# PRINCIPLE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2022

PREPARED BY Principle Academy Charter School

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# **Principle Academy Charter**

A Polymath Managed School



March 10, 2023

Ms. Angelica Allen-McMillan, Ed.D Acting Commissioner New Jersey Department of Education 100 Riverview Executive Plaza CN – 500 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0500

Dear Ms. Allen-McMillan:

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Principle Academy Charter School (Charter School) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This ACFR includes the Charter School's Basic Financial Statements prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34.

The Charter School has elected to adopt this new financial reporting model which we believe will provide all users of this document with much more useful financial and statistical information than ever before. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (Board).

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Charter School. This report will provide the taxpayers of the Principle Academy Charter School with comprehensive financial data in a format enabling them to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial affairs.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- The Introductory Section contains a table of contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditor's Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis;
- The Single Audit Section The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the New Jersey OMB's Letter Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid". Information related to this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

6718 East Black Horse Pike, Suite 16, Egg Harbor Township, NJ 08234 Tel: 609-498-6350 • Fax: 609-450-7135 • info@principleacademycharter.org www.principleacademycharter.org Facebook: Principle Academy Charter Instagram: @academy\_charter Twitter: @academy\_charter PAC is currently enrolling students \* Contact us for more information Home of the Golden Griffins

#### **Charter School Organization**

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is comprised of four voting members. The voting members are elected to oversee that the Charter School operates in compliance with statute and administrative code. Voting members of the Board serve as the official governing body of the school charged with policy making, fiscal oversight, and accountability for student academic achievement results of the Charter School. Voting members adopt the annual budget and directly approve all expenditures which serve as the basis for control for the authorization of all expenditures of Charter School tax money which in turn support the Charter School's business to promote academic achievement. Non-voting members include the Charter School's Chief School Administrator, School Business Administrator/Board Secretary, and Board Attorney.

The Principal and Head of School of the Charter School is responsible to the Board for the implementation and administration of all educational and support operations. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary is the chief financial officer of the Charter School and is responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing idle funds as permitted by New Jersey Law.

 <u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u>: The Principle Academy Charter School (the "Charter School") is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB) as established by GASB Statement No. 14. All funds and account groups of the Charter School are included in this report. The Charter School's Board of Trustees, constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

The mission of the Principle Academy Charter School is to show mastery of a standards driven, international, college preparatory curriculum, delivered through proven, research based instruction. Students will develop positive values and social behaviors through a nurturing school climate and student culture activities. We will accomplish this mission by providing any child who enrolls in our school regardless of his or her background, socio-economic status, prior academic experience, or other factors with a college-preparatory public education in a student-centered setting that emphasizes community, civic responsibility, and personal development as well as academic rigor.

The Charter School is a K-6 charter school located in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey. It was created on October 15, 2014 and subsequently received approval of its New Jersey Charter Schools Application by the State of New Jersey, Department of Education. The Charter School was originally named International Academy of Atlantic City Charter School, but received approval in September 2018 to amend their charter agreement and change the school's name to Principle Academy Charter School. As a charter school, the Principle Academy Charter School functions independently through a Board of Trustees (the "Board"). In accordance with the amended by bylaws of the Charter School, the Board is to consist of no less than three and no more than five individuals. The number of ex-officio members do not have a right to vote. The Board's responsibility is to supervise and control the operations of the Charter School. The purpose of the Charter School is to educate students in grades Kindergarten through Sixth at its elementary school. The Charter School completed the 2021-2022 school year with an enrollment of 464 students.

- 2. <u>MAJOR INITIATIVES</u>: In the 2021-2022 school year, in addition to undertaking all regular operations and programming, PACS worked on the following major initiatives:
  - Standards-Driven Curriculum with Clear Student Learning Objectives (SLOs): Our school will implement standards-driven curriculum that contains clearly defined student-learning objectives aligned to the NJ Performance Framework at both the grade level and content level. Our curriculum will be aligned with the Common Core State Standards and the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards (CCCS), as well as with International standards. Our curriculum will not only ensure students are prepared for success in college but life beyond college as well.
  - Clear goals, high expectations, and strong accountability for performance: Our staff, students, and parents will know and support our goals and our expectations. Stakeholders across all levels of the school will be held accountable for high student performance—from the school director to the classroom teacher and all other staff in between.
  - Effective Assessment & Intervention Strategies: At our school, weekly assessment will be a key factor to improving student performance. Our assessments will drive classroom instruction, professional development, intervention, and enrichment. We will utilize various intervention strategies such as teacher tutoring and peer tutoring through student prefects, etc.
  - Research-based Effective Instructional Methods: Teachers at our school will implement research-based, instructional methods. Teachers will receive extensive, jobembedded professional development concerning instructional delivery and class management techniques.
  - Intentional Use of Time: Our school will maximize every minute within our school day. We understand that the efficient use of time is an extremely important driver of school success. Accordingly, we have created a school schedule that is very intentional and focuses heavily on ensuring students are proficient in reading and math in the lower grades. Students will have seven to ten periods of both English language arts and math each week in addition to other subjects.
  - Student Life Organization: Our school will have a student life organization, which will be an integral part of our educational model and an important part of every school day. Emphasizing the acquisition of "life skills" through real-life experiences.
  - Home-to-school links: We will encourage meaningful parent/guardian involvement and establish strong partnerships with a wide range of agencies that provide social, emotional, educational, and practical support for students.
- 3. <u>INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS</u>: Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Charter School is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Internal control is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal controls, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations. 4. <u>BUDGETARY CONTROLS</u>: In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either cancelled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2022.

- 5. <u>CASH MANAGEMENT</u>: The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to Financial Statements" Notes 1 and 3. The Charter School had adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- 6. <u>**RISK MANAGEMENT**</u>: The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, directors and officers insurance and workmen's compensation.

#### 7. OTHER INFORMATION:

#### Independent Audit

State statute requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The Charter School appointed the accounting firm of Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08.

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements, combining and individual fund statements, and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports' related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

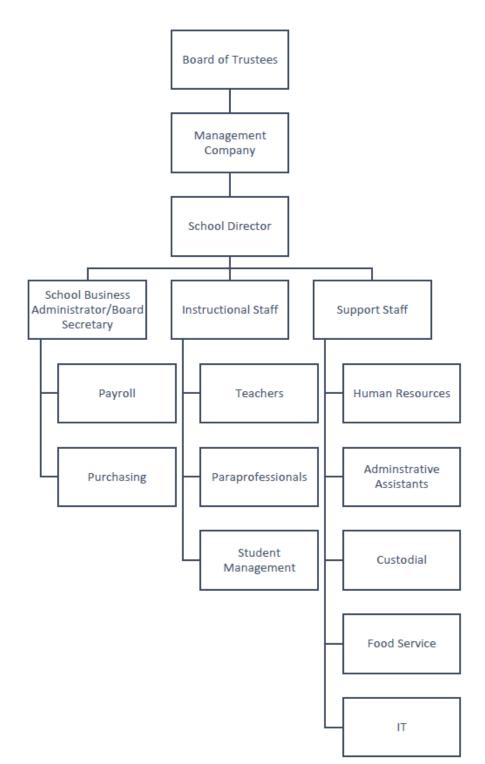
8. <u>ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:</u> We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Principle Academy Charter School Board of Trustees for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial, accounting and administrative staff.

Respectfully submitted, Michael Falkowski

School Business Administrator

### **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**

JUNE 30, 2022



#### **ROSTER OF OFFICIALS**

### JUNE 30, 2022

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES	TERM
Dirk DaCosta, President	6/30/23
Jeanne Eisele, Member	6/30/24
Gary Hill, Member	6/30/24
Dr. Albert Monillas, Member	6/30/24

# OTHER OFFICIALS (non-voting)

Alvaro Cores, Chief School Administrator

Michael Falkowski, School Business Administrator/Board Secretary

# CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

#### Independent Auditor

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP 115 Davis Station Rd Cream Ridge, NJ 08514

#### Attorney

**Cooper Levenson, P.A.** 1112 Atlantic Avenue Atlantic City, New Jersey 08401

#### **Official Depository**

**TD Bank** 1701 Route 70 East Cherry Hill, New Jersey 08034

# **FINANCIAL SECTION**



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Principle Academy Charter School County of Atlantic, New Jersey

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Principle Academy Charter School (the Charter School), in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Principle Academy Charter School, in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Charter School, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School adopted new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the *Government Auditing Standards* and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the *Government Auditing Standards* and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED**

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the information listed under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance (Schedules) are also presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and New Jersey OMB's Letter Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, respectively, and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED**

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2023 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ora Galleros

Leonora Galleros, CPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

March 10, 2023 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.

#### Introduction

This section of the Principle Academy Charter School's (the "Charter School") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance and provides an overview of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Charter School's financial statements, which follow this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting Model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### Financial Highlights

Key Financial highlights for the fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$7.80 million or 71% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$3.22 million or 29% of total revenues of \$11.01 million.
- The Charter School had \$10.95 million in expenses; only \$3.22 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$7.80 million were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$8.86 million in revenues and \$8.64 million in expenditures and other financing uses.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information and notes to those statements and information.

The report is organized so the reader can understand Principle Academy Charter School as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity. The first two basic financial Statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, are governmental-wide financial statements and provide overall information about the activities of the entire Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a long-term view of those finances.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The remaining basic financial statements are fund financial statements that focus on the individual parts of the government, reporting the Charter School's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column. For Principle Academy Charter School, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

# **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### **Fund Financial Statements - continued**

The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities; the government operates like a business, such as food service.

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationship in which the Charter School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefits of other, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

#### **Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities**

While this report contains the funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "how did we do financially during fiscal year 2022?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all the Charter School's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. These bases of accounting take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial position of the Charter School has improved or diminished for the Charter School as a whole. This change is the result of many factors some financial, some not. Financial factors represent increases in federal and state funding that resulted from the increase in enrollment noted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. These factors are presented in our discussions on the Charter School as a whole. Non-financial factors include the property tax base of the School District where the Charter School is located, current educational funding laws in New Jersey, facilities conditions, required educational programs, and other factors. In the Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

**Governmental Activities** – Most of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instructional, extracurricular activities, curriculum, staff development, special education and other support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, health services and general administration.

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities - continued

**Business-Type Activity** – Services are provided on a charge for goods or services or reimbursement basis to recover the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund is reported as a business activity.

#### **Reporting the School Charter School's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's major funds, not the Charter School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Charter School uses to keep track of a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are sufficient financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and the governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

#### Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

#### The Charter School as a Whole

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the Charter School as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Charter School's net position at June 30, 2022.

The total net position of the Charter School decreased by \$0.19 million during the current fiscal year. The decrease includes a prior period adjustment of \$0.25 million to recognize right-of-use asset and lease liability as of July 1, 2021 in the general fund and enterprise fund in accordance with the adoption of GASB 87.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

The table that follows reflects the net position for fiscal year 2022.

	Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total		
Assets							
Current ssets	\$	1,739,627	\$	40,352	\$	1,779,979	
Capital assets, net		286,203		-		286,203	
Right-of-use assets, net		1,122,271		-		1,122,271	
Total Assets		3,148,101		40,352		3,188,453	
Deferred Outflow of Resources		905,547		<u> </u>		905,547	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities		127,691		2,998		130,689	
Noncurrent liabilities		2,734,963		-		2,734,963	
Total Liabilities		2,862,654		2,998		2,865,652	
Deferred Inflow of Resources		811,205		<u>-</u>		811,205	
Net Position							
Invested in right-of-use assets,							
net of related debt		(249,561)		-		(249,561)	
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt		273,787		-		273,787	
Restricted for:							
Charter escrow		75,000		-		75,000	
Student activities		4,093		-		4,093	
Prepaid expenses		108,333		-		108,333	
Unrestricted		168,137		37,354		205,491	
Total Net Position	\$	379,789	\$	37,354	\$	417,143	

The Charter School's combined net position was \$0.42 million at June 30, 2022.

# **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

The table that follows reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2022 and 2021.

		imental /ities	Busines Activ	••	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charge for Services	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 710	\$-	\$ 710	
Operating Grants	2 8 4 9 0 6 4	0.046.064	070 440	F7 400	2 240 474	0.004.000	
and Contributions	2,840,064	2,246,864	378,410	57,169	3,218,474	2,304,033	
Total Program Revenues	2,840,064	2,246,864	378,410	57,879	3,218,474	2,304,743	
General Revenues:							
Local Aid	3,057,831	3,126,523	-	-	3,057,831	3,126,523	
State sources	4,717,707	4,645,055	-	-	4,717,707	4,645,055	
Transfers	(99,670)	(98,500)	99,670	98,500	-	-	
Other financing sources							
(uses)	-	844,642	(9,701)	-	(9,701)	844,642	
Miscellaneous	6,540	5,795	13,141		19,681	5,795	
Total General Revenues	7,682,408	8,523,515	103,110	98,500	7,785,518	8,622,015	
Total Revenues	10,522,472	10,770,379	481,520	156,379	11,003,992	10,926,758	
Expenditures:							
Instructions	5,950,727	5,842,534	-	-	5,950,727	5,842,534	
Administrative	1,773,207	1,631,792	-	-	1,773,207	1,631,792	
Support services	2,044,546	2,359,763	-	-	2,044,546	2,359,763	
Unallocated	040.074	00.005			040.074	00.005	
Capital outlay	212,074	33,335	-	-	212,074	33,335	
Amortization of right-of- use assets	499,411				499,411		
Depreciation	12,752	- 12,752	-	-	12,752	- 12,752	
After care program	-	-	12,233	-	12,732	-	
Food Service	-	-	439,759	155,669	439,759	155,669	
Total Expenditures	10,492,717	9,880,176	451,992	155,669	10,944,709	10,035,845	
Change in Net Position	\$ 29,755	\$ 890,203	\$ 29,528	\$ 710	\$ 59,283	\$ 890,913	

#### **Governmental Activities**

The Statement of Activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and operating grants and contributions offsetting those services. The table below, for government activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted state entitlements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### **Governmental Activities - continued**

	Total Cost of Services		Grants/ Contributions		Net Cost of Services	
Instruction	\$	5,950,727	\$	2,178,662	\$	(3,772,065)
Adminstrative		1,773,207		220,659		(1,552,548)
Support services		2,044,546		228,669		(1,815,877)
Unallocated:						
Capital outlay		212,074		212,074		-
Amortization of right-of-use assets		499,411		-		(499,411)
Depreciation		12,752		-		(12,752)
Total Expenses	\$	10,492,717	\$	2,840,064	\$	(7,652,653)

#### **Business-Type Activity**

The business-type activities of the Charter School are the food service operation and after care. These programs had revenues of \$0.46 million and operating expenses of \$0.49 million for fiscal year 2022.

