

# **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report** of the **PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL Princeton**, New Jersey For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Prepared by **Princeton Charter School Finance Department**

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION (UNAUDITED)

## **Princeton Charter School**

100 Bunn Drive Princeton, NJ 08540 609-924-0575

February 17, 2023

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Princeton, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

The annual comprehensive financial report of the Princeton Charter School (the "Charter School") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the basic financial statements and results of operations of the Charter School. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial activities have been included.

The annual comprehensive financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the Charter School's organizational chart, roster of officials and a list of consultants and advisors. The financial section includes the Independent Auditors' Report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and supplementary schedules providing detailed budgetary information. The statistical section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi- year basis. The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Information related to this single audit, including the auditors' reports on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

#### 1) REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The Princeton Charter School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in codification section 2100. All funds of the Charter School are included in this report. The Princeton Charter School constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

Princeton Charter School is a K-8 independent public school, operated by a Board of Trustees under a charter granted by the Commissioner of Education of the State of New Jersey. The Charter School opened in 1997 as a fourth grade through sixth grade elementary school. It currently operates a kindergarten through eighth grade school with a diverse student population of students and staff. Princeton Charter School's charter was renewed in February of 2021 for a five-year term; this was the Charter School's fifth renewal. The Acting Commissioner, in granting the Charter School's renewal, praised the Charter School for its academic accomplishments and student success. The Charter School's next renewal application process will take place in the 2025-2026 school year.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Page 2 February 17, 2023

#### 1) REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES (Cont'd)

There are three (3) school buildings on the Charter School's campus, all of which are in good condition. The buildings are as follows: K-4 building (lower school) built in 2003, 5-8 building (upper school) built in 1963 and renovated into a school building in 1998, and the campus center, built in 2010, which houses a gym, 3 classrooms and a black box theatre. There is also a business office, known as the Marsee Center, located on the Charter School's campus. A cafeteria and two classrooms were added to the upper school and two classrooms were added to the lower school in 2022.

The Charter School completed the 2021-2022 school year with an enrollment of 424 students.

#### 2) ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Princeton Charter School is located within the municipality of Princeton and the financial resources it receives flow through the Princeton Public School District (district of residence) on a per-pupil basis. The economy in Princeton is flat and home properties are generally holding their value. Most of the undeveloped land in Princeton is held by Princeton University. It is believed there may be some commercial and residential growth potential within the municipality.

#### 3) INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS

Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control system designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state awards, the Charter School also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control system is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control system is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control system, including that portion related to major federal and state award programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

#### 4) BUDGETARY CONTROLS

In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by a vote of the Board of Trustees. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Project length budgets are approved for the capital improvements accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. The final budget amount as amended for the period is reflected in the financial section.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Page 3 February 17, 2023

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be re-appropriated are reported as restrictions, commitments and assignments of fund balance at June 30, 2022.

#### 5) ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS

The Charter School's accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the GASB. The accounting system of the Charter School is organized on the basis of funds. These funds are explained in "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements", Note 1.

#### 6) OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit - State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Nisivoccia LLP was selected by the Board of Trustees at its organization meeting.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*. The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplementary information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

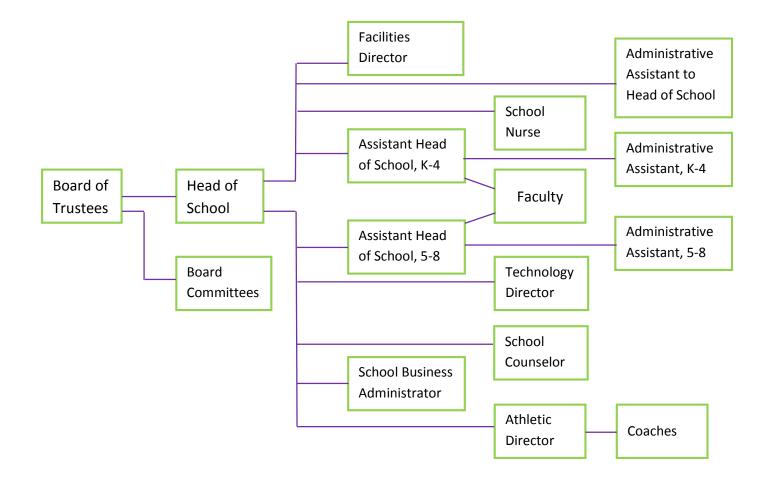
#### 7) ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Board of Trustees of the Princeton Charter School for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and participating districts of the Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the financial and accounting staff.

Lawrence D. Patton/Head of School

Dr. Brian Falkowski Business Administrator

### Princeton Charter School Organizational Chart



#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL ROSTER OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2022

Board of Trustees	Position	Expiration of Term
Stefanos Damianakis	President	June 2024
Lorie Roth	Vice President	June 2022
Roxanna Choe	Member	June 2023
Minzhi Liu	Member	June 2022
John Weihe	Member	June 2023
Harlan Tenenbaum	Member	June 2022
Olga Troyanskaya	Member	June 2023
Rupal Kothari	Member	June 2024
Rakesh Kumar	Member	June 2024

Other Officials	<u>Title</u>
Lawrence D. Patton	Head of School
Dr. Brian Falkowski	Business Administrator/Board Secretary

# PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

#### **Audit Firm**

#### Nisivoccia LLP

200 Valley Road, Suite 300 Mount Arlington, NJ, 07856 and Lawrence Business Park 11 Lawrence Road Newton, NJ 07860 and 1140 Route 22 East, Suite 203 Bridgewater, New Jersey 08807

#### Attorney

Busch Law Group, LLC 450 Main Street Metuchen, NJ 08840

#### **Official Depository**

#### Peapack Gladstone Bank

300 Carnegie Center Princeton, NJ 08540 FINANCIAL SECTION



Mount Arlington, NJ Newton, NJ Bridgewater, NJ

973.298.8500 nisivoccia.com

Independent Member BKR International

#### Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School County of Mercer, New Jersey

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**s

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Princeton Charter School (the "Charter School"), in the County of Mercer, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey (the "Office") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 2

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements prescribed by the Office will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements prescribed by the Office, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, which follows this report, the pension and post-retirement schedules in Exhibits L-1 through L-5 and the related notes, and the budgetary comparison information in Exhibits C-1 through C-3 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 3

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*; and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare to the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information schedules and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 17, 2023 on our consideration of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Charter School's internal control over financial control

February 17, 2023 Mount Arlington, New Jersey

Nisivoccia, LLP

NISIVOCCIA LLP

Kathryn L. Mantell

Kathryn L. Mantell Licensed Public School Accountant #884 Certified Public Accountant

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Princeton Charter School's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Charter School's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Charter School:

- The first two statements are *Charter School-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the Charter School's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the Charter School, reporting the School's operations in *more* detail than the Charter School-Wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- The *proprietary funds statements* offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the School operates like a business, such as food services and student programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Charter School's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

#### Figure A-1

#### Organization of the Princeton Charter School's Financial Report

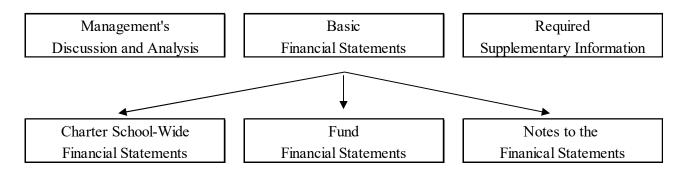


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the Charter School's financial statements, including the portion of the Charter School's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights that structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### Figure A-2

		Fund Financial Statements				
	Charter School- Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds			
Scope	Entire School	The activities of the School that are not proprietary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the School operates similar to private businesses: food services and student programs			
Required Financial Statements	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position</li> <li>Statement of cash flows</li> </ul>			
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short- term and long- term	Generally, assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets, lease assets or long-term liabilities are included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short- term and long-term			
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenue for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

#### **Charter School-wide Statements**

The Charter School-wide statements report information about the Charter School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Charter School's assets, deferred inflows and outflows, and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two Charter School-wide statements report the Charter School's *net position* and how they have changed. Net positions – the difference between the Charter School's assets, outflows and deferred inflows, and liabilities – is one way to measure the Charter School's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the School's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the Charter School's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the Charter School's property tax base and enrollment and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the Charter School-wide financial statements, the School's activities are in the following categories:

- *Governmental activities*: Most of the Charter School's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.
- *Business-type activities*: The Charter School charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Charter School's food service and student programs are included here.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Charter School's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Charter School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The Charter School establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenue (such as federal grants).

The School has two kinds of funds:

- *Governmental funds*: Most of the Charter School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on {1} how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and {2} the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Charter School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Charter School-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or difference) between them.
- *Proprietary funds*: Services for which the Charter School charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the Charter School-wide statements. The Charter School's *enterprise funds* (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information (such as cash flows). *Internal service funds* (the other kind of proprietary fund) report activities that provide supplies and services for other programs and activities. The Charter School currently does not maintain any internal service funds.

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements:* The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Charter School-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found immediately following the fund financial statements.

#### Financial Analysis of the School as a Whole

*Net Position*. The Charter School's *combined* net position was \$3,595,138 as of June 30, 2022 – an increase of \$458,654 or 14.62% from the prior year. (See Figure A-3).

#### Figure A-3

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Char	%	
	2021-2022	2020-2021	2021-2022	2020-2021	2021-2022	2020-2021	Change
Current and							
Other Assets	\$ 673,627	\$3,874,722	\$ 39,905	\$ 12,527	\$ 713,532	\$3,887,249	
Capital Assets, Net	14,250,081	11,413,258	6,496	7,750	14,256,577	11,421,008	
Total Assets	14,923,708	15,287,980	46,401	20,277	14,970,109	15,308,257	-2.21%
I otal Assets	14,925,708	13,287,980	40,401	20,277	14,970,109	15,508,257	-2.2170
Deferred Outflows of							
Resources	705,124	668,128			705,124	668,128	5.54%
Other Liabilities	222,857	45,033	13,964	20,277	236,821	65,310	
Long-Term Liabilities	11,214,246	11,587,053	10,901	20,277	11,214,246	11,587,053	
	11,21 .,210	11,007,000			11,21.,210	11,007,000	
Total Liabilities	11,437,103	11,632,086	13,964	20,277	11,451,067	11,652,363	-1.73%
Deferred Inflows of							
Resources	629,028	1,187,538	. <u> </u>		629,028	1,187,538	-47.03%
Net Position:							
Investment in							
Capital Assets	3,596,197	453,696	6,496	7,750	3,602,693	461,446	
Restricted	118,250	108,841			118,250	108,841	
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	(151,746)	2,573,947	25,941	(7,750)	(125,805)	2,566,197	
Total Net Position	\$3,562,701	\$3,136,484	\$ 32,437	\$ - 0 -	\$3,595,138	\$3,136,484	14.62%

*Changes in Net Position.* The Charter School's combined net position was \$3,595,138 on June 30, 2022 – governmental activities increased \$426,217 and business-type activities increased \$32,437. The Charter School's net position invested in capital assets increased primarily due to capital asset additions net of depreciation and unrestricted net position decreased primarily due to Capital Projects expenses and the decrease in the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows.

Changes in Net Position from Operating Results								
	Governmer	ntal Activities	Busines	ss-Type	Total School District		%	
	2021-2022	2020-2021	2021-2022	2020-2021	2021-2022	2020-2021	Change	
Revenue:								
Program Revenue:								
Charges for Services	\$ 63,583	\$ 1,003	\$ 77,908	\$ 2,794	\$ 141,491	\$ 3,797		
Operating Grants								
and Contributions	2,037,828	\$2,232,417	163,542	6,596	2,201,370	2,239,013		
General Revenue:								
Local Levy -								
Charter School Aid	6,638,973	6,433,698			6,638,973	6,433,698		
Unrestricted Federal								
& State Aid	292,246	928,000			292,246	928,000		
Other	577,987	94,638			577,987	94,638		
Total Revenue	9,610,617	9,689,756	241,450	9,390	9,852,067	9,699,146	1.58%	
Expenses:								
Instruction	6,196,451	6,836,457			6,196,451	6,836,457		
Student & Instruction								
Related Services	259,948	156,839			259,948	156,839		
Administrative								
& Business	1,500,110	1,334,124			1,500,110	1,334,124		
Maintenance								
& Operations	743,148	553,262			743,148	553,262		
Pupil Transportation	19,860				19,860			
Other	464,883	459,011	209,013	14,906	673,896	473,917		
Total Expenses	9,184,400	9,339,693	209,013	14,906	9,393,413	9,354,599	0.41%	
Transfers		(5,516)		5,516				
Change in								
Net Position	\$ 426,217	\$ 344,547	\$ 32,437	\$ -0-	\$ 458,654	\$ 344,547	-33.12%	

#### Changes in Net Position from Operating Resul

Figure A-4

#### **Governmental Activities**

Net position of the Charter School's governmental activities increased by \$426,217. The increase is primarily due to an increase of capital asset additions offset by the mortgage loan payable and the decrease in the net pension liability.

Figure A-5 presents the cost of six major Charter School activities: instruction, pupil and instruction services, administration and business, maintenance and operations, transportation, and other. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs):

#### Figure A-5

#### Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services				Net Cost	of Se	rvices
	2	021-2022	2020-2021		2021-2022	2	020-2021
Instruction	\$	6,196,451	\$	6,836,457	\$ 4,232,953	\$	4,642,232
Student & Instruction Services		259,948		156,839	196,365		155,836
Administrative & Business		1,500,110		1,334,124	1,500,110		1,334,124
Maintenance & Operations		743,148		553,262	703,759		515,070
Transportation		19,860			19,860		
Other		464,883		459,011	429,942		459,011
	\$	9,184,400	\$	9,339,693	\$ 7,082,989	\$	7,106,273

#### **Business-type Activities**

Net position from the District's business-type activity decreased by \$32,437. (Refer to Figure A-4).

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Charter School revised the annual operating budget several times. These budget amendments represented changes made between budgetary line items for changes in school-based needs for programs, supplies and equipment.

#### **Capital Assets**

The Charter School's capital assets increased \$2,834,314 or 24.81% due to capital project expenditures offset by normal depreciation. (More detailed information about the Charter School's capital assets is presented in the Note 4 to the Financial Statements.)

#### Figure A-6 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Activities	Total School District		Percent
	2021-2022	2020-2021	202	21-2022	202	20-2021	2021-2022	2020-2021	Change
Land	\$ 2,560,000	\$ 2,560,000					\$ 2,560,000	\$ 2,560,000	
Construction in									
Progress	6,000,293	2,683,668					6,000,293	2,683,668	
Site Improvements	82,867	88,946					82,867	88,946	
Buildings and Building									
Improvements	5,491,913	5,946,819					5,491,913	5,946,819	
Furniture, Machinery									
and Equipment	115,008	133,825	\$	6,496	\$	7,750	121,504	141,575	
Total Capital Assets,									
Net of Depreciation	\$14,250,081	\$11,413,258	\$	6,496	\$	7,750	\$14,256,577	\$11,421,008	24.83%

#### Long-Term Liabilities

The Charter School's Long-Term Liabilities decreased \$372,807 or 3.22% during the fiscal year. This is mainly due to the payments on the mortgage loan payable and a decrease in the Net Pension Liability. (More detailed information about the Charter School's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.)

#### Figure A-7 Long-Term Liabilities

	Total Sch	Percentage	
	2021-2022	2021-2022 2020-2021	
Mortgage Loan Payable Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,653,884 560,362	\$ 10,959,562 627,491	
	\$ 11,214,246	\$ 11,587,053	-3.22%

#### Factors Bearing on the Charter School's Future

The Charter School was previously approved for student expansion and reached its maximum student capacity in 2018-2019. Students have been accommodated in temporary trailers while the Charter School expands the facility to accommodate the additional students. The project was completed in September 2023. The Charter School funded the project with surplus funds, donations, and bank loans.

#### **Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the Charter School's citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School Business Administrator at 609-924-0575.

#### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 187,295	\$ 21,435	\$ 208,730	
Mortgage Loan Receivable	109,208		109,208	
Tax Levy Receivable	52,620		52,620	
Receivables from Other Governments:				
Federal	242,222		242,222	
State		652	652	
Other		28,347	28,347	
Other Accounts Receivable		8,856	8,856	
Internal Balances	19,385	(19,385)		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	43,250		43,250	
Non-Current Assets:				
Derivative Instrument - Interest Rate Swap	19,647		19,647	
Capital Assets, Net:				
Construction in Progress	6,000,293		6,000,293	
Sites (Land)	2,560,000		2,560,000	
Depreciable Site Improvements, Buildings and Building				
Improvements, and Furniture, Machinery and Equipment	5,689,788	6,496	5,696,284	
Total Assets	14,923,708	46,401	14,970,109	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows of Pensions	368,714		368,714	
Loss on Refunding of Mortgage Loan	336,410		336,410	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	705,124		705,124	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	140,192		140,192	
Payable to State Government	82,665		82,665	
Unearned Revenue	02,000	13,964	13,964	
Noncurrent Liabilities:		10,901	10,901	
Due Within One Year	377,053		377,053	
Due Beyond One Year	10,837,193		10,837,193	
Total Liabilities	11,437,103	13,964	11,451,067	
	11,10,,100			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Accumulated Increase in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives	19,647		19,647	
Deferred Inflows of Pensions	609,381		609,381	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	629,028		629,028	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,596,197	6,496	3,602,693	
Restricted	118,250	0,490		
Unrestricted/(Deficit)		25 0/1	118,250	
Total Net Position	$\frac{(151,746)}{\$ 3,562,701}$	<u>25,941</u> \$ 32,437	(125,805) \$ 3,595,138	
1 0141 1901 F 05111011	\$ 5,302,701	\$ 32,437	ф <i>3,393,</i> 138	

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

						Exhibit A-2 1 of 2
	<u>PRING</u>	RINCETON CHARTER SCHOC STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022	PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022			7 10 1
		Prop	Program Revenue	Net ( Ch	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	ie and ition
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmenta Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities: Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 6,108,099		\$ 1,742,159	9 \$ (4,365,940)		\$ (4,365,940)
Special Education	85,645		221,339	1		135,694
Other Instruction	2,707			(2,707)		(2,707)
Support Services:						
Student & Instruction Related Services General Administrative Services	259,948 1 121 324	\$ 63,583		(196,365)		(196,365) (1-121-324)
School Administrative Services	966			(.266)		(2(1-1))
Central Services	168,703			(168,703)		(168,703)
Administrative Information Technology	209,117			(209,117)		(209, 117)
Plant Operations and Maintenance	743,148		39,389	C		(703, 759)
Pupil Transportation	19,860					(19,860)
Capital Outlay Interest on Long-Term Debt	103,531 361,352		34,941	.1 (68,590) (361,352)		(68,590) (361,352)
Total Governmental Activities	9,184,400	63,583	2,037,828	.8 (7,082,989)		(7,082,989)
Business-Type Activities:						
Food Service Student Programs	177,719 31,294	42,397 35,511	163,542	5	\$ 28,220 4,217	28,220 4,217
Total Business-Type Activities	209,013	77,908	163,542	2	32,437	32,437
Total Primary Government	\$ 9.393.413	<b>S</b> 141.491	\$ 2.201.370	0 (7.082.989)	32.437	(7.050.552)
			)   			(=

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# Exhibit A-2 2 of 2

# PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

	Net () Ch	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	le and tion
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
General Revenue: Local Levy	\$ 6,638,973		\$ 6,638,973
Unrestricted Federal and State Aid	292,246		292,246
Miscellaneous Income	577,987		577,987
Total General Revenues	7,509,206		7,509,206
Change in Net Position	426,217	\$ 32,437	458,654
Net Position - Beginning	3,136,484	- 0 -	3,136,484
Net Position - Ending	\$ 3,562,701	\$ 32,437	\$ 3,595,138

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	(	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Revenue Projects			Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	174,472		\$	12,823	\$	187,295	
Mortgage Loan Receivable					109,208		109,208	
Tax Levy Receivable		52,620					52,620	
Interfund Receivable		183,931			77,676		261,607	
Receivables From Other Governments:								
Federal			\$ 242,222				242,222	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		26,772	16,478				43,250	
Total Assets	\$	437,795	\$ 258,700	\$	199,707	\$	896,202	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable - Vendors	\$	41,177				\$	41,177	
Interfund Payable	*	,	\$ 242,222			+	242,222	
Payable to Other Governments:			• )				,	
Intergovernmental Accounts Payable - Other		82,665					82,665	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Total Liabilities		123,842	242,222				366,064	
Fund Balances:								
Restricted:								
Charter School Escrow		75,000					75,000	
Unemployment Compensation		26,772					26,772	
Student Activities			16,478				16,478	
Committed:								
Capital Projects				\$	199,707		199,707	
Unassigned:								
General Fund		212,181					212,181	
Total Fund Balances		313,953	16,478		199,707		530,138	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	437,795	\$ 258,700	\$	199,707	\$	896,202	

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position (A-1) is Different Because:		
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Previous Page)	\$	530,138
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Funds.	1	4,250,081
Derivative Instrument - Interest Rate Swap		19,647
A loss on refunding is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds in the year the mortgage loans were refunded.		336,410
Certain amounts related to the Net Pension Liability are Deferred and Amortized in the Statement of Activities are not reported in the Governmental Funds: Deferred Outflows - Pensions Deferred Inflows - Pensions		269,699 (609,381)
Deferred Inflow - Accumulated Increase in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives Long-Term Liabilities, including mortgage loans payable and the PERS Net Pension Liability, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the		(19,647)
Governmental Funds.	(1	1,214,246)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-1)	\$	3,562,701

# THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUE:				
Local Sources:				
Charter School Aid	\$ 6,638,973			\$ 6,638,973
Restricted Miscellaneous		\$ 63,583	\$ 500,000	563,583
Unrestricted Miscellaneous	77,987			77,987
Total - Local Sources	6,716,960	63,583	500,000	7,280,543
State Sources	2,183,534	34,941		2,218,475
Federal Sources		383,171		383,171
Total Revenue	8,900,494	481,695	500,000	9,882,189
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Regular Instruction	3,568,081	346,213		3,914,294
Special Education Instruction		85,645		85,645
Other Instruction	2,494			2,494
Student & Instruction Related Services	226,102			226,102
General Administrative Services	940,562			940,562
School Administrative Services	890			890
Central Services	168,703			168,703
Administrative Information Technology	192,631			192,631
Plant Operations and Maintenance	675,502			675,502
Pupil Transportation	19,860			19,860
Employee Benefits	2,384,484			2,384,484
Capital Outlay	683,117	47,474	3,316,625	4,047,216
Total Expenditures	8,862,426	479,332	3,316,625	12,658,383
Excess of Revenue Over/(Under) Expenditures	38,068	2,363	(2,816,625)	(2,776,194)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):				
Transfers	(1,200,000)		1,200,000	
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(1,200,000)		1,200,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,161,932)	2,363	(1,616,625)	(2,776,194)
Fund Balance—July 1	1,475,885	14,115	1,816,332	3,306,332
Fund Balance—June 30	\$ 313,953	\$ 16,478	\$ 199,707	\$ 530,138

## THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

Exhibit B-3	\$ (2,776,194)		2,836,823	305,678	(39,970)	67,129 20,045 12,706	\$ 426,217
PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL         RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES,         AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS         TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES         FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022	Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit B-2)	Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2) are Different Because:	Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense differs from capital outlays in the period.	Repayment of the mortgage loan is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and is not reported in the statement of activities.	Governmental funds report the effect of refunding transactions when the debt is first issued, but the amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This represents the current year amortization related to the deferred loss on refunding.	The net pension liability reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in the Governmental Funds: Change in Net Pension Liability Change in Deferred Outflows Change in Deferred Inflows	Change in Net Position - Governmental Funds (Exhibit A-2)

# THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities						
		Enter	prise Funds			
Foo	od Service		Total			
F	Program	No	n-Major		Total	
Ma	ajor Fund		Fund	A	ll Funds	
\$	6,389	\$	15,046	\$	21,435	
	652				652	
	28,347				28,347	
	300		8,556		8,856	
	35,688		23,602		59,290	
	18,820				18,820	
	(12,324)				(12,324)	
	6,496				6,496	
	42,184		23,602		65,786	
			19,385		19,385	
	13,964				13,964	
	13,964		19,385		33,349	
	6.496				6,496	
	21,724		4,217		25,941	
\$	28,220	\$	4,217	\$	32,437	
	Б Ма В П П П П П П П П П П П П П П П П П П	Food Service         Program         Major Fund         \$       6,389         652         28,347         300         35,688         18,820         (12,324)         6,496         42,184         13,964         13,964         6,496         21,724	Enter         Food Service       No         Major Fund       No         \$ 6,389       \$         652       28,347         300       35,688         18,820       (12,324)         6,496       42,184         13,964       13,964         6,496       21,724	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline Enterprise Funds \\ \hline Food Service & Total \\ Program & Non-Major \\ \hline Major Fund & Fund \\ \hline \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ &$	Enterprise Funds           Food Service         Total           Program         Non-Major           Major Fund         Fund         Ai           \$         6,389         \$         15,046         \$           652         28,347         300         8,556 $\overline{}$ $\overline{}$ 300         8,556 $\overline{}$ $\overline{}$ $\overline{}$ $\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	

# THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

## PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities					
	Enterprise Funds					
	Foo	od Service	Total			
	F	Program	Non-Major		Total	
	M	ajor Fund		Fund	A	ll Funds
Operating Revenue		0				
Local Sources:						
Daily Sales - Non-Reimbursable Programs:						
School lunch program	\$	42,397			\$	42,397
Program Fees	Ψ	12,397	\$	35,511	Ψ	35,511
r togram r ces			Ψ	55,511		55,511
Total Operating Revenue		42,397		35,511		77,908
		, <u>,</u>		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Operating Expenses:						
Cost of Sales - Reimbursable Programs		167,044				167,044
Salaries, Benefits & Payroll Taxes		9,421		28,294		37,715
Depreciation		1,254				1,254
Miscellaneous				3,000		3,000
Total Operating Expenses		177,719		31,294		209,013
Operating Income/(Loss)		(135,322)		4,217		(131,105)
Non-Operating Revenue:						
State Sources:						
COVID-19 Seamless Summer Option		3,728				3,728
Federal Sources:		,				,
COVID-19 Seamless Summer Option Lunch		158,541				158,541
COVID-19 Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer		1,273				1,273
		1,270				1,270
Total Non-Operating Revenue		163,542				163,542
Change in Net Position		28,220		4,217		32,437
Net Position - Beginning of Year		- 0 -		- 0 -		- 0 -
Net Position - End of Year	\$	28,220	\$	4,217	\$	32,437

# THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

## PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities					
			Enter	rprise Funds		
	Fc	od Service		Total		
		Program	Ν	on-Major		Total
		lajor Fund		Fund	A	All Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		5				
Receipts from Customers	\$	41,752			\$	41,752
Receipts from Program Revenues		,	\$	40,680		40,680
Payments to Suppliers		(167,045)	•	- )		(167,045)
Payments of Salaries, Benefits & Payroll Taxes		(9,421)		(28,294)		(37,715)
Payments for Miscellaneous Expenses		(),121)		(3,000)		(3,000)
Tayments for Wiscentifeous Expenses				(3,000)		(3,000)
Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities		(134,714)		9,386		(125,328)
Cash Elever from Neurospital Einensing Astivition						
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		125.926				125.926
Cash Received from State and Federal Reimbursements		135,836				135,836
Interfund Advanced/(Returned)		(3,247)				(3,247)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		132,589				132,589
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,125)		9,386		7,261
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		8,514		5,660		14,174
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	6,389	\$	15,046	\$	21,435
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities: Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) to Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities:	\$	(135,322)	\$	4,217	\$	(131,105)
Depreciation		1,254				1,254
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase)/Decrease in Other Accounts Receivable (Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Sales		5,667 (6,313)		5,169		10,836 (6,313)
Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(134,714)	\$	9,386	\$	(125,328)

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Board of Trustees (the "Board") of the Princeton Charter School (the "Charter School") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Board of Trustee's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity:

The Charter School is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The Board of Trustees consists of volunteer officials and is responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. A School Director is appointed by the Board of Trustees and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Codification Section 2100, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes standards to determine whether a governmental component unit should be included in the financial reporting entity. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A legally separate, tax-exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents. (2) The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization. (3). The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

## B. Basis of Presentation:

## Charter School-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the Charter School's Governmental and Business-type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School in its entirety. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. These statements distinguish between governmental and business type activities of the Charter School. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue and other non-exchange transactions. Business type activities are financed in part by fees charged to external parties.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## B. Basis of Presentation: (Cont'd)

#### Charter School-Wide Financial Statements: (Cont'd)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the Charter School's Governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses are allocated to the functions using an appropriate allocation method or association with the specific function. Indirect expenses include health benefits, employer's share of payroll taxes, compensated absences and tuition reimbursements.

Program revenue includes (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenue that is not classified as program revenue, including all taxes, is presented as general revenue. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

During the period, the Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. The fund financial statements provide information about the Charter School's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* - are presented. The New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) has elected to require New Jersey schools to treat each governmental fund as a major fund in accordance with the option noted in GASB No. 34, paragraph 76. The NJDOE believes that the presentation of all funds as major is important for public interest and to promote consistency among school financial reporting models.

The Charter School reports the following Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund:</u> The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School and is used to account for and report all expendable financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or non-instructional equipment which are classified in the capital outlay sub-fund.

As required by NJDOE, the Charter School includes budgeted capital outlay in this fund. GAAP, as it pertains to governmental entities, states that general fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for longlived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenue. Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, school taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to capital assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by Board resolution.

<u>Special Revenue Fund:</u> The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Thus, the Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Governments (other than major capital projects or debt service funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## B. Basis of Presentation: (Cont'd)

#### Charter School-Wide Financial Statements: (Cont'd)

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets or lease assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The financial resources are derived from financing that is authorized by the Board of Trustees.

The Charter School reports the following proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: The Enterprise Funds account for all revenue and expenses pertaining to the Charter School's cafeteria and student programs. The food service fund and school program fund are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the cost (i.e., expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

The Charter School-Wide financial statements and the Proprietary Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when measurable and available. The Charter School considers all revenue reported in the Governmental Funds to be available if the revenue is collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset or lease asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under financed purchases are reported as other financing sources.

It is the Charter School's policy that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) amounts are available, to apply restricted resources first followed by unrestricted resources. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, it is the Charter School's policy to apply committed resources first followed by assigned resources and then unassigned resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting: (Cont'd)

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Charter School may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenue. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance the program. It is the Charter School's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenue.

#### D. Budgets/Budgetary Control:

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was submitted to the County office and was approved by a vote of the Board of Trustees. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum Charter of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. All budget amendments/transfers must be made by resolution of the Board of Trustees. All budgetary amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For Governmental Funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, except for the Special Revenue Fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the Governmental Fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The accounting records of the Special Revenue Fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis except for student activities. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and recognizes the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources:		
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Revenue"		
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 8,900,494	\$ 481,695
Total Revenues as Reported on the Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 8,900,494	\$ 481,695

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## D. Budgets/Budgetary Control: (Cont'd)

		Special
	General	Revenue
	Fund	Fund
Uses/Outflows of Resources:		
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Total Outflows" from the		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 8,862,426	\$ 479,332
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Statement of Revenue,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 8,862,426	\$ 479,332

## E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments:

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash change funds, amounts in deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

New Jersey school districts and charter schools are limited as to type of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey Statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey school districts and charter schools. Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

The Charter School generally records investments at fair value and records the unrealized gains and losses as part of investment income. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Charter School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value of at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

## F. Interfund Transactions:

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in Governmental Funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### F. Interfund Transactions: (Cont'd)

On the fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables.

