vaccination programs. Federal aid for public education has been provided under three separate laws: The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act in March 2020 (CARES Act), and the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act in December 2020 (CRRSA) and the American Rescue Plan Act in March 2021 (ARP). The Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund is the main source of funding for public elementary and secondary education under each law. The School District has been awarded up to \$5,140,087 to address certain expenses incurred as a result of the pandemic. Because of the evolving nature of the outbreak and federal, state and local responses, the Board cannot predict how the outbreak will impact the financial condition or operations of the Board, or if there will be any impact on the assessed values of property within the School District or deferral of tax payments to municipalities. The School District cannot predict costs associated with this or any other potential infectious disease outbreak including whether there will be any reduction in State funding or an increase in operational costs incurred to clean, sanitize and maintain its facilities either before or after an outbreak of an infectious disease. To date the School District has not been materially and adversely affected financially due to the virus.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART II

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

	Budgeted							Variance
	 Original Budget	Adjustments		Final Budget		Actual		Final To Actual
REVENUES	 			B				
Local Sources								
Property Taxes	\$ 37,517,774		\$	37,517,774	\$	37,517,774		
Tuition from Individuals						8,400	\$	8,400
Rents and Royalties	100			100		850		850
Interest Earned on Capital Reserve Funds Interest Earned on Current Expense Emergency Reserve	400 50			400 50				(400)
Interest Earned on Current Expense Entergency Reserve	50			50				(50) (50)
Unrestricted Miscellaneous Revenue	28,100			28,100		202,994		174,894
State Sources								
Extraordinary Aid	135,000			135,000		197,168		62,168
Non Public Transportation Aid	,			,		21,750		21,750
Special Education Aid	1,689,156			1,689,156		1,689,156		,
Security Aid	191,170			191,170		191,170		
Transportation Aid	546,399			546,399		546,399		
On-behalf TPAF (Non-Budget)								
NCGI Premium						89,048		89,048
Long Term Disability Insurance						2,516		2,516
Pension Contribution - Normal Cost						6,311,612		6,311,612
Post Retirement Medical Benefits						1,495,453		1,495,453
Social Security Contribution						1,342,696		1,342,696
Federal Sources						22.054		(1.050)
Medical Assistance Program (SEMI)	 37,915			37,915		33,056		(4,859)
Total Revenues	 40,146,014			40,146,014		49,650,042		9,504,028
EXPENDITURES								
CURRENT EXPENDITURES								
Regular Programs - Instruction								
Salaries of Teachers								
Preschool	237,196			236,270		236,270		-
Kindergarten	683,221	26,092		709,313		610,014		99,299
Grades 1-5	4,594,895	(64,261)		4,530,634		4,381,559		149,075
Grades 6-8	2,686,947	(34,214)		2,652,733		2,563,721		89,012
Grades 9-12	3,691,526	(13,508)		3,678,018		3,584,946		93,072
Regular Programs - Home Instruction Salaries of Teachers	25,000	(3,815)		21,185		21,185		
Regular Programs - Undistributed Instruction	23,000	(3,813)		21,105		21,105		-
Other Salaries for Instruction		6,687		6,687		6,687		_
Purchased Professional/Educational Services	479,800	0,087		479,800		470,731		9,069
Other Purchased Services	51,600	_		51,600		49,399		2,201
General Supplies	175,596	14,836		190,432		100,594		89,838
Textbooks	151,732	(6,000)		145,732		113,932		31,800
Other Objects	 	933		933		648		285
Total Regular Programs	 12,777,513	(74,176)		12,703,337		12,139,686		563,651
Special Education								
Learning and/or Language Disabilities								
Salaries of Teachers	313,408	26,154		339,562		339,562		
Other Salaries for Instruction	304,703	511		305,214		281,470		23,744
General Supplies	 6,000			6,000		1,173		4,827
Total Learning and/or Language Disabilities	 624,111	26,665		650,776		622,205		28,571
Multiple Disabilities								
Salaries of Teachers	85,308	8,925		94,233		94,233		-
Purchased Professional/Educational Services	233,000	(5,400)		227,600		187,592		40,008
General Supplies	 5,500	(3,600)		1,900		770		1,130
Total Multiple Disabilities	 323,808	(75)		323,733		282,595		41,138

		Budgeted		Variance	
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Final To Actual
EXPENDITURES					
CURRENT EXPENDITURES (Continued)					
Special Education (Continued)					
Resource Room/Resource Center					*
Salaries of Teachers	\$ 1,790,693 \$				\$ 42,543
Other Salaries for Instruction	114,219	10,861	125,080	125,080	-
Purchased Professional/Educational Services General Supplies	483,840 6,410	• •	483,840 6,410	468,911 1,468	14,929 4,942
Total Resource Room/Resource Center	2,395,162	102,645	2,497,807	2,435,393	62,414
Preschool Disabilities - Part Time					
Salaries of Teachers	267,525	2,542	270,067	270,067	
Total Preschool Disabilities - Part Time	267,525	2,542	270,067	270,067	
Preschool Disabilities - Full Time					
Salaries of Teachers	71,120	9,296	80,416	80,416	-
Other Salaries for Instruction	74,701	4,381	79,082	79,082	-
General Supplies	7,294	(7,057)	237	237	·
Total Preschool Disabilities - Full Time	153,115	6,620	159,735	159,735	
Home Instruction:					
Salaries of Teachers Purchased Professional Educational Services	37,000	(37,000) 9,000	9,000	7,183	1,817
Total Home Instruction	37,000	(28,000)	9,000	7,183	1,817
Total Special Education	3,800,721	110,397	3,911,118	3,777,178	133,940
Basic Skills/Remedial					
Salaries of Teachers	65,522	(375)	65,147	63,925	1,222
General Supplies	1,100		1,100	563	537
Total Basic Skills/Remedial	66,622	(375)	66,247	64,488	1,759
Bilingual Education					
Salaries of Teachers	220,920	12,882	233,802	231,866	1,936
General Supplies	1,500		1,500	289	1,211
Total Bilingual Education	222,420	12,882	235,302	232,155	3,147
School Sponsored Co-Curricular Activities					
Salaries Supplies and Materials	196,475 9,000	18,287 (2,000)	214,762 7,000	214,762 	3,954
Total School Sponsored Co-Curricular Activities	205,475	16,287	221,762	217,808	3,954
School Sponsored Athletics					
Salaries	548,544	(20,619)	527,925	468,126	59,799
Purchased Services	91,000	(17,320)	73,680	71,323	2,357
Supplies and Materials	70,000	20,926	90,926	83,686	7,240
Other Objects	10,000	5,183	15,183	14,929	254
Total School Sponsored Athletics	719,544	(11,830)	707,714	638,064	69,650
Other Instructional Programs					
Salaries	99,605	10,606	110,211	110,211	-
Supplies and Materials Other Objects	2,320	(300) 300	2,020	181 300	1,839
Total Other Instructional Programs	101,925	10,606	112,531	110,692	1,839

<u></u>	Budgeted		Variance	
Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Final To Actual
<u>\$ 41,000</u>		\$ 41,000	\$ 9,825	<u>\$ 31,175</u>
41,000		41,000	9,825	31,175
17,935,220	\$ 63,791	17,999,011	17,189,896	809,115
250,000	254,754	504,754	504,754	-
526,705	(96,690)	430,015	145,160	284,855
400,000	(240,939)	159,061	38,550	120,511
1,176,705	(82,875)	1,093,830	688,464	405,366
363,338	6,371	369,709	368,338	1,371
62,500	-	62,500	42,000	20,500
20,800	6,039	26,839	19,837	7,002
446,638	12,410	459,048	430,175	28,873
267,487	8,219	275,706	272,756	2,950
225,000	-	225,000	214,399	10,601
3,000	••	3,000	875	2,125
495,487	8,219	503,706	488,030	15,676
315,320	19,614	334,934	331,961	2,973
315,320	19,614	334,934	331,961	2,973
(10.001	60 (7 1	(02.505	(02.505	
-		•		245
	• • •			4,875
5,700	1,345	7,045	7,045	-
4,300	65	4,365	2,099	2,266
200		200		200
846,163	(7,090)	839,073	831,487	7,586
899,323	(10,632)	888,691	846,916	41,775
113,957	5,045	119,002	119,002	-
18,000	(6,000)	12,000	7,135	4,865
10,000	•	10,000	1,075	8,925
	4,000			5,112
	-			4,252 655
	(7,587)	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>		65,584
and the second s		<u></u>		
	(15,979)			•
	-			22
24,000	(7,000)	17,000	8,961	8,039 <u>822</u>
129,014	(8,535)	120,479	111,596	8,883
	Budget \$ 41,000 41,000 17,935,220 250,000 526,705 400,000 1,176,705 363,338 62,500 20,800 446,638 267,487 225,000 3,000 4446,638 267,487 225,000 3,000 4446,638 267,487 225,000 3,000 4446,638 267,487 225,000 3,000 4446,638 267,487 225,000 3,000 4446,638 899,323 113,957 18,000 1,000	Original Budget Adjustments \$ 41,000 - 41,000 - 17,935,220 \$ 63,791 250,000 254,754 526,705 (96,690) 400,000 (240,939) 1,176,705 (82,875) 363,338 6,371 62,500 - 20,800 6,039 446,638 12,410 267,487 8,219 225,000 - 3,000 - 4495,487 8,219 225,000 - 3,000 - 445,638 12,410 267,487 8,219 219 225,000 3,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 - 315,320 19,614 315,320 19,614 315,320 19,614 5,700 1,345 4,300 65 200 - 899,323 (10,632)	Original Budget Adjustments Final Budget \$ 41,000 - \$ 41,000 41,000 - 41,000 17,935,220 \$ 63,791 17,999,011 250,000 254,754 504,754 526,705 (96,690) 430,015 400,000 (240,939) 159,061 1,176,705 (82,875) 1,093,830 363,338 6,371 369,709 62,500 - 62,500 20,800 6,039 26,839 446,638 12,410 459,048 267,487 8,219 275,706 225,000 - 3,000 3000 - 3,000 446,638 12,410 459,048 315,320 19,614 334,934 315,320 19,614 334,934 315,320 19,614 334,934 315,320 19,614 334,934 315,320 19,614 334,934 315,320 19,614 334,934	Original Budget Adjustments Final Budget Actual \$ 41,000