#### The Charter School's Funds

The Charter School's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$10.10 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$9.88 million.

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School amended its General Fund budget as needed. The Charter School uses state-aid and other revenue-based budget. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total budget, but provide flexibility for Charter School management teams.

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenues were \$7.78 million which included a local tax levy of \$3.06 million. Expenditures and other financing uses were budgeted at \$9.11 million.

In its fiscal year 2021-2022, actual revenues were \$8.86 million and expenditures and other financing uses were \$8.64 million.

# **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights – continued

The Charter School reimbursement for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 amounted to \$0.18 million. On-behalf TPAF payments for post-retirement medical benefits for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 amounted to \$0.90 million.

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School had \$0.29 million invested in capital assets.

	Governmental Activities		
Building and improvements	\$	178,044	
Equipment		250,521	
Furniture		144,699	
Total capital assets		573,264	
Less: Accumulated			
Depreciation		(287,061)	
Totals	\$	286,203	

#### **Right-of-Use Assets**

The Charter School leases its school building. At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School had \$1.12 million in right-of-use assets all in governmental activities.

#### Long-term Liabilities

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School the following long-term liabilities:

	Governmental Activities			
Net pension liability	\$	1,294,630		
Compensated absences		56,085		
Obligations under financed				
purchase		12,416		
Lease liabilities		1,371,832		
	\$	2,734,963		

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The State of New Jersey continues to face serious budgetary constraints. These impacts the amount of state aid allocated to charter schools. This reality was taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2021-2022. Nothing was done to compromise the quality of the programs in place in our Charter School during the regular instructional day. The budget was prepared to ensure that all students have the textbooks, materials supplies, equipment and programs they need to meet New Jersey's Core Curriculum Content Standards.

#### **Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to reflect the Charter School's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to: Principle Academy Charter School, School Business Office, LLC. 158 South Main Street, Hightstown, New Jersey 08520.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the government and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expense and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 496,738	\$ -	\$ 496,738		
Accounts receivable	1,097,698	25,722	1,123,420		
Interfund receivables (internal)	(14,630)	14,630	-		
Security deposit	158,333		158,333		
Total current assets	1,739,627	40,352	1,779,979		
Capital assets:					
Buildings and improvements	178,044	-	178,044		
Furnitures	144,699	-	144,699		
Equipment	250,521	-	250,521		
	573,264	-	573,264		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(287,061)		(287,061)		
Net capital assets	286,203	<u> </u>	286,203		
Right-of-use assets:					
Leased buildings	3,772,702	61,725	3,834,427		
Less: Accumulated amortization	(2,650,431)	(61,725)	(2,712,156)		
Net right-of-use assets	1,122,271	<u> </u>	1,122,271		
Total assets	3,148,101	40,352	3,188,453		
Deferred Outflow of Resources	905,547	<u> </u>	905,547		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Intergovernmental payable:					
State	127,691	-	127,691		
Federal		2,998	2,998		
Total current liabilities	127,691	2,998	130,689		
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	877,429	-	877,429		
Due in more than one year	1,857,534		1,857,534		
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,734,963	<u> </u>	2,734,963		
Total liabilities	2,862,654	2,998	2,865,652		
Deferred Inflow of Resources	811,205	<u> </u>	811,205		
Net position					
Invested in right-of-use asset, net of related debt	(249,561)	-	(249,561)		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	273,787	-	273,787		
Restricted for:					
Charter escrow	75,000	-	75,000		
Student activities	4,093	-	4,093		
Prepaid expenses	108,333	-	108,333		
Unrestricted	168,137	37,354	205,491		
Total net position	<u>\$ 379,789</u>	<u>\$ 37,354</u>	<u>\$ 417,143</u>		

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Program	Reve	enues		Net (Expense) Changes in			
Functions/Programs	Expe	enses	Charges for		Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		 Totals
Governmental activities:											
Instruction Administrative		950,727 773,207	\$	-	\$	2,178,662 220,659	\$	(3,772,065) (1,552,548)	\$	-	\$ (3,772,065) (1,552,548)
Support services	,	044,546		-		228,669		(1,552,546) (1,815,877)		-	(1,815,877)
Unallocated:	2,0	511,010				220,000		(1,010,011)			(1,010,011)
Capital outlay	2	212,074		-		212,074		-		-	-
Amortization of right-of-use assets	4	499,411		-		-		(499,411)		-	(499,411)
Depreciation		12,752		-		-		(12,752)		-	 (12,752)
Total governmental activities	10,4	492,717		-		2,840,064		(7,652,653)		-	(7,652,653)
Business-type activities:											
Food service	4	449,460		-		378,410		-		(71,050)	(71,050)
Afterschool program		12,233		-		<u> </u>		-		(12,233)	 (12,233)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 10,9</u>	954,410	\$	-	\$	3,218,474	\$	(7,652,653)	\$	(83,283)	\$ (7,735,936)
	Genera	al revenue	es, trans	fers and	spec	ial items:					
	Local	sources	-				\$	3,057,831	\$	-	\$ 3,057,831
	State	sources						4,717,707		-	4,717,707
	Trans							(99,670)		99,670	-
	Misce	ellaneous						6,540		13,141	 19,681
	т	otal gene	ral rever	ues, trans	fers a	and special items		7,682,408		112,811	 7,795,219
		Change	s in net	position				29,755		29,528	 59,283
	Net pos	sition - beg	ginning,	as reported	b			600,193		7,900	608,093
	Prior pe	eriod adju	stments					(250,159)		(74)	 (250,233)
	Net ass	ets - begi	nning, a	s restated				350,034		7,826	 357,860
	Net pos	sition - end	ding (A-1	)			\$	379,789	\$	37,354	\$ 417,143

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

379,789

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#### PRINCIPLE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (COUNTY OF ATLANTIC, NEW JERSEY)

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2022

JUNE 30, 2022					
	Special General Revenue Fund Fund		Total Governmental Funds		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 496,738	\$-	\$ 496,738		
Accounts receivable:	• • • • • • • • • •	Ŧ	• ••••		
State	49,638	-	49,638		
Federal	-	1,048,060	1,048,060		
Interfund receivables	1,029,337	-	1,029,337		
Other receivables	1,488	-	1,488		
Other current assets	158,333		158,333		
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,735,534</u>	\$ 1,048,060	\$ 2,783,594		
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Intergovernmental payables: State	\$ 127,691	\$ -	\$ 127,691		
Interfund payables	φ 127,001 -	پ 1,043,967	1,043,967		
			i		
Total liabilities	127,691	1,043,967	1,171,658		
Fund balances:					
Restricted: Charter escrow	75,000	_	75,000		
Prepaid expenses	158,333		158,333		
Student activities	-	4,093	4,093		
Unassigned	1,374,510		1,374,510		
Total fund balances	1,607,843	4,093	1,611,936		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,735,534	\$ 1,048,060			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.					
	Cost of capital asset	s	\$ 573,264		
	Accumulated deprec		(287,061)		
			286,203		
	Right-of-use assets		3,772,702		
	Accumulated amortized	zation	(2,650,431)		
Governmental funds do not report the effect of assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) whereas these			1,122,271		
amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	Deferred amounts of	n net pension liability	94,342		
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.					
	Net pension liability		(1,294,630)		
	Compensated abser		(56,085)		
	Financed purchase I	liability	(12,416)		
	Lease liabilities		(1,371,832)		
			(2,734,963)		

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Re		Special Revenue Fund	Total
Revenues				
Local sources:				
Local tax levy	\$ 3,057,831	\$	-	\$ 3,057,831
Miscellaneous	 6,540			 6,540
Total revenues - local sources	3,064,371		-	3,064,371
State sources	5,797,895		38,519	5,836,414
Federal sources	 -		1,197,151	 1,197,151
Total revenues	 8,862,266		1,235,670	 10,097,936
Expenditures				
Current:				
Regular instruction	3,144,721		642,667	3,787,388
Special education - Instruction	308,858		-	308,858
Support Services and Undistributed Costs:				
Student and instruction-related services	614,981		386,371	1,001,352
Other administrative services	926,901		-	926,901
School administrative services	491,979		-	491,979
Plant operations and maintenance	608,894		-	608,894
Pupil Transportation	12,991			12,991
Personal services - employee benefits	1,854,017		-	1,854,017
Capital outlay	 -		212,074	 212,074
Total expenditures	 7,963,342		1,241,112	 9,204,454
Excess revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	898,924		(5,442)	893,482
Other financing sources (uses) -	(00.070)			(00.070)
Transfer out - Food service	(99,670)		-	(99,670)
Principal payments on leases	(500,009) (78,491)		-	(500,009) (78,491)
Interest payments on leases	 (678,170)		-	 (678,170)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 			 
Net change in fund balances	220,754		(5,442)	215,312
Fund balances at beginning of year	 1,387,089		9,535	 1,396,624
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,607,843	\$	4,093	\$ 1,611,936

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (B-2)	\$	215,312
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense and amortization. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the period. Additionally, in the Statement of Activities gains or (losses) are recognized upon disposition.		
Depreciation expense		(74,497)
Amortization expense		(499,411)
Repayment of capital lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and are not reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Capital lease obligation Lease liability		37,247 500,009
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		,
Pension costs		(142,050)
Compensated absences		(6,855)
Change in net position of governmental activities (A-2)	<u>\$</u>	29,755

# **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

#### PROPRIETARY FUND

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Food Service		After School		Total		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accounts receivable:							
Federal		25,286		-		25,286	
State		436		-		436	
Total accounts receivables		25,722				25,722	
Interfund payable - General fund		13,919		711		14,630	
Right-of-use assets							
Leased building		56,114		5,611		61,725	
Less: Accumulated amortization		(56,114)		(5,611)		(61,725)	
Net right-of-use assets		<u> </u>					
Total Assets	\$	39,641	\$	711	\$	40,352	
Liabilities							
Intergovernmental payables:							
State	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Federal		2,998		-		2,998	
Total liabilities		2,998		-		2,998	
Net position							
Unrestricted		36,643		711		37,354	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$</u>	39,641	\$	711	\$	40,352	

#### PROPRIETARY FUND

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Food Service	After School	Total			
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Afterschool fees	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -			
Total operating revenues						
Operating expenses:						
Salaries	99,670	-	99,670			
Cost of goods sold - reimbursable programs	280,903	-	280,903			
Amortization of right-of-use assets	56,114	5,611	61,725			
Energy costs	-	6,622	6,622			
Miscellaneous	3,072		3,072			
Total operating expenses	439,759	12,233	451,992			
Operating loss	(439,759)	(12,233)	(451,992)			
Non-operating revenues:						
State sources:						
State School Lunch Program	5,339	-	5,339			
Federal sources:						
COVID-19 - National School Lunch - SSO	227,288	-	227,288			
COVID-19 - National School Breakfast - SSO	90,748	-	90,748			
COVID-19 - National After School Snack Program - SSO	2,647	-	2,647			
COVID-19 - School Programs Emergency	54.440		= , , , , ,			
Operational Costs Reimbursement Program	51,146	-	51,146			
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	<u>1,242</u> 378,410		<u> </u>			
Total non-operating revenues						
Net loss before contributions and transfers	(61,349)	(12,233)	(73,582)			
Other financing sources: Transfers in - General Fund	99.670	_	99,670			
Interest expense	(8,819)	(882)	(9,701)			
Miscellaneous revenue	(0,010)	13,123	13,141			
Total other financing sources	90,869	12,241	103,110			
Change in net position	29,520	8	29,528			
Total net position, July 1, 2021 as reported	7,190	710	7,900			
Prior period adjustment	(67)	(7)	(74)			
Total net position, July 1, 2021 as restated	7,123	703	7,826			
Total net position at end of year	<u>\$ 36,643</u>	<u>\$711</u>	\$ 37,354			

#### PROPRIETARY FUND

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Food Service			After School	Total		
Cash flows from operating activities							
Operating loss Adjustment to reconcile operating loss to net cash	\$	(439,759)	\$	(12,233)	\$	(451,992)	
from operating activities Amortization of right-of-use asset Changes in assets and liabilities:		56,114		5,611		61,725	
Accounts receivable Interfund receivable Accounts payable		(9,763) (13,919) (3)		(711)		(9,763) (14,630) (3)	
Interfund payable Net cash from operating activities		(14,036) (421,366)		(7,333)		(14,036) (428,699)	
Cash flows from capital financing activities							
Principal payments for lease liabilities Interest paymeents on leases		(56,181) (8,819)	. <u> </u>	(5,618) (882)		(61,799) (9,701)	
Net cash from capital financing activities		(65,000)		(6,500)		(71,500)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities							
Transfer-in from General Gund Cash received from state and federal reimbursements Miscellaneous receipts		99,670 378,410 <u>18</u>		- - 13,123		99,670 378,410 13,141	
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		478,098		13,123		491,221	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		(8,268) 8,268		(710) 710		(8,978) 8,978	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$		

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of Principle Academy Charter School (the "Charter School") is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Charter School is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The Charter School is governed by an independent Board of Trustees (the "Board"), which consists of parents, founders and other community representatives in accordance with its charter, which was appointed by the State Department of Education. An administrator is appointed by the Board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School.

### B. Component Units

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School management. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Charter School. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Charter School has no component units.

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The financial statements of the Charter School have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standardsetting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Charter School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise fund unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the Charter School's accounting policies are described below:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> - Continued

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. Certain of the significant changes in the financial statements include the following:

The financial statements include:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.
- ii) Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Charter School's activities.
- iii) A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements).

