### CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF CLIFTON

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2022

PREPARED BY Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton

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## **Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton**

1225 Main Avenue, Clifton, NJ 07013 .

Tel:(973) 278-7707 . Fax:(973)278-7720

A National Blue Ribbon School of Excellence (2008) A New Jersey "REWARD SCHOOL" (2012) A "TOP TEN" New Jersey School (2013)

February 28, 2023

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton County of Passaic Clifton, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton (Charter School) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This ACFR includes the Charter's basic financial statement prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34.

The Charter School has elected to adopt this new financial reporting model which we believe will provide all users of this document with much more useful financial and statistical information than ever before. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (Board).

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Charter School. This report will provide the taxpayers of the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton with comprehensive financial data in a format enabling them to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial affairs.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- The Introductory Section contains a table of contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditor's Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis;
- The Single Audit Section The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the New Jersey State Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular Letter 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid". Information related to this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

#### **Charter School Organization**

An elected eight-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") serves as the policy maker for the Charter School. The Board adopts an annual budget and directly approves all expenditures which serve as the basis of control over and authorization for all expenditures of Charter School tax money.

The Lead Person is the chief executive officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for total educational and support operations. The Board Secretary is the chief financial officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing the idle funds as permitted by New Jersey Law.

1. <u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u>: The Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB) as established by GASB Statement No. 14. All funds and account groups of the Charter School are included in this report.

Now in its 17th year of existence, the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton, County of Passaic's first public charter school, continues to reach new milestones. Each year the school realizes its mission and attains, indeed, surpasses by large margins, many of its goals and objectives for collectively and individually high student learning outcomes, and for achieving overall institutional success, objectively measured and acclaimed. For a more detailed account of the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton's school and academic program, and the school's many accomplishments, interested parties are urged to call the school (973-278-7707) and request a copy of the 'Academic and school program,' or consult the state's online 'Report Card' (the narrative portion) or the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton's own website:(www.classicalacademy.org).

2. <u>ENROLLMENT OUTLOOK</u>: Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton admissions is demonstrated when Clifton parents have the opportunity to exercise parental choice in public Middle School (grades 6-8) education. Although the school reaches out to the community by advertisements, articles about the school in local newspapers, and other means, most admission applicants, having heard about the school's highly-deserved reputation for excellence, are referred to the school by neighbors, relatives, friends, and from those who have had their own children attend the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton. The school's 'poverty rate' based on students qualifying for the Free or Reduced Lunch Program' averages annually between 35%-45% each year. In the future, the school hopes to add the 5th grade.

Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton provides a full range of educational services appropriate to Grades 6-8. These services include regular, as well as special education and basic skills instruction. The Charter School completed the 2021-2022 school year with an enrollment of 173 students.

- 3. MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS: The Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton's threeyear academic program in grades 6, 7 and 8 and its practices and policies continue to prove highly effective in producing high student learning. The Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton has produced outstanding results, consistently at the highest levels, is not a subjective appraisal. In 2008 the Federal Dept. of Education honored the school with a "National Blue Ribbon School of Excellence award (only the 2nd New Jersey public charter school in 16 years to be so honored); in 2012 the New Jersey Dept. of Education designated the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton a 'REWARD' school. its designation for high-achieving public schools, charter and traditional; and in 2013, the 'National New Campaign for Achievement Now' (NJCAN), a citizens education action group, recognized the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton with its 'TOP TEN' awards: one award for being a top ten NJ school for educating 'Low Income Students' and another 'Top Ten' award for educating to high levels 'Latino Students', and one for overall excellence in middle-school education. In 2018, Classical Academy was granted an enrollment increase for the 2019-2020 school year by an additional sixty students. Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton is an active member of the Junior National Honor Society and has provided families with an After School Program and Summer Program that build the whole child.
- INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS: Since 2012, the Classical Academy Charter 4. School of Clifton has put in place fiscal controls and structures advocated by the New Jersey Dept. of Education's Office of Charter Schools. Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognized that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits like to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates of the judgments by management. As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Charter School also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5. <u>BUDGETARY CONTROLS</u>: In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of the municipality. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2022.

- 6. <u>ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS</u>: The Charter School's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the Charter School is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements", Note 1.
- 7. <u>FINANCIAL INFORMATION AT FISCAL YEAR-END</u>: As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.
- 8. <u>CASH MANAGEMENT</u>: The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements", Notes 1 and 3. The Charter School had adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- **9. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>:** The Board carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, directors and officers' insurance and workmen's compensation.

#### 10. OTHER INFORMATION:

#### Independent Audit

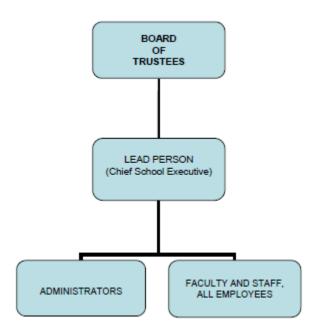
State statute requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The Charter School appointed the accounting firm of Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and the related New Jersey OMB Letter Circular Letter 15-08.

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements, combining and individual fund statements, and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Bernadette Pinto School Business Administrator

#### **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**



#### **ROSTER OF OFFICIALS**

#### JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Voting Members**

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES	TERM
Shamira Drakeford, President	6/30/2024
Alicia Anderson, Vice President	6/30/2024
Oral Bullen, Board Member	6/30/2024
Kirsten Doll, Board Member	6/30/2024
Genie Trott, Board Member	6/30/2024
Janet Spidwak, Board Member	6/30/2024
Dean M. Spadavecchia, Board Member	6/30/2024
Nina Prinz, Board Member	6/30/2024

#### Non-Voting Members (Terms co-terminus with Classical Academy Employment)

Dr. Paul Semegran, Lead Person

Bernadette Pinto, School Business Administrator and Board Secretary

#### **CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS**

#### **Independent Auditors**

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP 115 Davis Station Rd Cream Ridge, NJ 08514

#### Attorney

Cleary Giacobbe Alfieri Jacobs LLC 169 Ramapo Valley Rd. Suite 105 Oakland, New Jersey

#### **Official Depositories**

TD Bank North Clifton, NJ

## **FINANCIAL SECTION**



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton County of Passaic Newark, New Jersey

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton (the Charter School), in the County of Passaic, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton, in the County of Passaic, State of New Jersey as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Charter School, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School adopted new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED**

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the *Government Auditing Standards* and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the *Government Auditing Standards* and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED**

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the information listed under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basis financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance (Schedules) are also presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and New Jersey OMB's Letter Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, respectively, and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - CONTINUED**

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2022. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2023 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

pra galleros

Leonora Galleros, OPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400

February 28, 2023 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

Galleros Robinson CPAS, LLP

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.

#### Introduction

This section of the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton's (the "Charter School") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance and provides an overview of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Charter School's financial statements, which follow this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting Model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key Financial highlights for the fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$1.96 million or 76% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$0.62 million or 24% of total revenues of \$2.58 million.
- The Charter School had \$2.72 million in expenses; only \$0.62 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$1.96 million were inadequate to provide for these programs.
- Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$2.43 million in revenues and \$2.58 million in expenditures and other financing uses.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information and notes to those statements and information.

The report is organized so the reader can understand the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity. The first two basic financial statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, are governmental-wide financial statements and provide overall information about the activities of the entire Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a long-term view of those finances.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The remaining basic financial statements are fund financial statements that focus on the individual parts of the government, reporting the Charter School's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column. For the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### **Fund Financial Statements - Continued**

The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities; the government operates like a business, such as food service.

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationship in which the Charter School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefits of other, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

#### **Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities**

While this report contains the funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "how did we do financially during fiscal year 2022?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all the Charter School's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. These bases of accounting take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial position of the Charter School has improved or diminished for the Charter School as a whole. This change is the result of many factors some financial, some not. Financial factors represent decrease in federal and state funding that resulted from the decrease in enrollment noted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. These factors are presented in our discussions on the Charter School as a whole. Non-financial factors include the property tax base of the School District where the Charter School is located, current educational funding laws in New Jersey, facilities conditions, required educational programs, and other factors. In the Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

**Governmental Activities** – Most of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instructional, extracurricular activities, curriculum, staff development, special education and other support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, health services and general administration.

**Business-Type Activity** – Services are provided on a charge for goods or services or reimbursement basis to recover the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund is reported as a business activity.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### **Reporting the Charter School's Most Significant Funds**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's major funds, not the Charter School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Charter School uses to keep track of a multitude of financial transactions. The Charter School's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Most of the Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are sufficient financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and the governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

#### Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

#### The Charter School as a Whole

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the Charter School as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Charter School's net position at June 30, 2022.

The total net position of the Charter School has decreased by \$0.38 million during the current fiscal year. The decrease includes a prior period adjustment of \$0.24 million to recognize right-of-use asset and lease liability as of July 1, 2021 in the general fund in accordance with the adoption of GASB 87.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

#### The Charter School as a Whole - Continued

The table that follows reflects the net position for fiscal year 2022.

	Governmental	Business	
	Activities	Type Acvtivities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets	1,890,037	\$-	\$ 1,890,037
Right-of-Use Assets, net	1,172,661		1,172,661
Total Assets	3,062,698		3,062,698
Deferred outflow of resources	8,359	<u> </u>	8,359
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	184,068	-	184,068
Noncurrent Liabilities	1,430,477	<u> </u>	1,430,477
Total Liabilities	1,614,545		1,614,545
Deferred inflow of resources	104,298	<u> </u>	104,298
Net Position			
Invested in Right-of-Use Assets,			
net of related debt	(257,816)	-	(257,816)
Restricted for:			
Student Activities	16,637	-	16,637
Unrestricted	1,593,393		1,593,393
Total Net Position	\$ 1,352,214	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,352,214

The Charter School's combined net position was \$1.35 million at June 30, 2022.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### The Charter School as a Whole - Continued

The table that follows reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2022.

	Governmental Activities		Business Activit	•••	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues Program Revenues:							
Charge for Services Operating grants	\$ 4,355	\$ 3,260	\$-		\$ 4,355	\$ 3,260	
and Contributions	611,449	570,063			611,449	570,063	
Total Program Revenues	615,804	573,323	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	615,804	573,323	
General Revenues: Local Aid	1,379,822	1,416,775	-	-	1,379,822	1,416,775	
Gain on sale of property	-	882,183	-	-	-	882,183	
State Sources	578,547	490,579	-	-	578,547	490,579	
Miscellaneous	2,017	6,140			2,017	6,140	
Total General Revenues	1,960,386	2,795,677			1,960,386	2,795,677	
Total Revenues	2,576,190	3,369,000		<u> </u>	2,576,190	3,369,000	
Expenditures:							
Instructions	1,378,950	1,177,478	-	-	1,378,950	1,177,478	
Administrative	343,979	406,529	-	-	343,979	406,529	
Support services	747,447	783,209	-	-	747,447	783,209	
Unallocated Capital outlay Amortization of right-of-use	14,396	-	-	-	14,396	-	
assets	232,503	4,116			232,503	4,116	
Total Expenditures	2,717,275	2,371,332			2,717,275	2,371,332	
Changes in Net Position	(141,085)	997,668	-	-	(141,085)	997,668	
Net position at beginning of year, as reported Prior period adjustment Net position at beginning of year, as restated	1,735,188 (241,889)	- 	- 		1,735,188 (241,889)	- 	
or year, as restated	1,493,299				1,493,299		
Net position at end of year (A-1)	\$ 1,352,214	\$ 997,668	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 1,352,214	\$ 997,668	

#### **Governmental Activities**

The Statement of Activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and operating grants and contributions offsetting those services. The table below, for government activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted state entitlements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

#### **Governmental Activities - Continued**

	Total Cost of Services		0		-	Grants/ ntributions	Net Cost of Services		
Instruction	\$	1,378,950	\$	-	\$	393,947	\$	(985,003)	
Adminstrative		343,979		-		57,435		(286,544)	
Support services		747,447		4,355		145,671		(597,421)	
Unallocated:									
Capital outlay		14,396		-		14,396		-	
Amortization of right-of-use								(000 500)	
assets		232,503		-		-		(232,503)	
Total Expenses	\$	2,717,275	\$	4,355	\$	611,449	\$	(2,101,471)	

#### **Business-Type Activity**

The business-type activities of the Charter School are the food service operations. These programs had no revenues and operating expenses for fiscal year 2022.