	Budgeted				Variance
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Final To Actual
EXPENDITURES					
CURRENT EXPENDITURES (Continued) Undistributed Expenditures (Continued)					
Educational Media Services/School Library			•		
Salaries	\$ 109,305	\$ 57,527			-
Other Purchased Services Supplies and Materials	5,400 7,000	(2,690)	5,400 4,310	2,766	2,634 4,310
Total Educational Media Services/School Library	121,705	54,837	176,542	144,601	31,941
Instructional Staff Training Services					
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	18,000	(18,000)			
Other Purchased Prof. and Technical Services Other Purchased Services	2,500 15,000	(4,261)	2,500 10,739	568	2,500 10,171
Total Instructional Staff Training Services	35,500	(22,261)	13,239	568	12,671
Course & Survivas Course I & Justicitation					
Support Services General Administration Salaries	380,954	74,699	455,653	439,410	16,243
Legal Services	150,000	74,099	455,055	132,867	10,243
Audit Fees	47,000	18,000	65,000	61,948	3,052
Architectural/Engineering Services	75,000	(20,513)	54,487	3,305	51,182
Other Purchased Professional Services	50,402	4,098	54,500	52,771	1,729
Communications/Telephone	178,550	(2,040)	176,510	145,619	30,891
BOE Other Purchased Services	8,000	(2,250)	5,750	- · · , · · ·	5,750
Miscellaneous Purchased Services	152,540	27,376	179,916	177,434	2,482
General Supplies	3,500	-	3,500	1,518	1,982
BOE In-House Training/Meeting Supplies	4,500	-	4,500	2,320	2,180
Judgements Against the School District		28,910	28,910	28,910	-
Miscellaneous Expenditures BOE Membership Due and Fees	8,800 18,500	3,750 (2,200)	12,550 16,300	11,269 15,335	1,281 965
Total Support Services General Administration	1,077,746	129,830	1,207,576	1,072,706	134,870
Surrent Services School Administration					
Support Services School Administration Salaries of Principals/Asst. Principals	647,225	31,050	678,275	678,274	1
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	554,233	19,899	574,132	570,575	3,557
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	418,138	32,558	450,696	448,560	2,136
Other Purchased Services	36,250	2,046	38,296	34,446	3,850
Supplies and Materials	71,572	1,531	73,103	47,344	25,759
Other Objects	6,000	3,840	9,840	8,684	1,156
Total Support Services School Administration	1,733,418	90,924	1,824,342	1,787,883	36,459
Central Services					
Salaries	480,913	-	480,913	476,553	4,360
Miscellaneous Purchased Services	144,300	-	144,300	67,514	76,786
Supplies and Materials Miscellaneous Expenditures	20,000 7,000	-	20,000 7,000	10,897 2,144	9,103 4,856
Total Central Services	652,213	.	652,213	557,108	95,105
Admin. Info.Techology					
Salaries	182,580	22,867	205,447	205,447	
Other Purchased Services	337,350	(3,425)	333,925	331,791	2,134
Supplies and Materials		3,425	3,425	424	3,001
Total Admin. Info. Technology	519,930	22,867	542,797	537,662	5,135
Required Maintenance for School Facilities					
Salaries	158,576	(11,325)	147,251	131,299	15,952
Cleaning, Repairs & Maintenance Service	336,875	525,154	862,029	739,123	122,906
Lead Testing of Drinking Water	2,500	5,130	7,630	7,590	40
General Supplies	46,000	59,827	105,827	99,959	5,868
Other Objects	1,500	(405)	1,095	1,095	

		Budgeted							Variance	
		Original Budget		Adjustments		 Final Budget		Actual		Final To Actual
EXPENDITURES	_									
CURRENT EXPENDITURES (Continued) Undistributed Expenditures (Continued)										
Custodial Services										
Salaries	\$	1,522,850	\$	14,659	\$	1,537,509	\$	1,451,210	s	86,299
Purchased Professional Technical Services		1,022,000	÷	27,770	÷	27,770	÷	22,049	÷	5,721
Cleaning, Repairs & Maintenance Service		65,000		21,075		86,075		86,075		-
Rental of Land & Buildings Other Than Leases		200,000		-		200,000		200,000		-
Other Purchased Property Services		45,060		36,500		81,560		46,811		34,749
Insurance		255,200		11,500		266,700		266,487		213
Miscellaneous Purchased Services		1,500		-		1,500		619		881
General Supplies		77,000		(7,950)		69,050		61,582		7,468
Energy (Natural Gas)		200,800		68,950		269,750		209,868		59,882
Energy (Electricity)		696,150		(121,950)		574,200		562,687		11,513
Other Objects		9,500		(1,761)		7,739		2,201		5,538
Total Custodial Services		3,073,060		48,793		3,121,853		2,909,589		212,264
Security										
Salaries		330,000		46,565		376,565		376,565		-
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		200,000				200,000		200,000		-
General Supplies		35,000		22,615		57,615		56,192		1,423
Total Security		565,000		69,180		634,180		632,757		1,423
Student Transportation Services										
Salaries of Non-Instructional Aides Salaries for Pupil Transportation		359,291		(40,000)		319,291		228,154		91,137
(Between Home and School) - Regular		221,904		7,907		229,811		229,811		_
Salaries for Pupil Transportation		221,904		7,907		229,811		229,011		-
(Between Home and School) - Special Ed		416,189		(20,000)		396,189		202,684		193,505
Salaries for Pupil Transportation										
(Other than Between Home and School) -		70,000		(33,774)		36,226		36,226		-
Cleaning, Repair and Maintenance Svcs.		119,000		(3,000)		116,000		57,415		58,585
Contracted Services (Between Home and										
School) - Vendors		170,000		74,350		244,350		228,468		15,882
Contracted Services (Spec Ed)-ESC & CTSA		60,000		67,594		127,594		126,338		1,250
Miscellaneous Purchased Services		17,500		(17,500)						-
General Supplies		2,500		(25)		2,475		933		1,542
Transportation Supplies Other Objects		132,100 15,700		(1,900) 1,575		130,200 17,275		117,461 9,995		12,739
						1,619,411		1,237,485		381,926
Total Student Transportation Services		1,584,184		35,227		1,019,411		1,237,483	_	381,920
Unallocated Benefits-Employee Benefits Social Security Contributions		600,000		(37,810)		562,190		497,559		64,631
Other Retirement Contributions - PERS		614,636		(14,857)		599,779		597,279		2,500
Other Retirement Contributions - Regular		35,000		(14,057)		35,000		20,356		14,644
Unemployment Compensation		50,000		-		50,000		50,000		
Worker's Compensation		470,000		(61,092)		408,908		386,130		22,77
Health Benefits		5,387,062		(566,901)		4,820,161		4,170,075		650,08
Other Employee Benefits		288,000		19,675		307,675		200,399		107,270
Unused Sick Payments to Terminated/Retired Staff		125,000				125,000		40,360		84,640
Total Regular Programs-Instr Employee Benefits		7,569,698		(660,985)		6,908,713		5,962,158		946,555
On-behalf TPAF (Non-Budget)										
NCGI Premium								89,048		(89,048
Long Term Disability Insurance								2,516		(2,510
Pension Contribution - Normal Cost								6,311,612		(6,311,612
Post Retirement Medical Benefit Contribution								1,495,453		(1,495,453
Social Security Contribution				-				1,342,696		(1,342,690
Total On-Behalf TPAF						-		9,241,325		(9,241,325
Total Undistributed Expenditures		21,951,012		280,949		22,231,961		28,935,230		(6,703,269
Total - Current Expenditures		39,886,232		344,740		40,230,972		46,125,126		(5,894,154

		Budgeted			Variance		
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Final To		
EXPENDITURES	Duuget	Aujustments	Dudget	Actual	Actual		
CURRENT EXPENDITURES (Continued)							
CAPITAL OUTLAY Equipment							
Undistributed Expenditures							
Central Services		\$ 29,949	\$ 29,949	\$ 29,949	-		
Admin Info Technology		74,987	74,987	74,987	-		
Care and Upkeep of Grounds		4,936	4,936	4,443			
Custodial Services School Buses - Special	<u> </u>	35,360 75,500	35,360 75,500	32,378	2,982 75,500		
Total Equipment		220,732	220,732	141,757	78,975		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services							
Construction Services		1,812,886	1,812,886	236,949	1,575,937		
Assessment for Debt Service on SDA	\$ 55,872		55,872	55,872			
Total Facilities Acquisition and Constr. Services	55,872	1,812,886	1,868,758	292,821	1,575,937		
Interest Deposit to Capital Reserve	400		400		400		
Interest Earned on Current Expense Emergency Reserve	50	<u> </u>	50		50		
Interest Earned on Maintenance Reserve	50		50		50		
Total Capital Outlay	56,372	2,033,618	2,089,990	434,578	1,655,412		
Transfer of Funds to Charter Schools	203,410	81,418	284,828	273,317	11,511		
Total Expenditures	40,146,014	2,459,776	42,605,790	46,833,021	(4,227,231)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,459,776)	(2,459,776)	2,817,021	5,276,797		
Other Financing Sources(Uses) Capital Reserve-Transfer to Capital Outlay Projects	(1,845,500)	1,845,500	-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,845,500)	1,845,500					
-	/		<u> </u>				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,845,500)	(614,276)	(2,459,776)	2,817,021	5,276,797		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	10,731,934		10,731,934	10,731,934	-		
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u>\$ 8,886,434</u>	<u>\$ (614,276</u>)	\$ 8,272,158	<u>\$ 13,548,955</u>	\$ 5,276,797		
Recapitulation							
Restricted:							
Capital Reserve				\$ 7,573,513			
Capital Reserve - Designated for Subsequent Year's Exper Maintenance Reserve	nditures			2,425,000 1,025,198			

Capital Reserve	Ъ	7,573,513
Capital Reserve - Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures		2,425,000
Maintenance Reserve		1,025,198
Emergency Reserve		400,000
Unemployment Compensation Reserve		30,502
Committed		
Year End Encumbrances		329,558
Assigned:		
Year End Encumbrances		177,598
Unassigned	<u></u>	1,587,586
Total Fund Balance		13,548,955
Reconciliation to Governmental Funds Statements (GAAP)		
Less : Last State Aid Payments not Recognized on		
GAAP Basis		(401,856)
Fund Balance per Governmental Fund	\$	13,147,099
Tund Dullite pri Soverinnenter Core	Real Control of Contro	and the second s

1

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget <u>Adjustments</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance <u>Final to Actual</u>
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental					
Federal	\$ 2,333,123	\$ 4,071,861	\$ 6,404,984	\$ 3,335,878	\$ (3,069,106)
Local Sources					
Miscellaneous		387,948	387,948	407,323	19,375
Total Revenues	2,333,123	4,459,809	6,792,932	3,743,201	(3,049,731)
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	262,318	468,827	731,145	229,716	501,429
Purchased Professional Educational Services		61,411	61,411	5,250	56,161
Other Purchased Services	411,295	609,164	1,020,459	978,716	41,743
General Supplies	50,499	657,628	708,127	337,175	370,952
Co-Curricular/Extra-Curricular Activities		323,748	323,748	323,748	-
Athletic Activities		63,450	63,450	63,450	-
Other Objects		3,428	3,428		3,428
Total Instruction	724,112	2,187,656	2,911,768	1,938,055	973,713
Support Services					
Salaries of Teachers		35,984	35,984	4,600	31,384
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	13,650	92,460	106,110	21,256	84,854
Purchased Professional Educational Services	18,000	501,563	519,563	347,015	172,548
Employee Benefits	50,000	94,565	144,565	115,286	29,279
General Supplies	32,784	78,853	111,637	-	111,637
Scholarship Award		750	750	750	-
Other Objects	1,465,183	(1,465,183)	-	-	
Total Support Services	1,579,617	(661,008)	918,609	488,907	429,702
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Svs					
Instructional Equipment	11,394	(11,394)		-	-
Noninstructional Equipment	18,000	(18,000)		-	-
Construction Services		2,962,555	2,962,555	1,296,864	1,665,691
Total Facilities Acquisition and Const Svs	29,394	2,933,161	2,962,555	1,296,864	1,665,691
Total Expenditures	2,333,123	4,459,809	6,792,932	3,723,826	3,069,106
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures	-	-		19,375	19,375
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	237,451	-	237,451	237,451	
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 237,451</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 237,451	\$ 256,826	<u>\$ 19,375</u>
Recapitulation of Fund Balance					
Restricted:					
Scholarships				\$ 877	
Student Activities				255,949	

\$ 256,826

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of certain state aid payments for budgetary purposes only and the treatment of encumbrances in the special revenue fund as described below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration of the governmental fund types. Unencumbred appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the Special Revenue Fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

The following presents a reconciliation of the General and Special Revenue Funds from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds.

