# JERSEY CITY GLOBAL CHARTER SCHOOL

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

PREPARED BY
Jersey City Global Charter School

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### **Jersey City Global Charter School**

March 14, 2023

Angelica Allen-McMillan, Ed.D.
Acting Commissioner
New Jersey Department of Education
100 Riverview Executive Plaza
CN – 500
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0500

Dear Ms. Allen-McMillan:

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Jersey City Global Charter School (Charter School) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This ACFR includes the Charter School's Basic Financial Statements prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34.

The Charter School has elected to adopt this new financial reporting model which we believe will provide all users of this document with much more useful financial and statistical information than ever before. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (Board).

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Charter School. This report will provide the taxpayers of the Charter School with comprehensive financial data in a format enabling them to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial affairs.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- The Introductory Section contains a table of contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditor's Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis:

The Single Audit Section — The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey State Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular Letter 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid". Information related to this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

#### **Charter School Organization**

An elected Board of Trustees (the "Board") serves as the policy maker for the Charter School. The Board adopts an annual budget and directly approves all expenditures which serve as the basis for control over and authorization for all expenditures of Charter School tax money.

The Principal is the chief executive officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for total educational and support operations. The Business Administrator is the chief financial officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing idle funds as permitted by New Jersey law.

<u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u>: The Jersey City Global Charter School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB) as established by GASB Statement No. 14. All funds and account groups of the Charter School are included in this report. The Charter School's Board of Trustees, constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

The focus of education at Jersey City Global Charter School has always been what is best for the success of the children. With this in mind, the school provides a full range of services appropriate to meeting the needs of all students in Kindergarten through Grade Four (4). Such instructional services include regular education and special education.

Jersey City Global Charter School ended the 2021-2022 school year with an enrollment of 431 students. The following details the student enrollment of the Charter School over the last five years:

Average Daily Enrollment

Fiscal	Student	Attendance
Year	Enrollment	Rate
2021-2022	431	91.00%
2020-2021	500	91.23%
2019-2020	468	91.23%
2018-2019	425	88.03%
2017-2018	377	97.13%

2. ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK: The Charter School is located in Jersey City, New Jersey and has completed its first year of implementation. The Charter School is located in one of the major urban areas in the State of New Jersey. They are experiencing some of the same social and economic phenomena as other urban areas its size. These phenomena include, but are not limited to, unemployment, and under employment among its working class population.

3. <u>INITIATIVES</u>: The Charter School has developed a comprehensive strategic plan to support its mission and vision which serves as a blueprint for the achievement of its goals. The plan includes objectives, such as pupil achievements, staff development and technology in the classroom.

#### a. 2021-2022 School Performance Summary

THE NJDOE requested interim assessment data from assessments administered between September 20, 2021, and March 30, 2022. Below are the results.

#### **Proficiency Rates on local assessments**

Assessment	Interim As	sessment		End of Yea	ent	
Percentage	Below	On	Above	Below	On	Above
of students:						
ELA K	19%	34%	47%	20%	60%	20%
ELA 1	26%	10%	64%	19%	38%	42%
ELA 2	24%	30%	45%	45%	33%	23%
ELA 3	42%	52%	6%	48%	33%	19%
ELA 4	34%	48%	18%	34%	52%	15%
ELA 5	21%	64%	15%	28%	63%	9%
ELA 6	35%	54%	11%	38%	52%	10%
ELA 7	33%	34%	33%	29%	43%	29%
ELA 8	28%	47%	25%	22%	53%	25%
ELA 9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ELA 10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MAT K	3%	19%	78%	9%	60%	30%
MAT 1	4%	29%	67%	15%	30%	55%
MAT 2	17%	62%	22%	26%	40%	39%
MAT 3	31%	43%	25%	36%	56%	10%
MAT 4	30%	54%	16%	53%	27%	19%
MAT 5	38%	56%	7%	54%	34%	12%
MAT 6	36%	54%	11%	46%	28%	25%
MAT 7	72%	24%	5%	67%	24%	10%
MAT 8	75%	22%	3%	87%	9%	0%

#### Language Arts Literacy

The school utilized the Linkit Assessments in Language Arts Literacy and Mathematics and they were administered three times within the academic school year in grades K-8. The three testing windows generally occur in Fall, Winter, & Spring.

Overall, we noticed grades Kindergarten to Eighth Grade that 5 grade levels obtained 50% or higher of students met or exceeded ELA benchmarks. In grades Kindergarten to Second Grade about 80% or more of students in each grade met or exceeded ELA benchmarks. We observed that more than 60% of students in the 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> grade met or exceeded the benchmark respectively in ELA.

#### **Mathematics**

In the academic area of Mathematics, 90% kindergarten students met or exceeded the benchmark by end of the year. In first grade 85% of the student population met or exceeded benchmark, whereas in second grade 59% of students met or exceeded the benchmark.

We further observed that 55% of students in the third and 36% fourth grade students met or exceeded benchmark. In the fifth grade 31% students met or exceeded the benchmark. Only 32% of students in the sixth grade and 24% of students in the seventh grade and 9% of eighth grade students met or exceeded the benchmark.

In the 2021-2022 Linkit assessment phase, we observed that students made small gains in their final Linkit scores; however students in grades 6-8 have been identified as cohorts in need of more intensive support in ELA & Math.

Linkit Assessment: Students At/Above										
FALL 2021 - 2022										
	E	ELA Math								
	# of Students At/Above	% of Students At/Above								
Kindergarten	55/68	81%	62/68	91%						
Grade 1	57/77	74%	66/76	87%						
Grade 2	33/60	55%	43/60	72%						
Grade 3	26/67	39%	35/67	52%						
Grade 4	24/50	48%	27/50	54%						
Grade 5	26/43	64%	18/43	42%						
Grade 6	11/24	40%	8/28	29%						
Grade 7	12/21	57%	3/21	15%						
Grade 8	18/32	56%	3/32	9%						

Linkit Assessment: Students At/Above										
SPRING 2021 - 2022										
	ELA Math									
	# of Students % of Students At/Above At/Above		# of Students At/Above	% of Students At/Above						
Kindergarten	50/63	79%	57/63	90%						
Grade 1	59/73	80%	60/71	85%						
Grade 2	24/56	43%	30/55	59%						
Grade 3	24/63	38%	33/63	55%						
Grade 4	22/48	46%	17/48	36%						
Grade 5	22/43	51%	13/43	31%						
Grade 6	14/29	48%	9/28	32%						
Grade 7	13/21	62%	5/21	24%						
Grade 8	24/32	75%	3/32	9%						

#### b. **Dynamic Learning MAPS**

No students were administered Dynamic Learning Maps.

4. **INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS**: Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Charter School is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Internal control is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management. As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal controls, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

- 5. <u>BUDGETARY CONTROLS</u>: In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section. An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either cancelled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be re-appropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2022.
- 6. CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to Financial Statements" Notes 1 and 3. The Charter School had adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- 7. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>: The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, directors' and officers' insurance and workmen's compensation.

#### 8. OTHER INFORMATION:

#### **Independent Audit**

State statute requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The Charter School appointed the accounting firm of Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Letter Circular Letter 15-08. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements, combining and individual fund statements, and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

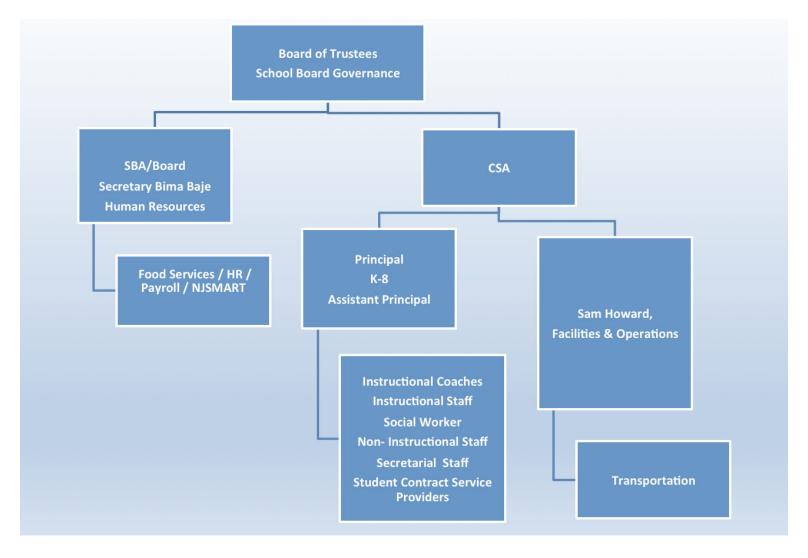
**9. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:** We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Jersey City Global Charter School Board of Trustees for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial, accounting and administrative staff.

Respectfully submitted,

Bima Baje

School Business Administrator

#### **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**



#### **ROSTER OF OFFICIALS**

#### **JUNE 30, 2022**

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES	TERM
Alice Sylvia Minor, President	6/30/22
Tiffany Burress, Vice President	6/30/22
David Weiss, Trustee	6/30/22
Kathleen Davis, Trustee	6/30/22
Kevin Neaves, Trustee	6/30/22
Jose Arango, Trustee	6/30/22
Jose Manuel Vazquez. Trustee	6/30/22

#### **OTHER OFFICIALS**

Nadira Raghunandan, Principal Bima Baje, SBA/Board Secretary Gerard Pizzillo, ESQ, Board Attorney

#### **CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS**

#### **Independent Auditors**

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP 115 Davis Station Rd Cream Ridge, NJ 08514

#### **Attorneys**

Genova Burns Attorneys-at-Law 494 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102-3230

#### **Official Depositories**

Provident Bank 100 Wood Avenue South Iselin, NJ 08830

# **FINANCIAL SECTION**



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Jersey City Global Charter School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jersey City Global Charter School (the Charter School), in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jersey City Global Charter School, in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Charter School, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School adopted new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the *Government Auditing Standards* and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the *Government Auditing Standards* and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the information listed under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basis financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance (Schedules) are also presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200. Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and New Jersey OMB's Letter Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, respectively, and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED**

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 14, 2023 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Leonora Galleros, CPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Galleras Robinson CPAs. LLP

March 14, 2023 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.

#### Introduction

This section of the Jersey City Global Charter School's (the "Charter School") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance and provides an overview of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Charter School's financial statements, which follow this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model in conformance with the requirements oy the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key Financial highlights for the fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$5.84 million or 73% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$2.14 million or 27% of total revenues of \$7.98 million.
- The Charter School had \$7.04 million in expenses; only \$2.14 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$5.84 million were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$7.53 million in revenues and other financing sources and \$6.86 million in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$0.67 million.

#### **Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Jersey City Global Charter School as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Jersey City Global Charter School, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Charter School as a whole, the financial position of the Charter School has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Non-financial factors include current laws in New Jersey restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

**Governmental Activities** – Most of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instructional, extracurricular activities, curriculum, staff development, special education and other support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, health services and general administration.

**Business-Type Activities** – Services are provided on a charge for goods or services or reimbursement basis to recover the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund is reported as a business activity.

#### Reporting the School Charter School's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's major funds, not the Charter School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Charter School uses to keep track of a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Most of the Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### **Governmental Funds - Continued**

The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are sufficient financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and the governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

#### **Enterprise Fund**

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

#### The Charter School as a Whole

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the Charter School as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Charter School's net assets at June 30, 2022.

The total net position of the Charter School has increased by \$0.58 million during the current fiscal year. The increase in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is net of the decrease of \$0.36 million as prior period adjustment at July 1, 2021 due to the adoption of GASB 87, Leases.

	Governmental		Туре	
<u>.</u>	Activities	Ac	vtivities	Total
Assets				
Current Assets	\$ 3,050,566	\$	44,182	\$ 3,094,748
Capital Assets, net	1,888,179		1,800	1,889,979
Right-of-Use Assets, net	470,286			470,286
Total Assets	5,409,031	_	45,982	5,455,013
Deferred Outflow of				
Resources	531,710			531,710
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	362,218		37,065	399,283
Noncurrent Liabilities	2,600,662		<u>-</u>	2,600,662
Total Liabilities	2,962,880		37,065	2,999,945
Deferred Inflow of				
Resources	549,740			549,740
Net Position				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
net of related debt	793,322		1,800	795,122
Invested in Right-of-Use Assets,				(00-0-0)
net of related debt	(205,272)		-	(205,272)
Unrestricted	1,840,071		7,117	1,847,188
Total Net Position	\$ 2,428,121	\$	8,917	\$ 2,437,038

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

#### The Charter School as a Whole - Continued

The table that follows reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2022:

	Governmental		Busines	s Type			
	Activ	/ities	Activ	ities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues Program Revenues: Charge for Services	\$ 21,005	\$ 3,620	\$ 97,765	\$ 770	\$ 118,770	\$ 4,390	
Operating grants and Contributions	1,785,925	2,129,865	231,737	15,593	2,017,662	2,145,458	
Total Program Revenues	1,806,930	2,133,485	329,502	16,363	2,136,432	2,149,848	
General Revenues:							
Local Aid	3,282,055	1,622,115	-	-	3,282,055	1,622,115	
Federal and State Aid	2,516,663	4,273,132	-	-	2,516,663	4,273,132	
Miscellaneous	42,274	43,206	-	-	42,274	43,206	
Total General Revenues	5,840,992	5,938,453			5,840,992	5,938,453	
Total Revenues	7,647,922	8,071,938	329,502	16,363	7,977,424	8,088,301	
Expenses:							
Instructions	4,212,036	4,865,473	-	-	4,212,036	4,865,473	
Administrative	1,336,216	1,210,767	-	-	1,336,216	1,210,767	
Support services Unallocated	719,243	1,087,410	-	-	719,243	1,087,410	
Capital outlay	31,966	70,367	-	-	31,966	70,367	
Depreciation Amortization of	17,681	11,605	-	-	17,681	11,605	
right-of-use assets	378,957	-	-	-	378,957	-	
Food Service	_	-	342,041	23,561	342,041	23,561	
After Care	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenses	6,696,099	7,245,622	342,041	23,561	7,038,140	7,269,183	
Change in Net Position	\$ 951,823	\$ 826,316	<u>\$ (12,539</u> )	<u>\$ (7,198</u> )	\$ 939,284	\$ 819,118	

In 2022, total revenues increased by \$0.11 million about 1% compared to total revenues in 2021. Total expenses in 2022 decreased by \$0.23 million about 3%.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### **Governmental Activities**

The Statement of Activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and operating grants and contributions offsetting those services. The table below, for government activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted state entitlements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

	Total Cost of Services		Total Cost of Services		Grants/ Contributions			Net Cost of Services	
Instruction Adminstrative	\$	4,212,036 1,336,216	\$	-	\$	1,381,713 214,492	\$	(2,830,323) (1,121,724)	
Support services Unallocated:		719,243	2	21,005		189,720		(508,518)	
Capital outlay		31,966		-		-		(31,966)	
Depreciation Amortization of		17,681		-		-		(17,681)	
right-of-use asset		378,957						(378,957)	
Total Expenses	\$	6,696,099	\$ 2	21,005	\$	1,785,925	\$	(4,889,169)	

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The Charter School's food service is administered by the Jersey City Public Schools (School District). The financial transactions, lunch applications for free and reduced meals, and statistical records related to the school food service are maintained by the School District.

#### The Charter School's Funds

The Charter School's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$8.25 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$7.58 million.

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School amended its General Fund budget as needed. The Charter School uses state-aid and other revenue-based budget. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total budget but provide flexibility for Charter School management teams.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights - Continued**

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$5.80 million which included a local tax levy of \$3.28 million. Expenditures and other financing uses were budgeted at \$6.66 million. The Charter School anticipated \$0.86 million decrease in fund balance. In fiscal year 2021-2022, actual revenues and other financing sources were \$7.54 million, and expenditures and other financing uses were \$6.86 million.

The State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$0.12 million during the year ended June 30, 2022 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members while on-behalf pension, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance contributions amounted to \$0.78 million. These unbudgeted amounts are included in both revenues and expenditures.

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School had \$1.89 million invested in capital assets.

#### Right-of-Use Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School had right-of-use assets, net amounting to \$0.47 million for the Charter School building and cafeteria.