#### The Charter School's Funds

The Charter School's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$2.56 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$2.71 million.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School amended its General Fund budget as needed. The Charter School uses state-aid and other revenue-based budget. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total budget, but provide flexibility for Charter School management teams.

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenues were \$1.93 million which included a local tax levy of \$1.36 million. Expenditures and other financing uses were budgeted at \$2.24 million. The Charter School anticipated a decrease in fund balance of \$0.31 million. In its fiscal year 2021-2022, actual revenues were \$2.43 million and expenditures and other financing sources were \$2.58 million.

The State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$0.08 million during the year ended June 30, 2022 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members while on-behalf TPAF payments for pension, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance were \$0.39 million. These unbudgeted amounts are included in both revenues and expenditures.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School had none invested in capital assets all in governmental activities.

The table below reflects fiscal year 2022 balances:

			Busi	ness	
	Gov	vernmental	Ту	/pe	
		Activities	Activ	vities	Total
Machinery and Equipment	\$	165,661	\$	-	\$ 165,661
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(165,661)		-	 (165,661)
Totals	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Right-of-Use Assets					

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School had \$1.17 million in right-of-use assets all in governmental activities.

The table below reflects fiscal year 2022 balances:

			Bus	iness	
	Go	vernmental	т	уре	
		Activities	Act	ivities	 Total
Right-of-use Assets	\$	2,319,382	\$	-	\$ 2,319,382
Land and Land Improvements				_	 -
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,146,721)		-	 (1,146,721)
Totals	\$	1,172,661	\$	-	\$ 1,172,661

#### Long-term Liabilities

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Charter School had \$1.43 million of lease liabilities, which are classified as long-term liabilities. The lease liabilities pertain to lease contracts for the Charter School building and copiers.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The State of New Jersey continues to face serious budgetary constraints. These impacts the amount of state aid allocated to charter schools. This reality was taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2021-2022. Nothing was done to compromise the quality of the programs in place in our Charter School during the regular instructional day. The budget was prepared to ensure that all students have the textbooks, materials supplies, equipment and programs they need to meet New Jersey's Core Curriculum Content Standards.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED**

#### Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to reflect the Charter School's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to: Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton, 1255 Main Ave, Clifton, New Jersey 07103.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the government and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expense and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities			ess-type vities	 Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,342,545	\$	-	\$ 1,342,545
Restricted cash		75,000		-	75,000
Security deposit		43,333		-	43,333
Prepaid expenses		44,633		-	44,633
Accounts receivable		384,526		-	 384,526
Total current assets		1,890,037		-	 1,890,037
Capital assets:					
Fixed assets		165,661		-	165,661
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(165,661)		-	 (165,661)
Net capital assets		-		-	 -
Right-of-use assets:					
Right-of-use assets		2,319,382		-	2,319,382
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(1,146,721)		-	 (1,146,721)
Net right-of-use assets		1,172,661		-	 1,172,661
Total assets		3,062,698			 3,062,698
Deferred outflow of resources		8,359	. <u> </u>	-	 8,359
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		161,010		-	161,010
Intergovernmental payable - state		23,058		-	 23,058
Total current liabilities		184,068		-	 184,068
Non-current Liabilities:		000 700			000 700
Due within one year		239,793 1,190,684		-	239,793 1,190,684
Due in more than one year					
Total non-current liabilities		1,430,477		-	 1,430,477
Total liabilities		1,614,545		<u> </u>	 1,614,545
Deferred inflow of resources		104,298		<u>-</u>	 104,298
Net position					
Invested in right-of-use assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		(257,816)		-	(257,816)
Student Activities		16,637		-	16,637
Unrestricted		1,593,393			 1,593,393
Total net position	\$	1,352,214	\$	_	\$ 1,352,214

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Program	Rever	iues			) Revenue and Net Assets		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Totals
Governmental activities:											
Instruction	\$	1,378,950	\$	-	\$	393,947	\$	(985,003)	\$ -	\$	(985,003)
Administrative cost		343,979		-		57,435		(286,544)	-		(286,544)
Support services		747,447		4,355		145,671		(597,421)	-		(597,421)
Unallocated:											
Capital outlay		14,396		-		14,396		-	-		-
Amortization of right-of-use assets		232,503				-	_	(232,503)			(232,503)
Total governmental activities		2,717,275		4,355		611,449		(2,101,471)	-		(2,101,471)
Business-type activities:											
Food Service		-		-		<u> </u>		-			-
Total primary government	\$	2,717,275	\$	4,355	\$	611,449		(2,101,471)			(2,101,471)
	Gei	neral revenue	əs, trai	nsfers and s	pecial	items:					
	Le	ocal sources					\$	1,379,822	-	\$	1,379,822
	S	tate sources						578,547	-		578,547
	M	liscellaneous						2,017			2,017
		Total gene	ral rev	enues, transf	ers an	d special items		1,960,386			1,960,386
		Change	es in ne	et position				(141,085)			(141,085)
	Net	position - beg	ginning	, as reported				1,735,188	-		1,735,188
	Pric	or period adju	stment	s				(241,889)			(241,889)
	Net	position - beg	ginning	, as reported				1,493,299			1,493,299
	Net	position - en	ding (A	-1)			\$	1,352,214	\$	\$	1,352,214

## FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2022

		General Fund		Special evenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,323,164	\$	19,381	\$	1,342,545	
Restricted cash		75,000		-		75,000	
Security deposit		43,333		-		43,333	
Prepaid expense		44,633		-		44,633	
Accounts receivable:							
State		364,274		-		364,274	
Federal		-		20,252		20,252	
Interfund receivables		16,400		(16,400)		-	
Total assets	\$	1,866,804	\$	23,233	\$	1,890,037	
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	154,414	\$	6,596	\$	161,010	
Intergovernmental payables:							
State		23,058		-		23,058	
Total liabilities		177,472		6,596		184,068	
Fund balances:							
Restricted:							
Student activities		-		16,637		16,637	
Assigned		75,230		-		75,230	
Unassigned		1,614,102		-		1,614,102	
Total fund balances		1,689,332		16,637		1,705,969	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,866,804	\$	23,233			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:							
Capital assets and right-of-use assets used in governmenta financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	l activitie:	s are not					
	Cos	t of capital ass	ets		\$	165,661	
		umulated depre			Ŷ	(165,661)	
	7100		oolation			-	
	Rigl	nt-of-use assets	s			2,319,382	
	-	umulated amor				(1,146,721)	
						1,172,661	
Deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources and amor	tized						
in the statement of activities		erred amounts	of net pe	nsion liability		(95,939)	
Long-term liabilities, including lease liabilities and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.						(/ /	
	Lea	se liabilities				(1,430,477)	
Net position of governmental activities - A-1					\$	1,352,214	

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
Revenues			
Local Sources:			
Local tax levy	\$ 1,379,822	\$-	\$ 1,379,822
Miscellaneous	2,017	4,355	6,372
Total revenues - local sources	1,381,839	4,355	1,386,194
Federal sources	-	115,795	115,795
State sources	1,044,088	14,396	1,058,484
Total revenues	2,425,927	134,546	2,560,473
Expenditures			
Current expense:			
Regular instruction	757,752	79,618	837,370
Support services and undistributed costs:	057.000	07 000	004.005
Student and instruction-related services	257,603	37,032	294,635
Other administrative services School administrative services	225,236 19,785	-	225,236 19,785
	183,712	-	183,712
Plant operations and maintenance Personal services - employee benefits	835,154	-	835,154
Capital outlay		14,396	14,396
	0.070.040	. <u></u>	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	2,279,242	131,046	2,410,288
Excess of revenue over expenses	146,685	3,500	150,185
Other financing sources (uses):			
Principal payment on leases	(216,576)	-	(216,576)
Interest payment on leases	(80,445)		(80,445)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(297,021)		(297,021)
Net change in fund balances	(150,336)	3,500	(146,836)
Fund balances at beginning of the year	1,839,668	13,137	1,852,805
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 1,689,332</u>	\$ 16,637	\$ 1,705,969

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (B-2)		\$ (146,836)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the period. Additionally, in the Statement of Activities gains or (losses) are recognized upon disposition.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Amortization expense	(232,503)
Repayment of capital lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and are not reported in the Statement of Activities.	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	216,576
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, e.g., compensated absences (vacation) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used (paid). When the earned amounts exceeds the paid amount, the difference is a reduction in the reconciliation, when the paid amount, exceeds the earned amount the difference is an addition to the reconciliation	Donaion ocoto	21 679
	Pension costs	 21,678
Change in net position of governmental activities (A-2)		\$ (141,085)

## **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF CLIFTON

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton (the "Charter School") is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>:

The Charter School is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The school is governed by an independent Board of Trustees, which consists of parents, founders and other community representatives in accordance with its charter, which was appointed by the State Department of Education. An administrator is appointed by the board and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School.

### B. <u>Component Units</u>

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School management. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Charter School. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Charter School has no component units.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Charter School have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standardsetting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Charter School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise fund unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the Charter School's accounting policies are described below:

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> - Continued

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. Certain of the significant changes in the financial statements include the following:

The financial statements include:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Charter School's overall financial position and results of operations.
- ii) Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Charter School's activities.
- iii) A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements).

#### D. Basic Financial Statements

The Charter School's basic financial statements consist of Charter School or government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School at fiscal yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental and business-type activities. The governmental activities generally are financed through federal and state awards, taxes and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> – CONTINUED

#### D. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u> - Continued

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements of the Charter School are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Charter School.

The Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at a more detailed level.

### E. <u>Governmental Funds</u>

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Charter School and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay sub-fund.

- As required by the New Jersey Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.
- 2) Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey aid and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of ground, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to current expense by board resolution.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### E. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Continued

**Special Revenue Fund -** The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

**Capital Projects Fund -** The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. As of June 30, 2022, there was no Capital Projects Fund.

**Debt Service Fund -** The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal and interest on, bonds issued to finance major property acquisitions, construction, and improvement programs. As of June 30, 2022, there was no debt service fund.

## F. Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Funds' measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to business in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School:

#### **Enterprise Funds:**

The Enterprise Fund are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Charter School is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods and services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### F. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> - Continued

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and unreserved retained earnings, if applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

#### Internal Service (Self-Insurance) Fund:

The Self-Insurance Fund is used to cover the self-insured limits of the various insurance policies for all funds. Charter School does not use self-insurance fund.

