# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT 

of the

Weehawken Township School District<br>Weehawken, New Jersey

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Prepared by

Weehawken Township School District

## WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> TABLE OF CONTENTS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Exhibit No.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal.................................................................................................. 1-3
Organizational Chart
.4
Roster of Officials ..... 5
Consultants, Independent Auditors and Advisors ..... 6FINANCIAL SECTION
Independent Auditor's Report ..... 7-9
Required Supplementary Information - Part I
Management's Discussion and Analysis ..... 10-17
Basic Financial Statements
A Government-Wide Financial Statements:
A-1 Statement of Net Position ..... 18
A-2 Statement of Activities ..... 19
B Fund Financial Statements:
Governmental Funds:
B-1 Balance Sheet/Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position ..... 20-21
B-2 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance ..... 22
B-3

$\qquad$
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances ofGovernmental Funds to the Statement of Activities23
Proprietary Fund:
B-4 Statement of Net Position ..... 24
B-5 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position ..... 25
B-6 Statement of Cash Flows ..... 26
Notes To Basic Financial Statements ..... 27-61

## WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> TABLE OF CONTENTS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| Exhibit |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued) |  |  |
| Required Supplementary Information - Part II |  |  |
| C | Budgetary Comparison Schedules: |  |
| C-1 | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . .$. Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund. | 62-66 |
| C-1a | $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. Combining Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund | n/a |
| C-1b | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. Education Jobs Program - Budget and Actual | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| C-2 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .$. Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund.. | 67 |
| Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Part II |  |  |
| C-3 | $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . .$. Budget to GAAP Reconciliation. | 68 |
| Required Supplementary Information - Part III |  |  |
| L-1 | Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - PERS. | $69$ |
| L-2 | $\ldots . . . . .$. Schedule of District Contributions - PERS. | 70 |
| L-3 | $\ldots . . . . .$. . Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension <br> Liability - TPAF. | $.71$ |
| L-4 | $\ldots \ldots . .$. . Schedule of changes in the State Proportionate Share of OPEB Liability Attributable to the District and Related Ratios. | 72 |
|  | Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Part III. | 73 |
|  | Other Supplementary Information |  |
| D | School Based Budget Schedules: |  |
| D-1 | Combining Balance Sheet | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| D-2 | Blended Resource - Schedule of Expenditures Allocated by Resource Type - Actual | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| D-3 | Blended Resource - Schedule of Blended Expenditures Budget and Actual | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| E | Special Revenue Fund: |  |
| E-1 | $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . .$. Combining Schedules of Program Revenues and Expenditures <br> - Budgetary Basis. | 74-77 |
| E-2 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. Schedule of Preschool Education Aid Expenditures - Preschool All Programs - Budgetary Basis. |  |

## WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> TABLE OF CONTENTS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



## WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> TABLE OF CONTENTS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Exhibit
No.
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited) (Continued)
Debt Capacity:
J-10
$\ldots \ldots \ldots . .$. Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
98

J-12
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
100

Legal Debt Margin Information
101
Demographic and Economic Information:
J-14
$\ldots \ldots . . . . .$. Demographic and Economic Statistics.
102

Operating Information:
J-16 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program...................................... 104
J-17 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . .$. Operating Statistics.............................................................................................. 105
J-18 ................ School Building Information
School Building Information.................................................................................. 106
J-19 ................Schedule of Required Maintenance Expenditures by School Facility.............................. 107
J-20 ................Insurance Schedule.............................................................................................................. 108
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

K-1 $\qquad$ .Indepenent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards 109-110

K-2
.................
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major
Federal and State Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Unfiorm Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 111-113

K-3 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Schedule A........................................... 114
K-4 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. ........ Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, Schedule B 115

Notes to the Schedules of Awards and Financial Assistance 116-117

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results118-119

Section II - Financial Statement Findings............................................................... 120
Section III - Federal Awards and State Financial Assisitance
Findigs and Questioned Costs.121

K-7
.Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings122

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

# WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT 

53 Liberty Place Weehawken, NJ 07086
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Mr. Eric Crespo<br>Superintendent of Schools

Mr. Matthew Whitford<br>Board Secretary/Business Administrator

February 28, 2024
Honorable President and
Members of the Board of Education
Weehawken Township School District
Weehawken, New Jersey

## Dear Board Members:

The annual comprehensive financial report of the Weehawken Township School District (the "District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Weehawken Township School District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The annual comprehensive financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and Single Audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the District organizational chart, a list of principal officials, consultants, auditors and advisors. We have included in the transmittal letter a financial ratio and statistical overview of the entity based on entity-wide financial reporting. The financial section includes under Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 34, the Report of Independent Auditor's, the Management Discussion and Analysis as presented on pages 10 through 17, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and the combining and individual fund financial statements. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:23-1, the District is required to undergo an annual audit of accounts and financial transactions by a public school accountant. The annual audit presented in the annual comprehensive financial report is in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:23-1. The District is also required to undergo an annual Single Audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. Information related to this Single Audit, including the auditor's report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations are included in the Single Audit section of this report.
1.) REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: Weehawken Township School District is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and 61. All funds and account groups of the District are included in this report. The District and all its schools constitute the District reporting entity.

The District provides a full range of educational services appropriate to grade levels K through 12 . These include regular and special education services for handicapped youngsters. The District completed the 2022-2023 fiscal year with an average daily enrollment of 1,204 students. The following details the changes in the student enrollment of the District over the last five years:

Average Daily Enrollment

| Fiscal Year | Student <br> Enrollment |  | Percent <br> Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2022-2023$ |  | 1,204 |  |
| $2021-2022$ | 1,296 |  | $-7.10 \%$ |
| $2020-2021$ | 1,280 |  | $1.25 \%$ |
| $2019-2020$ | 1,363 |  | $-6.09 \%$ |
| $2018-2019$ | 1,404 |  | $-2.92 \%$ |
|  |  |  | $4.46 \%$ |

2.) ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK: The Township of Weehawken area is experiencing a period of economic instability. However, with its proximity to employment centers in New York City and northern New Jersey contributing towards maintaining a stable future outlook.
3.) MAJOR INITIATIVES: This year, our theme is "Back to Basics" which means we are taking our time to get the little things right. We are focusing on professional development and wellness for staff and students. Our professional learning will include self-paced and virtual opportunities for staff. Additionally, our mental health initiative is vast and comprehensive and includes the following:

- Gaggle ReachOut 24/7 helpline- Students will have access to a 24-hour, 7-day-per-week hotline in the event they find themselves in a crisis.
- Teletherapy through Hazel for students- A mental health company, Hazel, will provide short and long-term teletherapy sessions for students who qualify or who are referred.
- Teletherapy through Gaggle for staff- A mental health company, Gaggle, will provide confidential short- and long- term sessions for staff members.
- Universal Social Emotional Screener- A universal screener will be used in our transitional grades to identify social and emotional competence skills.
4.) INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS: Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the District also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs.

