UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL	
University Academy Charter High School Jersey City, New Jersey	
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022	

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE

FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by

University Academy Charter High School Finance Department

And

Barre & Company LLC, CPAs

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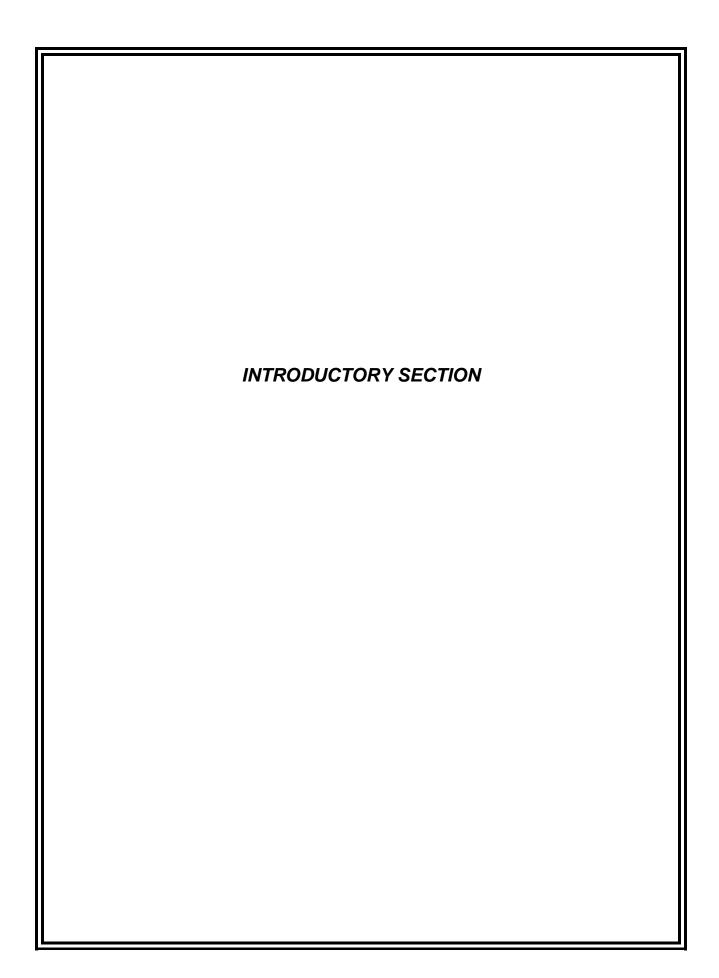
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UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL 275 WEST SIDE AVENUE JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY 07305-1597 201-200-3200

February 14, 2023

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees University Academy Charter High School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

The Annual Comprehensive financial report of the University Academy Charter High School (the "Charter School") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the basic financial statements and results of operations of the various funds of the Charter School. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial activities have been included.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- ➤ The Introductory Section contains a table of contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditors' Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- ➤ The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis;
- ➤ The Single Audit Section The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (U.S. Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and

> State Aid. Information related to this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

Charter School Organization

An elected five-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") serves as the policy maker for the Charter School. The Board adopts an annual budget and directly approves all expenditures which serve as the basis for control over and authorization for all expenditures of Charter School tax money.

The Business Administrator/Board Secretary is the chief financial officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing idle funds as permitted by New Jersey law.

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: University Academy Charter High School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB) as established by GASB Statement No. 14, as amended. All funds of the Charter School are included in this report. The Charter School's Board of Trustees, constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

The University Academy Charter High School provides a full range of educational services appropriate to grades 9 through 12. The charter school completed its twelfth year of operation at June 30, 2022 during which there was an average enrollment of approximately 429 students.

The Charter School is located on the campus of New Jersey City University. The convenience of this location affords the Charter High School the ability to use certain college facilities, plus it provides students with an introduction to student perspective as seen from a college campus.

The following details the student enrollment of the Charter School.

Average Daily Enrollment

Fiscal Year	Student Enrollment	Percent Change
2021-2022	429	0.23%
2020-2021	428	-1.38%
2019-2020	434	2.36%
2018-2019	424	-0.47%
2017-2018	426	2.65%

REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES (CONTINUED)

- 2. MAJOR INITIATIVES: Major initiatives for the 2021-2022 school year built upon the successes observed during our very positive Charter Renewal in 2020-2021. These included continuing the elements of remote learning, particularly the enhance of online educational resources, that would support learning acceleration and student social-emotional well-being upon the return to the school building. These priorities were built into the Strategic Plan, which includes additional facilities and programming to support both STEM achievement and social-emotional growth. Curricula were revised to incorporate NJDOE mandates, and the school continued its partnership tutoring programs with New Jersey City University. Other initiatives included the implementation of a new payroll provider to integrate with our financial management system and improve monthly fiscal reporting.
- 3. INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS: Management of the Board of Trustees is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Board of Trustees also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws, regulations, contracts, and grants.

4. BUDGETARY CONTROLS: In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year.

- 5. CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to Basic Financial Statement" Note 3. The Charter School had adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- **6. RISK MANAGEMENT:** The Charter School carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, and fidelity bonds. A schedule of insurance coverage is found in J-20.

7. OTHER INFORMATION:

Independent Audit — State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Barre & Company, CPAs, was appointed by the Board. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.* The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplemental information are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports, related specifically to the single audit, are included in the single audit section of this report.

8. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the University Academy Charter High School Board of Trustees for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our staff.

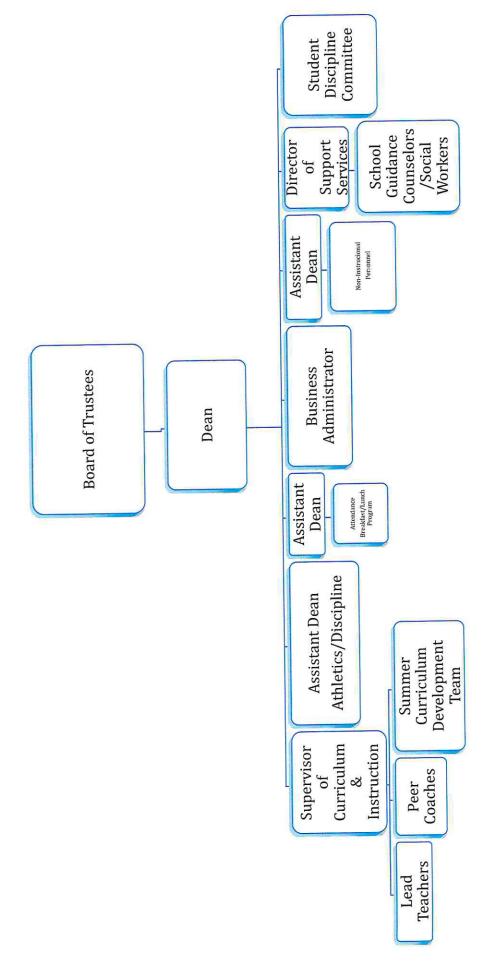
Respectfully submitted,

Sergio Riquelme

President

Appendix G

University Academy Charter HS Organizational Chart



ROSTER OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2022

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Sergio Riquelme, President

Glenda Almeida, Treasurer

Karindu Hill, Trustee

Daysi Romero, Trustee

Carmen Torres-Izquierdo, Trustee

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Audit Firm

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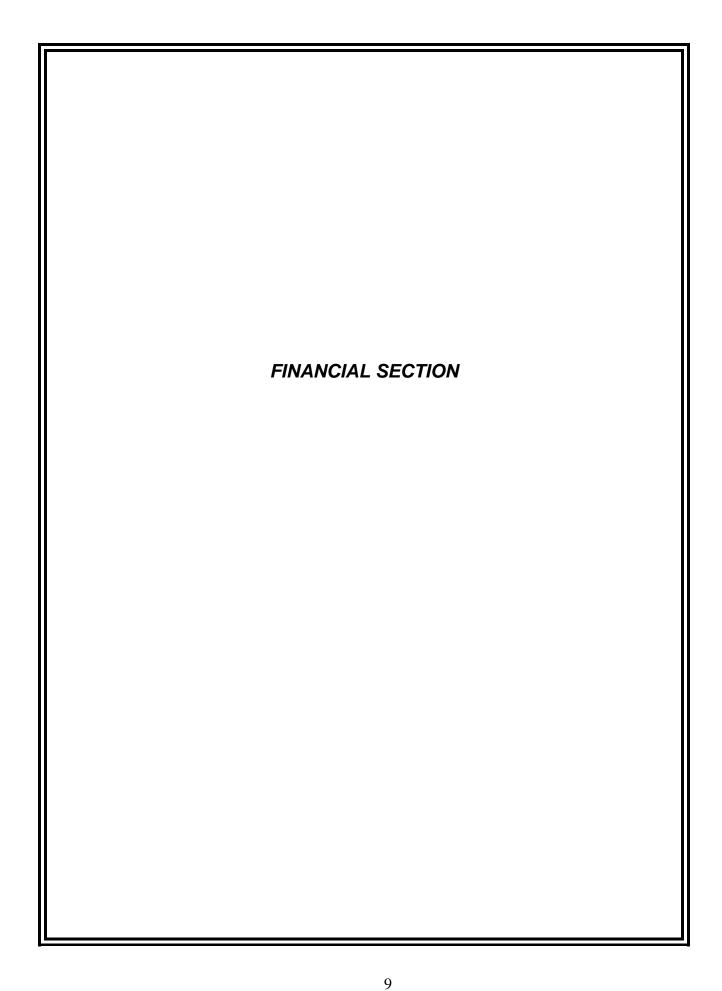
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Official Depository

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BCB Bank 781 Newark Avenue Jersey City, NJ 07306



BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083 908-686-3484 FAX – 908-686-6055

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable President Members of the Board of Trustees University Academy Charter High School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the University Academy Charter High School (Charter School), in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the University Academy Charter High School, in the, State of New Jersey, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in the financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance. Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of University Academy Charter High School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Adoption of New Accounting Principle

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Consistency of Financial Statements

As a result of the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the School. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Prior Period Restatement

In addition, because of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, net position and fund balance as of July 1, 2021 on the statement of activities and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, have been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Charter School's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about International Charter School of Trenton's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of University Academy Charter High School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about University Academy Charter High School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, following this report, and pension and postemployment benefit schedules in Exhibits L-1 through L-3, and M-1, and the related notes and budgetary comparison information in Exhibits C-1 through C-3 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University Academy Charter High School's basic financial statements. The combining and related major fund supporting statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State of New Jersey's Circular 15-08 OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid* respectively, are also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of

America. In our opinion, the combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedule and schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2023 on our consideration of the University Academy Charter High School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University Academy Charter High School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BARRE & COMPANY/LLC Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey February 14, 2023 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of University Academy Charter High School's financial performance provides an overall review of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Charter School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Charter School's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- ❖ General revenues accounted for \$11,744,901 in revenue or 96% percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$517,002 or 4% percent of total revenues of \$12,261,903.
- ❖ The Charter School had \$9,696,032 in expenses; only \$517,002 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$11,744,901 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- ❖ Among governmental funds, the General Fund had \$10,638,547 in revenues and \$11,942,567 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance decreased \$1,304,020 over 2021. This decrease was anticipated by the Board of Trustees.

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand University Academy Charter High School as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) (Continued)

In the case of University Academy Charter High School, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Charter School as a whole, the financial position of the Charter School have improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Non-financial factors include current laws in New Jersey restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities All of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instruction, administration, support services and capital outlay.
- Business-Type Activity This service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all the expenses of the goods or services provided.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Reporting the Charter School's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's funds. The Charter School uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transaction. The Charter School's governmental funds are the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund.

Governmental Funds

The Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future years. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Charter School-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 36 of this report.

The Charter School as a Whole

Recall that the *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the Charter School as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

The Charter School as a Whole

The Charter School's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities.

The Charter School's combined net position were \$3,704,851 for 2022 and \$1,140,401 for 2021.

Governmental Activities

The Charter School's total revenues were \$12,109,661 for June 30, 2022, and \$10,539,597 for 2021, which includes \$203,268 for 2022 and \$226,083 for 2021 of state reimbursed TPAF social security contributions.

The total cost of all program and services was \$9,545,087 for 2022 and \$9,581,818 for 2021. Instruction comprises \$3,162,567 for 2022 and \$3,449,625 for 2021 of Charter School expenses.

The *Statement of Activities* shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Charter School's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Administration includes expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the Charter School.

Support services include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to students, including curriculum and staff development and the costs associated with operating the facility.