#### G. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

#### H. Encumbrances:

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in Governmental Funds, other than the Special Revenue Fund, are reported as restricted, committed and/or assigned of fund balances at period-end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the Special Revenue Fund for which the Charter School has received advances are reflected in the balance sheet as unearned revenue at period end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next period. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next period to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current period end.

#### I. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables:

Short-term interfund receivables/payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the Charter School and that are due within one year.

#### J. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses:

Inventories which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the Enterprise Fund, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase.

Enterprise fund inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Prepaid expenses in the enterprise and general funds represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022.

#### K. Capital Assets:

During the Charter School's initial year of operation, a formal system of accounting for its capital assets was established. Capital assets acquired or constructed are recorded at historical cost including ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into service. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs is not capitalized. The Charter School does not possess any infrastructure. The Charter School reviews capital assets for impairment.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## K. Capital Assets: (Cont'd)

The capitalization threshold (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) is \$2,000. The depreciation method is straight-line. The estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the Charter School-Wide statements are as follows:

	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and Building Improvements	50 years
Site Improvements	20 years
Furniture, Machinery and Equipment	10 to 15 years

In the Fund financial statements, capital assets used in the Governmental Fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures in the Governmental Funds upon acquisition. Capital assets are not capitalized, and related depreciation is not reported in the Fund financial statements.

## L. Lease Assets:

Intangible right-to-use lease assets are assets which the Charter School leases for a term of more than one year. The value of leases are determined by the net present value of the leases at the Charter School's incremental borrowing rate at the time of the lease agreement, amortized over the term of the agreement.

## M. Long Term Liabilities:

In the Charter School-Wide Statement of Net Position, long-term debt and other long-term obligations would be reported as liabilities in governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt using the straight-line method of amortization. In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

In the Charter School-Wide *Statement of Net Position*, the liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year should be reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due beyond one year.

#### N. Accrued Salaries and Wages:

The Charter School does not allow employees, who provide services to the Charter School over the ten-month academic year, the option to have their salaries evenly disbursed during the entire twelve-month year. Therefore, there are no accrued salaries and wages for this purpose at June 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### O. Compensated Absences:

Charter Schools account for compensated absences as directed by GASB. A liability attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's policies and employee contracts. Upon separation, certain employees are not paid for accrued vacation per Charter School policy. Employees can also accumulate unused sick leave which will not be paid, upon the employee's retirement or separation pursuant to the Charter School's policy or employee contracts.

#### P. Lease Payable:

In the district-wide financial statements, leases payable are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the present value of lease payments is reported as other financing sources.

#### Q. Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue in the Special Revenue Fund represents cash which has been received but not yet earned. See Note 1(D) regarding the Special Revenue Fund.

#### R. Fund Balance Appropriated:

<u>General Fund</u>: The \$313,953 of fund balance in the General Fund at June 30, 2022 consists of \$75,000 which is restricted for Charter School Escrow, \$26,772 which is restricted for Unemployment Compensation and \$212,181 which is unassigned.

Special Revenue Fund: The \$16,478 of restricted fund balance in Special Revenue Fund is for Student Activities.

Capital Projects Fund: The \$199,707 in fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2022 is committed.

#### S. Net Position:

The net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the Charter School that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the Charter School that is applicable to a future reporting period. The Charter School had deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and a deferred outflow for the loss on the refunding of the Mortgage Loan at June 30, 2022 and a deferred inflow for the accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives.

Net position is displayed in three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## S. Net Position: (Cont'd)

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, lease assets, net of accumulated amortization reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of net position, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also would be included in this component of net position.

The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. The Charter School had \$75,000 restricted in net position for Charter School Escrow which is required by NJDOE and \$26,772 for unemployment compensation.

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

#### T. Deficit Net Position/(Fund Balance):

The Charter School had a \$151,746 deficit in its governmental activities due to recording the net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows. This deficit does not indicate that the Charter School is in financial difficulties and is a permitted practice under generally accepted accounting principles.

#### U. Fund Balance Restrictions, Commitments and Assignments:

The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined for a formal action of the Charter School's highest level of decision-making authority. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the Charter School's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classifications should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts has been restricted, committed or assigned.

The Charter School has restricted resources for Charter School escrow, student activities, and unemployment compensation.

The Board of Trustees has the responsibility to formally commit resources for specific purposes through a motion or a resolution passed by a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees at a public meeting of that governing body. The Board of Trustees must also utilize a formal motion or a resolution passed by a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees at a public meeting of that governing body in order to remove or change the commitment of resources. The Charter School has committed resources in the Capital Projects fund at June 30, 2022.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### U. Fund Balance Restrictions, Commitments and Assignments: (Cont'd)

The assignment of resources is generally made by the Board of Trustees through a motion, or a resolution passed by a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees. These resources are intended to be used for a specific purpose. The process is not as restrictive as the commitment of resources and the Board of Trustees may allow an official of the Charter School to assign resources through policies adopted by the Board of Trustees. The Charter School has no assigned resources as of June 30, 2022.

## V. Revenue - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue, resulting from exchange transactions in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the period in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current period or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For the Charter School, available means within sixty days of the period end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the period when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Charter School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Charter School on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are both measurable and available at period-end: property taxes, interest and tuition.

#### W. Management Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### X. Interest Rate Swap Contract:

The Charter School utilizes an interest rate swap agreement (derivative financial instrument) to reduce interest rate risk. The Charter School does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. In accordance with GASB, the Charter School recognizes all derivatives as either assets or liabilities and an offsetting deferred outflow or inflow in the statement of financial position and measures those instruments at fair value. Changes in the fair value of these derivatives are reported in the statement of activities. The fair value of derivative instruments is determined by utilizing forward interest rate estimates and present value techniques.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### Y. Reference Rate Reform:

On March 12, 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting*. This ASU provides temporary optional guidance to ease the potential burden in accounting for reference rate reform. The new guidance provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying generally accepted accounting principles to contract modifications and hedging relationships, subject to meeting certain criteria, that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued. The ASU is intended to help stakeholders during the global market-wide reference rate transition period. Therefore, it will be in effect for a limited time through December 31, 2022 for all entities. The Princeton Charter School is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the Princeton Charter School's financial statements.

## NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND CHARTER SCHOOL-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used on the government fund statements and Charter School-Wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, amounts in deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

The Charter School classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB requires disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Charter School in its cash, cash equivalents and investments, if those items are uninsured or unregistered. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned.

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with its cash management plan, the Charter School ensures that any deposit or investment matures within the time period that approximates the prospective need for the funds, deposited or invested, so that there is not a risk to the market value of such deposits or investments.

Credit Risk - The Charter School limits its investments to those authorized in its cash management plan which are those permitted under state statute as detailed in the Investment section of this note.

Custodial Credit Risk – The Charter School's policy with respect to custodial credit risk ensures that Charter School funds are only deposited in financial institutions in which NJ school districts and charter schools are permitted to invest their funds.

## Deposits:

New Jersey statutes require that school districts and charter schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. School districts and charter schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

## NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

#### Deposits: (Cont'd)

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least 5% of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit, and

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

#### Investments:

New Jersey statutes permit the Charter School to purchase the following types of securities:

- (1) Bonds or other obligations of the United States of America or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America;
- (2) Government money market mutual funds;
- (3) Any obligation that a federal agency or a federal instrumentality has issued in accordance with an act of Congress, which security has a maturity date not greater than 397 days from the date of purchase, provided that such obligation bears a fixed rate of interest not dependent on any index or other external factor;
- (4) Bonds or other obligations of the school district or charter school or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the school district or charter school is located.
- (5) Bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, issued by New Jersey school districts and charter schools, municipalities, counties, and entities subject to the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law", P.L. 1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.). Other bonds or obligations having a maturity date not more than 397 days from the date of purchase may be approved by the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury for investment by local units;
- (6) Local government investment pools;
- (7) Deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund established pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1977, c.281 (C.52:18A-90.4); or

## NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

#### Investments: (Cont'd)

- (8) Agreements for the repurchase of fully collateralized securities if:
  - (a) the underlying securities are permitted investments pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (3) of this subsection a. or are bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date of not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, issued by New Jersey school districts or charter schools, municipalities, counties, and entities subject to the requirements of the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L. 1983, c. 313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.).;
  - (b) the custody of collateral is transferred to a third party;
  - (c) the maturity of the agreement is not more than 30 days;
  - (d) the underlying securities are purchased through a public depository as defined in section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.236 (C.17:9-41); and
  - (e) a master repurchase agreement providing for the custody and security of collateral is executed; or
- (9) Deposit of funds in accordance with the following conditions:
  - (a) The funds are initially invested through a public depository as defined in section 1 of P.L. 1970, c. 236 (C.17:9-41) designated by the school district or charter school;
  - (b) The designated public depository arranges for the deposit of the funds in deposit accounts in one or more federally insured banks, savings banks or savings and loan associations or credit unions for the account of the school district or charter school;
  - (c) 100 percent of the principal and accrued interest of each deposit is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund;
  - (d) The designated public depository acts as custodian for the school district or charter school with respect to these deposits; and
  - (e) On the same date that the school district's or charter school's funds are deposited pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, the designated public depository receives an amount of deposits from customers of other financial institutions, wherever located, equal to the amounts of funds initially invested by the school district or charter school through the designated public depository.

## NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

As of June 30, 2022, cash and cash equivalents of the Charter School consisted of the following:

	Restricted Cash and Cash		Cash and Cash		
	Equivalents		Equivalents		 Total
Checking & Savings Accounts	\$	43,250	\$	208,730	\$ 251,980

During the period ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School did not hold any investments. The carrying amount of the Charter School's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022, was \$251,980 and the bank balance was \$472,364.

#### NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2021	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Sites (Land)	\$ 2,560,000			\$ 2,560,000
Construction in Progress	2,683,668	\$3,316,625		6,000,293
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	5,243,668	3,316,625		8,560,293
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Site Improvements	338,252			338,252
Buildings and Building Improvements	12,494,219			12,494,219
Machinery and Equipment	1,108,951			1,108,951
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	13,941,422			13,941,422
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	19,185,090	3,316,625		22,501,715
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Site Improvements	(249,306)	(6,079)		(255,385)
Buildings and Building Improvements	(6,547,400)	(454,906)		(7,002,306)
Machinery and Equipment	(975,126)	(18,817)		(993,943)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,771,832)	(479,802)		(8,251,634)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,				
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	11,413,258	2,836,823		14,250,081

## NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

	Balance June 30, 2021	Increases Decreases	Balance June 30, 2022
Business Type Activities:	, <u> </u>		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Furniture and Equipment	\$ 18,820		\$ 18,820
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(11,070)	\$ (1,254)	(12,324)
Business Type Activities Capital Assets,			
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	7,750	(1,254)	6,496
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 11,421,008	\$ 2,835,569 \$ - 0 -	\$ 14,256,577

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Regular Instruction	\$ 305,368
Other Instruction	213
Student and Instruction Related Services	19,351
General Administrative Services	80,496
School Administrative Services	76
Administrative Information Technology	16,486
Plant Operations and Maintenance	 57,812
	\$ 479,802

## NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the Charter School-wide financial statements:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2021	Accrued	 Retired	June 30, 2022
Mortgage Loans Payable Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,959,562 627,491		\$ 305,678 67,129	\$ 10,653,884 560,362
	\$ 11,587,053	\$ -0-	\$ 372,807	\$ 11,214,246

(Continued)

#### NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

#### A. Mortgage Loans Payable

The \$7,391,000 loan requires monthly payments of principal and interest through call on June 17, 2035, should the bank exercise this right, then all unpaid principal and interest is due, otherwise payments continue until 2040. Interest accrues at a variable rate based on the one-month LIBOR rate (0.69002% at June 30, 2022). At June 30, 2022, the interest rate was 1.99002%. The Charter School entered into an interest rate swap agreement with the Bank for the first twenty years to reduce the impact of changes in the interest rate on this variable rate loan. The swap has a fixed rate of 3.12%. The fair market value of the interest rate swap at June 30, 2022 is \$19,647 which is reflected as a deferred inflow and a non-current asset on the Statement of Net Position. The repayment of the loan is based on a 25-year amortization schedule with a loan term of 20 years.

The \$365,000 loan requires monthly payments of principal and interest through maturity on July 1, 2035 when all unpaid principal and interest is due. Interest accrues at a variable rate based upon the LIBOR rate plus 2%. The interest rate at June 30, 2022 was 2.1003%.

The Charter School had loans payable as of June 30, 2022 as follows:

Purpose	Final Maturity	Final Maturity Interest Rate	
Mortgage Loan	6/17/2035	3.12%	\$ 5,951,335
Mortgage Loan	7/1/2035	3.98246%	262,800
Expansion and			
Renovation Mortgage	12/1/2027	3.50%	4,439,749
			\$ 10,653,884

Principal and interest due on the mortgage loans outstanding are as follows:

Fiscal Year Due	Principal		Interest*		 Total
2023	\$	377,053	\$	350,601	\$ 727,654
2024		389,168		339,731	728,899
2025		403,637		324,270	727,907
2026		417,670		310,700	728,370
2027		432,207		297,078	729,285
2028-2032		5,383,956		719,587	6,103,543
2033-2036		3,250,193		261,088	 3,511,281
	\$	10,653,884	\$	2,603,055	\$ 13,256,939

\* - Interest on the remaining \$262,800 of mortgage loan payable is variable and is based on the rate at June 30, 2022. Thus, the actual interest paid may be different than the amount presented above.

The loans are collateralized by all property of the Charter School and an assignment of any leases and rents. The Charter School continues to have a line of credit with no outstanding amount.

#### NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

#### A. Mortgage Loans Payable (Cont'd)

The loan agreement with the Bank contains a debt service coverage ratio test related to the mortgage loans as follows:

	2022	2021	2020	Average	Use
Change in Net Position	\$ 426,217	\$ 344,547	\$ (254,645)		
Add back:					
Interest Expense	342,226	293,865	217,255		
Depreciation	479,802	488,470	492,510		
Deferred Loss on Refunding	39,970	39,970			
Net Pension Liability & Related					
Deferred Inflows & Outflows	99,880	(6,235)	90,601		
EBIDA	\$ 1,388,095	\$1,160,617	\$ 545,721	\$ 1,031,478	\$1,031,478
Current Year Principal Payments					321,382
Interest Expense (Current Reporting	ng Period)				342,226
					663,608
			Ratio		1.55
			Benchmark		1.05

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the Charter School was in compliance with the debt service coverage ratio.

The Charter School issued a \$4,500,000 mortgage for the Expansion and Renovation of Princeton Charter School Project as of June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School has drawn down \$4,390,792 on the project, which is expected to be completed by December 31, 2022. The draw down period ended December 31, 2021, with interest only payments at a fixed rate of 3.50%. Principal and interest payments began in 2022 with amortization of 24 years after the initial offering period at which point the line converted to a 6-year loan with a final maturity date of December 1, 2027.

#### B. Loss on Refunding

The refunding of the School's outstanding mortgage debt resulted in a loss on refunding of \$616,200 in 2015. In accordance with GASB, the loss is classified as a deferred outflow of resources. The deferred outflow of resources is amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the life of the old or new debt. This deferred outflow of resources will be recognized in interest expense as follows for the fiscal years ending June 30:

2023	\$ 39,970
2024	39,970
2025	39,970
2026	39,970
2027	39,970
2028-2031	136,560
	\$ 336,410

#### NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

#### C. Net Pension Liability:

The Public Employees' Retirement System's (PERS) net pension liability of the governmental fund types is recorded in the current and long-term liabilities and will be liquidated by the General Fund. The current portion of the net pension liability at June 30, 2022 is \$-0- and the long-term portion is \$560.362. See Note 6 for further information on the PERS.

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS

Substantially all of the Charter School's employees participate in one of the two contributory, defined benefit public employee retirement systems: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) or the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) of New Jersey; or the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP). a taxqualified defined contribution money purchase pension plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 401(a).

#### A. Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

#### Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's annual financial statements which can be found at <u>www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/ annual-reports.shtml</u>.

## Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

## NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

## A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

## Benefits Provided (Cont'd)

Service retirement benefits of 1/55<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60<sup>th</sup> of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62 and Tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

## **Contributions**

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing members. The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years, beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. Charter School contributions to PERS amounted to \$55,396 for 2022.

The employee contribution rate was 7.50% effective July 1, 2018.

## Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2022, the Charter School's liability was \$560,362 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Charter School's proportion was .0047%, which was a increase of 0.0009% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognized actual pension benefit in the amount of \$44,486.

## NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

## A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense (Cont'd)

At June 30, 2022, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferral	Amortization Period	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Year	in Years	Resources	Resources
Changes in Assumptions	2017	5.48		\$ (23,681)
	2018	5.00		(44,397)
	2019	5.21		(39,166)
	2020	5.16		(92,249)
	2021	5.13	\$ 2,918	
			2,918	(199,493)
Changes in Proportion	2017	5.48		(8,730)
	2018	5.00	103,029	
	2019	5.21		(12,692)
	2020	5.16		(236,840)
	2021	5.13	154,914	
			257,943	(258,262)
Net Difference Between	2018	5.00		(4,377)
Projected and Actual	2019	5.00		1,412
Investment Earnings on	2020	5.00		31,831
Pension Plan Investments	2021	5.00		(176,480)
				(147,614)
Difference Between Expected	2017	5.48	704	
and Actual Experience	2018	5.63		(1,691)
	2019	5.21	2,994	
	2020	5.16	5,140	
	2021	5.13		(2,321)
			8,838	(4,012)
District Contribution Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date	2021	1.00	99,015	
			\$ 368,714	\$ (609,381)

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

#### A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

#### Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense (Cont'd)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts including changes in proportion and the Charter School contribution subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions will be recognized in pension benefit as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total
2022	\$ (132,223)
2023	(94,405)
2024	(64,368)
2025	(48,386)
2026	19
	\$ (339,363)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Rate:	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	2.00 - 6.00% based on years of service
Thereafter	3.00 - 7.00% based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee Mortality Table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and a 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

#### A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

#### Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected\_returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
RealAssets	3.00%	7.40%
RealEstate	8.00%	9.15%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Management Strategies	3.00%	3.35%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based upon 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

## NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

## A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

# Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2021 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed below, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

June 30	), 202	1				
		At 1%	At	t Current		At 1%
	Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		Increase (8.00%)	
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	763,521	\$	560,362	\$	388,525

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial statements.

## B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

#### Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey (the State) is responsible to fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. The TPAF is administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the TPAF, please refer to the Division's annual financial statements which can be found at <u>www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annual-reports.shtml.</u>

## Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

## NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

## B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Benefits Provided (Cont'd)

The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier		Definition	

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
- 4 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28. 2011
- 5 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62 and Tier 5 before age 65 with 30 or more years of service credit. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the retirement age for his/her respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

## Contributions

The contribution policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing members. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which included the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. For fiscal year 2021, the State's pension contribution was more than the actuarial determined amount.

## Special Funding Situation

The employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in a coordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefore, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers. However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the local participating employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the local participating employer. During the fiscal year ended 2022, the State of New Jersey contributed \$1,180,594 to the TPAF for normal pension benefits on behalf of the Charter School, which is more than the contractually required contribution of \$320,327.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

## B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Special Funding Situation (Cont'd)

The employee contribution rate was 7.50% effective July 1, 2018.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School was \$13,613,317. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Charter School's proportion was 0.0283%, which was an decrease of 0.00086% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	-0-
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated		
with the District	13,	613,317
Total	\$ 13,	613,317

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized pension expense on behalf of the Charter School in the amount of \$320,327 and the Charter School recognized pension expense and revenue for that same amount in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 financial statements.

The State reported collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts) related to pensions from the following sources:

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

## B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

	Year of Deferral	Amortization Period in Years	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in Assumptions	2014	8.50	\$ 153,774,925	
	2015	8.30	926,219,611	
	2016	8.30	3,000,278,784	
	2017	8.30	- ) ) )	\$ 5,282,196,290
	2018	8.29		3,527,661,165
	2019	8.04		2,510,940,613
	2020	7.99	1,209,286,241	
	2021	7.93		12,903,483,645
			5,289,559,561	24,224,281,713
Difference Between Expected	2014	8.50		1,464,605
and Actual Experience	2011	8.30	57,204,429	1,101,000
und i lotuur Experience	2015	8.30	57,201,125	37,311,034
	2010	8.30	93,981,436	57,511,051
	2017	8.29	618,845,893	
	2019	8.04	010,010,000	97,553,990
	2020	7.99		6,444,940
	2021	7.93	171,234,070	
			941,265,828	142,774,569
Net Difference Between Projected	2018	5.00		96,030,373
and Actual Investment Earnings	2019	5.00		(72,441,385)
on Pension Plan Investments	2020	5.00		(724,186,621)
	2021	5.00		3,554,633,811
				2,854,036,178
			\$ 6,230,825,389	\$ 27,221,092,460

Amounts reported by the State as collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid members contributions as follows:

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

#### B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total
2022	\$ (2,914,282,899)
2023	(3,500,098,875)
2024	(4,665,036,366)
2025	(4,192,375,542)
2026	(2,350,648,872)
Thereafter	 (3,367,824,517)
	\$ (20,990,267,071)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

T (1 ...

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	1.55 - 4.45% based on years of service
Thereafter	2.75 - 5.65% based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and a 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

#### B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

#### Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected\_returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the table on the following page.

	Long-Term
Target	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return
27.00%	8.09%
13.50%	8.71%
5.50%	10.96%
13.00%	11.30%
8.00%	9.15%
3.00%	7.40%
2.00%	3.75%
8.00%	7.60%
8.00%	1.68%
4.00%	0.50%
5.00%	0.95%
3.00%	3.35%
	Allocation 27.00% 13.50% 5.50% 13.00% 8.00% 3.00% 2.00% 8.00% 8.00% 4.00% 5.00%

#### Discount Rate - TPAF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

## NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS (Cont'd)

## B. Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Cont'd)

# Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School as of June 30, 2021 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Jı	une 3	0, 2021				
		At 1%	A	At Current		At 1%
		Decrease	Di	scount Rate		Increase
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
State's Proportionate Share of the Net						
Pension Liability Associated with the District	\$	16,106,831	\$	13,613,317	\$	11,518,924

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - TPAF

Detailed information about the TPAF's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial statements.

## C. Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)

Prudential Financial jointly administers the DCRP investments with the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits. If an employee is ineligible to enroll in the PERS or TPAF, the employee may be eligible to enroll in the DCRP. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting is immediate upon enrollment for members of the DCRP.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the DCRP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625-0295.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Employee contributions are based on percentages of 5.50% for DCRP of employees' annual compensation, as defined. The DCRP was established July 1, 2007, under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 and expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008. Employee contributions for DCRP are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

For DCRP, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$5,647 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Employee contributions to DCRP amounted to \$7,669 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### Grant Programs

The Charter School participates in state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to program compliance audits by grantors or their representatives. The Charter School is potentially liable for expenditures which may be disallowed pursuant to terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

#### Litigation

The Charter School is periodically involved in lawsuits and estimates that any potential claims against it resulting from such litigation and not covered by insurance would not materially adversely affect the financial position of the Charter School.

#### Encumbrances

At June 30, 2022, the Charter School had no encumbrances.

#### NOTE 8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Charter School offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). The plan, which is administered by the Charter School and TIAA CREF, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plan are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

#### NOTE 9. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Charter School receives a substantial amount of its support from state, federal and local governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if this were to occur, may have an effect on the Charter School's programs and activities.

#### NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Charter School provides employees with health benefit coverage through the State of New Jersey Health Benefits Plan.

#### Property and Liability Insurance

A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the statistical section of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The Charter School is a member of the New Jersey Schools Insurance Group ("NJSIG"). This public entity risk management pool provided workers' compensation and employer's liability for its members. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

(Continued)

## NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

## Property and Liability Insurance (Cont'd)

The NJSIG is a risk-sharing public entity risk pool that is both an insured and self-administered group of school districts and charter schools established for the purpose of providing low-cost insurance coverage for their members in order to keep local property taxes at a minimum. Each member appoints an official to represent their respective district or charter school for the purpose of creating a governing body from which officers for the NJSIG are elected.

As a member of the NJSIG, the Charter School could be subject to supplemental assessments in the event of deficiencies. If the assets of the NJSIG were to be exhausted, members would become responsible for their respective shares of the NJSIG's liabilities. The NJSIG can declare and distribute dividends to members upon approval of the State of New Jersey Department of Banking and Insurance. These distributions are divided amongst the members in the same ratio as their individual assessment relates to the total assessment of the membership body.

Selected financial information for NJSIG as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 419,556,712
Net Position	\$ 184,982,708
Total Revenue	\$ 136,489,970
Total Expenses	\$ 123,329,498
Change in Net Position	\$ 13,160,472
Net Position Distribution to Participating Members	\$ - 0 -

Financial statements for the NJSIG are available at the Group's Executive Director's Office:

600 Midlantic Drive Mount Laurel, NJ 08054 Phone: 609-386-6060 Fax: 609-386-8877

#### New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Charter School is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

A summary of the Charter School and employee contributions, interest, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and balance of the Charter School's Unemployment Compensation Restricted Fund Balance in the General Fund for the current and previous two years follows:

	En	nployer/				
	En	nployee	А	mount		Ending
Fiscal Year	Con	tributions	Rei	mbursed	E	Balance
2021-2022	\$	7,047	\$	7,500	\$	26,772
2020-2021		7,124				27,225
2019-2020		6,952		445		20,101

## NOTE 11. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The following interfund balances remained on the balance sheet at June 30, 2022.

Fund	Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable	
General Fund	\$	183,931		
Special Revenue Fund			\$	242,222
Capital Projects Fund		77,676		
Student Programs Enterprise Fund				19,385
	\$	261,607	\$	261,607

The interfund payable in the Special Revenue is for cash advanced from the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund while awaiting grant collections. The interfund payable in the Student Programs Enterprise Fund is for cash advanced from the General Fund during a previous fiscal year.

## NOTE 12. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

At year end June 30, 2022, the Charter School has the following accounts payable:

	Governmental Funds Contribution					
	Governmentar Funds			equent to		Total
	General		Mea	surement	Gov	rernmental
	Fund		Date		Activities	
Payroll Deductions and Witholdings	\$	41,177			\$	41,177
State of New Jersey			\$	99,015		99,015
	\$	41,177	\$	99,015	\$	140,192

## NOTE 13. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

#### State Health Benefit Program Fund – Local Education Retired Employees Plan

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

#### Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Charter School is in a "special funding situation", as described in GASB Codification Section P50, in that OPEB contributions and expenses are legally required to be made by and are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey, not the Charter School.

The State of New Jersey reports a liability as a result of its statutory requirements to pay other post-employment (health) benefits for the State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. The State Health Benefits Local Education Retired Employees Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents of local education employers.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State of New Jersey in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f. According to N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 years or more of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits, is the responsibility of the individual education employers.

For additional information about the State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Education Plan, please refer to the Division's annual financial statements which can be found at <u>www.state.nj.us/ treasury/pensions/gasb-notices-opeb.shtml.</u>

## Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2020, the plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	150,427
Active Plan Members	213,901
Total	364,328

## NOTE 13. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

## State Health Benefit Program Fund - Local Education Retired Employees Plan (Cont'd)

#### Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021.

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	2.50%		
	TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary Increases:			
Through 2026	1.55 - 4.45%	2.00 - 6.00%	3.25 - 15.25%
	based on service	based on service	based on service
	years	years	years
Thereafter	2.75 - 5.65%	3.00 - 7.00%	Not Applicable
	based on service	based on service	
	years	years	

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2018, July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 for TPAF, PERS and PFRS, respectively.

## Mortality Rates

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disabled retirees. Future disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS) and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disabled retirees. Future disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS) and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disabled retirees. Future disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS) and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

## Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.65% and decreases to a 4.5% long term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal years 2022 through 2023 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 5.74% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 12.93% in fiscal year 2025 and decreasing to 4.5% after 11 years. For HMO the trend is initially 6.01% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 15.23% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to a 4.5% long term rate after seven years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 6.75% and decreases to a 4.5% long term rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

#### NOTE 13. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

#### State Health Benefit Program Fund - Local Education Retired Employees Plan (Cont'd)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2021 was 2.16%. This represents the municipal bond rate as chosen by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

#### Changes in the State's Total OPEB Liability

	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 7,540,761
Changes for Year:	
Service Cost	689,039
Interest Cost	169,199
Changes of Benefit Terms	(6,942)
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(1,747,101)
Changes in Assumptions	6,435
Member Contributions	4,326
Gross Benefit Payments	 (133,281)
Net Changes	 (1,018,325)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 6,522,436

### Sensitivity of the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB Liability attributable to the Charter School as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed in this note, as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

June 3	30, 2021			
	At 1%		At	At 1%
	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	Increase
_	(1.16%)		(2.16%)	 (3.16%)
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School	\$ 7,812,854	\$	6,522,436	\$ 5,506,309

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

#### NOTE 13. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

#### State Health Benefit Program Fund - Local Education Retired Employees Plan (Cont'd)

### Sensitivity of the Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB Liability attributable to the Charter School as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed in this note, as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

June	30, 20	)21			
		1%	H	ealthcare	1%
	D	ecrease	Cost	Trend Rate	 Increase
Total OPEB Liability Attributable to the Charter School	\$	5,279,933	\$	6,522,436	\$ 8,191,026

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the Charter School recognized OPEB expense of \$868,421 as determined by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. This expense and the related offsetting revenue are for benefits provided by the State through a defined benefit OPEB plan that meets the criteria in GASB Codification Section P50, in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASB Codification Section P50, as the Charter School's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0-, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

At June 30, 2021 the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB associated with the Charter School from the following sources.