As part of the District's Single Audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.
5.) BUDGETARY CONTROLS: In addition to internal controls, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the voters of Township of Weehawken. The budgets are submitted to the County Office of the Commissioner of Education for approval. Budgets, except for the special revenue fund which is prepared using a nonbudgetary basis, are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item units are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6A:23. The District must approve all budget amendments.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as re-appropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be re-appropriated are reported as committed fund balance at June 30, 2023.
6.) DEBT ADMINISTRATION: At June 30, 2023, the District's outstanding debt issues included $\$ 17,445,000$ of general obligation bonds.
7.) CASH MANAGEMENT: The investment policy of the District is guided in large part by New Jersey State Statute as detailed in "notes to the Financial Statements", Note 2. The District has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
8.) RISK MANAGEMENT: The District carries various forms of insurance, including, but not limited to, general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, and fidelity bonds.
9.) OTHER INFORMATION: Independent Audit- State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Donohue, Gironda, Doria \& Tomkins, LLC was selected by the District to perform the audit. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the related Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular $15-08$. The auditor's report on the financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the Single Audit are included in the Single Audit section of this report.
10.) ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Weehawken Board of Education for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the school district and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. Also, we would like to acknowledge the school administrative team and central office administrators for performing their duties in a fiscally sound and conservative manner. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial and accounting staff.

Respectfully submitted,

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART


WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
ROSTER OF OFFICIALS
JUNE 30, 2023

## Members of the Board of Education

John Cannata, President
Jennifer Bolcar, Vice President
Giovanni Ahmad
Meg Carson
Ildefonso Acosta
Marissa Dennis
Julian Brian Mera
Linda Vivin Cabrera
Richard Pinal

Other Officials
Eric Crespo
Matthew Whitford

Lisa Toscano

## Term Expires

April 2026
April 2024
April 2024
April 2024
April 2025
April 2025
April 2025
April 2026
April 2026

Superintendent of Schools
School Business Administrator/ Board Secretary

Treasurer of School Monies

## Independent Auditors

Donohue, Gironda, Doria \& Tomkins, LLC
1 Harmon Meadow Blvd, Suite 3002
Secaucus, New Jersey 07094

## Legal Counsel

Ryglicki \& Gillman, P.C.
9060 Palisade Avenue, Suite C6
North Bergen, New Jersey 07047

## Official Depository

New Jersey Cash Management Fund
State Street Bank and Trust PO Box 75205
Chicago, Illinois 60675

TD Bank
4200 Park Avenue Weehawken, New Jersey 07086

FINANCIAL SECTION

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 

The Honorable President and
Members of the Board of Education
Weehawken Township School District
Weehawken, New Jersey

## Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund of the Weehawken Township School District (the "District"), in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and other post-employment benefits information on pages 10 through 17 , pages 62 through 68, and pages 69 through 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information such as the combining and individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards; and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, respectively, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the combining and individual fund financial statements, long-term debt schedules, and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

# Dondure, Gride, Thin + Tonkin LLC 

DONOHUE, GIRONDA, DORIA \& TOMKINS, LDC Certified Public Accountants


MAURICIO CANTO
Certified Public Accountant
Licensed Public School Accountant No. 2541

Secaucus, New Jersey
February 28, 2024

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## PART I

## WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The discussion and analysis of the Weehawken Township School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the Weehawken Township School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Weehawken Township School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Weehawken Township School District's financial performance.

## Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 are as follows, respectively:

- In total, net positions are $\$ 3,517,782$ and $\$ 2,435,710$. Net positions of governmental activities are $\$ 3,183,898$ and $\$ 2,180,850$. Net positions of the business-type activity, which represents food service and the extended care latchkey program, are $\$ 333,884$ and $\$ 254,860$. This reflects an increase in net positions in the amount of $\$ 1,082,072$ and \$2,329,752.
- Total general revenues accounted for $\$ 26,023,670$ and $\$ 25,675,925$ while the local tax contribution to General Revenue amounted to $\$ 25,587,531$ for 2023 and $\$ 25,098,361$ for 2022 . Operating Grants and Contributions are $\$ 10,590,212$ and $\$ 12,564,335$.
- The Weehawken Township School District continues to experience stability in student enrollment. Average Daily enrollment for the year ending June 30, 2023 was 1,204.


## Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. This Report is organized to show the reader the Weehawken Township School District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole Weehawken Township School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the Weehawken Township School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Weehawken Township School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column. For the Weehawken Township School District, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

## Reporting the Weehawken Township School District as a Whole

## Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this report contains the large number of funds used by the Weehawken Township School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the Weehawken Township School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2023?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answers this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the Weehawken Township School District's net position and changes in those positions. This change in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial position of the Weehawken Township School District has improved or diminished for the Weehawken Township School District as a whole. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Weehawken Township School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in New Jersey, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

## Reporting the Weehawken Township School District as a Whole (Continued)

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Weehawken Township School District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the Weehawken Township School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, and extracurricular activities.

Business-Type Activity - This service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund and the Latchkey Aftercare program are reported as a business activity.

## Reporting the Weehawken Township School District's Most Significant Funds

## Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Weehawken Township School District's major funds. The Weehawken Township School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Weehawken Township School District's most significant funds. The Weehawken Township School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund. The General Fund cash and cash equivalents and receivables are considered significant balances of the District's fund financial statements. Receivables and unearned revenues are considered significant balances for the special revenue fund.

## Governmental Funds

Most of the Weehawken Township School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Weehawken Township School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities and the governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

## Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, their statements are essentially the same.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## Reporting the Weehawken Township School District's Most Significant Funds (Continued)

The perspective of the statement of net position is of the Weehawken Township School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Weehawken Township School District's net position for the fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Total assets equal $\$ 28,631,666$ and $\$ 31,863,112$. Total assets for Governmental Activities are $\$ 28,254,799$ and $\$ 31,585,317$. Total assets for Business Type Activities are $\$ 376,867$ and $\$ 277,795$.

|  | Table 1 <br> Net Position |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Governmental Activities |  |  |  | Business Type Activity |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
|  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current and Other Assets | \$ | 9,384,294 | \$ | 12,499,795 | \$ | 303,010 | \$ | 207,584 | \$ | 9,687,304 | \$ | 12,707,379 |
| Capital Assets, Net |  | 18,870,505 |  | 19,085,522 |  | 73,857 |  | 70,211 |  | 18,944,362 |  | 19,155,733 |
| Total Assets |  | 28,254,799 |  | 31,585,317 |  | 376,867 |  | 277,795 |  | 28,631,666 |  | 31,863,112 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OF RESOURCES |  | 629,228 |  | 663,280 |  | - |  | - |  | 629,228 |  | 663,280 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current and Other Liabilities |  | 4,819,831 |  | 6,753,858 |  | 42,983 |  | 22,935 |  | 4,862,814 |  | 6,776,793 |
| Long-TermLiabilities |  | 16,096,385 |  | 17,582,450 |  | - |  | - |  | 16,096,385 |  | 17,582,450 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 4,172,110 |  | 3,517,252 |  | - |  | - |  | 4,172,110 |  | 3,517,252 |
| Total Liabilities |  | 25,088,326 |  | 27,853,560 |  | 42,983 |  | 22,935 |  | 25,131,309 |  | 27,876,495 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OF RESOURCES |  | 611,803 |  | 2,214,187 |  | - |  | - |  | 611,803 |  | 2,214,187 |
| NET POSITION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets |  | 1,425,505 |  | 141,968 |  | - |  | 70,211 |  | 1,425,505 |  | 212,179 |
| Restricted |  | 4,428,032 |  | 4,583,911 |  | - |  | - |  | 4,428,032 |  | $4,583,911$ |
| Unrestricted |  | $(2,669,639)$ |  | $(2,545,029)$ |  | 333,884 |  | 184,649 |  | $(2,335,755)$ |  | $(2,360,380)$ |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 3,183,898 | \$ | 2,180,850 | \$ | 333,884 | \$ | 254,860 | \$ | 3,517,782 | \$ | 2,435,710 |