Capital Outlay represents instructional and/or non-instructional equipment purchased and is capitalized when such equipment is over the \$2,000 threshold.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues for the Charter School's business-type activities (Food Service) were comprised of federal and state reimbursements. These reimbursements for meals, including payments for free and reduced lunches and breakfast snack program, were \$150,777 for 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

The Charter School's Funds

All governmental funds (i.e., general fund and special revenue fund presented in the fund-based statements) are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total revenues amounted to \$11,211,985 for 2022 and \$9,711,601 for 2021 and expenditures were \$12,486,374 for 2022 and \$8,752,283 for 2021. The net change in fund balance for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 was most significant in the general fund, an increase of \$1,304,020 for 2022 and an increase of \$959,318 for 2021.

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedules present a summary of the revenues of the governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year revenues.

Revenues	2022 Amount	Percent of Total	Increase/ (Decrease) From 2021	Percent of Increase/ (Decrease)
Local Sources	\$ 4,816,530	42.98%	\$ 1,622,092	50.78%
State Sources	5,108,806	45.59%	(728,573)	-12.48%
Federal Sources	1,280,609	11.43%	600,825	88.38%
			·	
Total	\$11,205,945	100.00%	\$ 1,494,344	

The following schedule represents a summary of general fund and special revenue fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

The Charter School's Funds (Continued)

Expenditures	2022 Amount	Percent of Total	Increase/ (Decrease) From 2021	Percent of Increase/ (Decrease)
Instruction Administration Support Services Capital Outlay	\$ 3,162,567 3,443,325 2,064,237 3,816,245	25.33% 27.58% 16.53% 30.56%	\$ (287,058) 456,413 (251,509) 3,816,245	-8.32% 15.28% -10.86% 0.00%
Total	\$12,486,374	100.00%	\$ 3,734,091	

Changes in expenditures were the results of varying factors.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law, and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Charter School revised the annual operating budget in accordance with state regulations. Revisions in the budget were made to recognize revenues that were not anticipated and to prevent over-expenditures in specific line item accounts.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) and Debt Administration

The Charter School had \$3,237,869 invested in building improvements, lease contracts, and equipment at the end of the fiscal year 2022. The Charter School had no debt at the end of 2022.

For the Future

The University Academy Charter High School is in stable financial condition presently. The Charter School is proud of its community support. A major concern is the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 UNAUDITED

(CONTINUED)

continued enrollment growth of the Charter School with the increased reliance on federal and state funding.

In conclusion, University Academy Charter High School has committed itself to financial stability for many years. In addition, the Charter School's system for financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls are well regarded. The Charter School plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenge of the future.

Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to show the Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Ms. Rhonda Curry, School Business Administrator at University Academy Charter High School, 275 West Side Avenue, Jersey City, New Jersey 07305-1597.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SECTION A -	CHAPTED	SCHOOL	-WIDE FINANCIAL	CTATEMENITS
SECTION A -	CHARIER	SCHUUL	'VVIDE FINANGIAL	. JIAIEWENIJ

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	vernmental Activities		iness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Internal Balances Receivables Right of Use Asset, Net of Amortization	\$ 5,482,267 106,977 246,066 3,042,074	\$	86,047 (106,977) 23,996	\$ 5,568,314 - 270,062 3,042,074
Capital Assets, Net	195,795		34,399	230,194
Total Assets	 9,073,179		37,465	 9,110,644
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions	103,314			103,314
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	103,314			 103,314
LIABILITIES:				
Payable to State Government	148,856		-	148,856
Payable to Federal Government	134,965		-	134,965
Accounts Payable	533,953		-	533,953
Rent Payable Noncurrent Liabilities:	276,266		-	276,266
Due Within One Year	720,451		-	720,451
Due Beyond One Year	2,417,540		-	2,417,540
Pension	 773,547			 773,547
Total Liabilities	 5,005,578	-		 5,005,578
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pensions	 503,529			 503,529
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 503,529			 503,529
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	3,237,869		41,279	3,279,148
Student Activity	42,393			42,393
Escrow	75,000		-	75,000
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 312,124		(3,814)	 308,310
Total Net Position	\$ 3,667,386	\$	37,465	\$ 3,704,851

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
Statement of Activities
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position	tal Business-Type	Activities lotal	\$ (4,340,369) \$ - \$ (4,340,369)	(2,403,791) - (2,403,791)	(1,422,104) - (1,422,104)	(223,246) (223,246)	(790,763) - (790,763)	\$ (9,180,273) \$ - \$ (9,180,273)	1,243 1,243		\$ (9,180,273) \$ 1,243 \$ (9,179,030)	↔	9,18U,11U - 9,18U,11U - 6,18U,11U - 6,18U,11U	54	11,744,847 54 11,744,901	2,564,574 1,297 2,565,871	1,104,233 36,168 1,140,401	(1,421) (1,421)	
Program Revenues	Capital Grants and	Contributions	· S	•	•	•		· •	1	•	· •								
	Operating Grants and	Contributions	315,320	•	٠	•		315,320	150,777	150,777	466,097	σ.	Not Restricted	ø.	senues	۵	ng of Year	ants	
	5	Services	∨		49,494			49,494 \$	1,41	1,411	\$ 20,905	GENERAL REVENUES General Purposes Federal and State Aid Not Restricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income Total General Revenues			Total General Revenues	Change in Net Position	Net Position- Beginning of Year	Prior Period Adjustments	
	Indirect Expenses	Allocation	1,493,122 \$	499,342	310,282			2,302,746 \$			₩.	₩ O 1	L <u>-</u>	2		0	2	<u>. </u>	
		Expenses	\$ 3,162,567 \$	1,904,449	1,161,316	223,246	790,763	7,242,341 \$	150,945	150,945	\$ 7,393,286								
	Emotions/Drograms	Functions/Programs	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instruction	Administration	Support Services	Interest on Long-Term Debt	Unallocated Depreciation and Amortization	Total Governmental Activities	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Food Service	Total Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government ==								

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

3,704,851

\$

37,465

3,667,386 \$

s

Net Position - Ending

SECTION B – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The individual fund statements and schedules present more detailed information for the individual fund in a format that segregates information by fund type.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total
ASSETS:			-			
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,422,616	\$	59,651	\$	5,482,267
Receivables: Interfund Receivables		345,681				345,681
Receivables From Other Governments		18,580		227,486		246,066
Total Current Assets		5,786,877		287,137		6,074,014
Total Assets	\$	5,786,877	\$	287,137	\$	6,074,014
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:	æ	406.019		6.040	œ	E02.0E9
Accounts Payable Interfund Payables	\$	496,018		6,040 238,704	\$	502,058 238,704
Payable to State Government		148,856		230,704		148,856
Payable to Federal Government		134,965				134,965
Other Current Liabilities						· -
Rent Payable		276,266				276,266
Total Current Liabilities		1,088,000		244,744		1,332,744
Total Liabilities		1,088,000		244,744		1,332,744
Fund Balances:						
Restricted For:						
Student Activities				42,393		42,393
Unassigned:						
General Fund		4,698,877				4,698,877
Total Fund Balances		4,698,877		42,393		4,741,270
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,786,877	\$	287,137		
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental						
funds. The cost of the assets is \$644,543 and the accumulated depreciation is \$448,748.						195,795
Right of use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds The cost of the assets is \$3,841,430 and the						
accumulated depreciation is \$799,356.						3,042,074
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds						(2.127.001)
Long-term debt included as net position from lease liabilities						(3,137,991)
Net pension liability of \$773,547, deferred inflows of resources of \$503,529 less deferred outflows of resources						
of \$103,314 related to pensions are not reported in the governmental funds						(1,173,762)
•					•	
Net Position of Governmental Activities					Ф	3,667,386

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	 General Fund	Rev	ecial venue und	Total
Local Sources: Local Tax Levy Interest on Investments Miscellaneous	\$ 4,745,346 6,803 14,887	\$	- 49,494	\$ 4,745,346 6,803 64,381
Total Local Sources	 4,767,036		49,494	 4,816,530
State Sources Federal Sources	 5,067,311 804,200		41,495 476,409	5,108,806 1,280,609
Total Revenues	 10,638,547		573,438	11,211,985
EXPENDITURES: Instruction	2,944,678		217,889	3,162,567
Administration	3,443,325			3,443,325
Support Services	1,738,319		325,918	2,064,237
Capital Outlay	 3,816,245			 3,816,245
Total Expenditures	 11,942,567		543,807	 12,486,374
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,304,020)		29,631	(1,274,389)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (1,304,020)		29,631	 (1,274,389)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers- Lease Proceeds	 3,817,666			 3,817,666
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	 3,817,666			 3,817,666
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	 2,513,646		29,631	2,543,277
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	2,186,652		12,762	2,199,414
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS	 (1,421)			 (1,421)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, RESTATED	 2,185,231		12,762	 2,197,993
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 4,698,877	\$	42,393	\$ 4,741,270

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental fund (from B-2)		\$ 2,543,277
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets which are capitalized are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current fiscal year.		
Depreciation Expense Amortization Expense Capital Outlay	\$ (16,592) (774,171) 3,816,245	3,025,482
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt New long-term debt issued Principal payment on long-term debt Increase in accrued interest payable		(3,817,666) 679,675
Pension costs associated with the PERS pension plan are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures in the year the school pension contribution is paid. However, on the statement of activities, the net difference between the current and prior year net pension liability is recognized.		133,806
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,564,574



Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	5	Food Service
ASSETS:		30.1100
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	86,047
Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable:		
Federal		23,832
State		164
Total Current Assets		110,043
Noncurrent Assets:		
Buildings and Building Improvements		103,198
Accumulated Depreciation on Building and		•
Building Improvements		(68,799)
Machinery and Equipment		28,984
Accumulated Depreciation on Machinery and Equipment		(28,984)
Total Noncurrent Assets		34,399
Total Access	Φ	4.4.4.40
Total Assets	\$	144,442
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION:		
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities:		
Interfund Accounts Payable	\$	106,977
Total Current Liabilities		106,977
Total Liabilities		106,977
i Otal Liabilities		100,311
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		41,279
Unrestricted		(3,814)
Total Nat Decition		07.405
Total Net Position		37,465
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	144,442

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities						
	Enterprise Fund						
	School	Fixed Contract	Total				
	Nutrition	Price	Enterprise				
OPERATING REVENUES:	•						
Charges for Services:							
Daily Sales Reimbursable Program	\$ 3	-	\$ 3				
Daily Sales Non-reimbursable Program	1,408	-	1,408				
Miscellaneous Revenue	54	· .	54				
Total Operating Revenues	1,465	<u>-</u>	1,465				
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries	67,103	-	67,103				
Management Fees	25,248	-	25,248				
Depreciation Expense	6,880	-	6,880				
Cost of Sales- Reimbursable Programs	34,843	-	34,843				
Cost of Sales Non-reimbursable Program	8,892	-	8,892				
Miscellaneous Expenses	7,979	· <u> </u>	7,979				
Total Operating Expenses	150,945	-	150,945				
OPERATING LOSS	(149,480)	-	(149,480)				
NONOPERATING REVENUES:							
State Source:							
State School Lunch Program	2,291	-	2,291				
Federal Source:			-				
National School Breakfast/Lunch/Snack Program	148,486	- 	148,486				
Total Nonoperating Revenues	150,777	-	150,777				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,297	-	1,297				
TOTAL NET POSITION, JULY 1	36,168		36,168				
TOTAL NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 37,465	\$ -	37,465				

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Food Service			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers and Employees	\$	(2,822) (95,845)		
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(98,667)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received From State And Federal Reimbursements		150,777		
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities		150,777		
Net Increase In Cash And Cash Equivalents		52,110		
Cash And Cash Equivalents, Beginning Of Year		33,937		
Cash And Cash Equivalents, End Of Year	\$	86,047		
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Operating Gain Used for Operating Activities Depreciation Change In Assets And Liabilities: Increase In Receivables From Other Governments Decrease In Interfund Payable	\$	(149,480) 6,880 (4,287) 48,220		
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(98,667)		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS' (NOT APPLICABLE)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the University Academy Charter High School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB is the accounting standard-setting body responsible for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the Charter School are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Charter School is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The Board of Trustees consists of representatives of the public and private community sectors, professional representatives and representatives of parents of students, and is responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. The Head Teacher is appointed by the Board of Trustees and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School.