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

#### NOTE 13. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Cont'd)

#### State Health Benefit Program Fund - Local Education Retired Employees Plan (Cont'd)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Cont'd)

			Deferred	Deferred
	Deferral	Period	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Year	in Years	Resources	Resources
Changes in Assumptions	2017	9.54		\$ 366,562
	2018	9.51		333,235
	2019	9.29	\$ 45,789	
	2020	9.24	1,054,922	
	2021	9.24	5,738	
			1,106,449	699,797
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	2018	9.51		315,011
	2019	9.29		538,934
	2020	9.24	983,228	
	2021	9.24		1,103,554
			983,228	1,957,499
		NT / A	1 112 100	140.010
Changes in Proportion	N/A	N/A	1,113,190	140,818
			\$ 3,202,867	\$ 2,798,114

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total
2022	\$ 128,509
2023	128,509
2024	128,509
2025	128,509
2026	91,368
Thereafter	(37,785)
	\$ 567,619

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

1	2022	0047301881%	560,362	464,172	120.72%	70.33%	
		% 0.	1	7 \$	%	%	
	2021	)38478922	627,491	321,717	195.04%	58.32%	
		0.00	÷	S			
BILITY	2020	0.0029932595% $0.0030915455%$ $0.0045768408%$ $0.0041200647%$ $0.0056978300%$ $0.0055657137%$ $0.0038478922%$ $0.0047301881%$	1,002,857	325,110	308.47%	56.27%	
NLIA		° 0.0	÷	S	<b>\</b> 0	<u>`</u> 0	
ULES ET PENSIOI ° linne 30	2019	0056978300%	1,121,874	422,752	265.37%	53.60%	
<u>HED</u> HEN EM		° 0.0	S	∽	<u>\</u> 0	<b>\</b> 0	
In the second se	2018	041200647%	959,085	345,651	277.47%	48.10%	
TER S TES AL Y		0.0	÷	S			
PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL         REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES         SCHEDULES         SCHEDULE OFCHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY         PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM         LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS         Fiscal Vear Ending Inne 30	2017	045768408%	1,355,529	194,994	695.16%	40.14%	
INCE S PR EMPI LAST		0.0	S	\$		. 0	
PR UIRED SUP R SCHOOL	2016	030915455%	693,990	213,250	325.43%	47.93%	
<u>REQ</u> I		0.0	S	S			
DULE OFCH	2015	029932595%	560,420	207,000	270.73%	52.08%	
CHEI		0.0	S	S	e		
<u>2</u>		Charter School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Charter School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	Charter School's Covered Employee Payroll	Charter School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
		Char N	Char of	Char	Char of of	Plan of	

	<u><u><u></u></u> <u><u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u></u></u>	AST EIGHT	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS	NT SYSTEM ARS				
			E	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ding June 30,			
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 24,676	\$ 26,579	\$ 40,660	\$ 39,028	\$ 57,294	\$ 54,591	\$ 57,294 \$ 54,591 \$ 42,094 \$ 55,396	\$ 55,396
Contributions in relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(24,676)	(26,579)	(40,660)	(39,028)	(57,294)	(54,591)	(42,094)	(55,396)
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	- 0 - \$	- 0 - \$	- 0 - \$	- 0 - \$	- 0 - \$	-0-	-0- \$	-0- \$
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$213,250	\$ 194,994	\$ 345,651	\$ 422,752	\$325,110	\$ 321,717	\$325,110 \$321,717 \$464,172	\$ 566,230
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	11.57%	13.63%	11.76%	9.23%	17.62%	16.97%	9.07%	9.78%

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS

**PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL** 

2	2022	0.0283167206%	\$ 13,613,317	\$ 3,294,791	413.18%	35.52%	
	2021	0.0248024512% 0.0260592790% 0.0246761498% 0.0256731247% 0.0248189179% 0.0241122284% 0.0291613450% 0.0283167206%	\$ 19,202,395	\$ 3,221,539	596.06%	24.60%	
J	2020	0.0241122284%	\$ 14,797,902	\$ 3,063,391	483.06%	26.95%	
PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL         REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES         SCHEDULE OF STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE         SCHEDULE OF STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE         NET PENSION LIABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH THE CHARTER SCHOOL         TEACHERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND         LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS	aing June 30, 2019	0.0248189179%	\$ 15,789,262	\$ 2,988,817	528.28%	26.49%	
PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL         REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES         SCHEDULE OF STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE         SCHEDULE OF STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE         ENSION LLABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH THE CHARTER SCHENSION LLABILITY FUND         DEADLE OF STATES PROVINING CONTRACT SCHENSION LLABICATION LLABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH THE CHARTER SCHENSION LLABILITY FUND         DEADLE OF SCHENSION AND ANNUITY FUND         LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS	riscal Year Ending June 30, 2019	0.0256731247%	\$ 17,309,746	\$ 2,549,587	678.92%	25.41%	
PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL JPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DF STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SF BILLTY ASSOCIATED WITH THE HERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS	2017	0.0246761498%	\$ 19,411,831	\$ 2,262,360	858.03%	22.33%	
REQUIRED SL SCHEDULE O T PENSION LIAB TEACI	2016	0.0260592790%	\$ 16,470,577	\$ 2,474,124	665.71%	28.71%	
EN INTERNET	2015	0.0248024512%	\$ 13,256,103	\$ 2,563,929	517.02%	33.64%	
		State's proportion of the net pension liability attribuatable to the Charter School	State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability attributable to the Charter School	Charter School's Covered Employee Payroll	State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability attributable to the Charter School as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	

	2015	v		2016		2017	Fisc	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018 2019	ding	; June 30, 2019		0000	1000		CCUC
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 71	713,303	\$	,005,677	Ś	1,005,677 \$ 1,458,529 \$ 1,199,132	\$ 1,]		Ś	920,459	÷	872,820	920,459 \$ 872,820 \$ 1,194,087	$\mathbf{S}$	320,327
Contributions in relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(36	(364,543)		(432,815)		(530,485)	()	(365,495)	_	(474,229)		(639,621)	(823,133)		(1,180,594)
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$ 348,760 \$	3,760	÷	572,862	÷	\$ 928,044 \$ 833,637	~ ~		÷	446,230	÷	233,199	\$         233,199         \$         370,954		\$ (860,267)
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,262,360 \$	2,360		,549,591	\$	2,549,587	\$ 2,5	988,817	\$ ?	,063,391	↔ •	,221,539	2,549,591 \$ 2,549,587 \$ 2,988,817 \$ 3,063,391 \$ 3,221,539 \$ 3,294,791 \$ 3,180,034	~	3,180,034
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	Ē	16.11%		16.98%		20.81%		12.23%		15.48%		19.85%	24.98%		37.13%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND

LATS EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

**PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL** 

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL	CHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	ASSOCIATED WITH THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND RELATED RATIOS	LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS
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				Fiscal	Year	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	30,			
		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Change in Total OPEB Liability:	÷	350 500	÷	700 881	÷	303 843	÷	375 757	÷	680 030
Interest Cost	9	142,911	9	167,593	9	185,935	9	170,736	9	169,199
Changes of Benefit Terms		<b>`</b>		<b>`</b>		×.				(6,942)
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience				302,759		(424, 367)		1,178,612		(1,747,101)
Changes in Assumptions		(667, 530)		(524, 204)		68,072		1,377,438		6,435
Member Contributions		3,787		4,222		4,154		3,979		4,326
Gross Benefit Payments		(102, 838)		(122, 147)		(140, 148)		(131, 278)		(133, 281)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(264, 161)		128,104		(2,511)		2,975,244		(1,018,325)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		4,704,085		4,439,924		4,568,028	÷	4,565,517	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	7,540,761
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	4,439,924	Ś	4,568,028	Ś	4,565,517	Ś	7,540,761	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	6,522,436
State's Covered Employee Payroll *	\$	2,457,354	Ś	2,895,242	Ś	3,388,501	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	3,543,256	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	3,758,963
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	llo:	181%		158%		135%		213%		174%

\* - Covered payroll for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017 through 2021 are based on the payroll on the June 30, 2016 through 2020 census data. Note: This schedule does not contain ten years of information as GASB No. 75 was implemented during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Benefit Changes

There were none.

#### Changes of Actuarial Assumptions

In the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation, the mortality improvement was based on Scale MP-2020 while in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation the mortality improvement was based on Scale MP-2021.

#### **B. TEACHERS' PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND**

Benefit Changes

There were none.

#### Changes of Actuarial Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.40% as of June 30, 2020 to 7.00% as of June 30, 2021.

In the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation, the mortality improvement was based on Scale MP-2020 while in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation the mortality improvement was based on Scale MP-2021.

#### C. STATE HEALTH BENEFIT LOCAL EDUCATION RETIRED EMPLOYEES OPEB PLAN

Benefit Changes

There were none.

Changes of Actuarial Assumptions

The discount rate for June 30, 2021 was 2.16%. The discount rate for June 30, 2020 was 2.21%, a change of - .05%.

The salary increases for TPAF/ABP for thereafter were 1.55 - 4.45% in the valuation as of June 30, 2020 while the salary increases for TPAF/ABP for thereafter are 2.75 - 5.65% in the valuation as of June 30, 2021.

The salary increases for PFRS for thereafter were applied to all future years in the valuation as of June 30, 2020 while the salary increases for PFRS for thereafter are not applicable in the valuation as of June 30, 2021.

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### C. STATE HEALTH BENEFIT LOCAL EDUCATION RETIRED EMPLOYEES OPEB PLAN (Cont'd)

#### Changes of Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd)

The mortality rates in the valuation as of June 30, 2021 were based on the following:

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disabled retirees. Future disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS) and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disabled retirees. Future disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS) and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disabled retirees. Future disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS) and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

The mortality rates in the valuation as of June 30, 2020 were based on the following:

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) and "General" (PERS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2020. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2020. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2020.

The health care trend rates in the valuation as of June 30, 2021 were based on the following:

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.65% and decreases to a 4.5% long term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal years 2022 through 2023 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 5.74% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 12.93% in fiscal year 2025 and decreasing to 15.23% in fiscal year 2025 and decreasing to 15.23% in fiscal year 2025 and decreasing to 4.5% after 11 years. For HMO the trend is initially 6.01% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 15.23% in fiscal year 2025 and decreasing to 4.5% after 11 years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 6.75% and decreases to a 4.5% long term rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

The health care trend rates in the valuation as of June 30, 2020 were based on the following:

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.6% and decreases to a 4.5% long term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rate for fiscal year 2021 through 2022 are reflected. The assumed post-65 medical trend rate is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 7.0% and decreases to a 4.5% long term rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Exhibit C-1 1 of 7

## <u>PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL</u> <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS</u> <u>GENERAL FUND</u> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues:	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Local Sources: Local Levy - Charter School Aid - Local Share Unrestricted Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 6,991,079	\$ (352,106)	\$ 6,638,973	\$ 6,638,973 77,987	\$ 77,987
Total - Local Sources	6,991,079	(352,106)	6,638,973	6,716,960	77,987
State Sources:					
Equalization Aid		292,246	292,246	292,246	
Special Education Aid - Charter School Aid	160,689	(24, 995)	135,694	135,694	
Security Aid	39,482	(63)	39,389	39,389	
On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions (Non-Budgeted)				1,180,594	1,180,594
On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Medical Benefits (Non-Budgeted)				279,726	279,726
On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance (Non-Budgeted)				681	681
On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance (Non-Budgeted)				16,657	16,657
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (Non-Budgeted)				238,547	238,547
Total State Sources	200,171	267,158	467,329	2,183,534	1,716,205
Total Revenues	7,191,250	(84,948)	7,106,302	8,900,494	1,794,192

Exhibit C-1 2 of 7

# PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOLBUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASISGENERAL FUNDFOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Va Final	Variance Final to Actual
Expenditures: Regular Programs - Instruction: Grades 1-5 - Salaries of Teachers	\$ 3,361,767	\$ (158,069)	\$ 3,203,698	\$ 3,203,698		
Regular Programs - Undistributed Instruction: Other Salaries for Instruction	136,747	(76,796)	59,951	59,951		
Purchased Professional/Technical Services	13,570	102,385	115,955 10 774	115,955		
General Supplies	122,000	(2,020) (10,087)	111,913	111,913		
Textbooks	20,000	1,441	21,441	21,441		
Other Objects	10,750	29,354	40,104	35,349	S	4,755
Total Regular Programs - Instruction	3,686,634	(113,798)	3,572,836	3,568,081		4,755
School-Sponsored Athletics - Instruction: Other Purchased Services	5,000	(2,506)	2,494	2,494		
Total School-Sponsored Athletics - Instruction	5,000	(2,506)	2,494	2,494		
Total Instruction	3,691,634	(116,304)	3,575,330	3,570,575		4,755
Undistributed Expenditures: Attendance and Social Work: Other Purchased Services	2,525	85,083	87,608	87,608		
Total Attendance and Social Work	2,525	85,083	87,608	87,608		

Exhibit C-1 3 of 7

## <u>PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL</u> <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS</u> <u>GENERAL FUND</u> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Undistributed Expenditures:	Unginal Budget	Duaget Transfers	Budget	Actual	Final to Actual
Health Services:					
Salaries	\$ 112,985	\$ (6,514)	\$ 106,471	\$ 106,471	
Purchased Professional/Technincal Services	10,100	(5,050)	5,050	5,050	
Supplies and Materials	4,250	12,335	16,585	16,585	
Total Health Services	127,335	771	128,106	128,106	
Speech, OT, PT, and Related Services:					
Purchased Professional Educational Services	7,000	3,388	10,388	10,388	
Total Speech, OT, PT, and Related Services	7,000	3,388	10,388	10,388	
General Administration:					
Salaries	723,944	13,417	737,361	737,361	
Legal Services	25,000	5,454	30,454	30,454	
Audit Fees	30,600	7,900	38,500	38,500	
Communications/Telephone	19,302	9,189	28,491	28,491	
Other Purchased Services	14,630	29,811	44,441	44,441	
Supplies and Materials	5,000	6,393	11,393	10,916	\$ 477
Membership Dues and Fees	54,354	(3,954)	50,400	50,399	
Total General Administration	872,830	68,210	941,040	940,562	478

Exhibit C-1 4 of 7

## <u>PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL</u> <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS</u> <u>GENERAL FUND</u> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Undistributed Expenditures: School Administration: Other Purchased Services	\$ 3,000	\$ (2,110)	\$ 890	\$ 890	
Total School Administration	3,000	(2,110)	890	890	
Central Services: Purchased Professional Services	179,428	(10,725)	168,703	168,703	
Total Central Services	179,428	(10,725)	168,703	168,703	
Administrative Information Technology: Purchased Professional and Technical Services Supplies and Materials	105,555 7,050	14,308 65,718	119,863 72,768	119,863 72,768	
Total Administrative Information Technology	112,605	80,026	192,631	192,631	
Custodial Services: Salaries	95,298	(23,187)	72,111	72,111	
Purchased Protessional and Lechnical Services Other Purchased Property Services	107,070 61,499	102,239 $15,747$	209,309 77,246	209,309 77,246	
Rental of Land & Bldg. Other than Lease Purchase	18,400	30,535	48,935	48,935	
Insurance General Supplies	34,10/	21,737	59,643	59,643	
Energy (Electric)	82,820	26,400	109,220	109,220	
Energy (Oil) Enerov (Water)	4,040 7 828	486 2 551	4,526 10 379	4,526 10 379	
Total Custodial Services	469,028	201,880	670,908	670,908	

Exhibit C-1 5 of 7

# PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Undistributed Expenditures: Care and Upkeep of Grounds: Purchased Professional and Technical Services	\$ 25,250	\$ (20,656)	\$ 4,594	\$ 4,594	
Total Care and Upkeep of Grounds	25,250	(20,656)	4,594	4,594	
Student Transportation Services: Contracted Services: Other than Between Home and School - Vendors	13,635	6,225	19,860	19,860	
Total Student Transportation Services	13,635	6,225	19,860	19,860	
Unallocated Employee Benefits: Social Security Contributions Other Retirement Contributions - PERS Unemployment Compensation	80,680 64,540 20.200	7,228 (9,144) (17.275)	87,908 55,396 2.925	87,908 55,396 2.925	
Workmen's Compensation Health Benefits	38,950 643,803	7,485 (167,053)	46,435 476,750	45,300 476,750	\$ 1,135
Total Unallocated Benefits	848,173	(178,759)	669,414	668,279	1,135
On-Behalf Contributions: (Non-Budgeted) On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Medical Benefits On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions				1,180,594 279,726 681 16,657 238,547	(1,180,594) (279,726) (681) (681) (16,657) (238,547)
Total On-Behalf Contributions				1,716,205	(1,716,205)
TOTAL GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE	6,352,443	117,029	6,469,472	8,179,309	(1,709,837)

Exhibit C-1 6 of 7

# PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Capital Outlay: Equipment: Instructional Equipment Non Instructional Equipment	\$ 5,000	\$ 3,528 (5,000)	\$ 3,528	\$ 3,528	
Total Equipment	5,000	(1,472)	3,528	3,528	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services: Architectural/Engineering Services		15,981	15,981	15,981	
Unterest on Mortgage Principal on Mortgage	367,216 327,930	(100,000) (24,990) (6,548)	342,226 321,382	342,226 321,382	
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	795,146	(115,557)	679,589	679,589	
Total Capital Outlay	800,146	(117,029)	683,117	683,117	
Total Expenditures	7,152,589		7,152,589	8,862,426	\$ (1,709,837)
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	38,661	(84,948)	(46,287)	38,068	84,355
Other Financing Sources/(Uses): Operating Transfer Out: Capital Projects Fund		(1,200,000)	(1,200,000)	(1,200,000)	
Total Other Financing/(Uses):		(1,200,000)	(1,200,000)	(1,200,000)	

# PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	V <sub>i</sub> Final	Variance Final to Actual
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 38,661	\$ (1,284,948)	\$ (1,284,948) \$ (1,246,287) \$ (1,161,932)	\$ (1,161,932)	\$	84,355
Fund Balance, July 1	1,475,885		1,475,885	1,475,885		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,514,546	\$ (1,284,948)	\$ 229,598	\$ 313,953	S	84,355
Restricted:						
Charter School Escrow				\$ 75,000		
Unemployment Compensation				26,772		
Unassigned				212,181		
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds GAAP/Budgetary Basis				\$ 313,953		

	Variance Final to Actual	3 \$ (55,088) 11 211,318	156,230	66 50,000	6 50,000	11 3 68,000 55 6,415 00	12 74,415	4 34,178	4 34,178	158,593	3 \$ (2,363)
	Actual	<pre>\$ 63,583 34,941 383,171</pre>	481,695	164,066 10,000	174,066	6,151 227,813 13,585 5,000 5,243	257,792	47,474	47,474	479,332	\$ 2,363
<u>ARY BASIS</u> <u>122</u>	Final Budget	\$ 8,495 34,941 594,489	637,925	214,066 10,000	224,066	6,151 295,813 20,000 5,000 5,243	332,207	81,652	81,652	637,925	- 0 - \$
ULE - BUDGET E FUND DED JUNE 30, 20	Budget Transfers	\$ 5,243	5,243			5,243	5,243			5,243	- 0 - \$
APARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETAR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022	Original Budget	\$ 3,252 34,941 594,489	632,682	214,066 10,000	224,066	6,151 295,813 20,000 5,000	326,964	81,652	81,652	632,682	s - 0 -
<u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS</u> <u>SPECIAL REVENUE FUND</u> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022		Revenue: Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	Total Revenue	Expenditures: Instruction: Salaries of Teachers General Supplies	Total Instruction	Support Services: Employee Benefits Purchased Professional/Technical Services Purchased Property Services Supplies and Materials Student Activities	Total Support Services	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services: Building Improvements	Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	Total Expenditures	Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenue Over/ (Under) Expenditures

PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE NOTE TO RSI FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures:	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Revenue" from the		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 8,900,494	\$ 481,695
Total Revenues as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 8,900,494	\$ 481,695
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Total Outflows" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 8,862,426	\$ 479,332
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 8,862,426	\$ 479,332

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the General and Special Revenue Funds. The budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was submitted to the County office and was approved by a vote of the Board of Trustees. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest of (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year. All budgetary amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles, with the exception of the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the Special Revenue Fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis, except for student activities. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

#### SCHOOL LEVEL SCHEDULES (NOT APPLICABLE)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Exhibit E-1 1 of 2	Local Grants	55,977	55,977			55,977	55,977			55,977
Ш		S								÷
	Part B, Preschool	1,360	1,360			1,360	1,360			1,360
		÷								S
	Part B, Basic	64,509	64,509			64,509	64,509			64,509
SISS	I.D.E.A. B,	÷								S
GETARY E	I.D ARP - Part B, Preschool	1,556	1,556			1,556	1,556			1,556
- BUD 022	AR	÷								S
CHOOL UND VDITURES JUNE 30, 21	ARP - Part B, Basic	18,220	18,220			18,220	18,220			18,220
<u>TER S</u> <u>IUE FU</u> EXPEN	ARI	÷								S
<u>PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL</u> <u>SPECIAL REVENUE FUND</u> COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022	Student Activities	7,606	7,606			5,243	5,243			5,243
<u>SPEC</u> <u>SPEC</u> <u>FISC</u>		÷								S
<u>PI</u> <u>HEDULE OF</u> FOR THE	Elementary and Secondary Education Act Title I	36,554	36,554	33,956	33,956	2,598	2,598			36,554
NING SCI	Elen Se Edu	S								S
COMBI		KEVENUE: Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	Total Revenue	EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Salaries of Teachers General Supplies	Total Instruction	Support Services: Employee Benefits Purchased Professional/Technical Services Purchased Property Services Supplies and Materials Student Activities	Total Support Services	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services: Building Improvements	Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	Total Expenditures

COMBININ	<u>PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL</u> <u>SPECIAL REVENUE FUND</u> <u>COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS</u> <u>FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>	PRIN S LE OF R R THE F	NCETON PECIAL EVENU ISCAL	PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DF REVENUE AND EXPENDITUR HE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 3	<u>ER SCH UE FUN EXPEND</u> (IDED JU	PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES - BI FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022	<u>BUDG</u> 22	ETARY BA	SIS					2 of 2
	SDA Emergent	gent		CRRSA	tSA				Ā	ARP				
	and Capital Maint. Needs	al eds	Learning Acceleration	ning ration	Me He	Mental Health	ESS	ESSER III	Lei Acce	Learning Acceleration	Beyc	Beyond the School Day	June	Totals June 30, 2022
REVENUE: Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	\$ 34	34,941	\$	25,000	÷	45,000	÷	110,972	÷	50,000	÷	30,000	÷	63,583 34,941 383,171
Total Revenue	34	34,941		25,000		45,000		110,972		50,000		30,000		481,695
EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Salaries of Teachers General Supplies				18,750				34,913 10,000		46,447		30,000		164,066 10,000
Total Instruction				18,750				44,913		46,447		30,000		174,066
Support Services: Employee Benefits Purchased Professional/Technical Services Purchased Property Services Supplies and Materials Student Activities	34	34,941		6,250		45,000		13,585 5,000		3,553				6,151 227,813 13,585 5,000 5,243
Total Support Services	34	34,941		6,250		45,000		18,585		3,553				257,792
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services: Building Improvements								47,474						47,474
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services								47,474				Ì		47,474
Total Expenditures	\$ 34	34,941	÷	25,000	÷	45,000	÷	110,972	÷	50,000	÷	30,000	Ś	479,332

Exhibit E-1 2 of 2 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenue and Other Financing Sources: Charter School Endowment Fund	\$ 500,000
Transfer from General Fund - Capital Outlay	 1,200,000
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	 1,700,000
Expenditures:	
Other Purchased Professional Technical Services	8,311
Construction Services	3,308,314
Total Expenditures	 3,316,625
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financing Sources	
Under Expenditures	(1,616,625)
Fund Balance - Beginning Balance	 1,816,332
Fund Balance - Ending Balance	\$ 199,707

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF PROJECT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, PROJECT BALANCES AND PROJECT STATUS BUDGETARY BASIS EXPANSION AND RENOVATION OF THE PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Prior	Current		Revised Authorized
	Periods	Year	Total	Cost
Revenue and Other Financing Sources:				
Charter School Endowment Fund		\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Transfer from Capital Outlay		1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000
Mortgage Loan	\$ 4,500,000		4,500,000	4,500,000
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	4,500,000	1,700,000	6,200,000	6,200,000
Expenditures:				
Construction Services	2,087,440	3,308,314	5,395,754	5,595,461
Legal Services	53,093		53,093	53,093
Other Purchased Professional Technical Services	543,135	8,311	551,446	551,446
Total Expenditures	2,683,668	3,316,625	6,000,293	6,200,000
Excess (Deficit) of Revenue and Other Financing				
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 1,816,332	\$ (1,616,625)	\$ 199,707	\$ - 0 -
Additional Project Information:				
Project Number	N/A			
Grant Date	N/A			
Original Authorized Cost	\$ 4,500,000			
Local Funds	\$ 1,700,000			
Revised Authorized Cost	\$ 6,200,000			
Percentage Increase over Original Authorized Cost	37.78%			
Percentage Completion	96.78%			
Original Target Completion Date	12/31/2020			
Revised Target Completion Date	9/30/2022			

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Foo	or Fund d Service ogram	S	Major Fund Student rograms	Total
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,389	\$	15,046	\$ 21,435
Accounts Receivable:					
State		652			652
Federal		28,347			28,347
Other		300		8,556	 8,856
Total Current Assets		35,688		23,602	 59,290
Non-Current Assets:					
Capital Assets		18,820			18,820
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(12,324)			 (12,324)
Total Non-Current Assets		6,496			 6,496
Total Assets		42,184		23,602	 65,786
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities:					
Interfund Payable				19,385	19,385
Unearned Revenue - Prepaid Sales		13,964			 13,964
Total Current Liabilities		13,964		19,385	 33,349
NET POSITION:					
Investment in Capital Assets		6,496			6,496
Unrestricted		21,724		4,217	 25,941
Total Net Position	\$	28,220	\$	4,217	\$ 32,437

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Major Fund Food Service Program	Non-Major Fund Student Programs	Total
Operating Revenue			
Local Sources:			
Daily Sales - Non-Reimbursable Programs:			
School Lunch Program	\$ 42,397		\$ 42,397
Program Fees		35,511	35,511
Total Operating Revenue	42,397	35,511	77,908
Operating Expenses:			
Cost of Sales - Reimbursable programs	167,044		167,044
Salaries, Benefits & Payroll Taxes	9,421	28,294	37,715
Depreciation	1,254	,	1,254
Miscellaneous		3,000	3,000
Total Operating Expenses	177,719	31,294	209,013
Operating Income/(Loss)	(135,322)	4,217	(131,105)
Non-Operating Revenue:			
State Sources:			
COVID-19 Seamless Summer Option	3,728		3,728
Federal Sources:	,		<i>,</i>
COVID-19 Seamless Summer Option Lunch	158,541		158,541
COVID-19 Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer	1,273		1,273
Total Non-Operating Revenue	163,542		163,542
Change in Net Position	28,220	4,217	32,437
Net Position - Beginning of Year	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 28,220	\$ 4,217	\$ 32,437

#### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Major Fund Food Service Program	Non-Major Fund Student Programs	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Receipts from Customers	\$ 41,751		\$ 41,751
Receipts from Program Revenues		\$ 40,680	40,680
Payments to Suppliers	(167,044)		(167,044)
Payments of Salaries, Benefits & Payroll Taxes	(9,421)	(28,294)	(37,715)
Payments for Miscellaneous Expenses		(3,000)	(3,000)
Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities	(134,714)	9,386	(125,328)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Cash Received from State and Federal Reimbursements	135,836		135,836
Interfund Advanced/(Returned)	(3,247)		(3,247)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	132,589		132,589
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2,125)	9,386	7,261
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	8,514	5,660	14,174
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 6,389	\$ 15,046	\$ 21,435
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities: Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ (135,322)	\$ 4,217	\$ (131,105)
to Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities: Depreciation	1,254		1,254
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase)/Decrease in Other Accounts Receivable (Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Sales	5,667 (6,313)	5,169	10,836 (6,313)
Net Cash Provided By/(Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (134,714)	\$ 9,386	\$ (125,328)

#### FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES (NOT APPLICABLE)

LONG-TERM DEBT

			Maturitie Outs	Maturities of Bonds Outstanding				
	Date of	Original	June 🤅	June 30, 2022	Interest	Balance		Balance
Purpose	Issue	Issue	Year	Amount	Rate	June 30, 2021	Matured	June 30, 2022
Mortgage Loan	06/27/2015	\$ 7,391,000	2022/23	\$ 239,152	3.12%	\$ 6,182,162	\$ 230,827	\$ 5,951,335
)			2023/24	247,234	3.12%			
			2024/25	256,696	3.12%			
			2025/26	265,955	3.12%			
			2026/27	275,547	3.12%			
			2027/28	285,047	3.12%			
			2028/29	295,767	3.12%			
			2029/30	306,435	3.12%			
			2030/31	317,488	3.12%			
			2031/32	328,621	3.12%			
			2032/33	340,793	3.12%			
			2033/34	353,085	3.12%			
			2034/35	2,439,515	3.12%			
Mortgage Loan	6/27/2015	365,000	2022/23	14,600	3.98246%	277,400	14,600	262,800
)			2023/24	14,600	3.98246%			
			2024/25	14,600	3.98246%			
			2025/26	14,600	3.98246%			
			2026/27	14,600	3.98246%			
			2027/28	14,600	3.98246%			
			2028/29	14,600	3.98246%			
			2029/30	14,600	3.98246%			
			2030/31	14,600	3.98246%			
			2031/32	14,600	3.98246%			
			2032/33	14,600	3.98246%			
			2033/34	14,600	3.98246%			
			2034/35	14,600	3.98246%			
			2035/36	73,000	3.98246%			

Exhibit I-1 1 of 2

Exhibit I-1	7 10 7
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### SCHEDULE OF MORTGAGE LOANS PAYABLE PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL LONG-TERM DEBT

Ralance	June 30, 2022	\$ 4,439,749	\$ 10,653,884
	Matured	\$ 60,251	\$ 305,678
Balance	June 30, 2021	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 10,959,562
Interest	Rate	3.50% 3.50% 3.50% 3.50% 3.50%	
Maturities of Bonds Outstanding	Amount	<pre>\$ 123,301 127,334 132,341 137,115 142,060 3,777,598</pre>	
Maturitie Outs	Year	2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2025/27 2026/27 2027/28	
Original	Issue	\$ 4,500,000	
Date of	Issue	6/1/2021 \$ 4,500	
	Purpose	Expansion and Renovation Mortgage	

### STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the Charter School's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the Charter School's overall financial health.

Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how	
the Charter School's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	J-1 thru J-5
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors	
affecting the Charter School's ability to generate its property taxes.	J-6 thru J-9
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability	
of the Charter School's current levels of outstanding debt and the School's ability	
to issue additional debt in the future.	J-10 thru J-13
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Charter School's financial activities take	2
	e J-14 thru J-15
understand the environment within which the Charter School's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
understand the environment within which the Charter School's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments. <b>Operating Information</b>	
understand the environment within which the Charter School's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	J-14 thru J-15

Comprehensive Financial Report for the relevant year.

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Exhibit J-1

## PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2013 2014 2015	Governmental Activities:         \$4,957,173         \$4,819,417         \$3,925,810         \$           Net Investment in Capital Assets         \$4,957,173         \$4,819,417         \$3,925,810         \$           Restricted         75,000         75,000         75,000         75,000           Unrestricted/(Deficit)         396,291         412,216         267,234	\$4,268,044	Business-Type Activities: Investment in Capital Assets \$ 17,795 \$ 16,540 \$ 15,285 { Unrestricted/(Deficit) 7,747 6,823 1,761 _	Total Business-Type Activities Net Position \$25,542 \$23,363 \$17,046 \$	arter School-Wide \$4,974,968 \$4,835,957 \$3,941,095 \$ Net Investment in Capital Assets \$4,974,968 \$4,835,957 \$3,941,095 \$ Restricted 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 Unrestricted/(Deficit) 404,038 419,039 268,995	Total Charter School-Wide Net Position <u>\$5,454,006</u> <u>\$5,329,996</u> <u>\$4,285,090</u> <u>5</u>
J	2016 2017	\$3,582,973 \$3,269,440 75,000 75,000 375,774 230,046	\$4,033,747 \$3,574,486	\$ 14,027 \$ 12,772 5,507 9,432	\$ 19,534 \$ 22,204	\$3,597,000 \$3,282,212 75,000 75,000 381,281 239,478	\$4,053,281 \$3,596,690
June 30,	2018	0 \$3,008,598 0 75,000 6 265,056	6 \$3,348,654	2 \$ 11,547 2 9,326	4 \$ 20,873	2 \$3,020,145 0 75,000 <u>8 274,382</u>	0 \$3,369,527
	2019	\$3,327,729 75,000 (385,232)	\$3,017,499	\$ 10,322 3,796	\$ 14,118	\$3,338,053 75,000 (381,436)	\$3,031,617
	2020	\$3,064,242 108,213 (380,518)	\$2,791,937	\$ 9,005 (9,005)	- 0 - \$	\$3,073,247 108,213 (389,523)	\$2,791,937
	2021	<pre>\$ 453,696 \$ 108,841 2,573,947</pre>	\$3,136,484	\$ 7,750 (7,750)	- 0 - \$	<pre>\$ 461,446 108,841 2,566,197</pre>	\$3,136,484
	2022	\$3,596,197 118,250 (151,746)	\$3,562,701	\$ 6,496 25,941	\$ 32,437	\$3,602,693 118,250 (125,805)	\$3,595,138