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment); less any related debt (general obligation bonds payable and obligations under finance leases less unspent bond proceeds) used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students, employees, and creditors. The unrestricted net position includes the amount of long-term obligations that are not invested in capital assets, such as compensated absences.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report a positive balance in total net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## Reporting the Weehawken Township School District's Most Significant Funds (Continued)

Table 2 reflects the change in net position for fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively.
Table 2
Net Position

|  | Governmental Activities |  |  |  | Business Type Activity |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for Services | \$ | 264,040 | \$ | 86,332 | \$ | 260,921 | \$ | 171,560 | \$ | 524,961 | \$ | 257,892 |
| Operating Grants |  | 10,326,172 |  | 12,478,003 |  | 400,971 |  | 652,346 |  | 10,727,143 |  | 13,130,349 |
| Capital Grants |  | 358,369 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 358,369 |  | - |
| Total Program Revenues |  | 10,948,581 |  | 12,564,335 |  | 661,892 |  | 823,906 |  | 11,610,473 |  | 13,388,241 |
| General Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property Taxes |  | 25,587,531 |  | 25,098,361 |  | - |  | - |  | 25,587,531 |  | 25,098,361 |
| Interest |  | 23,039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 23,039 |  | - |
| Miscellaneous |  | 413,100 |  | 577,564 |  | - |  | - |  | 413,100 |  | 577,564 |
| Total General Revenues |  | 26,023,670 |  | 25,675,925 |  | - |  | - |  | 26,023,670 |  | 25,675,925 |
| Total Revenues |  | 36,972,251 |  | 38,240,260 |  | 661,892 |  | 823,906 |  | 37,634,143 |  | 39,064,166 |
| EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instruction |  | 21,141,168 |  | 20,348,631 |  | - |  | - |  | 21,141,168 |  | 20,348,631 |
| Support Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pupils and Intructional Staff |  | 6,389,374 |  | 6,658,910 |  | - |  | - |  | 6,389,374 |  | 6,658,910 |
| General and Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Admistrative Services |  | 3,039,006 |  | 2,782,099 |  | - |  | - |  | 3,039,006 |  | 2,782,099 |
| Plant Operations and Maintenance |  | 3,202,231 |  | 3,047,771 |  | - |  | - |  | 3,202,231 |  | 3,047,771 |
| Pupil Transportation |  | 1,933,516 |  | 1,452,876 |  | - |  | - |  | 1,933,516 |  | 1,452,876 |
| Unallocated Depreciation |  | - |  | 181,077 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 181,077 |
| Charter Schools |  | 105,420 |  | 62,200 |  | - |  | - |  | 105,420 |  | 62,200 |
| Interest on Long-Term Liabilities |  | 566,135 |  | 614,245 |  | - |  | - |  | 566,135 |  | 614,245 |
| Food Service |  | - |  | - |  | 556,136 |  | 477,178 |  | 556,136 |  | 477,178 |
| Latchkey Program |  | - |  | - |  | 26,732 |  | 139,698 |  | 26,732 |  | 139,698 |
| Total Expenses |  | 36,376,850 |  | 35,147,809 |  | 582,868 |  | 616,876 |  | 36,959,718 |  | 35,764,685 |
| Excess Before Special Items |  | 595,401 |  | 3,092,451 |  | 79,024 |  | 207,030 |  | 674,425 |  | 3,299,481 |
| Special Item |  | - |  | 21 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 21 |
| Adjustment per valuation |  | 407,647 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 407,647 |  | - |
| Change in Net Position |  | 1,003,048 |  | 3,092,472 |  | 79,024 |  | 207,030 |  | 1,082,072 |  | 3,299,502 |
| Net Position, July 1 |  | 2,180,850 |  | $(911,622)$ |  | 254,860 |  | 47,830 |  | 2,435,710 |  | (863,792) |
| Net Position, June 30 | \$ | 3,183,898 | \$ | 2,180,850 | \$ | 333,884 | \$ | 254,860 | \$ | 3,517,782 | \$ | 2,435,710 |

The total increase in net position for the fiscal years 2023 and 2022 for Governmental Activities is $\$ 1,003,048$ and $\$ 3,092,472$. The total increase in net position for the Business-Type Activity is $\$ 79,024$ and $\$ 207,030$. The total increase in net position is $\$ 1,082,072$ and $\$ 3,299,502$.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## Governmental Activities

The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3, for government activities, indicates the total cost of services and the percentage cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3a.
Governmental Activities

|  | Total Cost of Services |  |  |  | Percent of Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2023 |  | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Instruction | \$ | 21,141,168 | \$ | 20,348,631 | 58.12\% | 57.88\% |
| Support Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pupils and Intructional Staff |  | 6,389,374 |  | 6,658,910 | 17.56\% | 18.95\% |
| General and Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Admistrative Services |  | 3,039,006 |  | 2,782,099 | 8.35\% | 7.92\% |
| Plant Operations and Maintenance |  | 3,202,231 |  | 3,047,771 | 8.80\% | 8.67\% |
| Pupil Transportation |  | 1,933,516 |  | 1,452,876 | 5.32\% | 4.13\% |
| Unallocated Depreciation |  | - |  | 181,077 | 0.00\% | 0.52\% |
| Charter Schools |  | 105,420 |  | 62,200 | 0.29\% | 0.18\% |
| Interest on Long-Term Liabilities |  | 566,135 |  | 614,245 | 1.56\% | 1.75\% |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 36,376,850 | \$ | 35,147,809 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |

Total expenses for governmental activities for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 were $\$ 36,376,850$ and $\$ 35,147,809$. Total operating expenses were comparable from 2023 to 2022, however there were decreases of on-behalf pension expense of $\$ 412,565$ and other post-employment benefits expense $\$ 1,550,225$ that substantially decreased expenses and revenues for same amounts.

Pupil transportation costs reflect the cost for salaries, overtime, maintenance of fleet and contracted transportation services. The District is a participant of the North Hudson Transportation Consortium with the Hudson County School of Technology.