#### D. Basic Financial Statements

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of Charter School or government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities. The governmental activities generally are financed through federal and state awards, taxes and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> – CONTINUED

#### D. Basic Financial Statements - Continued

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Charter School.

The Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at a more detailed level.

### E. <u>Governmental Funds</u>

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Charter School and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay sub-fund.

- As required by the New Jersey Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.
- 2) Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of ground, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to current expense by board resolution.

**Special Revenue Fund -** The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### E. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Continued

**Capital Projects Fund -** The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. As of June 30, 2022, there was no Capital Projects Fund.

**Debt Service Fund** - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal and interest on, bonds issued to finance major property acquisitions, construction, and improvement programs. As of June 30, 2022, there was no debt service fund.

#### F. <u>Proprietary Funds</u>

The focus of Proprietary Funds' measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those to similar to business in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School:

#### **Enterprise Funds:**

The Enterprise Fund are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Charter School is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods and services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and unreserved retained earnings, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

#### Internal Service (Self-Insurance) Fund:

The Self-Insurance Fund is used to cover the self-insured limits of the various insurance policies for all funds. Charter School does not use self-insurance fund.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### G. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are classified as follows:

Trust Fund. Accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the Charter School's own programs. Three trust fund types discussed below are used to account for resources held and administered by the Charter School when it is acting in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governmental units. These funds are distinguished from custodial funds generally by the existence of a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

- a) Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust. Accounts for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of various employee benefit plans.
- b) Investment Trust Fund. Accounts for the portion of investment pools reported by the sponsoring district.
- c) Private Purpose Trust Fund. Accounts for all other trust arrangements, such as a scholarship fund to benefit individual students.

Custodial Fund. Accounts for resources held by the Charter School in a purely custodial capacity that involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Charter School must maintain the financial integrity of the individual agencies through a separate accounting of each activity for which the Charter School is acting as an agent. Custodial funds would include parent-teacher organizations.

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School do not have any fund that is classified as fiduciary fund.

#### H. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

**Measurement Focus -** Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. Expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spend able financial resources at the end of the period.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### H. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is classified as net position.

**Basis of Accounting -** In the government-wide statement of net position and statements of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i.e. the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available.

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

#### I. <u>Budgets/Budgetary Control</u>

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared prior to July 1, for the General Fund. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A. 2(m)1. All budget amendments must be approved by the State Department of Education. Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the Special Revenue Fund as noted below.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### I. <u>Budgets/Budgetary Control</u> - Continued

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The accounting records of special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognized encumbrances as expenditures and also recognized the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow of the presentation of GAAP basis financial report. As presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General, Special Revenue Fund and Debt Service Funds to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Statements of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

#### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

#### Deposits, Investment and Risk Disclosures

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB Statement No. 40 replaces in part, and otherwise modifies the prior GASB Statement No. 3, in addressing the requirements for disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments. Custodial credit risk disclosures are limited to deposits that are not covered by depository insurance and are (a) uncollateralized; (b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name. Investment securities that are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either (a) the counterparty or (b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Deposits, Investment and Risk Disclosures - Continued

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter Schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows: The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%. All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.
- d. New Jersey Cash Management Fund, New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund and MBIA CLASS.

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School did not hold any investments.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Deposits, Investment and Risk Disclosures – Continued

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. Although GASB Statement No. 40 eliminated Categories 1 and 2 as previously established by GASB Statement No. 3, it maintained, with modification, the level-of-disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

As of June 30, 2022, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute "deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 3 and modified by GASB Statement No. 40, and as such, are deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name, both at year-end and throughout the year.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of the custodial risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

#### Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase.

#### Interfund Assets/Liabilities

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from shortterm Interfund loans are classified as Interfund Receivable/Payable. Interfund balanced within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the government-wide Statements of Net Position.

#### **Fixed Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Charter School as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation based for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the governmental fund capital assets.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> – CONTINUED

#### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Fixed Assets - Continued

Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of the depreciable capital assets are as follows:

	Estimated Useful
Asset Class	Lives
Building and Improvements	5 - 50 Years
Furniture	3 - 15 Years
Equipment	3 - 15 Years

### Right-of-Use Assets

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized over the lease term or the life of the asset, whichever is shorter.

#### Compensated Absences

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASBS 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences." A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Charter School employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's personnel policy. Upon termination, employees are paid for accrued vacation. The Charter School's policy permits employees to accumulate unused sick leave and carry forward the full amount to subsequent years. Upon retirement employees shall be paid by the Charter School for the unused sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's agreements with the various employee unions.

In the Charter School-wide Statement of Net Position, the liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year are reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year.

The liability for vested compensated absences of the proprietary fund types is recorded within those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. As of June 30, 2022, there is no liability for compensated absences in the Food Service Fund.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, pensions are recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting, regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Charter School recognizes a net pension liability for each qualified pension plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the gualified pension plan, measured as of the Charter School's fiscal year-end or the Charter School's proportionate share thereof in the case of a cost-sharing multi-employer plan. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience, are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants, including retirees, in the respective qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they arose. Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

### Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue in special revenue fund represent cash that has been received but not yet earned.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements. All payable, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the enterprises fund are reported and the enterprises fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from currents financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, contractually required pension contributions and compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payments during the current year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

### Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives).

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

The statement of net position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, reported after total assets, represents a reduction of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) at that time. Deferred inflows of resources, reported after total liabilities, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2022 pertain to pensions:

### Fund Balance and Equity

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Charter School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

*Restricted* fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law or Education Law.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Fund Balance and Equity - Continued

*Committed* fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain designations established and approved by the entity's governing board.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest level of decision-making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. This classification will include amounts designated for balancing the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

*Unassigned* fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Charter School's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

# Net Position

Net Position on the *Statement of Net Position* include the following:

**Investments in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt -** the component of net asset there reports the differences between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - CONTINUED

### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Net Position - Continued

**Restricted for Specific Purposes** – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the certain programs that consist of assets with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and /or enabling legislation.

**Restricted for Debt Service** – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by creditors.

**Unrestricted** - the difference between the assets and liabilities that is not reported in Net Position Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt, Net Position Restricted for Specific Purposes or Net Position Restricted for Debt Services.

#### Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents the amount of fund capital contributed to the proprietary funds from other funds.

#### K. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods, without equivalent flows of assets in return. Interfund borrowings are reflected as "Due from/to Other Funds" on the accompanying financial statements. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the recorded amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### M. Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

The Charter School recognizes the effect of income tax positions only of those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. Management has determined that the Charter School had no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition. The Charter School is no longer subject to audits by the applicable taxing jurisdictions for tax periods prior to 2019.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### N. On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payment made by the State of New Jersey for Pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund, and for post-retirement medical benefits of members. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

### O. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is March 10, 2023.

# NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

#### A. Accounting Pronouncement Adopted During the Year

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases establishes a uniform approach for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. In accordance with the statement, parties to a lease agreement, the lessee and lessor, are required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (a capital asset hereinafter referred to as the lease asset), and a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources, respectively. The new leases standard also requires enhanced disclosure which include a general description of the leasing arrangement, the aggregated amount of resource inflows and outflows recognized from lease contracts, including those not included in the measurement of the lease liability and receivable, and the disclosure of the long-term effect of lease arrangements on a government's resources.

As a result of adopting the new standard, the charter school-wide financial statements reflected a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle to recognize the right-of-use assets of \$1,683,407 and lease liability of \$1,933,640, which caused a restatement to decrease the net position at July 1, 2021 of \$250,233. Additional disclosures of the Charter School's implementation with respect to Statement No. 87 are included in Notes to the Financial Statements.

GASB Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The Charter School adopted Statement No. 98 during fiscal year 2022 and changed all reporting references to ACFR. This adoption did not have an effect on the Charter School's net position at July 1, 2021.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONTINUED

### A. <u>Accounting Pronouncement Adopted During the Year</u> - Continued

Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, addresses practice issues that were identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The Statement addresses a variety of topics including Leases, Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets, Assets Accumulated for Defined Benefit Postemployment Benefits, Fiduciary Activities, Asset Retirement Obligations, Reinsurance Recoveries, Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements, and Derivative Instruments. The adoption of Statement No. 92 had no impact on the Charter School's current accounting practices nor its financial reporting

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates establishes accounting and reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBOR) such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) for hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for certain hedging derivative instruments. The Charter School do not have transactions that transacts using IBOR therefore, the adoption of Statement No. 93 had no impact on the Charter School's current accounting practices nor its financial reporting.

Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and* Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans clarifies component unit criteria for a potential component unit in the absence of a governing board in determining financial accountability; limits the applicability of financial burden criteria in paragraph 7 of GASB Statement No.84; and classifies Section 457 Deferred Compensation plans as either a pension plan or other employee benefit plan. The adoption of Statement No. 97 had no impact on the Charter School's current accounting practices nor its financial reporting.

#### B. Accounting Pronouncements Issued but not Yet Adopted

GASB has issued the following pronouncements that may affect future financial position, results of operations, cash flows, or financial presentation of the Charter School upon implementation. Management has not yet evaluated the effect of implementation of these standards.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONTINUED

### B. Accounting Pronouncements Issued but not Yet Adopted - Continued

GASB		Effective
Statement No.	GASB Accounting Standard	Fiscal Year
91	Conduit Debt Obligations	2023
94	Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships	2023
	and Availability Payment Arrangements	
96	Subscription-Based Information Technology	2023
	Arrangements	
99	Omnibus 2022	2024
100	Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—	2024
	an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62	
101	Compensated Absences	2024

# NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are classified below to inform financial statement users about the extent to which the Charter School's deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School's deposits are summarized as follows:

	General		Special		Enter	prise			
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Total		
Operating Account Restricted cash	\$	496,738 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	496,738 -	
Total	\$	496,738	\$	-	\$	-	\$	496,738	

Operating cash accounts are held in the Charter School's name by several banking institutions. At June 30, 2022, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits was \$496,738 and the bank balance was \$680,835. Of the bank balance, up to a maximum of \$250,000 of the Charter School's cash deposits on June 30, 2022 were secured by federal deposit insurance and \$430,835 was covered by a collateral pool maintained by the bank as required by New Jersey statutes in accordance with the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA").

#### Restricted Cash

The Charter School has established and funded an Escrow Account pursuant to an agreement signed with the New Jersey Department of Education. The required minimum is \$75,000, which was recorded by the Charter School as restricted fund balance at June 30, 2022. The agreement stipulates that the intended use of the escrow amount is "to pay for legal and audit expenses and any other outstanding pension benefits that would be associated with a dissolution should it occur."

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2022, capital assets are as follow:

	В	eginning	Net	Additions		Ending
Governmental Activities	I	Balance	(Deletions)		I	Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Building and improvements	\$	178,044	\$	-	\$	178,044
Equipment		250,521		-		250,521
Furniture		144,699		_		144,699
Total		573,264		-		573,264
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(212,564)		(74,497)		(287,061)
Capital assets, net	\$	360,700	\$	(74,497)	\$	286,203

# NOTE 5 LEASES

A lease is defined as a contractual agreement that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset, for a minimum contractual period of greater than one year, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The Charter School leases its school building. The related obligations are presented in the amounts equal to the present value of lease payments, payable during the remaining lease term. As a lessee, the associated right-of-use asset as of June 30, 2022 on the governmentwide Statement of Net Position is as follow:

Right-of-use assets being depreciated:	Beginning Balance		Net Additions (Deletions)			Ending Balance
Governmental Activities						
Leased building Less: Accumulated amortization	\$	3,772,702 (2,151,020)	\$	- (499,411)	\$	3,772,702 (2,650,431)
Right-of-use assets, net	\$	1,621,682	\$	(499,411)	\$	1,122,271
Business-Type Activities						
Leased building	\$	61,725	\$	-	\$	61,725
Less: Accumulated amortization				(61,725)		(61,725)
Right-of-use assets, net	\$	61,725	\$	(61,725)	\$	-

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 5 <u>LEASES</u> - CONTINUED

The amortization of right-of-use assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, recognized in the Charter School-wide statement of activities are as follows.

#### Amortization:

Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 499,411 61,725
	\$ 561.136

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School's lease liabilities for the nonfinancial assets described above is \$1,371,832.

The Charter School's lease arrangement has percentage rent clause, which is equal to 10% of the School's gross receipts during the year after subtracting the fixed annual minimum rent. However, The Charter School's current year financial performance did not result in accrual of percentage rent. The Charter School did not incur expenses related to its leasing activities related to residual value guarantees, lease termination penalties or losses due to impairment. As a lessee, there are currently no agreements that include sale-leaseback and lease-leaseback transactions.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Charter School determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The Charter School uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate when available. In the absence of the lessor's interest rate, the Charter School uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease, limited to the Charter School's latest charter renewal term. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and any purchase option price that the Charter School is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Charter School monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the right-of-use asset and lease liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liabilities.

Furthermore, the Charter School has no commitment for leases that have not commenced as of June 30, 2022.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 6 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liabilities at June 30, 2022 is as follow:

	Balance at			Balance at	Due within
Noncurrent Liabilities	June 30, 2021	Additions	Retired	June 30, 2022	One Year
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
Net pension liability	\$ 1,707,912	\$-	\$ 413,282	1,294,630	198,331
Compensated absences	49,229	68,106	61,250	56,085	5,608
purchase	49,662	-	37,246	12,416	12,416
Lease liabilities	1,871,841		500,009	1,371,832	661,074
	3,678,644	68,106	1,011,787	2,734,963	877,429
Business-Type Activities					
Lease liabilities	61,799	<u> </u>	61,799		
	\$ 3,740,443	\$ 68,106	<u>\$ 1,073,586</u>	\$ 2,734,963	<u>\$ 877,429</u>

### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability classified as due within one year amounting to \$198,331 represents pension contributions for fiscal year 2022 due and payable on April 1, 2023.

### **Obligations under a Financed Purchase**

The Charter School is leasing Chromebooks, charging storage carts, and Google Chrome Management Console Licenses with a total cost of \$111,739 under a capital lease. The capital lease is for a term of three years.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2022.