In evaluating how to define the Charter School for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statements No. 14 (as amended). Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in-substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (continued)

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and / or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the Charter School has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the Charter School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Charter School:

Governmental-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Governmental-Wide Statements (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Charter School and for each function of the Charter School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses are allocated to the functions using an appropriate allocation method or association with the specific function. Indirect expenses include health benefits, employer's share of payroll taxes, compensated absences and tuition reimbursements.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Charter School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Charter School:

Governmental Fund Types

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Charter School.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

General Fund – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or noninstructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay subfund. Debt service is budgeted in the General Fund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the Charter School includes budgeted Capital Outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, charter school taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by board resolution.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major capital projects, or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

<u>Proprietary Fund Type</u> - The focus of Proprietary Fund measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounted principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School:

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Types (continued)

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – The Enterprise Funds are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or, where the Charter School has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Governments should establish a policy that defines operating revenues and expenses that is appropriate to the nature of the activity being reported, and use it consistently from period to period. Transactions for which cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, non-capital financing activities, or investing activities normally would not be reported as components of operating income.

The Charter School's Enterprise Fund is comprised of the Food Service Fund operations.

Depreciation of all exhaustive fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Food Service Fund:

Equipment 12 Years Light Trucks and Vehicle 4 Years Heavy Trucks and Vehicle 6 Years

In its accounting and financial reporting, the Charter School follows the pronouncements of the GASB.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Charter School enterprise funds are charges for daily sales of food, special functions and miscellaneous receipts. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories.

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local government, including New Jersey school districts and their charter schools. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020, or fiscal year 2020-2021. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. After considering the criteria and guidance, it was determined that Payroll and Payroll Agency (Fund 60) activities are more appropriately reported in a general fund (Fund 10). Additionally, the Student Activity (Fund 90) activity are more appropriately reported in a special revenue fund (Fund 20).

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus

The government-wide proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Charter School gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include state and federal aid, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations.

Government funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The Charter School considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Budgets/Budgetary Control

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year.

For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets/Budgetary Control (Continued)

The following presents a reconciliation of the special revenue funds from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting:

	2022	2021
Total Revenues & Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 573,438	\$ 679,784
Adjustments: Less Encumbrances at June 30, 2022 Plus Encumbrances at June 30, 2021	- -	-
Total Revenues and Expenditures (GAAP Basis)	\$ 573,438	\$ 679,784

The reconciliation of the general and special revenue funds from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting is presented on Note A in the Required Supplementary Information Section.

Encumbrances Accounting

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to assign a portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances are a component of fund balance at fiscal yearend as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Open encumbrances in the governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, which have not been previously restricted, committed, or assigned, should be included within committed or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, however, for which the Charter School has received advances of grant awards, are reflected on the balance sheet as unearned revenues at fiscal year-end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Deposits and Investments

Deposits are cash and cash equivalents including petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. Other than Certificates of Deposit, deposits with maturities of greater than three months are considered to be Investments. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey charter schools are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey charter schools.

Additionally, the Charter School had adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provision of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

Interfund Transactions:

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the Charter School-Wide Statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the enterprise fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Inventories:

Inventory purchases are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

Capital Assets:

The Charter School has established a formal system of accounting for its capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost.

Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The Charter School does not possess any infrastructure. The capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is \$2,000.

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method under the half-year convention over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Building Improvements	20
Office & Computer Equipment	5-10

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Right of use Assets

The Charter School has recorded a right of use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right of use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Compensated Absences:

The Charter School employees do not accumulate sick leave, therefore, no liability is reflected in the basic financial statements.

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses recorded on the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022. The Charter School had no prepaid expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

In the governmental fund financial statements, however, payments for prepaid items are fully recognized as expenditures in the fiscal year of payment. No asset for the prepayment is created, and no expenditure allocation to future accounting periods is required (non-allocation method). This is consistent with the basic governmental concept that only expendable financial resources are reported by a specific fund.

<u>Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations</u>:

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the Charter School-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Net Position:

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Charter School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Charter School's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance Reserves:

GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position defines net position as the residual of all other elements presented in statement of financial position. It is the difference between (1) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (2) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. This Statement provides guidance for reporting net position within a framework that includes deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities.

In the Government-Wide Statements, there are three classes of net position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – reports net position when constraints placed on the residual amount of noncapital assets are either imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – any portion of net position not already classified as either net investment in capital assets or net position-restricted.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

<u>Unassigned</u> – Includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. The Charter School reports all amounts that meet the unrestricted General Fund Balance Policy described below as unassigned:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unassigned fund balance is available, the Charter School considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance are available, and the Charter School considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

Revenues — Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Charter School, available means within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Charter School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Charter School on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, and tuition.

Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise fund. For the Charter School, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise fund.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The Charter School reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses are allocated to functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Employee benefits, including the employer's share of social security, workers compensation, and medical and dental benefits, were allocated based on salaries of that program. Depreciation expense, where practicable, is specifically identified by function and is included in the indirect expense column of the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense that could not be attributed to a specific function is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Extraordinary and Special Items:

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these types of transactions occurred during the fiscal year.

Management Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accrued Salaries and Wages:

Certain Charter School employees who provide services to the Charter School over the ten-month academic year have the option to have their salaries evenly disbursed during the entire twelve-month year. New Jersey statutes require that these earned but undisbursed amounts be retained in a separate bank account.

C. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net pension of the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the State of New Jersey Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the PERS's and TPAF's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS and the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension Plan investments are reported

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

During fiscal years 2022 through 2023, the Charter School has adopted the following GASB statements.

The GASB has adopted the following as of June 30, 2022

GASB No. 87, Leases, was adopted with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

- GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, effective for the year ending June 30, 2024.
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for the year ending June 30, 2025.

The Charter School will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Leases

As a result of the adoption of GASB 87, leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability in other financial liabilities at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the School. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

The lease liability is measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily available. Lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the School and payment of penalties for termination of a lease when the lease term reflects the lessee exercising a termination option. Each lease payment is allocated between the repayment of the principal portion of lease liability and the interest portion. The interest expense is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period and is recorded in financing expense. Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in the consolidated statement of income.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents includes petty cash, change funds, amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments.

Category 1 includes deposits/investments held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent in the Board's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits/investments held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent in the Board's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits/investments held by a broker or dealer, or held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent but not in the Board's name. These categories are not broad representations that deposits or investments are "safe" or "unsafe".

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan

Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter Schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Board to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.

As of June 30, 2022, cash and cash equivalents of the Charter School consisted of the following:

	General	Special	Proprietary	
	Fund	Revenue	Fund	Total
Operating				
Account	\$5,422,616	\$59,651	\$ 86,047	\$5,568,314

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

The carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022 was \$5,568,314 and the bank balance was \$5,781,357. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance and/or covered by a collateral pool maintained by the banks as required by New Jersey statutes.

Risk Category

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. In general, bank deposits are classified as to credit risk by three categories described below:

<u>Category 1</u> — Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name.

<u>Category 2</u> — Collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository's trust department or agent in the Board's name.

<u>Category 3</u>— Uncollateralized, including any deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Board's name.

As of June 30, 2022, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 40 and are classified as Category 1, both at year-end and throughout the year.

New Jersey Cash Management Fund

All investments in the Fund are governed by the regulations of the Investment Council, which prescribe specific standards designed to insure the quality of investments and to minimize the risks related to investments. In all the years of the Division of Investment's existence, the Division has never suffered a default of principal or interest on any short-term security held by it due to the bankruptcy of a securities issuer; nevertheless, the possibility always exists, and for this reason a reserve is being accumulated as additional protection for the "Other-than-State" participants. In addition to the Council regulations, the Division sets further standards for specific investments and monitors the credit of all eligible securities issuers on a regular basis.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

New Jersey Cash Management Fund (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the Charter School had no funds on deposit with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants, and miscellaneous. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

Accounts receivable as of the fiscal year end of the Charter School's individual major, in the aggregate, are as follows:

							Pro	orietary							
		Governme	ntal F	unds			F	und							
				Special		Total	F	ood	-	Total					
	General Revenue G		Governmental Service		Business										
		Fund		Fund	Activities		Activities		Fund		Fund		Туре	Activities	Total
State Awards	\$	18,580	\$	-	\$	18,580	\$	164	\$	164	\$ 18,744				
Federal Awards				227,486		227,486	2	23,832		23,832	251,318				
Other						-									
Gross Receivables		18,580		227,486		246,066	2	23,996		23,996	270,062				
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		-		-		-		-		-					
Total Receivables, Net	\$	18,580	\$	227,486	\$	246,066	\$ 2	23,996	\$	23,996	\$270,062				

Transfers between funds are used repay expenses paid by another fund.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4: <u>INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES</u>

The following interfund balances remained on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2022:

	I	nterfund	Interfund			
Fund	R	eceivable	I	Payable		
General Fund	\$	345,681	\$	-		
Special Revenue Fund				238,704		
Proprietary Fund				106,977		
				·		
Total	\$	345,681	\$	345,681		

Interfund balances are expected to be liquidated by the end of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

		eginning Balance	dditions ustments)	Reti	rements	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:						
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Building Improvements	\$	497,778	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 497,778
Equipment		146,765	-		-	146,765
Totals at Historical Cost		644,543	-		-	644,543
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:			 			
Building Improvements		(285,391)	(16,592)		-	(301,983)
Equipment		(146,765)	-		-	(146,765)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(432,156)	(16,592)		-	(448,748)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,						
Net of Accumulated Depreciation		212,387	(16,592)		-	195,795
Government Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$	212,387	\$ (16,592)	\$	-	\$ 195,795
Business-Type Activities:	•					
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Building Improvements		103,198				103,198
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(61,919)	(6,880)			(68,799)
Machinery and Equipment		28,984	-		-	28,984
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(28,984)	-		-	(28,984)
Enterprise Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$	41,279	\$ (6,880)	\$	-	\$ 34,399

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

In January 11, 2001, the New Jersey State Department of Education announced that effective July 1, 2001, the capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is increased to \$2,000. The previous threshold was \$500. Applying the higher capitalization threshold retroactively (removal of old assets) will be permitted by the State regulations in situations where: (1) the assets have been fully depreciated, or (2) the assets have exceeded their useful lives.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Depreciation Expense:

Instructional \$ - Unallocated 16,592

NOTE 6: RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

The Charter School has recorded two (2) right of use leased assets. The assets are right of use assets for leased equipment and leased school facility. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Liabilities section of this note. The right of use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right of use asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Leased Assets	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	
Leased Assets Being Amortized					
Leased - Equipment Expense	54,523	0	0	54,523	
Leased - Real Estate Expense	0	3,786,907	0	3,786,907	
Total Leased Assets Being Amortized	54,523	3,786,907	0	3,841,430	
Less: Accumulated Amortization					
Leased - Equipment Expense	(25,185)	(16,790)	0	(41,975)	
Leased - Real Estate Expense	0	(757,381)	0	(757,381)	
Total Accumulated Amortization	(25,185)	(774,171)	0	(799,357)	
Total, Net of Accumulated Amortization	29,337	3,012,736	0	3,042,073	

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Building Lease

The School leases a portion of a building located at 275 West Side Avenue, Jersey City, New Jersey, from New Jersey City University (the University), under the terms of a lease dated May 6, 2003. The total size of the building at 275 West Side Avenue is 57,415 square feet. The School rents 29,651 square feet or 51.6% of the building along its Southern side, for use as the School Premises. The remaining 27,764 square feet of the building is used exclusively by the University and is not rented to the School. Under the terms of the lease, the University provides the School with classroom, office, and multipurpose space (cafeteria, gymnasium, etc.) in the rented School Premises area and the University also provides the School with maintenance and security services. The University also pays the cost of utilities including heat, air conditioning, water and land based (non-cellular) telephone service. The terms of the lease provide for an annual charge for these services (the Additional

Rent) calculated as explained below. The lease also calls for payment of a fixed annual charge (the Base Rent). A portion of the School Premises is also used by the University to conduct evening classes offered by the University. The lease specifies that the School's "Pro Rata Percentage" shall be the percentage of School use of the Premises divided by the total use, by School plus University, for the rented space. The School's "Pro Rata Percentage", since lease inception has been calculated at 86.11 %. This percentage is will remain the same throughout the lease term unless renegotiated to the satisfaction of both the School and the University.

The terms of the lease allow for lease cancellation at the earliest of the following dates: (1) June 30, 2033 or (2) in the event the NJ Department of Education revokes the School's Charter before June 30, 2033, the effective date of revocation shall be the termination date of the lease.