To date the District has not been adversely impacted by Charter Schools. Currently the contribution to Charter Schools by the District for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 is $\$ 105,420$ and $\$ 62,200$. The district sends a total of 8 and 5 students to four charter schools.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## Business-Type Activity

Table 3b.
Business Activity

|  | Total Cost of Services |  |  |  | Percent of Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 | 2022 |
| REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for Services | \$ | 260,921 | \$ | 171,560 | 39.42\% | 20.82\% |
| Operating Grants |  | 400,971 |  | 652,346 | 60.58\% | 79.18\% |
| Total Revenue |  | 661,892 |  | 823,906 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food Service |  | 556,136 |  | 477,178 | 95.41\% | 77.35\% |
| Latchkey Program |  | 26,732 |  | 139,698 | 4.59\% | 22.65\% |
| Total Expense |  | 582,868 |  | 616,876 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| Change in Net Position | \$ | 79,024 | \$ | 207,030 |  |  |

The business-type activity of the Weehawken Township School District is the food service operation and extended care Latchkey program. This programs had revenues for the fiscal years 2023 and 2022 of $\$ 661,892$ and $\$ 823,906$ and expenses of $\$ 582,868$ and $\$ 616,876$, respectively. Total revenue decreased by $\$ 162,014$ mainly due to the District turning over control of the extended care latchkey program to a private provider. Total expenses decreased $\$ 34,008$ mainly due to $\$ 78,958$ increase in expenses from food service because of increased operations and a $\$ 112,966$ decrease in latchkey expenses due to the District turning over control of the program to a private provider. The District had a $\$ 79,024$ operating gain in fiscal year 2023.

## Sources of Revenue

The local tax revenue increased $\$ 489,170$ in 2023 from 2022. For all governmental activities state revenues support $29.61 \%$. The community, as a whole, is $69.21 \%$ of the support and other revenue accounts for $1.18 \%$ of the total cost of programs for Weehawken Township School District students.

Table 4
Sources of Revenue


Total revenues decreased $\$ 1,268,009$ mainly due to decreases of on-behalf pension expense contributions of $\$ 412,565$ and other post-employment benefits contributions of $\$ 1,550,225$ that substantially decreased revenues and expenses for same amounts.

## The Weehawken Township School District's Funds

The Weehawken Township School District's governmental funds are accounted for using standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of $\$ 34,678,066$ and expenditures and other financing uses of $\$ 36,376,850$. The positive fund balance for the year reflects that the Weehawken Township School District was able to meet current costs.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Weehawken Township School District's budget is prepared according to New Jersey statutes. During the 2022-2023 school year, all schools in the District operated within the boundaries of state budget guidelines.

The Weehawken Township School District's budget is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2023, the Weehawken Township School District amended its General Fund budget as needed. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets, but provide flexibility for program management.

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources in the amount of $\$ 26,572,020$ were equal to original budgeted revenues.

General Fund revenues and other financing sources were greater than expenditures and other financing uses. Funds from these and other sources add to excess surplus by approximately $\$ 2,414,885$. At June 30,2023 there was $\$ 1,361,742$ excess surplus designated for subsequent year's budget. The Weehawken Township School District will allocate the excess surplus remaining of $\$ 1,053,143$ in the $2024-2025$ District School Budget. The allocation and projection of surplus are in compliance with New Jersey Department of Education Budgetary Guidelines. The excess surplus reflects a $\$ 195,301$ final state aid payment for June 30, 2023, however this amount is not reflected in the District Intergovernmental Receivable Account.

## Capital Assets and Depreciation

## Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal years 2023 and 2022, the Weehawken Township School District had \$18,870,505 and \$19,085,522, respectively invested in capital assets (net of depreciation), for governmental activities. More information on capital assets and depreciation is represented in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Table 5
Capital Assets and Depreciation

|  | Balance at June 30, 2022 |  | Valuation <br> Adjustment |  | Additions |  | Disposals |  | Balance at June 30, 2023 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental Activites: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Depreciable | \$ | 602,575 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 602,575 |
| Depreciable |  | 41,560,098 |  | 181,344 |  | 1,227,739 |  | - |  | 42,969,181 |
| Total at Historical Cost |  | 42,162,673 |  | 181,344 |  | 1,227,739 |  | - |  | 43,571,756 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation |  | $(23,077,151)$ |  | 226,303 |  | 1,850,403) |  | - |  | 24,701,251) |
| Captial Assets, Net | \$ | 19,085,522 | \$ | 407,647 | \$ | $(622,664)$ | \$ | - | \$ | 18,870,505 |
| Business-Type Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciable | \$ | 172,372 | \$ | - | \$ | 10,402 | \$ | $(22,946)$ | \$ | 159,828 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation |  | $(102,161)$ |  | - |  | $(6,756)$ |  | 22,946 |  | $(85,971)$ |
| Capital Assets, Net | \$ | 70,211 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,646 | \$ | - | \$ | 73,857 |

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to Governmental Activities as follows:

| Instruction | $\$$ | $1,022,571$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Support Services | 827,832 |  |
| Total Depreciation Expense | $\$$ | $1,850,403$ |

## Long-Term Liabilities

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Weehawken Township School District had \$22,849,601 and \$21,858,495 in long term debt payable from governmental fund resources and no long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources. More detailed information about long-term debt is represented in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Table 6
Changes in Long-Term Debt

|  |  | Balance ne 30, 2022 | Additions |  | Deductions |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance } \\ \text { June } 30,2023 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds Payable | \$ | 19,020,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,575,000 | \$ | 17,445,000 |
| Financed Purchases |  | 58,554 |  | - |  | 58,554 |  | - |
| Compensated Absences |  | 253,795 |  | - |  | 12,410 |  | 241,385 |
| sub-total |  | 19,332,349 |  | - |  | 1,645,964 |  | 17,686,385 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 3,517,252 |  | 1,266,661 |  | 611,803 |  | 4,172,110 |
| Total Governmental Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-TermLiabilities | \$ | 22,849,601 | \$ | 1,266,661 | \$ | 2,257,767 | \$ | 21,858,495 |

## Current Issues

The Weehawken Township School District has been and continues to utilize sound accounting practices in the state of a declining economy and uncertainty in state funding. Approximately eighty eight percent of the school budget is funded by local taxes, which during tough economic times make it difficult to increase educational programs within budgeted guidelines.

As always the Weehawken Township School District will continue to meet the core curriculum content standards and help our children reach their maximum potential.

## Contacting the Weehawken Township School District's Financial Management

The Management Discussion and Analysis of this financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers and investors with a snapshot of the Weehawken Township School District's finances, also, to reflect the Weehawken Township School District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to, Mr. Eric Crespo - Superintendent of Schools, Weehawken Township School District, 53 Liberty Place, Weehawken, New Jersey 07086.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

|  | Governmental Activities |  | Business-Type <br> Activities |  | Totals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 3,773,086 | \$ | 200,201 | \$ | 3,973,287 |
| Receivables, net |  | 2,796,990 |  | 81,419 |  | 2,878,409 |
| Inventory |  | - |  | 21,390 |  | 21,390 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents |  | 2,814,218 |  | - |  | 2,814,218 |
| Capital assets, net: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-depreciable |  | 602,575 |  | - |  | 602,575 |
| Depreciable |  | 18,267,930 |  | 73,857 |  | 18,341,787 |
| Total Assets |  | 28,254,799 |  | 376,867 |  | 28,631,666 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pension deferrals |  | 629,228 |  | - |  | 629,228 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 2,547,640 |  | 54,147 |  | 2,601,787 |
| Internal balances |  | 11,164 |  | $(11,164)$ |  | - |
| Payroll deductions and withholdings payable |  | 295,734 |  | - |  | 295,734 |
| Unearned revenue |  | 375,293 |  | - |  | 375,293 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Due within one year |  | 1,590,000 |  | - |  | 1,590,000 |
| Due beyond one year |  | 16,096,385 |  | - |  | 16,096,385 |
| Net pension liability |  | 4,172,110 |  | - |  | 4,172,110 |
| Total Liabilities |  | 25,088,326 |  | 42,983 |  | 25,131,309 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pension deferrals |  | 611,803 |  | - |  | 611,803 |
| NET POSITION |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net investment in capital assets |  | 1,425,505 |  | - |  | 1,425,505 |
| Restricted for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital projects |  | 2,483 |  | - |  | 2,483 |
| Other purposes |  | 4,425,549 |  | - |  | 4,425,549 |
| Unrestricted |  | $(2,669,639)$ |  | 333,884 |  | (2,335,755) |
| Total net position | \$ | 3,183,898 | \$ | 333,884 | \$ | 3,517,782 |