		General <u>Fund</u>		Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>
Sources/inflows of resources Actual Revenues (Budgetary Basis)	\$	49,650,042	\$	3,743,201
rectain revenues (Sudgeau y Susis)	Ψ	19,000,012	Ψ	5,115,201
Difference - Budget to GAAP:				
Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.				
June 30, 2022 Encumbrances				(576,295)
State Aid payments recognized for budgetary purposes, not				
recognized for GAAP statements. (2020-2021)		432,874		
State Aid payments recognized for budgetary purposes, not				
recognized for GAAP statements. (2021-2022)		(401,856)		-
Total Revenues as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures				
and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds.(Exhibit B-2)	<u>\$</u>	49,681,060	<u>\$</u>	3,166,906
Uses/outflows of resources				
Actual Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	\$	46,833,021	\$	3,723,826
Differences - Budget to GAAP				
Encumbrances for good and services ordered but not received				
are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes but in the year the goods and services are received				
for financial reporting purposes.				
June 30, 2022 Encumbrances				(576,295)
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Statement of Revenues,				
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit B-2)	<u>\$</u>	46,833,021	<u>\$</u>	3,147,531

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART III

PENSION INFORMATION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS INFORMATION

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Nine Fiscal Years *

	2022	2021	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
District's Proportion of the Net Position Liability (Asset)	0.04906%	0.05082%	0.05160%	0.05224%	0.05313%	0.05575%	0.05432%	0.05372%	0.05384%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 5,812,230	\$ 8,287,425	\$ 9,298,334	\$ 10,286,385	\$ 12,366,917	\$ 16,510,250	\$ 12,194,135	\$ 10,057,446	\$ 10,289,706
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,397,540	\$ 3,636,286	\$ 3,591,745	\$ 3,626,572	\$ 3,684,476	\$ 3,685,550	\$ 3,765,997	\$ 3,670,569	\$ 3,617,264
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	171%	228%	259%	284%	336%	448%	324%	274%	284%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.33%	58.32%	56.27%	53.60%	48.10%	40.14%	47.92%	52.08%	48.72%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will only present information for those years for which information is available.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

		PU	BLIC EMPLOYEES Last Nine	RETIREMENT S Fiscal Years	YSTEM				
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	<u>2014</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 574,583	\$ 555,947	\$ 501,961	\$ 519,649	\$ 492,157	\$ 495,236	\$ 467,021	\$ 464,094	\$ 426,440
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	574,583	555,947	501,961	519,649	492,157	495,236	467,021	464,094	426,440
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
District's Covered Employee Payroll	<u>\$ 3,459,827</u>	<u>\$ 3,397,540</u>	<u>\$ 3,636,286</u>	\$ 3,591,745	\$ 3,626,572	\$ 3,684,476	\$ 3,685,550	<u>\$ 3,765,997</u>	<u>\$ 3,670,569</u>
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	16.61%	16.36%	13.80%	14.47%	13.57%	13.44%	12.67%	12.32%	11.62%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will only present information for those years for which information is available.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

		TE		N AND ANNUITY Fiscal Years *	FUND				
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Position Liability (Asset)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	<u>\$73,484,658</u>	<u>\$ 99,646,325</u>	<u>\$ 90,547,224</u>	<u>\$ 94,238,041</u>	<u>\$ 99,876,153</u>	<u>\$ 117,287,912</u>	<u>\$ 90,706,484</u>	<u>\$ 76,735,244</u>	<u>\$ 76,465,713</u>
Total	\$73,484,658	\$ 99,646,325	<u>\$ 90,547,224</u>	\$ 94,238,041	<u>\$ 99,876,153</u>	<u>\$ 117,287,912</u>	<u>\$ 90,706,484</u>	<u>\$ 76,735,244</u>	<u>\$ 76,465,713</u>
District's Covered Employee Payroll	<u>\$17,728,772</u>	<u>\$ 17,259,881</u>	\$ 16,718,008	\$ 15,964,944	<u>\$ 15,521,054</u>	<u>\$ 15,167,830</u>	\$ 14,823,127	<u>\$ 14,925,265</u>	<u>\$ 14,492,650</u>
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	35.52%	24.60%	26.95%	26.49%	25.41%	22.33%	28.71%	33.64%	33.76%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will only present information for those years for which information is available.

EXHIBIT L-4

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Change of Benefit Terms:	None.
Change of Assumptions:	Assumptions used in calculating the net pension liability and statutorily required employer contribution are presented in Note 4D.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORAMTION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN

Last Five Fiscal Years*

	2022			2021		2020		2019		2018
Service Cost	\$	4,430,279	\$	2,400,268	\$	2,126,199	\$	2,443,853	\$	2,923,049
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		2,063,181		1,955,129		2,333,333		2,516,410		2,179,386
Changes of Benefit Terms		(84,654)								
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(15,312,433)		16,453,385		(8,406,283)		(6,306,297)		
Changes of Assumptions		78,466		16,427,311		808,322		(6,766,689)		(9,063,233)
Gross Benefit Payments		(1,625,208)		(1,565,625)		(1,664,181)		(1,576,740)		(1,663,310)
Contribution from the Member		52,745		47,454		49,331		54,495		61,247
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(10,397,624)		35,717,922		(4,753,279)		(9,634,968)		(5,562,861)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	*******	89,931,040		54,213,118		58,966,397		68,601,365		74,164,226
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	79,533,416	\$	89,931,040	\$	54,213,118	<u>\$</u>	58,966,397	\$	68,601,365
District's Proportionate Share		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0
State's Proportionate Share	\$	79,533,416	\$	89,931,040	\$	54,213,118	\$	58,966,397	\$	68,601,365
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	79,533,416	<u>\$</u>	89,931,040	<u>\$</u>	54,213,118	\$	58,966,397	<u>\$</u>	68,601,365
Covered Payroll	<u>\$</u>	21,126,312	<u>\$</u>	20,896,167	\$	20,309,753	\$	19,591,516	<u>\$</u>	19,205,530
District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability										
as a Percentage of Covered Payroll:		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will only present information for those years for which information is available.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE OPEB LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE OPEB LIABILITY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in Benefit Terms:

None.

Changes of Assumptions

Assumptions used in calculating the OPEB liability are presented in Note 4E.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

						ESEA										ARP								
		Title I	ті	tle IIA	r	itle III		itle III migrant	r	itle IV		I.D.E.A. Basic		I.D.E.A. Preschool		I.D.E.A. Basic		onavirus ef Grant	Sche	larship		itudent ctivities	Total Exhibit E-1a	Totals
REVENUES		A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR A			-				-				-								_			
Intergovernmental Federal	\$	360,956	\$	68,306	s	13,379	\$	4,102	\$	18,192	s	532,245	\$	10,245	s	82,400	s	800					\$ 2,245,253	\$ 3 335.878
Local	_	-		-		-		-		-			_		_	-		-	\$	1,498	\$	405,825		407,323
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	360,956	<u>\$</u>	68,306	<u>\$</u>	13,379	<u>\$</u>	4,102	<u>\$</u>	18,192	<u>\$</u>	532,245	<u>\$</u>	10,245	<u>\$</u>	82,400	<u>\$</u>	800	<u>\$</u>	1,498	<u>\$</u>	405,825	2,245,253	<u>\$ 3,743,201</u>
EXPENDITURES																								
Instruction Salaries of Teachers Purchased Professional Educational Services	\$	197,816	\$	9,500													\$	800					\$ 21,600 5,250	\$ 229,716 5,250
Other Purchased Services					•		•		•		\$	532,245			\$	82,400							364,071	978,716
General Supplies Co-Curricular/Extra-Curricular Activities		30,070		6,587	\$	12,879	\$	4,102	\$	17,598			\$	10,245							\$	323,748	255,694	337,175 323,748
Athletic Activities				-		-		-		-	_	-		-		-		-		-		63,450		63,450
Total Instruction		227,886		16,087		12,879		4,102		17,598		532,245		10,245		82,400		800		-		387,198	646,615	1,938,055
Support Services Salaries of Teachers Salaries of Other Professional Staff		17,784		2,630		248				594													4,600	4,600 21,256
Purchased Professional Educational Services Employee Benefits		115,286		49,589		252																	297,174	347,015 115,286
Scholarship Awards		<u> </u>		-		-		-		-		-				-		-	\$	750		-		750
Total Support Services		133,070		52,219		500				594		-	_	-		-				750		-	301,774	488,907
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Svs Construction Services		-								-				-				-					1,296,864	1,296,864
Total Facilities Acquisition and Const Svs				-								<u> </u>										<u> </u>	1,296,864	1,296,864
Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	360,956	<u>\$</u>	68,306	<u>\$</u>	13,379	<u>\$</u>	4,102	<u>\$</u>	18,192	<u>\$</u>	532,245	<u>\$</u>	10,245	<u>\$</u>	82,400	<u>\$</u>	800	<u>\$</u>	750		387,198	2,245,253	\$ 3,723,826
Net Changes in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		748		18,627	-	19,375
Fund Balance, Beginning of the Year		-								-		-								129		237,322	<u> </u>	237,451
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>		\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	\$ #*********		<u>\$</u>	877	<u>\$</u>	255,949	-	\$ 256,826

EXHIBIT E-1a

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

						American Rescue Plan (ARP)											
	FOULT I	L	CRRSA earning celeration		Mental	F	CCED III		ccelerated Learning <u>Coach</u>	P	NJTSS Viental		Iomeless iildren and Youth	A	CSERS		Totala
REVENUES	ESSER II	AC	celeration		Health	Ē	<u>SSER III</u>		Coach	1	Health		Touth		<u>Aid</u>	-	<u>Totals</u>
Intergovernmental																	
Federal	\$ 1,334,510	\$	26,850	\$	34,560	\$	461,540	\$	18,722	\$	5,000	\$	10,165	\$	353,906	\$ 2	2,245,253
Local		_							-				-				
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 1,334,510</u>	<u>\$</u>	26,850	<u>\$</u>	34,560	<u>s</u>	461,540	<u>\$</u>	18,722	<u>s</u>	5,000	\$	10,165	<u>\$</u>	353,906	5 2	2,245,253
EXPENDITURES																	
Instruction																	
Salaries of Teachers		\$	21,600													\$	21,600
Purchased Professional Educational Services			5,250														5,250
Other Purchased Services												\$	10,165	\$	353,906		364,071
General Supplies	\$ 37,646					\$	194,326	\$	18,722	\$	5,000						255,694
Co-Curricular/Extra-Curricular Activities																	-
Athletic Activities																	-
Other Objects					-		-		*		-		-		-		-
Total Instruction	37,646		26,850		-		194,326		18,722		5,000		10,165		353,906		646,615
Support Services																	
Salaries of Teachers				\$	4,600												4,600
Salaries of Other Professional Staff					,												-
Purchased Professional Educational Services					29,960		267,214										297,174
Other Purchased Prof. Services																	-
Employee Benefits																	-
General Supplies																	-
Scholarship Awards			-		-		*				-		<u> </u>				-
Total Support Services	<u> </u>		-		34,560		267,214						-		-		301,774
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Svs																	
Construction Services	1,296,864		-		-		_		-		-		-		-	1	1,296,864
				-													<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Total Facilities Acquisition and Const Svs	1,296,864		-		-		-		-				-		-]	,296,864
	6 1 224 510	¢	26.850	ŕ	24 500	e	461 540	¢	18 700	e	E 000	¢	10.165		252.000	e -	246 262
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 1,334,510</u>	<u>\$</u>	26,850	\$	34,560	<u>\$</u>	461,540	<u>⊅</u>	18,722	3	5,000	<u>\$</u>	10,165		353,906	<u> </u>	2,245,253
Net Changes in Fund Balance	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, Beginning of the Year	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	\$	-

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Expenditures to Date

Issue/Project Title	<u>Appr</u>	opriations	<u>P</u>	rior Years		<u>Current Year</u>	τ	Unexpended Balance
Middle School Renovations and Expansion Project	<u>\$</u>	27,400,000	<u>\$</u>	27,397,671	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	2,329
	\$	27,400,000	<u>\$</u>	27,397,671	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	2,329

Recapitulation of Balance	
Restricted for Capital Projects:	
Year End Encumbrances	\$ 2,329
Total Fund Balance - Restricted	
For Capital Projects	\$ 2,329

SCHEDULE F-2

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Expenditures and Other Financin Construction Services Other Objects	\$		
Total Expenditures and Other Fi			
Excess of Expenditures and Other F Revenues and Other Financing Sou		-	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	<u></u>	2,329	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,329	
	Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Fund Balance, June 30, 2022 - Budgetary Basis	\$	2,329
	Fund Balance, June 30, 2022 - GAAP Basis	\$	2,329