The total rent to be paid by the School to the University each year is the sum of the Base Rent plus the Additional Rent times the Pro Rata Percentage. This can be represented as follows:

(Base Rent + Additional Rent) x (Pro Rata Percentage) = Total Rent Payment for Year.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Base Rent, before application of the Pro Rata Percentage, is set forth in the lease as follows:

Fiscal Year For	Amount				
June 30, 2015 - June 30, 2033 (*) Average - Actual amounts vary from \$632,500 to \$637,750	635,347 (*)				

Generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 13 ("Accounting for Leases") require that:

"If rental payments are not made on a straight-line basis, rental expense nevertheless shall be recognized on a straight-line basis unless another systematic and rational basis is more representative of the time period in which benefit is derived from the leased property, in which case that basis shall be used."

The School assumes, for financial statement purposes, that the Charter will be renewable for all years during the lease term. Thus the School

shall calculate the amount of rent payable and set forth same in its financial statements each year until such time as either: (1) The State Department of Education advises that the School Charter will not be renewed, (2) The State Department of Education or the Governmental Accounting Standards board advises at a future date that "another systematic and rational basis is more representative of the time period in which benefit is derived from the leased property".

As a result of the lease, the school has recorded a right of use asset with a net book value of \$3,029,526 on June 30, 2022.

Equipment Lease

The equipment agreement was executed on December 30, 2019, to lease a copy machine and requires monthly payments of \$1,547.42. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 5%, which is the stated rate in the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the school has recorded a right of use asset with a net book value of \$12,547 on June 30, 2022.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Maturity Analysis	Principal	Interest	Total
07/01/2022 - 06/30/2023	720,451	177,778	898,229
07/01/2023 - 06/30/2024	754,208	130,144	884,352
07/01/2024 - 06/30/2025	804,719	79,633	884,352
07/01/2025 - 06/30/2026	858,613	25,739	884,352
07/01/2026 - 06/30/2027	0	0	0
Total	3,137,991	413,294	3,551,285
Lease Liability	3,137,991		

B. LONG-TERM LIABILITY ROLLFORWARD SCHEDULE

							Current
	Е	Beginning			Ending	F	Portion of
Governmental Activities:		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance		Balance
Lease Liabilities	\$	-	\$ 3,137,991	\$ -	\$ 3,137,991		706,868
Net Pension Liability		1,078,737		(305,190)	773,547		-
Governmental Activity long-term							
liabilities	\$	1,078,737	\$ 3,137,991	\$ (305,190)	\$ 3,911,538	\$	706,868

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS

Substantially all the Board's employees participate in one of the two contributory, defined benefit public employee systems: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) or the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) of New Jersey. In addition, certain employees may participate in the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP).

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees; Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to tier 5 members upon 65.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a members retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Basis of Presentation

The schedule of employer allocations and the schedule of pension amounts by employer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are considered elements of the financial statements of PERS or its participating employers. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of PERS or the participating employers. The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of PERS to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers in PERS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred Outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense. The employer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer are based on the ration of the contributions of an individual employer to the total contributions to PERS during the measurement period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer may result in immaterial differences. Contributions from employers are recognized when due, based on statutory requirements.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements (Continued)

Although the Division administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarially determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each individual employer of the State and local groups of the plan.

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2021 measurement date are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year measurement date 2021, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements (Continued)

This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. Charter School contributions to PERS amounted to \$77,642 for fiscal year 2021.

<u>Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of</u> Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Charter School reported a liability of \$ 773,547 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 measurement date, the Charter School's proportion was 0.0065297533%, which was a decrease of -0.00008527% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$ 77,642 . At June 30, 2022, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred related to pensions from the following sources.

	Ou	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred flows of esources
Changes in Assumptions	\$	4,029	\$	275,388
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		12,200		5,538
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		-		203,773
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments				
Change in Proportion		87,085		18,830
	\$	103,314	\$	503,529

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 5.13, 5.16, 5.21, 5.63, 5.48, 5.57, 5.72 and 6.44 years for the 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 amounts, respectively.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows resources (excluding employer specific amounts including changes in proportion) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Total
2023	\$	(155,930)
2024		(111,334)
2025		(75,911)
2026		(57,062)
2027		22
	\$	(400,215)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuations as of July 1,2020.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

This actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
through 2026	2.00-6.00% based on years of service
Thereafter	3.00-7.00% based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long term expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investments expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
US Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021 measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as of measurement date June 30, 2021 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed below, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2021							
		1%		Current			1%
	Decrease			Discount Rate		Increase	
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
Charter School proportionate share of the							
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,064,644	٩	\$ 773,547		\$	541,754

Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2020							
	1% Current 1%						1%
	Decrease			Discount Rate		Increase	
	(6.00%)			(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
Charter School's proportionate share of the							
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,368,628	\$	1,078,737		\$	848,655

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial statements.

B. <u>Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF)</u>

Pension Description

The State of New Jersey, Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey (the State) is responsible fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. The TPAF is

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the TPAF, please refer to the Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

Benefit Provided

The vesting and benefit provision are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested of 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, member's beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts. The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tier 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tier 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Allocation Methodology

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers in TPAF to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows in resources and collective pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions. The employer and nonemployer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer are based on the ratio of the State's actual contributions made as an employer and nonemployer adjusted for unpaid early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the year ended June 30, 2021. Employer and nonemployer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer may result in immaterial differences.

The contributions policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2021 measurement date, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

Special Funding Situation

The Employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefoe, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers, such as the Charter School. However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers must

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Special Funding Situation (Continued)

disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the local participating employer. In addition, each local participating employer must recognize pension expense associated with the employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with the local participating employer.

This note discloses the portion of the Charter School's total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the Charter School. During the fiscal year ended 2022, the State of New Jersey contributed \$ 80,994 to the TPAF for normal pension benefits on behalf of the Charter School, which is less than the contractually required contribution of \$ 1,006,415 .

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2022, the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School was \$ 11,971,418. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021.

The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, Charter School's proportion was 0.0249014470%, which was a decrease of -0.0007124% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated	
with the Charter School	11,971,418
Total	\$ 11,971,418

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized pension expense on behalf of the Charter School in the amount of \$ 1,006,415 and the Charter School recognized pension expense and revenue for that same amount in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 financial statements.

The State reported collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes in Assumptions	\$ 5,289,559,561	\$ 24,224,281,713
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	941,265,828	142,774,569
Changes in Proportion and differences between employ	rer	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	142,705,445	142,705,445
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	2,854,036,178
	\$ 6,373,530,834	\$ 27,363,797,905

The \$6,373,530,834 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from changes in assumptions will be amortized over a period of 8.5 years. The \$27,363,797,905 reported as a deferred inflow of resources resulting from the difference between projected and actual.

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Total
2023	\$ (2,914,282,899)
2024	(3,500,098,875)
2025	(4,665,036,366)
2026	(4,192,375,542)
2027	(2,350,648,872)
Thereafter	(3,367,824,517)
	\$(20,990,267,071)

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	
Price	2.75%
Wages	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	1.55 - 4.45%
	based on years of service
Thereafter	2.75 - 5.65%
	based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 measurement date are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.40%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.15%
High Yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.05%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.35%

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED

Discount Rate – TPAF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net</u> Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the State as of June 30, 2021 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2021											
			1%		Current			1%			
		Decrease			Discount Rate		Increase				
		(6.00%)			(7.00%)			(8.00%)			
Charter School's proportionate share of											
the Net Pension Liability		\$ 14,190,939			\$ 11,971,418		\$	10,148,762			

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (continued)

Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2020											
	1% Current										
		Decrease		Discount Rate			Increase				
		(4.40%)		(5.40%)			(6.40%)				
Charter School's proportionate share of											
the Net Pension Liability	\$	19,855,080	\$	16,866,385		\$	14,452,614				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - TPAF

Detailed information about the TPAF's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial statements.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)

Prudential Financial jointly administers the DCRP investments with the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits. If an employee is ineligible to enroll in the PERS or TPAF, the employee may be eligible to enroll in the DCRP. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting is immediate upon enrollment for members of the DCRP.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the DCRP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

The contribution policy is set by the New Jersey Statutes and, in most retirement systems, contributions are required by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by the State of New Jersey regulation.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Employee contributions are based on percentages of 5.50% for DCRP of employees' annual compensation, as defined. The expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008. Employee contributions for DCRP are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) (continued)

The actuarially determined employer contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments and noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums.

For DCRP, the Charter School recognized no pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. There were no employee contributions to DCRP for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The school is in a "special funding situation, as described in GASB Statement No. 75 in that OPEB contributions and expense are legally required to be made by and are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey.

The State of New Jersey reports a liability as a result of its statutory requirements to pay other postemployment (health) benefits for State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents of local education employers.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State of New Jersey in accordance with N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f. According to N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided (continued)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit.

The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits are the responsibility of the individual local education employers.

Employees covered by benefit terms:

At measurement date June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active pla	n membe	r						213,901		
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits										
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments										
	Total							364,328		

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of measurement date June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation Rate	2.50%			
		TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary Increases				
Through 2026		1.55% to 4.45%	2.00% to 6.00%	3.25% to 15.25%
		based on service	based on service	based on service
		years	years	years
Rate thereafter		2.75% to 5.65%	3.00% to 7.00%	NOT
		based on service	based on service	APPLICABLE
		years	years	

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS) and Safety (PFRS) classification headcount weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2018, July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018, and July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018 for TPAF, PFRS and PERS, respectively.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONITINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 5.65% and decreases to a 4.50% long-term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2022 through 2023 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 5.74% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 12.93% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to 4.5% after 11 years. For HMO the trend is initially 6.01% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 15.23% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to 4.5% after 11 years. The assumed post-65 medical trend is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 6.75% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.0%.

Discount rate

The discount rate for measurement date June 30, 2021 was 2.16%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal band rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

				Т	otal OPEB		
					Liability		
Balance at June 30, 20	Balance at June 30, 2021			\$	8,964,588		
				<u> </u>	-,,		
Service cost					873,060		
Interest on Total OP	Interest on Total OPEB Liability						
Effect on Changes of	(7,890)						
Difference between		(2,469,769)					
Effect of Changes o	f Assumpt	ions		7,314			
Contributions - Emp	loyee				4,916		
Gross Benefits Paid	by the Sta	ate			(151,480)		
	Net Chan	ges		(1,551,547)			
Balance at June 30, 20	22				7,413,041		

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

<u>Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:</u>

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of measurement date June 30, 2021 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2021									
		At 1%	At current			At 1%					
	Deci	rease (1.16%)	discou	ınt rate (2.16%)	Inc	rease (3.16%)					
Total OPEB Liability	\$	8,879,659	\$	7,413,041	\$	6,258,167					

<u>Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate:</u>

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of measurement date June 30, 2021 calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2021								
	At 1%				At 1%				
	decrease			Trend Rate			Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 6,000,881		\$	7,413,041		\$	9,309,468		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the Charter School recognized OPEB revenue and expense of \$827,996 in the government-wide financial statements for the State's proportionate share of the OPEB Plan's OPEB expenses, associated with the Charter School. This expense and revenue was based on the OPEB Plan's June 30, 2021 measurement date.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONITINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement 75, as the Charter School's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

At measurement date June 30, 2021 the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows
	Of	Resources	0	f Resources
Difference between Actual and Expected Experience	\$	1,117,483	\$	(2,224,785)
Net Difference between Expected and Actual Earnings on				
OPEB Plan Investments		-		-
Assumption Changes	\$	1,257,528		(795,350)
Sub Total		2,375,011		(3,020,136)
Contributions Made in Fiscal Year 2022 after				
June 30, 2021 Measurement Date		N/A		N/A
Total		2,375,011		(3,020,136)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ending June 30	
2023	\$ (146,056)
2024	(146,056)
2025	(146,056)
2026	(146,056)
2027	(103,844)
Total Thereafter	42,942
	\$ (645,124)

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Charter School is a member of the New Jersey School Boards Association Insurance Group, Educational Risk and Insurance Consortium (the Consortium). The Consortium is both an insured and self-administered group of school districts established for the purpose of providing certain low-cost workers' compensation, employees' liability, automobile and equipment liability, general liability and boiler and machinery insurance coverage for member school districts in order to keep local property taxes at a minimum.

Property and Liability Insurance

The charter school maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability, student accident and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

NOTE 11: ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School has recognized as revenues and expenditures on-behalf payments made by the State for normal costs and post-retirement medical costs related to TPAF, in the fund financial statements. The amounts recognized as revenues and expenditures in the fund financial statements for normal costs, social security contributions, post-retirement medical costs, and long-term disability insurance were \$878,124, \$203,268, \$205,165, and \$395 respectively.