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| Functions/Programs | Expenses |  | Program Revenues |  |  |  |  |  | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Charges for Services |  | Operating Grants and Contributions |  | Capital Grants and Contributions |  | Governmental Activities |  | Business-type Activities |  | Total |  |
| Governmental activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instruction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regular | \$ | 15,848,758 |  | \$ 132,614 | \$ | 4,606,054 | \$ | - | \$ | $(11,110,090)$ | \$ | - | \$ | $(11,110,090)$ |
| Special education |  | 3,454,776 |  | - |  | 788,173 |  | - |  | $(2,666,603)$ |  | - |  | $(2,666,603)$ |
| Other special instruction |  | 346,985 |  | - |  | 71,750 |  | - |  | $(275,235)$ |  | - |  | $(275,235)$ |
| Other instruction |  | 1,490,649 |  | - |  | 340,406 |  | - |  | $(1,150,243)$ |  | - |  | $(1,150,243)$ |
| Support services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tuition |  | 1,023,635 |  | - |  | 316,949 |  | - |  | $(706,686)$ |  | - |  | $(706,686)$ |
| Student \& instruction related services |  | 5,365,739 |  | 131,426 |  | 1,831,220 |  | - |  | $(3,403,093)$ |  | - |  | $(3,403,093)$ |
| School administrative services |  | 710,104 |  | - |  | 287,465 |  | - |  | $(422,639)$ |  | - |  | $(422,639)$ |
| General and business administrative services |  | 2,328,902 |  | - |  | 419,790 |  | - |  | $(1,909,112)$ |  | - |  | $(1,909,112)$ |
| Plant operations and maintenance |  | 3,202,231 |  | - |  | 842,823 |  | 358,369 |  | $(2,001,039)$ |  | - |  | $(2,001,039)$ |
| Pupil transportation |  | 1,933,516 |  | - |  | 598,679 |  | - |  | $(1,334,837)$ |  | - |  | $(1,334,837)$ |
| Charter schools |  | 105,420 |  | - |  | 34,985 |  | - |  | $(70,435)$ |  | - |  | $(70,435)$ |
| Interest on long-term liabilities |  | 566,135 |  | - |  | 187,878 |  | - |  | $(378,257)$ |  | - |  | $(378,257)$ |
| Total governmental activities |  | 36,376,850 |  | 264,040 |  | 10,326,172 |  | 358,369 |  | $(25,428,269)$ |  | - |  | $(25,428,269)$ |
| Business-type activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food service |  | 556,136 |  | 234,189 |  | 400,971 |  | - |  | - |  | 79,024 |  | 79,024 |
| Latchkey program |  | 26,732 |  | 26,732 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total business-type activities |  | 582,868 |  | 260,921 |  | 400,971 |  | - |  | - |  | 79,024 |  | 79,024 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 36,959,718 | \$ | \$ 524,961 | \$ | 10,727,143 | \$ | 358,369 |  | $(25,428,269)$ |  | 79,024 |  | (25,349,245) |
|  |  |  | General revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Property taxes, 1 |  | for | general pur |  |  |  | 23,970,486 |  | - |  | 23,970,486 |
|  |  |  | Property taxes, levied for debt service |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,617,045 |  | - |  | 1,617,045 |
|  |  |  | Investment earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23,039 |  | - |  | 23,039 |
|  |  |  | Miscellaneous income |  |  |  |  |  |  | 413,100 |  | - |  | 413,100 |
|  |  |  | Special item - adjustment per valuation of capital assets |  |  |  |  |  |  | 407,647 |  | - |  | 407,647 |
|  |  |  | Total general revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26,431,317 |  | - |  | 26,431,317 |
|  |  |  | Change in net position |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,003,048 |  | 79,024 |  | 1,082,072 |
|  |  |  | Net position, July 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,180,850 |  | 254,860 |  | 2,435,710 |
|  |  |  | Net position, June 30 |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 3,183,898 | \$ | 333,884 | \$ | 3,517,782 |

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

## FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## BALANCE SHEET <br> GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2023

Reconciliation of the balance sheet to the statement of net position:

Total fund balances - governmental funds (from B-1)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:

Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is $\$ 43,571,756$ and the accumulated depreciation is $\$ 24,701,251$.

Certain amounts resulting from the measurement of the net
pension liability are reported as either deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position and deferred over future years.

Deferred pension outflows 629,228
Deferred pension inflows

Additional accounts payable for pension contribution offset by deferred outflow for pension liabilities

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds:

Bonds payable
Compensated absences liability
Net pension liability
Net position of governmental activities
$(4,172,110)$
$\$ 6,556,754$

18,870,505
(402,291)

S $3,183,898$

|  | General |  | Special <br> Revenue |  | Capital <br> Projects |  | Debt Service |  |  | Total overnmental Funds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local tax levy | \$ | 23,970,486 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,617,045 | \$ | 25,587,531 |
| Interest earned |  | 22,709 |  | - |  | 330 |  | - |  | 23,039 |
| Tuition |  | 132,614 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 132,614 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 410,617 |  | 131,426 |  | 2,483 |  | - |  | 544,526 |
| Federal sources |  | 69,899 |  | 2,174,787 |  | - |  | - |  | 2,244,686 |
| State sources |  | 9,213,487 |  | 474,527 |  | - |  | 523,566 |  | 10,211,580 |
| Total revenues |  | 33,819,812 |  | 2,780,740 |  | 2,813 |  | 2,140,611 |  | 38,743,976 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regular instruction |  | 9,326,053 |  | 1,511,095 |  | - |  | - |  | 10,837,148 |
| Special education instruction |  | 2,164,376 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,164,376 |
| Other special instruction |  | 216,204 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 216,204 |
| Other instruction |  | 1,025,748 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,025,748 |
| Support services and undistributed costs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tuition |  | 955,068 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 955,068 |
| Student \& instruction related services |  | 3,168,100 |  | 932,899 |  | - |  | - |  | 4,100,999 |
| School administrative services |  | 866,220 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 866,220 |
| Other administrative services |  | 1,264,954 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,264,954 |
| Operation and maintenance of plant services |  | 2,539,683 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,539,683 |
| Student transportation |  | 1,804,003 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,804,003 |
| Employee benefits |  | 10,328,477 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 10,328,477 |
| Capital outlay |  | 975,254 |  | 358,369 |  | - |  | - |  | 1,333,623 |
| Debt Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,575,000 |  | 1,575,000 |
| Interest |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 566,135 |  | 566,135 |
| Charter school |  | 105,420 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 105,420 |
| Total expenditures |  | 34,739,560 |  | 2,802,363 |  | - |  | 2,141,135 |  | 39,683,058 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures |  | $(919,748)$ |  | $(21,623)$ |  | 2,813 |  | (524) |  | $(939,082)$ |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfer to Debt Service |  | - |  | - |  | (330) |  | 330 |  | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | (330) |  | 330 |  | - |
| Net changes in fund balance |  | $(919,748)$ |  | $(21,623)$ |  | 2,483 |  | (194) |  | $(939,082)$ |
| Fund balances, July 1 |  | 7,363,355 |  | 131,936 |  | - |  | 545 |  | 7,495,836 |
| Fund balances, June 30 | \$ | 6,443,607 | \$ | 110,313 | \$ | 2,483 | \$ | 351 | \$ | 6,556,754 |