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30	Principal		In	terest	Total	
2023	\$	12,416	\$	1,347	\$	13,763

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 6 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

### Lease Liabilities

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School's minimum principal and interest payment requirements for its leasing activities with a remaining term in excess of one year, is as follows:

Fiscal Year							
Ending June 30	Principal		 Interest		Total		
2023	\$	661,074	\$ 56,635	\$	717,709		
2024		710,758	 20,492		731,250		
Total	<b>\$</b> ´	1,371,832	\$ 77,127	\$	1,448,959		

### NOTE 7 <u>NET POSITION</u>

As of June 30, 2022, governmental activities net position consisted of the following components:

# INVESTMENT IN RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, <u>NET OF RELATED DEBT</u>

Right-of-use assets, net	\$ 1,122,271
Less: Long-term obligations	 (1,371,832)
	 (249,561)
INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS,	
NET OF RELATED DEBT	
Capital assets, net	286,203
Less: Long-term obligations	 (12,416)
	 273,787
RESTRICTED	
Chater escrow	75,000
Student activities	4,093
Prepaid expenses	 108,333
	 187,426
UNRESTRICTED	
Net position not restricted above	 168,137
NET POSITION	\$ 379,789

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS

### A. <u>Description of Plans</u>

All eligible employees of the Charter School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) which have been established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the PERS and the TPAF. These reports may be obtained by writing to the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

The Public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, Charter School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, Charter School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

### ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established in January 1, 1995, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full-time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State. The Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the Charter School and the systems other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 <u>PENSION PLANS</u> - CONTINUED

#### B. Vesting and Benefit Provisions

The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 4303B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined. Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

#### C. Significant Legislation

Two pieces of legislation passed during fiscal year 2001 having significant impact on the benefit provisions under PERS and TPAF. Chapter 133, P.L.2001, increases retirement benefits for service, deferred and early retirements by changing the formula from 1/60 to 1/55 of final compensation for each year of service. The legislation also increases the retirement benefit for veteran member with 35 years or more of service and reduces age qualification from 60 to 55. The legislation further provides that existing retirees and beneficiaries would also receive a comparable percentage increase in their retirement allowance. The benefit enhancements are effective with the November 1, 2001 benefit checks. Chapter 120, P.L 2001, established an additional retirement option for plan members. Under the new option, a retiree's actuarially reduced allowance (to provide a benefit to the retiree's beneficiary upon the death of the retiree) would "pop-up" to the maximum retirement allowance if the beneficiary predeceases the retiree.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 <u>PENSION PLANS</u> - CONTINUED

#### C. Significant Legislation - Continued

Chapter 4, P.L 2001 provides increased benefit to certain members of PERS who retired prior to December 29, 1989 with at least 25 years of creditable service. The maximum amount of the increase is 5 percent the retiree's final compensation. For those with 30 or more years of service, the total pension would increase from 65 to 71 percent of final compensation. Due to the enactment of 1997 legislation, Chapter 114, P.L. 1997 and Chapter 115, P.L 1997, the State of New Jersey's portion of the unfunded accrued liability under each retirement system was eliminated. In addition, excess valuation assets were available to fund, in full or in part, the State of New Jersey's normal contribution from 1997 to 2001, excluding the contribution for post-retirement medical benefits in the PERS and TPAF.

#### D. Contribution Requirement

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation with the amount of contributions by the State of New Jersey contingent upon the Annual Appropriations Act. As defined, the retirement systems require employee contributions based on 7.06% for PERS and TPAF of the employee's annual compensation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustment, noncontributory death benefits, an postretirement medical premiums. Under current statute the Charter School is a noncontributing employer of the TPAF. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Charter School.

The Charter School's contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$128,030.

The State of New Jersey was required to contribute for TPAF on behalf of the Charter School, for normal cost pension and accrued liability contributions (including non-contributory group life insurance (NCGI)) and post-retirement medical contribution amounting to \$898,675. In addition, for fiscal year 2022, the State of New Jersey contributed \$721 for TPAF Long-term Disability Insurance Premiums (LTDI).

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$180,792 during the year ended June 30, 2022 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. These amounts have been included in the basic financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 <u>PENSION PLANS</u> - CONTINUED

#### D. <u>Contribution Requirement</u> - Continued

The PERS contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure. The social contribution for TPAF members are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure.

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2021 measurement date, the Charter School reported in the Charter School-wide statement of net position a liability of \$1,294,630 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the ration of contributions as an individual employer to the total contributions to the PERS as of June 30, 2021 measurement date was used to determine pension values for fiscal year 2022 as allowed by GASB Statement No. 68.

At June 30, 2021 measurement date, the Charter School's proportionate share was 0.0109283773% which is an increase from the proportionate share of 0.0104742334 % at June 30, 2020 measurement date.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$270,034. The Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$	20,418	\$	9,268
Changes of assumptions		6,742		460,897
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		341,040
Change in proportion and differences				
between Charter School contributions				
and proportionate share contributions		878,387		
	\$	905,547	\$	811,205

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended
	June 30,
2023	\$ 233,920
2024	129,374
2025	(109,942)
2026	(173,311)
2027	14,301

Actuarial assumptions. The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Inflation rate Price Wage	2.75% 3.25%
Salary increases Through 2026 Thereafter	2.00% – 6.00% based on years of service 3.00% – 7.00% based on years of service

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021 measurement date) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are measurement date. summarized in the following table:

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Equity	27.00%	8.81%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Market Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%
Total	100.00%	

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7% as of June 30, 2021 measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions from local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of all current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)	
Charter School's proportionate				
share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,781,818	\$ 1,294,630	\$ 906,695	

*Pension* plan *fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

### ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33, the employer contributions for the Charter School is legally required to be funded by the State. This is considered to be a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. As such, there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognized pension expense and related revenue of \$156,538 in the Charter School-wide financial statements for its proportionate share in the special funding support provided by the State for its TPAF members. The results of the June 30, 2021 measurement date was used to determine pension values for fiscal year 2022 as allowed by GASB Statement No. 68.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - Continued

The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School was based on the ratio on the State's contribution as an employer and nonemployer towards the actuarially determined contribution amount adjusted by locations who participated in the State early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF for the June 30, 2021 and 2020 measurement dates, respectively. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable to Charter School was 0.0138378863% and 0.0098049534%, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation rate	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary increases	
Through 2026	1.55% - 4.45% based on years of service
Thereafter	2.75% - 5.65% based on years of service

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality were based on Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, ad with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) – continued

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021 measurement date) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 measurement date, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-US Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equipments	4.00%	0.50%
US Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%
Total	100.00%	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) – continued

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0% June 30, 2021 measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of all current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
State's proportionate share of the net pension				
liability attributable to the Charter School	\$7,885,992	\$6,652,590	\$5,639,729	

#### NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

The State of New Jersey Provides post-retirement (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2020, the State paid PRM benefits for 143,053 State and local retirees.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 9 <u>POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u> - CONTINUED

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan - Continued

The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2020, the State contributed \$1.578 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The State's "pay as-you-go" contributions have decreased from Fiscal Year 2019 amounts. Reductions are attributable to various cost savings initiatives implemented by the State, including new Medicare Advantage contracts. The State has appropriated \$1.775 billion in Fiscal Year 2021 as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. The Fiscal Year 2020 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits is \$65.5 billion, a decrease of \$10.5 billion or 13.8 percent from the \$76.0 billion liability recorded in Fiscal Year 2019.

Additional information on Pensions and OPEB can be accessed at state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

#### Total OPEB Liability

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The Charter School's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the Charter School did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position.

Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of education/board of trustees. Note that actual numbers will be published in the NJ State ACFR at https://www.nj.gov/treasury/omb/cafr.shtml

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 9 <u>POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u> - CONTINUED

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan - Continued

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

alance at 6/30/21 me	easurement date	<u>\$ 3,964,579</u>				
Infllation rate	2.50%					
	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS			
Salary increases:						
Through 2026	1.55% - 4.45%	2.00% - 6.00%	3.25% - 15.25%			
	based on years of service	based on years of service	based on years of service			
Thereafter	1.55% - 4.45%	3.00% - 7.00%	Not applicable			

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcountweighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disables retirees. Future disabled retirees was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS), and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcountweighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disables retirees. Future disabled retirees was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS), and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcountweighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial studies for periods July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2018, July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2018, and July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 for TPAF, PERS and PFRS, respectively.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

### General Information about the OPEB Plan - Continued

(a) Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend is initially is 5.6% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rate for fiscal year 2022 through 2023 are reflected. For PPO, the trend is initially 5.74% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 12.93% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to 4.5% after 11 years. The assumed post-65 medical trend is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 6.75% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicate Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

(b) Discount rate

The discount rate for used for June 30, 2021 measurement dates was 2.16%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

### Changes in the Total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees:

Balance at 6/30/20 measurement date	\$	3,684,361
Changes for the year		
Service cost		717,408
Interest		102,845
Changes of benefit terms		(4,220)
Changes in assumptions		
and other inputs		3,911
Difference between expected		
and actual experience		(461,342)
Benefit payments		(81,013)
Contributions from the member		2,629
Net Change		280,218
Balance at 6/30/21 measurement date	<u>\$</u>	3,964,579

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

		1% Decrease (1.16%)		Current scount Rate (2.16%)	1% Increase (3.16%)		
State's proportionate share of the Total OPEB liability attributable to							
the Charter School retirees	\$	4,748,943	\$	3,964,579	\$	3,346,939	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	6 Decrease	T	rend Rate	19	% Increase
State's proportionate share of the						
Total OPEB liability attributable to						
the Charter School retirees	\$	3,209,340	\$	3,964,579	\$	4,978,810

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognize OPEB revenue and expense of \$1,137,885 as determined by the State as the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75 and in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASBS No. 75, the Charter School's proportionate share of school retirees OPEB is zero, there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

At June 30, 2022, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired Charter School employees' OPEB from the following sources:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

	(	Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes of assumptions	\$	672,541	\$	425,362		
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		597,643		1,189,841		
Changes in proportions		2,779,561				
	\$	4,049,745	\$	1,615,203		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB of retired Charter School employees will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Year Ended
	June 30
2023	\$ 410,765
2024	410,765
2025	410,765
2026	410,765
2027	342,925
Thereafter	448,557

### NOTE 10 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Charter School offered its employees a choice of the following deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service 403(b). The Plan is administered by AXA Equity, Inc. permits participants to defer apportion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plan are not available to employees until termination, death or unforeseeable emergency.

# NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss relates to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

### A. Property and Liability Insurance

The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (Unaudited) of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Schedule J-20).

#### B. <u>New Jersey Unemployment Compensation</u>

The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund For benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

#### NOTE 12 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Amount reported in the governmental funds as interfund receivable and payable from/to other governmental funds pertains to expenses that were paid from the general fund which are eliminated in the governmental activities column. The remaining internal receivable and payable between the governmental funds and enterprise fund have been eliminated in the total Charter School-wide Statement of Net Asset.

At June 30, 2022, the interfund balances consisted of the following components:

	RECEIVABLE (PAYABLE)									
	Special									
	General	Revenue	Enterprise							
	Fund	Fund	Fund							
General fund GASB No 34 mandated eliminations within	\$ 1,029,337	\$ (1,043,967)	\$ 14,630							
governmental activities	(1,043,967)	1,043,967								
Net interfund balances reported as follows: Entity-wide (eliminated										
in total column)	<u>\$ (14,630)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 14,630							

The interfund payable in Special Revenue Fund and Enterprise Fund is for cash advanced from the General fund while awaiting grant collections and subsidy reimbursements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### NOTE 13 CONTINGENCIES

#### State and Federal Aid Receipts

State and Federal awards are generally subject to review by the responsible governmental agencies for compliance with the agencies regulations governing the aid. In the opinion of the Charter School's management and legal counsel, any potential adjustments to the Federal or State aid recorded by the Charter School through June 30, 2022, resulting from a review by a responsible government agency will not have a material effect on the Charter School financial statements at June 30, 2022.

### NOTE 14 COVID-19 PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY

On June 4, 2021, Governor Murphy signed legislation (A5820/S3866) and Executive Order No. 244 ending of the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency that has been in place since March 9, 2020. Under the legislation, the majority of executive orders issued pursuant to the Public Health Emergency expired 30 days from the approval date. The legislation allows for the termination of the Public Health Emergency while also allowing the Administration to retain the tools necessary to manage the ongoing threat posed by the pandemic. Specifically, the Administration is authorized to issue orders, directives, and waivers under the authority in the Emergency Health Powers Act that are related to vaccination efforts; testing; health resource and personnel allocation; data collection, retention, sharing, and access; coordination of local health departments; and implementation of any CDC recommendations to prevent the transmission of COVID-19. This authority lasts until January 11, 2022, and can be extended for 90 days with the passage of a concurrent resolution by the Legislature.