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF PROJECT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, PROJECT BALANCE AND PROJECT STATUS - BUDGETARY BASIS MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS AND EXPANSION PROJECT FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>P</u> 1	rior Periods	Current Year	<u>T</u>	<u>`otals</u>	Revised Authorized <u>Cost</u>			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources									
Bond Proceeds	<u>\$</u>	27,400,000		<u>\$27,</u>	400,000	\$27,400,000			
Total Revenues		27,400,000		_27,	400,000	27,400,000			
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses									
Legal		108,774			108,774	129,063			
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		2,351,676		2,	351,676	3,010,871			
Construction Services		23,688,346		23,	688,346	21,708,135			
Equipment		896,562			896,562	606,000			
Other Objects		352,313			352,313	1,945,931			
Total Expenditures		27,397,671		_27,	397,671	27,400,000			
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	2,329	<u> </u>	\$	2,329	<u>\$</u>			
Additional Project Information:									
Project Number	473(0-050-13-1000							
Grant Date		N/A							
Bond Authorization (Referendum) Date	1	2/10/2013							
Bonds Authorized	\$	27,400,000							
Bonds Issued	\$	27,400,000							
Original Authorized Cost	\$	27,400,000							
Additional Authorized Cost	\$	-							
Revised Authorized Cost	\$	27,400,000							
Percentage Increase Over Original									
Authorized Cost		0.00%							
Percentage Completion		100.00%							
Original Target Completion Date		2015/2016							
Revised Target Completion Date	:	2017/2018							

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

NOT APPLICABLE

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

NOT APPLICABLE

LONG-TERM DEBT

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION LONG-TERM DEBT SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Date of	Amount of Annual Maturities		Interest		Balance				Balance		
Issue	Issue		Issue	Date	Amount	Rate	<u> </u>	<u>uly 1, 2021</u>		<u>Retired</u>	Ju	ine 30, 2022
School Bonds Series 2014	7/16/2014	\$	27,400,000	8/15/2022	\$ 1,220,000	3.00%						
				8/15/2023	1,255,000	3.00%						
				8/15/2024	1,290,000	3.00%						
				8/15/2025	1,330,000	3.00%						
				8/15/2026	1,375,000	3.00%						
				8/15/2027	1,425,000	3.125%						
				8/15/2028	1,475,000	3.125%						
				8/15/2029	1,535,000	3.250%						
				8/15/2030	1,595,000	3.375%						
				8/15/2031	1,660,000	3.500%						
				8/15/2032	1,725,000	3.625%						
				8/15/2033	1,795,000	4.000%						
				8/15/2034	1,870,000	4.000%	<u>\$</u>	20,745,000	<u>\$</u>	1,195,000	<u>\$</u>	19,550,000
							<u>\$</u>	20,745,000	<u>\$</u>	1,195,000	<u>\$</u>	19,550,000

EXHIBIT I-2

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL AND OTHER FINANCING AGREEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Capital Financing Agreements					
Purpose	Interest Rate <u>Payable</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	Balance, July 1, 2021	<u>Retired</u>	Balance, June 30, 2022
Phone System	3.96%	\$ 151,650	\$ 99,496	\$ 30,084	\$ 69,412
			<u>\$ </u>	\$ 30,084	\$ 69,412
Other Financing Agreements					
	Interest	Amount of			
	Rate	Original	Balance,		Balance,
<u>Purpose</u>			Balance, July 1, 2021	<u>Retired</u>	Balance, <u>June 30, 2022</u>
	Rate	Original	,	<u>Retired</u> \$ 18,963	-
<u>Purpose</u>	Rate <u>Payable</u>	Original <u>Issue</u>	July 1, 2021		-
<u>Purpose</u> Chromebooks	Rate <u>Payable</u> 4.35%	Original <u>Issue</u> 74,340	<u>July 1, 2021</u> \$ 18,963	\$ 18,963	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
<u>Purpose</u> Chromebooks Chromebooks	Rate <u>Payable</u> 4.35% 4.28%	Original <u>Issue</u> 74,340 69,500	July 1, 2021 \$ 18,963 26,023	\$ 18,963 18,200	<u>June 30, 2022</u> \$ 7,823

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION LONG-TERM DEBT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	B	udgeted Amounts			Variance
	<u>Original</u>	Transfers	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Final to Actual
REVENUES Local Sources					
Property Taxes State Sources	\$ 1,233,276	\$	1,233,276	\$ 1,233,276	
Debt Service Aid	635,324		635,324	635,324	-
Total Revenues	1,868,600	<u> </u>	1,868,600	1,868,600	
EXPENDITURES Debt Service					
Principal Interest	1,195,000 673,600	<u> </u>	1,195,000 673,600	1,195,000	
Total Expenditures	673,600		673,600	673,600	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,195,000		1,195,000	1,195,000	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,195,000	<u>\$\$</u>	1,195,000	\$ 1,195,000	<u>\$</u> -

.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Secaucus Board of Education's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the district's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Exhibits</u>
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the district's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	J-1 to J-5
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the district's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	J-6 to J-9
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the afforda- bility of the district's current levels of outstanding debt and the district's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	J-10 to J-13
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the district's finan- cial activities take place.	J-14 and J-15
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the district's financial report relates to the services the district provides and the activities it performs.	J-16 to J-20

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year I	Ended June 30,				
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	(Restated)						(Restated)		
Governmental Activities Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Deb \$ 15,980,330 Restricted 620,909 Unrestricted (695,185)	\$ 14,720,735 3,882,864 (10,872,549)	\$ 18,324,882 881,285 (9,889,492)	\$ 20,860,209 1,950,928 (10,389,772)	\$ 22,249,472 3,041,745 (12,124,730)	\$ 23,569,792 4,349,830 (12,612,423)	\$ 23,627,355 5,336,500 (12,618,632)	\$ 24,608,429 6,753,680 (12,782,084)	\$ 25,321,865 8,693,843 (11,666,907)	\$ 25,840,528 11,311,039 (10,144,178)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position \$_15,906,054	\$ 7,731,050	<u>\$ 9,316,675</u>	<u>\$ 12,421,365</u>	<u>\$ 13,166,487</u>	<u>\$ 15,307,199</u>	\$ 16,345,223	<u>\$ 18,580,025</u>	<u>\$ 22,348,801</u>	\$ 27,007,389
Business-Type Activities Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Deb \$ 43,431 Unrestricted 442,657	\$ 28,954 565,638	\$ 28,276 679,034	\$ 36,209 818,123	\$	\$ 193,493 857,206	\$ 198,407 829,953	\$	\$	\$ 193,524 938,269
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position \$ 486,088	\$ 594,592	\$ 707,310	<u>\$ 854,332</u>	<u>\$ 977,628</u>	<u>\$ 1,050,699</u>	\$ 1,028,360	<u>\$ 918,061</u>	<u>\$ 1,248,422</u>	<u>\$ 1,131,793</u>
District-Wide Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Deb \$ 16,023,761 Restricted 620,909 Unrestricted (252,528)	\$ 14,749,689 3,882,864 (10,306,911)	\$ 18,353,158 881,285 (9,210,458)	\$ 20,896,418 1,950,928 (9,571,649)	\$ 22,282,276 3,041,745 (11,179,906)	\$ 23,763,285 4,349,830 (11,755,217)	\$ 23,825,762 5,336,500 (11,788,679)	\$ 24,787,498 6,753,680 (12,043,092)	\$ 25,481,767 8,693,843 (10,578,387)	\$ 26,034,052 11,311,039 (9,205,909)
Total District Net Position \$ 16,392,142	\$ 8,325,642	\$ 10,023,985	\$ 13,275,697	<u>\$ 14,144,115</u>	<u>\$ 16,357,898</u>	<u>\$ 17,373,583</u>	\$ 19,498,086	\$ 23,597,223	\$ 28,139,182

Note 1 - Net position at June 30, 2014 is restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

Note 2 - Net position at June 30, 2020 is restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 84, "Fiduciary Activities".

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,											
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
									All	and the f		
Expenses												
Governmental Activities												
Instruction												
Regular	\$ 18,455,000	\$ 17,287,422	\$ 17,891,698	\$ 18,631,672	\$ 21,972,466	\$ 22,669,639	\$ 21,507,249	\$ 20,756,782	\$ 23,058,564	\$ 19,892,050		
Special Education	3,146,845	3,077,142	5,299,019	5,636,227	5,873,674	6,058,490	6,686,059	6,900,384	6,917,989	7,207,913		
Other Special Instruction	290,070	262,571										
Other Instruction	1,212,538	1,166,714	438,715	585,582	546,407	462,428	434,110	548,883	603,970	589,297		
School Sponsored Activities And Athletics			1,345,392	1,406,365	1,554,978	1,579,347	1,398,894	1,378,398	1,489,183	1,730,961		
Community Services			42,123	40,068	44,379	49,365	51,720	52,708	4,637	12,488		
Support Services:												
Tuition	192,571	394,392										
Student & Instruction Related Services	3,652,990	3,622,645	4,394,143	4,600,464	5,129,110	5,246,723	4,877,420	4,764,119	5,730,596	5,311,587		
School Administration Services	1,783,165	1,250,439	2,429,217	2,789,015	2,974,427	2,866,244	2,815,991	2,529,611	2,912,271	2,685,042		
General Administrative Services	1,807,722	1,966,545	1,005,038	1,046,506	1,210,746	1,277,129	1,208,780	1,125,856	1,181,161	1,270,298		
Business/Central Services	587,510	735,185	1,221,673	1,267,410	1,430,431	1,434,535	1,254,064	1,121,975	1,160,327	1,252,625		
Administration of Information Technology	450,274	442,727	1,221,073	1,207,410	1,450,451	1,757,555	1,207,004	1,141,973	1,100,027	1,200,000		
	3,493,530	4,072,940	4,802,450	5,135,538	6,377,866	6,150,870	6,035,771	5,928,702	6,280,124	6,588,128		
Plant Operations And Maintenance	1,202,110								1,230,309	1,631,008		
Pupil Transportation		1,364,581	1,756,128	1,640,332	1,939,996	1,924,270	1,994,340	1,685,783	1,230,309	1,031,008		
Transfer to Charter School	40,985	53,088	065 421	048 (58	002 400	822 525	702.140	760 506	714 207	671 292		
Interest On Long-Term Debt	195,837		965,431	948,658	896,480	832,525	792,148	760,526	714,387	671,283		
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	36,511,147	35,696,391	41,591,027	43,727,837	49,950,960	50,551,565	49,056,546	47,553,727	51,283,518	48,842,680		
Business-Type Activities:												
	1,716,826	1,712,055	938,181	896,165	967,022	1 0(2 004	1 170 169	980,990	759,403	1,458,393		
Enterprise Fund	1,710,820	1,712,055	938,181	890,103	967,022	1,062,094	1,170,158	980,990	739,403	1,450,595		
Total Business-Type Activities	1,716,826	1,712,055	938,181	896,165	967,022	1,062,094	1,170,158	980,990	759,403	1,458,393		
Total District Expenses	\$ 38,227,973	\$ 37,408,446	\$ 42,529,208	\$ 44,624,002	\$ 50,917,982	<u>\$51,613,659</u>	\$ 50,226,704	\$ 48,534,717	\$ 52,042,921	\$ 50,301,073		
Program Revenues												
Governmental Activities:												
Charges For Services:												
Regular			\$ 3,200	\$ 9,050		\$ 124,950	\$ 87,780	\$ 53,420	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,400		
Plant Operations and Maintenance				,		,	,	,				
School Sponsored Activities And Athletics									127,966	405,825		
Student Instruction									,	1,498		
Transportation			33,850		\$ 13,782					-,		
Operating Grants And Contributions	\$ 3,875,799	\$ 3,913,673	8,395,904	10,318,266	13,579,378	14,501,964	12,407,342	11,200,155	16,073,215	13,724,351		
Capital Grants And Contributions	ψ 5,015,155	5,515,615	0,000,004	10,510,200	13,377,370	14,501,504	58,545	-	10,075,215	10,721,001		
cupital Grands / and Contributions												
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	3,875,799	3,913,673	8,432,954	10,327,316	13,593,160	14,626,914	12,553,667	11,253,575	16,209,181	14,140,074		
Business-Type Activities:												
Charges For Services												
Food Service	618,136	621,045	646,804	648,083	685,843	722,056	717,140	464,715	5,941	71,710		
Technology Program			, .					37,209	56,732	70,907		
Operating Grants And Contributions	315,849	356,729	404,095	395,104	404,475	413,109	430,679	368,767	1,027,091	1,199,147		
Total Business Type Activities Program Revenues	933,985	977,774	1,050,899	1,043,187	1,090,318	1,135,165	1,147,819	870,691	1,089,764	1,341,764		
Total District Program Revenues	\$ 4,809,784	\$ 4,891,447	<u>\$ 9,483,853</u>	\$ 11,370,503	<u>\$ 14,683,478</u>	\$ 15,762,079	\$ 13,701,486	\$ 12,124,266	\$ 17,298,945	\$ 15,481,838		