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (from B-2)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the period.
Depreciation expense
Adjustment per valuation of capital assets
ssets
Capital outlays
epayment of financed purchases are an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and is not reported in the statement of activities

Repayment of bond principal
Payment of financed purchases

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, e.g., compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used (paid). When the earned amount exceeds the paid amount, the difference is a reduction in the reconciliation (-); when the paid amount exceeds the earned amount the difference is an addition to the reconciliation $(+)$.

| Compensated absences paid | 12,410 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Additional PERS pension expense recognized | $\$ 511,183$ |
| Additional on-behalf TPAF pension expense | $\$ 2,430,547$ |
| Additional on-behalf TPAF pension contribution | $(\$ 2,430,547)$ |
| Additional on-behalf OPEB expense | $(658,822)$ |
| Additional on-behalf OPEB contribution | 658,822 |

Change in net position of governmental activities

1,227,739
\$ 1,003,048

## PROPRIETARY FUND

ASSETS
Current assets:
Cash and cash equivalents
Interfund receivable
Intergovernmental receivable
Accounts receivable
Inventory
Total current assets

Noncurrent assets:
Equipment
Less: accumulated depreciation
Total noncurrent assets

Total assets

LIABILITIES
Current liabilities:
Accounts payable
NET POSITION
Investment in capital assets
Unrestricted
Total net position

| Food <br> Service Fund |  | Latchkey Program |  | Business-typeActivity -Enterprise FundTotal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 194,675 | \$ | 5,526 | \$ | 200,201 |
|  | 11,164 |  | - |  | 11,164 |
|  | 15,308 |  | - |  | 15,308 |
|  | 66,111 |  | - |  | 66,111 |
|  | 21,390 |  | - |  | 21,390 |
|  | 308,648 |  | 5,526 |  | 314,174 |
|  | 159,828 |  | - |  | 159,828 |
|  | $(85,971)$ |  | - |  | $(85,971)$ |
|  | 73,857 |  | - |  | 73,857 |
|  | 382,505 |  | 5,526 |  | 388,031 |
|  | 51,703 |  | 2,444 |  | 54,147 |
|  | 73,857 |  | - |  | 73,857 |
|  | 256,945 |  | 3,082 |  | 260,027 |
| \$ | 330,802 | \$ | 3,082 | \$ | 333,884 |


|  | Food Service Fund |  | Latchkey Program |  | Business-type <br> Activity - <br> Enterprise Fund <br> Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Daily sales - nonreimbursable programs | \$ | 163,932 | \$ | - | \$ | 163,932 |
| Daily sales - reimbursable programs |  | 70,257 |  | - |  | 70,257 |
| Community service activities |  | - |  | 26,732 |  | 26,732 |
| Total operating revenues |  | 234,189 |  | 26,732 |  | 260,921 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of sales - reimbursable programs |  | 182,562 |  | - |  | 182,562 |
| Cost of sales - non-reimbursable programs |  | 59,323 |  | - |  | 59,323 |
| Salaries and wages |  | 156,709 |  | 24,288 |  | 180,997 |
| Employee benefits |  | 43,800 |  | - |  | 43,800 |
| Supplies and materials |  | 46,273 |  | 2,444 |  | 48,717 |
| Maintenance \& Repairs |  | 5,415 |  | - |  | 5,415 |
| Insurance - Other |  | 1,427 |  | - |  | 1,427 |
| Uniforms |  | 2,315 |  | - |  | 2,315 |
| Other purchased services |  | 8,351 |  | - |  | 8,351 |
| Management fees |  | 43,205 |  | - |  | 43,205 |
| Depreciation expense |  | 6,756 |  | - |  | 6,756 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 556,136 |  | 26,732 |  | 582,868 |
| Operating (loss) |  | $(321,947)$ |  | - |  | $(321,947)$ |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State school breakfast program |  | 375 |  | - |  | 375 |
| State school lunch program |  | 9,061 |  | - |  | 9,061 |
| Federal sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School breakfast program |  | 29,576 |  | - |  | 29,576 |
| School Lunch program |  | 232,610 |  | - |  | 232,610 |
| Food distribution program |  | 49,626 |  | - |  | 49,626 |
| Healthy hunger-free kids act program |  | 7,988 |  | - |  | 7,988 |
| Supply Chain Assistance Grant |  | 71,362 |  | - |  | 71,362 |
| Local food for schools program |  | 373 |  | - |  | 373 |
| Total nonoperating revenues |  | 400,971 |  | - |  | 400,971 |
| Change in net position |  | 79,024 |  | - |  | 79,024 |
| Net position, July 1 |  | 251,778 |  | 3,082 |  | 254,860 |
| Net position, June 30 | \$ | 330,802 | \$ | 3,082 | \$ | 333,884 |


|  | Food Service Fund |  | Latchkey <br> Program |  | Business-type <br> Activity - <br> Enterprise Fund <br> Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts from customers | \$ | 171,763 | \$ | 26,732 | \$ | 198,495 |
| Payments to employees |  | $(156,709)$ |  | $(24,288)$ |  | $(180,997)$ |
| Payments for employee benefits |  | $(43,800)$ |  | - |  | $(43,800)$ |
| Payments to suppliers |  | $(271,003)$ |  | (138) |  | $(271,141)$ |
| Net cash (used) provided by operating activities |  | $(299,749)$ |  | 2,306 |  | $(297,443)$ |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State sources |  | 9,953 |  | - |  | 9,953 |
| Federal sources |  | 377,084 |  | - |  | 377,084 |
| Other sources |  | (664) |  | - |  | (664) |
| Payments due from general fund |  | $(11,164)$ |  | - |  | $(11,164)$ |
| Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities |  | 375,209 |  | - |  | 375,209 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acquisition of assets |  | $(9,738)$ |  | - |  | $(9,738)$ |
| Net increase in cash |  | 65,722 |  | 2,306 |  | 68,028 |
| Balance, July 1 |  | 128,953 |  | 3,220 |  | 132,173 |
| Balance, June 30 |  | 194,675 |  | 5,526 | \$ | 200,201 |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH (USED) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustment to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used) provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation |  | 6,756 |  | - |  | 6,756 |
| Food distribution program |  | 49,626 |  | - |  | 49,626 |
| (Increase) in inventories |  | (664) |  | - |  | (664) |
| (Increase) in other receivable |  | $(62,426)$ |  | - |  | $(62,426)$ |
| Increase in accounts payable |  | 28,906 |  | 2,306 |  | 31,212 |
| Total adjustments |  | 22,198 |  | 2,306 |  | 24,504 |
| Net cash (used) provided by operating activities | \$ | (299,749) | \$ | 2,306 | \$ | $(297,443)$ |
| NON-CASH ACTIVITY FROM NON-CAPITAL <br> Food distribution program | \$ | 49,626 | \$ | - | \$ | 49,626 |

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Weehawken Township School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity is composed of a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

The District, as the primary government for financial reporting entity purposes, has oversight, responsibility and control over all activities related to the Weehawken Township School District, in Weehawken, New Jersey. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

The Weehawken Township School District is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The District is a Type II District located in the county of Hudson, State of New Jersey. As a Type II, the District functions independently through a Board of Education (the "Board"). The Board is comprised of nine members appointed to three-year terms. The purpose of the District is to educate students in grades K-12.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Based on the foregoing criteria, the District has no component units that are required to be included within the reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Furthermore, the District is not includable in any other reporting entity as a component unit.