With the end of the Public Health Emergency, full-time school operations was restored in New Jersey beginning September 2021.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# PART II

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Revenues					
Local sources: Local tax levy Miscellaneous	\$ 3,057,831	\$ - -	\$ 3,057,831	\$ 3,057,831 6,540	\$ - 6,540
Total - Local Sources	3,057,831		3,057,831	3,064,371	6,540
State Sources:					
Categorical Special Education Aid	206,370	-	206,370	206,370	-
Equalization Aid	4,272,585	-	4,272,585	4,272,585	-
Categorical Security Aid	238,752	-	238,752	238,752	
Reimbursed T.P.A.F. Social Security (Non-budgeted) On-Behalf T.P.A.F. Pension Contributions - Normal Cost (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf T.P.A.F. Pension Contribution - Post-Retirement	-	-	-	180,792 728,463	180,792 728,463
Medical (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf T.PA.F. Pension Contribution - Long-Term Disability Insurance (Non-Budgeted)	-	-	-	170,198 735	170,198
Total - State Sources	4,717,707		4,717,707	5,797,895	735 1,080,188
			7,775,538		
Total Revenues	7,775,538		1,115,536	8,862,266	1,086,728
Expenditures Current Expense:					
Regular Programs - Instruction:					
Kindergarten	180,000	(30,000)	150,000	138,857	11,143
Grade 1-5	900,000	75,000	975,000	961,610	13,390
Grade 6-8	180,000	10,000	190,000	182,284	7,716
Other salaries for instruction	1,530,000	(314,170)	1,215,830	1,081,866	133,964
Purchased professional - educational services	860,648	(74,487)	786,161	653,680	132,481
Other purchased services (400-500 Series)	30,000	(10,000)	20,000	9,499	10,501
General supplies Other objects	350,000 20,000	(157,568) 11,065	192,432 31,065	85,860 31,065	106,572
-	4,050,648	(490,160)	3,560,488	3,144,721	415,767
Total Regular Programs - Instruction Special Education - Instruction:	4,030,040	(430,100)	3,300,400	5,144,721	413,707
Learning and / or Language Disabilities:					
Salaries of Teachers	325,000	(5,000)	320,000	308,858	11,142
Total Learning and / or Language Disabilities	325,000	(5,000)	320,000	308,858	11,142
Total Instruction	4,375,648	(495,160)	3,880,488	3,453,579	426,909
Undistributed Expenditures - Health Services:					
Salaries	100,000	(7,334)	92,666	92,666	-
Purchased professional and technical services	4,000	25,730	29,730	24,800	4,930
Supplies and materials Total Undistributed Expenditures - Health Services	2,000	<u>8,358</u> 26,754	<u>10,358</u> 132,754	8,536	1,822 6,752
Undistributed Expenditures - Child Study Team:		20,704	102,704	120,002	0,102
Salaries of other professional staff	65,000	185,836	250,836	225,941	24,895
Purchased Professional - Educational Services	40,000	30,584	70,584	1,564	69,020
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Child Study Team	105,000	216,420	321,420	227,505	93,915
Undistributed Expenditures - Instructional Staff Training Services: Other purchased services (400-500 Series)	10,000		10,000	4,769	5,231
Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - General Administration:					
Salaries	150,000	(20,000)	130,000	129,062	938
Legal services Audit fees	100,000 30,000	(10,000)	90,000 30,000	31,866 30,000	58,134
Architectural / Engineering Services		3,700	3,700		3,700
Other purchased professional services	666,351	21,394	687,745	574,925	112,820
Communications/telephone	28,000	25,732	53,732	28,697	25,035
Travel	5,000	-	5,000	-	5,000
BOE Other Purchased Services	15,000	-	15,000	815	14,185
Miscellaneous purchased services (400-500)	6,000	3,968	9,968	8,421	1,547
General supplies	5,000 10,000	3,117 23,898	8,117 33,898	2,453 33,898	5,664
Miscellaneous Total Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - General Administration	1,015,351	51,809	1,067,160	840,137	227,023
Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - School Administration:					
Salaries of principals/assistant principals	300,000	-	300,000	285,552	14,448
Salaries of secretarial and clerical assistants	190,000	(15,000)	175,000	165,374	9,626
Other salaries	20,000 5,000	(10,000) 30,000	10,000 35,000	7,830 33,223	2,170 1,777
Supplies and materials Total Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services -	5,000	30,000	35,000	33,223	1,111
School Administration	515,000	5,000	520,000	491,979	28,021
Undistributed Expenditures - Central Services:					
Salaries	125,000	(19,210)	105,790	105,790	-
Purchased professional services	138,798	19,097	157,895	144,574	13,321
Supplies and materials Miscellaneous purchased services (400-500)	4,400 5,000	1,941	6,341 5,000	6,341	- 5,000
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Central Services	273,198	1,828	275,026	256,705	18,321
Total Ordioubulou Experiatures - Central OctVICes		1,020	210,020	200,700	10,021

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Undistributed Expenditures - Administration Information Technology:					
Salaries	17,500	(8,000)	9,500	-	9,500
Purchased technical services	50,000	28,268	78,268	78,268	-
General supplies	<u>50,000</u> 117,500	(10,000) 10,268	40,000	8,496 86,764	<u>31,504</u> 41,004
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Administration Information Technology	117,500	10,208	121,100	80,704	41,004
Undistributed Expenditures - Required Maintenance for School Facilities: Salaries					
Cleaning, repair, and maintenance services	-	38,760	38,760	38,760	-
General Supplies					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Required Maintenance for School Facilities		38,760	38,760	38,760	
Undistributed Expenditures - Custodial Services:					
Rent on land and buildings other than lease purchase	271,500	(169,604)	101,896	-	101,896
Salaries	113,000	35,000	148,000	140,646	7,354
Cleaning, repair, and maintenance services	99,500	195,711	295,211	181,840	113,371
Insurance-fidelity, liability, property	20,000	85,583	105,583	105,583	-
Supplies and materials	25,000	(12,000)	13,000	3,712	9,288
Energy (electricity)	67,000	8,814	75,814	66,267	9,547
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Custodial Services	596,000	143,504	739,504	498,048	241,456
Undistributed Expenditures - Security					
Salaries	33,000	39,086	72,086	72,086	-
Purchased professional/technical service	25,804	(13,000)	12,804	-	12,804
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Security	58,804	26,086	84,890	72,086	12,804
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	654,804	208,350	863,154	570,134	254,260
Undistributed Expenditures - Student Transportation Services: Contracted Services	7,000	5,991	12,991	12,991	
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Student Transportation Services	7,000	5,991	12,991	12,991	
	1,000	0,001	12,001	12,001	
Unallocated Benefits - Employee Benefits:	400 400	00.000	440.400	400 700	40.450
Social Security contributions Other retirement contributions - PERS	123,188 150,500	20,000	143,188 150,500	126,736 128,030	16,452 22,470
Unemployment compensation	20,000	7,604	27,604	27,604	22,470
Workmen's compensation	65,000	(65,000)	- 21,004	- 21,004	-
Health benefits	650,000	(19,358)	630,642	490,638	140,004
Other employee benefits	-	824	824	821	3
Total Unallocated Benefits - Employee Benefits	1,008,688	(55,930)	952,758	773,829	178,929
Reimbursed T.P.A.F. Social Security (Non-budgeted)	-	-	-	180,792	(180,792)
On-Behalf T.P.A.F. Pension Contributions - Normal Cost (Non-Budgeted)	-	-	-	728,463	(728,463)
On-Behalf T.PA.F. Pension Contribution - Post-Retirement Medical (Non-Budgeted)	-	-	-	170,198	(170,198)
On-Behalf T.PA.F. Pension Contribution - Long-Term Disability				735	(735)
Insurance (Non-Budgeted) Total On-Behalf Contribution				1,080,188	(1,080,188)
	1,008,688	(55,930)	952,758	1,854,017	(901,259)
Total Personal Services - Employee Benefits					
Total General Current Expense	8,188,189	(24,670)	8,163,519	7,963,342	200,177
Capital Outlay:					
Equipment:					
Undistributed Expenditures: Instructional	5,000		5,000		5,000
Non-instructional	15,000	-	15,000		15,000
Total Equipment	20,000	-	20,000	-	20,000
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services					
Lease financing principal	250,000	-	250,000	-	250,000
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services					
Total Capital Outlay	270,000	-	270,000	-	270,000
		(04.070)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7 000 040	
Total Expenditures	8,458,189	(24,670)	8,433,519	7,963,342	470,177
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(682,651)	24,670	(657,981)	898,924	1,556,905
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer to food services - salaries	(75,000)	(24,670)	(99,670)	(99,670)	-
Principal payments on leases Interest payments on leases	(500,009) (78,491)	-	(500,009)	(500,009)	-
			(78,491)	(78,491)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(653,500)	(24,670)	(678,170)	(678,170)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over Expenditures	(1,336,151)		(1,336,151)	220,754	1,556,905
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,387,088	-	1,387,088	1,387,088	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 50,937	\$ -	\$ 50,937	\$ 1,607,842	\$ 1,556,905
	φ 50,851	<u>+ -</u>	<del>y 30,331</del>	Ψ 1,007,04Z	Ψ 1,000,000
Recapitulation:					
Restricted for: Prepaid Expenses				\$ 108,333	
Unassigned				1,499,509	
				1,607,842	
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds (GAAP)				\$ 1,607,842	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget Budget Transfers		Final Budget	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues					
State	\$ 38,519	\$ -	\$ 38,519	\$ 38,519	\$ -
Federal	1,765,811		1,765,811	1,197,151	568,660
Total revenues - all sources	1,804,330		1,804,330	1,235,670	568,660
Expenditures					
Current Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Salaries of teachers	811,271	-	811,271	403,521	407,750
Purchased professional and technical services	12,465	-	12,465	12,465	-
Other purchased services	48,656	-	48,656	48,656	-
Supplies and materials	164,755	13,270	178,025	178,025	<u> </u>
Total instruction	1,037,147	13,270	1,050,417	642,667	407,750
Support services					
Salaries of supervisors of instruction	71,694	-	71,694	71,694	-
Employee benefits	23,695	-	23,695	23,695	-
Purchased professional educational services	236,314	(13,270)	223,044	157,871	65,173
Purchased property services	137,800	-	137,800	70,603	67,197
Supplies and materials	57,066	-	57,066	57,066	-
Student activity				5,442	(5,442)
Total support services	526,569	(13,270)	513,299	386,371	126,928
Capital Outlay:					
Facilities acquisition and construction services:	167,239		167,239	167,239	
Instructional equipment Noninstructional equipment	73,375	-	73,375	44,835	28,540
	240,614		240,614	212,074	28,540
Total capital outlay	·	<u> </u>			
Total Expenditures	1,804,330		1,804,330	1,241,112	563,218
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures				(5,442)	5,442
Fund balance at beginning of year				9,535	
Fund balance at end of year				\$ 4,093	
Recapitulation: Restricted: Student Activities				<u>\$ 4,093</u>	

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART II

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY GAAP RECONCILIATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	 General Fund		 Special Revenue Fund	
Sources/inflows of resources				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule:	[C-1]	\$ 8,862,266	[C-2]	\$ 1,235,670
Difference - budget to GAAP: Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.		-		-
Last State aid payment recognized for budgetary purposes only.		-		-
General Fund contribution to Early Childhood Program Aid.		 		 <u> </u>
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditure and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	es [ <b>B-2]</b>	 8,862,266	[B-2]	 1,235,670
Uses/outflows of resources				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]	8,641,512	[C-2]	1,241,112
Differences - budget to GAAP Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.		-		-
Transfers to and from other funds are presented as outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Net transfer (outflows) to general fund		 		 <u>-</u>
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	[B-2]	\$ 8,641,512	[B-2]	\$ 1,241,112

Note A -The general fund budget basis of the use/outflow of resources is GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

PART III

# SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR PENSIONS (GASB 68)

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE

SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PERS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,												
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0109283773%	(	).0104742334%	0	.0094005849%		0.0082077907%		0%	0%		0%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,294,630	\$	1,707,912	\$	1,693,843	\$	1,616,073	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$	575,822	\$	1,782,694	\$	745,464	\$	607,048	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		224.83%		95.81%		227.22%		266.22%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.33%		58.32%		56.27%		53.60%		48.10%	39.91%		47.92%

Note - The amounts presented for the fiscal year was determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(1) The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS

## PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS)

Last Ten Fiscal Years <sup>(1)</sup>

				Fisc	al Yea	r Ended Jun	e 30,			
		2022	 2021	 2020		2019		2018	 2017	 2016
Contractually required contribution	\$	127,984	\$ 114,572	\$ 91,440	\$	81,641	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(127,984)	 (114,572)	 (91,440)		(77,566)		<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$	575,822	\$ 1,782,694	\$ 745,464	\$	607,048	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		22.23%	6.43%	12.27%		13.45%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2016. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2016.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF

Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(1)</sup>

			Fis	cal Ye	ar Ended June 3	0,			
	 2022	 2021	 2020		2019		2018	 2017	 2016
Charter School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0%	0%	0%		0%		0%	0%	0%
State's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the Charter School	100%	100%	100%		100%		100%	100%	100%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) attributable to the Charter School	\$ 6,652,590	\$ 6,456,444	\$ 6,860,538	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,048,166	\$ 2,121,473	\$ 1,146,792	\$	1,400,548	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) attributable to the Charter School as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	634.69%	304.34%	598.24%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	35.52%	24.60%	26.95%		26.49%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note - The amounts presented for the fiscal year was determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(1) The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2016. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2016.

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART III

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

Change in benefit terms. There was no change in the benefit terms.

*Change in assumptions.* The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability did not change at 7.00%.

### **Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)**

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

*Change in assumptions.* The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 5.40% to 7.00% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 68.

The discount rate of 7.00% (5.40% in prior measurement date) at the June 30, 2021 measurement date was based on the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% (78% in prior measurement date) of the actuarially determined contributions for the State.

### Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)

*Change in benefit terms.* There is no change in the benefit terms.

*Change in assumptions.* The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total nonemployer OPEB liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 2.21% to 2.16% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 75. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

# SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR OPEB (GASB 75)

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

		Fis	scal Y	ear Ended Ju	ne 30,		
	 2022	 2021		2020		2019	 2018
Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School							
Service cost	\$ 717,408	\$ 354,704	\$	411,983	\$	-	\$ -
Interest	102,845	73,356		68,632		(636)	-
Change of benefit terms	(4,220)	-		-		-	-
Difference between expected							
and actual experience	(461,342)	873,470		(69,831)		1,583,294	-
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	3,911	673,006		26,421		(159,234)	-
Benefit payments	2,629	(64,142)		(54,396)		(37,104)	-
Contributions from the member	 (81,013)	 1,944		1,612		1,282	 -
Net Change in Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to	280,218	1,912,338		384,421		1,387,602	-
Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School:							
At beginning of year	\$ 3,684,361	\$ 1,772,023	\$	1,387,602	\$	-	\$ -
At end of year	\$ 3,964,579	\$ 3,684,361	\$	1,772,023	\$	1,387,602	\$ -
Charter School's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liability		85.55%		85.55%		90.09%	0.00%
Charter School Covered-employee payroll $^{\scriptscriptstyle (2)}$	\$ 1,623,988	\$ 3,904,167	\$	1,892,256	\$	2,007,596	\$ -
Total State OPEB liability as a percentage of Charter School covered-employee payroll	244.13%	94.37%		93.65%		69.12%	0.00%

Note - The amounts presented for the fiscal year was determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(1) The Charter School implemented GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2018. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2018.