NOTE 12: CONTINGENCIES

Grantor Agencies - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies could be subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Charter School expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 13: CONCENTRATIONS

The Charter School depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of New Jersey. As a result of this dependency, the Charter School is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

NOTE 14: FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED

General Fund

Of the \$4,698,877General Fund balance in the fund financial statements at June 30, 2022, \$0 is assigned for encumbrances; \$0 is restricted for the escrow account and \$4,698,877 is unassigned. The Special Revenue Fund in the fund financial statements at June 30, 2022, \$29,631 is restricted.

NOTE 15: IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

In June of 2017, the GASB issued Statement no. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 87 were effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The School adopted GASB Statement No. 87 effective July 1, 2021. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 required retrospective application to prior periods resulting in the restatement of net position and fund balance as of the beginning of the year.

NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through February 14, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 17: IMPACT OF COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Charter School's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Charter School is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2023.

Although the Charter School cannot estimate the length or gravity of the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak at this time, if the pandemic continues, it may have a material effect on the Charter School's results of future operations, financial position, and liquidity in fiscal year 2023.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II

SECTION C – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	Buuget	Hansiers	Buuget	Actual	(Offiavorable)
Local Levy Budget:					
"Local Levy" Local Share-Charter School Aid	\$ 3,923,013	\$ -	\$ 3,923,013	\$ 4,745,346	\$ 822,333
Total Local Levy Budget	3,923,013		3,923,013	4,745,346	822,333
Categorical Aid:					
"Local Levy" State Share-Charter School Aid	4,736,184	_	4,736,184	3,278,748	(1,457,436)
Special Education Aid	284,705	-	284,705	315,320	30,615
State Adjustment Aid	215,155		215,155	186,291	(28,864)
Total Categorical Aid	5,236,044		5,236,044	3,780,359	(1,455,685)
Revenues From Other Sources:					
Interest Income	5,000	_	5,000	6,803	1,803
Miscellaneous Revenue	7,500	_	7,500	819,087	811,587
Reimbursed Social Security Benefit Contributions	-	_	-	203,268	203,268
On-Behalf TPAF(Non-Budget)				200,200	200,200
Pension Contribution Contributions	_	_	_	878,124	878,124
Post Retirement Medical Contributions				205,165	205,165
Non-Contributory Insurance Contributions				395	395
,					
Total Revenues From Other Sources	12,500	<u> </u>	12,500	2,112,842	2,100,342
Total Revenues	9,171,557	-	9,171,557	10,638,547	1,466,990
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Salaries of Teachers	2,885,000	69,595	2,954,595	2,517,934	436,661
Other Salaries for Instruction	125,000	108,897	233,897	146,639	87,258
Purchased Prof/Tech Services	115,000	-	115,000	77,115	37,885
Other Purchased Services	90,000	-	90,000	43,510	46,490
General Supplies	55,000	27,124	82,124	87,137	(5,013)
Textbooks	30,000	(13,272)	16,728	16,728	-
Miscellaneous	50,000	5,229	55,229	55,615	(386)
Total Instruction	3,350,000	197,573	3,547,573	2,944,678	602,895
Administration:					
Salaries - General Administration	485,000	207,163	692,163	671,922	20,241
Salaries of Secretarial/Clerical Assistants	225,000	5,288	230,288	209,173	21,115
Total Benefits Cost	1,450,000	(132,506)	1,317,494	1,095,420	222,074
Purchases Prof/Tech Services	105,000	-	105,000	101,792	3,208
Communications/Telephone	35,000	-	35,000	25,835	9,165
Supplies and Materials	17,500	11,165	28,665	28,665	-
Miscellaneous Expenses	20,000	3,821	23,821	23,566	255
Table Administration	0.007.500	04.001	0.400.464		070.050
Total Administration	2,337,500	94,931	2,432,431	2,156,373	276,058

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget	-	Budget Transfers		Final Budget		Actual		Variance inal to Actual Favorable Unfavorable)
(Continued from Prior Page)		Daaget		Transiers		Daaget		Actual		Omavorable)
Support Services:	•		•	(0== 0=0)	•	500.440	•		•	4- 4
Salaries	\$	875,000 75,000	\$	(275,852)	\$	599,148	\$	552,091 49,286	\$	47,057
Purchased Prof/Tech Services Rental of Land and Buildings		920,000		-		75,000 920,000		49,286 25,502		25,714 894,498
Debt Service Leases: Principal and Interest		920,000		-		920,000		875,311		(875,311)
Other Purchased Services		105,000		-		105,000		32,268		72,732
Transportation-Other Than To/From School		40,000		-		40,000		35,485		4,515
Insurance for Property, Liability and Fidelity		130,000		-		130,000		123,341		6,659
Supplies and Materials		15,000		179		15,179		37,367		(22,188)
Miscellaneous Expenses		15,000		(6,831)		8,169		7,668		501
Total Support Services		2,175,000		(282,504)		1,892,496		1,738,319		154,177
Capital Outlay:										
Instructional Equipment		50,000		-		50,000		-		50,000
Non-Instructional Equipment		25,000		-		25,000		-		25,000
Miscellaneous Expenses		40,000		(10,000)		30,000		-		30,000
Lease Purchase Agreements								3,816,245		(3,816,245)
Total Capital Outlay		115,000		(10,000)		105,000		3,816,245		(3,711,245)
On-Behalf TPAF (Non-Budgeted) Social Security Contributions Pension Contributions Post-Retirement Medical Contributions Non-Contributory Insurance Contributions		-		- -		- -		203,268 878,124 205,165 395		(203,268) (878,124) (205,165) (395)
Total Expenditures		7,977,500				7,977,500		11,942,567		(3,965,067)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,194,057		-		1,194,057		(1,304,020)		(2,498,077)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Lease Proceeds	- <u></u>					-		3,817,666		(3,817,666)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								3,817,666		(3,817,666)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,194,057				1,194,057		2,513,646		(6,315,743)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		2,186,654				2,186,654		2,186,652		(2)
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT								(1,421)		(1,421)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1- RESTATED		2,186,654				2,186,654		2,185,231		(1,423)
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$	3,380,711	\$		\$	3,380,711	\$	4,698,877	\$	(2,499,500)

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUE SOURCES:					
Local	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,494	\$ 49,494
Intermediate	6,040		6,040	6,040	-
State	41,495		41,495	41,495	-
Federal	2,988,531	. 	2,988,531	476,409	(2,512,122)
Total Revenues	3,036,066		3,036,066	573,438	(2,462,628)
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	438,908	-	438,908	10,000	428,908
Purchased Prof/Tech Services	172,265	-	172,265	72,940	99,325
General Supplies	572,422	-	572,422	93,454	478,968
Other Objects	41,495	· -	41,495	41,495	
Total Instruction	1,225,090		1,225,090	217,889	1,007,201
Support Services:					
Salaries	339,018	-	339,018	153,897	185,121
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	190,275	-	190,275	43,071	147,204
Purchased Technical Services	75,937	-	75,937	64,728	11,209
Other Purchased Prof/Tech Services	753,023	-	753,023	-	753,023
Supplies and Materials	166,040	-	166,040	6,040	160,000
Miscellaneous Expenditures	86,844	· 	86,844	19,863	66,981
Total Support Services	1,744,636	·	1,744,636	325,918	1,418,718
Total Expenditures	3,036,066		3,036,066	543,807	2,492,259
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,631	\$ 29,631

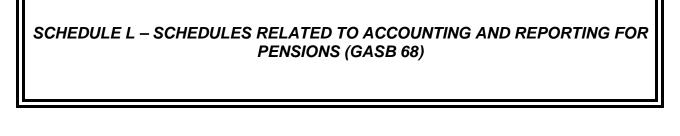
NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Note to RSI Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary) "revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedules	[C-1]	\$ 10,638,547	[C-2]	573,438
Difference - Budget to GAAP Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized			-	
Total revenues as reports on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$ 10,638,547	[B-2] ₌	\$ 573,438
Uses/Outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]	\$ 11,942,567	[C-2]	543,807
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial accounting purposes.			-	
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$ 11,942,567	[B-2]	\$ 543,807

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III



UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
	2015	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		_	2021
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00494267%		0.005195020%		0.006095040%		0.006095040%		0.006250916%		0.006250916%		0.006615022%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 944,642	\$	944,642	\$	1,341,582	\$	1,495,783	\$	1,238,684	\$	1,126,320	\$	1,078,737
Charter School's covered payroll (plan measurement period)	\$ 922,433	\$	1,042,993	\$	377,100	\$	415,847	\$	462,025	\$	430,679	\$	479,186
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	102%		91%		356%		360% #	#	268%		262%		225%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	48.72%		52.08%		47.93%		45.37%		45.37%		45.37%		58.32%

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

						Fisc	al Year I	Ending June 30,						
		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Contractually required contribution	\$	37,242	\$	42,827	\$	52,844	\$	52,484	\$	52,484	\$	64,014	\$	62,188
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(37,242)		(42,827)		(52,844)		(52,484)		(52,484)	-	(64,014)		(62,188)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-		\$	-
Charter School's covered payroll (Fiscal Year)	\$	922,433	\$	1,042,993	\$	377,100	\$	415,847	\$	462,025	\$	430,679	\$	479,186
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		4.04%		4.11%		14.01%		12.62%		11.36%		14.86%		12.98%

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable of the Charter School	0.0229637%		0.0234783%		0.02718721%	0	0.02467427%		0.02627420%		0.02561381%		0.02561381%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	\$ 11,605,693	\$	12,548,369	\$	17,183,477	\$	19,410,352	\$	18,715,080	\$	17,281,211	\$	17,281,211
Charter School's covered payroll (plan measurement period)	2,757,193		2,898,099		3,010,989		3,141,802		2,686,812		3,216,363		2,965,531
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	420.92%		432.99%		570.69%		617.81%		696.55%		537.29%		582.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	33.64%		28.71%		22.33%		22.33%		36.03%		26.95%		24.48%

SCHEDULE M – SCHEDUI POSTEMPLOY	 COUNTING AND REPORT THER THAN PENSIONS	TING FOR

University Academy Charter High School Required Supplementary Information Schedules Schedule of Changes in the Charter School's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Five Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Mes	asurem	Measurement Date Ending					
	Jun	June 30, 2018	Jur	June 30, 2019	ηſ	June 30, 2020	June	une 30, 2021	ηſ	June 30, 2022	
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period	છ	6,929,819	s	6,579,724	ક	5,311,000	s	5,844,666	ક	8,964,588	
Service cost		632,510		526,694		458,594		543,716		873,060	
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		213,449		251,977		219,947		220,968		192,302	
Effect on Changes of Benefit Terms				•						(7,890)	
Difference between expected and actual experience				(1,300,825)		(57,923)		869,052		(2,469,769)	
Effect of Changes of Assumptions		(1,049,266)		(609,464)		87,144		1,637,522		7,314	
Contributions - Employee		5,612		4,908		5,318		4,730		4,916	
Gross Benefits Paid by the State		(152,400)		(142,014)		(179,414)		(156,066)		(151,480)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(350,095)		(1,268,724)		533,666		3,119,922		(1,551,547)	
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period		6,929,819		6,579,724		5,311,000		5,844,666		8,964,588	
Total OPEB Liability at End of Measurement Period		6,579,724		5,311,000		5,844,666		8,964,588		7,413,041	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

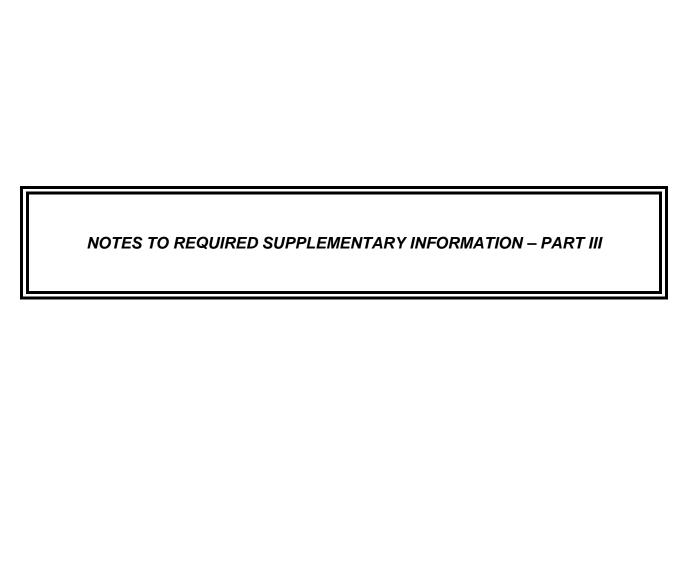
Changes in benefit terms: The \$63,870,842 decrease in liability from June 20,2020 to June 30, 2021 is due to employers adopting Chapter 44 provisions.

Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences: The \$11,385,071,658 decrease in the liability from June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021 is due to changes (591,982,074) (10,793,089,584) (11,385,071,658) s Premium and Claims Experience Update in census information Total in the census claims

Changes in Assumptions:

The \$59,202,105 increase in the liability from June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021 is due to the combined effect of the following:

\$ 141,651,103	270,835,004	536,297,378	(889,581,380)	\$ 59,202,105
Trend Update	Mortality Projection Scale Update	Discount Rate Change	Salary Scale	Total Changes in Assumption



UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate remained at 7.00% as of June 30, 2020 and as of June 30, 2021 in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.60% as of June 30, 2020 to 7.00% as of June 30, 2021 in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SECTION E – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS
The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific sources (other than expandable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
Special Revenue Fund
Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expeditures - Budgetary Basis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	NCLB	NCLB	LDE.A. Part R	CRRSA	SDA Emergent Needs and Capital Maintainence	Student Activity / Athletics	CRRSA Mental Health Grant	CRRSA Learning Acceleration Grant	A A S R P S R P	ARP DEA	Safety	Grand
REVENUE SOURCES: Local State Federal	\$ - 214,249	· ω	114,232	\$ - 53,454	\$ - 41,495	\$ 49,494	\$ - \$	4,728	\$ - \$	25,587	\$ 6,040	\$ 55,534 41,495 476,409
Total Revenues	214,249		114,232	53,454	41,495	49,494	40,499	4,728	23,660	25,587	6,040	573,438
EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Salanies Purchased Proffecth Services General Supplies	10,000 49,280 40,000			53,454					23,660			10,000 72,940 93,454
Total Instruction	99,280			53,454	41,495				23,660			217,889
Support Services: Salaries Solaries Personal Services - Employee Benefits Other Purchased Prof/Tech Services Supplies and Materials	54,969		70,000 31,500 12,732				28,928 11,571 -	4,728		25,587	- - - 6,040	153,897 43,071 103,047 6,040
Total Support Services	114,969		114,232			19,863	40,499	4,728		25,587	6,040	325,918
Total Expenditures	214,249		114,232	53,454	41,495	19,863	40,499	4,728	23,660	25,587	6,040	543,807
Total Outflows	214,249		114,232	53,454	41,495	19,863	40,499	4,728	23,660	25,587	6,040	543,807
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	٠ ده	ss	9	9	· •	\$ 29,631	. ·		9 .			\$ 29,631

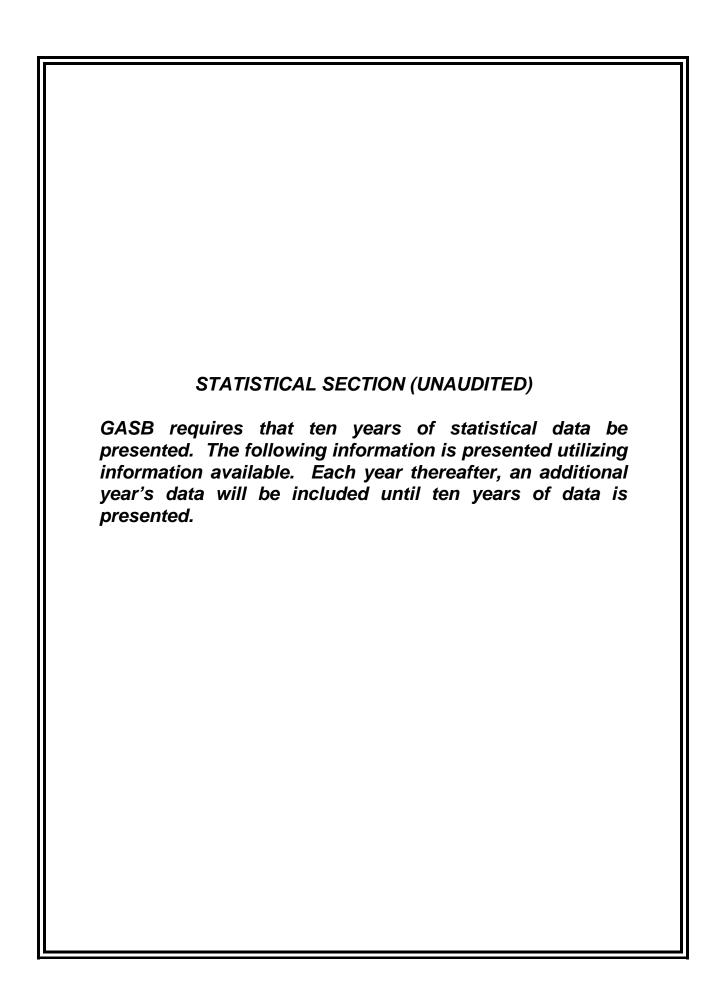
SECTION G – PROPRIETARY FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the charter school's board is that the costs of providing goods or services be financed through user charges.

Food Services Fund – This fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools within the Charter School.

THIS SECTION HAS ALREADY BEEN INCLUDED IN STATEMENTS B-4, B-5, AND B-6.

SECTION H – FIDUCIARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENTS (NOT APPLICABLE)



University Academy Charter High School Statistical Section

J series

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the charter school's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (Not Applicable)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Charter School's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity (Not Applicable)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Charter School's current levels of outstanding debt and the charter school's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Charter School's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Charter School's financial report relates to the services the Charter School provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive financial reports (ACFR) for the relevant year.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Net Assets/Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

										Fis	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ding	lune 30,								
		2022			2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets	49	3,237,869	869	↔	212,387	8	220,904	€9	245,575	s	270,246	↔	311,576	↔	352,886	↔	395,131	↔	345,123	↔	345,123
Restricted		117,	117,393		75,079		75,000				75,000		75,000	,	75,000		75,000		- 1		1 1
Unrestricted Total Governmental Activities Net Assets/Position	↔	312, 3,667,	312,124 ,667,386	\$	312,124 816,767 3,667,386 \$ 1,104,233	S	(162,212) 133,692	s	(2,186) 243,389	S	367,965 713,211	s	796,989 1,183,565	s	1,604,508	s	1,790,865	\$	2,790,856	\$	2,453,915 2,453,915
Business-Type Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets/																					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	41,	41,279	s	41,279	↔		↔	55,039	s	115,127	\$	115,127	↔	115,127	↔	115,127	€9	119,505	s	119,505
Unrestricted		(3,	(3,814)		(5,111)		26,205		(9,552)		(28,998)		(45,460)		(27,712)		(6,775)		(4,378)		31,734
Total Business-Type Activities Net Assets/Position	မာ	37,	37,465	S	36,168	s	26,205	s	45,487	S	56,129	s	69,667	S	87,415	S	108,352	S	115,127	S	151,239
Charter School-wide																					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	↔	3,279,148	148	s	253,666	s	220,904	8	300,614	↔	385,373	↔	426,703	s	468,013	s	510,258	s	464,628	↔	464,628
Restricted		117,	117,393		75,079		75,000				75,000		75,000		75,000		75,000		,		
Unrestricted		308,	308,310		811,656		(136,007)		(11,738)		308,967		751,529		1,148,910		1,313,959	. 4	2,441,355		2,140,526
Total Charter School-wide Net Assets/Position	ક્ક	3,704,851	,851	8	1,140,401	s	159,897	s	288,876	\$	769,340	\$	1,253,232	S	1,691,923	\$	1,899,217	\$	2,905,983	\$	2,605,154

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Changes in Net Assets/Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accruel basis of accounting)

						Fiscal	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	June 30,					
	2022	2	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2	2013
Expenses Governmental Activities:													
Instruction	\$ 4,655,689	€9	4,909,993 \$		\$ 4,635,085	\$ 4,58	4,581,033 \$	4,380,271 \$		\$ 4,363,774	\$ 3,916,849	↔	3,773,299
Administration	2,403,791		1,907,053	2,279,848	1,504,494	1,48	1,493,615	1,033,371	841,252	831,947	884,556	,	810,027
Support Services Interest on Long-Term Debt	723,246		5,736,233	1,20,612,2	2,346,344	7,4,	00,044	000,000,7	1,901,400	.,709,203	0,010,1	80 .	-,488,016
Unallocated Depreciation and Amortization	790,763		8,517	24,671	24,671	7	41,320	41,320	41,320	16,592	16,592		16,593
Total Governmental Activites Expenses	9,545,087		9,581,818	8,648,953	8,791,782	8,61	8,614,364	7,797,217	7,102,284	7,090,834	6,492,418		6,259,165
Business-Type Activities:													
Food Service	150,945		87,914	92,885	120,303	12	121,969	151,065	158,508	131,389			178,865
Total Business-Type Activites Expenses		ļ	87,914	92,885			121,969	151,065	158,508	131,389	ı	ļ	178,865
Total Charter School Expenses	\$ 9,696,032	ω	9,669,732 \$		\$ 8,912,085	\$ 8,73	36,333 \$	7,948,282 \$	_	\$ 7,222,223	S	s	3,438,030
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charges for Services	49,494	8	<i>↔</i>	,	·	€9	↔	φ.	٠	. ↔	₩	φ.	
Operating Grants and Contributions	315,320	0	295,887	305,604	308,537	28	285,254	270,222	309,453	304,504	310,003	03	275,974
Total Governmental Activites Expenses	364,814	4	295,887	305,604	308,537	28	285,254	270,222	309,453	304,504	310,003	03	275,974
Business-Type Activities:	97.7	u	ć	9	0000		7 000	6	99 97	700		2	707 00
Orialges for services Operating Grants and Contributions	150.777	o /	97.835	67.562	94.633	7	100.599	113.507	120.902	105.126	24,744 104.046	4 4	90.348
Total Business-Type Activites Expenses	152,242	2	97,877	73,603	103,871	101	108,431	133,317	137,571	124,614	128,790	06	129,075
Total Charter School Program Revenues	\$ 517,056	8	393,764 \$	379,207	\$ 412,408	38	393,685 \$	403,539 \$	447,024	\$ 429,118	\$ 438,793	93 \$	405,049
		:	:	i			:	:				:	
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ (9,180,273) 1,297	€9	(9,285,931) \$ 9,963	(8,343,349) (19,282)	\$ (8,483,245) (16,432)	↔	(8,329,110) \$ (13,538)	(7,526,995) \$ (17,748)	(6,792,831)	\$ (6,786,330)	\$ (6,182,415) (36,112)	€	(5,983,191) (49,790)
Total Charter School-wide Net Expense	\$ (9,178,976	\$	(9,275,968)	(8,362,631)	\$ (8,499,677)	\$ (8,3	(8,342,648) \$	(7,544,743) \$	(6,8	\$ (6,793,105)	\$ (6,218,527	\$	(6,032,981)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets/Position Governmental Activities: General Purposes Federal and State Aid Not Restricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income	\$ 2,537,007 9,180,110 20,927	₩	3,174,617 \$ 7,049,272 7,870	2,000,980 6,211,682 9,329	\$ 1,541,315 6,388,486 17,744	€	1,440,903 \$ 6,514,714 15,500 7,270	1,371,124 \$ 5,565,238 6,092	1,484,744 5,182,707 4,261	\$ 1,453,600 5,066,696 3,547 220,709	\$ 1,468,750 5,018,191 3,165 29,250	€	1,404,021 4,906,065 3,403 7,694
Total Governmental Activities	11,744,847	 ,	10,243,710	8,233,652	7,963,423		7,978,387	7,206,199	6,682,977	6,744,552	6,519,356		6,321,183
Business-Type Activities: Miscellaneous Income	ιo.	54		,						•	•		
Total Business-Type Activities	54	4					 -						
Total Charter School-wide	\$ 11,744,901	ક્ક	10,243,710 \$	8,233,652	\$ 7,963,423	\$ 7,97	7,978,387 \$	7,206,199 \$	6,682,977	\$ 6,744,552	\$ 6,519,356	s	6,321,183
Change in Net Assets/Position Governmental Activities	\$ 2,564,574		\$ 62,779		\$ (519,822)	\$ (36	(350,723) \$	(320,796) \$	(109,854)	\$ (41,778)	€9	41 \$	337,992
Business-Type Activities		i										_	(49,790)
Total Charter School	\$ 2,565,871	1	967,742 \$	(128,979)	\$ (536,254)	\$	(364,261) \$	(338,544) \$	(130,791)	\$ (48,553)	\$ 300,829	29 \$	288,202