## B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements:

The Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers, students or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and the proprietary fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The New Jersey Department of Education requires that all funds be reported as major to promote consistency among school districts in the State of New Jersey.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and finance purchases are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, interest, and state equalization monies associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives cash.

The District has reported the following major funds:

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or noninstructional equipment which are classified in the capital outlay sub fund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the District includes budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, district taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government (other than Major Capital Projects, Debt Service or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes, other than capital projects.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to an expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or other capital assets (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election and by funding from the State of New Jersey School Development Authority (SDA).

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on bonds issued to finance major property acquisition, construction or improvement programs.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued):

## PROPRIETARY FUND

The focus of Proprietary Fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Fund of the District:

Enterprise Fund - The Enterprise Fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the District is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or, where the District has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

The District's Enterprise Fund is comprised of the Food Service Fund and the Extended Care Latchkey Program.
The Proprietary Fund is accounted for on a cost of services or "economic resource" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their statements of net position. Their reported net position (net total assets) are segregated into net investment in capital asset or unrestricted. Proprietary Fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

Depreciation of all exhaustive capital assets used by Proprietary Funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on Proprietary Funds balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:
Food Service Fund:
Machinery and Equipment 5-10 Years
The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the asses, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District considers all governmental and business type funds to be major.

## D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

The Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) fees charged to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued):

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District enterprise funds are charges for sales of food, tuition, and program fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The District reports unearned revenue on its balance sheets and statements of net position. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before revenue recognition criteria are met, as when federal assistance is received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and statement of net position and revenue is recognized.

Ad Valorem (Property) Taxes are susceptible to accrual and under New Jersey State Statute a municipality is required to remit to its school district the entire balance of taxes in the amount voted upon or certified, prior to the end of the school year. The District records the entire approved tax levy as revenue (accrued) at the start of the fiscal year, since the revenue is both measurable and available. The District is entitled to receive monies under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount is considered to be an "accounts receivable."

The County Board of Taxation is responsible for the assessment of properties and the City Tax Collector is responsible for collection of taxes. Assessments are certified and taxes are levied on January 1; taxes are due February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1. Unpaid taxes are considered delinquent the following January 1 and are then subject to lien.

All proprietary funds and trust funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

## E. Budgets/Budgetary Control:

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds. The budgets are submitted to the County Office of the Commissioner of Education for approval. Budgets, except for the special revenue fund which is prepared using a non-budgetary basis, are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item units are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6A:23. The District must approve all budget amendments. The District did make transfers during the year which are identified on exhibits C-1, and C-2. Some of the transfers made were in significant amounts, but all were in the normal course of operations and properly approved. Budgetary transfers were made during the current year in accordance with statutory guidelines.

Effective December 2004, line-item transfers to an advertised appropriation account identified as either general administration, school administration, central services, and administrative information technology or other support services that, on a cumulative basis, exceed $10 \%$ of the amount included in the original budget require county superintendent approval.

Due to the inclusion of the non-budgeted on-behalf payment made by the State of New Jersey as District expenditures, the District shows an over-expenditure in the General Fund. These amounts are offset by related revenues and as such do not represent budgetary over-expenditures. Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the last two state aid payments for budgetary purposes only and the accounting for the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## E. Budgets/Budgetary Control (Continued):

The accounting records of the Special Revenue Fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

The following presents a reconciliation of the Special Revenue Funds from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types.

|  | 2022-2023 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Revenues (Budgetary Basis) | \$ | 2,444,824 |
| Adjustments: |  |  |
| Add: Prior Year Encumbrances |  | 394,599 |
| Less: Current Year Encumbrances |  | $(58,683)$ |
| Total Revenues (GAAP) Bas is | \$ | 2,780,740 |
| Total Expenditures (Budgetary Basis) | \$ | 2,466,447 |
| Adjustments: |  |  |
| Add: Prior Year Encumbrances |  | 394,599 |
| Less: Current Year Encumbrances |  | $(58,683)$ |
| Total Expenditures (GAAP Basis) | \$ | 2,802,363 |

## F. Encumbrances:

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in Governmental Funds, other than the Special Revenue Fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year-end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Open encumbrances in the Special Revenue Fund, for which the District has received advances, are reflected in the balance sheet as unearned revenues at fiscal year-end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## G. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments:

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost.

Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" and Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application. " The District classifies certificates of deposit, which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments and are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

## H. Interfund Receivables/Payables:

Interfund receivables/payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the District and that are due within one year.

## I. Payables:

Tuition Payable - Tuition charges for the fiscal years 2022-2023 were based on rates established by the receiving district. These rates are subject to change when the actual costs have been determined and certified by the State Department of Education.

Payroll deductions and withholdings payable - Funds held for payroll deductions and withholdings payable do not meet the definition of a fiduciary activity prescribed in GASB Statement No. 84. Fiduciary Activities and are therefore reported in the general fund. Any unremitted balances at year-end are reported as a liability.

## J. Inventories:

Inventories, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the Proprietary Funds are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase.

Inventories in the Proprietary Funds, exclusive of the federal commodities, are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of the enterprise funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventory in the Food Service Fund at June 30, 2023, consisted of \$21,390.

The value of Federal donated commodities as reflected on Schedule A (required by the Single Audit Law of 1984) is the difference between market value and cost of the commodities at the date of purchase and has been included as an item of nonoperating revenue in the financial statements.

## K. Restricted Assets:

Restricted assets include cash for capital reserve, grant programs, private scholarships, student activities, and capital projects.

## L. Capital Assets:

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. The District considers all property, plant and equipment with a cost over $\$ 2,000$ to be a capital asset.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## L. Capital Assets: (Continued)

Government-wide Statements
All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2002.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

> Buildings
> Improvements
> Machinery and Equipment

$$
\begin{gathered}
50 \text { years } \\
20 \text { years } \\
5-10 \text { years }
\end{gathered}
$$

## Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

The costs of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized.

## M. Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue in the special revenue fund and capital projects funds represent cash that has been received but not yet earned. The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodity portion of the Food Service Fund inventory consists of food donated by the USDA. It is valued at estimated market prices by the USDA. The amount of unused commodities at year-end is reported as unearned revenue. In the capital projects fund, unearned revenue is from a good faith deposit of bonds that have not yet been settled as of June 30, 2023.