#### **Noncurrent Liabilities**

At the end of fiscal year 2022, noncurrent liabilities are as follow:

	Balance at ne 30, 2021	Additions	Maturities/ Payments	Balance at June 30, 2022	Due within One Year
Net Pension Liability Loans payable	\$ 906,279 409,676	\$ - 789,343	\$ (180,194) -	\$ 726,085 1,199,019	\$ 123,765 1,199,019
Lease liabilities	1,205,442	-	(529,884)	675,558	570,855
Total	\$ 2,521,397	\$789,343	\$(710,078)	\$ 2,600,662	\$1,893,639

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The State of New Jersey continues to face serious budgetary constraints. These impacts the amount of state aid allocated to charter schools. This reality was taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2021-2022. Nothing was done to compromise the quality of the programs in place in our Charter School during the regular instructional day. The budget was prepared to ensure that all students have the textbooks, materials supply, equipment and programs they need to meet New Jersey's Core Curriculum Content Standards.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

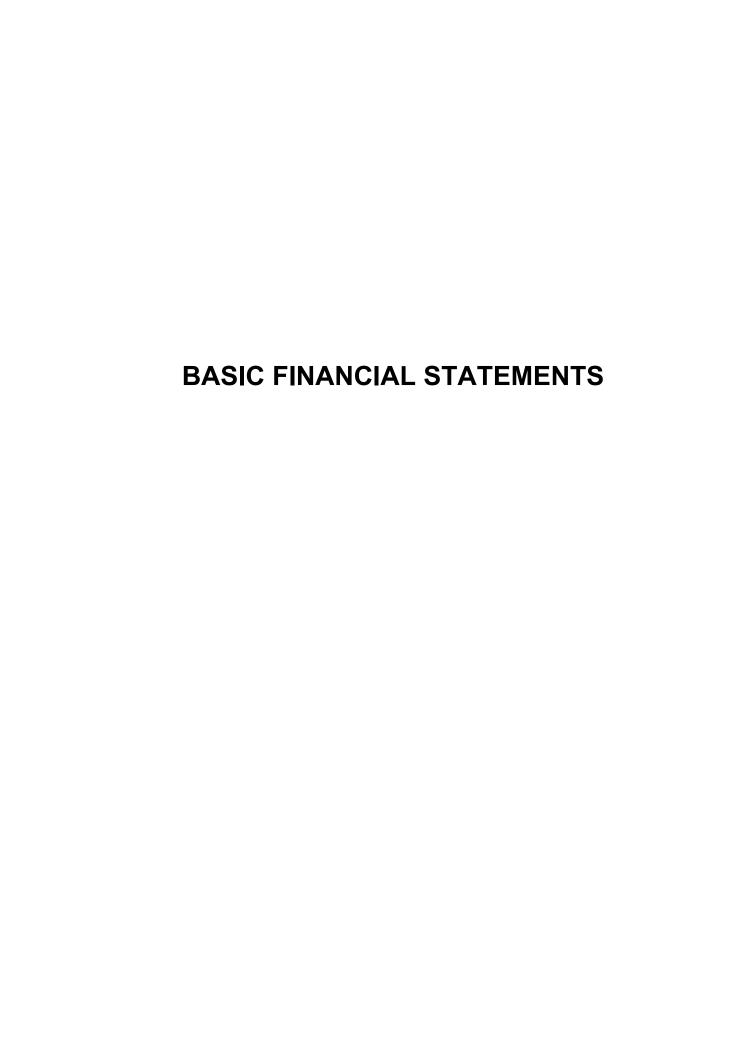
#### For the Future

The Jersey City Global Charter School is in good financial condition presently. The Charter School is proud of its community support. A major concern is the continued enrollment growth of the Charter School with the increased reliance on federal and state funding.

In conclusion, the Jersey City Global Charter School has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. In addition, the Charter School's system for financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls are well regarded. The Charter School plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenge of the future.

#### **Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to reflect the Charter School's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to: Jersey City Global Charter School, Business Office, 255 Congress Street, Jersey City, New Jersey 07307.



#### **CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the government and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expense and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

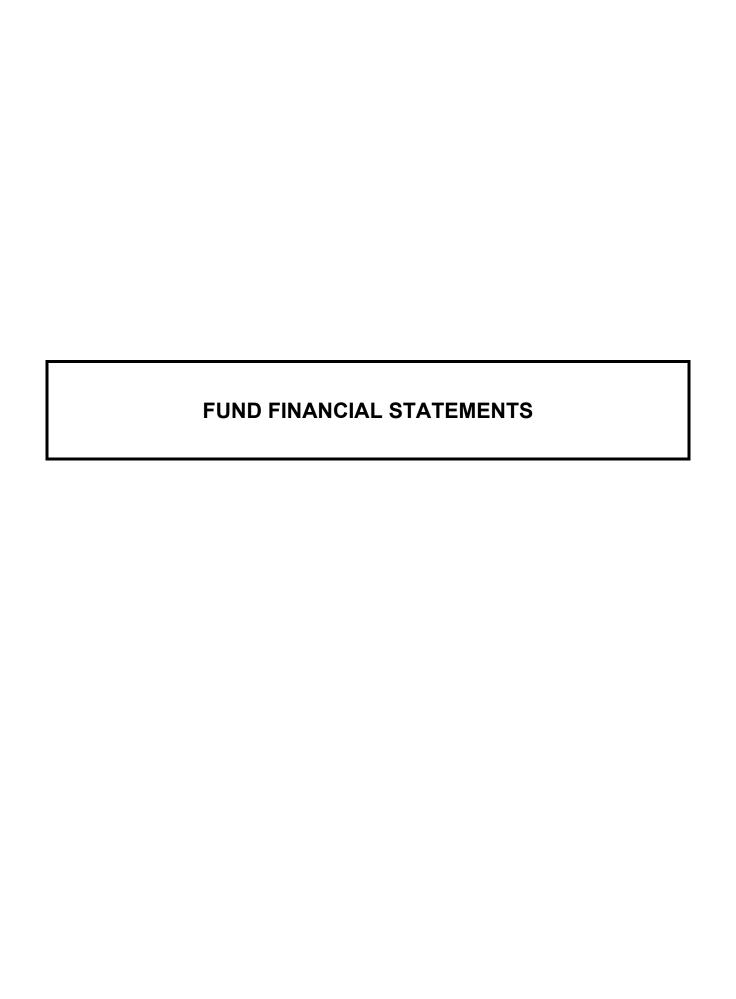
JUNE 30, 2022

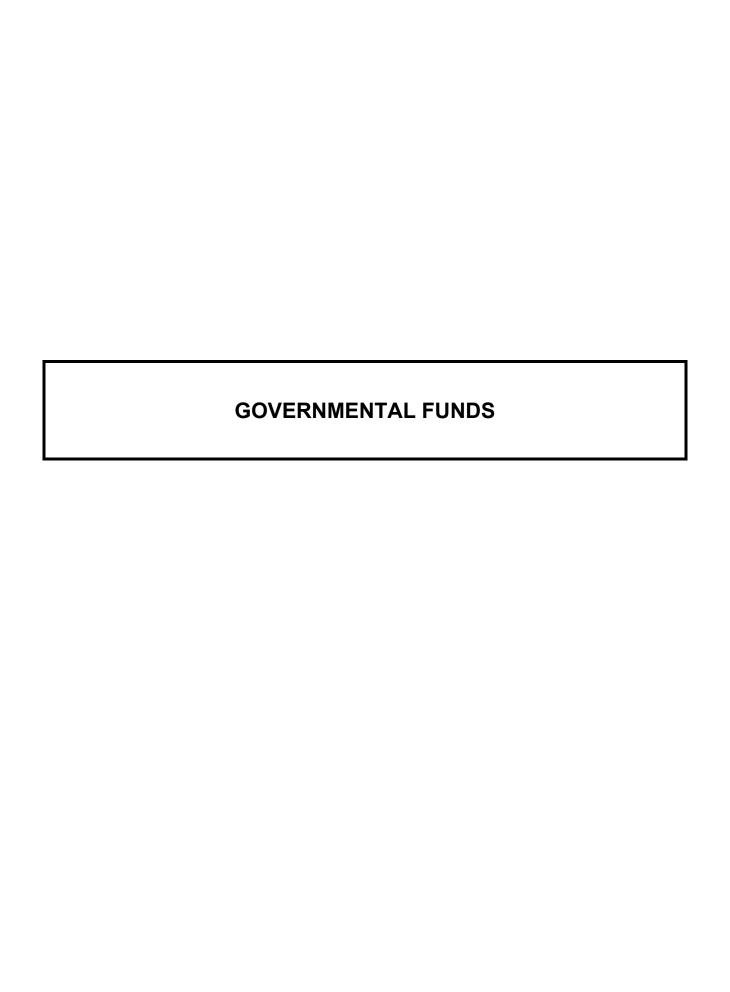
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,482,111	\$ 23,726	\$ 2,505,837
Accounts receivable	543,455	20,456	563,911
Other current assets	25,000	,	25,000
Total current assets	3,050,566	44,182	3,094,748
Capital assets:			
Leasehold improvements in-progress	1,848,774	-	1,848,774
Machinery and equipment	143,567	4,152	147,719
	1,992,341	4,152	1,996,493
Less: Accumulated depreciation	104,162	2,352	106,514
Net capital assets	1,888,179	1,800	1,889,979
Right-of-use assets:			
School building	3,561,244	-	3,561,244
Cafeteria	171,243		171,243
	3,732,487	-	3,732,487
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,262,201)		(3,262,201)
Net right-of-use assets	470,286		470,286
Total assets	5,409,031	45,982	5,455,013
Deferred Outflows of Resources	531,710	<u> </u>	531,710
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	56,050	-	56,050
Payroll deductions and withhodlings	29,848	-	29,848
Intergovernmental payable:			
State	220,434	-	220,434
Federal	-	-	-
Interfund payables (internal)	(37,065)	37,065	-
Deferred revenues	92,951	<u>-</u>	92,951
Total current liabilities	362,218	37,065	399,283
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	1,893,639	-	1,893,639
Due in more than one year	707,023	<del>_</del> _	707,023
	2,600,662	<del>-</del>	2,600,662
Total liabilities	2,962,880	37,065	2,999,945
Deferred Inflows of Resources	549,740	<u>-</u> _	549,740
Net Position			
Net investment in right-of-use assets, net of related debt	(205,272)	-	(205,272)
Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt	689,160	1,800	690,960
Unrestricted	1,944,233	7,117	1,951,350
Total Net Position	\$ 2,428,121	\$ 8,917	\$ 2,437,038
	24		

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		, ,			Revenue and Net Assets		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals	
Governmental activities:							
Instruction Administrative cost Support services	\$ 4,212,036 1,336,216 719,243	\$ - - 21,005	\$ 1,381,713 214,492 189,720	\$ (2,830,323) (1,121,724) (508,518)	\$ - - -	\$ (2,830,323) (1,121,724) (508,518)	
Unallocated: Capital outlay Depreciation Amortization of right-of-use asset	31,966 17,681 378,957	- - -	- - -	(31,966) (17,681) (378,957)	- - -	(31,966) (17,681) (378,957)	
Total governmental activities	6,696,099	21,005	1,785,925	(4,889,169)	-	(4,889,169)	
Business-type activities:							
Food Service After Care	232,671 109,370	2,095 95,670	231,737	<u> </u>	1,161 (13,700)	1,161 (13,700)	
Total primary government	\$ 7,038,140	\$ 118,770	\$ 2,017,662	\$ (4,889,169)	\$ (12,539)	\$ (4,901,708)	
	General revenues, tran Local sources State sources Miscellaneous	sfers and special	items:	\$ 3,282,055 2,516,663 42,274	\$ - - -	\$ 3,282,055 2,516,663 42,274	
	Total general revenues, transfers and special items Changes in net position			5,840,992 951,823	(12,539)	5,840,992 939,284	
	Net position - beginning, as reported			1,832,497	21,456	1,853,953	
	Prior period adjustments			(356,199)		(356,199)	
	Net position - beginning,	as restated		1,476,298	21,456	1,497,754	
	Net position - ending (A-	1)		\$ 2,428,121	\$ 8,917	\$ 2,437,038	





#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

JUNE 30, 2022

00NL 30, 2022	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivables:	\$	2,475,353	\$	6,758	\$	2,482,111
Federal State		275,129		268,326 -		268,326 275,129
Security deposit		25,000		<u>-</u>		25,000
Total assets	\$	2,775,482	\$	275,084	\$	3,050,566
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	453,862	\$	11,864	\$	465,726
Payroll deductions and withholdings payable		29,848		407.000		29,848
Interfund accounts payable Intergovernmental payables:		(204,093)		167,028		(37,065)
State Deferred revenue		217,193		3,241 92,951		220,434 92,951
		496,810		275,084		771,894
Total liabilities		490,010		273,004		771,094
Fund balances: Unassigned		2,278,672		<u> </u>		2,278,672
Total fund balances		2,278,672		<u>-</u>		2,278,672
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,775,482	\$	275,084		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:						
Capital assets and right-of-use assets used in governmental activities financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	are no	t				
	Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation				\$	1,992,341
						(104,162) 1,888,179
	Cost of right-of-use assets Accumulated amortization				\$	3,732,487 (3,262,201)
					470,286	
Governmental funds do not report the effect of assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement	Defe			ata a Pala Pho		(49,020)
of activities.	Defe	rred amounts or	n net pen	sion liability		(18,030)
Long-term liabilities, including lease liabilities, pension and loans are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.						
		s payable				(789,343)
	•	pension liability se liabilities				(726,085) (675,558)
	Leas	<sub>เ</sub> ด แลมแนเธอ				(2,190,986)
Net position of governmental activities - A-1					\$	2,428,121

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total	
Revenues						
Local Sources: Local tax levy Miscellaneous	\$	3,282,055 42,274	\$	- 21,005	\$	3,282,055 63,279
Total revenues - local sources		3,324,329		21,005		3,345,334
Federal sources		-		691,106		691,106
State sources Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security (non-budgeted)		2,516,663 122,705		-		2,516,663 122,705
On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund		122,705		-		122,705
pension contributions (non-budgeted) On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund		634,088		-		634,088
post-retirement medical (non-budgeted) On-behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund		148,148		-		148,148
non-contributory insurance (non-budgeted)		594		<u> </u>		594
Total revenues		6,746,527		712,111		7,458,638
Expenditures Current expense: Regular instruction		2,184,522		530,189		2,714,711
Special education instruction		142,489		-		142,489
Support services and undistributed costs:		142,400				142,400
Student and instruction related services		130,584		181,922		312,506
Other administrative services		860,211		-		860,211
School administrative services		134,734		-		134,734
Plant operations and maintenance		315,793		-		315,793
Personal services - employee benefits		1,516,447		-		1,516,447
Capital outlay		595,397		<u>-</u>		595,397
Total expenditures		5,880,177		712,111		6,592,288
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures						
before other financing sources (uses)		866,350		-		866,350
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from loans payable		789,343		-		789,343
Principal payment of loans payable		(409,676)		-		(409,676)
Principal payments of leases		(529,885)		-		(529,885)
Interest payments of leases		(45,115)		<u>-</u>		(45,115)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(195,333)		-		(195,333)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		671,017		<u>-</u>		671,017
Fund balances at beginning of the year		1,607,655		<u>-</u>		1,607,655
Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,278,672	\$		\$	2,278,672