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

								FIS	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ding J	une 30,								
	2022	2021		202	C	2	2019		2018		2017		2016	. •	2015		2014	,,	2013
General Fund																			
Assigned	ج	\$	٠	,-	1	\$		↔	50,000	s		s		s		↔		⇔	
Restricted		75	75,079	7	75,000				75,000		75,000		75,000		75,000				
Unassigned	4,698,877	2,111,573	,573	1,15	2,334	1,	,264,999	1	1,572,459	`-	1,931,862	- 4	2,211,338	. 7	2,279,872	. 7	2,395,725	2	2,108,792
Total General Fund	\$ 4,698,877 \$,652 \$	1,22	7,334	\$ 1,	1,264,999	\$	1,697,459	\$	2,006,862	\$	2,286,338	\$	2,354,872	\$	2,395,725	\$	2,108,792

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	2022	2021	2020		2019	.,	2018	2017	2016	2015	20	2014	2	2013
Revenues:														
Local Sources:														
Local Tax Levy	\$ 4,745,346	\$ 3,174,617	\$ 2,000,980	\$ 086	1,541,315	8	,440,903	1,371,124	\$ 1,484,744	\$ 1,453,600	\$,468,750	\$	1,404,021
Interest In Investments	6,803	7,870	0)	9,329	17,744		15,500	6,092	4,261	3,547		3,165		3,403
Miscellaneous	64,381	11,951	15	15,544	17,932		7,270	26,699	11,265	220,709		29,250		7,694
State Sources	5,108,806	5,837,379	5,671,425	,425	5,799,783	Ω	5,673,745	5,496,185	5,155,470	5,034,015	4,9	4,992,065	4	4,926,919
Federal Sources	1,280,609	679,784	352	352,903	383,821		361,186	337,275	336,690	337,185		336,129		255,120
Total Revenues	11,211,985	9,711,601	8,050,181	,181	7,760,595	7	,498,604	7,237,375	6,992,430	7,049,056	9,9	6,829,359	6,	6,597,157
Expenditures:														
Instruction	3,162,567	3,449,625	3,402,829	,829	3,193,170	n	3,392,180	3,346,605	3,248,242	3,214,611	3,(3,030,450	,2	2,996,498
Administration	3,443,325	2,986,912	2,681,791	,791	2,816,387	N	2,264,353	2,094,516	1,977,581	2,180,402	2,	,881,792	Ψ,	,699,920
Support Services	2,064,237	2,315,746	2,003,226	,226	2,102,310	N	2,083,122	1,971,833	1,773,456	1,565,263	7,	,491,383	۲,	,385,924
Capital Outlay	3,816,245	•			81,188		68,352	103,897	61,685	129,633	`	138,801		160,230
Total Expenditures	12,486,374	8,752,283	8,087,846	,846	8,193,055	7	7,808,007	7,516,851	7,060,964	7,089,909	6,6	6,542,426	6,	6,242,572
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,274,389)	\$ 959,318	\$ (37	(37,665) \$	(432,460)	s	(309,403)	(279,476)	\$ (68,534)	\$ (40,853)	€	286,933	↔	354,585

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

General Fund - Other Local Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Do	nations		scellaneous Revenue		Annual Total
2022	\$	_	\$	819,087	\$	819,087
2021	•	-	•	11,951	•	11,951
2020		-		11,661		11,661
2019		-		-		-
2018		-		7,270		7,270
2017		-		24,699		24,699
2016		4,094		7,171		11,265
2015		2,827		217,882		220,709
2014		-		29,250		29,250
2013		-		7,694		7,694

Source: Charter School records

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population ^a	Personal Income ^b	Per Capita Personal Income ^c	Unemployment Rate ^d
2022	N1/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A
2022	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2021	248,928	N/A	N/A	9.7%
2020	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2019	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	247,597	N/A	\$30,490	11.6%
2017	241,800	\$37,862	N/A	11.5%
2016	241,700	\$50,843	N/A	9.30%
2015	242,389	\$48,543	N/A	5.80%
2014	241,791	N/A	N/A	4.60%
2013	N/A	\$45,223	N/A	5.20%

Source:

^a Population information provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

^b Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented

^c Per capita personal income by municipality estimated based upon the 2000 Census published by the US Bureau of Economic Analysis.

^d Unemployment data provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

Principal Employers Last Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022			2013	
			Percentage of Total Municipal			Percentage of Total Municipal
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Jersey City Public Schools		1		5,414	1	4.59%
Goldman Sachs & Co., Inc.		2		3,000	2	2.54%
City of Jersey City		3		2,692	4	2.28%
Insurance Service Officer		4				
United States Postal Service		5				
Pershing LLC I Mellon Bank		6		2,121	5	1.80%
Healthcare Staffing and Consulting LLC	N/A	7	N/A			
Jersey City Medical Center Inc.		8				
New Jersey City University		9		1,663	6	1.41%
JP Morgan Chase Bank		10		1,576	7	1.34%
I.P.C. Systems Inc.		11				
Citigroup Inc.		12		1,500	10	1.27%
Christ Hospital Health Service		13		1,529	8	1.30%
Hudson County Executive Office				2,900	3	2.46%
Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc.				1,500	9	1.27%
	0		0.00%	23,895		20.26%

OPERATING INFORMATION

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

Full-Time Equivalent Charter School Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: Charter School Personnel Records

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Student Attendance	Percentage	96.04%	96.26%	95.85%	96.46%	96.24%	%68.36	96.37%	94.66%	95.20%	%00.0	
Percent	Change in Average Daily	Enrollment	0.23%	-1.38%	2.36%	-0.47%	2.65%	0.48%	0.24%	-1.20%	N/A	N/A	
Average	Daily Attendance	(ADA) °	412	424	412	416	409	410	400	398	390	397	
Average	Daily Enrollment	(ADE)	429	439	428	434	424	426	415	413	412	417	
<u>.e</u>	Senior High	School	10:1	10:1	10:1	11:1	10:1	11:1	11:1	11:1	11:1	11:1	
Pupil/Teacher Ratio	Middle	School	A/A	A/N									
Pupil		Elementary	N/A	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	√N ∀/N	A/N	√N ∀/N	A/N	
	Teaching	Staff b	37	42	42	43	42	43	42	41	41	39	
	Percentage	Change	-1.16%	6.74%	-2.59%	9.26%	-1.97%	5.40%	0.80%	9.48%	N/A	N/A	
	Cost Per	Pupil	\$ 19,660	19,892	18,636	19,132	17,511	17,863	16,947	16,812	15,356	•	
	Operating	Expenditures ^a	8,670,129	8,752,283	8,087,846	8,111,867	7,739,655	7,412,954	6,999,279	6,960,276	6,403,625	6,082,342	
		Enrollment	439 \$	441	440	434	424	442	415	413	414	417	
	Fiscal	Year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	

Sources: Charter School records

Note: Enrollment based on annual October Charter School count.

a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certified staff.

c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from School Register Summary (SRS).

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

JI	Charter School Buildings	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
4 ∠ ∅ ⊃	Professional Studies Building New Jersey City University 2039 Kennedy Blvd. Jersey City, NJ										
	Square Feet	√ Z	A/N	N/A	۷ Z	Ϋ́Z	₹ Z	₹ Z	Ϋ́Z	√N V	A/N
	Capacity (Student)	√ Z	A/N	A/N	۷/Z	۷ Z	₹ Z	∀'Z	۷ Z	۷/۷	A/N
	Enrollment	Y/N	N/A	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	N/A	N/A
0 8 7	Charter School Building 275 West Side Avenue Jersev City, NJ										
	Square Feet	29651	29,651	29,651	29,651	29,651	29,651	29,651	29,651	29,651	25,200
1	Capacity (Student)	450	450	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	350
24	Enrollment	439	429	415	418	420	420	420	405	393	416

Insurance Schedule June 30, 2022

	Coverage	Deductible
COMMERCIAL PACKAGE		
New Jersey School Board Association Insurance Group		
Property		
Blanket Personal Property Limit	\$1,525,000	\$1,000
Blanket Extra Expense	\$50,000,000	\$1,000
Blanket Valuable Papers & Record	\$10,000,000	\$1,000
Fire Department Service Charge	\$10,000	\$1,000
Pollutant Clean Up & Removal	\$250,000	\$1,000
Computer Coverage:	, ,	. ,
- EDP	\$250,000	\$1,000
- Transit	\$25,000	\$1,000
- Loss of Income	\$10,000	\$1,000
Flood:	, -,	* ,
- Zones A&V	\$10,000,000	\$1,000
- All Other Zones	\$50,000,000	\$1,000
Earthquake:	, , ,	* ,
- Fund Limit	\$50,000,000	\$1,000
Equipment Breakdown:	4-2,002,00	4 1,000
- Limit	\$100,000,000	\$1,000
Public Employee Dishonesty with Faithful Performance	\$100,000	, ,
Theft, Disappearance & Destruction - Loss of Money & Securities	\$10,000	
Forgery or Alteration	\$100,000	
Board Secretary/Business Administrator	\$100,000	
Board Treasurer	\$100,000	
Computer Fraud	\$100,000	
General Liability		
Per Occurrence	\$6,000,000	
Personal Injury & Advertising Injury	\$6,000,000	
Premises Medical Payments - Per Person	\$5,000	
Premises Medical Payments - Per Accident	\$10,000	
Employee Benefits Liability	\$6,000,000	
Abuse/Molestation		
Per Occurrence	\$6,000,000	
Annual Aggregate	\$6,000,000	
Pollution Liability		
- Per Occurrence	\$1,000,000	\$500
- Aggregate Per named Insured Sub-Limit	\$2,000,000	,
- Policy Aggregate	\$11,000,000	
Deductible per Incident	¥ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$25,000
Business Automobile		
Liability Limit incudes Hired and Non-Owned Auto	\$6,000,000	
Elability Elitat illoudos i lilou dilu ivoli Ovvillou Auto	ψο,οοο,οοο	

Source: Charter School's Records

Insurance Schedule June 30, 2022

	Coverage	Deductible
COMMERCIAL PACKAGE		
New Jersey School Board Association Insurance Group		
School Leaders Professional Liability		
Limit of Liability Coverage	\$6,000,000	
Aggregate	\$6,000,000	
Limit of Liability Coverage B - Each Claim	\$100,000	
Each Policy Period	\$300,000	
Deductible - Each Claim		\$5,000
Workers' Compensation		
Bodily Injury by Accident	\$2,000,000	
Bodily Injury by Disease - Each Employee	\$2,000,000	
Bodily Injury by Disease Aggregate Limit	\$2,000,000	

Source: Charter School's Records

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
New Jesery Performance Framework Financial Ratios
Audited Performance Indicators
Last Three Fiscal Years