(2) Covered payroll was based on the Charter School's payroll for the year ended June 30.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Every Student	Succeeds Act		10	DEA			COVID - 1	19 Grants				
	Title I	Title III	IDEA Part B, Basic	IDEA Pre School	COVID-19 ARP-IDEA Basic	COVID-19 ARP-IDEA Pre School	ESSER II	ESSER II - Learning Acceleration	ESSER II - Mental Health	ARP-ESSER	Charter and Renaissance School Project Emergent and Capital Maintenance	Student Activities	Total
Revenues State	\$ -	\$ -	s -	s -	s -	\$ -	s -	s -	\$-	s -	\$ 38,519	s -	\$ 38,519
Federal	317,765	17,113	58,443	1,621	31,690	2,683	649,408	1,925	8,165	108,338			1,197,151
Total revenues - all sources	\$ 317,765	\$ 17,113	\$ 58,443	\$ 1,621	\$ 31,690	\$ 2,683	\$ 649,408	\$ 1,925	\$ 8,165	\$ 108,338	\$ 38,519	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 1,235,670
Expenditures Current Expenditures: Instruction:													
Salaries of teachers Purchased professional and technical services	\$ 295,183	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ - 12,465	\$-	\$-	\$ 108,338	\$-	\$-	\$ 403,521 12,465
Other purchased services		-		-			48,656	-		-		-	48,656
Supplies and materials	-	-	13,270	-		-	164,755	-	-	-	-	-	178,025
Total instruction	295,183	-	13,270	-		-	225,876	-	-	108,338			642,667
Support services Salaries Employee benefits Purchased services	- 22,582	14,550 1,113 -	45,173	- - 1,621	31,690	2,683	57,144 66,614	- - 1,925	- - 8,165	-	-	- -	71,694 23,695 157,871
Purchased property services Supplies and materials		- 1,450					70,603 55,616	-		-	-		70,603 57,066
Student activities	-	1,100		_				-		-	-	5,442	5,442
Total support services	22,582	17,113	45,173	1,621	31,690	2,683	249,977	1,925	8,165	-	-	5,442	386,371
Capital Outlay: Facilities acquisition and construction services:													
Instructional equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	167,239	-	-	-	-	-	167,239
Noninstructional Total facilities acquisition and construction services		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	6,316 173,555		<u> </u>		<u>38,519</u> 38,519		44,835 212,074
Total Expenditures	317,765	17,113	58,443	1,621	31,690	2,683	649,408	1,925	8,165	108,338	38,519	5,442	1,241,112
	517,705	17,115	50,445	1,021	51,030	2,005	049,400	1,923	0,105	100,330	50,515		1,241,112
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	(5,442)	(5,442)
Fund balance at beginning of year												9,535	9,535
Fund balance at end of year												\$ 4,093	\$ 4,093

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS

# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment purchases other than those financed by propriety funds.

At June 30, 2022, there was no capital project fund.

# ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs of providing goods and services be financed through user charges. The Charter School has the Food Service and After Care in its Enterprise Fund to account for the operation of food services and after care.

#### ENTERPRISE FUND

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

#### JUNE 30, 2022

	FOOD SERVICE	AFTER SCHOOL	TOTAL
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$-	\$-	\$-
Accounts receivable:			
Federal	25,286	-	25,286
State	436		436
Total Accounts Receivable	25,722	-	25,722
Interfund receivable	13,919	711	14,630
Total Current Assets	39,641	711	40,352
Right-of-use assets			
Leased building	56,114	5,611	61,725
Less: Accumulated amortization	(56,114)	(5,611)	(61,725)
Net right-of-use assets			<u> </u>
Total Assets	\$ 39,641	<u>\$711</u>	\$ 40,352
Liabilities			
Intergovernmental payables:			
State	\$-	\$-	\$-
Federal	2,998		2,998
Total liabilities	2,998		2,998
Net assets			
Unrestricted	36,643	711	37,354
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 39,641	<u>\$711</u>	\$ 40,352

#### ENTERPRISE FUND

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

	FOOD SERVICE	AFTER SCHOOL	TOTAL
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services:			
Daily sales - reimbursable programs	\$ -	\$-	\$-
Afterschool fees	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenue	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total operating revenues	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Operating expenses:			
Salaries	99,670	-	99,670
Cost of goods sold - reimbursable programs	280,903	-	280,903
Amortization of right-of-use assets	56,114	5,611	61,725
Energy costs Miscellaneous	- 3,072	6,622	6,622 3,072
Total operating expenses	439,759	12,233	451,992
Operating loss	(439,759)	(12,233)	(451,992)
Nonoperating revenues:			
State sources:			
State School Lunch	5,339	-	5,339
Federal sources:			
COVID-19 - National School Lunch - SSO	227,288	-	227,288
COVID-19 - National School Breakfast - SSO	90,748	-	90,748
COVID-19 - National After School Snack Program - SSO	2,647	-	2,647
COVID-19 - School Programs Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement Program	E1 14G		E1 14G
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	51,146 1,242	-	51,146 1,242
Total nonoperating revenues	378,410		378,410
Loss before transfers	(61,349)	(12,233)	(73,582)
Other financing sources (uses):	(01,010)	(12,200)	(10,002)
Transfers in - General fund	99,670	-	99,670
Interest expense on leases	(8,819)	(882)	(9,701)
Miscellaneous revenue	(8,818)	13,123	13,141
Total other financing sources	90,869	12,241	103,110
Changes in net position	29,520	8	29,528
Total net position, July 1, 2021 as reported	7,190	710	7,900
Prior period adjustment	(67)	(7)	(74)
Total net position, July 1, 2021 as restated	7,123	703	7,826
Total net position at end of year	<u>\$ 36,643</u>	<u>\$711</u>	<u>\$ 37,354</u>

#### ENTERPRISE FUND

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS

Cash flows from operating activities		FOOD	-	AFTER CHOOL		TOTAL
	•	(400 750)	•	(40,000)	•	(454.000)
Operating income (loss) Adjustment to reconcile operating loss to net cash	\$	(439,759)	\$	(12,233)	\$	(451,992)
from operating activities:						
Amortization of right-of-use asset		56,114		5,611		61,725
Changes in assets and liabilities:		00,111		0,011		01,720
Accounts receivable		(9,763)		-		(9,763)
Interfund receivable		(13,919)		(711)		(14,630)
Accounts payable		(3)		-		(3)
Interfund payable		(14,036)				(14,036)
Net cash from operating activities		(421,366)		(7,333)		(428,699)
Cash flows from financing activities						
Principal payments for lease liabilities		(56,181)		(5,618)		(61,799)
Interest paymeents on leases		(8,819)		(882)		(9,701)
Net cash from capital financing activities		(65,000)		(6,500)		(71,500)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Transfer-in from General Gund		99,670		-		99,670
Cash received from state and federal reimbursements		378,410		-		378,410
Miscellaneous receipts		18		13,123		13,141
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		478,098		13,123		491,221
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(8,268)		(710)		(8,978)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		8,268		710		8,978
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$		\$		\$	

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust Fund. Accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the Charter School's own programs which are as follow:

- a) Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust. Accounts for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of various employee benefit plans.
- b) Investment Trust Fund. Accounts for the portion of investment pools reported by the sponsoring district.
- c) Private Purpose Trust Fund. Accounts for all other trust arrangements, such as a scholarship fund to benefit individual students.

Custodial Fund. Accounts for resources held by the Charter School in a purely custodial capacity that involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Charter School must maintain the financial integrity of the individual agencies through a separate accounting of each activity for which the Charter School is acting as an agent. Custodial funds would include parent-teacher organizations.

At June 30, 2022, the Charter School do not have a Trust Fund nor Custodial Fund.

# LONG-TERM DEBT

The long-term debt is used to record the outstanding principal balances of the long-term liabilities of the charter school. This includes the outstanding principal balance on capital lease, the accrued liability for insurance claims and the liability for compensated absences and the outstanding principal balance on certificates of participation outstanding or mortgage note payable. The Charter School has no long-term debts.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

#### SCHEDULE OF OBLIGATIONS UNDER LEASES

Purpose	Date of Original Issue	Term of Lease	Amount of C Principal	Driginal Lease	Interest Rate	Balance June 30, 2021	Issued	Retired	Balance June 30, 2022
Leased Building Chromebooks (Financed Purchase)	9/1/2017 9/1/2019	7 years 3 years	\$ 3,834,427 	\$       756,198 16,160	5.25% 4.82%	\$ 1,871,841 49,663	\$	\$	\$ 1,371,832 12,416
Total Liabilities			\$ 3,946,166	\$ 772,358		\$ 1,921,504	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 537,256	\$ 1,384,248

# STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

# INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICAL SECTION

<u>Contents</u>		<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the district's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	81
Revenue Capacity		N/A
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the district's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	N/A
Debt Capacity		86
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the district's current levels of outstanding debt and the district's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Ec	onomic Information	87
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the district's financial activities take place.	
Operating Informatio	n	89
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the district's financial report relates to the services the district provides and the activities it performs.	
Notes:		
1	Unless otherwise noted, the information in these J schedules are derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports (ACFR) for the relevant year.	
2		
	GASB requires presentation of certain statistical information for the last ten fiscal years. However, fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 (operating period January 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016) is the first operating year of the Charter School. Therefore, schedules presenting charterwide information include information beginning in that year.	

#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup>

#### (Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
	 2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	 2016
Governmental activities												
Invested in right-of-use assets, net of related debt	\$ (249,561)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	273,787		311,036		318,040		348,141		216,133		147,899	165,693
Restricted	187,426		117,868		9,535		-		-		-	-
Unrestricted	 168,137		171,289		(617,585)		(245,302)		583,507		632,726	 2,639
Total governmental activities net position	 379,789		600,193		(290,010)		102,839		799,640		780,625	 168,332
Business-type activities												
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted	-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Unrestricted	 37,354		7,900		7,190		7,190		52,997		50,149	 135
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 37,354	\$	7,900	\$	7,190	\$	7,190	\$	52,997	\$	50,149	\$ 135
School-wide												
Invested in right-of-use asset, net of related debt	\$ (249,561)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	273,787		311,036		318,040		348,141		216,133		147,899	165,693
Restricted	187,426		117,868		9,535		-		-		-	-
Unrestricted	 205,491		179,189		(610,395)		(238,112)		636,504		682,875	 2,774
Total charter school net position	\$ 417,143	\$	608,093	\$	(282,820)	\$	110,029	\$	852,637	\$	830,774	\$ 168,467

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup>

(Accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Ye	ear Ending Jun	e 30,	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 (1)										
Expenses																	
Governmental activities																	
Instruction	\$ 5,950,727	\$ 5,842,534	\$ 3,477,806	\$ 2,904,218	\$ 2,163,452	\$ 2,030,188	\$ 1,561,983										
Administrative	1,773,207	1,631,792	1,927,255	1,377,773	1,185,282	945,640	1,002,412										
Support Services	2,044,546	2,359,763	3,527,734	2,755,982	1,798,483	1,208,924	1,052,839										
Unallocated:																	
Capital Outlay	212,074	33,335	-	-	-	-	-										
Amortization of right-of-use asset	499,411	-	-	-	-	-	-										
Depreciation	12,752	12,752	12,164	5,170													
Total governmental activities expenses	10,492,717	9,880,176	8,944,959	7,043,143	5,147,217	4,184,752	3,617,234										
Business-type activities:																	
Food service	449,460		309,812	363,095	268,907	229,803	187,284										
After school program	12,233	155,669	7,822	26,567	4,505	-	-										
Total business-type activities expense	461,693	155,669	317,634	389,662	273,412	229,803	187,284										
Total district expenses	10,954,410	10,035,845	9,262,593	7,432,805	5,420,629	4,414,555	3,804,518										
Program Revenues																	
Governmental activities:																	
Charges for services:																	
Operating grants and contributions	2,840,064	2,246,864	1,514,477	818,797	415,949	419,022	446,516										
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,039										
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,840,064	2,246,864	1,514,477	818,797	415,949	419,022	507,555										
Business-type activities:																	
Charges for services																	
Food service	-	-	-	-	9,560	-	1,748										
After school program	-	710	7,822	26,567	4,505	-	-										
Operating grants and contributions	378,410	57,169	228,879	317,288	262,195	222,932	127,724										
Total business-type activities program revenues	378,410	57,879	236,701	343,855	276,260	222,932	129,472										
Total district program revenues	3,218,474	2,304,743	1,751,178	1,162,652	692,209	641,954	637,027										
Net (Expense)/Revenue																	
Governmental activities	(7,652,653)	(7,633,312)	(7,430,482)	(6,224,346)	(4,731,268)	(3,765,730)	(3,109,679)										
Business-type activities	(83,283)	(97,790)	(80,933)	(45,807)	2,848	(6,871)	(57,812)										

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION

### Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup>

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 (1)
Total district-wide net expense	(7,735,936)	(7,731,102)	(7,511,415)	(6,270,153)	(4,728,420)	(3,772,601)	(3,167,491)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Asse	ts						
Governmental activities:							
Property taxes levied for general purposes, net	3,057,831	3,126,523	2,668,239	1,880,688	1,994,785	1,979,268	-
Grants and contributions	4,717,707	4,645,055	4,427,762	3,604,187	2,717,110	2,434,823	3,333,044
Miscellaneous income	6,540	5,795	13,031	42,670	38,387	20,817	2,915
Other financing sources (uses)	(99,670)	746,142	(80,933)			(56,885)	(57,947)
Total governmental activities	7,682,408	8,523,515	7,028,099	5,527,545	4,750,282	4,378,023	3,278,012
Business-type activities:							
Miscellaneous Income	13,141	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	99,670	98,500	80,933	-	-	56,885	57,947
Total business-type activities	112,811	98,500	80,933		-	56,885	57,947
Total district-wide	7,795,219	8,622,015	7,109,032	5,527,545	4,750,282	4,434,908	3,335,959
Changes in Net Position							
Governmental activities	29,755	988,703	(402,383)	(696,801)	19,014	612,293	168,333
Business-type activities	29,528	(97,790)		(45,807)	2,848	50,014	135
Total district	\$ 59,283	<u>\$ 890,913</u>	\$ (402,383)	<u>\$ (742,608)</u>	<u>\$ 21,862</u>	\$ 662,307	\$ 168,468

(1) For 2016, the operating period is January 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016.

# FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup>

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year	Endi	ing June 30	,				
	2022	 2021	 2020		2019		2018	 2017		2016
General Fund										
Restricted	\$ 233,333	\$ 108,333	\$ 108,333	\$	108,333	\$	108,333	\$ 108,333	\$	244,780
Assigned	-	-	-		-		-	12,250		-
Unassigned	 1,374,510	 1,278,756	 24,997		1,063		485,734	 532,493		(237,114)
Total general fund	 1,607,843	 1,387,089	 133,330		109,396	_	594,067	 653,076	_	7,666
All Other Governmental Funds										
Restricted, Student activities	 4,093	 9,535	 -		-		-	 -		-
Total all other fovernmental funds	\$ 1,611,936	\$ 1,396,624	\$ 133,330	\$	109,396	\$	594,067	\$ 653,076	\$	7,666

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup> (Unaudited)

.831         \$ 3,           .540	2021 ,126,523 ,5,795 ,331,518 ,782,583 ,246,419 ,140,824 ,188,285 ,660,387 ,62,844 ,147,380 ,539,083	2020 \$ 2,668,239 13,031 4,858,770 326,538 7,866,578 3,687,701 1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	2019 \$ 1,880,688 42,670 4,029,134 301,494 6,253,986 3,174,745 1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679 327,268	2018 \$ 1,994,785 38,387 2,786,011 347,049 5,166,232 2,167,137 1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634 	2017 \$ 1,979,268 20,817 4,493,184 339,929 6,833,198 2,000,807 942,139 1,129,597 - 79,092	<b>2016</b> \$ - 3,515 3,333,044 506,955 3,843,514 1,552,714 995,191 1,052,057 177,939
540 414 5,, 151 936 9, 246 4, 880 1, 066 2, 074 792	5,795 5,331,518 782,583 1,246,419 4,140,824 ,188,285 660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	13,031 4,858,770 326,538 7,866,578 3,687,701 1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	42,670 4,029,134 <u>301,494</u> <u>6,253,986</u> 3,174,745 1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679	38,387 2,786,011 <u>347,049</u> 5,166,232 2,167,137 1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634	20,817 4,493,184 <u>339,929</u> 6,833,198 2,000,807 942,139 1,129,597	3,515 3,333,044 506,955 3,843,514 1,552,714 995,191 1,052,057
540 414 5,, 151 936 9, 246 4, 880 1, 066 2, 074 792	5,795 5,331,518 782,583 1,246,419 4,140,824 ,188,285 660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	13,031 4,858,770 326,538 7,866,578 3,687,701 1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	42,670 4,029,134 <u>301,494</u> <u>6,253,986</u> 3,174,745 1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679	38,387 2,786,011 <u>347,049</u> 5,166,232 2,167,137 1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634	20,817 4,493,184 <u>339,929</u> 6,833,198 2,000,807 942,139 1,129,597	3,515 3,333,044 506,955 3,843,514 1,552,714 995,191 1,052,057
540 414 5,, 151 936 9, 246 4, 880 1, 066 2, 074 792	5,795 5,331,518 782,583 1,246,419 4,140,824 ,188,285 660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	13,031 4,858,770 326,538 7,866,578 3,687,701 1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	42,670 4,029,134 <u>301,494</u> <u>6,253,986</u> 3,174,745 1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679	38,387 2,786,011 <u>347,049</u> 5,166,232 2,167,137 1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634	20,817 4,493,184 <u>339,929</u> 6,833,198 2,000,807 942,139 1,129,597	3,515 3,333,044 506,955 3,843,514 1,552,714 995,191 1,052,057
,414 5,; ,151 ,936 9,; ,246 4, ,880 1, ,066 2, ,074 ,792	,331,518 782,583 ,246,419 ,140,824 ,188,285 ,660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	4,858,770 326,538 7,866,578 3,687,701 1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	4,029,134 301,494 6,253,986 3,174,745 1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679	2,786,011 347,049 5,166,232 2,167,137 1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634	4,493,184 339,929 6,833,198 2,000,807 942,139 1,129,597	3,333,044 506,955 3,843,514 1,552,714 995,191 1,052,057
151 936 9, 246 4, 880 1, 066 2, 074 792	782,583 2,246,419 4,140,824 ,188,285 2,660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	326,538 7,866,578 3,687,701 1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	301,494 6,253,986 3,174,745 1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679	347,049 5,166,232 2,167,137 1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634	339,929 6,833,198 2,000,807 942,139 1,129,597	506,955 3,843,514 1,552,714 995,191 1,052,057
936 9,; ,246 4, ,880 1, ,066 2,0 ,074 ,792	,246,419 ,140,824 ,188,285 ,660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	7,866,578 3,687,701 1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	6,253,986 3,174,745 1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679	5,166,232 2,167,137 1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634	6,833,198 2,000,807 942,139 1,129,597	3,843,514 1,552,714 995,191 1,052,057
,246 4, ,880 1, ,066 2,0 ,074 ,792	,140,824 ,188,285 ,660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	3,687,701 1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	3,174,745 1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679	2,167,137 1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634	2,000,807 942,139 1,129,597 -	1,552,714 995,191 1,052,057
,880 1, ,066 2,0 ,074 ,792	,188,285 ,660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679	1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634	942,139 1,129,597 - -	995,191 1,052,057
,880 1, ,066 2,0 ,074 ,792	,188,285 ,660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	1,897,785 1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	1,367,987 1,612,251 158,727 97,679	1,180,041 1,720,528 88,634	942,139 1,129,597 - -	995,191 1,052,057
,066 2,0 ,074 ,792	2,660,387 62,844 147,380 539,083	1,738,501 118,454 130,205 300,804	1,612,251 158,727 97,679	1,720,528 88,634	1,129,597 - -	1,052,057
,074 ,792	62,844 147,380 539,083	118,454 130,205 300,804	158,727 97,679	88,634	-	
,792	147,380 539,083	130,205 300,804	97,679	-	- - 79.092	177,939
	539,083	300,804		- 68.901	- 79.092	-
396			327,268	68.901	79.092	
	738 803					
,454 8,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7,873,450	6,738,657	5,225,241	4,151,635	3,777,901
,482	507,616	(6,872)	(484,671)	(59,009)	2,681,563	65,613
,670)	(98,500)	30,806	-	-	(56,885)	(57,947)
- 8	853,675	-	-	-	-	-
-	(9,033)	-	-	-	-	-
, ,	-	-	-	-	-	-
,491)	-		-			
,170)	746,142	30,806			(56,885)	(57,947)
	,253,758	<u>\$ 23,934</u>	<u>\$ (484,671</u> )	<u>\$ (59,009</u> )	\$ 2,624,678	<u>\$ 7,666</u>
<u>,312 </u> \$ 1,3						0.00%
	170)	009) - 491) - 170) 746,142	009) 491) 170) 746,142 30,806	009)     -     -     -       491)     -     -     -       170)     746,142     30,806     -       312     \$ 1,253,758     \$ 23,934     \$ (484,671)	009)       -	009) 491) 170) 746,142 30,806 - (56,885)

Source: Charter school's records.

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

# RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup>

(Unaudited)

			Governmenta		Business-Type Activities		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligatior Bonds		Certificates of Participation	Capital Leases	Loan Payable	Capital Leases	Total Charter School
2022	\$	- 3	\$-	\$ 12,416	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,416
2021		-	-	49,663	-	-	49,663
2020		-	-	86,909	844,642	-	931,551
2019		-	-	-	-	-	-
2018		-	-	-	-	-	-
2017		-	-	-	-	-	-
2016		-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: Details regarding the Charter School's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup>

Year	Population <sup>a</sup>	Pei	rsonal Income <sup>ه</sup>	er Capita nal Income <sup>c</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>d</sup>
2022	**		**	 **	**
2021	47,733		**	**	8.80%
2020	42,105	\$	2,349,543,210	\$ 55,802	17.80%
2019	42,245		2,164,929,515	51,247	4.50%
2018	42,439		2,041,740,290	48,110	5.30%
2017	42,651		1,974,911,904	46,304	6.40%
2016 <sup>(e)</sup>	42,920		1,899,381,680	44,254	9.00%

\*\* Data not available

### Source:

<sup>a</sup> Population information provided by U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division.

<sup>b</sup> Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income <sup>c</sup> Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates. All dollar estimates are in thousands of current dollars (not adjusted for inflation). Estimates for 2011-2020 reflect county population estimates available as of March 2021.

<sup>d</sup> Unemployment data provided by the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development

<sup>e</sup> For 2016, data is provided for the City of Pleasantville, the Charter School's previous location<sup>.</sup>

### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Five Years Ago<sup>(2)</sup>

	2	2022		)17
		Percentage of		Percentage of
		Total		Total
		Municipal		Municipal
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment

Information not available

\*\* - Information not available

# FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CHARTER SCHOOL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup>

(Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018 <sup>(a)</sup>	2017	2016
Function/Program							
Instruction							
Regular	45	49	32	35		23	20
Special education	4	3	5	8		6	4.5
Support Services							
Student & instruction related services	7	4	15	6		5	3
School administrative services	8	3	11	4		3	4
Plant operations and maintenance	6	4	2	2		3	2
Other	-	-	-	2		3	4
Food Service	2	2	2	2	<u> </u>	1.5	1.5
Total	72	65	67	59		45	39

Source: Charter School's personnel records

<sup>(a)</sup> Data was not made available

#### **OPERATING STATISTICS**

Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup> (Unaudited)

							Pupil/Teacher Ratio				
Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating penditures <sup>a</sup>	Cos	t Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff <sup>♭</sup>	Elementary (K-4)	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) <sup>c</sup>	Average Daily Attendance (ADA) <sup>c</sup>	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2022	464	\$ 8,992,380	\$	19,380	17.72%	49	9: 1	466.7	452.0	-11.41%	96.85%
2021	527	8,675,959		16,463	0.62%	52	10: 1	526.8	501.1	11.21%	95.11%
2020	474	7,754,996		16,361	1.45%	32	15: 1	473.7	453.0	17.37%	95.63%
2019	408	6,579,930		16,127	18.05%	26	16: 1	403.6	380.0	15.98%	94.15%
2018	376	5,136,607		13,661	12.21%	26	14: 1	348.0	312.0	6.10%	89.66%
2017	341	4,151,634		12,175	-15.79%	26	13: 1	328.0	312.0	31.73%	95.12%
2016	249	3,599,962		14,458	N/A	18	14: 1	249.0	235.6	N/A	94.62%

Source: Charter School's Records

**Note:** Enrollment based on annual October Charter School count.

- <sup>a</sup> Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.
- <sup>b</sup> Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.
- <sup>c</sup> Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>(2)</sup>

Not Applicable. The Charter School does not own any facilities.

### INSURANCE SCHEDULE

June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Coverage	Deductible
Policy Level Information		
Commercial General Liability Coverage <sup>(a)</sup>		
Generate Aggregate Limit	\$ 3,000,000	
Products-Completed Operations Aggregate Each Occurrence Limit	3,000,000	
Personal and Advertising Injury	1,000,000 1,000,000	
Damage to Premises Related to You Limit	1,000,000	
Medical Expenses Limit, Any One Person	10,000	
	,	
Employment Related Practices Liability Insurance <sup>(a)</sup>		
Each Claim Limit	1,000,000	5,000
Policy Aggregate Limit	1,000,000	
Government Crime Coverage <sup>(a)</sup>		
Head of Class Uni-Flex Endorsement	100,000	500
Computer Funds and Transfer Fraud	50,000	
Business Auto Coverage <sup>(a)</sup>		
Liability	1,000,000	
Uninsured/underinsured Motorists	1,000,000	
Commercial Liability Umbrella <sup>(b)</sup>		
Each Occurrence	10,000,000	10,000
Personal and Advertising Injury Limit	10,000,000	10,000
Wrongful Acts	10,000,000	10,000
Worker's Compensation and Employer's Liability <sup>(c)</sup>		
Each Accident	1,000,000	
Each Disease - Each Employee	1,000,000	
Each Disease - Policy Limit	1,000,000	
Commercial Property Coverage <sup>(a)</sup>		
Business Personal Property - Blanket	1,113,228	1,000
Flood Coverage	1,113,228	1,000
Employee Benefits Liability <sup>(a)</sup>		
Each Loss	1,000,000	1,000
Aggregate	3,000,000	,
School District and Educators Legal Liability Coverage <sup>(a)</sup>		
Each Loss	1,000,000	5,000
Aggregate for Each Annual Policy Year	3,000,000	- ,
Abuse or Molestation Coverage <sup>(a)</sup>		
Each Loss	1,000,000	
Annual Aggregate	3,000,000	
Student Accident Insurance - Blanket		
Maximum Benefit	25,000	
Public Official Bind <sup>(b)</sup>		
Board Secretary Position	180,000	
Source: Charter School's Records		
<sup>(a)</sup> Utica National Insurance Group		

<sup>(b)</sup> Western Surety Company

<sup>(c)</sup> Employers Assusrance Co.