951,823

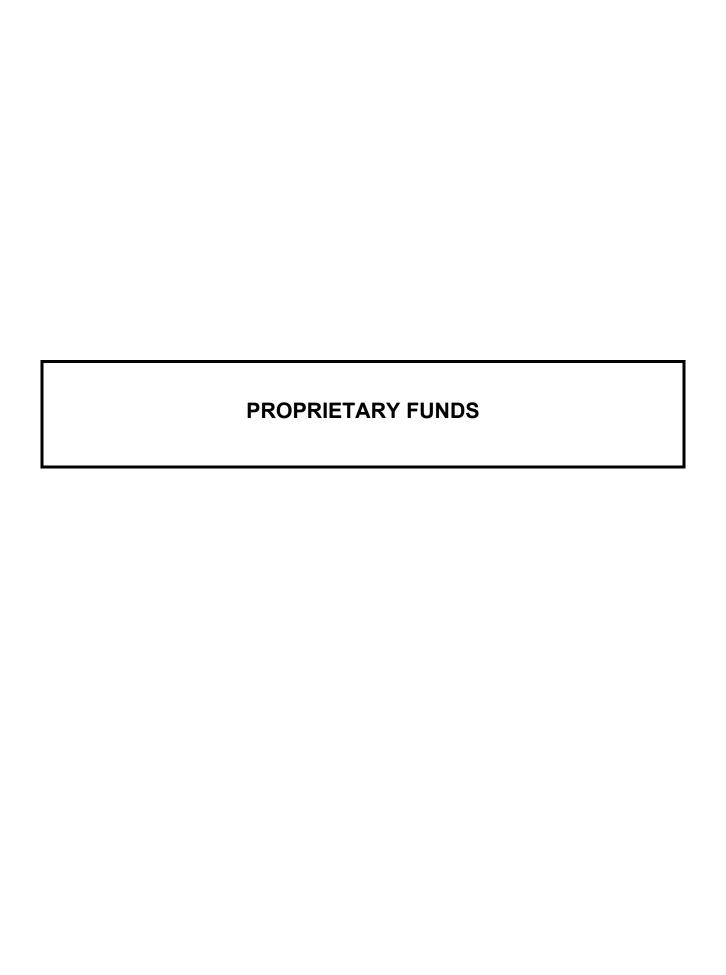
JERSEY CITY GLOBAL CHARTER SCHOOL (COUNTY OF HUDSON, NEW JERSEY)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (B-2)	\$	671,017
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays related to right-of-use assets and capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the period. Additionally, in the Statement of Activities gains or (losses) are recognized upon disposition.		
Capital outlay \$ 563,4 Depreciation expense (17,6		
Amortization expense (378,9	•	166,793
Repayment of lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and are not reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Proceeds from loans payable Principal payment of loans payable		(789,343) 409,676
Principal payment of lease liabilities		529,885
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in fovernmental funds.		
Pension costs		(36,205)

Change in net position of governmental activities (A-2)



# PROPRIETARY FUND

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

		FOOD ERVICE		AFTER CARE	7	TOTAL
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,726	\$	-	\$	23,726
Accounts receivable:						
Federal		20,117		-		20,117
State		339				339
Total current assets		44,182				44,182
Capital assets						
Machinery and equipment		4,152		-		4,152
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(2,352)		<u>-</u>		(2,352)
Net capital assets		1,800		<u>-</u>		1,800
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	45,982	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	45,982
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	Φ.	07.005	Φ.		Φ	07.005
Interfund payable - General Fund	\$	37,065	\$	12 440	\$	37,065
Interfund payable (internal)		(12,440) 24,625		12,440 12,440		37,065
Not position		24,025		12,440		37,005
Net position Unrestricted		21,357		(12,440)		8,917
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$</u>	45,982	\$		\$	45,982

# PROPRIETARY FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	FOOD SERVICE	AFTER CARE	TOTAL
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services:			
After school fees	\$ -	\$ 95,670	\$ 95,670
Miscellaneous revenue	2,095		2,095
Total operating revenues	2,095	95,670	97,765
Operating expenses:			
Supplies and materials - reimbursable programs	172,299	-	172,299
Salaries	58,694	109,370	168,064
Depreciation	830	-	830
Miscellaneous	848		848
Total operating expenses	232,671	109,370	342,041
Operating loss	(230,576)	(13,700)	(244,276)
Nonoperating revenues:			
State sources:			
State School Lunch Program	3,877	-	3,877
Federal sources:			
National School Lunch Program	164,800	-	164,800
National School Breakfast Program	46,226	-	46,226
COVID-19 - P-EBT Administrative	1,283	-	1,283
COVID-19 - EM Schools	15,551		15,551
Total nonoperating revenues	231,737		231,737
Changes in net position	1,161	(13,700)	(12,539)
Total net position at beginning of year	20,196	1,260	21,456
Total net position at end of year	\$ 21,357	\$ (12,440)	\$ 8,917

# PROPRIETARY FUND

# **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	FOOD SERVICE		AFTER CARE		TOTAL
Cash flows from operating activities		_			
Operating loss	\$ (230,576)	\$	(13,700)	\$	(244,276)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash					
from operating activities:					
Depreciation	830		-		830
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	(17,336)		-		(17,336)
Interfund receivable	12,473		-		12,473
Accounts payable	(7,520)		-		(7,520)
Interfund payable - General fund	37,065		-		37,065
Interfund payable (internal)	(13,700)		13,700		-
Deferred revenue			(247)		(247)
Net cash from operating activities	(218,764)		(247)		(219,011)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Cash received from state and federal reimbursements	231,737		<u>-</u>		231,737
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	12,973		(247)		12,726
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	10,753		247		11,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 23,726	\$	_	\$	23,726

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust Fund. Accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the Charter School's own programs which are as follow:

- a. Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust. Accounts for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of various employee benefit plans.
- b. Investment Trust Fund. Accounts for the portion of investment pools reported by the sponsoring district.
- c. Private Purpose Trust Fund. Accounts for all other trust arrangements, such as a scholarship fund to benefit individual students.

Custodial Fund. Accounts for resources held by the Charter School in a purely custodial capacity that involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Charter School must maintain the financial integrity of the individual agencies through a separate accounting of each activity for which the Charter School is acting as an agent. Custodial funds would include parent-teacher organizations.

At June 30, 2022, the Charter School do not have a Trust Fund nor Custodial Fund.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of Jersey City Global Charter School (the "Charter School") is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

# A. Reporting Entity

The Charter School is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The school is governed by an independent Board of Trustees, which consists of parents, founders and other community representatives in accordance with its charter, which was appointed by the State Department of Education. An administrator is appointed by the board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School.

# **B.** Component Units

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the Government Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School management. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Charter School. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Charter School has no component units.

# C. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Charter School have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Charter School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise fund unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the Charter School's accounting policies are described below:

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> - Continued

In June 1999, the GASB unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the financial statements include the following:

The financial statements include:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.
- ii) Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Charter School's activities.
- iii) A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements).

# D. Basic Financial Statements

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of Charter School or government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities. The governmental activities generally are financed through federal and state awards, taxes and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# D. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u> - Continued

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Charter School.

The Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at a more detailed level.

# E. Governmental Funds

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Charter School and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay sub-fund.

- 1) As required by the New Jersey Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.
- 2) Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of ground, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to current expense by board resolution.

**Special Revenue Fund -** The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# E. Governmental Funds - Continued

**Capital Projects Fund -** The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. As of June 30, 2022, there was no Capital Projects Fund.

**Debt Service Fund -** The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal and interest on, bonds issued to finance major property acquisitions, construction, and improvement programs. As of June 30, 2022, there was no debt service fund.

# F. Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Funds' measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those to similar to business in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School:

# **Enterprise Funds:**

The Enterprise Fund are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Charter School is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods and services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and unreserved retained earnings, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

# Internal Service (Self-Insurance) Fund:

The Self-Insurance Fund is used to cover the self-insured limits of the various insurance policies for all funds. Charter School does not use self-insurance fund.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# G. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are classified as follows:

Trust Fund. Accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the Charter School's own programs. Three trust fund types discussed below are used to account for resources held and administered by the Charter School when it is acting in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governmental units. These funds are distinguished from custodial funds generally by the existence of a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

- a. Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust. Accounts for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of various employee benefit plans.
- b. Investment Trust Fund. Accounts for the portion of investment pools reported by the sponsoring district.
- c. Private Purpose Trust Fund. Accounts for all other trust arrangements, such as a scholarship fund to benefit individual students.

Custodial Fund. Accounts for resources held by the Charter School in a purely custodial capacity that involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Charter School must maintain the financial integrity of the individual agencies through a separate accounting of each activity for which the Charter School is acting as an agent. Custodial funds would include parent-teacher organizations. The Charter School do not have a fiduciary activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# H. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus - Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. Expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spend able financial resources at the end of the period.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# H. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting - In the government-wide statement of net position and statements of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i. e. the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available.

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

# I. Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared prior to July 1, for the General Fund. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A. 2(m)1. All budget amendments must be approved by the State Department of Education. Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the Special Revenue Fund as noted below.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# I. Budgets/Budgetary Control - Continued

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The accounting records of special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognized encumbrances as expenditures and also recognized the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow of the presentation of GAAP basis financial report. As presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General, Special Revenue Fund and Debt Service Funds to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

#### J. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

# **Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure**

Cash and cash equivalents includes amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# J. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - Continued

# Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure - continued

GASB Statement No. 40 replaces in part, and otherwise modifies the prior GASB Statement No. 3, in addressing the requirements for disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments. Custodial credit risk disclosures are limited to deposits that are not covered by depository insurance and are (a) uncollateralized; (b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name. Investment securities that are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either (a) the counterparty or (b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

# **Deposits**

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter Schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows: The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%. All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

#### Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# J. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - Continued

#### Investments - continued

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School did not hold any investments.

- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal national Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.
- d. New Jersey Cash Management Fund, New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund and MBIA CLASS.

# Risk Category

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. Although GASB Statement No. 40 eliminated Categories 1 and 2 as previously established by GASB Statement No. 3, it maintained, with modification, the level-of-disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

As of June 30, 2022, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute "deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 3 and modified by GASB Statement No. 40, and as such, are deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name, both at year-end and throughout the year.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of the custodial risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

#### **Prepaid Expenses**

Prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase.

# **Interfund Assets/Liabilities**

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term Interfund loans are classified as Interfund Receivable/Payable. Interfund balanced within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the charter school-wide Statement of Net Position.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# J. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - Continued

# Fixed Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Charter School as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation based for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the governmental fund capital assets.

Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of the depreciable capital assets are as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Building improvements	20 years
Office and computer equipment	5-10 years

# Right -of-Use Assets

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized over the lease term or the life of the asset, whichever is shorter.

# **Compensated Absences**

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# J. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - Continued

# <u>Compensated Absences</u> - continued

Charter School employees are granted sick and vacation leave in varying amounts under the Charter School's personnel policies and according to negotiated contracts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave. Vacation days not used during the year may only be carried forward with approval from the Head of School

In the charter school-wide Statement of Net Position, the liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year should be reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year.

The liability for vested compensated absences of the proprietary fund types is recorded within those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. As of June 30, 2022, there are no liabilities for compensated absences.

# **Pensions**

In government-wide financial statements, pensions are recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting, regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Charter School recognizes a net pension liability for each qualified pension plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the qualified pension plan, measured as of the Charter School's fiscal year-end or the Charter School's proportionate share thereof in the case of a cost-sharing multi-employer plan. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience, are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants, including retirees, in the respective qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they arose.

Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# J. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - Continued

# <u>Deferred Revenue</u>

Deferred revenue in special revenue fund represent cash that has been received but not yet earned.

# **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the enterprises fund are reported and the enterprises fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from currents financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, contractually required pension contributions and compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payments during the current year.

#### Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives).

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

The statement of net position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, reported after total assets, represents a reduction of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) at that time. Deferred inflows of resources, reported after total liabilities, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the Charter School-wide governmental activities pertain to pensions.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# J. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - Continued

# **Fund Balance and Equity**

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Charter School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law or Education Law.

Committed fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain designations established and approved by the entity's governing board.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. This classification will include amounts designated for balancing the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# J. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity - Continued

# **Fund Balance and Equity - continued**

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Charter School's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

# **Net Position**

Net Position on the *Statement of Net Position* include the following:

**Investments in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt -** the component of net asset there reports the differences between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

**Restricted for Specific Purposes** – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the certain programs that consist of assets with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and /or enabling legislation.

**Restricted for Debt Service** – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by creditors.

**Unrestricted** - the difference between the assets and liabilities that is not reported in Net Position Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt, Net Position Restricted for Specific Purposes or Net Position Restricted for Debt Services.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# K. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents the amount of fund capital contributed to the proprietary funds from other funds.

# L. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods, without equivalent flows of assets in return. Interfund borrowings are reflected as "Due from/to Other Funds" on the accompanying financial statements. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

# M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the recorded amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# N. <u>Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes</u>

The Charter School recognizes the effect of income tax positions only of those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. Management has determined that the Charter School had no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition. The Charter School is no longer subject to audits by the applicable taxing jurisdictions for tax periods prior to 2019.

# O. On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payment made by the State of New Jersey for Pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund, and for post-retirement medical benefits of members. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

# P. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is March 14, 2023.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

# A. Accounting Pronouncement Adopted During the Year

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases establishes a uniform approach for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. In accordance with the statement, parties to a lease agreement, the lessee and lessor, are required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (a capital asset hereinafter referred to as the lease asset), and a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources, respectively. The new leases standard also requires enhanced disclosure which include a general description of the leasing arrangement, the aggregated amount of resource inflows and outflows recognized from lease contracts, including those not included in the measurement of the lease liability and receivable, and the disclosure of the long-term effect of lease arrangements on a government's resources.

As a result of adopting the new standard, the charter school-wide financial statements reflected a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle to recognize the right-of-use assets, net, of \$849,243 and lease liabilities of \$1,205,442, which caused a restatement to decrease the net position at July 1, 2021 of \$356,199. Additional disclosures of the Charter School's implementation with respect to Statement No. 87 are included in Notes to the Financial Statements.

GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The Charter School adopted Statement No. 98 during fiscal year 2022 and changed all reporting references to ACFR. This adoption did not have an effect on the Charter School's net position at July 1, 2021.

Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, addresses practice issues that were identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The Statement addresses a variety of topics including Leases, Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets, Assets Accumulated for Defined Benefit Postemployment Benefits, Fiduciary Activities, Asset Retirement Obligations, Reinsurance Recoveries, Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements, and Derivative Instruments. The adoption of Statement No. 92 had no impact on the Charter School's current accounting practices nor its financial reporting.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONTINUED

# A. Accounting Pronouncement Adopted During the Year – Continued

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates establishes accounting and reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBOR) such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) for hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for certain hedging derivative instruments. The Charter School do not have transactions that transacts using IBOR therefore, the adoption of Statement No. 93 had no impact on the Charter School's current accounting practices nor its financial reporting.

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans clarifies component unit criteria for a potential component unit in the absence of a governing board in determining financial accountability; limits the applicability of financial burden criteria in paragraph 7 of GASB Statement No.84; and classifies Section 457 Deferred Compensation plans as either a pension plan or other employee benefit plan. The adoption of Statement No. 97 had no impact on the Charter School's current accounting practices nor its financial reporting.

# B. Accounting Pronouncements Issued but not Yet Adopted

GASB has issued the following pronouncements that may affect future financial position, results of operations, cash flows, or financial presentation of the Charter School upon implementation. Management has not yet evaluated the effect of implementation of these standards.

GASB		Effective
Statement No.	GASB Accounting Standard	Fiscal Year
91	Conduit Debt Obligations	2023
94	Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships	2023
	and Availability Payment Arrangements	
96	Subscription-Based Information Technology	2023
	Arrangements	
99	Omnibus 2022	2024
100	Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—	2024
	an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62	
101	Compensated Absences	2024

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are classified below to inform financial statement users about the extent to which the Charter School's deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits and investments are as follows:

	General	S	Special		nterprise					
	Fund	Revenue Fund		Revenue Fund		Revenue Fund			Fund	Total
Operating account	\$2,400,353	\$	-	\$	23,726	\$2,424,079				
Restricted cash	75,000		6,758		_	81,758				
Total	\$2,475,353	\$	6,758	\$	23,726	\$2,505,837				

Operating cash accounts are held in the Charter School's name by several banking institutions. At June 30, 2022, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits was \$2,505,837 and the bank balance was \$2,753,472 Of the bank balance, up to a maximum of \$250,000 of the Charter School's cash deposits on June 30, 2022 were secured by federal deposit insurance and \$2,503,472 was covered by a collateral pool maintained by the bank as required by New Jersey statutes in accordance with the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA").