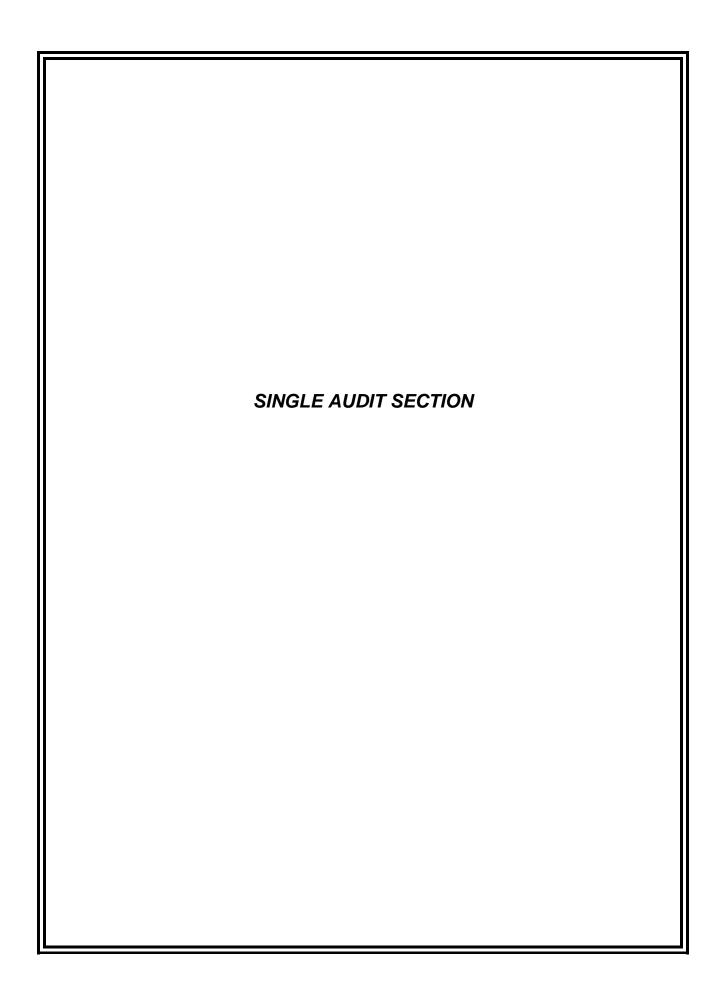
		2020	2021	2022			
		Audit	Audit	Audit	Source		
	Cash	2,768,415	3,484,889	5,568,314	Audit: Exhibit A-1		
	Current Assets (include cash)	3,322,480	4,045,319	5,838,376	Audit: Exhibit A-1		
	Current Liabilities	2,117,100	1,851,016	1,094,040	Audit: Exhibit A-1		
	Total Expenses	8,741,838	9,669,732	9,696,032	Audit: Exhibit A-2		
	Change in Net Position	(128,979)	967,742	2,565,871	Audit: Exhibit A-2		
	Final Average Daily Enrollment (exclude PK)*	433.00	428.00	429.00	DOE Final Enrollment Report		
	March 30 Budgeted Enrollment (exclude PK)	415	412	439	March 30 Charter School Budget		
	Complete section only if auditee has mortgage/note/bond payable:						
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	24,671	8,517	790,763	Auditor/Workpapers		
	Interest Expense	•		221,853	Auditor/Workpapers		
	Principal Payments	•	•	•	Auditor/Workpapers		
	Interest Payments	•	•	221,853	Auditor/Workpapers		
	Performance Indicators	2020	2021	2032	3 YR CUM	Calculation****	Target****
		2707		7707			28.5
	Near Term Indicators						
		1.57	2.19	5.34		Current Assets/Current Liabilities	> 1.1 or between 1.0-1.1 with positive
1a.	Current Ratio (working capital ratio)						trend
ą.	Unrestricted days cash on hand	116	132	210		Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	60 days or 30-60 days with positive trend
		104%	104%	%86	102%	Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	>95% or >95% for
1c.	Enrollment Variance						3 yr cum
		O _N	O _N	O _N		Auditor	
1d.**	Default on loans or delinquent in debt payments				\		not in default
	Sustainability Indicators	•					
2a***	3 Year Cumulative Cash Flow	1,017,357	716,474	2,083,425	3,817,256	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positive with most recent year postive
ć	Dacht Comins Oninger Datis	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A or (Change in Net Position + depreciation + interest expense) / (principal + interest payments)	7
ZD.	Debt Service Coverage hatto						VI.10

For renaissance schools: use Oct 15 count if no final count; use head count if ADE not available Is school in default of loan covenant(s) and/or is deliquent with debt service payments? Yes or No 2022 =2022 Cash -2021 Cash; 2021 =2021 Cash -2020 Cash; 2020 =2020 Cash -2019 Cash Reter to NJ Petrormance Framework

Weets Standard

Does Not Neets Standard

Falls Far Below Standard . : : !



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees University Academy Charter High School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund information of University Academy Charter High School (Charter School), in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2023, which contains an emphasis of matter paragraph describing the adoption of a new accounting principle, consistency of financial statements, and prior period adjustment.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey and federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LIC Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey February 14, 2023

BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEW JERSEY CIRCULAR 15-08 OMB

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees University Academy Charter High School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major Program

We have audited the University Academy Charter High School's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the the <u>New Jersey Circular 15-08- OMB State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The University Academy Charter High School's major state programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results Section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the University Academy Charter High School, in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state [and Federal] programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of University Academy Charter High School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program.

Our audit does not provide a legal determination of University Academy Charter High School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to University Academy Charter High School's State programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on University Academy Charter High School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about University Academy Charter High School's compliance with the requirements of each major State [and Federal] program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding University Academy Charter High School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of University Academy Charter High School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of University Academy Charter High School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified. Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of New Jersey Circular OBM 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC
Certified Public Accountants
Public School Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey February 14, 2023

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

						2										
	Federal	Additional	Fodoral	atato ro toato	Drontom or			Carrowari			96		Paraviment	Bab	Release at Line 30, 2022	
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Listing	Award	FAIN	Project Number	Award	Grant Period From To	Balance at June 30, 2021	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Through To Subrecipients	Adjustments	Of Prior Years' Balances	Accounts Receivable	Unearned	Due to Grantor
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through State Department of Education Special Revenue Fund. Special Revenue Fund.																
NO Child Left Behind: Title I Part A Title I Part A Carryover	84.010A 84.010A	K K	S0010A220030 S010A180030	NCLB - 8060 - 22 \$	268,326	9/1/21 8/31/22	s	· ·	136,226	\$ (214,249)		,	, so	\$ (78,023)		
Total No Child Left Behind							(266,221)		402,447	(214,249)		٠		(78,023)		
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): I.D.E.A. Part B Basic	84.027	84.027A	H027A220031	IDEA - 8060 - 22	114.232	9/1/21 8/31/22	8		11.015	(114.232)				(103.217)		
I.D.E.A. Part B Basic Carryover	84.027	84.027A	H027 A2 1003 1	IDEA - 8060 - 21	109,634		(109,634)		109,634	(1)						
AKP - I.D.E.A. Part B Basic Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027	84.027.X		IDEA - 8060 - 22	/90'07	22/08/8 12/1//	(109,634)		143,899	(139,819)				(105,554)		
Other Special Revenue Funds: Race to the Top Phase 3	84.413A			N/A			22									
Race to the Top Phase 3 Carryover COVID 19: Digital Divide	84.413A 84.425	COVID-19, 84.425D	S425D210027	N/A N/A		9/1/20 8/31/21 9/1/21 10/31/21										
COVID 19: CARES Emergency Relief	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425D	S425D210027	K K/Z	121,235	343/20 9/30/2	(121,235)		121,235	(53.454)						
CRRSA Learning Acceleration Grant	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425D	S425D210027	Y.	13,873		188		4,728	(4,728)				1000000		
ARP ESSER	84.425	COVID-19, 84:425U	S425D210027	Z Z	1,601,884	3/13/20 9/30/24	24 53		062'02	(23,660)				(23,660)		
Total Other Special Revenue Funds							(121,235)		199,667	(122,341)				(43,909)		
Total Special Revenue Fund							(497,090)		746,013	(476,409)				(227,486)		
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Funct																
Child Nutrition Cluster: COVID-19:School Breakfast Program	10.553	COVID-19	221NJ304N1099	N/A	37,429	7/1/21 6/30/22			34,199	(37,429)				(3,230)		
COVID-19:School Breakfast Program COVID-19: National School Lunch Program	10.553	COVID-19	211NJ304N1099 221NJ304N1099	¥ ×	16,966	7/1/20 6/30/21	(7,157)		7,157	(97.595)				(7.140)		
COVID-19: National School Lunch Program	10.555	COVID-19	211NJ304N1099	A'N	74,918		(11,705)		11,705							
Coving and a country of the Child Nutrition Cluster Supply Chain Assistance (SCA)	10.555			K K	13,462		(18,862)		143,516	(135,024) (13,462)				(10,370)		
Total Enterprise Fund							(18,862)		143,516	(148,486)				(23,832)		

Total Federal Financial Awards

(251,318) \$

\$ 889,529 \$ (624,895) \$

(515,952) \$

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Balance at June 30, 2021	30, 2021					Bala	Balance at June 30, 2022	Ω,	ME	МЕМО
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Program or Award Amount	Gran	Grant Period rom To	Unearned Revenue (Accounts Receivable)	Due to Grantor	Carryover/ (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments/ Repayment of Prior Year's Balance	(Accounts Receivable)	Unearned Revenue/ Interfund Payable	Due to Grantor	Budgetary Receivable	Cumulative Total Expenditures
State Department of Education General Fund: Serie Ast - Dulvis															
Equalization Aid	22-495-034-5120-078	3,278,748	7/1/21	6/30/22				3,427,604	(3,278,748)				148,856		3,278,748
Equalization Aid	21-495-034-5120-078	4,134,118	7/1/20	6/30/21		101,828							•		101,828
Special Education Categorical Aid	22-495-034-5120-089	315,320	7/1/21	6/30/22				315,320	(315,320)						315,320
Adjustment Aid	22-495-034-5120-085	2,00	7/1/21	6/30/22				2100	(102,001)						2,00
Total State Aid - Public		7,914,477				101,828	•	3,929,215	(3,780,359)	•		•	148,856		3,882,187
On-Behalf															
TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions	22-495-034-5094-001	205,165	7/1/21	6/30/22				205,165	(205, 165)						205,165
TPAF Pension Contributions	22-495-034-5094-002	878,124	7/1/21	6/30/22				878,124	(878, 124)						878,124
Non-Contributory Insurance Contributions	22-495-034-5094-004	395	7/1/21	6/30/22				395	(395)		(10 500)				395
Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security Contributions	21-495-034-5094-003	226,083	7/1/20	6/30/21	(43,631)			43,631	(203,200)		(000,01)		,		203,200
Total General Fund					(43,631)	101,828	,	5,241,218	(5,067,311)		(18,580)		148,856		5,169,139
Special Revenue Fund: SDA Emergent Needs and Capital Maintenance	₹Ž	41,495	7/1/21	6/30/22				41,495	(41,495)						41,495
Total Special Revenue Fund				ı				41,495	(41,495)						41,495
State Department of Agriculture													, , ,		
National School Lunch Program (State Share) National School Lunch Program (State Share)	22-100-010-3350-023 21-100-010-3350-023	2,291	7/1/21	6/30/22 6/30/21				2,127	(2,291)		(164)				2,291
Total Enterprise Fund				1				2,127	(2,291)		(164)				2,291
Total All Funds				"	\$ (43,631) \$	101,828 \$		\$ 5,284,840	\$ (5,111,097)		\$ (18,744)		\$ 148,856		\$ 5,212,925
State Financial Assistance Not Subject to Major Program Determination: General Funds: TPAF Pearsion Contributions	22-495-034-5094-002	878,124	7/1/21	6/30/22					878,124						878,124
TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions Non-Contributory Insurance Contributions	22-495-034-5094-001 22-495-034-5094-004	205,165 395	7/1/21	6/30/22					205, 165 395						205,165 395

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements and Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

Total State Financial Assistance Subject to Single Audit

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures Of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2022

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state award activity of the Board of Trustees, University Academy Charter High School. The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the board's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of awards and financial assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Note 1 to the board's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 CFR 200 – Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid". Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is none for the general fund and none for the special revenue fund. See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the board's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented below:

		Federal	 State	l otal
General Fund	\$	804,200	\$ 5,067,311	\$ 5,871,511
Special Revenue Fund		476,409	41,495	517,904
Food Service Fund		148,486	 2,291	 150,777
Total Awards & Financial Assistance	\$ '	1,429,095	\$ 5,111,097	\$ 6,540,192

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures Of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2022

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5. FEDERAL AND STATE LOANS OUTSTANDING

University Academy Charter High School has no loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 6. OTHER INFORMATION

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program represent current year value received and current year distributions respectively. The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the Charter School for the year ended June 30, 2022. TPAF Social Security Contributions represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 7. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension, Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and Long-Term Disability payments are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 8. SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAM FUNDS

Schoolwide programs are not separate federal programs as defined in Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards; amounts used in schoolwide programs are included in the total expenditures of the program contributing the funds in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The Charter School does not have a schoolwide program.

NOTE 9. MAJOR PROGRAMS

Major programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures Of Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2022

NOTE 10. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The School has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued		<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:		
1) Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
2) Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	None X Reported
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
Federal Awards		
NOT APPLICABLE		
State Awards		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	X No
Internal control over major programs:		
1) Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
2) Significant deficiencies that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	None X Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major program	ms	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with NJ Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, as applicable	e? Yes	X No
Identification of major state programs:		
GMIS Number(s)	Name of State Program	
	STATE AID-PUBLIC:	
22-495-034-5120-078	EQUALIZATION AID	
22-495-034-5120-089	SPECIAL EDUCATION CATEG	ORICAL AID
22-495-034-5120-084	SECURITY AID	
22-495-034-5120-085	ADJUSTMENT AID	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II -Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

The section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements related to financial statements for which *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements prescribed by the Office of the School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey

No Current Year Findings

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section III – Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, material matters of noncompliance, including questioned costs, and significant instances of abuses related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by U.S Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

CURRENT YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS

No Current Year Findings

CURRENT YEAR STATE AWARDS

No Current Year Findings

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Prepared by Management

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with of *Government Auditing Standards*, US OMB *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (511 (a)(b)) and New Jersey OMB's 15-08, as applicable.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

<u>Item #2020-001 and #2021-001 – Board Secretary Reports are Not Prepared for Each Board Meeting</u>

Status- A correction plan was applied and the finding was properly addressed.