<sup>(d)</sup> Philadelphia Insurance Companies

#### CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FISCAL RATIOS

#### Multi-Year Information (Unaudited)

	2020	2021	2022	
	Audit	Audit	Audit	Source
Cash	\$ 642,402	\$ 1,100,931	\$ 496,738	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Assets	1,013,103	1,643,739	1,779,979	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Liabilities	142,513	239,215	130,689	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Expenses	9,262,593	10,035,845	10,954,410	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Change in Net Position	(402,384)	890,913	59,283	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Final Average Daily Enrollment	474	527	467	DOE Enrollment Reports
March 30th Budgeted Enrollment	520	530	555	Charter School Budget
Complete section only if auditee has mortgage	/note/bond payable:			
				Financial Statements/Audit
Depreciation Expense	61,647	73,759	74,497	Workpapers
				Financial Statements/Audit
Interest Expense	-	-	-	Workpapers
				Financial Statements/Audit
Principal Payments	-	-	-	Workpapers
				Financial Statements/Audit
Interest Payments	-	-	-	Workpapers

	Performance Indicators	2020	2021	2022	3 YR CUM	Source:	Target
	Near Term Indicators						
							> 1.1 or between 1.0-1.1
1a.	Current Ratio	7.11	6.87	13.62		Current Assets/Current Liabilities	with positive trend
							60 days or 30-60 days
1b.	Unrestricted Days Cash	25.31	40.04	16.55		Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	with positive trend
							>95% or >95% for 3 yr
1c.	Enrollment Variance	91%	99%	84%	89.48%	Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	cum
1d.	Default	N/A	N/A	N/A		Audit	not in default
	Sustainability Indicators						
							3 yr cum positive with
2a.	3 Year Cumulative Cash Flow	\$ 593,172 \$	458,529	\$ (604,193)	\$ (435,584)	Net change in cash flow from prior years	most recent year postive
						(Change in Net Assets+Depreciation+Interest	
2b.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A		Expense)/(Principal & Interest Payments)	>1.10

Meets Standard	
Does Not Meet Standard	
Falls Far Below Standard	

# SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

**EXHIBIT K-1** 



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Principle Academy Charter School Atlantic County, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Principle Academy Charter School (the Charter School), in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2023.

# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS - CONTINUED

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

However, we noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Trustees of Principle Academy Charter School in the County of Atlantic, New Jersey in a separate Auditor's *Management Report on Administrative Findings - Financial, Compliance and Performance,* dated March 10, 2023.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

alleros

Leonora Galleros, CPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400

March 10, 2023 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

**EXHIBIT K-2** 



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Principle Academy Charter School Atlantic County, New Jersey

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Programs

# **Opinions on Each Major Federal and State Programs**

We have audited the Principle Academy Charter School's (the Charter School) in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *New Jersey State Aid Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major federal and state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Charter School's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Principle Academy Charter School in the County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

# Basis of Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Programs

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08 are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Charter School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statute, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to its federal and state programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Charter School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08 will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Charter School's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Charter School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal and state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of a federal and state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Leonora Galleros, CPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

March 10, 2023 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grant/			Grant or State	Program or				Carryover/			Repayment of Prior	Balanc	e at June 30,	, 2022
Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing No.	FAIN Number	Project Number	Award Amount	Grant From	Period To	Balance at June 30, 2021	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Years' Balances	(Accounts Receivable)	Deferred Revenue	Due to Grantor
U.S. Department of Education: Passed-through New Jersey State Department Educati		Humber	Number	Anount	11011	10	buile 00, 2021	Anount	Received	Experiantares	Bulances	Receivabley	Kevenue	
Special Revenue Fund:														
Title I Part A Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A210030	ESEA - 6104 - 22	\$ 317,765	7/1/2021	9/30/2022	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 231,977	<u>\$ (317,765)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (85,788)</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Special Education Cluster														
Individuals with Disabilities - States Grant	84.027	H027A210100	IDEA - 6104 - 22	133,706	7/1/2021	9/30/2022	-	-	4,206	(57,443)	-	(53,237)	-	-
Individuals with Disabilities - States Grant COVID-19 - Individuals With Disabilities Education	84.027	H027A200100	IDEA - 6104 - 21	105,862	7/1/2020	9/30/2021	-	-	1,000	(1,000)	-	-	-	-
Act/American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Individuals with Disabilities - States Grant	84.027X	H027X210100	IDEA - 6104 - 22	31,690	7/1/2021	9/30/2022	-	-	31,690	(31,690)	-	-	-	-
(Preschool) COVID-19 - Individuals With Disabilities Education	84.173	H173A210114	IDEA - 6104 - 22	1,621	7/1/2021	9/30/2022	-	-	1,621	(1,621)	-	-	-	-
Act/American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Preschool)	84.173X	H173X210114	IDEA - 6104 - 22	2,683	7/1/2021	9/30/2022			2,683	(2,683)				
Subtotal Special Education Cluster									41,200	(94,437)		(53,237)		
Title III - English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A210030	ESEA - 6104 - 22	17,113	7/1/2021	9/30/2022			17,113	(17,113)				
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 - CRRSA Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) II	84.425D	S425D210027	N/A	790.607	3/13/2020	9/30/2023	(141.199)	_		(649,408)	_	(790,607)	_	_
COVID-19 - CRRSA ESSER II - Learning Acceleration		S425D210027	N/A	50,737	3/13/2020	9/30/2023	(111,100)	_		(1,925)	_	(1,925)	_	-
COVID-19 - CRRSA ESSER II - Mental Health	84.425D	S425D210027	N/A	45.000	3/13/2020	9/30/2023	-	-	-	(8,165)	-	(8,165)	-	_
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan (ARP) - ESSER	84.425U	S425U210027	N/A	1,776,837	3/13/2021	9/30/2024	<u> </u>			(108,338)		(108,338)		
Subtotal COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Func-	ł						(141,199)			(767,836)		(909,035)		
Total U.S. Department of Education							(141,199)		290,290	(1,197,151)		(1,048,060)		
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through New Jersey State Department of Agric	culture													
Enterprise Fund:														
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553	221NJ304N1099	N/A	90.748	7/1/2021	6/30/2022			84,556	(90,748)		(6.400)		
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program - SSO COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program - SSO	10.553	201NJ304N1099	N/A N/A	90,748 76,767	7/1/2021	6/30/2022	1,030	-	64,556	(90,746)	-	(6,192)	-	1,030
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - SSO	10.555	221NJ304N1099	N/A	227,288	7/1/2013	6/30/2022	1,000	-	208,326	(227,288)	-	(18,962)		1,000
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - SSO	10.555	201NJ304N1099	N/A	148,746	7/1/2019	6/30/2020	1,968	-		(,,	-	-	-	1,968
COVID-19 - National School Snack Program - SSO COVID-19 - School Programs Emergency	10.555	221NJ304N1099	N/A	2,647	7/1/2021	6/30/2022	-	-	2,515	(2,647)	-	(132)	-	· -
Operational Costs Reimbursement Program	10.555	Not yet available	N/A	51,146	7/1/2021	6/30/2022	-	-	51,146	(51,146)	-	-	-	-
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster		-					2,998	-	346,543	(371,829)	-	(25,286)	-	2,998
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	211NJ304S9009	N/A	1,242	10/1/2020	3/31/2022			1,242	(1,242)				
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture							2,998		347,785	(373,071)		(25,286)		2,998
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards							<u>\$ (138,201)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 638,075</u>	<u>\$ (1,570,222)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (1,073,346)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,998</u>

#### SCHEDULE OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Balance at June	30, 2021				Adjustments	Balance at	lune 30, 2022	2	_	
				Deferred Revenue		<b>C</b> ommunest(		Budgetary	Repayment	Internet 1	Deferred			МЕМО
	Grant or State		Award	(Accounts	Due to	Carryover/ (Walkover)	Cash	Expenditures Pass-through	Prior Year's	Intergovernmental (Accounts	Revenue/ Interfund	Due to	Budgetary	Cumulative Total
State Grantor/Program Title	Project Number	Grant Period	Amount	Receivable)	Grantor	Amount	Received	Funds	Balances	Receivable)	Payable	Grantor	Receivable	Expenditure
New Jersey State Department of Education	ation													
General Fund:														
Equalization Aid	22-495-034-5120-078		\$ 4,272,585			\$-	\$ 4,334,535	\$ (4,272,585)	\$ -	\$ (27,333)		\$ 89,283	\$ 27,333	\$ 4,272,585
Equalization Aid	21-495-034-5120-078	7/1/20-6/30/21	4,042,347	(101,753)	35,523	-	78,442	-	-	(4,389)	-	16,601	4,389	-
Equalization Aid	20-495-034-5120-078	7/1/19-6/30/20	6,208,117	-	15,606	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,606	-	-
Special Education Categorical Aid	22-495-034-5120-089 22-495-034-5120-084	7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22	206,370 238,752	-	-	-	207,494 243,751	(206,370) (238,752)	-	(78)	-	1,124 5,077	- 78	206,370 238,752
Security Aid Reimbursed Social Security Tax	22-495-034-5094-003	7/1/21-6/30/22	180.792	-	-	-	162,954	(180,792)		(17,838)		5,077	/0	180.792
On-Behalf Teachers'	22-495-054-5094-005	7/1/21-0/30/22	160,792	-	-	-	102,954	(100,792)	-	(17,030)	-	-	-	100,792
Pension and Annuity Fund	22-495-034-5094-002	7/1/21-6/30/22	728,463	-	-	-	728,463	(728,463)	-	-	-	-	-	728,463
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund –														
Post Retirement Medical	22-495-034-5094-001	7/1/21-6/30/22	170,198	-	-	-	170,198	(170,198)	-	-	-	-	-	170,198
On-Behalf Teachers' Pension & Annuity Fund – Non-contributory Insurance	00 405 004 5004 004	714/04 0/00/00	705				705	(705)						705
,	22-495-034-5094-004	7/1/21-6/30/22	735		-		735	(735)				-	-	735
Total General Fund				(101,753)	51,129		5,926,572	(5,797,895)		(49,638)		127,691	31,800	5,797,895
Special Fund: Charter and Kenaissance School Project Emergent and Capital Maintenance														
Maintenance	N/A	7/1/21-6/30/22	38,519	<u> </u>	-		38,519	(38,519)		-			-	38,519
							38,519	(38,519)						38,519
Enterprise Fund:														
State School Lunch Program	22-100-010-3350-023	7/1/21-6/30/22	5,339	-	-	-	4,903	(5,339)	-	(436)	-	-	-	5,339
State School Lunch Program	21-100-010-3350-023	7/1/20-6/30/21	3,063	(681)	-	-	681	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State School Lunch Program	20-100-010-3350-023	7/1/19-6/30/20	2,531		3				(3)				-	
Total Enterprise Fund				(681)	3		5,584	(5,339)	(3)	(436)				5,339
Total Expenditures of State Financia	I Assistance			<u>\$ (102,434</u> )	\$ 51,132	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 5,970,675	(5,841,753)	<u>\$ (3</u> )	\$ (50,074)	<u>\$</u> -	\$127,691	\$ 31,800	\$ 5,841,753
Less: On-Behalf TPAF Pension Syst	em Contributions													
On-Behalf Teachers'														
Pension and Annuity Fund On-Behalf Teachers'	22-495-034-5094-002							728,463						
Pension and Annuity Fund –														
Post Retirement Medical On-Behalt Teachers' Pension & Annuity	22-495-034-5094-001							170,198						
Fund – Non-contributory Insurance	22-495-034-5094-004							735						
								899.396						
								000,000						
Total for State Financial Assistance-	Major Program Determir	nation						\$ (4,942,357)						

EXHIBIT K-4 SCHEDULE B

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 1 GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state activity of the Board of Trustees of the Principle Academy Charter School (the "Charter School"). The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of federal awards and state financial assistance.

## NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance are presented using the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of those recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) *and* New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

### NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements present the special revenue fund on both GAAP and budgetary basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. See Exhibit C-3 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE - CONTINUED

# NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	Federal	State	Total		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 4,898,499	\$	4,898,499	
Special Revenue Fund	1,197,151	38,519		1,235,670	
Enterprise Fund	373,071	5,339		378,410	
Total	<u>\$ 1,570,222</u>	\$ 4,942,357	\$	6,512,579	

### NOTE 4 RELATIONSHIP TO STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

### NOTE 5 ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

TPAF Social Security Contributions represents reimbursements in the amount of \$180,792 by the State for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2022. The State had also made onbehalf TPAF pension, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance contributions totaling \$899,396.

### NOTE 6 ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF pension, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

### NOTE 7 DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST

The Charter School has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

## Financial Statement Section

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmod	dified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	 _Yes	✓ None reported
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	 _Yes	_ <b>✓</b> No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	 Yes	_✔_No
Federal Awards		
Dollar threshold used to determine Type A and B programs:	<u>\$750,0</u>	000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	 _Yes	_ <b>✓</b> No
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmoo</u>	dified
Internal control over compliance:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	 _Yes	_ <b>✓</b> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	 _Yes	_ <b>~</b> _No
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200 section .516(a)?	 _Yes	_ <b>~</b> _No

# Identification of Major Programs:

Assistance Listing No.	Name of Federal Program
84.825	COVID-19, Emergency Stabilization Fund
84.425D	CRRSA Elementary and Secondary School
	Emergency Relief (ESSER) II
84.425D	CRRSA ESSER II – Learning Acceleration
84.425D	CRRSA ESSER II – Mental Health
84.425U	American Rescue Plan (ARP) - ESSER

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

# FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS - CONTINUED

# State Financial Assistance

Dollar threshold used to determine Type A and B p	programs:	<u>\$750,0</u>	<u>00</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		_Yes _	No
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major p	rograms:	<u>Unmoc</u>	lified
Internal control over compliance:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		_Yes	✓No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not consid to be material weakness(es)?	ered	_Yes	✓ No
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be in accordance with New Jersey OMB Circular	•	_Yes	_ <b>≁</b> _No
Identification of Major Programs:			
State or Project No.	Name of State Prog	am	-
State Aid Public Cluster:			
22-495-034-5120-078 22-495-034-5120-084 22-495-034-5120-089	Equalization Aid Security Aid Special Education A	id	

# EXHIBIT K-6

### PRINCIPLE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (COUNTY OF ATLANTIC, NEW JERSEY)

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

## **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

None noted.

# **Compliance and other Matters**

None.

# **SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS**

None noted.

## EXHIBIT K-6

# PRINCIPLE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (COUNTY OF ATLANTIC, NEW JERSEY)

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

SECTION IV STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

None noted.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There was no prior year finding.