#### Escrow

The Charter School has established and funded an Escrow Account pursuant to an agreement signed with the New Jersey Department of Education. The required minimum is \$75,000 which is fully funded at June 30, 2022. The agreement stipulates that the intended use of the escrow amount is "to pay for legal and audit expenses and any other outstanding pension benefits that would be associated with a dissolution should it occur.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Net Additions (Deletions)	Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:			_
Machinery and equipment Leasehold improvements in-progress	\$ 101,147 1,327,763	\$ 42,420 521,011	\$ 143,567 
Total Less Accumulated depreciation	1,428,910 (86,480)	563,431 (17,682)	1,992,341 (104,162)
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,342,430	\$ 545,749	\$ 1,888,179
Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Net Additions (Deletions)	Ending Balance
Machinery and equipment	\$ 4,152	\$ -	\$ 4,152
Less Accumulated depreciation	(1,522)	(830)	(2,352)
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,630	\$ (830)	\$ 1,800

# NOTE 5 LEASES

A lease is defined as a contractual agreement that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset, for a minimum contractual period of greater than one year, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The Charter School leases a significant amount of nonfinancial assets such as building and cafeteria. The related obligations are presented in the amounts equal to the present value of lease payments, payable during the remaining lease term. As a lessee, the associated right-of-use asset as of June 30, 2022 on the government-wide Statement of Net Position is as follow:

	Beginning I		et Additions		Ending
Right-of-use assets being depreciated	Balance	(Deletions)		(Deletions) Balar	
Governmental Activities					
Leased building	\$ 3,561,244	\$	-	\$	3,561,244
Leased cafeteria	171,243		-		171,243
Less: accumulated amortization	 (2,883,244)		(378,957)		(3,262,201)
Right-of-use assets, net	\$ 849,243	\$	(378,957)	\$	470,286

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 5 LEASES - CONTINUED

The amortization of right-of-use assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, recognized in the Charter School-wide statement of activities amounted to \$378.957.

The Charter School does not have of variable payment clauses, within its lease arrangements. The Charter School did not incur expenses related to its leasing activities related to residual value guarantees, lease termination penalties or losses due to impairment. As a lessee, there are currently no agreements that include sale-leaseback and lease-leaseback transactions.

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School's lease liabilities amounted to \$675,558.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Charter School determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The Charter School uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate when available. In the absence of the lessor's interest rate, the Charter School uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease, limited to the Charter School's latest charter renewal term. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and any purchase option price that the Charter School is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Charter School monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the right-of-use asset and lease liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liabilities.

# NOTE 6 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, noncurrent liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

	В	Balance at		Maturities/	Balance at	Due within
	Jui	ne 30, 2021	Additions	Payments	June 30, 2022	One Year
Net Pension Liability	\$	906,279	\$ -	\$ (180, 194)	\$ 726,085	\$ 123,765
Loans payable		409,676	789,343	-	1,199,019	1,199,019
Lease liabilities		1,205,442	<u> </u>	(529,884)	675,558	570,855
Total	\$	2,521,397	\$789,343	\$(710,078)	\$ 2,600,662	\$1,893,639

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 6 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

# Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability classified as due within one year amounting to \$123,765 represents pension contributions for fiscal year 2022 due and payable on April 1, 2023.

# Lease Liabilities

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School's minimum principal and interest payment requirements for its leasing activities, with a remaining term in excess of one year, is as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 570,855	\$20,137	\$590,992
2024	22,696	5,444	28,140
2025	24,919	4,066	28,985
2026	27,279	2,572	29,851
2027	29,809	938	30,747
Total	\$ 675,558	\$33,157	\$708,715

# NOTE 7 LOAN PAYABLE

On February 20, 2020, the Community Loan Fund of New Jersey, Inc. approved the Charter School for a Leasehold improvement Loan amounting to \$1,200,000. As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School drawdown \$1,199,019. The loan proceeds will be used exclusively for leasehold improvements and renovation of existing office space to be used as classrooms, common area, teacher's preparation space and administrative office of the Charter School.

The loan has a term of nine months with two- or three-month extension option at the sole discretion of the lender with an interest-only payment of 6.5%.

The loan is convertible to a permanent loan not to exceed 180 months. Monthly principal and interest payments will be due based on a 180-month amortization schedule. It will mature on the first day of the 180<sup>th</sup> day following closing. Upon conversion to a Permanent Loan, the rate will be set at the equivalent average of 10 year and 20-year term Federal Financial Bank rate plus 4.110%.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 7 LOAN PAYABLE - CONTINUED

The Loan is secured by a First Mortgage lien on real property, fixtures and improvements, located at the Property, assignment of all leases and rents and a first security interest under the Uniform Commercial Code in all of the Charter School's assets. Seventy five percent (75%) of the loan and permanent loan facilities are also guaranteed by the Community Loan Fund of New Jersey, Inc.'s United States Department of Education Charter Schools Facilities grant. Reduction in the amount of guaranty funds allocated to the Loan will be matched to the amount of loan principal outstanding at the end of each quarter.

As of June 30, 2022, outstanding loan payable amounted to \$1,199,019. The loan payable was subsequently paid by the Charter School in September 2022. Principal and interest expense paid for the year ended June 30, 2022 amounted to \$27,413.

# NOTE 8 NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2022, business-type activities net position did not have any capital assets or restrictions, while governmental activities net position consisted of the following components:

					Total
\$	1,888,179	\$	1,800	\$	1,889,979
	(1,199,019)		_		(1,199,019)
	689,160		1,800		690,960
\$	470,286	\$	-	\$	470,286
	(675,558)		_		(675,558)
	(205,272)		_		(205,272)
_	1,944,233		7,117		1,951,350
\$	2,428,121	\$	8,917	\$	2,437,038
	\$	(1,199,019) 689,160 \$ 470,286 (675,558) (205,272) 1,944,233	\$ 1,888,179 \$ (1,199,019) 689,160 \$ (675,558) (205,272) 1,944,233	Activities       Activities         \$ 1,888,179       \$ 1,800         (1,199,019)       -         689,160       1,800         \$ 470,286       \$ -         (675,558)       -         (205,272)       -         1,944,233       7,117	Activities       Activities         \$ 1,888,179       \$ 1,800         \$ (1,199,019)       -         689,160       1,800         \$ 470,286       \$ -         \$ (675,558)       -         \$ (205,272)       -         1,944,233       7,117

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS

# A. Description of Plans

All eligible employees of the Charter School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) which have been established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the PERS and the TPAF. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

# i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

The Public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full-time employees of the State or any county municipality, Charter School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, Charter School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

# ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established in January 1, 1995, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full-time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State. The Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the Charter School and the systems other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

# B. Vesting and Benefit Provisions

The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 4303B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined. Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service credit or they may elect deferred retirement after achieving eight to ten years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

# C. Significant Legislation

Two pieces of legislation passed during fiscal year 2001 having significant impact on the benefit provisions under PERS and TPAF. Chapter 133, P.L.2001, increases retirement benefits for service, deferred and early retirements by changing the formula from 1/60 to 1/55 of final compensation for each year of service. The legislation also increases the retirement benefit for veteran member with 35 years or more of service and reduces age qualification from 60 to 55. The legislation further provides that existing retirees and beneficiaries would also receive a comparable percentage increase in their retirement allowance. The benefit enhancements are effective with the November 1, 2001 benefit checks. Chapter 120, P.L 2001, established an additional retirement option for plan members. Under the new option, a retiree's actuarially reduced allowance (to provide a benefit to the retiree's beneficiary upon the death of the retiree) would "pop-up" to the maximum retirement allowance if the beneficiary predeceases the retiree.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

# C. Significant Legislation - Continued

Chapter 4, P.L 2001 provides increased benefit to certain members of PERS who retired prior to December 29, 1989 with at least 25 years of creditable service. The maximum amount of the increase is 5 percent the retiree's final compensation. For those with 30 or more years of service, the total pension would increase from 65 to 71 percent of final compensation. Due to the enactment of 1997 legislation, Chapter 114, P.L. 1997 and Chapter 115, P.L 1997, the State of New Jersey's portion of the unfunded accrued liability under each retirement system was eliminated. In addition, excess valuation assets were available to fund, in full or in part, the State of New Jersey's normal contribution from 1997 to 2001, excluding the contribution for post-retirement medical benefits in the PERS and TPAF.

# D. Contribution Requirement

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation with the amount of contributions by the State of New Jersey contingent upon the Annual Appropriations Act. As defined, the retirement systems require employee contributions based on 7.06% for PERS and TPAF of the employee's annual compensation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustment, noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the Charter School is a noncontributing employer of the TPAF. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Charter School.

The Charter School's contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$72,903.

The State of New Jersey was required to contribute for TPAF on behalf of the Charter School, for normal cost pension and accrued liability contributions (including non-contributory group life insurance (NCGI)) and post-retirement medical contribution amounting to \$782,236. In addition, for fiscal year 2021, the State of New Jersey contributed \$594 for TPAF Long-term Disability Insurance Premiums (LTDI).

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$122,705 during the year ended June 30, 2022 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. These amounts have been included in the basic financial statements.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

# D. Contribution Requirement

The PERS contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure. The social contribution for TPAF members are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure.

# E. GASB 68 Disclosures

# i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2022, the Charter School reported in the Charter School-wide statement of net position a liability of \$726,085 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the ration of contributions as an individual employer to the total contributions to the PERS as of June 30, 2021 measurement date. The results of the June 30, 2021 measurement date was used to determine pension values for fiscal year 2022 as allowed by GASB Statement No. 68.

At June 30, 2021 measurement date, the Charter School's proportionate share was 0.0061291099% which is a increase from the proportionate share of 0.0055574774% at June 30, 2020 measurement date.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

# E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

# i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$36,203. At June 30, 2021 measurement date, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Dutflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of F	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	\$	11,451	\$	5,198	
Changes of assumptions		3,781		258,491	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		-		191,270	
Change in proportion and differences					
between Charter School contributions					
and proportionate share contributions		516,478		94,781	
	\$	531,710	\$	549,740	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended	Year Ended		
	June 30,	June 30,		
2023	\$ 15,202			
2024	(20,279)	)		
2025	(16,906)	)		
2026	(3,862)	)		
2027	7,815			

Actuarial assumptions. The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

# E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

# i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Inflation rate

Price 2.75% Wage 3.25%

Salary increases

Through 2026 2.00% - 6.00% based on years of service Thereafter 3.00% - 7.00% based on years of service

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021 measurement date) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 measurement date, are summarized in the following table:

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

# E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

# i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	/	
US Equity	27.00%	8.81%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Market Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7% as of June 30, 2021 measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions from local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of all current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

# E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

# i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) – continued

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 999,321	\$ 726,085	\$ 508,514

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

# ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33, the employer contributions for the Charter School is legally required to be funded by the State. This is considered to be a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. As such, there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognized pension expense and related revenue of \$168,064 in the Charter School-wide financial statements for its proportionate share in the special funding support provided by the State for its TPAF members. The results of the June 30, 2021 measurement date was used to determine pension values for fiscal year 2022 as allowed by GASB Statement No. 68.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

# E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

# ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)- continued

The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School was based on the ratio on the State's contribution as an employer and nonemployer towards the actuarially determined contribution amount adjusted by locations who participated in the State early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF for the June 30, 2021 and 2020 measurement dates, respectively. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable to Charter School was 0.0148567095% 0.0150183578%, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

### Inflation rate

Price 2.75% Wage 3.25%

Salary increases

Through 2026 1.55% - 4.45% based on years of service Thereafter 2.75% - 5.65% based on years of service

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality were based on Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, ad with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

# E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

# ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)- continued

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021 measurement date) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 measurement date, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-US Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equipments	4.00%	0.50%
US Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0% June 30, 2021 measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

# ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of all current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	n \$ 8,466,603	\$ 7,142,391	\$ 6,054,958

# NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

### General Information about the OPEB Plan

The State of New Jersey Provides post-retirement (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2020, the State paid PRM benefits for 143,053 State and local retirees.

The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2020, the State contributed \$1.578 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The State's "pay as-you-go" contributions have decreased from Fiscal Year 2019 amounts. Reductions are attributable to various cost savings initiatives implemented by the State, including new Medicare Advantage contracts. The State has appropriated \$1.775 billion in Fiscal Year 2021 as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. The Fiscal Year 2020 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits is \$65.5 billion, a decrease of \$10.5 billion or 13.8 percent from the \$76.0 billion liability recorded in Fiscal Year 2019.

Additional information on Pensions and OPEB can be accessed at state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

# **Total OPEB Liability**

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The Charter School's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the Charter School did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position.

Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of education/board of trustees. Note that actual numbers will be published in the NJ State ACFR at https://www.nj.gov/treasury/omb/acfr.shtml

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation rate 2.5%

	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary increases:			
Through 2026	1.55% - 4.45%	2.00% - 6.00%	3.25% - 15.25%
	based on years of service	based on years of service	based on years of service
Thereafter	2.75% - 5.65% based on years	3.00% - 7.00% based on years	Not applicable

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disables retirees. Future disabled retirees was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS), and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial studies for periods July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2018, July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2018, and July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 for TPAF, PERS and PFRS, respectively.

# (a) Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend is initially is 5.6% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rate for fiscal year 2022 through 2023 are reflected. For PPO, the trend is initially 5.74% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 12.93% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to 4.5% after 11 years. The assumed post-65 medical trend is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 6.75% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicate Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

### (b) Discount rate

The discount rate for used for June 30, 2021 measurement dates was 2.16%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Changes in the Total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees:

Balance at 6/30/20 Measurement date	\$ 3,233,288
Changes for the year	
Service cost	712,149
Interest	76,822
Changes of benefit terms	(3,152)
Changes in assumptions	2,922
Difference between expected	
and actual experience	(1,002,062)
Benefit payments	(60,514)
Contributions from the member	 1,964
Net Change	 (271,871)
Balance at 6/30/21 Measurement date	\$ 2,961,417

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (1.16%)	Current Discount Rate (2.16%)	1% Increase (3.16%)			
Changes in the State's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School retirees	\$ 3,547,313	\$ 2,961,417	\$ 2,500,059			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

# NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognize OPEB revenue and expense of \$2,961,417 as determined by the State as the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75 and in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASBS No. 75, the Charter School's proportionate share of school retirees OPEB is zero, there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

At June 30, 2022, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired Charter School employees' OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	 1103001003		1103001003			
Changes of assumptions expected and actual	\$ 502,367	\$	317,732			
experience	446,420		888,774			
Changes in proportion	 1,301,765		<u>-</u>			
	\$ 2,250,552	\$	1,206,506			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB of retired Charter School employees will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Ye	Year Ended					
		June 30					
2023	\$	157,213					
2024		157,213					
2025		157,213					
2026		157,213					
2027		155,374					
Thereafter		259,822					

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### NOTE 10 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Charter School offered its employees a choice of the following deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service 403(b). The Plan is administered by AXA Equity, Inc. permits participants to defer apportion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plan are not available to employees until termination, death or unforeseeable emergency.

### NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss relates to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

### A. Property and Liability Insurance

The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (Unaudited) of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Schedule J-20).

# B. New Jersey Unemployment Compensation

The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund For benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

# NOTE 12 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Amount reported in the governmental funds as interfund receivable and payable from/to other governmental funds are eliminated in the governmental activities column. The remaining internal receivable and payable between the governmental funds and enterprise fund have been eliminated in the total Charter School-wide Statement of Net Asset.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### NOTE 12 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

At June 30, 2022, the interfund balances consisted of the following components:

	Receivables (Payables)						
	Special						
	(	General	F	Revenue	Er	nterprise	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	
General fund	\$	204,093	\$	(167,028)	\$	(37,065)	
GASB No 34 mandated eliminations within governmental activities		(167,028)		167,028		<u>-</u>	
Net interfund balances reported as follows: Entity-wide (eliminated							
in total column)	\$	37,065	\$	_	\$	(37,065)	

# NOTE 13 CONTINGENCIES

# State and Federal Aid Receipts

State and Federal awards are generally subject to review by the responsible governmental agencies for compliance with the agencies regulations governing the aid. In the opinion of the Charter School's management and legal counsel, any potential adjustments to the Federal or State aid recorded by the Charter School through June 30, 2022, resulting from a review by a responsible government agency will not have a material effect on the Charter School financial statements at June 30, 2022.

### NOTE 14 COVID-19 PUBLIC HEALH EMERGENCY

On June 4, 2021, Governor Murphy signed legislation (A5820/S3866) and Executive Order No. 244 ending of the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency that has been in place since March 9, 2020. Under the legislation, the majority of executive orders issued pursuant to the Public Health Emergency expired 30 days from the approval date. The legislation allows for the termination of the Public Health Emergency while also allowing the Administration to retain the tools necessary to manage the ongoing threat posed by the pandemic. Specifically, the Administration is authorized to issue orders, directives, and waivers under the authority in the Emergency Health Powers Act that are related to vaccination efforts; testing; health resource and personnel allocation; data collection, retention, sharing, and access; coordination of local health departments; and implementation of any CDC recommendations to prevent the transmission of COVID-19. This authority lasts until January 11, 2022 and can be extended for 90 days with the passage of a concurrent resolution by the Legislature.