#### G. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are classified as follows:

Trust Fund. Accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the Charter School's own programs. Three trust fund types discussed below are used to account for resources held and administered by the Charter School when it is acting in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governmental units. These funds are distinguished from custodial funds generally by the existence of a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

- a) Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust. Accounts for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of various employee benefit plans.
- b) Investment Trust Fund. Accounts for the portion of investment pools reported by the sponsoring district.
- c) Private Purpose Trust Fund. Accounts for all other trust arrangements, such as a scholarship fund to benefit individual students.

Custodial Fund. Accounts for resources held by the Charter School in a purely custodial capacity that involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Charter School must maintain the financial integrity of the individual agencies through a separate accounting of each activity for which the Charter School is acting as an agent. Custodial funds would include parent-teacher organizations.

The Charter School do not have fiduciary activity for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### H. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

**Measurement Focus -** Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. Expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spend able financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is classified as net position.

**Basis of Accounting -** In the government-wide statement of net position and statements of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i. e. the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available.

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## I. <u>Budgets/Budgetary Control</u>

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared prior to July 1, for the General Fund. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A. 2(m)1. All budget amendments must be approved by the State Department of Education. Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the Special Revenue Fund as noted below.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The accounting records of special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognized encumbrances as expenditures and also recognized the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow of the presentation of GAAP basis financial report. As presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General, Special Revenue Fund and Debt Service Funds to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Statements of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General in the Statements of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General, Special Revenue Fund and Debt Service Funds to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Statements of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

## J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

## Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and cash equivalents includes amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure - continued

Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB Statement No. 40 replaces in part, and otherwise modifies the prior GASB Statement No. 3, in addressing the requirements for disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments. Custodial credit risk disclosures are limited to deposits that are not covered by depository insurance and are (a) uncollateralized; (b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name. Investment securities that are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either (a) the counterparty or (b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

#### Deposits

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter Schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows: The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%. All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## J. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity</u> - Continued

#### Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal national Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.
- d. New Jersey Cash Management Fund, New Jersey Arbitrage Rebate Management Fund and MBIA CLASS.

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School did not hold any investments.

## Risk Category

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. Although GASB Statement No. 40 eliminated Categories 1 and 2 as previously established by GASB Statement No. 3, it maintained, with modification, the level-of-disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

As of June 30, 2022, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute "deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 3 and modified by GASB Statement No. 40, and as such, are deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name, both at year-end and throughout the year.

The Charter School does not have a policy for the management of the custodial risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

## Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as expenditure during the year of purchase.

There was a prepaid expense of \$44,633 as of June 30, 2022.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Interfund Assets/Liabilities

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from shortterm Interfund loans are classified as Interfund Receivable/Payable. Interfund balanced within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the government-wide Statements of Net Position.

## Fixed Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Charter School as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation based for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the governmental fund capital assets.

Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method.

	Estimated Useful
Asset Class	Lives
School Building, if owned	50 years
Building Improvement	20 years
Electrical/Plumbing	30 years
Office and Computer Equipment	5-10 years

## Right-of-Use Assets

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized over the lease term or the life of the asset, whichever is shorter.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, pensions are recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting, regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Charter School recognizes a net pension liability for each gualified pension plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the qualified pension plan, measured as of the Charter School's fiscal year-end or the Charter School's proportionate share thereof in the case of a cost-sharing multi-employer plan. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience, are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants, including retirees, in the respective qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they arose. Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

## Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue in special revenue fund represent cash that has been received but not yet earned.

## Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements. All payable, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the enterprises fund are reported and the enterprises fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from currents financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, contractually required pension contributions and compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payments during the current year.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### J. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity</u> - Continued

#### Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives).

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, reported after total assets, represents a reduction of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) at that time. Deferred inflows of resources, reported after total liabilities, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the Charter School-wide governmental activities pertain to pensions.

## Fund Balance and Equity

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Charter School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

*Restricted* fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law or Education Law.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Fund Balance and Equity - Continued

*Committed* fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision-making authority. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain designations established and approved by the entity's governing board.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. This classification will include amounts designated for balancing the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

*Unassigned* fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Charter School's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### Net Position

Net Position on the Statement of Net Position include the following:

**Investments in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt** - the component of net asset there reports the differences between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### J. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - Continued

#### Net Position - continued

**Restricted for Specific Purposes** – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the certain programs that consist of assets with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and /or enabling legislation.

**Restricted for Debt Service** – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by creditors.

**Unrestricted** - the difference between the assets and liabilities that is not reported in Net Position Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt, Net Position Restricted for Specific Purposes or Net Position Restricted for Debt Services.

#### Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents the amount of fund capital contributed to the proprietary funds from other funds.

#### K. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods, without equivalent flows of assets in return. Interfund borrowings are reflected as "Due from/to Other Funds" on the accompanying financial statements. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

## L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the recorded amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### M. Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

The Charter School recognizes the effect of income tax positions only of those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. Management has determined that the Charter School had no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition. The Charter School is no longer subject to audits by the applicable taxing jurisdictions for tax periods prior to 2019.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### N. On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payment made by the State of New Jersey for Pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund, and for post-retirement medical benefits of members. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

#### O. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is February 28, 2023.

## NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

#### A. Accounting Pronouncement Adopted During the Year

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases establishes a uniform approach for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. In accordance with the statement, parties to a lease agreement, the lessee and lessor, are required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (a capital asset hereinafter referred to as the lease asset), and a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources, respectively. The new leases standard also requires enhanced disclosure which include a general description of the leasing arrangement, the aggregated amount of resource inflows and outflows recognized from lease contracts, including those not included in the measurement of the lease liability and receivable, and the disclosure of the long-term effect of lease arrangements on a government's resources.

As a result of adopting the new standard, the charter school-wide financial statements reflected a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle to recognize the right-of-use assets, net of \$1,371,327 and lease liability of \$1,613,216, which caused a restatement to decrease the net position at July 1, 2021 of \$241,889. Additional disclosures of the Charter School's implementation with respect to Statement No. 87 are included in Notes to the Financial Statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### A. Accounting Pronouncement Adopted During the Year - Continued

GASB Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The Charter School adopted Statement No. 98 during fiscal year 2022 and changed all reporting references to ACFR. This adoption did not have an effect on the Charter School's net position at July 1, 2021.

Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, addresses practice issues that were identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The Statement addresses a variety of topics including Leases, Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets, Assets Accumulated for Defined Benefit Postemployment Benefits, Fiduciary Activities, Asset Retirement Obligations, Reinsurance Recoveries, Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements, and Derivative Instruments. The adoption of Statement No. 92 had no impact on the Charter School's current accounting practices nor its financial reporting.

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates establishes accounting and reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBOR) such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) for hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for certain hedging derivative instruments. The Charter School do not have transactions that transacts using IBOR therefore, the adoption of Statement No. 93 had no impact on the Charter School's current accounting practices nor its financial reporting.

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans clarifies component unit criteria for a potential component unit in the absence of a governing board in determining financial accountability; limits the applicability of financial burden criteria in paragraph 7 of GASB Statement No.84; and classifies Section 457 Deferred Compensation plans as either a pension plan or other employee benefit plan. The adoption of Statement No. 97 had no impact on the Charter School's current accounting practices nor its financial reporting.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONTINUED

### B. Accounting Pronouncements Issued but not Yet Adopted

GASB has issued the following pronouncements that may affect future financial position, results of operations, cash flows, or financial presentation of the Charter School upon implementation. Management has not yet evaluated the effect of implementation of these standards.

GASB		Effective
Statement No.	GASB Accounting Standard	Fiscal Year
91	Conduit Debt Obligations	2023
94	Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements	2023
96	Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	2023
99	Omnibus 2022	2024
100	Accounting Changes and Error Corrections— an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62	2024
101	Compensated Absences	2024

# NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Charter School's cash and cash equivalents are classified below to inform financial statement users about the extent to which the Charter School's deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits and investments are as follows:

	General	neral Special		
	Fund	Fund	Total	
Operating Account Restricted cash	\$ 1,323,164 75,000	\$    19,381 	\$ 1,342,545 75,000	
Total	\$ 1,398,164	\$ 19,381	\$ 1,417,545	

Operating cash accounts are held in the Charter School's name by several banking institutions. At June 30, 2022, the Charter School's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,417,545 and the bank balance was \$1,456,084. Of the bank balance, up to a maximum of \$250,000 of the Charter School's cash deposits on June 30, 2022 were secured by federal deposit insurance and \$1,206,084 covered by a collateral pool maintained by the bank as required by New Jersey statutes in accordance with the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA").

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -CONTINUED

#### Restricted Cash

The Charter School has established and funded an Escrow Account pursuant to an agreement signed with the New Jersey Department of Education. The required minimum is \$75,000, which is fully funded at June 30, 2022. The agreement stipulates that the intended use of the escrow amount is "to pay for legal and audit expenses and any other outstanding pension benefits that would be associated with a dissolution should it occur."

## NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	eginning Balance	Net Additior (Deletions)		Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:				 
Cost				
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 165,661	\$	-	\$ 165,661
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 165,661		_	 165,661
Capital assets, net	\$ 	\$	_	\$ <u> </u>

# NOTE 5 LEASES

A lease is defined as a contractual agreement that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset, for a minimum contractual period of greater than one year, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The Charter School leases a significant amount of nonfinancial asset such as building. The related obligations are presented in the amounts equal to the present value of lease payments, payable during the remaining lease term. As a lessee, the associated right-of-use assets as of June 30, 2022 on the government-wide Statement of Net Position is as follow:

Governmental Activities	E	Beginning Balance	 Additions eletions)	Ending Balance
Right-of-use assets being depreciated: School building	\$	2,285,545	\$ -	\$ 2,285,545
Copiers		-	33,837	 33,837
Total Less: Accumulated amortization Right-of-use assets, net	\$	2,285,545 (914,218) 1,371,327	\$ 33,837 (232,503) (198,666)	\$ 2,319,382 (1,146,721) 1,172,661

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 5 <u>LEASES</u> - CONTINUED

The amortization of right-of-use assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, recognized in the Charter School-wide statement of activities amounted to \$232,503.

The lease liabilities as of June 30, 2022 recognized in the Charter School-wide statement of financial position amounted to \$1,430,477.

The Charter School did not incur expenses related to its leasing activities related to residual value guarantees, lease termination penalties or losses due to impairment. As a lessee, there are currently no agreements that include sale-leaseback and lease-leaseback transactions.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Charter School determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The Charter School uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate when available. In the absence of the lessor's interest rate, the Charter School uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease, limited to the Charter School's charter license term. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and any purchase option price that the Charter School is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Charter School monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the right-of-use asset and lease liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liabilities.

Furthermore, the Charter School has no commitment for leases that have not commenced as of June 30, 2022.