### Exhibit J-2 1 of 2

## PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Π	2013	100	2015	2016	For Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Ending June 30,	0100	0000	1000	CC0C
Governmental Activities: Lovernmental Activities:	6167	1107	0101	0107	1107	0107	(107	0101	1101	1101
Regular Special Education	\$ 3,137,509	\$ 3,189,500	\$ 3,618,617	\$ 3,953,523	\$ 4,445,743	\$ 5,573,943 51,007	\$ 5,927,146 55,875	\$ 6,020,368 60,872	\$ 6,770,450 65,776	\$ 6,108,099 85,645
Other Instruction Other Special Instruction						4,234 163,637	5,320 173,026	3,286 128,582	231	2,707
Support Services:										
Student & Instruction Related Services	233,646	326,853	560,201	329,174	466,995	163,637	239,342	142,047	156,839	259,948
General Administration Services	1,083,136	1,110,063	1,228,372	1,306,584	1,353,676	833,825	1,177,129	1,133,815	1,057,089	1,121,324
School Administration Services						255,204	7,696	667	545	996
Central Services						219,939	91,276	118,257	152,593	168,703
Administrative Information Technology						115,740	94,741	106,309	123,897	209,117
Plant Operations And Maintenance	280,042 10.157	034,119 11777	508,060	0/4,834 11 050	080,032	282,444 9 6 1 5	14 970	107,680	707,600	/43,148 10.960
I upit 11auspot auou Interest on Long-Term Debt	327,663	313 140	313 193	260.692	774 907	270,880 270,880	263 320	268 991	277 361	361352
Unallocated Depreciation	490,996	496,918	496,953	497,495	480,057	476,784		99,193	181,650	103,531
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	5,863,149	6,084,815	6,925,585	7,034,280	7,714,581	8,719,889	8,782,893	8,778,888	9,339,693	9,184,400
Business-Type Activities:										
Food Service Program Chess Program	59,438 17.950	96,982 11.850	94,412 13.686	93,933 15,900	107,960 16.276	127,568	138,208	104,411	14,906	177,719
Student Programs	59,694	56,205	71,386	73,278	124,226	183,221	179,998	75,854		31,294
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	137,082	165,037	179,484	183,111	248,462	310,789	318,206	180,265	14,906	209,013
Total Charter School-Wide Expenses	6,000,231	6,249,852	7,105,069	7,217,391	7,963,043	9,030,678	9,101,099	8,959,153	9,354,599	9,393,413
Program Revenues: Governmental Activities:										
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	608,485	554,157	1,132,893	1,359,703	1,777,953	2,146,694	1,862,028	1,852,505	2,232,417 1,003	2,037,828 63,583
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	608,485	554,157	1,132,893	1,359,703	1,777,953	2,146,694	1,862,028	1,852,505	2,233,420	2,101,411
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services	121,263	153,239	154,092	178,241	212,245	261,416	244,326	135,875	2,794	77,908
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,8/0	9,619	6/2/8	7,358	28,887	38,880	38,0/8	18,686	0,596	163,542
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	126,133	162,858	162,467	185,599	241,132	300,302	282,404	154,561	9,390	241,450
Total Charter School-Wide Program Revenues	734,618	717,015	1,295,360	1,545,302	2,019,085	2,446,996	2,144,432	2,007,066	2,242,810	2,342,861

Exhibit J-2 2 of 2
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## PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

For Fiscal Year Ending June 30,           2014         2015         2017         2018         2019         2020         2021         2022	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	675,523 4,819,869 4,792,581 4,693,659 5,245,919 6,060,133 6,464,767 6,433,698 6,638,973 563,152 457,516 499,827 599,918 776,291 261,638 2,464,767 6,433,698 6,538,973	125,000         50,000         50,000         152,000           45,152         48,977         97,872         41,790         170,672         126,343         89,975         94,638         577,987	$(10,000) \qquad (9,156) \qquad (31,430) \qquad (11,586) \qquad (5,516)$	$\frac{408,827}{5,376,362}  \frac{5,440,280}{5,477,367}  \frac{6,183,726}{6,183,726}  \frac{6,416,684}{6,416,684}  \frac{6,543,156}{6,543,156}  \frac{7,450,820}{7,509,206}  \frac{7,509,206}{6,543}  \frac{1}{100}  \frac{1}{100$	$\begin{array}{cccc} (2,383) \\ 10,000 & 9,156 & 31,430 \\ \end{array} & 11,586 & 5,516 \\ \end{array}$	10,000 9,156 29,047 11,586 5,516	$(408,827 \ 5,376,362 \ 5,440,280 \ 5,487,367 \ 6,192,882 \ 6,445,731 \ 6,554,742 \ 7,456,336 \ 7,509,206$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
2013 2014	\$(5,5)	(5,265,613) $(5,532,837)$	4,571,071 4,675,523 666,216 563,152	125,000 29,746 45,152	(30,000)	5,237,033 5,408,827	30,000	30,000	5,267,033 5,408,827	(17,631) (121,831) 19,051 2,179	
		Vet (Expenses)/Revenue	osition: d	Grants and contributions not restricted to Specific Programs Miscellaneous Income	Payroll Protection Loan Forgiveness Transfers	Total Governmental Activities General Revenues and Other Changes	Business-Type Activities: Other Items Transfers	Total Business-Type Activities General Revenues and Other Changes	Total Charter School-Wide General Revenues & Other Changes in Net Position	Change in Net Position: Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	

Exhibit J-3

## PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

						June 30,						
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	20	2020	2021		2022
General Fund: Restricted Unassigned	\$ 75,000 396,291	\$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 396,291 412,216 1	\$ 75,000 187,970	\$ 75,000 359,511	\$ 75,000 490,761	\$ 75,000 574,817	<pre>\$ 75,000 617,141</pre>	\$ 5 75	95,101 752,426	75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 95,101 \$ 94,726 \$ 101,772 87,970 359,511 490,761 574,817 617,141 752,426 1,381,159 212,181	S	101,772 212,181
Total General Fund	\$ 471,291	\$ 471,291 \$ 487,216 \$ 262,970	\$ 262,970	\$ 434,511		\$ 649,817	\$ 692,141	\$ 84	17,527	$\sim$	S	313,953
Other Governmental Funds: Restricted Committed								\$	(3,112	13,112 \$ 14,115 \$		16,478 199,707
Unassigned/(Deficit) Capital Projects Fund	- 0 - \$	<u>\$ -0-</u> <u>\$ -0-</u> <u>\$</u>	- 0 - \$	\$ - 0 - <b>\$</b>	- 0 - \$	-0- \$(349,482) \$(543,135)	\$ (543,135)	(54	13,135)	(543,135) 1,816,332		
Total All Funds	\$ 471,291	\$ 487,216	\$ 262,970	\$ 434,511	\$ 565,761	\$ 300,335	\$ 149,006	\$ 31	17,504	$\$471,291 \\ \$487,216 \\ \$262,970 \\ \$434,511 \\ \$565,761 \\ \$300,335 \\ \$100,335 \\ \$149,006 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$3,306,332 \\ \$3,306,332 \\ \$230,138 \\ 149,006 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$3,306,332 \\ \$30,332 \\ \$30,138 \\ 149,006 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$3,306,332 \\ \$30,332 \\ \$30,138 \\ 149,006 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ \$317,504 \\ \$33,306,332 \\ \$330,332 \\ $330,332$	S	530,138

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# PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

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	2013	2014	2015	Fc 2016	For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30 2017 2018	r Ending June 3 2018	50, 2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues:										
Local Tax Levy Equalization Aid	\$ 4.571.071	\$ 4.675.523	\$ 4.819.869	\$ 4.792.581	\$ 4.693.659	\$ 5.245.919	\$ 6.060.133	\$ 6.464.767	\$ 6.433.698	\$ 6.638.973
Grants and Contributions - Unrestricted		125,000	50,000	50,000	152,000					
Miscellaneous	29,746	45,152	179,584	142,149	64,093	170,672	126,343	89,975	95,641	641,570
State Sources	1,222,265	1,067,241	1,057,961	1,162,554	1,351,511	1,704,484	1,323,489	1,291,241	1,501,416	2,218,475
Federal Sources	52,436	50,068	53,081	79,837	76,013	148,879	148,879	144,925	219,450	383,171
Total Revenue	5,875,518	5,962,984	6,160,495	6,227,121	6,337,276	7,269,954	6,869,785	7,990,908	8,250,205	9,882,189
Expenditures:										
Instruction:										
Regular Instruction	2,389,177	2,508,190	2,598,349	2,592,214	2,678,456	3,275,699	3,427,454	3,562,375	3,952,590	3,914,294
Special Education Instruction						55,875	55,875	60,872	65,776	85,645
Other Special Instruction										
Other Instruction						4,148	4,856	3,004	212	2,494
Student & Instruction Related Services	182,090	194,568	364,256	244,639	308,755	101,223	204,331	121,933	127,961	226,102
General Administration Services	873,232	902,924	930,903	939,473	919,171	754,028	950,579	921,696	859,037	940,562
School Administration Services						205,906	6,313	610	500	890
Central Services						219,939	91,276	118,257	152,593	168,703
Administrative Information Technology						109,322	86,471	97,171	113,614	192,631
Plant Operations And Maintenance	535,571	591,654	637,584	608,645	596,453	563,594	654, 109	614,573	496,487	675,502
Pupil Transportation	10,157	14,222	12,446	11,958	13,171	8,615	14,870	12,750		19,860
Employee Benefits	1,009,969	1,002,047	1,152,227	1,231,986	1,237,114	1,389,170	1,583,322	1,769,431	2,118,126	2,384,484
Capital Outlay	188,922	109, 173	64,479	22,217	*	489,223 *	699,287 *	557,235	2,796,965	4,047,216
Debt Service:										
Principal	298,961	311,141	323,818	183,726	207,969					
Interest and Other Charges	327,663	313,140	300,679	220,722	234,937					
Total Expenditures	5,815,742	5,947,059	6,384,741	6,055,580	6,196,026	7,176,742	7,778,743	7,839,907	10,683,861	12,658,383
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	59,776	15,925	(224,246)	171,541	141,250	93,212	(119,899)	151,001	(2,433,656)	(2,776,194)

Other Financing Sources (Uses):       2013         Loan Proceeds       2013         Debt Issuance Costs       5 (30,00         Loss on Refunding       Mortgage Note Payments - Interest         Mortgage Note Payments - Interest       5 (30,00         Transfers Out       5 (30,00         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (30,00         Net Change In Fund Balances       5 (30,00         Debt Service as a Percentage       11.14	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		6     \$     15,925     \$     (224,246)     \$     171,541     \$     131,250     \$     84,056     \$     (151,329)     \$     139,415     \$     \$     2,988,828	<u>1% 10.69% 9.88% 6.70% 7.15% 6.22% 5.92% 5.77% 5.35% 7.71%</u>
s): (Uses) s: s		÷		(0)	15,925	10.69%

Exhibit J-4 2 of 2

> PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\* - Includes principal and interest on mortgage expenditures which are factored into the debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures.

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL GENERAL FUND - OTHER LOCAL REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Char	Local Levy ter School Aid .ocal Share	 rest on stments	Mis	cellaneous	Grants and ntributions	Total
2013	\$	4,571,071		\$	24,746		\$ 4,595,817
2014		4,675,523			45,152	\$ 125,000	4,845,675
2015		4,819,869			48,977	50,000	4,918,846
2016		4,792,581			97,872	50,000	4,940,453
2017		4,693,659			41,790	152,000	4,887,449
2018		5,245,919	\$ 380		170,292		5,416,591
2019		6,060,133	42		126,301		6,186,476
2020		6,464,767			89,975		6,554,742
2021		6,433,698			94,638		6,528,336
2022		6,638,973			77,987		6,716,960

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Governmer General Obligation Bonds	ntal Activities Mortgage Loans Payable	Total Charter School	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>a</sup>	Per Capita <sup>a</sup>
2013		\$ 7,670,104	\$ 7,670,104	0.46%	\$ 260.99
2014		7,358,963	7,358,963	0.42%	247.66
2015		7,756,000	7,756,000	0.41%	261.49
2016		7,571,057	7,571,057	0.39%	251.40
2017		7,363,088	7,363,088	0.35%	237.50
2018		7,148,144	7,148,144	0.33%	227.88
2019		6,925,974	6,925,974	0.32%	221.49
2020		6,696,953	6,696,953	0.29%	214.74
2021		10,959,562	10,959,562	0.48%	354.92
2022		10,653,884	10,653,884	0.46%	345.10

Note: Details regarding the School's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statement

a - See Exhibit J-14 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

						er Capita	Unemployment
Year	Population <sup>a</sup>	F	Personal Income <sup>b</sup>	_	Person	nal Income <sup>c</sup>	Rate <sup>d</sup>
2013 2014	29,714 29,661	\$	1,666,717,688 1,742,554,089		\$	56,092 58,749	3.90% 3.70%
2015	30,115		1,872,309,780			62,172	3.10%
2016	31,002		1,960,473,474			63,237	2.80%
2017	31,368		2,081,047,224			66,343	2.60%
2018	31,270		2,168,386,880			69,344	2.20%
2019	31,187		2,162,631,328			71,790	1.90%
2020	30,879		2,291,777,622			74,218	4.00%
2021	30,872		2,291,258,096	**		74,218 ***	3.00%
2022	30,872	*	2,291,258,096	**		74,218 ***	N/A

N/A - Information is not available.

\* - Latest population data available (2021) was used for calculation purposes.

\*\*- Latest Mercer County per capita personal income available (2020) was used for calculation purposes.

\*\*\*- Latest Mercer County per capita personal income available (2020) was used for calculation purposes.

Sources:

- <sup>a</sup> Population information provided by the NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development.
- <sup>b</sup> Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented.
- <sup>d</sup> Unemployment data provided by the NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development.

	22	44 3	- v 4 -
	2022		
I	2021	4 4 4	1 0 4 1
	2020	37 5	- v v -
<u> </u>	2019	37 4	- v v -
CTION/PROGRAM	2018	37 3	- ~ ~ ~ -
<u>NL</u> Z FUNCTI	2017	30 5	4 -
R SCHOC DYEES BY YEARS D)	2016	30 2	1 4 2 -
PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL LENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNG LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)	2015	28 6	- 4 v -
INCETON T DISTRIC LAST TEI (UD	2014	30 5	- 6 4 -
[A]	2013	28 5	- n n -
FULL-TIME EQUIV	Function/Program	Instruction: Regular Other Instruction	Support Services: School counselor General Administration and Business Services School Administration Services Plant Operations and Maintenance

Total

Exhibit J-16

Source: Princeton Charter School Business Office.

## PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Student Attendance Percentage	96.48%	96.51%	96.49%	96.64%	95.51%	95.49%	96.25%	96.33%	94.02%	95.27%
% Change Average Daily Enrollment	0.03%	-0.03%	0.93%	0.14%	-0.03%	14.79%	5.71%	0.17%	-1.07%	1.20%
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) <sup>d</sup>	332	332	335	336	332	381	406	407	393	403
Average Daily Enrollment (ADE) <sup>d</sup>	344.1	344.0	347.2	347.7	347.6	399.0	421.8	422.5	418.0	423.0
Pupil/ Teacher Ratio Elem.	11:1	10:1	11:1	11:1	11:1	10:1	10:1	10:1	10:1	10:1
Teaching Staff <sup>c</sup>	33	35	34	32	35	40	41	41	40	40
Percent Change	6.49%	4.27%	9.25%	-1.17%	2.21%	16.79%	5.37%	2.87%	8.30%	9.18%
Cost Per Pupil <sup>b</sup>	\$ 14,535	15,156	16,367	16, 175	16,532	16,882	16,776	17,258	18,645	20,357
Operating Expenditures <sup>a</sup>	\$ 5,000,196	5,213,605	5,695,765	5,628,915	5,753,120	6,718,944	7,079,456	7,282,672	7,886,896	8,611,167
Enrollment	344	344	348	348	348	398	422	422	423	423
Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Note: Enrollment is based on final June enrollment count.

- <sup>a</sup> Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less capital outlay.
- <sup>b</sup> Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff.

Source: Princeton Charter School Business Office.