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

							Fiscal Year Er	nded June 30,				
	2013	2014	2015		2016		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Net (Expense)/Revenue												
Governmental Activities	\$ (32,635,348)	\$ (31,782,718)	\$ (33,158,073)	\$	(33,400,521)	\$	(36,357,800)	\$ (35,924,651)	\$ (36,502,879)	\$ (36,300,152)	\$ (35,074,337)	\$ (34,702,606)
Business-Type Activities	(782,841)	(734,281)	112,718	÷	147,022	Ψ	123,296	73,071	(22,339)	(110,299)	330,361	(116,629)
*JF+	((,					120,000		(22,007)	(110,27)		
Total District-Wide Net Expense	\$ (33,418,189)	<u>\$ (32,516,999)</u>	<u>\$ (33,045,355)</u>	<u>\$</u>	(33,253,499)	\$	(36,234,504)	<u>\$ (35,851,580)</u>	<u>\$ (36,525,218)</u>	<u>\$ (36,410,451)</u>	<u>\$ (34,743,976)</u>	\$ (34,819,235)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position												
Governmental Activities:												
Property Taxes Levied For General Purposes, Net	\$ 31,506,805	\$ 32,311,941	\$ 32,748,152	\$	33,321,245	\$	33,987,669	\$ 34,667,422	\$ 35,360,770	\$ 36,067,984	\$ 36,789,344	\$ 37,517,774
Taxes Levied For Debt Service	1,265,839	1,276,826	1,877,925		2,368,408		2,413,708	2,526,693	1,554,633	1,534,459	1,512,240	1,233,276
Federal and State Aid - Restricted					573,563		465,009	472,476	409,149	416,662	425,386	406,300
Federal and State Aid - Unrestricted	1,153,722	1,153,386	39,072		42,688		62,119	64,682	4,859			-
Investment Earnings			41,595		37,644							-
Miscellaneous Income	624,363	637,242	36,954		161,663		174,417	334,090	211,492	196,694	116,143	203,844
Transfers	(930,760)	(884,624)			-		-	-			<u> </u>	
	22 (12 2(2	04 404 551	A / E / A / A				0.00.000			00 01 6 700	20.040.110	20.261.104
Total Governmental Activities	33,619,969	34,494,771	34,743,698		36,505,211		37,102,922	38,065,363	37,540,903	38,215,799	38,843,113	39,361,194
Business-Type Activities:												
Transfers	913,486	842,784	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Income	4,219		42,688		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities	917,705	842,784	42,688		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total District-Wide	\$ 34,537,674	\$ 35,337,555	\$ 34,786,386	\$	36,505,211	\$	37,102,922	\$ 38,065,363	\$ 37,540,903	\$ 38,215,799	\$ 38,843,113	\$ 39,361,194
	Molannan	1000-1000100.000-										and the second s
Change in Net Position												
Governmental Activities	\$ 984,621	\$ 2,712,053	\$ 1,585,625	\$	3,104,690	\$	745,122	\$ 2,140,712	\$ 1,038,024	\$ 1,915,647	\$ 3,768,776	\$ 4,658,588
Business-Type Activities	134,864	108,503	155,406		147,022		123,296	73,071	(22,339)	(110,299)	330,361	(116,629)
							······			f		
Total District	<u>\$ 1,119,485</u>	\$ 2,820,556	<u>\$ 1,741,031</u>	\$	3,251,712	\$	868,418	\$ 2,213,783	\$ 1,015,685	\$ 1,805,348	\$ 4,099,137	\$ 4,541,959

Note 1 - Changes in Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2020 is restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 84, "Fiduciary Activities".

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

							Fiscal Year End	led June 30,		_		
	2013	2014	2015		2016		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
										(Restated)		
General Fund												
Reserved	\$ 686,816	\$ 1,761,756										
Unreserved	771,330	766,083										
Restricted			\$ 1,548,141	\$	2,604,017	\$	3,841,745	\$ 5,099,830	\$ 5,936,500	\$ 6,917,446	\$ 8,806,392	\$ 11,454,213
Committed			302,900		387,343		133,001				187,718	329,558
Assigned			796,128		488,021		377,484	285,887	133,733	127,783	130,417	177,598
Unassigned			470,999		478,988		492,560	512,886	505,723	462,212	1,174,533	1,185,730
Total General Fund	<u>\$ 1,458,146</u>	\$_2,527,839	\$_3,118,168	<u>\$</u>	3,958,369	\$	4,844,790	\$ 5,898,603	<u>\$ 6,575,956</u>	<u>\$ 7,507,441</u>	<u>\$ 10,299,060</u>	\$ 13,147,099
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved												
Restricted	\$ 61,183	\$ 2,121,108	\$23,794,552	<u>\$</u>	6,309,981	<u>\$</u>	962,971	<u>\$ 437,398</u>	\$ 385,919	<u>\$ 327,084</u>	\$ 239,780	<u>\$ 259,155</u>
Total All Other Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 61,183</u>	<u>\$ 2,121,108</u>	\$23,794,552	<u>\$</u>	6,309,981	\$	962,971	<u>\$ 437,398</u>	<u>\$ 385,919</u>	\$ 327,084	<u>\$ 239,780</u>	<u>\$ 259,155</u>

Note 1 - Fund Balances at June 30, 2020 are restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 84, "Fiduciary Activities".

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

								Fiscal Year	Ende	d June 30,								
	2013		2014	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Revenues																		
Property Taxes	\$ 32,772,644	\$	33,588,767	\$ 34,626,077	\$	35,689,653	\$	36,401,377	\$	37,194,115	\$	36,915,403	\$	37,602,443	\$	38,301,584	\$	38,751,050
Other Local Governmental Units-Restricted	72,228		1,375	3,200		9,050												
Tuition Charges	4,125		4,125							124,950		87,780		53,420		8,000		8,400
Interest Earnings																		0.50
Rents and Royalties						65,041		51,681		72,203		66,514		46,715		12,715		850
Restricted Revenue from Intermediate Sources	<i></i>		83,385	33,850		13,442		13,782		0(1.007		144.070		140.070		020.040		610,317
Miscellaneous	548,010		548,357	175,718		120,824		122,736		261,887		144,978		149,979		232,049		
State Sources	4,318,938		4,268,224	4,088,104		5,728,295 861,490		6,054,287 905,861		6,858,840 786,495		7,961,112 1,062,966		8,546,317 1,055,291		10,054,057 1,451,692		12,553,310 2,792,639
Federal Sources	720,436		798,836	896,511		801,490		903,801		* 780,495	_	1,062,966		1,035,291		1,451,092		2,192,039
Total Revenue	38,436,381		39,293,069	39,823,460		42,487,795		43,549,724	_	45,298,490		46,238,753		47,454,165	_	50,060,097	_	54,716,566
Expenditures																		
Instruction																		
Regular Instruction	11,949,947		12,044,626	15,709,509		15,933,860		17,195,586		18,253,198		19,499,704		19,385,759		20,124,572		20,793,617
Special Education Instruction	2,094,337		2,183,184	4,889,398		5,101,040		4,987,977		5,277,013		6,302,599		6,646,555		6,309,556		7,500,684
Other Special Instruction	188,751		180,019															
Other Instruction	979,481		958,536	393,617		508,514		437,645		384,912		399,678		518,215		536,461		613,461
School Sponsored Activities and Athletics				1,189,777		1,209,951		1,218,386		1,279,193		1,268,059		1,290,187		1,316,298		1,795,752
Community Services				41,525		38,301		38,042		43,562		50,813		53,741		4,485		14,028
Support Services:																		
Tuition	192,571		394,392	2 007 002		4.0/2.074		4 104 202		4 204 442		4 524 257		4,508,397		5,124,297		5,508,297
Student and Inst. Related Services	2,938,415		3,000,150 884,507	3,986,083 968,588		4,062,874 993,383		4,184,282 1,093,413		4,394,443 1,171,126		4,524,357 1,172,461		4,308,397		1,128,951		1,326,917
General Administration Services School Administration Services	1,660,104 1,169,597		1,615,653	2,194,588		2,439,118		2,356,554		2,340,776		2,570,976		2,390,603		2,575,411		2,850,059
Central Services	467,521		131,002	2,194,388		2,439,110		2,550,554		2,340,770		2,570,970		2,390,003		2,373,411		2,050,055
Administration of Information Technology	398,242		363,731															
Plant Operations And Maintenance	3,013,492		3,346,203	3,970,609		4,209,721		4,630,399		4,378,138		4,572,205		4,508,195		4,666,024		5,353,616
Pupil Transportation	1,135,591		1,121,098	1,620,705		1,492,560		1,557,112		1,587,676		1,817,242		1,532,970		1,002,072		1,535,614
Business/Central Services	1,155,571		473,003	1,164,975		1,195,051		1,216,041		1,247,351		1,191,521		1,093,894		1,085,299		1,343,498
Employee Benefits	9,127,227		9,077,269	1,104,275		1,175,051		1,210,011		1,217,001		1,121,221		1,055,051		1,005,277		1,2 12, 170
Transfer to Charter School	40,985		53,088															
Capital Outlay	781,705		1,175,539	3,290,438		18,221,641		5,697,524		1,223,759		499,827		1,683,586		1,132,427		1,142,740
Principal	1,070,000		1,115,000	1,936,598		2,744,828		2,477,761		2,329,472		1,457,283		1,578,180		1,617,486		1,386,142
Interest and Other Charges	195,837		161,826	674,370		981,323		919,591		859,631		809,789		778,393		732,443		684,727
Ũ															_			
Total Expenditures	37,403,803		38,278,826	42,030,780		59,132,165	_	48,010,313		44,770,250		46,136,514		47,078,060		47,355,782		51,849,152
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues																		
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,032,578		1,014,243	(2,207,320)		(16,644,370)		(4,460,589)		528,240		102,239		376,105		2,704,315	_	2,867,414
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												600 /0C		177 200				
Capital Lease Proceeds			2 000 000	27 400 000								523,635		177,390				-
Bond Proceeds	(17.072)		3,000,000 (41,840)	27,400,000														
State Grants Receivable Cancelled Transfers to Cover Deficit - Food Service	(17,273)		(842,784)															
Transfers In			(042,704)	2		257		150,533										-
Transfers Out	(913,486)		-	(2)		(257)		(150,533)		-		-		-		-		-
											_		_					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(930,759)	_	2,115,376	27,400,000		-		-				523,635		177,390			_	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ 101,819</u>	<u>s</u>	3,129,619	\$ 25,192,680	<u>\$</u>	(16,644,370)	<u>\$</u>	(4,460,589)	<u>\$</u>	528,240	<u>\$</u>	625,874	<u>\$</u>	553,495	\$	2,704,315	<u>s</u>	2,867,414
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	3.46%		3.44%	6.74%		9.11%		8.03%		7.32%		4.97%		5.19%		5.08%		4.08%
* Nonconital expanditures are total expanditures lace	conital outlay																	

* Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND REVENUE OTHER LOCAL REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