## NOTE 6 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Non-current liabilities at June 30, 2022 is as follow:

	Balance			Balance	Due within
Non-current Liabilities	July 1, 2021	Additions	Retired	June 30, 2022	One Year
Governmental Activities Net pension liability	\$ 78,872	\$-	\$ 78,872	\$-	\$-
Lease liabilities	1,613,216	33,837	216,576	1,430,477	239,793
	\$ 1,692,088	\$ 33,837	\$ 295,448	\$ 1,430,477	\$ 239,793

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 6 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES -CONTINUED

#### Lease Liabilities

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School's minimum principal and interest payment requirements for its leasing activities with a remaining term in excess of one year, is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Principal		lı	nterest	 Total
2023	\$ 239,793	\$		69,142	\$ 308,935
2024	261,846			56,241	318,087
2025	285,438			41,853	327,291
2026	310,544			26,340	336,884
2027	 332,856	_		9,520	 342,376
Total	\$ 1,430,477	\$		203,096	\$ 1,633,573

## NOTE 7 <u>NET POSITION</u>

As of June 30, 2022, governmental activities net position consisted of the following components:

# INVESTMENT IN RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, <u>NET OF RELATED DEBT</u>

Right-of-use assets, net	\$ 1,172,661
Less: Long-term obligations	(1,430,477)
	(257,816)
RESTRICTED Student Activity Fund	16,637
UNRESTRICTED Net position not restricted above	1,593,393
NET POSITION	\$ 1,352,214

Business-type activities net position did not have any capital assets or restrictions.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS

#### A. <u>Description of Plans</u>

All eligible employees of the Charter School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) which have been established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the PERS and the TPAF. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

## i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

The Public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, Charter School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, Charter School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

## ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established in January 1, 1995, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State. The Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the Charter School and the systems other related non-contributing employers. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

#### B. Vesting and Benefit Provisions

The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 4303B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined. Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

## C. Significant Legislation

Two pieces of legislation passed during fiscal year 2001 having significant impact on the benefit provisions under PERS and TPAF. Chapter 133, P.L.2001, increases retirement benefits for service, deferred and early retirements by changing the formula from 1/60 to 1/55 of final compensation for each year of service. The legislation also increases the retirement benefit for veteran member with 35 years or more of service and reduces age qualification from 60 to 55. The legislation further provides that existing retirees and beneficiaries would also receive a comparable percentage increase in their retirement allowance. The benefit enhancements are effective with the November 1, 2001 benefit checks. Chapter 120, P.L 2001, established an additional retirement option for plan members. Under the new option, a retiree's actuarially reduced allowance (to provide a benefit to the retiree's beneficiary upon the death of the retiree) would "pop-up" to the maximum retirement allowance if the beneficiary predeceases the retiree.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 <u>PENSION PLANS</u> - CONTINUED

#### C. Significant Legislation - Continued

Chapter 4, P.L 2001 provides increased benefit to certain members of PERS who retired prior to December 29, 1989 with at least 25 years of creditable service. The maximum amount of the increase is 5 percent the retiree's final compensation. For those with 30 or more years of service, the total pension would increase from 65 to 71 percent of final compensation. Due to the enactment of 1997 legislation, Chapter 114, P.L. 1997 and Chapter 115, P.L 1997, the State of New Jersey's portion of the unfunded accrued liability under each retirement system was eliminated. In addition, excess valuation assets were available to fund, in full or in part, the State of New Jersey's normal contribution from 1997 to 2001, excluding the contribution for post-retirement medical benefits in the PERS and TPAF.

#### D. <u>Contribution Requirement</u>

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation with the amount of contributions by the State of New Jersey contingent upon the Annual Appropriations Act. As defined, the retirement systems require employee contributions based on 7.06% for PERS and 7.06% for TPAF of the employee's annual compensation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustment, noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the Charter School is a non-contributing employer of the TPAF. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Charter School.

The Charter School's did not have any required PERS contribution for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The State of New Jersey was required to contribute for TPAF on-behalf of the Charter School, for normal cost pension and accrued liability contributions (including non-contributory group life insurance (NCGI)) and post-retirement medical contribution amounting to \$389,812 In addition, the State of New Jersey also contributed \$272 for TPAF LTDI for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 <u>PENSION PLANS</u> - CONTINUED

#### D. <u>Contribution Requirement</u> - Continued

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the State of New Jersey reimbursed the Charter School \$75,457 during the year ended June 30, 2022 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries.

The PERS contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure. The on-behalf TPAF contribution and social contribution for TPAF members are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure.

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2022, the Charter School reported in the Charter School-wide statement of net position a liability of zero for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the ration of contributions as an individual employer to the total contributions to the PERS as of June 30, 2021 measurement date. The results of the June 30, 2021 measurement date was used to determine pension values for fiscal year 2022 as allowed by GASB Statement No. 68.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) – continued

At June 30, 2021 measurement date, the Charter School's proportionate share was 0.0% which is a decrease from the proportionate share of 0.0004836603% at June 30, 2020 measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognized pension expenses (income) of \$21,678. The Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	De	eferred	0	Deferred
	O	Outflows		Inflows
	of R	esources	of F	Resources
Change in proportion and differences				
between Charter School contributions				
and proportionate share contributions	\$	8,359	\$	104,298

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Year Ending
	June 30
2023	(\$26,918)
2024	(27,814)
2025	(19,479)
2026	(13,697)
Thereafter	(8,031)

Actuarial assumptions. The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 <u>PENSION PLANS</u> - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Inflation rate	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary increases	
Through 2026	2.00% – 6.00% based on years of service
Thereafter	3.00% – 7.00% based on years of service
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021 measurement date) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 measurement date, are summarized in the following table:

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
High yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment grade credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	3.35%
Total	100.00%	

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7% as of June 30, 2021 measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions from local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of all current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 <u>PENSION PLANS</u> - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### i. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - continued

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33, the employer contributions for the Charter School is legally required to be funded by the State. This is considered to be a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 <u>PENSION PLANS</u> - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

As such, there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognized pension expense and related revenue of \$54,635 in the Charter School-wide financial statements for its proportionate share in the special funding support provided by the State for its TPAF members. The results of the June 30, 2021 measurement date were used to determine pension values for fiscal year 2022 as allowed by GASB Statement No. 68.

The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School was based on the ratio on the State's contribution as an employer and nonemployer towards the actuarially determined contribution amount adjusted by locations who participated in the State early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF for the June 30, 2021 and 2020 measurement dates, respectively. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable to Charter School was 0.0048297125% and 0.0055993015%, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary increases	
Through 2026	1.55% – 4.45% based on years of service
Thereafter	2.75% - 5.65% based on years of service
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality were based on Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, ad with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### ii. Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. In accordance with the State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021 measurement date) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 measurement date, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
High yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment grade credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	3.35%
Total	100.00%	-

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 8 <u>PENSION PLANS</u> - CONTINUED

#### E. GASB 68 Disclosures - Continued

#### ii. Teachers Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) - continued

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0% June 30, 2021 measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of all current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability. The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	<u>\$2,752,377</u>	<u>\$ 2,321,893</u>	<u>\$1,968,384</u>

## NOTE 9 <u>POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

The State of New Jersey Provides post-retirement (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2020, the State paid PRM benefits for 143,053 State and local retirees.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 9 <u>POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u> - CONTINUED

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan - continued

The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2020, the State contributed \$1.578 billion to pay for pay-as-you-go PRM benefit costs incurred by covered retirees. The State's "pay as-you-go" contributions have decreased from Fiscal Year 2019 amounts. Reductions are attributable to various cost savings initiatives implemented by the State, including new Medicare Advantage contracts. The State has appropriated \$1.775 billion in Fiscal Year 2021 as the State's contribution to fund pay-as-you-go PRM costs.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. The Fiscal Year 2020 total State OPEB liability to provide these benefits is \$65.5 billion, a decrease of \$10.5 billion or 13.8 percent from the \$76.0 billion liability recorded in Fiscal Year 2019.

Additional information on Pensions and OPEB can be accessed at state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

#### Total OPEB Liability

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The Charter School's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the Charter School did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position.

Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of education/board of trustees. Note that actual numbers will be published in the NJ State CAFR at https://www.nj.gov/treasury/omb/cafr.shtml

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 9 <u>POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u> - CONTINUED

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Infllation rate

_	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS		
Salary increases:					
Through 2026	1.55% - 4.45%		3.25% - 15.25%		
	based on years	based on years	based on years		
	of service	of service	of service		
Thereafter	1.55% - 4.45%	3.00% - 7.00%	Applied to all		
	based on years	based on years	future years		

2.50%

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcountweighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disables retirees. Future disabled retirees was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS), and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcountweighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disables retirees. Future disabled retirees was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS), and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcountweighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial studies for periods July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2018, July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2018, and July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 for TPAF, PERS and PFRS, respectively.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

(a) Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend is initially is 5.6% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rate for fiscal year 2022 through 2023 are reflected. For PPO, the trend is initially 5.74% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 12.93% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to 4.5% after 11 years. The assumed post-65 medical trend is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 6.75% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicate Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

#### (b) Discount rate

The discount rate for used for June 30, 2021 measurement dates was 2.16%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes taxexempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

Changes in the Total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees

Balance at 6/30/20 measurement date		1,741,392
Changes for the year		
Service cost		190,305
Interest		55,411
Change of benefit terms		(2,274)
Differences between expected		
and actual experience		191,323
Changes in assumptions and		
other inputs		2,107
Benefit payments		(43,648)
Contributions from the member		1,417
Net Change		394,641
Balance at 6/30/21 measurement date	\$	2,136,033

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	 1% Decrease (1.16%)	Current count Rate (2.16%)	 1% Increase (3.16%)
Changes in the State's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School retirees	\$ 2,558,632	\$ 2,136,033	\$ 1,803,261

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for Charter School retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for the Charter School retirees would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Health Cost Trend					
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1?	% Increase
Changes in the State's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School retirees	\$	1,729,126	\$	2,136,033	\$	2,682,479

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognize OPEB revenue and expense of \$277,067 as determined by the State as the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75 and in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASBS No. 75, the Charter School's proportionate share of school retirees OPEB is zero, there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

# NOTE 9 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS – CONTINUED

At June 30, 2022, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired Charter School employees' OPEB from the following sources:

	(	Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and	\$	362,351	\$ 229,176
actual experience		321,997	641,061
Changes in proportion		668,324	 30,710
	\$	1,352,672	\$ 900,947

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB of retired Charter School employees will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Y	ear Ended
		June 30
2023	\$	46,977
2024		46,977
2025		46,977
2026		46,977
2027		51,429
Thereafter		212,388

## NOTE 10 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Charter School offered its employees a choice of the following deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service 403(b). The Plan is administered by AXA Equity, Inc. permits participants to defer apportion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plan are not available to employees until termination, death or unforeseeable emergency.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss relates to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

## A. Property and Liability Insurance

The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (Unaudited) of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Schedule J-20).

## B. <u>New Jersey Unemployment Compensation</u>

The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund For benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

## NOTE 12 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Amount reported in the governmental funds as interfund receivable and payable from/to other governmental funds are eliminated in the governmental activities column. The remaining internal receivable and payable between the governmental funds and enterprise fund have been eliminated in the total Charter School-wide Statement of Net Asset.

At June 30, 2022, the interfund balances consisted of the following components:

	RECE	EIVABLE (PA)	(ABLE)
		Special	
	General Fund	Revenue Fund	Enterprise Fund
General fund	\$ 16,400	\$ (16,400)	\$ -
GASB No 34 mandated eliminations within governmental activities	(16,400)	16,400	
Net interfund balances reported as follows: Entity-wide (eliminated in total column)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## NOTE 13 CONTINGENCIES

## State and Federal Aid Receipts

State and Federal awards are generally subject to review by the responsible governmental agencies for compliance with the agencies regulations governing the aid. In the opinion of the Charter School's management and legal counsel, any potential adjustments to the Federal or State aid recorded by the Charter School through June 30, 2022, resulting from a review by a responsible government agency will not have a material effect on the Charter School financial statements at June 30, 2022.