With the end of the Public Health Emergency, full-time school operations were restored in New Jersey beginning September 2021.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES** 

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

<u>-</u>	Original Budget	Budget Modifications / Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	/ariance al to Actual
Revenues					
Local sources:					
Local tax levy	\$ 3,282,055	\$ -	\$ 3,282,055	\$ 3,282,055	\$ -
Miscellaneous	 <u>-</u>			42,274	 42,274
Total - local sources	 3,282,055		3,282,055	3,324,329	 42,274
State sources:					
Categorical special education aid	76,347	-	76,347	76,347	-
Equalization aid	2,331,051	-	2,331,051	2,331,051	-
Categorical security aid On-Behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - normal cost (non-bud	109,265	-	109,265	109,265 634,088	- 634,088
On-Behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - normal cost (non-but	_	_	<u>-</u>	034,000	034,000
Medical (non-budgeted)	_	-	-	148,148	148,148
On-Behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - long-term disability					
insurance (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	594	594
Reimbursed T.P.A.F. social security contributions (non-budgeted	 <u>-</u>		<u> </u>	122,705	 122,705
Total - state sources	 2,516,663		2,516,663	3,422,198	 905,535
Total revenues	 5,798,718		5,798,718	6,746,527	 947,809
Expenditures					
Current expense:					
Regular Programs - Instruction:		(0.0.1.0.0.0)			
Kindergarten Grade 1-5	900,596	(391,389)	509,207	410,583	98,624
Grade 6-8	793,273 285,675	31,482	793,273 317,157	668,505 317,157	124,768
Regular Programs - Undistributed instruction:	200,070	01,102	317,137	017,107	
Other salaries for instruction	583,811	110,115	693,926	563,543	130,383
Purchased professional - educational services	76,000	100,000	176,000	52,250	123,750
Other purchased services (400-500 Series)	35,000	· -	35,000	21,975	13,025
General supplies	50,034	110,000	160,034	138,258	21,776
Textbooks	60,000	(45,000)	15,000	40.054	15,000
Other objects	 6,000	25,000	31,000	12,251	 18,749
Total Regular Programs - Instruction	 2,790,389	(59,792)	2,730,597	2,184,522	 546,075
Special Education - Instruction:					
Cognitive - mild: Salaries of teachers	150.067		150 067	120.014	12.0F2
	 152,867	<u>-</u> _	152,867	139,914	 12,953
Total Cognitive - Mild	 152,867		152,867	139,914	 12,953
Before/after school programs:					
Other Salaries for Instruction	 <u>-</u>	2,575	2,575	2,575	 
Total Special Education - Instruction	152,867	2,575	155,442	142,489	12,953
Total Instruction	2,943,256	(57,217)	2,886,039	2,327,011	559,028
	 2,0 .0,200	(0.,2)			 000,020
Undistributed Expenditures - Health Services:	60,000		60,000	40.500	47 440
Purchased professional and technical services Supplies and materials	60,000 3,000	-	60,000 3,000	42,590 1,734	17,410 1,266
••	 •				
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Health services	 63,000		63,000	44,324	 18,676
Undistributed Expenditures - Speech, OT, PT and					
related services:	60,000	(40.040)	40.007	44.005	20.750
Purchased professional - educational services	 60,000	(16,013)	43,987	11,235	 32,752
Undistributed Expenditures - Child Study Team:					
Salaries of other professional staff	-	71,025	71,025	71,025	-
Purchased professional - educational services	 19,000	(10,000)	9,000	4,000	 5,000
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Child study team	 19,000	61,025	80,025	75,025	 5,000
Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - General					
Administration: Salaries	431,158	(7,084)	424,074	421,575	2,499
Legal services	26,000	(1,00 <del>4</del> )	26,000	11,761	14,239
Audit fees	18,500	4,000	22,500	22,500	-
Other purchased professional services	232,800	(7,021)	225,779	204,795	20,984
Communications / telephone	104,850	36,903	141,753	110,207	31,546
Miscellaneous purchased services (400-500)	53,220	-	53,220	44,006	9,214

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Budget Modifications / Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
General supplies	14,500	488	14,988	14,346	642
Miscellaneous expenditures	11,000	20,021	31,021	31,021	
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Support services - General Administration	892,028	47,307	939,335	860,211	79,124
•	002,020	47,007		000,211	10,124
Undistributed Expenditures - Support services - School Administration:					
Salaries of other professional staff	201,896	(27,957)	173,939	107,321	66,618
Undistributed Expenditures - Central services:					
Interest on current loans	<u>-</u>	27,766	27,766	27,413	353
Undistributed Expenditures - Custodial Services:					
Purchased professional and technical services	201,600	39,040	240,640	239,290	1,350
Insurance	50,000	(5,000)	45,000	39,492	5,508
General supplies	11,090	23,000	34,090	25,314	8,776
Energy (electricity) Other objects	50,916 5,325	10,000	60,916 5,325	6,888 4,809	54,028 516
Total Undistributed expenditures - Custodial services	318,931	67,040	385,971	315,793	70,178
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	318,931	67,040	385,971	315,793	70,178
Undistributed Expenditures - Student Transportation Services:	0.0,00.				
Contracted services - (Other than between home and					
school) - vendors	10,000	(10,000)			
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Student Transportation Servic	10,000	(10,000)			
Unallocated Benefits - Employee Benefits:					
Group Insurance	35,000	1,200	36,200	-	-
Social security contributions	177,743	35,452	213,195	80,244	132,951
Other retirement contributions - PERS	55,000	26,000	81,000	72,903	8,097
Unemployment compensation Workmen's compensation	76,673 50,000	-	76,673 50,000	47,437 39,202	29,236 10,798
Health benefits	500,000	(91,000)	409,000	371,126	37,874
Total Unallocated benefits - Employee Benefits	859,416	(29,548)	829,868	610,912	218,956
On-behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - normal cost (non-bud On-behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - post retirement	-	-	-	634,088	(634,088)
medical (non-budgeted) On-behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - long-term disability	-	-	-	148,148	(148,148)
insurance (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	594	(594)
Reimbursed T.P.A.F. social security contributions (non-budgetec				122,705	(122,705)
Total On-behalf contributions		<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>	905,535	(905,535)
Total Personal Services - Employee Benefits	859,416	(29,548)	829,868	1,516,447	(686,579)
Total Undistributed Expenditures	2,424,271	119,620	2,543,891	2,957,769	(413,878)
otal General Current Expense	5,367,527	62,403	5,429,930	5,284,780	145,150
Capital Outlay: Equipment:					
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Instruction	-	26,345	26,345	26,345	-
Mortgage Payments-Interest	30,000	(30,000)	-	-	-
Non-instruction services	15,830	1,000	16,830	16,601	229
Total Equipment	45,830	(2,655)	43,175	42,946	229
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services:					
Land/land improvement	666,731	(11,980)	654,751	552,451	102,300
·	666,731 666,731	(11,980) (11,980)	654,751 654,751	552,451 552,451	102,300 102,300
Land/land improvement					

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Budget Modifications / Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(281,370)	(47,768)	(329,138)	866,350	1,195,488
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from loans payable Principal payments for loans payable	- (409,676)	- -	- (409,676)	789,343 (409,676)	(789,343)
Principal payments of leases Interest payments of leases	(119,352) (45,205)	47,768 	(71,584) (45,205)	(529,885) (45,115)	458,301 (90)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(574,233)	47,768	(526,465)	(195,333)	(331,132)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Fund balances at beginning of year	(855,603) 1,607,655	- 	(855,603) 1,607,655	671,017 1,607,655	864,356 
Fund balances at end of year  Recapitulation:	\$ 752,052	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 752,052	\$ 2,278,672	<u>\$ 864,356</u>
Unassigned Reconciliation to Governmental Funds Statements (GAAP): Fiscal Year 2022 Last State Aid Payments not Recognized on GA	AAP Basis			\$ 2,278,672	
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds (GAAP)				\$ 2,278,672	

# **SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	•				Final to Actual
Revenues							
Local	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,005	\$ 21,005		
Federal	1,180,164		1,180,164	691,106	(489,058)		
Total revenues - all sources	1,180,164		1,180,164	712,111	(468,053)		
Expenditures Current Expenditures: Instruction:							
Salaries of teachers	640,535	_	640,535	351,033	289,502		
Purchased professional and technical services	172,850	_	172,850	102,560	70,290		
Other purchased services	5,000	-	5,000	-	5,000		
Supplies and materials	79,978	-	79,978	76,596	3,382		
Total instruction	898,363	-	898,363	530,189	368,174		
Support services Employee benefits Professional technical services Purchased professional educational services Supplies Student activities	68,759 103,714 87,971 21,357	- - - -	68,759 103,714 87,971 21,357	49,635 34,370 74,162 2,750 21,005	19,124 69,344 13,809 18,607 (21,005)		
Total support services	281,801		281,801	181,922	99,879		
Total expenditures	1,180,164		1,180,164	712,111	468,053		
Excess revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Fund balance at beginning of year				\$ -			
Fund balance at end of year							
Recapitulation: Restricted: Student activities				<u>-</u>			
Fund balance at end of year				<u>\$</u> -			



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BUDGETARY GAAP RECONCILIATION
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General Fund			Special Revenue Fund
Sources/inflows of resources					
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule:	[C-1]	\$ 7,535,870	[C-2]	\$	712,111
Difference - budget to GAAP: Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.		-			-
Last State aid payment recognized for budgetary purposes only		-			-
General Fund contribution to Early Childhood Program Aid					
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditure and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	es [ <b>B-2</b> ]	 7,535,870	[B-2]	_	712,111
Uses/outflows of resources					
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]	6,864,853	[C-2]		712,111
Differences - budget to GAAP  Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.		-			-
Transfers to and from other funds are presented as outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Net transfer (outflows) to general fund		 <u> </u>			<u>-</u>
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	[B-2]	\$ 6,864,853	[B-2]	\$	712,111

Note A -The general fund budget basis of the use/outflow of resources is GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART III

SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR PENSIONS (GASB 68)

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PERS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

							е			
				Fiscal Year En	ded	June 30,				
	 2021	2021	2020	 2019		2018		2017	 2016	2015
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0061291099%	0.0055574774%	0.0033139529%	0.0043003913%		0.0028393991%		0.0022438452%	0.00%	0.00%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 726,085	\$ 906,279	\$ 597,124	\$ 846,726	\$	660,967	\$	664,563	\$ -	\$ -
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,137,827	\$ 864,488	\$ 738,298	\$ 564,726	\$	219,334	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	63.81%	104.83%	80.88%	149.94%		301.35%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.33%	58.32%	56.27%	53.60%		48.10%		39.91%	47.92%	52.08%

The Charter School has no proportionate share in the net pension liability (asset) prior to 2017.

<sup>(1)</sup> The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS)

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2022		2021		2020	Fis	scal Year E 2019	nded	June 30, 2018		2017	 2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	71,779	\$	60,796	\$	32,235	\$	42,775	\$	26,304	\$	19,934	\$ -	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(71,779)		(60,796)		(32,235)		(42,775)		(26,304)		(19,934)	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>		\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	,137,827	\$	738,298	\$	738,298	\$	564,726	\$	219,334	\$	542,257	\$ -	\$	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.31%		8.23%		4.37%		7.57%		11.99%		3.68%	0.00%		0.00%

The Charter School has no proportionate share in the net pension liability (asset) prior to 2017.

<sup>(1)</sup> The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

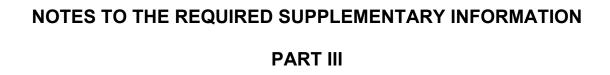
# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016										2015				
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2010	 2017	-	2010		2013
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) attributable to Charter School	0.0	0148567095%	0.0	)150183578%	0.0	0131589030%	0.0	0101573424%	0.0	0021952129%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) attributable to Charter School	\$	7,142,391	\$	9,889,408	\$	8,075,743	\$	6,461,883	\$	1,480,092	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,072,274	\$	1,932,923	\$	1,833,163	\$	1,754,988	\$	1,552,569	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension pension liability (asset) attributable to Charter School as a percentabe of its covered-employee payroll		344.66%		511.63%		440.54%		368.20%		95.33%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		35.52%		24.60%		26.95%		26.49%		25.41%	22.33%		28.71%		33.64%

The Charter School has no proportionate share in the net pension liability (asset).

<sup>(1)</sup> The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.



# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART III YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# **Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)**

Change in benefit terms. There was no change in the benefit terms.

Change in assumptions. The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability did not change at 7.00%.

# **Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)**

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

Change in assumptions. The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 5.40% to 7.00% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 68.

The discount rate of 7.00% (5.40% in prior measurement date) at the June 30, 2021 measurement date was based on the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% (78% in prior measurement date) of the actuarially determined contributions for the State.

### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

Change in assumptions. The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total nonemployer OPEB liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 2.21% to 2.16% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 75. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.



### NAME OF CHARTER SCHOOL (COUNTY OF ESSEX, NEW JERSEY)

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

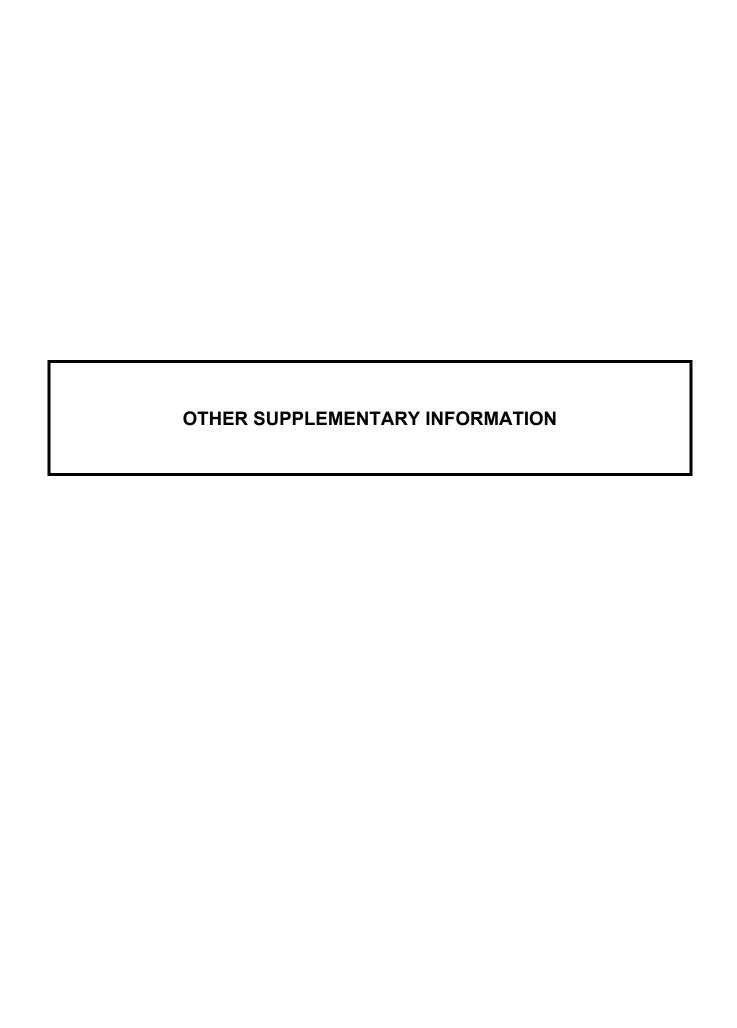
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