<u>Year</u>	erlocal eements	<u>Tuition</u>	Interest Earned on <u>Investments</u>	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	Sale of Assets	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 66,756	\$ 4,125	\$ 1,597	\$ 52,928		\$ 125,406
2014	31,862	4,125	1,393	412,448		449,828
2015	33,850	3,200	41,593	36,954		115,597
2016	13,442	9,050	37,130	145,918	\$ 2,560	208,100
2017	13,782	8,122	17,765	148,530		188,199
2018	4,200	124,950	29,317	298,473	2,100	459,040
2019		87,780	51,713	159,779		299,272
2020		53,420	100,628	96,066		250,114
2021		8,000	16,569	99,574		124,143
2022	,	8,400	10,971	192,873		212,244

Source: District Records

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION ASSESSED VALUATION AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Vacant Land	Residential	Farm Reg.	Qfarm	Commercial	Industrial	Apartment	Total Assessed Value	Public Utilities	Net Valuation Taxable	Estimated Actual (County Equalized) Value	Total Direct School Tax Rate ^a
2013	\$ 62,317,200	\$ 816,160,000			\$ 819,622,775	\$ 807,360,900	\$ 41,712,200	\$ 2,547,173,075	\$ 3,185,224	\$ 2,550,358,299	\$ 4,955,875,892	\$ 1.30
2014	65,552,700	809,674,400			780,089,475	826,429,600	54,043,000	2,535,789,175	2,903,044	2,538,692,219	4,789,253,168	1.34
2015	60,295,500	867,609,000			799,892,975	869,802,300	54,043,000	2,651,642,775	3,339,721	2,654,982,496	4,402,341,949	1.41
2016	60,427,100	865,092,000			797,560,475	867,274,300	56,537,100	2,646,890,975	3,293,675	2,650,184,650	4,577,186,263	1.36
2017	60,578,100	829,147,250			892,345,175	906,471,500	65,058,400	2,753,600,425	3,232,106	2,756,832,531	4,832,900,084	1.30
2018	59,458,100	833,569,750			903,258,175	906,966,800	65,058,400	2,768,311,225	3,258,237	2,771,569,462	4,898,813,081	1.34
2019	52,745,100	838,410,850			922,260,875	939,627,600	64,763,400	2,817,807,825	3,336,160	2,821,143,985	5,472,494,946	1.32
2020	52,417,300	845,440,750			919,485,575	936,428,450	63,663,400	2,817,435,475	3,352,759	2,820,788,234	5,550,541,721	1.35
2021	52,675,600	848,416,150			920,609,275	940,545,350	63,663,400	2,825,909,775	3,488,259	2,829,398,034	5,688,048,937	1.36
2022	53,501,800	850,806,050			899,861,775	978,187,100	63,663,400	2,846,020,125	3,840,357	2,849,860,482	5,307,569,560	1.37

Source: County Abstract of Ratables

a Tax rates are per \$100

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION PROPERTY TAX RATES PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Calendar <u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Local School <u>District</u>	<u>Municipality</u>	<u>County</u>
2013	\$ 3.76 \$	1.30 \$	1.40	\$ 1.06
2014	3.77	1.34	1.40	1.03
2015	3.70	1.41	1.39	0.90
2016	3.71	1.36	1.43	0.92
2017	3.61	1.30	1.44	0.87
2018	3.61	1.34	1.48	0.79
2019	3.71	1.32	1.56	0.83
2020	3.74	1.35	1.64	0.75
2021	3.77	1.36	1.64	0.77
2022	3.76	1.37	1.69	0.71

Source: Tax Duplicate, Township of Secaucus

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS, CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

	202	22		2013					
	Taxable Assessed	% of Total District Net		Taxable Assessed	% of Total District Net				
Taxpayer	 Value	Assessed Value	Taxpayer	 Value	Assessed Value				
Fraternity Meadows LLC	\$ 143,965,900	5.05%	PMP 500 Plaza Corp	\$ 48,477,600	1.90%				
Hancock S REIT SECA Corp	63,251,200	2.22%	300-400 Park Plaza Drive Inc	41,679,000	1.63%				
800 Secaucus LLC % Hartz	57,246,700	2.01%	755 Secaucus Road	35,548,900	1.39%				
755 Secaucus LLC % Hartz	52,695,800	1.85%	Fraternity Meadows LLC	33,793,600	1.33%				
HMGL LLC	48,702,200	1.71%	Mill Creek Mall LLC	33,158,200	1.30%				
Hartz Enterprise LLC	45,773,300	1.61%	800 Secaucus LLC	31,672,000	1.24%				
Coresite RE 2 Emerson Lane LLC	41,448,600	1.45%	BT Newyo LLC	30,900,500	1.21%				
Fraternity Meadows LLC	39,256,400	1.38%	50 Meadowland Parkway LLC	30,439,400	1.19%				
NY2 Hartz Way LLC	38,021,400	1.33%	Gaia 200 Plaza Drive	28,857,400	1,13%				
50 Meadowland Parkway LLC	35,985,800	1.26%	400 Plaza Dr Inc	25,801,500	1.01%				
	\$ 566,347,300	19.87%		\$ 340,328,100	13.34%				

Source: Municipal Tax Assessor

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal	Local School	Collected within t					
Year	District Taxes	of the I	Levy	Collections in			
Ended	Levied for the		Percentage	Subsequent			
June 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	_		
2013	\$ 33,180,707	\$ 33,180,707	100.00%	N/A			
2014	34,107,422	34,107,422	100.00%	N/A			
2015	34,626,077	34,626,075	99.99%	\$ 2			
2016	35,689,653	35,689,653	100.00%	N/A			
2017	36,401,377	36,401,377	100.00%	N/A			
2018	37,194,115	37,194,115	100.00%	N/A			
2019	36,915,403	36,915,403	100.00%	N/A			
2020	37,602,443	37,602,443	100.00%	N/A			
2021	37,602,443	37,602,443	100.00%	N/A			
2022	38,751,050	38,751,050	100.00%	N/A			

EXHIBIT J-10

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		Governmen	tal Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Capital Financing Agreements	Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs)	Total District	Population (1)	Per Capita
2013	\$ 6,675,000		\$ 2,153,763		\$ 8,828,763	18,001	\$ 490
2014	5,560,000		1,453,838	\$ 3,000,000	10,013,838	18,091	554
2015	31,810,000		688,492		32,498,492	18,156	1,790
2016	29,585,000		168,664		29,753,664	18,827	1,580
2017	27,305,000				27,305,000	19,560	1,396
2018	24,990,000				24,990,000	19,686	1,269
2019	23,595,000		476,975		24,071,975	20,634	1,167
2020	22,180,000		508,097		22,688,097	21,936	1,034
2021	20,745,000	99,496			20,844,496	21,602	965
2022	19,550,000		69,412		19,619,412	21,295	921

Source: District records

(1) Estimated

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Gener	al Bonded Debt Ou	g					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Deductions	B	let General onded Debt outstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita		
2013	\$ 6,675,000		\$	6,675,000	0.26%	\$	371	
2014	5,560,000			5,560,000	0.22%		307	
2015	31,810,000			31,810,000	1.20%		1,752	
2016	29,585,000		29,585,000 1.12%		1.12%		1,571	
2017	27,305,000			27,305,000	0.99%		1,396	
2018	24,990,000			24,990,000	0.90%		1,269	
2019	23,595,000			23,595,000	0.84%		1,144	
2020	22,180,000		22,180,000				1,011	
2021	20,745,000			20,745,000	0.73%		960	
2022	19,550,000			19,550,000	0.69%		918	

Source: District records

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING OUTSTANDING BONDED DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021 (Unaudited)

	<u>(</u>	Gross Debt	Ī	Deductions		Net Debt
Municipal Debt: (1) Secaucus Board of Education Town of Secaucus	\$	19,550,000 62,705,426	\$	19,550,000 154,698	<u>\$</u>	62,550,728
	<u>\$</u>	82,255,426	\$	19,704,698		62,550,728
Overlapping Debt Apportioned to the Municipality: Hudson County:						
County of Hudson (2)						71,782,296
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt					\$	134,333,024

Source:

(1) 2021 Annual Debt Statement of the Town of Secaucus

(2) Hudson County Treasurer's Office

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fisc	al Year							
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
Debt Limit	\$ 200,286,295	\$ 193,011,901	\$ 186,236,835	\$ 179,928,993	\$ 177,785,822	\$ 184,473,973	\$ 205,510,487	\$ 217,518,238	\$ 219,869,504	\$ 218,403,234			
Total Net Debt Applicable To Limit	6,675,000	5,560,000	31,810,000	29,585,000	27,305,000	24,990,000	23,595,000	22,180,000	20,745,000	19,550,000			
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 193,611,295	\$ 187,451,901	\$ 154,426,835	\$ 150,343,993	\$ 150,480,822	\$ 159,483,973	\$ 181,915,487	\$ 195,338,238	\$ 199,124,504	\$ 198,853,234			
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	3.33%	2.88%	17.08%	16.44%	15.36%	13.55%	11.48%	10.20%	9.44%	8.95%			
Source: Annual Debt Statements		Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022											

Equalized Valuation Basis 2021 2020 2019	\$ 5,232,197,325 5,633,744,201 5,514,301,027 16,380,242,553
Average Equalized Valuation Of Taxable Property	 5,460,080,851
Debt Limit (4% of Average Equalization Value) Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit Legal Debt Margin	\$ 218,403,234 19,550,000 198,853,234

EXHIBIT J-14

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)

Year Ended <u>December 31,</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>	Per Capita <u>Income (A)</u>	School District <u>Population (1)</u>
2013	N/A	\$ 47,381	18,001
2014	7.3	51,066	18,091
2015	4.6	54,675	18,156
2016	4.3	56,597	18,827
2017	3.8	60,558	19,560
2018	3.4	65,090	19,686
2019	2.8	67,570	20,634
2020	9.1	71,682	21,936
2021	5.8	N/A	21,602
2022	N/A	N/A	21,295

(A) Represents the County of Hudson

(1) Estimated

Source: State of New Jersey Dept. of Labor United States Bureau of Census

EXHIBIT J-15

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS, CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

		2022	2013				
		Percentage of Total Municipal		Percentage of Total Municipal			
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment			

INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program										
Instruction										
Regular	137	141	138	141	150	151	155	155	153	149
Special Education	37	37	39	37	41	42	47	47	48	48
Other Instruction	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Adult/Continuing Education Programs										
Support Services:										
Student and Instruction Related Services	38	33	33	33	33	33	30	31	31	31
General Administration	7	9	8	8	6	6	6	6	6	6
School Administrative Services	13	16	16	16	16	16	18	18	17	17
Central Services	4	3	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
Administrative Information Technology	1	1	1	1	1					
Plant Operations And Maintenance	21	27	27	21	21	22	32	32	28	32
Pupil Transportation	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	32	28	22
Total	291	300	301	295	306	308	327	330	320	314

Source: District Personnel Records

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Pupil/Teacher Ratio

Fiscal Year	Enrollment ^a	Operating spenditures ^b	ost Per Pupil ^c	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Elementary	Middle School	Senior High School	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE)	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2013	2,185	\$ 35,356,260	\$ 16,181	6.87%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,123	2,069	-1.16%	97.46%
2014	2,181	35,826,462	16,427	1.52%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	2,189	36,129,374	16,505	0.48%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,181	2,076	N/A	95.19%
2016	2,114	37,184,373	17,590	6.57%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,110	2,017	-3.26%	95.59%
2017	2,113	38,915,437	18,417	4,70%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,109	2,012	-0.05%	95.40%
2018	2,197	40,357,388	18,369	-0.26%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,171	2,076	2.94%	95.62%
2019	2,272	43,369,615	19,089	3.92%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,272	2,257	4.65%	99.34%
2020	2,270	43,037,901	18,959	-0.68%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,270	2,183	-0.09%	96.17%
2021	2,194	43,873,426	19,997	5.47%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,152	2,140	-5.20%	99.44%
2022	2,197	48,635,543	22,137	10.70%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,192	2,158	1.86%	98.45%