## NOTE 14 COVID-19 PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY

On June 4, 2021, Governor Murphy signed legislation (A5820/S3866) and Executive Order No. 244 ending of the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency that has been in place since March 9, 2020. Under the legislation, the majority of executive orders issued pursuant to the Public Health Emergency expired 30 days from the approval date. The legislation allows for the termination of the Public Health Emergency while also allowing the Administration to retain the tools necessary to manage the ongoing threat posed by the pandemic. Specifically, the Administration is authorized to issue orders, directives, and waivers under the authority in the Emergency Health Powers Act that are related to vaccination efforts; testing; health resource and personnel allocation; data collection, retention, sharing, and access; coordination of local health departments; and implementation of any CDC recommendations to prevent the transmission of COVID-19. This authority lasts until January 11, 2022, and can be extended for 90 days with the passage of a concurrent resolution by the Legislature.

With the end of the Public Health Emergency, full-time school operations was restored in New Jersey beginning September 2021.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

PART II

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES** 

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

-	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Revenues					
Local Sources: Local tax levy Miscellaneous	\$    1,358,432	\$ -	\$    1,358,432	\$ 1,379,822 2,017	\$ 21,390 2,017
Total - Local Sources	1,358,432		1,358,432	1,381,839	23,407
State Sources:					
Categorical special education aid Equalization aid	24,037 520,971	-	24,037 520,971	24,037 529,174	- 8,203
Categorical security aid	25,084	-	25,084	25,336	252 315.985
On-behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - normal cost (non-budgeted) On-behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - post-retirement	-	-	-	315,985	,
medical (non-budgeted) On-behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - long-term disability	-	-	-	73,827	73,827
insurance (non-budgeted)	-	-	-	272	272
Reimbursed T.P.A.F. social security contributions (non-budgeted) Total - State Sources	570,092		570,092	75,457	<u>75,457</u> 473,996
Total Revenues	1,928,524		1,928,524	2,425,927	497,403
Funda a diference			<u> </u>	i	<u>.</u>
Expenditures Current Expense:					
Regular Programs - Instruction:	000.000	44.057	744 077	700.000	0.054
Grades 6-8 - salaries of teachers	669,620	41,657	711,277	708,626	2,651
Regular Programs - Undistributed Instruction: Other salaries for instruction	22,750	(12,657)	10,093	4,320	5,773
Purchased professional - educational services Other purchased services (400-500 Series)	9,600 10,510	(3,486) (10,510)	6,114	893	5,221
General supplies	28,988	(12,923)	- 16,065	- 16,065	-
Textbooks Miscellaneous	81,626 3,396	(51,418) 5,657	30,208 9,053	19,460 8,388	10,748 665
Total Regular Programs - Instruction	826,490	(43,680)	782,810	757,752	25,058
Undistributed Expenditures - Health Services:		<u> </u>			
Salaries		49,454	49,454	49,454	
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Health Services		49,454	49,454	49,454	
Undistributed Expenditures - Child Study Team: Salaries of other professional staff		64,907	64,907	64,907	
Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - General Administration:	400.000	(10.070)	107.010	100.000	
Salaries Other purchased professional services	180,092 3,984	(42,279) 11,843	137,813 15,827	130,269 15,827	7,544
Legal services	36,000	(6,630)	29,370	29,038	332
Audit Fees Communications/telephone	- 14,427	20,000 (6,238)	20,000 8,189	20,000 6,530	- 1,659
Miscellaneous purchased services (400-500)	34,963	(27,386)	7,577	7,219	358
General supplies Miscellaneous expenditures	477 12,957	2,190 2,589	2,667 15,546	2,545 13,808	122 1,738
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - General Administration	282,900	(45,911)	236,989	225,236	11,753
Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - School Administration:		<u> </u>			
Salaries of Principals / Assistant Principals	05 202	(05.202)			
Salaries of secretarial and clerical assistants Purchased professional and technical services	95,303 88,519	(95,303) (78,822)	- 9,697	- 9,310	- 387
Other purchased services (400-500 Series)	25,097	(14,622)	10,475	10,475	
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Support Services - School Administration	208,919	(188,747)	20,172	19,785	387
Undistributed Expenditures - Central Services:		70.040	70.040	70.040	
Salaries Miscellaneous purchased services (400-500 Series)		78,242 65,000	78,242 65,000	78,242 65,000	
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Central Services		143,242	143,242	143,242	
Custodial Services:					
Salaries	5,000	52,418	57,418	55,746	1,672
Cleaning, repair, and maintenance services Rental of land and building other than lease purchase agreement	7,500	18,919 -	26,419	18,800	7,619
Insurance	41,748	110	41,858	33,734	8,124
General supplies Energy	9,000 41,624	(529) 1,871	8,471 43,495	7,783 43,197	688 298
Other objects	(15,237)	40,083	24,846	24,452	394
Total Undistributed Expenditures - Custodial Services	89,635	112,872	202,507	183,712	18,795
Unallocated Benefits - Employee Benefits:	_				
Group Insurance Social Security contributions	240,000	(240,000) 21,000	- 21,000	- 13,284	- 7,716
Unemployment compensation	-	12,000	12,000	6,000	6,000
Health benefits	308,252	101,948	410,200	350,329	59,871
Total Unallocated Benefits - Employee Benefits	548,252	(105,052)	443,200	369,613	73,587

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
On-behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - normal cost (non-budgeted) On-behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - post-retirement	-	-	-	315,985	(315,985)
medical (non-budgeted) On-behalf T.P.A.F. pension contributions - long-term disability	-	-	-	73,827	(73,827)
insurance (non-budgeted) Reimbursed T.P.A.F. social security contributions (non-budgeted)				272 75,457	(272) (75,457)
Total On-behalf Contributions				465,541	(465,541)
Total Personal Services - Employee Benefits	548,252	(105,052)	443,200	835,154	(391,954)
Total Undistributed Expenditures	1,129,706	30,765	1,160,471	1,521,490	(361,019)
Total General Current Expense	1,956,196	(12,915)	1,943,281	2,279,242	(335,961)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(27,672)	12,915	(14,757)	146,685	161,442
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Principal payments on leases	(203,661)	(12,915)	(216,576)	(216,576)	-
Interest payments on leases	(80,445)		(80,445)	(80,445)	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(284,106)	(12,915)	(297,021)	(297,021)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(311,778)	<u> </u>	(311,778)	(150,336)	161,442
Fund Balances at beginning of year	1,839,668	<u> </u>	1,839,668	1,839,668	<u> </u>
Fund Balances at end of year	<u>\$ 1,527,890</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,527,890</u>	<u>\$ 1,689,332</u>	<u>\$ 161,442</u>
Recapitulation: Assigned:					
Year-End Encumbrances				\$ 75,230	
Unassigned				1,614,102	
Reconciliation to Governmental Funds Statements (GAAP):				1,689,332	
Fiscal Year 2022 Last State Aid Payments not Recognized on GAAP Basis					
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds (GAAP)				<u>\$ 1,689,332</u>	

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues					
Local	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,355	\$ 4,355
State	14,396	-	14,396	14,396	-
Federal	302,725		302,725	115,795	(186,930)
Total revenues - all sources	317,121		317,121	134,546	(182,575)
Expenditures					
Current Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Purchased professional and technical services	77,933	-	77,933	36,839	41,094
Other purchased services	25,000	-	25,000	-	25,000
Supplies and materials	55,343		55,343	42,779	12,564
Total instruction	158,276		158,276	79,618	78,658
Support services:					
Purchased services	108,510	-	108,510	36,177	72,333
Supplies and materials	15,000	-	15,000	-	15,000
Benefits	20,940	-	20,940	-	20,940
Student activities		-		855	(855)
Total support services	144,450		144,450	37,032	107,418
Total Expenses	302,725	<u> </u>	302,725	116,650	186,075
Capital Outlay:					
Noninstructional equipment	14,396		14,396	14,396	
Total facilities acquisition and construction services	14,396		14,396	14,396	
Excess revenues over expenditures			<u> </u>	3,500	3,500
Fund Balance at beginning of year				13,137	
i und balance at beginning of year					
Fund Balance at end of year				\$ 16,637	

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART II

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY GAAP RECONCILIATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures		 General Fund		Special Revenue Fund
Sources/inflows of resources				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule:	[C-1]	\$ 2,425,927	[C-2]	134,546
Difference - budget to GAAP: Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.		-		-
Last State aid payment recognized for budgetary purposes only.		-		-
General Fund contribution to Early Childhood Program Aid.		 -		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditure and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	es [ <b>B-2</b> ]	 2,425,927	[B-2]	134,546
Uses/outflows of resources				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]	2,576,263	[C-2]	131,046
Differences - budget to GAAP Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.		-		-
Transfers to and from other funds are presented as outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Net transfer (outflows) to general fund		 		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	[B-2]	\$ 2,576,263	[B-2]	<u>\$ 131,046</u>

Note A -The general fund budget basis of the use/outflow of resources is GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# PART III

# SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR PENSIONS (GASB 68)

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE

SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PERS

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

							F	- iscal Year En	ded J	une 30,					
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.00	00000000%	0.0	004836603%	0.0	004502905%	0.00	006465416%	0.0	006544737%	0.0	004576841%	0.0	053388740%	NA
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	-	\$	78,872	\$	81,136	\$	127,301	\$	152,351	\$	135,553	\$	119,847	NA
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$	187,980	\$	255,824	\$	-	\$	22,001	\$	10,668	\$	22,001	\$	40,668	NA
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0%		31%		0.00%		578.61%		1428.11%		616.12%		294.70%	NA
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.33%		58.32%		42.00%		53.60%		48.10%		40.14%		38.21%	NA

<sup>(1)</sup> The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS)

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years <sup>(1)</sup>

						F	iscal Y	ear Ended June	30,			
	2022		2021		 2020	 2019		2018		2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	5,291	\$ 4,380	\$ 6,431	\$	6,063	\$	4,066	\$ 4,590	\$ 4,901
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution				(5,291)	 (4,380)	 (6,431)		(6,342)		(4,066)	 (4,590)	 (4,901)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	(279)	\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>
Charter School's covered-employee payroll	\$	187,980	\$	255,824	\$ -	\$ 22,001	\$	10,668	\$	22,001	\$ 40,668	\$ 38,052
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%		2.07%	0.00%	29.23%		56.83%		18.48%	11.29%	12.88%

<sup>(1)</sup> The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

								Fiscal Yea	ır Enc	ded June 30,			
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0	0048297125%	0.	.0055993015%	0	.0056986123%	0.	0061357129%		0.0058319069%	0.0050558025%	0.0047887990%	0.00445986%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,321,893	\$	3,687,073	\$	3,497,292	\$	3,903,409	\$	3,932,082	\$ 3,977,216	\$ 3,026,725	\$ 2,435,742
Charter School's covered-employee payroll		\$966,202	\$	684,311	\$	712,544	\$	454,742	\$	605,664	\$ 580,423	\$ 583,342	\$ 557,866
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		240.31%		538.80%		490.82%		858.38%		649.22%	685.23%	518.86%	436.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		35.52%		24.60%		26.95%		26.49%		25.41%	22.83%	28.71%	33.64%

<sup>(1)</sup> The Charter School implemented GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension in fiscal year 2015. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2015.

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART III

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

*Change in benefit terms.* There was no change in the benefit terms.

*Change in assumptions.* The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability did not change at 7.00%.

## Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

*Change in assumptions.* The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 5.40% to 7.00% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 68.