Exhibit J-17

		<u>PRING</u> <u>LA</u>	CETON CH L BUILDIN ST TEN FI (UNAU	PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)	HOOL AATION <u>RS</u>			-	
District Building	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Multi-Purpose Campus Center Square Feet Canacity (Students)	17,000 1,100	17,000 1,100	17,000 1.100	17,000 1.100	17,000 1.100	17,000 1.100	17,000 1.100	17,000 1.100	17,000 1.100
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
K-4 School Building (2003)									
Square Feet Capacity (Students)	14,800 159	14,800 159	14,800 159	14,800 159	14,800 202	14,800 202	14,800 202	14,800 202	17,337 252
Enrollment	156	159	159	159	201	199	199	199	224
5-8 School Building (1963)									
Square Feet	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	22,035
Capacity (Students)	188	188	188	188	200	200	200	200	250
Enrollment	188	188	188	188	197	223	223	223	200
Business Office Building - Marsee Center (1879)	enter (1879)								
Square Feet	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Number of Schools at June 30, 2022:									
Elementary = 1 Middle School = 1									
N/A - Not Applicable Source: School Facilities Office									

Exhibit J-18

Note: Year of original construction is shown in parentheses. Enrollment is based on the final June school count.

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL INSURANCE SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	Coverage	Deductible
hool Package Policy - N.J. Schools Insurance Group:		
Property:	ф. 1 <i>с 45</i> 1 054	ф <u>1000</u>
Blanket Building and Contents	\$ 16,451,854	\$ 1,000
Blanket Extra Expense	50,000,000	1,000
Blanket Valuable Papers and Records	10,000,000	1,000
Business Income	3,000,000	1,000
Loss of Rents	31,000	1,000
Flood - Zones A & V - Pool Aggregate	25,000,000	500,000
Flood - All Other	75,000,000	10,000
EDP:		
Blanket Hardware/Software	250,000	1,000
Blanket Extra Expense	Included	
Equipment Breakdown:		
Property Damage & Extra Expense	16,451,854	25,000
Crime:		
Public Employee Dishonesty	250,000	1,000
Forgery or Alteration	250,000	1,000
Computer Fraud	250,000	1,000
Money Orders & Counterfeit Papers	50,000	500
Loss of Money & Securities	50,000	500
General Liability:		
Each Occurrence CSL	31,000,000	
Products/Completed Ops Ann Agg	31,000,000	
Sexual Abuse per OCC	27,000,000	
Sexual Abuse Annual Pool Agg	27,000,000	
Personal Injury & Advertising Injury	31,000,000	
Employee Benefits	31,000,000	1,000
Medical Payments	10,000	1,000
Automobile		
Automobile:	<b>21</b> 000 000	
Comprehensive Automobile Liability	31,000,000	

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL INSURANCE SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	Coverage	Deductible
School Package Policy - N.J. Schools Insurance Group: Boiler and Machinery	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 1,000
Workers Compensation - N.J. Schools Insurance Group		
Bodily Injury by Accident	2,000,000	Each Acc.
Bodily Injury by Disease	2,000,000	Each Employee
Bodily Injury by Disease	2,000,000	Agg. Limit
Supplemental Workers Compensation - N.J. Schools Insurance Group:		
Maximum weekly benefit (52 weeks Maximum Benefit Period)	2,500	
Student Accident Insurance:		
Basic Sports K-8	5,000,000	
Volunteer Coverage	25,000	
Surety Bond:		
Board Secretary/School Business Administrator	180,000	1,000
Group Catastrophe Access Program:		
Limit each ocurrence	50,000,000	
Aggregate	150,000,000	

Source: Princeton Charter School Business Office.

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Cash\$ 172,331\$ 50,904\$ 1,112,395\$ 255,829\$ 230,543Current Assets115,315131,567140,4143,053,442423,433Noncurrent Assets3,799952,242565,45119,647	35 47
Current Assets115,315131,567140,4143,053,442423,433Noncurrent Assets3,799952,242565,45119,644	35 47
Noncurrent Assets         3,799         952,242         565,451         19,647	47
-0.57110 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.771100 = 0.7711000 = 0.7711000 = 0.7711000 = 0.77110000 = 0.771100000 = 0.7711000000000000000000000000000000000	.) 1
Capital Assets, Net $10,541,861$ $10,253,705$ $9,761,195$ $11,413,258$ $14,250,083$ To $412,176$ $10,923,206$ $10,923,705$ $10,9761,195$ $11,413,258$ $14,250,083$	
Total Assets         10,833,306         10,436,176         11,966,246         15,287,980         14,923,708	<u> </u>
Deferred Outflows         980,546         1,552,666         892,741         668,128         705,124	24
Current Liabilities         80,242         103,280         977,399         45,033         222,857	57
Long-Term Liabilities 8,107,229 8,429,798 7,699,810 11,587,053 11,214,240	46
Total Liabilities         8,187,471         8,533,078         8,677,209         11,632,086         11,437,103	)3
Deferred Inflows 277,727 438,265 1,389,841 1,187,538 629,028	28
Net Position       \$ 3,348,654       \$ 3,017,499       \$ 2,791,937       \$ 3,136,484       \$ 3,562,701	01
Total Revenue \$ 8,339,576 \$ 8,278,712 \$ 8,407,247 \$ 9,689,756 \$ 9,610,617	17
Total Expenses         8,565,408         8,609,867         8,661,892         9,345,209         9,184,400	)0
Change in Net Position \$ (225,832) \$ (331,155) \$ (254,645) \$ 344,547 \$ 426,217	17
	—
Depreciation Expense \$ 519,155 \$ 501,253 \$ 492,510 \$ 488,470 \$ 479,802	)2
Principal Payments \$ 214,944 \$ 222,170 \$ 229,021 \$ 237,391 \$ 321,382	32
Interest Payments \$ 230,910 \$ 226,743 \$ 217,255 \$ 293,865 \$ 342,220	26
Final Average Daily Enrollment         399.0         421.8         422.5         407.0         423.0	0
March 30th Budgeted Enrollment $402$ $412$ $424$ $424$	
Near Term Indicators:	
Current Ratio 1.44 1.27 0.14 67.80 1.90	<del>)</del> 0
Unrestricted Days Cash 5.81 1.78 33.93 6.11 5.64	
Enrollment Variance 99.25% 102.38% 99.65% 95.99% 99.76	
	No
Sustainability Indicators:	
Cash Flow \$ (353,634) \$ (121,427) \$ 1,061,491 \$ (856,566) \$ (25,284)	34)
Debt Service Coverage RatioN/AN/AN/AN/A	

N/A - Not Applicable

Source: Princeton Charter School Business Office.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



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Independent Member BKR International

### <u>Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based</u> on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

### Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School County of Mercer, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey (the "Office"), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Princeton Charter School (the "Charter School"), in the County of Mercer, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 17, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Charter School's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 2

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

February 17, 2023 Mount Arlington, New Jersey Nisivoccia, LLP

NISIVOCCIA LLP

Kathryn L. Mantell Kathryn L. Mantell

Kathryn L. Mantell Licensed Public School Accountant #884 Certified Public Accountant



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### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by NJOMB 15-08

### Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School County of Mercer, New Jersey

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program**

### **Opinion on Each Major State Program**

We have audited the Princeton Charter School (the "Charter School's") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit and the *New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Charter School's major state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Charter School's major state program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major state program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.* Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Charter School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 2

### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Charter School's federal and state programs.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Charter School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Charter School's compliance with the requirements of the major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Charter School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB
  Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter
  School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Princeton Charter School Page 3

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance or New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose

February 17, 2023 Mount Arlington, New Jersey Nisivoccia, LLP

NISIVOCCIA LLP

Kathryn L. Mantell Kathryn L. Mantell

Kathryn L. Mantell Licensed Public School Accountant #884 Certified Public Accountant

	SCHEDU	<u>PRINCETON (</u> LE OF EXPENDI OR THE PERIOF	PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2022	<u>)L</u> Xal Award 1, 2022					Exhibit K-3 Schedule A
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title/Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	Balance June 30, 2021 Budgetary Accounts Receivable	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Balance June 30, 2022 Budgetary Accounts Receivable	Amount Paid to Subrecipients
Special Revenue Fund: US Department of Education Passed-through State of New Jersey Department of Education Special Education Cluster: IDEA-B, Basic COVID-19 - ARP - IDEA-B, Basic IDEA-B, Preschool COVID-19 - ARP - IDEA-B, Preschool	84.027A 84.027A 84.173A 84.173X 84.173X	DEA-7540-22 IDEA-7540-22 IDEA-7540-22 IDEA-7540-22 IDEA-7540-22	22/05/9-12/1/7 22/05/9-12/1/7 22/05/9-12/1/7 22/05/9-12/1/7	\$ 64,509 18,220 1,360 1,556		\$ 64,509 18,220 1,360 1,556	\$ (64,509) (18,220) (1,360) (1,556)		
Total Special Education Cluster						85,645	(85,645)		
Elementary and Secondary Education Act: Title I - Part A	84.010A	ESEA-7540-22	7/1/21-9/30/22	36,554		36,554	(36,554)		
Total Elementary and Secondary Education Act:						36,554	(36,554)		
Education Stabilization Fund: COVID 19 - CRRSA: Learning Acceleration	84.425D	S425D210027	3/13/20-9/30/23	25,000		18,750	(25,000)	\$ (6,250)	
Mental Health COVID 19 - ARP:	84.425D	S425D210027	3/13/20-9/30/23	45,000			(45,000)	(45,000)	
ESSER III Accelerated Learning	84.425U 84.425U	S425D210027 S425D210027	3/13/20-9/30/24 3/13/20-9/30/24	174,565 50,000			(110,972) (50,000)	(110,972) (50,000)	
	0.074.40	17001700740	+7 INC 16-N7 ICT IC	10,000		10 750	(000,020)	(000,00)	
I otal Education Stabilization Fund Total U.S. Department of Education Total Special Revenue Fund						18,/20 140,949 140,949	$\frac{(260,972)}{(383,171)}$	(242,222) (242,222) (242,222)	
Enterprise Fund: U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through State Department of Agriculture COVID-19 - Pandenic Electronic Benefit Transfer	10.649	N/A	7/1/21-6/30/22	1,273		1,273	(1,273)		
COVID-19 Seamless Summer Option Lunch COVID-19 Seamless Summer Option Lunch Total Child Nutrition Cluster Total Enterprise Fund	10.555 10.555	N/A N/A	7/1/20-6/30/21 7/1/21-6/30/22	6,090 158,541	\$ (1,270) (1,270) (1,270)	$1,270 \\ 130,194 \\ 131,464 \\ 132,737$	$\frac{(158,541)}{(158,541)}$	$\frac{(28,347)}{(28,347)}$	
Total Federal Awards N/A - Not Available/Amiliaable					\$ (1,270)	\$ 273,686	\$ (542,985)	\$ (270,569)	- 0 - \$
IVA - INM AVAILADE APPLICADE SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS	ING NOTES TC	) SCHEDULES O	<b>FEXPENDITURE</b>	S OF FEDER	AL AND STATE	AWARDS			

	SCHEDU	PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2022	ARTER SCHO URES OF STA NDED JUNE 3	<u>ol</u> TE AWARDS 0, 2022					Exhibit K-4 Schedule B
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Grant Period	Award Amount	June 30, 2021 Budgetary (Accounts Receivable)	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	June 30, 2022 GAAP (Accounts Receivable)	ME Budgetary (Accounts Receivable)	MEMO y Cumulative ts Total [e) Expenditures
State Department of Education: General Fund: General Fund: Security Aid Equalization Aid Special Education Aid Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Contributions On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contributory Insurance	22-495-034-5120-084 22-495-034-5120-084 22-495-034-5120-078 22-495-034-5094-003 22-495-034-5094-001 22-495-034-5094-004 22-495-034-5094-004 22-495-034-5094-004	7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22	\$ 39,389 292,246 135,694 135,694 238,547 1,180,594 279,726 681 16,657		\$ 38,192 292,246 135,694 1,180,594 279,726 681 16,657	\$ (39,389) (292,246) (135,694) (135,694) (1,180,594) (1,180,594) (279,726) (681) (16,657)			\$ 39,389 292,246 135,694 238,547 1,180,594 279,726 681 16,657
Total General Fund Enterprise Fund: COVID-19 State Seamless Summer Option COVID-19 State Seamless Summer Option	21-100-010-3350-023 22-100-010-3350-023	7/1/20-6/30/21 7/1/21-6/30/22	258 3,728	\$ (23)	2,182,337 23 3,076	(2,183,534) (3,728)	\$ (652)	\$ (652)	2,183,534 258 3,728
Total Enterprise Fund N.J. School Development Authority: Special Revenue Fund			200	(23)	3,099	(3,728)	(652)	(652)	3,986
Emergent and Capital Mannenance Needs Total N.J. School Development Authority Total State Awards Subject to Single Audit Determination	¥/N	77/06/0-17/61/11		\$ (23)	2,220,377	(34,941) $(34,941)$ $(2,222,203)$	\$ (652)	\$ (652)	34,941 34,941 \$ 2,222,461
Less: State Awards Not Subject to Single Audit Major Program DeterminationOn-Behalf TPAF Pension System Contributions:22-495-034-5094On-Behalf TPAF Pension Contributions22-495-034-5094On-Behalf TPAF Post Retirement Contributions22-495-034-5094On-Behalf TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance22-495-034-5094On-Behalf TPAF Non-Contribution22-495-034-5094	gram Determination 22-495-034-5094-002 22-495-034-5094-001 22-495-034-5094-004 22-495-034-5094-004	7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22 7/1/21-6/30/22	(1,180,594) (279,726) (381) (16,657)			1,180,594 279,726 681 16,657			
Subtotal - On-Behalf TPAF Pension System Contributions	tem Contributions                1,477,65					1,477,658 \$ (744,545)			

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards include federal and state grant activity of the Board of Trustees, Princeton Charter School under programs of the federal and state governments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the Charter School, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Charter School.

### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are reported on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the Schedules represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

### NOTE 3. INDIRECT COST RATE

The Charter School has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the General and Special Revenue Funds on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the General and Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The General Fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis.

The Special Revenue Fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenue, whereas the GAAP basis does not.

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

### NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The net adjustment to reconcile revenue from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is \$-0- for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Revenue from Federal and State awards is reported on the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented below:

	I	Federal	 State	 Total
General Fund			\$ 2,183,534	\$ 2,183,534
Special Revenue Fund	\$	383,171	34,941	418,112
Enterprise Fund		159,814	 3,728	 163,542
	\$	542,985	\$ 2,222,203	\$ 2,765,188

### NOTE 5. OTHER

TPAF Social Security contributions represent the amount reimbursed by the State for the employers' share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Summary of Auditors' Results:

- The Independent Auditors' Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Charter School.
- There were no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies disclosed during the audit of the financial statements as reported in the *Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.*
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Charter School which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- There were no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over the major state program disclosed during the audit as reported in the *Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance* required by NJOMB 15-08.
- The auditor's report on compliance for the major state program for the Charter School expresses an unmodified opinion on its major state program.
- The Charter School was not subject to the single audit provisions of the Uniform Guidance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 as federal grant expenditures were less than the single audit threshold of \$750,000 identified in the Uniform Guidance.
- The audit did not disclose any audit findings which are required to be reported in accordance with New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 or 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance.
- The Charter School's major state program for the current period consisted of the following State award:

			Award	В	udgetary
Program Title	Grant Number	Grant Period	 Amount	Exp	penditures
State Programs:					
Reimbursed TPAF Social					
Security Contributions	22-495-034-5094-003	7/1/21-6/30/22	\$ 238,547	\$	238,547

- The threshold used for distinguishing between State Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- The Charter School was determined to be a "low risk" auditee for State Programs.

### Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

- Not applicable since federal expenditures were below the single audit threshold.

### Findings and Questioned Costs for State Awards:

- The audit did not disclose any findings or questioned costs for state awards as defined in 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08.

### PRINCETON CHARTER SCHOOL SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Status of Prior Year Findings:

There were no prior year audit findings.