Sources: District records

N/A - Not Available

- Note: a Enrollment based on annual October district count.
 - b Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.
 - c Cost per pupil represents operating expenditures divided by enrollment.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
District Building				••• •••				<u></u>		
Elementary										
Clarendon School										
Square Feet	97,715	97,715	97,715	97,715	97,715	97,715	97,715	97,715	97,715	97,715
Capacity (students)	456	456	456	456	456	456	456	456	456	456
Enrollment	650	641	579	448	448	456	479	472	454	471
Huber School										
Square Feet	58,240	58,240	58,240	58,240	58,240	58,240	58,240	58,240	58,240	58,240
Capacity (students)	466	466	466	466	466	466	466	466	466	466
Enrollment	648	640	694	600	593	622	655	660	639	620
High School / Middle School										
Square Feet	159,070	159,070	159,070	159,070	213,695	213,695	213,695	213,695	213,695	213,695
Capacity (students)	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109
Enrollment	887	892	916	1,066	1,072	1,119	1,138	1,138	1,101	1,106

Number of Schools at June 30, 2022

Elementary = 2 Clarendon/Huber Street

Middle School / High School = 1

Other = 2 Pre K and Board Office

Source: District Records

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
School Facility										
Clarendon School Huber School High School / Middle School	\$ 307,899 170,010 <u>434,797</u>	\$ 230,684 \$ 129,114 502,818	5 133,113 74,504 290,144	\$ 218,018 122,026 475,210	\$ 181,614 101,651 <u>395,862</u>	\$ 177,298 95,312 <u>371,174</u>	\$ 171,623 92,261 <u>359,292</u>	\$ 190,177 \$ 102,235 <u>398,135</u>	238,178 128,039 498,625	\$ 269,635 144,950 <u>564,481</u>
Total School Facilities	912,706	862,616	497,761	815,254	679,127	643,784	623,176	690,547	864,842	979,066
Other Facilities	21,632	9,495	5,479	8,974	7,476					
Grand Total	<u>\$ 934,338</u>	<u>\$ 872,111 </u>	503,240	<u>\$ 824,228</u>	<u>\$ 686,603</u>	<u>\$ 643,784</u>	<u>\$ 623,176</u>	<u>\$ 690,547 \$</u>	864,842	<u>\$ 979,066</u>

EXHIBIT J-20

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE JUNE 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Coverage	Deductible
School Alliance Insurance Fund (SAIF)		
Property - Blanket Property	\$ 500,000,000	\$ 2,500 Per Claim
Comprehensive General Liability - Per Occurrence	5,000,000	
Flood - (A or V Zone)	25,000,000	500,000
Business Automobile - Per Occurrence	5,000,000	1,000
Flood - All Other Zones	10,000,000	2,500
Boiler and Machinery	Included in Blanket	
	Buildings and Contents	3
Excess Liability	10,000,000	
Public Officials - Selective Insurance Co.		
Treasurer	300,000	
Board Secretary	250,000	
All Risk (subject to certain exclusions) including equipment breakdowns,		
demolition and increased cost of construction, EDP equipment, extra		
expenses and newly acquired equipment		
Sub-Limits:		
Newly Acquired Property	\$ 25,000,000	
Builder's Risk	25,000,000	
Demolition and Increased Cost of Construction	25,000,000	
Cyber	2,000,000	10,000
Earthquakes	25,000,000	
Boiler and Machinery	100,000,000	
Terrorism	100,000,000	
Fine Arts	2,500,000	
EDP Equipment	1,500,000	
Blanket Dishonesty Bond (includes Faithful Performance Elected Officials);		
Per Loss	500,000	1,000
Computer Fraud:		
Per Loss	50,000	2,500
Forgery and Alteration:		
Per Loss	50,000	2,500
School Leaders Professional Liability - Each Claim	5,000,000	10,000
Workers' Compensation and Employers Liability:		
Workers Compensation	Statutory Limits	
Employers Liability Coverage B	1,000,000	

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



EXHIBIT K-1

DIETER P. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA GARY J. VINCI, CPA, RMA, PSA JEFFREY C. BLISS, CPA, RMA, PSA PAUL J. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA JULIUS B. CONSONI, CPA, PSA ANDREW D. PARENTE, CPA, RMA, PSA

ELIZABETH A. SHICK, CPA, RMA, PSA ROBERT W. HAAG, CPA, RMA, PSA DEBRA GOLLE, CPA MARK SACO, CPA ROBERT LERCH, CPA CHRISTOPHER VINCI, CPA, PSA CHRISTINA CUIFFO, CPA, PSA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Secaucus Board of Education 685 Fifth Street Secaucus, New Jersey 07094

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Secaucus Board of Education as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Secaucus Board of Education's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Secaucus Board of Education's Education's internal control.

A <u>deficiency in internal control</u> exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A <u>material weakness</u> is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A <u>significant deficiency</u> is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

17-17 ROUTE 208 • FAIR LAWN, NJ 07410 • TELEPHONE (201) 791-7100 • FACSIMILE (201) 791-3035 WWW.LVBCPA.COM

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Secaucus Board of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing</u> <u>Standards</u> and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

However, we noted certain matters that are not required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> that we reported to management of the Secaucus Board of Education in a separate report entitled, "Auditor's Management Report on Administrative Findings – Financial, Compliance and Performance" dated January 27, 2023.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

h, VAC THIR UP

LERCH, VINCI & BLISS, LLP Certified Public Accountants Public School Accountants

Gary J. Vinci

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS00829

Fair Lawn, New Jersey January 27, 2023



EXHIBIT K-2

DIETER P. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA GARY J. VINCI, CPA, RMA, PSA JEFFREY C. BLISS, CPA, RMA, PSA PAUL J. LERCH, CPA, RMA, PSA JULIUS B. CONSONI, CPA, PSA ANDREW D. PARENTE, CPA, RMA, PSA

ELIZABETH A. SHICK, CPA, RMA, PSA ROBERT W. HAAG, CPA, RMA, PSA DEBRA GOLLE, CPA MARK SACO, CPA ROBERT LERCH, CPA CHRISTOPHER VINCI, CPA, PSA CHRISTINA CUIFFO, CPA, PSA

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE U.S. UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AS REQUIRED BY NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR 15-08

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Secaucus Board of Education 685 Fifth Street Secaucus, New Jersey 07094

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the Secaucus Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement</u> and the <u>New Jersey OMB</u> <u>Circular 15-08 State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Secaucus Board of Education's major federal and state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Secaucus Board of Education's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Secaucus Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. <u>Code of Federal Regulations Part 200</u>, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles</u>, and <u>Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance) and audit requirements of New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, <u>Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants</u>, <u>State Grants and State Aid</u>. Our responsibilities under those standards, U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Secaucus Board of Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Secaucus Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

17-17 ROUTE 208 • FAIR LAWN, NJ 07410 • TELEPHONE (201) 791-7100 • FACSIMILE (201) 791-3035 WWW.LVBCPA.COM

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulation, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Secaucus Board of Education's federal and state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Secaucus Board of Education's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omission, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Secaucus Board of Education's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, U.S. Uniform Guidance, and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Secaucus Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Secaucus Board of Education's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A <u>deficiency in internal control over compliance</u> exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A <u>material weakness in internal control over compliance</u> is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. <u>A significant</u> <u>deficiency in internal control over compliance</u> is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by U.S. Uniform Guidance and Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Secaucus Board of Education, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board of Education's basic financial statements. We have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by the U.S. Uniform Guidance and schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance as required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the maximum and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures in accordance with auditing statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing and schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial assistance are fairly stated in all m

Kerch, / h.c. */Liss. (1) LERCH, VINCI & BLISS, LLP

LERCH, VINCI & BLISS, LLP Certified Public Accountants Public School Accountants

Gary J. Winci Public School Accountant PSA Number CS00829

Fair Lawn, New Jersey January 27, 2023

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Federal	Federal				Unearned	Accounts					June 30, 2022		мемо
Federal/Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/	AL	FAIN	Grant	Award	Balance,	Revenue	Receivable	Cash	Budgetary		(Account	Unearned	Due to	GAAP
Program Title	Number	Number	Period	Amount [July 1, 2021	Carryover	Carrvover	Received	Expenditures	Adjustments (A)	Receivable)	Revenue	Grantor	*
U.S. Department of Agriculture														*
Passed-Through State Department of Education														*
Enterprise Fund: National School Lunch Program	10.555													*
Cash Assistance	10.000	221NJ304N1099	07/01/21-6/30/22	\$ 964,961				\$ 888,909	\$ 964,961		\$ (76,052)			* \$ (76,052)
Cash Assistance		211NJ304N1099	07/01/20-6/30/21	600,904	\$ (57,130)			57,130						*
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)		221NJ304N1099 211NJ304N1099	07/01/21-6/30/22 07/01/20-6/30/21	41,798 36,034	198			41,798	41,640 198			\$ 158		*
Emergency Operational Cost Program-Schools	10,555	202121H170341	07/01/21-6/30/22	30.045	170			30,045	30,045					*
P-EBT Administrative	10,649	2022225900941	07/01/21-6/30/22	1,242				1,242	1,242					*
School Breakfast Program	10.553	221NJ304N1099 211NJ304N1099	07/01/21-6/30/22 07/01/20-6/30/21	134,694 363,332	(27.665)			117,925 37,565	134,694		(16,769)			* (16,769)
School Breakfast Program	10.553	211NJ304N1099	07/01/20-6/30/21	363,332	(37,565)	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	*
Child Nutrition Cluster					(94,497)			1,174,614	1,172,780	<u> </u>	(92.821)	158	<u> </u>	(92,821)
														*
U.S. Department of Education														*
Passed-Through State Department of Education														•
Special Revenue Fund:														*
ESEA		S010A210030	07/01/21-9/30/22						200.000		0.05.140	537		*
Title I Title I, Carryover	84.010 84.010	S010A210030 S010A200030	07/01/21-9/30/22	355,678 407,139	(167,661)	\$ 5,815 (5,815)	\$ (173,476) 173,476	403,706	360,956		(125,448)	537		* (124.911) *
Title II - Part A	84.367A	\$367A210029	07/01/21-9/30/22	52,604	(107.001)	19,628	(86,775)	125,913	68,306		(13,466)	3,926		* (9,540)
Title II - Part A, Carryover	84.367A	S367A200029	07/01/20-9/30/21	50,703	(67,147)	(19,628)	86,775							*
Title III Title III- Carryover	84.365 84.365	S365A210030 S365A200030	07/01/21-9/30/22 07/01/20-9/30/21	12,385 13,032	(15,230)	4,317 (4,317)	(19,547) 19,547	27,669	13,379		(4,263)	3,323		* (940) *
Title III-Immigrant, Carryover	84.365	S365A200030	07/01/20-9/30/21	13.032	(15,250)	6,890	(11,239)	4,421	4,102	\$ 560	(6,818)	3,348		* (3,470)
Title III-Immigrant, Carryover	84,365	\$365A200030	07/01/20-9/30/21	10,164	(4,349)	(6.890)	11.239							*
Title IV	84.424	S424A210031	07/01/21-9/30/22	29.719	(10.200)	11,611	(30,997)	28,017	18,192	7,934	(32,699)	31,072		(1,627)
Title IV, Carryover	84.424	S424A200031	07/01/20-9/30/21	29,000	(19,386)	(11,611)	30,997	χ.						*
CARES Emergency Relief Grant	84.425D	\$425D200027	3/13/20-9/30/22	343,363	(218,459)			218,459	800		(4,337)	3,537		* (800)
CRRSA-ESSER II	84.425D	\$425D210027	3/13/20-9/30/23	1,334,539					1,334,510		(1,334,539)	29		(1,334,510)
CRRSA-Learning Acceleration CRRSA-Mental Health	84.425D 84.425D	\$425D210027 \$425D210027	3/13/20-9/30/23 3/13/20-9/30/23	85,644 45,000					26,850 34,560		(85,644) (45,000)	58,794 10,440		* (26,850) * (34,560)
ARP - ESSER	84.425U 84.425U	S425U210027	3/13/20-9/30/24	2,999,290					461,540		(2,999,290)	2,537,750		* (461,540)
ARP - Accelerated Learning Coach	84.425U	\$425U210027	3/13/20-9/30/24	197,086					18,722		(197.086)	178,364		* (18,722)
ARP - Evidence Based Summer Learning and Enrichment	84,425U 84,425U	\$425U210027 \$425U210027	3/13/20-9/30/24 3/13/20-9/30/24	40,000 40,000							(40,000) (40,000)	40,000 40,000		* -
ARP - Evidence Based Comprehensive Beyond School Day ARP - NJTSS Mental Health Support Staffing	84.425U 84.425U	S425U210027 S425U210027	3/13/20-9/30/24	40,000					5,000		(40,000)	40,000		• (5,000)
ARP - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	\$425W210031	4/23/21-9/30/23	10,165		-			10,165		(10,165)			(10,165)
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Cluster					(218,459)		-	218,459	1,892,147		(4,801,061)	2.908.914	<u> </u>	* <u>(1,892,147</u>)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·													a	*
Coronavirus Relief Fund ACSERS Aid	21.019 21.027	C8220COVID19	3/1/20-12/31/2021 07/01/2021-6/30/2022	133,252 353,906	144			176,953	353,906		(176,953)		\$ 144	* (176,953)
ACSERS AU	21.027	SEI NI DOLLI SES	0770112021-0/50/202	555,700				110,000	555,700		(170,555)			•
I.D.E.A. Part B. Basic Regular	84.027A	H027A210100	07/01/21-9/30/22	452,943		218,503	(309,493)	686,911	532,245		(75,525)	139,201		*
I.D.E.A. Part B, Basic Regular, Carryover I.D.E.A, ARP Basic	84.027A 84.027X	H027A200100 H027X210100	07/01/20-9/30/21 07/01/21-9/30/22	469,508 103,936	(90,990)	(218,503)	309,493	50,089	82,400		(53,847)	21,536		* * (32,311)
I.D.E.A. ARP Basic I.D.E.A. ARP Preschool	84.027X 84.173X	H173X210100	07/01/21-9/30/22	8,851				50,089	82,400		(8,851)	8,851		(52,511)
1.D.E.A. Part B, Preschool	84.173A	H173A210114	07/01/21-9/30/22	14,574		42,078	(42,078)	13,603	10,245		(43,049)	46,407		*
I.D.E.A. Part B. Preschool, Carryover	84.173A	H173A200114	07/01/20-9/30/21	14,369		(42,078)	42,078		-	<u> </u>				•
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)					(90,990)		<u> </u>	750,603	624,890		(181,272)	215,995		* <u> </u>
Total Special Revenue Fund					(583,078)	-		1,735,741	3,335,878	8.494	(5,341,980)	3,167,115	144	(2,241,899)
												_	_	*
U.S. Department of Education														
Passed-Through State Department of Education General Fund:														
General Fund: Medicaid Assistance Program (SEMI)	93.778	2205NJ5MAP	07/01/21-6/30/22	33,056	-	-		33,056	33,056		-	-	-	• -
	22,110	2205,055000	5	55,050										*
Total General Fund								33.056	33,056					·
Total Federal Financial Awards					<u>\$ (677,575)</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 2.943.411</u>	<u>\$ 4,541,714</u>	<u>\$ 8,494</u>	\$ (5,434,801)	<u>\$ 3.167,273</u>	<u>\$ 144</u>	* <u>\$ (2,334,720)</u>