The discount rate of 7.00% (5.40% in prior measurement date) at the June 30, 2021 measurement date was based on the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% (78% in prior measurement date) of the actuarially determined contributions for the State.

## Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)

Change in benefit terms. There is no change in the benefit terms.

*Change in assumptions.* The calculation of the discount rate used to measure the total nonemployer OPEB liability is dependent upon the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond index rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 2.21% to 2.16% in the current measurement date. This change in the discount rate is considered to be a change in actuarial assumptions under GASB No. 75. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

# SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR OPEB (GASB 75)

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

## Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,													
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018				
Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School														
Service cost	\$	190,305	\$	115,145	\$	94,387	\$	111,526	\$	132,563				
Interest		55,411		41,969		46,821		50,249		41,322				
Change of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience		(2,274) 191,323		- 197,054		- (158,002)		- (177,595)		-				
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		2,107		318,092		16,379		(129,864)		(169,980)				
Contributions from the member Benefit payments		1,417 (43,648)		919 (30,316)		1,000 (33,722)		1,046 (30,260)		1,114 (30,263)				
Net Change in Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School		394,641		642,863		(33,137)		(174,898)		(25,244)				
Total State OPEB Liability Attributable to Charter School: At beginning of year	\$	1,741,392	\$	1,098,529	\$	1,131,666		1,306,564		1,331,808				
At end of year	\$	2,136,033	\$	1,741,392	\$	1,098,529	\$	1,131,666	\$	1,306,564				
Charter School's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liability		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%				
Charter School Covered-employee payroll <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	1,154,182	\$	940,135	\$	712,544	\$	476,743	\$	616,332				
Total State OPEB liability as a percentage of Charter School covered-employee payroll		185%		185%		154%		237%		212%				

Note - The amounts presented for the fiscal year was determined as of June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(1) The Charter School implemented GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2018. No data is available prior to fiscal year 2018.

(2) Covered payroll was based on the Charter School's payroll for the year ended June 30.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022		Title I		IDEA	Sta	COVID-1 ducation bilization Fund ARES Act)		nts P ESSER		nergency nnectivity Fund	Rer Scho	arter and naissance ool Project ergent and		tudent ctivities		Total
Revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$		¢		\$		¢	4 255	\$	4 255
Local State	Φ	-	Φ	-	Ф	-	Φ	-	Ф	-	Ф	- 14,396	\$	4,355	Φ	4,355 14,396
Federal		11,839		22,985		53,436		13,192		14,343		-		-		115,795
Total revenues - all sources	\$	11,839	\$	22,985	\$	53,436	\$	13,192	\$	14,343	\$	14,396	\$	4,355	\$	134,546
<b>Expenditures</b> Current Expenditures: Instruction: Purchased professional and technical services Supplies and materials	\$	11,839 -	\$	:	\$	25,000 28,436	\$	-	\$	- 14,343	\$	:	\$	:	\$	36,839 42,779
Total instruction		11,839		-		53,436		-		14,343		-		-		79,618
Support services: Purchased services Student activities I otal support services			_	22,985 - 22,985	_	-		13,192 - 13,192		- - -				- 855 855		36,177 <u>855</u> 37,032
Capital Outlay: Noninstructional equipment Total facilities acquisition and construction service		<u> </u>		-				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>14,396</u> 14,396		<u> </u>		<u>14,396</u> 14,396
Total expenditures		11,839		22,985		53,436		13,192		14,343		14,396		855		131,046
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-		3,500		3,500
Fund balance at beginning of year														13,137		13,137
Fund balance at end of year													\$	16,637	\$	16,637

# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment purchases other than those financed by propriety funds.

At June 30, 2022, there was no capital project fund.

# ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs of providing goods and services be financed through user charges. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School's food service program is administered by the West Orange Public Schools (School District).

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust Fund. Accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the Charter School's own programs which are as follow:

- a) Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust. Accounts for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of various employee benefit plans.
- b) Investment Trust Fund. Accounts for the portion of investment pools reported by the sponsoring district.
- c) Private Purpose Trust Fund. Accounts for all other trust arrangements, such as a scholarship fund to benefit individual students.

Custodial Fund. Accounts for resources held by the Charter School in a purely custodial capacity that involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Charter School must maintain the financial integrity of the individual agencies through a separate accounting of each activity for which the Charter School is acting as an agent. Custodial funds would include parent-teacher organizations.

At June 30, 2022, the Charter School do not have a Trust Fund nor Custodial Fund.

# LONG-TERM DEBT

The long-term debt is used to record the outstanding principal balances of the long-term liabilities of the charter school. This includes the outstanding principal balance on leases, the accrued liability for insurance claims and the liability for compensated absences and the outstanding principal balance on certificates of participation outstanding or mortgage note payable.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

#### SCHEDULE OF OBLIGATIONS UNDER LEASES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Date of	Term of	Amount of	Amount of Original Lease		Interest Balance						Balance
Purpose	Original Issue	Lease	Principal	In	iterest	Rate	Ju	ne 30, 2021	 Issued	 Retired	Ju	ine 30, 2022
Building Lease Copier Lease	7/1/2017 11/30/2021	10 years 5 years	\$ 2,285,545 33,837	\$	695,172 3,783	5.25% 4.25%	\$	1,613,216 -	\$ 33,837	\$ (212,985) (3,591)	\$	1,400,231 30,246
Total Liabilities			\$ 2,319,382	\$	698,955		\$	1,613,216	\$ 33,837	\$ (216,576)	\$	1,430,477

# STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these Schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (ACFR) for the relevant year.

## INTRODUCTION TO THE STATISTICAL SECTION

<u>Contents</u>		<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the district's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	74
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the district's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	N/A
Debt Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the district's current levels of outstanding debt and the district's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	N/A
Demographic and Econ	omic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the district's financial activities take place.	82
Operating Information	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the district's financial report relates to the services the district provides and the activities it performs.	84
•		

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules are derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports (ACFR) for the relevant year.

#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,										
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ (257,816)	\$-	\$ 425,387	\$ 450,086	\$ 474,785	\$ 499,482	\$ 524,179	\$ 555,175	\$ 583,179	\$ 616,532	
Restricted Unrestricted	16,637 1,593,393	13,137 1,722,051	13,771 298,362	645,246	1,309,375	- 1,724,057	1,760,352	5,000 1,720,639	1,596,578	600,000 1,077,609	
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 1,352,214	\$ 1,735,188	\$ 723,749	\$ 1,095,332	\$ 1,784,160	\$ 2,223,539	\$ 2,284,531	\$ 2,280,814	\$ 2,179,757	\$ 2,294,141	
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - 	\$ - - 	\$ - - 76	\$ - - 	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	
Total business-type activities net position	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ 76</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$-	
Charter School-wide Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ (257,816) 16,637 1,593,393	\$- 13,137 1,722,051	\$ 425,387 13,771 298,362	\$ 450,086 	\$ 474,785 	\$ 499,482 	\$ 524,179 _ 	\$    555,175 5,000 1,720,639	\$ 583,179 - 1,596,578	\$ 616,532 600,000 1,077,609	
Total charter school net position	\$ 1,352,214	\$ 1,735,188	\$ 737,520	\$ 1,095,332	\$ 1,784,160	\$ 2,223,539	\$2,284,607	\$ 2,280,814	\$2,179,757	\$ 2,294,141	

# CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Year Ended June 3	0.			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
Instruction	\$ 1,378,950	\$ 1,177,478	\$ 1,495,166	\$ 1,363,460	\$ 912,748	\$ 812,836	\$ 870,500	\$ 692,203	\$ 649,044	\$ 520,890
Administrative	343,979	406,529	648,266	570,881	654,946	471,125	375,015	447,806	373,186	281,914
Support Services Unallocated	747,447	783,209	458,762	515,513	648,007	202,644	221,090	54,982	55,621	173,709
Capital Outlay	14,396	-	-	-	83,462	-	-	-	239,852	8,397
Depreciation	232,503	4,116	24,699	24,699	24,697	24,697	30,996	16,787	16,787	33,701
Total governmental activities expenses	2,717,275	2,371,332	2,626,893	2,474,553	2,323,860	1,511,302	1,497,601	1,211,778	1,334,490	1,018,611
Business-type activities: Food service										
Total business-type activities expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total charter school expenses	2,717,275	2,371,332	2,626,893	2,474,553	2,323,860	1,511,302	1,497,601	1,211,778	1,334,490	1,018,611
Program Revenues Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:	4,355	3,260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	611,449	570,063	485,198	528,834	421,486	4,345	327,867	-	-	23,746
Capital grants and contributions		-	-		-					
Total governmental activities program revenues	615,804	573,323	485,198	528,834	421,486	4,345	327,867			23,746
Business-type activities: Charges for services										
Food service		-	-		-	-	76			
Total business-type activities program revenues		-	-		-		76			
Total charter school program revenues	615,804	573,323	485,198	528,834	421,486	4,345	327,943			23,746
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental activities	(2,101,471)	(1,798,009)	(2,141,695)	(1,945,719)	(1,902,374)	(1,506,957)	(1,169,734)	(1,211,778)	(1,334,490)	(994,865)
Business-type activities		-	-	-	-	(76)	76		-	-
Total charter school-wide net expense	(2,101,471)	(1,798,009)	(2,141,695)	(1,945,719)	(1,902,374)	(1,507,033)	(1,169,658)	(1,211,778)	(1,334,490)	(994,865)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities:										
Property taxes levied for general purposes, net	1,379,822	1,416,775	1,340,763	974,413	948,530	162,653	832,152	1,066,313	866,386	1,209,945
Grants and contributions	578,547	490,579	421,663	282,132	232,546	1,281,758	337,895	230,630	352,683	-
Gain on sale of property	-	882,183	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in net capital outlay		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	8,397
Miscellaneous income	2,017	6,140	7,686	346	281,919	1,554	3,404	15,892	1,037	3,126
Total governmental activities	1,960,386	2,795,677	1,770,112	1,256,891	1,462,995	1,445,965	1,173,451	1,312,835	1,220,106	1,221,468
Total charter school-wide	1,960,386	2,795,677	1,770,112	1,256,891	1,462,995	1,445,965	1,173,451	1,312,835	1,220,106	1,221,468
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities	(141,085)	997,668	(371,583)	(688,828)	(439,379)	(60,992)	3,717	101,057	(114,384)	226,603
Business-type activities						(76)	76			
Total charter school	<u>\$ (141,085)</u>	\$ 997,668	<u>\$ (371,583)</u>	<u>\$ (688,828)</u>	<u>\$ (439,379)</u>	<u>\$ (61,068)</u>	\$ 3,793	\$ 101,057	<u>(114,384)</u>	\$ 226,603

### FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
General Fund Assigned Unassigned Total general fund	\$ 75,230 1,614,102 1,689,332	\$    35,681 <u>    1,803,987</u> 1,839,668	\$ 13,566 401,807 415,373	\$    15,170 735,739 750,909	\$21,644 <u>1,366,131</u> <u>1,387,775</u>	\$ 6,000 <u>1,777,156</u> <u>1,783,156</u>	\$	\$	\$ - <u>1,596,578</u> <u>1,596,578</u>	\$ - 1,077,609 1,077,609	
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted, Student activity Total governmental funds	16,637 \$ 1,705,969	13,137 <u>\$ 1,852,805</u>	13,771 \$ 429,144	- \$ 750,909	- <u>\$ 1,387,775</u>	- <u>\$ 1,783,156</u>	- <u>\$ 1,801,755</u>	- <u>\$ 1,749,005</u>	- <u>\$ 1,596,578</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 1,077,609</u>	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,												
Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013			
Revenues													
Local Sources:													
Local tax levy (local and state share)	\$ 1,379,822	1,416,775	\$ 1,340,763	\$ 974,413	\$ 948,530	\$ 817,182	\$ 1,157,853	\$ 1,066,313	\$ 866,386	\$ 915,511			
Other Local Proceeds from Sale of Property	-	1,303,454	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	6,372	9,400	7,686	346	281,919	1,554	3,404	15,892	1,037	3,126			
State sources	1,058,484	729,989	657,941	505,758	431,256	533,776	148,561	201,927	330,310	294,434			
Federal sources	115,795	73,819	72,222	68,718	59,800	97,798	47,171	28,703	22,373	23,746			
Total Revenues	2,560,473	3,533,437	2,078,612	1,549,235	1,721,505	1,450,310	1,356,989	1,312,835	1,220,106	1,236,817			
Current expense													
Instruction	837,370	768,889	1,026,584	820,542	670,180	615,293	587,347	540,159	541,024	520,890			
Administrative cost	245,021	314,569	716,239	654,621	743,288	677,757	397,179	525,953	464,640	281,914			
Support services	847,960	786,908	435,147	487,212	619,956	175,859	183,346	94,296	55,621	173,709			
Capital outlay	14,396	-	-	-	83,462	-	-	-	239,852	8,397			
TPAF - FICA Reimbursement	75,457	51,300	64,645	56,989	-	-	47,689	-	-	-			
TPAF - On-behalf payments	390,084	188,110	171,633	166,637			88,678						
Total Expenditures	2,410,288	2,109,776	2,414,248	2,186,001	2,116,886	1,468,909	1,304,239	1,160,408	1,301,137	984,910			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
Over Expenditures	150,185	1,423,661	(335,636)	(636,766)	(395,381)	(18,599)	52,750	152,427	(81,031)	251,907			
Other financing sources(uses):													
Principal payments on leases	(216,576)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Interest payments on leases	(80,445)				<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>				
Total other financing sources/(uses)	(297,021)												
Net change in fund balances	\$ (146,836)	\$ 1,423,661	\$ (335,636)	<u>\$ (636,766)</u>	<u>\$ (395,381)</u>	<u>\$ (18,599)</u>	\$ 52,750	\$ 152,427	<u>\$ (81,031)</u>	\$ 251,907			

Source: Charter School's records.

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

## DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population <sup>a</sup>	Personal Income <sup>b</sup>	Per Capita Personal Income <sup>c</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>d</sup>
2022	**	**	**	**
2021	89,367	**	**	7.10%
2020	85,025	\$ 4,742,269,375	\$ 55,775	11.20%
2019	85,115	4,436,959,835	52,129	3.50%
2018	85,314	4,271,757,294	50,071	4.20%
2017	85,327	4,113,102,708	48,204	4.70%
2016	85,229	4,067,639,254	47,726	5.80%
2015	85,287	4,017,870,570	47,110	5.80%
2014	85,190	3,898,720,350	45,765	6.90%
2013	84,951	3,686,448,645	43,395	8.80%

\*\* Data not available

## Source:

<sup>a</sup> Population information provided by U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division.

<sup>b</sup> Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented

<sup>c</sup> c Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates. All dollar estimates are in thousands of current dollars (not adjusted for inflation). Estimates for 2011-2020 reflect county population estimates available as of March 2021. <sup>d</sup> Unemployment data provided by the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development

## PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022		2013
		Percentage of Total Municipal		Percentage of Total Municipal
		wunicipai		rotai municipai
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment

Information not available

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CHARTER SCHOOL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,											
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Function/Program												
Instruction	13	13	14	14	11	11	11	10	10	10		
Administrative	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3		
Support Services	2	1	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3		
Total	17	16	20	19	15	15	16	16	16	16		

Source: Charter School's personnel records

#### **OPERATING STATISTICS**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating penditures <sup>a</sup>	Cost	Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff <sup>b</sup>	Pupil/Teacher Ratio Middle School	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) <sup>c</sup>	Average Daily Attendance (ADA) <sup>c</sup>	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2022	173	\$ 2,576,263	\$	14,892	-15.05%	13	13.31:1	171.8	166.3	-4.56%	96.78%
2021	180	2,032,063		11,289	-35.60%	13	13.85:1	180.0	156.6	8.11%	87.01%
2020	167	2,342,026		14,024	10.75%	13	12.85:1	166.5	161.5	41.22%	97.00%
2019	118	2,117,283		17,943	65.58%	14	8.43:1	117.9	114.4	8.87%	97.00%
2018	116	2,033,424		17,530	38.43%	11	10.73:1	108.3	116.3	-8.15%	107.42%
2017	116	1,468,909		12,663	16.85%	11	10.73:1	117.9	114.4	0.86%	97.03%
2016	116	1,257,068		10,837	11.08%	11	10.55:1	116.9	113.4	0.78%	97.00%
2015	116	1,131,705		9,756	7.99%	10	11.60:1	116.0	112.5	0.87%	97.00%
2014	115	1,038,912		9,034	7.33%	10	11.50:1	115.0	111.6	-1.71%	97.00%
2013	117	984,829		8,417	5.89%	10	11.70:1	117.0	113.7	0.86%	97.20%

Source: Charter School's Records

Note: Enrollment based on annual October Charter School count.

<sup>a</sup> Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

<sup>b</sup> Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.

<sup>c</sup> Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from the School Register Summary (SRS).

## SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30,										
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Charter School Building												
Square Feet	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000		
Capacity (students)	180	180	180	180	120	120	120	120	120	120		
Enrollment	173	180	167	118	116	116	116	116	115	117		
Number of Schools at June 30												
Middle School = 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

**Source:** Charter School's records

#### INSURANCE SCHEDULE

## June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Coverage	Deductible
PACKAGE POLICY		
Property <sup>a</sup>		
Business Personal Property	\$ 742,630	
Improvements & Betterments	100,000	\$ 1,000
Extra Expense - NJSIG Limit	50,000,000	1,000
Valuable Papers and Records - NJSIG Limit	10,000,000	1,000
Loss of Business Income/Tuition	2,000,000	.,
Flood Zones A& V (Special Hazard)	25,000,000	500,000
All Flood Zones	75,000,000	10,000
Terrorism per occurance/NJSIG Annual Aggregate	1,000,000	
EDP		
Blanket Hardware/Software	Included in prop blanket	1,000
Computer Virus - Limit	250,000	1,000
Computer Virus - Shared Limit/NJSIG Annual Aggregate	10,000,000	1,000
Equipment Breakdown:		
Property Damage and Business Income	1,742,630	25,000
Crime <sup>a</sup>		
Public Employee Dishonesty	250,000	1,000
Forgery or Alteration	50,000	500
Loss of Money & Securities	50,000	500
Money Orders & Counterfeit Paper	50,000	500
Computer Fraud	250,000	1,000
General Liability <sup>a</sup>		
Each Occurance	31,000,000	
Products/Completed Ops annual agg	31,000,000	
Sexual Abuse - per Occurrence	15,000,000	
Sexual Abuse - per member annual agg	15,000,000	
Sexual Abuse - Annual NJSIG Aggregate	27,000,000	
Personal & Advertising Injury per occurance	31,000,000	
Personal & Advertising Injury Annual Aggregate	31,000,000	4.000
Employee Benefits Liability	31,000,000	1,000
Premises Medical Payments - per Accident	10,000	
Premises Medical Payments - per Person	5,000	
Terrorism per occurance/NJSIG annual aggregate	1,000,000	
Communicable Disease Outbreak - per Occurrence	1,000,000	
Communicable Disease Outbreak - Annual NJSIG Aggregate - shared among		
GL, AL, and SBLL/E&O Coverages	9,000,000	
Business Auto <sup>a</sup>		
Automobile Liability - Hired & Non Owned	31,000,000	
Terrorism	1,000,000	
Communicable Disease Outbreak - per Occurrence Communicable Disease Outbreak - Annual NJSIG Aggregate - shared among	1,000,000	
GL, AL, and SBLL/E&O Coverages	9,000,000	
Each Incident	1,000,000	50,000
Aggregate per Named Insured	2,000,000	50,000
Coverage Aggregate	11,000,000	
ERRORS AND OMISSIONS LIABILITY <sup>a</sup>		
Coverage A:		
Limit each policy period	31,000,000	5,000
Coverage B:		
Limit each claim	100,000	5,000
Limit each policy period	300,000	-,
Communicable Disease Outbreak - per claim	1,000,000	
Communicable Disease Outbreak - Annual NJSIG Aggregate - shared among	1,000,000	
GL, AL, and SBLL/E&O Coverages	9,000,000	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

#### INSURANCE SCHEDULE

#### June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Coverage	Deductible
WORKER'S COMPENSATION <sup>a</sup>		
ERIC West Discount: 0.5100		
Workers' Compensation Limits	Statutory	
Employers' Liability Limits - Bodily Injury by Accident	3,000,000	
Employers' Liability Limits - Bodily Injury by Disease - Each Employee	3,000,000	
Employers' Liability Limits - Bodily Injury by Disease - Aggregate Limit	3,000,000	
Maximum Weekly Benefit	2,500	
Maximun Benefit Period	52 weeks	
Elimilation Period	7 days	
Aggregate per Accident	100,000	
EXCESS LIABILITY <sup>®</sup>	25,000,000	
Excess Liability	25,000,000	
Excess Liability - Aggregate Liability		
Maximum Benefit		
All Students including Athletics	6,000,000	
Football Excluded		
Catastrophe Cash Benefit	1,000,000	
Volunteers	50,000	
Non-Enrolled Campers	50,000	
PUBLIC OFFICIAL BONDS		
School Board Secretary	150,000	
Assistant School Business Administrator	150,000	
CYBER LIABILITY °		
Policy Aggregate	2,000,000	
Sublimits:		
Privacy Liability (Including Employee Privacy)	2,000,000	
Privacy Regulatory Claims Coverage	2,000,000	
Security Breach Response Coverage	2,000,000	
Security Liability	2,000,000	
Multimedia Liability	2,000,000	
Cyber Extortion	2,000,000	
Business Income & Digital Asset Restoration	2,000,000	
PCT DSS Assessement	2,000,000	
Electronic Fraud - Phishing Loss	50,000	
Electronic Fraud - Telephone Hacking	100,000	
Electronic Fraud - Funds Transfer Fraud	100,000	
Cyber Deception	250,000	
Retention Each Claim	2,500	
Cyber Deception Retentiom	10,000	
Waiting Period	8 Hours	

<sup>a</sup> New Jersey Schools Insurance Group

<sup>b</sup> Ironshore Specialty Insurace Co

<sup>c</sup> BCS INS. Inc.