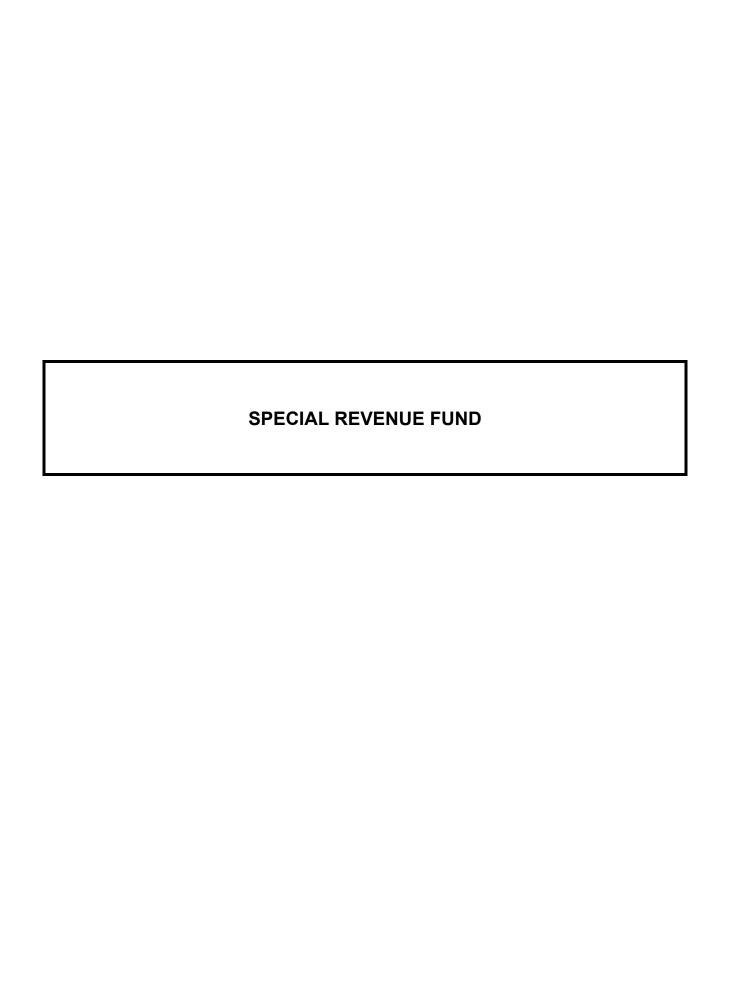
		2022	 Fi 2021	scal	Year Ended J	une 3	0, 2019		2018
Charter School's proportion of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)		0%	0%		0%		0%		0%
Charter School's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the Charter School	\$	2,961,417	\$ 3,233,288	\$	1,564,076	\$	1,303,382	\$	1,125,133
Charter School Covered-employee payroll (2)	\$	3,210,101	\$ 2,797,412	\$	2,571,461	\$	2,319,714	\$	1,771,903
Charter School's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0%	0%		0%		0%		0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB Liability		0%	0%		0%		0%		0%
Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Difference between expected	\$	712,149 76,822 (3,152)	\$ 388,926 67,408 -	\$	309,281 61,517 -	\$	285,452 49,902 -	\$	345,222 38,028 -
and actual experience Changes in assumptions and other inputs Benefit payments Contributions from the member		(1,002,062) 2,922 (60,514) 1,964	676,850 590,611 (56,289) 1,706		(86,836) 23,321 (48,012) 1,423		26,112 (149,570) (34,852) 1,205		(234,573) (26,060) 960
Net Change in Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School		(271,871)	1,669,212		260,694		178,249		123,577
Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School: At beginning of year At end of year	\$ \$	3,233,288 2,961,417	\$ 1,564,076 3,233,288	\$	1,303,382 1,564,076	\$ \$	1,125,133 1,303,382	\$ \$	1,001,556 1,125,133
Total State OPEB liability as a percentage of Charter School covered-employee payroll		92.25%	115.58%		60.82%		56.19%		63.50%

Note - The amounts presented for the fiscal year was determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

<sup>(1)</sup> The Charter School implemented GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2018. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2018.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll was based on the Charter School's payroll for the year ended June 30.





# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Every Student Succeeds Act

	S	ucceeds Act (E.S.S.A.)				I.D.E.A.					CO	VID-19 Gra	ınts					
	1	itle I, Part A	R Pla	nerican escue n - IDEA Basic		Part B, Basic	Pre	eschool		CRRSA ESSER II	N	SSER II - Mental Health	Acc	SSER II - earning celeration Grant		Student ctivities		Total
Revenues	_	0=0.400	_			=	_		_						_		_	
Federal Local	\$	273,123	\$	2,750 -	\$	74,162 -	\$	1,025 -	\$	312,322	\$ 	11,247 -	\$	16,477 <u>-</u>	\$	21,005	\$	691,106 21,005
Total revenues - all sources		273,123		2,750		74,162		1,025	=	312,322		11,247		16,477		21,005		712,111
Expenditures Instruction:																		
Salaries of teachers	\$	190,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	8,500	\$	8,820	\$	-	\$	351,033
Purchased professional and technical services Instructional Supplies		- 68,588		-		-		1,025		102,560		-		6,983		-		102,560 76,596
Total instruction		258,588		<del></del>	_			1,025	_	246,273		8,500		15,803		<del></del>	-	530,189
		200,000			_			1,020	_	210,210		0,000		10,000	_			000,100
Support services Employee benefits Professional technical services	\$	14,535	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,776 32,273	\$	650 2,097	\$	674	\$	-	\$	49,635 34,370
Purchased professional - educational services		-		-		74,162		_		-		-		-		-		74,162
Supplies and materials Student activities		-		2,750		-		-		-		-		-		21,005		2,750 21,005
Other Objects Indirect Costs					_				_							,		-
Miscellaneous Expenditures		- 44.505			_	74.400			_	-					_	-		-
Total support services		14,535		2,750	_	74,162			_	66,049		2,747		674	_	21,005		181,922
Total expenditures		273,123	_	2,750	_	74,162	_	1,025	_	312,322	_	11,247		16,477		21,005		712,111
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
Fund balance at beginning of year																<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance at end of year															\$		\$	

# **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND** The capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment purchases other than those financed by propriety funds.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

					G <i>A</i> Expenditu			
Project Title/Issue	Approval Date	В	Revised udgetary ropriations	Prior Years		Cu	rrent Year	Expended June 30, 2022
Leasehold improvements (Construction for School Annex)	1/13/2020	\$	1,969,192	\$	1,345,531	\$	521,011	\$ 102,650

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues and Other Financing Sources Proceeds from loan	\$ 789,343
Expenditures:	
Construction services	521,011
Total expenditures	521,011
Other Financing Uses:	
Payment of principal and interests	410,442
Total expenditures	410,442
Excess of expenditures over revenues	\$ (142,110)

# **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs of providing goods and services be financed through user charges. The Charter School has the Food Service and After Care in its Enterprise Fund to account for the operation of food services and after care.

# **ENTERPRISE FUND**

# **COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION**

	FOOD SERVICE	AFTER CARE	TOTAL
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,726	\$ -	\$ 23,726
Accounts receivable:			
Federal	20,117	-	20,117
State	339	<u> </u>	339
	20,456	<u>-</u>	20,456
Total current assets	44,182		44,182
Capital assets			
Machinery and equipment, net	4,152	-	4,152
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,352)	<del>_</del>	(2,352)
Net capital assets	1,800	<del>-</del>	1,800
Total Assets	\$ 45,982	\$ -	\$ 45,982
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Interfund payable - General fund	\$ 37,065	\$ -	\$ 37,065
Interfund payable (internal)	(12,440)	12,440	
Total current liabilities	24,625	12,440	37,065
Net assets			
Unrestricted	21,357	(12,440)	8,917
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 45,982	<u>\$</u>	\$ 45,982

# **ENTERPRISE FUND**

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

	FOOD SERVICE	AFTER CARE	TOTAL
Operating revenues: Charges for services: After School fees Miscellaneous revenue	\$ - 2,095	\$ 95,670 	\$ 95,670 2,095.0
Total Operating revenues	2,095	95,670	97,765
Operating expenses: Salaries Supplies and materials - reimbursable programs Depreciation Miscellaneous	58,694 172,299 830 848	109,370 - - -	168,064 172,299 830 848
Total operating expenses	232,671	109,370	342,041
Operating loss	(230,576)	(13,700)	(244,276)
Nonoperating revenues: State sources: State School Lunch	3,877	-	3,877
Federal sources:  National School Lunch  National School Breakfast  COVID-19 - P-EBT Administrative  COVID-19 - EM Schools	164,800 46,226 1,283 15,551	- - - -	164,800 46,226 1,283 15,551
Total nonoperating revenues	231,737		231,737
Changes in net position	1,161	(13,700)	(12,539)
Total net position at beginning of year	20,196	1,260	21,456
Total net position at end of year	\$ 21,357	\$ (12,440)	\$ 8,917

# **ENTERPRISE FUND**

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS

	FOOD SERVICE	AFTER CARE	TOTAL
Cash flows from operating activities			
Operating loss	\$ (230,576)	\$ (13,700)	\$ (244,276)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash			
from operating activities			
Depreciation expense	830	-	830
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(17,336)	-	(17,336)
Interfund receivable	12,473	-	12,473
Accounts payable	(7,520)	-	(7,520)
Interfund payable - General fund	37,065	-	37,065
Interfund payable (internal)	(13,700)	13,700	-
Deferred revenue	 <u>-</u>	 (247)	 (247)
Net cash from operating activities	(218,764)	(247)	(219,011)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
Cash received from state and federal reimbursements	 231,737	 	 231,737
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	12,973	(247)	12,726
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	 10,753	 247	 11,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 23,726	\$ 	\$ 23,726

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust funds are used to account for gifts and bequests to the Charter School for specific purposes.

Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund is an expendable trust fund used to account for unemployment transactions of the Charter School.

At June 30, 2022 there was no non-expandable trust fund utilized by the Charter School.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Charter School as an agent for individuals, private organizations, governmental and/or other funds.

At June 30, 2022 the Charter School did not have agency funds recognized in accordance with GASB 84.

.

# **ENTERPRISE FUND**

# **COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION**

	FOOD SERVICE	AFTER CARE	TOTAL
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,726	\$ -	\$ 23,726
Accounts receivable:			
Federal	20,117	-	20,117
State	339	<u> </u>	339
	20,456	<u>-</u>	20,456
Total current assets	44,182		44,182
Capital assets			
Machinery and equipment, net	4,152	-	4,152
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,352)	<del>_</del>	(2,352)
Net capital assets	1,800	<del>-</del>	1,800
Total Assets	\$ 45,982	\$ -	\$ 45,982
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Interfund payable - General fund	\$ 37,065	\$ -	\$ 37,065
Interfund payable (internal)	(12,440)	12,440	
Total current liabilities	24,625	12,440	37,065
Net assets			
Unrestricted	21,357	(12,440)	8,917
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 45,982	<u>\$</u>	\$ 45,982

# JERSEY CITY GLOBAL CHARTER SCHOOL JUNE 30, 2022

### **ENTERPRISE FUND**

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	FOOD SERVICE	AFTER CARE	TOTAL
Operating revenues: Charges for services: After School fees Miscellaneous revenue	\$ - 2,095	\$ 95,670 	\$ 95,670 2,095.0
Total Operating revenues	2,095	95,670	97,765
Operating expenses: Salaries Supplies and materials - reimbursable programs Depreciation Miscellaneous	58,694 172,299 830 848	109,370 - - -	168,064 172,299 830 848
Total operating expenses	232,671	109,370	342,041
Operating loss	(230,576)	(13,700)	(244,276)
Nonoperating revenues: State sources: State School Lunch	3,877	-	3,877
Federal sources:  National School Lunch  National School Breakfast  COVID-19 - P-EBT Administrative  COVID-19 - EM Schools	164,800 46,226 1,283 15,551	- - - -	164,800 46,226 1,283 15,551
Total nonoperating revenues	231,737		231,737
Changes in net position	1,161	(13,700)	(12,539)
Total net position at beginning of year	20,196	1,260	21,456
Total net position at end of year	\$ 21,357	\$ (12,440)	\$ 8,917

# JERSEY CITY GLOBAL CHARTER SCHOOL JUNE 30, 2022

### **ENTERPRISE FUND**

### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	FOOD SERVICE	AFTER CARE	TOTAL
Cash flows from operating activities			
Operating loss	\$ (230,576)	\$ (13,700)	\$ (244,276)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash			
from operating activities			
Depreciation expense	830	-	830
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(17,336)	-	(17,336)
Interfund receivable	12,473	-	12,473
Accounts payable	(7,520)	-	(7,520)
Interfund payable - General fund	37,065	-	37,065
Interfund payable (internal)	(13,700)	13,700	-
Deferred revenue	 <u>-</u>	 (247)	 (247)
Net cash from operating activities	(218,764)	(247)	(219,011)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
Cash received from state and federal reimbursements	 231,737	 	 231,737
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	12,973	(247)	12,726
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	 10,753	 247	 11,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 23,726	\$ 	\$ 23,726

### **LONG-TERM DEBT**

The long-term debt is used to record the outstanding principal balances of the long-term liabilities of the charter school. This includes the outstanding principal balance on leases, the accrued liability for insurance claims and the liability for compensated absences and the outstanding principal balance on certificates of participation outstanding or mortgage note payable.

**EXHIBIT I-2** 

# JERSEY CITY GLOBAL CHARTER SCHOOL (COUNTY OF HUDSON, NEW JERSEY)

LONG-TERM DEBT SCHEDULE OF OBLIGATIONS UNDER LEASES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Date of	Term of	Amount o	f Original	Interest	Balance at	Issued	Retired	Balance at
Purpose	Original Issue	Lease	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Rate	6/30/2021	Current year	Current Year	6/30/2022
School Building	7/1/2013	10 years	\$ 3,561,244	\$ 993,552	4.50%	1,061,373 144,069	\$ -	\$ 511,163 18,721	\$ 550,210 125,348
School Cafeteria	1/1/2020	7 years	170,488	41,818	5.75% <u>-</u>	1,205,442	\$ -	\$ 529,884	\$ 675,558

JERSEY CITY GLOBAL CHARTER SCHOOL JUNE 30, 2022

LONG-TERM DEBT CONSTRUCTION LOAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Amount of Original Issue	Balance June 30, 2021	Issued	Payment	Balance June 30, 2022
Construction loan	\$ 1,199,019	9 \$ 409,676	\$ 789,343	\$ -	\$ 1,199,019

# STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these Schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (ACFR) for the relevant year.

#### INTRODUCTION TO THE STATISTICAL SECTION

that year.

<u>Contents</u>		<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the district's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	86
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the district's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	N/A
Debt Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the district's current levels of outstanding debt and the district's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	N/A
Demographic and Ec	conomic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the district's financial activities take place.	90
Operating Informatio	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the district's financial report relates to the services the district provides and the activities it performs.	92
Notes		
1	Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules are derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports (ACFR) for the relevant year.	
2	2 GASB requires presentation of certain statistical information for the last ten fiscal years. However, fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is the first operating year of the Charter School. Therefore, schedules presenting charterwide information include information beginning in	

# NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,														
	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016	2015		2014
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Invested in right-of-use assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$ 689,160 (205,272)	\$	932,754 356,199	\$	1,547 - -	\$	33,564	\$	45,044 - - -	\$	64,435 - -	\$ 15,822 - - -	\$ 23,734	\$	31,646 - -
Unrestricted	1,944,233		899,743		997,480		194,657		152,262		206,304	 192,554	 137,138		52,810
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 2,428,121	\$	2,188,696	\$	999,027	\$	228,221	\$	197,306	\$	270,739	\$ 208,376	\$ 160,872	\$	84,456
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 1,800 - 7,117	\$	2,630 - 18,826	\$	- - 25,194	\$	- - 38,724	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 8,917	\$	21,456	\$	25,194	\$	38,724	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ _	\$	
Charter School-wide Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Invested in right-of-use assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 690,960 (205,272) - 1,951,350	\$	932,754 356,199 - 921,199	\$	1,547 - - 1,022,674	\$	33,564 - - 233,381	\$	45,044 - - 152,262	\$	64,435 - - 206,304	\$ 15,822 - - 192,554	\$ 23,734 - - 137,138	\$	31,646 - - 52,810
Total Charter School-wide net position	\$ 2,437,038	\$	2,210,152	\$	1,024,221	\$	266,945	\$	197,306	\$	270,739	\$ 208,376	\$ 160,872	\$	84,456

# CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

						Fis	cal Y	ear Ended Ju	ne 30					
	2022	2021			2020	2019		2018		2017	2016	2015		2014
Expenses														
Governmental activities														
Instruction	\$ 4,212,036	\$ 4,86	5,473	\$	3,470,391	\$ 2,880,168	\$	2,818,644	\$	2,204,553	\$ 1,725,230	\$ 1,101,165	\$	994,840
Administrative	1,336,216	1,21	,767		1,072,617	887,104		1,053,822		851,197	722,730	667,925		511,025
Support Services	719,243	1,08	7,410		1,171,174	1,067,447		906,760		869,022	692,284	676,985		457,977
Unallocated														
Capital Outlay	31,966		),367		17,768	2,714		2,380		22,439	-	58,600		57,286
Depreciation	17,681	1	1,605		11,480	11,480		19,392		8,788	7,912	-		-
Amortization of right-of-use asset	378,957		<del>-</del>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total governmental activities expenses	6,696,099	7,24	5,622		5,743,430	 4,848,913		4,800,998	-	3,955,999	 3,148,156	 2,504,675		2,021,128
Business-type activities:														
Food service	232,671	2	3,561		92,167	44,882		-		-	23,070	-		-
After care	109,370		<u>-</u>		74,092	 				74,092	 23,070	 		<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities expense	342,041	2	3,561		166,259	 44,882				183,462	 23,070	 		<u>-</u>
Total district expenses	7,038,140	7,26	9,183		5,909,689	4,893,795		4,800,998		4,139,461	 3,171,226	2,504,675		2,021,128
Program Revenues														
Governmental activities:														
Charges for services:														
Student activities	21,005		3,620		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Operating grants and contributions	1,785,925		9 <u>,865</u>		1,449,652	 722,645		1,020,291		608,879	 398,374	 50,598		22,732
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,806,930	2,13	3,48 <u>5</u>		1,449,652	 722,645		1,020,291		608,879	 398,374	 50,598		22,732
Business-type activities:														
Charges for services														
Food service	2,095		770		28,239	33,514		-		-	23,070	-		-
After care	95,670	4	-		70,142	-		-		-	-	-		-
Operating grants and contributions	231,737		5,593		57,557	 		<u> </u>			 <u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities program revenues	329,502	1	6,363		155,938	 33,514				<u>-</u>	 23,070	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total district program revenues	2,136,432	2,14	9,848		1,605,590	 756,159		1,020,291		608,879	 421,444	50,598		22,732
Net (Expense)/Revenue														
Governmental activities	(4,889,169)	(5,11)	. ,		(4,293,778)	(4,126,268)		(3,780,707)		(3,347,120)	(2,749,782)	(2,454,077)		(1,998,396)
Business-type activities	(12,539)	(	7,198)		(10,321)	(11,368)				(74,092)				
Total district-wide net expense	(4,901,708)	(5,11	9 <u>,335</u> )		(4,304,099)	 (4,137,636)		(3,780,707)		(3,421,212)	 (2,749,782)	 (2,454,077)		(1,998,396)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets														
Governmental activities:	0.000.055	4.00			4 740 000	4 007 457		1 005 711		4 0 40 004	005.470	0.407.740		4.544.040
Property taxes levied for general purposes, net	3,282,055		2,115		1,713,838	1,207,157		1,085,711		1,048,691	935,173	2,187,749		1,514,012
Grants and contributions Miscellaneous income	2,516,663 42,274	4,27	3,132 3,206		3,305,701 37,268	2,900,932 49,094		2,535,162 86,401		2,327,960 57,733	1,830,571 6,641	311,540 31,204		438,979 129,861
					•	 								
Total governmental activities	5,840,992		3,45 <u>3</u>		5,056,807	 4,157,183		3,707,274		3,434,384	 2,772,385	 2,530,493	_	2,082,852
Total Charter School-wide	5,840,992	5,93	3,453		5,056,807	 4,157,183		3,707,274		3,434,384	 2,772,385	 2,530,493		2,082,852
Changes in Net Position														
Governmental activities	951,823		5,316		763,029	30,915		(73,433)		87,264	22,603	76,416		84,456
Business-type activities	(12,539)	(	7,198)		(10,321)	 (11,368)				(74,092)	 <u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>
Total district	\$ 939,284	\$ 81	<u>9,118</u>	<u>\$</u>	752,708	\$ 19,547	\$	(73,433)	<u>\$</u>	13,172	\$ 22,603	\$ 76,416	\$	84,456

### FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (2) (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year Ended June 30,														
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	 2015		2014
General Fund																	
Assigned	\$	-	\$	218,439	\$	1,145,586	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Unassigned		2,278,672		1,389,216	_	381,707		609,669		400,873		329,835		167,653	 137,138		52,810
Total general fund	_	2,278,672	_	1,607,655	_	1,527,293	_	609,669		400,873		329,835		167,653	 137,138		52,810
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted for student activities		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total all other governmental funds	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$	

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

				Fisc	al Year Ended Ju	ne 30,			
Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues									
Local Sources:									
Local tax levy	\$ 3,282,055	\$ 1,622,115	\$ 1,713,838	\$ 1,207,157	\$ 1,085,711	\$ 1,048,691	\$ 935,173	\$ 621,819	\$ 408,125
Miscellaneous	63,279	46,826	37,268	49,094	86,401	57,733	6,986	31,204	129,861
State sources	3,422,198	4,996,391	3,455,374	3,422,665	2,915,211	2,480,060	1,915,775	1,738,051	1,222,762
Federal sources	691,106	576,416	290,925	311,589	306,063	456,779	312,825	190,017	344,836
Total Revenues	7,458,638	7,241,748	5,497,405	4,990,505	4,393,386	4,043,263	3,170,759	2,581,091	2,105,584
Current expense									
Instruction	2,857,200	2,971,996	2,132,338	2,045,782	1,805,741	1,756,144	1,447,495	996,303	924,986
Administrative cost	1,605,857	1,429,829	1,276,639	1,214,640	1,254,740	1,094,478	943,370	775,296	572,967
Support services	628,299	1,030,277	1,031,677	996,839	879,437	798,519	664,175	666,564	457,977
Capital outlay	595,397	1,013,179	407,122	2,714	2,380	79,840	-	58,600	96,844
TPAF - FICA Reimbursement	122,705	144,569	148,802	136,744	126,883	106,767	85,204	-	-
TPAF - On-behalf payments	782,830	578,690	871	384,989	253,166	45,333			
Total Expenditures	6,592,288	7,168,540	4,997,449	4,781,708	4,322,347	3,881,081	3,140,244	2,496,763	2,052,774
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	866,350	73,208	499,956	208,797	71,039	162,182	30,515	84,328	52,810
Other financing sources(uses):									
Proceeds from loans payable	789,343	-	409,891	-	-	-	-	-	-
Principal payment of loans payable	(409,676)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest payments on leases	(45,115)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Principal payments on leases	(529,885)								
Total other financing sources/(uses)	(195,333)		409,891	<del></del>		<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 671,017	\$ 73,208	\$ 909,847	\$ 208,797	\$ 71,039	\$ 162,182	\$ 30,515	\$ 84,328	\$ 52,810
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital									
expenditures	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Source: Charter school's records.

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

				Р	er Capita	Unemployment
Year	Population <sup>a</sup>	Pe	rsonal Income <sup>b</sup>	Perso	onal Income <sup>c</sup>	Rate <sup>d</sup>
2022	**		**		**	**
2021	283,927		**		**	7.00%
2020	262,664	\$	18,828,280,848	\$	71,682	10.40%
2019	262,729		17,752,598,530		67,570	3.50%
2018	264,041		17,186,428,690		65,090	4.10%
2017	263,311		15,945,587,538		60,558	4.70%
2016	260,463		14,788,813,872		56,597	4.80%
2015	260,214		14,227,200,450		54,675	5.30%
2014	258,663		13,208,884,758		51,066	6.60%

<sup>\*\*</sup> Data not available

#### Source:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Population information provided by U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> c Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates. All dollar estimates are in thousands of current dollars (not adjusted for inflation). Estimates for 2011-2020 reflect county population estimates available as of March 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Unemployment data provided by the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Five Years Ago

		2022		2015
		Percentage of Total		Percentage of Total Municipal
Employer	<b>Employees</b>	Municipal Employment	<b>Employees</b>	Employment

Information not available

### FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CHARTER SCHOOL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Function/Program			_			_		_	
Instruction	47	47	39	34	30	30	29	18	11
Administrative	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
Support Services	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	1
Total	55	55	47	42	38	38	37	23	14

**Source:** Charter School's personnel records

### **OPERATING STATISTICS**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures <sup>a</sup>	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff <sup>b</sup>	Pupil/Teacher Ratio Pre-K to 4	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) <sup>c</sup>	Average Daily Attendance (ADA) <sup>c</sup>	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2022	431	\$ 6,571,891	\$ 15,248	23.86%	47.00	9.2:1	431.4	398.43	-13.50%	92.36%
2021	500	6,155,361	12,311	5.58%	47.00	10.6:1	498.7	454.96	6.56%	91.23%
2020	468	5,457,158	11,661	3.64%	39.00	12.0:1	468.0	426.96	10.12%	91.23%
2019	425	4,781,708	11,251	-1.87%	34.00	13.0:1	425.0	374.13	12.73%	88.03%
2018	377	4,322,347	11,465	6.64%	30.00	13.0:1	377.0	366.18	5.31%	97.13%
2017	361	3,881,081	10,751	5.45%	30.00	12.0:1	358.0	355.03	15.78%	99.17%
2016	308	3,140,244	10,196	-0.89%	29.00	10.6:1	309.2	300.88	32.14%	97.31%
2015	237	2,438,163	10,288	-14.79%	18.00	13.2:1	234.0	227.70	48.10%	97.31%
2014	162	1,955,930	12,074	N/A	11.00	14.7:1	158.0	151.50	N/A	95.89%

**Source:** Charter School's Records

Note: Enrollment based on annual October Charter School count.

Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.
 Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.
 Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).

### SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Charter School Building									
Square feet	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000
Capacity (stu	dents) 450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	431	468	468	425	377	361	308	237	162

**Source:** Charter School's Records

### **INSURANCE SCHEDULE**

June 30, 2022

		Coverage	Deductible		
Commercial property and general liability:		_			
Property <sup>(a)</sup> : Business Personal Property - 255 Congress Street	\$	1,030,000	\$	1,000	
Improvements & Betterments - 246 Congress Street	φ	1,545,000	φ	1,000	
·		· · ·		•	
Business Personal Property - 246 Congress Street		515,000		1,000	
EDP/Computers - Replacement Cost		900,000		1,000 72 hours	
Business Income and Extra Expense		300,000		72 Hours	
Crime Coverage <sup>(a)</sup> :					
Blanket Employee Theft		250,000		1,000	
(Includes Board Treasurer/Board Secretary/BA)					
Forgery or Alteration		250,000		1,000	
Money Order and Counterfeit Money		250,000		1,000	
Outside the Premise		250,000		1,000	
General Lliability <sup>(a)</sup> :					
Single Limit for Bodily Injury and Property Damage		1,000,000			
Bodily Injury and Property Damage Aggregate		3,000,000			
Each Occurrence for Personal Injury/Advertising Injury		1,000,000			
Damage of Premises Rented		1,000,000			
Premise Medical Payments per accident		10,000			
Employee Benefits Liability - Each Employee		1,000,000		1,000	
Employee Benefits Liability - Aggregate		3,000,000		1,000	
Sexual Misconduct Coverage		1,000,000		1,000	
Sexual Misconduct Aggregate		3,000,000			
Crisis Management and Public Relations - each Crisis Event		300,000			
Public Relations Expense Resulting from Crisis Event - each Crisis Event		50,000			
Public Relations Expense Resulting from Adverse Event - each Adverse Eve	ı	25,000			
Innocent Part Defense Coverage		300,000			
Educators Legal Liability (a):		4 000 000		F 000	
Educators Legal Liability – Each Wrongful Act		1,000,000		5,000	
Educators Legal Liability –Aggregate		2,000,000		5,000	
Non – Monetary Defense		100,000		5,000	
Non – Monetary Defense Aggregate		100,000		5,000	
FLSA Defense Sublimit of Liability		25,000		5,000	
Automobile Liability <sup>(a)</sup> :					
Hired and Non Owned-Occurrence		1,000,000			
Student Accident <sup>(a)</sup> :					
Aggregate Limit of Identity		250,000			
Accidental Medical Expense - Aggregate Maximum		25,000			
Accidental Death and Dismemberment		10,000			
Umbrella <sup>(a)</sup> :					
Each Occurrence		1,000,000		10,000	
Aggregate		1,000,000		10,000	
W (a)					
Workers' Compensation (a):		4 000 000			
Each Accident		1,000,000			
Each Employee		1,000,000			
Policy Limit		1,000,000			
Statutory  Paradox Ochool Bufacianal #0.050074					
Based on School - Professional \$2,250971					
School - Non-Professional \$135,000 MOD - 0.845					
Cyber Liability <sup>(b)</sup> :					
Incident Response Costs		1,000,000		2,500	

### INSURANCE SCHEDULE

June 30, 2022

	Coverage	Deductible
Media Liability	1,000,000	2,500
Network Security Liability	1,000,000	2,500
Court Attendance Costs	100,000	2,500
Educators Management & Employment Practice Liability (c):		
Educators Management	1,000,000	5,000
Employment Practices Liability	1,000,000	15,000
Defense Reimbursement Payments	50,000	5,000
FLSA Defense Sublimit of Liability	100,000	15,000
Aets of School Violence Crisis Management - each crisis event	250,000	

<sup>(</sup>a) Markel Insurance Co.

**Source:** Charter School's Records

<sup>(</sup>b) CFC Underwriting Ltd

<sup>(</sup>c) Greenwich Insurance Co.

### CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FISCAL RATIOS

### **Multi-Year Information**

	2020 Audit	2021 Audit	2022 Audit	Source
Cash	•	\$ 1,475,072	\$ 2,505,837	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Assets (include cash)	1,755,976	1,946,370	3,094,748	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Liabilities	203,489	319,889	399,283	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Expenses	5,909,689	7,269,183	7,038,140	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Change in Net Position	752,708	819,118	939,284	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Final Average Daily Enrollment (exclude PK)	425	499	431	DOE Final Enrollment Report
March 30 Budgeted Enrollment (exclude PK)	425	500	541	March 30 Charter School Budget
Complete section only if auditee has mortgag	  e/note/bond payable:			
Depreciation Expense	11,480	11,605	17,681	Auditor/Workpapers
Interest Expense	19,392	26,561	27,413	Auditor/Workpapers
Principal Payments	-	-	-	Auditor/Workpapers
Interest Payments	-	-	-	Auditor/Workpapers

	Performance Indicators	2020		2021	3 YR CUM	Calculation****	Target****
	Near Term Indicators						
1a.	Current Ratio (working capital ratio)	8.63	6.08	7.75		Current Assets/Current Liabilities	> 1.1 or between 1.0-1.1 with positive trend
1b.	Unrestricted days cash on hand	88	74	130		Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	60 days or 30-60 days with positive trend
1c.	Enrollment Variance	100%	100%	80%	95%	Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	>95% or >95% for 3 yr cum
1d.**	Default on loans or delinquent in debt paymen	NO	NO	NO		Auditor	not in default
	Sustainability Indicators						
2a***	3 Year Cumulative Cash Flow	\$ 1,289,770	\$ 43,512	\$ 1,030,765	\$ 2,418,852	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positive with most recent year postive
2b	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	1.83	1.96	0.80		N/A or (Change in Net Position + depreciation + interest expense) / (principal + interest payments)	

### **SINGLE AUDIT SECTION**



**EXHIBIT K-1** 

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Jersey City Global Charter School Hudson County, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jersey City Global Charter School (the Charter School), in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS - CONTINUED

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2022-001 as material weaknesses.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2022-002.

We also noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Trustees of Jersey City Global Charter School in the County of Essex, New Jersey in a separate *Auditor's Management Report on Administrative Findings - Financial, Compliance and Performance,* dated March 14, 2022.

#### **Charter School's Response to Findings**

e Galleros

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Charter School's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Charter School's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Leonora Galleros, CPA
Public School Accountant
PSA No. 20CS00239400

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP
Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLF Certified Public Accountants

March 14, 2023 Cream Ridge, New Jersey



**EXHIBIT K-2** 

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Jersey City Global Charter School Hudson County, New Jersey

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Programs

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Programs

We have audited the Jersey City Global Charter School's (the Charter School) in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *New Jersey State Aid Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major federal and state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Charter School's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Jersey City Global Charter School in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis of Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Programs

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08 are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Charter School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08- CONTINUED

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statute, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to its federal and state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Charter School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08 will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Charter School's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Charter School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08- CONTINUED

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Leonora Galleros, CPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400 Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Galleras Robinson CPAs, LLP

March 14, 2023 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

**FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022** 

#### NOTE 1 GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state activity of the Board of Trustees for the Jersey City Global Charter School (the "Charter School"). The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of federal awards and state financial assistance.

#### NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance are presented using the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of those recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the New Jersey OMB Letter Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid. Therefore, some amounts presented in these schedules may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIPS TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements present the special revenue fund on both GAAP and budgetary basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. See Exhibit C-3 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE - CONTINUED

#### NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIPS TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	Fed	leral	State		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 2,639,368	 \$	2,639,368
Special Revenue Fund	69	1,106	-		691,106
Enterprise Fund	22	27,860	 3,877		231,737
Total	\$ 91	8,966	\$ 2,643,245	\$	3,562,211

#### NOTE 4 RELATIONSHIP TO STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

#### NOTE 5 ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

TPAF Social Security Contributions represents reimbursements in the amount of \$122,705 by the State for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2022. The State had also made onbehalf TPAF pension, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance contributions totaling \$782,830.