(A) Represents cancelled prior year encumbrances and accounts payable

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Balance, Ju	y 1, 2021									
				(Accts. Rec.)		-			Refund of		June 30, 2022		ME	мо
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State <u>Project Number</u>	Grant <u>Period</u>	Award <u>Amount</u>	Unearned <u>Revenue</u>	Due to <u>Grantor</u>	Cash <u>Received</u>	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments	Prior Years' <u>Balances</u>	(Accounts Receivable)	Unearned <u>Revenue</u>	Due to Grantor	* GAAP * <u>Receivable</u>	Cumulative Expenditures
State Department of Education													*	
General Fund													•	
Special Education Aid	22-495-034-5120-089	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	\$ 1,689,156			\$ 1,546,680	\$ 1,689,156			\$ (142,476)			*	\$ 1,689,156
Special Education Aid	21-495-034-5120-089	07/01/2020-6/30/2021		\$ (105,257)		105,257							*	
Security Aid	22-495-034-5120-084	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	191,170			175,045	191,170			(16,125)			*	191,170
Security Aid	21-495-034-5120-084	07/01/2020-6/30/2021	191,170	(16,422)	-	16,422	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Subtotal State Aid Public Cluster				(121,679)	-	1,843,404	1,880,326			(158,601)			*	1,880,326
Transportation Aid	22-495-034-5120-014	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	546,399			500,312	546,399			(46,087)			*	546,399
Transportation Aid	21-495-034-5120-014	07/01/2020-6/30/2021	546,399	(46,938)		46,938							*	
Non-Public Transportation Reimb.	22-495-034-5120-014	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	21,750				21,750			(21,750)			* \$ (21,750)	21,750
Non-Public Transportation Reimb.	21-495-034-5120-014	07/01/2020-6/30/2021	22,348	(22,348)	-	22,348		-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Subtotal Transportation Aid Cluster				(69,286)	-	569,598	568,149	-		(67,837)	-	-	* (21,750)	568,149
Extraordinary Aid	22-495-034-5120-044	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	197,168				197,168			(197,168)			*	197,168
Extraordinary Aid	21-495-034-5120-044	07/01/2020-6/30/2021	264,257	(264,257)		264,257	177,100			(1)/,100)			*	177,100
T.P.A.F. NCGI	22-495-034-5094-004	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	89,048	(204,257)		89,048	89,048						*	89,048
T.P.A.F. LTDI	22-495-034-5094-004	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	2,516			2,516	2,516						*	2,516
T.P.A.F. Post Retirement Medical	22-495-034-5094-001	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	1,495,453			1,495,453	1,495,453						*	1,495,453
T.P.A.F. Normal Cost & Accrued Liab	22-495-034-5094-002	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	6,311,612			6,311,612	6,311,612						*	6,311,612
Reimbursed T.P.A.F. Social Security Aid	22-495-034-5094-002	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	1,342,696			1,280,274	1,342,696		<u> </u>	(62,422)		-	* (62,422)	1,342,696
Total General Fund				(455,222)		11,856,162	11,886,968		<u> </u>	(486,028)			* (84,172)	11,886,968
Debt Service Fund													*	
School Construction Debt Service Aid	22-495-034-5120-075	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	635,324	-	-	635,324	635,324	-	-	-	-	-	* <u>.</u>	635,324
													*	
Total Debt Service Fund					-	635,324	635,324						*	635,324
State Department of Agriculture													*	
Enterprise Fund													•	
National School Lunch (State Share)	22-100-010-3350-023	07/01/2021-6/30/2022	26,367			24,617	26,367			(1,750)			* (1,750)	26,367
National School Lunch (State Share)	21-100-010-3350-023	07/01/2020-6/30/2021	26,730	(1,062)	-	1,062		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				*	
Total Enterprise Fund				(1,062)	-	25,679	26,367			(1,750)			*(1,750)	26,367
State Financial Assistance Subject to Singl	le Audit Determination			\$ (456,284)	s <u>-</u>	<u>\$ 12,517,165</u>	<u>\$ 12,548,659</u>	<u>s</u> -	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ (487,778)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -</u>	* * <u>\$ (85,922</u>)	\$ 12,548,659
State Financial Assistance													*	
Not Subject to Single Audit													*	
<u>General Fund</u> T.P.A.F. NCGI	22-495-034-5094-004	07/01/2021-6/30/2022				(89,048)	(89,048)						*	(89,048)
T.P.A.F. LTDI	22-495-034-5094-004	07/01/2021-6/30/2022				(2,516)	(89,048) (2,516)						*	
T.P.A.F. DIDI T.P.A.F. Post Retirement Medical	22-495-034-5094-004	07/01/2021-6/30/2022				(1,495,453)	(1,495,453)						*	(2,516) (1,495,453)
T.P.A.F. Normal Cost & Accrued Liab		07/01/2021-6/30/2022			-	(6,311,612)	(6,311,612)					<u> </u>	*	(6,311,612)
Total State Financial Assistance for Majo	or Program Determination	n		<u>\$ (456,284)</u>	s -	\$ 4,618,536	\$ 4,650,030	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (487,778)</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	* * <u>\$ (85,922)</u>	\$ 4,650,030

118

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 GENERAL

The accompanying schedules present the activity of all federal and state financial assistance programs of the Secaucus Board of Education. The Board of Education is defined in Note 1(A) to the Board's financial statements. All federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules are prepared and presented using the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Notes 1(C) to the Board's financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u> Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (U.S. Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, "<u>Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid</u>". Therefore, some amounts presented in these schedules may differ from the amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on a modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the delayed state aid payments in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:22-44.2. For GAAP purposes, those payments are not recognized until the subsequent year due to the state deferral and recording of certain state aid payments in the subsequent year. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, which may include the delayed state aid payments, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The special revenue fund also recognizes the delayed state aid payments in the current budget year, consistent with N.J.S.A. 18A:22-44.2.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is an increase of \$31,018 for the general fund and a decrease of \$576,295 for the special revenue fund. See the Notes to Required Supplementary Information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Board's financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented as follows:

	Federal			State	Total
General Fund	\$	33,056	\$	11,917,986	\$ 11,951,042
Special Revenue Fund		2,759,583			2,759,583
Debt Service Fund				635,324	635,324
Food Service Fund		1,172,780	<u> </u>	26,367	 1,199,147
Total Awards Financial Assistance	<u>\$</u>	3,965,419	<u>\$</u>	12,579,677	\$ 16,545,096

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules may not necessarily agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports due to timing differences between the District's fiscal year and grant program years.

NOTE 5 OTHER INFORMATION

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program as non-cash assistance represent current year value received and current year distributions, respectively. TPAF Social Security contributions in the amount of \$1,342,696 represents the amount reimbursed by the State for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The amount reported as TPAF Pension System Contributions in the amount of \$6,400,660, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions in the amount of \$1,495,453 and TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance in the amount of \$2,516 represents the amount paid by the State on behalf of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 6 ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension, Post-Retirement Medical Benefits and Long-Term Disability Insurance Contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the District's financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 7 DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued on financial state	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting: 1) Material weakness(es)identified?	yes Xno			
2) Significant deficiencies identified considered to be material weakness(yes X none reported			
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?		yes Xno		
Federal Awards Section				
Internal Control over major programs: 1) Material weakness(es)identified?		yes Xno		
2) Significant deficiencies identified considered to be material weakness(yes Xnone reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance fo major programs	r	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to in accordance with 2 CFR 200 .510(a) of U.S. U		yes Xno		
Identification of major federal programs:				
AL Number(s)	FAIN Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
10.555	211NJ304N1099	National School Lunch Program		
10.553	211NJ304N1099	School Breakfast Program		
10.555	202121H170341	Emergency Operational Cost Program		
84.425D		Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund		
84.425U	S425U210027	American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP)		
84.425W	American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief- Homeless Children and Youth			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,000		

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

X__yes

no

EXHIBIT K-6

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results

State Awards Section

Internal Control over major programs:	
1) Material weakness(es)identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
2) Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes X none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with N.J. Circular Letter 15-08?	yes Xno
Identification of major state programs:	
GMIS Number	Name of State Program or Cluster
21-495-034-5120-089	Special Education Categorical Aid
21-495-034-5120-084	Security Aid
21-495-034-5094-003	Reimbursed T.P.A.F. Social Security Aid
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes no

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Part 2 – Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements and abuse related to the financial statements in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

There are none.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Part 3 – Schedule of Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

CURRENT YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS

THERE ARE NONE.

CURRENT YEAR STATE AWARDS

THERE ARE NONE.

SECAUCUS BOARD OF EDUCATION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were none.