<sup>d</sup> Federal Insurance Company (Chubb Group of Insurance Companies)

<sup>e</sup> Fireman's Fund Insurance Company (Allianz SE)

<sup>f</sup> Zurich American Insurance Company

CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FISCAL RATIOS

Multi-Year Information (Unaudited)

	2020	2021	2022	
	Audit	Audit	Audit	Source
Cash	\$ 206,988	\$ 1,619,005	\$ 1,342,545	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Assets	441,533	1,982,125	1,890,037	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Current Liabilities	26,160	129,320	184,068	Audit: Exhibit A-1
Total Expenses	2,626,893	2,371,332	2,717,275	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Change in Net Position	(371,583)	997,668	(141,085)	Audit: Exhibit A-2
Final Average Daily Enrollment	167	180	180	DOE Final Enrollment Report
March 30 Budgeted Enrollment	170	170	170	March 30 Charter School Budget
Complete section only if auditee has mortgage/note/bond payable:				
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	24,699	4,116	-	Auditor/Workpapers
Interest Expense	-	-	-	Auditor/Workpapers
Principal Payments	-	-	-	Auditor/Workpapers
Interest Payments	-	-	-	Auditor/Workpapers

	Performance Indicators	2020	2021	2022	3 YR CUM	Calculation****	Target****
	Near Term Indicators						
1a.	Current Ratio (working capital ratio)	16.88	15.33	10.27		Current Assets/Current Liabilities	> 1.1 or between 1.0-1.1 with positive trend
1b.	Unrestricted days cash on hand	28.76	249.20	180.34		Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	60 days or 30-60 days with positive trend
1c.	Enrollment Variance	98%	106%	106%	136%	Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	>95% or >95% for 3 yr cum
1d.	Default	NO	NO	NO		Auditor	not in default
	Sustainability Indicators						
2a	3 Year Cumulative Cash Flow	(194,255)	1,412,017	1,135,557	1,533,064	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positive with most recent year postive
2b	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A or (Change in Net Position + depreciation + interest expense) / (principal + interest payments)	
	Meets Standard Does Not Meet Standard						

Falls Far Below Standard

# SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



EXHIBIT K-1

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton County of Passaic Clifton, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton (the Charter School), in the County of Passaic, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2023.

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS - CONTINUED

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

However, we noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Trustees of Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton in the County of Passaic, New Jersey in a separate Auditor's Management Report on Administrative Findings - Financial, Compliance and Performance, dated February 28, 2023.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Leonora Galleros, CPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400

February 28, 2023 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

Galleros Robinson CPAS, LLP

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

**EXHIBIT K-2** 



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton Passaic County, New Jersey

### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

### **Opinion on Each Major State Program**

We have audited the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton's (the Charter School) in the County of Passaic, State of New Jersey compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the New Jersey State Aid Grant Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Charter School's major state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Charter School's major state program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton in the County of Passaic, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis of Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. Our responsibilities under those standards and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08 are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Charter School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08- CONTINUED

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statute, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Charter School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08 will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Charter School's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Charter School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR LETTER 15-08- CONTINUED

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of ver compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Leonora Galleros, CPA Public School Accountant PSA No. 20CS00239400

February 28, 2023 Cream Ridge, New Jersey

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP

Galleros Robinson CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grant/	Assistance	Federal	Grant or State	Program or				Carryover/			Repayment of Prior	Balanc	e at June 30.	2022
Pass-Through Grantor/	Listing	FAIN	Project	Award	Grant	Period	Balance at	(Walkover)		Budgetary	Years'	(Accounts	Deferred	Due to
Program Title	No.	Number	Number	Amount	From	То	June 30, 2021	Amount	Received	Expenditures	Balances	Receivable)	Revenue	Grantor
Special Revenue Fund:												,		
U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Passed-through Universal Service Administrative Co.														
Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	ECOECF219002309011	N/A	\$ 14,343	N/A	N/A	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (14,343</u> )	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (14,343</u> )	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -
U.S. Department of Education: Passed-through New Jersey State Department Education														
Title I Part A Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A200030	ESEA - 6230 - 21	15,244	7/1/2020	9/30/2021	(3,405)	)	15,244	(11,839)				
Special Education Cluster														
Individuals with Disabilities - States Grant	84.027	H027A210100	IDEA - 6230 - 22	22,985	7/1/2021	9/30/2022	-	-	22,985	(22,985)	-	-	-	-
Individuals with Disabilities - States Gran	84.027	H027A200100	IDEA - 6230 - 21	11,279	7/1/2020	9/30/2021	(11,279)		11,279					
Subtotal Special Education Cluster							(11,279)		34,264	(22,985)				
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II Part A) SEA	84.367	S367A200029	ESEA - 6230 - 21	4,379	7/1/2020	9/30/2021	(4,379)	)	4,379					
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment (ESSA)	84.424	S424A200031	ESEA - 6230 - 21	5,366	7/1/2020	9/30/2021	(5,366)		5,366					
COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund COVID 19 - CARES Act Emergency Relief Grant COVID 19 - CRRSA Elementary and Secondary School	84.425D	S425D200027	N/A	30,460	3/13/2020	9/30/2022	(5,656)	) -	-	-	-	(5,656)	-	-
Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) II	84.425D	S425D210027	N/A	138,630	3/13/2020	9/30/2023	-	-	53,183	(53,436)	-	(253)	-	-
COVID 19 - American Rescue Plan (ARP) - ESSER	84.425U	S425U210027	N/A	40,000	3/13/2020	9/30/2024		-	13,192	(13,192)	-			
Subtotal COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund							(5,656)		66,375	(66,628)		(5,909)	-	
Total U.S. Department of Education							(30,085)	)	125,628	(101,452)		(5,909)		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards							\$ (30,085)	) <u>\$</u> -	\$ 125,628	<u>\$ (115,795)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (20,252)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

#### SCHEDULE OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Balance at June 3	0, 2021					Balance at J	lune 30, 2022			
						Carrvover/		Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments		Deferred Revenue/		ME	MO Cumulative
	Grant or State		Award	Intergovernmental	Due to	(Walkover)	Cash	Pass-through	Repayment Prior	Intergovernmental	Interfund	Due to	Budgetary	Total
State Grantor/Program Title	Project Number	Grant Period	Amount	(Accounts Receivable)	Grantor	Amount	Received	Funds	Year's Balances	(Accounts Receivable)	Payable	Grantor	Receivable	Expenditure
New Jersey State Department of Ed	lucation													
General Fund:														
Equalization Aid	22-495-034-5120-078	7/1/21-6/30/22			\$-	\$-	\$ 178,908	\$ (529,174)	\$-	\$ (360,743) \$	;	- \$ 10,477	\$ 360,743	\$ 529,174
Equalization Aid	21-495-034-5120-078	7/1/20-6/30/21	410,944	(157,376)	-	-	169,957	-	-	-		- 12,581	-	-
Special Education Categorical Aid	22-495-034-5120-089	7/1/21-6/30/22	24,037	-	-	-	24,037	(24,037)	-	-			-	24,037
Security Aid	22-495-034-5120-084	7/1/21-6/30/22	25,336	-	-	-	25,336	(25,336)		-			-	25,336
Reimbursed Social Security Tax	22-495-034-5094-003	7/1/21-6/30/22	75.457	-	-	-	71,926	(75,457)	-	(3,531)			-	75,457
Reimbursed Social Security Tax	21-495-034-5094-003	7/1/20-6/30/21	64,645	(12,693)	-	-	12,693	-		-			-	-
On-Behalf Teachers'			,	(,)			,							
Pension and Annuity Fund	22-495-034-5094-002	7/1/21-6/30/22	315,985	-	-	-	315,985	(315,985)		-			-	315,985
On Behalf-Teachers'	22 100 001 0001 002	111121 0/00/22	010,000				010,000	(010,000)						010,000
Pension and Annuity Fund –														
Post Retirement Medical	22-495-034-5094-001	7/1/21-6/30/22	73.827		_	_	73,827	(73,827)	_	_			_	73,827
On-Behalf- Teachers' Pension and	22-430-004-0004-001	1/1/21-0/00/22	10,021				10,021	(10,021)						10,021
Annuity Fund – Non-contributory														
Insurance	22-495-034-5094-004	7/1/21-6/30/22	272				272	(272)						272
	22-495-034-5094-004	//1/21-0/30/22	212	(170.069)			872,941			(364,274)		- 23,058		
Total General Fund				(170,069)			872,941	(1,044,088)		(364,274)		23,058	360,743	1,044,088
Special Fund:														
Charter and Renaissance School														
Project Emergent and Capital														
Maintenance	N/A	7/1/21-6/30/22	14,396				14,396	(14,396)				: <u> </u>		14,396
Total Expenditures of State Finan	cial Assistance			\$ (170,069)	s -	s -	\$ 887,337	(1,058,484)	s -	\$ (364,274) \$	;	- \$ 23,058	\$ 360,743	\$ 1,058,484
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	. <u>.</u>	<u></u>	(1,000,404)	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Less: On-Behalf TPAF Pension S	system Contributions													
On-Behalf Teachers'														
Pension and Annuity Fund	22-495-034-5094-002							315,985						
On Behalf-Teachers'														
Pension and Annuity Fund –														
Post Retirement Medical	22-495-034-5094-001							73,827						
On-Behalf- Teachers' Pension and														
Annuity Fund – Non-contributory														
Insurance	22-495-034-5094-004							272						
								390,084						
Total for State Financial Assistan	ce-Major Program Detern	nination						\$ (668,400)						
	, .													

## NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state activity of the Board of Trustees of the Classical Academy Charter School of Clifton (the "Charter School"). The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of federal awards and state financial assistance.

#### NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance are presented using the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of those recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) *and* New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements present the special revenue fund on both GAAP and budgetary basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. See Exhibit C-3 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE - CONTINUED

#### NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	I	Federal	 State	Total		
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 654,004	\$	654,004	
Special Revenue Fund		115,795	 14,396		130,191	
Total	\$	115,795	\$ 668,400	\$	784,195	

#### NOTE 4 RELATIONSHIP TO STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

#### NOTE 5 ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

TPAF Social Security Contributions represents reimbursements in the amount of \$75,457 by the State for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2022. The State had also made onbehalf TPAF payments for pension contributions, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance contributions totaling \$390,084.

#### NOTE 6 SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAM FUNDS

Schoolwide programs are not separate federal programs as defined in the Uniform Guidance; amounts used in schoolwide programs are included in the total expenditures of the program contributing the funds in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The following funds by program are included in schoolwide programs in the Charter School.

Title I, Part A: Grants to Local Education Agencies	\$ 11,839
Title II, Part A: Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	-
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment (ESSA)	 -
Total	\$ 11,839

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE - CONTINUED

#### NOTE 7 ON BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF pension, post-retirement medical benefits and long-term disability insurance contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

#### NOTE 8 DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST

The Charter School has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### Financial Statement Section

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes ✓ None reported
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <b>∽</b> _No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes _✔_No
Federal Awards (Not Applicable)	
Dollar threshold used to determine Type A and B programs:	<u>N/A</u>
Internal control over compliance on major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	YesNo
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	YesNo
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	<u>N/A</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	YesNo
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported In accordance with 2 CFR 200 section .516(a)?	YesNo
Identification of Major Programs:	
Assistance Listing No.	Name of Federal Program

No major programs identified.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS - CONTINUED

#### **State Financial Assistance**

Dollar threshold used to determine Type A and B programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes 🔄 🖌 No
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over compliance:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes _✔_No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes _✔_No
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with NJ OMB Circular Letter 15-08?	Yes No

#### Identification of Major Programs:

State or Project No.

State Aid Public Cluster:

22-495-034-5120-078 22-495-034-5120-089 22-495-034-5120-084

Name of State Program

Equalization Aid Special Education Categorical Aid Security Aid

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

#### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS - CONTINUED

## Internal control over financial reporting None.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

None.

#### SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS

Not Applicable.

### SECTION IV STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

None.

#### EXHIBIT K-7

#### CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL OF CLIFTON (COUNTY OF PASSAIC, NEW JERSEY)

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2022

There was no prior year audit finding.