#### NOTE 6 ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF pension, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance contributions are not subject to a State Single Audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State Financial Assistance reported in the Charter School's financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

### NOTE 7 DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST

The Charter School has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Factorial Occupie	Fadanal	Es dans l	0	<b>D</b>				0		Adjus	tments/Repay			0000
Federal Grant/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal ALN No.	Federal FAIN Number	Grant or State Project Number	Program or Award Amount	Grant From	Period To	Balance at June 30, 2021	Carryover/ (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	of Prior Years' Balances	(Accounts Receivable)	e at June 30, Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor
U.S. Department of Education: Passed-through New Jersey State Department of Education														
Special Revenue Fund:														
Title I Part A Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Part A Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	S010A210030 S010A200030	ESEA - 6093 - 22 ESEA - 6093 - 21	\$ 273,123 250,006	7/1/2021 7/1/2020	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	\$ - (96,673)	•	\$ 193,927 96,673	\$ (273,123)	\$ -	\$ (79,196)	\$ -	\$ -
Title I Part A Grants to Local Educational Agencies Subtotal Title I Part A Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A180030	ESEA - 6093 - 19	239,950	7/1/2018	6/30/2019	13,568 (83,105)		290,600	(273,123)	(13,568) (13,568)	(79,196)		
Special Education Cluster														
Individuals with Disabilities - States Grant (Basic) Individuals with Disabilities - States Grant (Basic) Individuals with Disabilities - States Grant (Basic)	84.027A 84.027A 84.027A	H027A210100 H027A200100 H027A190100	IDEA - 6093 - 22 IDEA - 6093 - 21 IDEA - 6093 - 20	87,971 100,662 64,970	7/1/2021 7/1/2020 7/1/2019	9/30/2022 9/30/2021 6/30/2020	- (34,914) 14,252	-	39,831 34,914	(74,162) - -	- - (14,252)	(34,331)	-	-
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan (ARP) - IDEA Basic Preschool Grants for Children with Disabilities	84.027X 84.173A	H027X210100 H173A210114	IDEA - 6093 - 22 IDEA <i>-</i> 6093 - 22	\$2,750 1,103	3/13/2021 7/1/2021	9/30/2023 9/30/2022	-	-	2,750	(2,750) (1,025)	(14,232) - -	- (1,025)	-	-
Preschool Grants for Children with Disabilities Subtotal Special Education Cluster	84.173A	H173A200114	IDEA - 6093 - 21	1,158	7/1/2020	9/30/2021	(1,158) (21,820)		1,158 78,653	(77,937)	(14,252)	(35,356)		
English Language Acquisition (Title III)	84.365	S365A200030	ESEA - 6093 - 21	7,321	7/1/2020	9/30/2021	(7,321)		7,321		<u>-</u>			
Supporting Effective Instruction (Title II Part A) ESSA	84.367A	S367A180029	ESEA - 6093 - 19	12,872	7/1/2018	6/30/2019	7,050				(7,050)			
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 - CRRSA ESSER II COVID-19 - CRRSA ESSER II - Mental Health	84.425D 84.425D	S425D210027 S425D210027	N/A N/A	661,614 45,000	3/13/2020 3/13/2020	9/30/2023 9/30/2023	:	-	186,271 -	(312,322) (11,247)	:	(126,051) (11,247)		-
COVID-19 - CRRSA ESSER II - Learning Acceleration Grant COVID-19 - CARES Emergency Relief Grant	84.425D 84.425D	S425D210027 S425D200027	N/A N/A	42,459 163,936	3/13/2020 3/13/2020	9/30/2023 9/30/2022	(15,296) (18,469)	-	15,296 18,469	(16,477) -	-	(16,477) -	-	-
Subtotal COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund							(33,765)		220,036	(340,046)	-	(153,775)		
Total Special Revenue Fund:							(138,961)		596,610	(691,106)	(34,870)	(268,327)		
U.S. Department of Education: Passed-through New Jersey State Department of Agriculture														
Enterprise Fund: Child Nutrition Program Cluster														
COVID-19 - National School Breakfast Program - SSO COVID-19 - National School Breakfast Program - SSO	10.553 10.553	221NJ304N1099 211NJ304N1099	N/A N/A	46,226 5,173	7/1/2021 7/1/2020	6/30/2022 6/30/2021	- (1,030)	-	40,824 1,030	(46,226)	-	(5,402)	-	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - SSO	10.555	221NJ304N1099	N/A	164,800	7/1/2021	6/30/2022		-	150,086	(164,800)	-	(14,714)	-	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - SSO COVID-19 - School Programs Emergency	10.555 10.555	211NJ304N1099  Not yet available	N/A N/A	9,812 51,146	7/1/2020 7/1/2021	6/30/2021 6/30/2022	(1,952)	-	1,952 15,551	- (15,551)	-	-	-	-
Operational Costs Reimbursement Program Subtotal Child Nutrition Program Cluster	10.555	140t yet avallable	19/74	31,140	1/1/2021	0/30/2022	(2,982)		209,443	(226,577)		(20,116)		
COVID 19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	211NJ304S9009	N/A	1,283	10/1/2020	3/1/2022			1,283	(1,283)	<u>-</u>			
Total Entreprise Fund:							(2,982)		210,726	(227,860)	<u>-</u>	(20,116)		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards							\$ (141,943)	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 807,336	\$ (918,966)	\$ (34,870)	\$ (288,443)	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> _

### SCHEDULE OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Balance at June 30, 2021					Balance a	at June 30, 20	022			
				Deferred Revenue		Carryover/		Budgetary	Adjustments/ Repayment	Intergovernmental	Deferred Revenue/			MEMO
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	(Accounts Receivable)	Due to Grantor	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Expenditures Funds	Prior Year's Balances	(Accounts Receivable)	Interfund Payable	Due to Grantor	Budgetary Receivable	Cumulative Total Expenditure
New Jersey State Department of Education	า													
General Fund:														
Equalization Aid	22-495-034-5120-078	7/1/21-6/30/22	\$ 2,331,051	-	T	\$ -	\$ 2,423,203	\$ (2,331,051)	\$ -	\$ (96,835)	\$ -	\$ 188,987	\$ 96,835	\$ 2,331,051
Equalization Aid	21-495-034-5120-078	7/1/20-6/30/21	3,136,342	(211,864)	83,738	-	49,955	-	-	(78,171)	-	-	-	-
Equalization Aid	20-495-034-5120-078	7/1/19-6/30/20	3,046,315	-	28,199	-	-	-	-		-	28,199	-	-
Equalization Aid	19-495-034-5120-078	7/1/18-6/30/19	2,683,572	(31,063)	7	-	-	-	-	(01,000)	-	7	-	-
Equalization Aid	18-495-034-5120-078	7/1/17-6/30/18	2,356,636	(7,193)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,193)	-	-	-	-
Equalization Aid	17-495-034-5120-078	7/1/16-6/30/17	2,175,118	(12,442)	-	-	-	-	-	(12,442)	-	-	-	-
Special Education Categorical Aid	22-495-034-5120-089	7/1/21-6/30/22	76,347	-	-	-	76,347	(76,347)	-		-	-	-	76,347
Security Aid	22-495-034-5120-084	7/1/21-6/30/22	109,265	-	-	-	108,501	(109,265)	-	(764)	-	-	764	109,265
Reimbursed Social Security Tax	22-495-034-5094-003	7/1/21-6/30/22	122,705	-	-	-	74,044	(122,705)	-	(48,661)	-	-	-	122,705
Reimbursed Social Security Tax On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and	21-495-034-5094-003	7/1/20-6/30/21	144,569	(6,784)	-	-	6,784	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Annuity Fund On Behalf-Teachers' Pension and	22-495-034-5094-002	7/1/21-6/30/22	634,088	-	-	-	634,088	(634,088)	-	-	-	-	-	634,088
Annuity Fund – Post-Retirement Medical On-Behalf- Teachers' Pension and	22-495-034-5094-001	7/1/21-6/30/22	148,148	-	-	-	148,148	(148,148)	-	-	-	-	-	148,148
Annuity Fund – Non-contributory Insurance	22-495-034-5094-004	7/1/21-6/30/22	594	-	-	-	594	(594)	-	-	-	_	-	594
Total General Fund				(269,346)	111,944		3,521,664	(3,422,198)	_	(275,129)		217,193	97,599	3,422,198
Special Revenue Fund:														
Charter and Renaissance School Project														
Emergent and Capital Maintenance														
Emergent and Capital Maintenance	N/A	7/1/21-6/30/22	84,183				84,183				84,183			
Total Special Revenue Fund							84,183			<del>-</del>	84,183			<del>_</del>
Enterprise Fund:	22 400 040 2250 022	7/4/04 0/20/02	2.077				2.520	(2.077)		(220)			220	2.077
State School Lunch Program State School Lunch Program	22-100-010-3350-023 21-100-010-3350-023	7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/20-6/30/21	3,877 608	(139)	-	-	3,538 139	(3,877)	-	(339)	-	-	339	3,877
State School Editor Frogram	21-100-010-3330-023	7/1/20-0/30/21	008	(139)			3,677	(3,877)		(339)			339	3,877
Total Expenditures of State Financial Ass	ristance			, ,	\$ 111,944	\$ -	\$ 3,605,986	\$ (3,426,075)	\$ -	(075.400)	\$ 84,183	\$ 217,193	\$ 97,599	
Total Expenditures of State Financial Ass	sistance			<u>ψ (200,400</u> )	Ψ 111,044	Ψ	Ψ 0,000,000	<u>Ψ (0,420,070</u> )	Ψ	<u>ψ (270,120</u> )	Ψ 04,100	Ψ 217,100	Ψ 37,000	ψ 0,422,100
Less: On-Behalf TPAF Pension System ( On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and	Contributions													
Annuity Fund On Behalf-Teachers' Pension and	22-495-034-5094-002							634,088						
Annuity Fund – Post-Retirement Medical On-Behalf- Teachers' Pension and	22-495-034-5094-001							148,148						
	22-495-034-5094-004							E04						
, among Faria Profit Contributory indufation	ZZ-495-U34-5U94-UU4							594						
								782,830						
Total for State Financial Assistance-Majo	r Program Determinatio	on						\$ (2,643,245)						

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

**FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022** 

#### **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

### **Financial Statement Section**

Type of auditor's report issued:	ype of auditor's report issued:							
Internal control over financial reporti	ng:							
Material weakness(es) identified	?	<u> </u>	_Yes		_None reported			
Significant deficiency(ies) identif to be material weaknesses?	ied not considered		_Yes	<u> </u>	_No			
Noncompliance material to finan	<u> </u>	_Yes		_No				
Federal Awards								
Dollar threshold used to determine	Гуре A and B programs:		<u>\$750,</u>	000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk aud		_Yes	<u> </u>	_No				
Type of auditor's report on complian	ce for major programs:		<u>Unmo</u>	<u>dified</u>				
Internal control over compliance:								
Material weakness(es) identified	?		_Yes	<u> </u>	_No			
Significant deficiency(ies) identifit to be material weakness(es)?	ied not considered		_Yes	<u> </u>	_No			
Any audit findings disclosed that are in accordance with 2-CFR 200 s	•		_Yes	<u> </u>	_No			
Identification of Major Programs:								
Assistance Listing Number	_	Federa	al Prog	ram	<u> </u>			
84.425 84.425D 84.425D 84.425D	COVID-19 – Educational Stabilization Fund COVID-19 - CRRSA ESSER II COVID-19 - CRRSA ESSER II – Mental Health COVID-19 - CRRSA ESSER II – Learning Acceleration Grant							

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (CONTINUED)

### **State Financial Assistance**

Dollar threshold used to determine Type A and B programs:	• •		<u>\$750,</u>	000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u>~</u>	_Yes		No	
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:			<u>Unmo</u>	odified		
Internal control over compliance:						
Material weakness(es) identified?			_Yes	<u>~</u>	No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?			_Yes	<u>~</u>	No	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-0			_Yes	<u> </u>	No	
Identification of Major Programs:						
State or Project No.	!	<u>Name</u>	of Sta	te Pro	gram	
State Aid Public Cluster:						
22-495-034-5120-078 22-495-034-5120-084 22-495-034-5120-089	Equalization Aid Categorical Security Aid Special Education Categorical Aid					

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

#### **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

#### Finding 2022-001 Confirming Purchasing Order and Change Orders

#### Criteria

*N.J.S.A.* 18A:18A-1 states that purchase orders shall be issued by the purchasing agent authorizing a purchase transaction with a vendor to provide or perform goods or services to the board of education, which, when fulfilled in accordance with the terms and conditions of a request of a purchasing agent and other provisions and procedures that may be established by the board of education, will result in payment by the board of education.

N.J.A.C. 5:30-11.3, *General Requirements for all Change Orders* states that the responsibility required to be exercised specifically by the governing body, including authorization of change orders should not be delegated.

#### Condition

During our claims testing, we noted a payment that the Board has approved on 5/3/2022 for \$315,450 representing a partial payment of a construction expense for a change order invoice in the amount of \$502,634, dated 4/6/2022. With a purchase order date of 5/3/2022. Further review of documentation of the related construction costs, we noted that the change orders of \$502,634 dated 4/6/2022 and \$27,300 dated 12/1/2021 are not board approved as required prior to change orders being incurred. No board resolutions were passed to document approval for both changed orders.

We also noted that the Charter School made attempts to obtain certified payrolls from the construction vendor but none was provided.

#### Context

Purchase do not have pre-approval of the Charter School's Board.

#### Cause

Change order was not presented to the Board for approval before incurring the expenses.

#### **Effect**

Non-compliance with the Charter School policies and procedures, and certain provisions of N.J.A.C. related to cash disbursements and purchasing procedures.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

#### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS - CONTINUED

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting - continued**

#### Finding 2022-001 Confirming Purchasing Order and Change Orders - continued

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the Charter School strictly implement its purchasing policies and change order requirements and related state purchasing policies.

#### View of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

Jersey City Global Charter School has recently appointed Board Attorney who has extensive experience in reviewing public contracts. The Board Attorney is already working with the School Business Administrator to ensure that public purchasing procedures will be properly followed.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

#### Finding 2022-002 Confirming Purchasing Order and Change Orders

#### Criteria

*N.J.S.A.* 18A:18A-1 states that purchase orders shall be issued by the purchasing agent authorizing a purchase transaction with a vendor to provide or perform goods or services to the board of education, which, when fulfilled in accordance with the terms and conditions of a request of a purchasing agent and other provisions and procedures that may be established by the board of education, will result in payment by the board of education.

N.J.A.C. 5:30-11.3, *General Requirements for all Change Orders* states that the responsibility required to be exercised specifically by the governing body, including authorization of change orders should not be delegated.

#### **Condition**

During our claims testing, we noted a payment that the Board has approved on 5/3/2022 for \$315,450 representing a partial payment of a construction expense for a change order invoice in the amount of \$502,634, dated 4/6/2022.with a purchase order date of 5/3/2022. Further review of documentation of the related construction costs, we noted that the change orders of \$502,634 dated 4/6/2022 and \$27,300 dated 12/1/2021 are not board approved as required prior to change orders being incurred. No board resolutions were passed to document approval for both changed orders.

We also noted that the Charter School made attempts to obtain certified payrolls from the construction vendor but none was provided.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

#### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS - CONTINUED

#### **Compliance and Other Matters - continued**

#### Finding 2022-001 Confirming Purchasing Order and Change Orders - continued

#### Context

Purchase do not have pre-approval of the Charter School's Board.

#### Cause

Change order was not presented to the Board for approval before incurring the expenses.

#### **Effect**

Non-compliance with the Charter School policies and procedures, and certain provisions of N.J.A.C. related to cash disbursements and purchasing procedures.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the Charter School strictly implement its purchasing policies and change order requirements and related state purchasing policies.

#### View of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

Jersey City Global Charter School has recently appointed Board Attorney who has extensive experience in reviewing public contracts. The Board Attorney is already working with the School Business Administrator to ensure that public purchasing procedures will be properly followed.

#### SECTION III - STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None noted.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There was no prior year finding.