## N. Funds Held for Unemployment Claims:

Funds held for unemployment claims do not meet the definition of a fiduciary activity prescribed in GASB Statement No. 84. Fiduciary Activities and are therefore reported in the general fund. As these funds are restricted pursuant to N.J.S.A. 43:21$7.3(\mathrm{~g})$ any employee contributions held for unemployment claims are classified as an other liability and any employer contributions held for unemployment claims are classified as restricted fund balance. Funds used for the payment for claims will reduce the outstanding liability before use of any restricted fund balance.

## O. Leases and Financed Purchases:

At the commencement of a lease, the District determines based on the criteria dictated in GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases, if the lease is a financed purchase or a right to use lease liability. Then the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease liabilities are reported with the long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

A finance purchased asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. The asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease which is considered the asset's useful life. The asset is reported with the District capital assets.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## P. Compensated Absences:

The District accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards District Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences."

District employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the District's personnel policy. Upon termination, employees are paid for accrued vacation. The District's policy permits employees to accumulate unused sick leave and carry forward the full amount to subsequent years. Upon retirement employees shall be paid by the District for the unused sick leave in accordance with the District's agreements with the various employee unions.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year should be reported in two components - the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year.

The liability for these compensated absences recorded as liabilities in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements amounted to $\$ 241,385$, at June 30 , 2023, representing the District's commitment to fund such costs from future operations. The current portion of this liability is based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources only to the amount actually due at year end as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The general fund typically has been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

## Q. Long-Term Obligations:

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be paid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the governmentwide statement. The long-term debt consists primarily of accrued compensated absences, bonds payable and obligations under finance purchases.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The accounting for proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

## R. Pensions

In the government-wide financial statements, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems sponsored and administered by the State of New Jersey and additions to/deductions from these retirement systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In the governmental fund financial statements, net pension liabilities represent amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources for required pension contributions that are due and payable at year end. Pension expenditures are recognized based on contractual pension contributions that are required to be made to the pension plan during the fiscal year.

The general fund typically has been used in prior years to liquidate the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## S. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and/or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements, deferred outflows and/or inflows of resources, represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) and/or outflow of resources (revenue) until then. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and result from: (1) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions; and (5) contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

## T. Equity Classifications:

## Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:
Net Investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

## Governmental Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions ("GASB 54") established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balance is further categorized as restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Restricted Fund Balance - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Excess Surplus - This restriction was created to represent the June 30, 2023 audited excess surplus that is required to be appropriated in the 2024-2025 original budget certified for taxes.

Excess Surplus - Prior Year - Designated for Subsequent Year's Budget - This restriction was created to represent the June 30, 2022 audited excess surplus that will be appropriated in the 2023-2024 original budget certified for taxes.

Capital Reserve - This restriction was created by the District to fund future capital expenditures. Designation of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Maintenance Reserve - This restriction was created by the District to fund future capital outlay expenditures. Designation of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## T. Equity Classifications (Continued):

Governmental Fund Statements (Continued)

## Restricted Fund Balance (Continued)

Capital Projects - Represents fund balance restricted specifically for capital acquisitions and improvements in the Capital Projects fund.

Scholarships - Represents fund balance restricted specifically for scholarships fully funded by private contributions solely for such purpose.

Student Activities - Represents fund balance restricted specifically for student activities funded by fees and dues collected solely for such purposes.

Debt Service - Represents fund balance restricted specifically for payment of principal and interest on bonds.
Committed Fund Balance - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution or formal Board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance - This designation is intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent is expressed by either the Superintendent or Business Administrator.

Year-End Encumbrances - Represents encumbrances outstanding at the end of the year based on purchase orders and contracts awarded for which the goods or services have not yet been received at June 30 .

Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures - This designation was created to dedicate the portion of fund balance appropriated in the 2023-2024 original budget certified for taxes.

Unassigned Fund Balance - All other fund balance that did not meet the definition of restricted, committed, or assigned.

## Fund Balance Policies

In the general operating fund and other governmental funds (capital projects and debt service fund types), it is the District's policy to consider restricted resources to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (i.e., committed, assigned or unassigned) fund balances are available, followed by committed and then assigned fund balances. Unassigned amounts are used only after the other resources have been used.

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has authorized the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## U. Operating and Nonoperating Revenue:

Operating revenues for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities. Nonoperating revenues include reimbursements by the State for school breakfast, lunch, and food distribution programs.

## V. Expenditures/Expenses:

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

| Governmental Funds - By Character: | Current (further classified by function) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Debt service |  |
|  | Capital Outlay |

Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating
In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. The proprietary fund reports expenses relating to use of economic resources.

## W. On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the general fund include payments made by the State of New Jersey for social security contributions and pension benefits for members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund. Additionally, revenues and expenses related to on-behalf pension contributions in the government-wide financial statements have been increased $\$ 5,558,562$ to adjust to the full accrual basis expense incurred by the State of New Jersey during the most recent measurement period. The amounts are not required to be included in the District's annual budget.

## X. Use of Estimates

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenue and expenses during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable, the use and recoverability of inventory, and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

## Y. GASB Pronouncements

## Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). The objective of Statement No. 96 is to provide the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments including implementation costs of a SBITA and the required note disclosures. The District adopted GASB Statement No. 96 effective July 1, 2022, however, management determined that there were no material SBITA that required capitalization for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Y. GASB Pronouncements (Continued)

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements to be implemented in future years

The District is currently reviewing the following for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements:
GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

Effective Date: The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

## NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

New Jersey School Districts are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey Statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey School Districts. Additionally, the District has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") or the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

## Deposits

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et.seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The Statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include savings and loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the District disclose whether its deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk (risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the District would not be able to recover the value of its deposit or investment). Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are:
a) Uncollateralized.
b) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.
c) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District does not have a policy for management of custodial credit risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA.

Bank balances are insured up to $\$ 250,000$ in the aggregate by the FDIC for each bank. At June 30, 2023, the book value of the District's deposits was $\$ 6,787,505$ and bank balances of the District's cash and deposits amounted to $\$ 6,868,185$.

## WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> NOTES TO BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2023, the District's deposits which are displayed on the balance sheets and statements of net position as "cash and cash equivalents" are summarized as follows:


## New Jersey Cash Management Fund:

All deposits in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund are governed by the regulations of the Investment Council, which prescribe specific standards designed to insure the quality of investments and to minimize the risks related to investments. In all the years of the Division of Investment's existence, the Division has never suffered a default of principal or interest on any short-term security held by it due to the bankruptcy of a securities issuer, nevertheless, the possibility always exists, and for this reason a reserve is being accumulated as additional protection for the Other-than-State participants. In addition to the Council regulations, the Division sets further standards for specific investments and monitors the credit of all eligible securities issuers on a regular basis.

Amounts contributed to the Cash Management Fund investment pool are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value. Any differences between cost and fair value for Cash Management Fund pool investments are immaterial.

As of June 30, 2023, the District had \$10,544 on deposit with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

## Investments

The District is permitted to invest public funds in accordance with the types of securities authorized by N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37. Examples of the allowable investments are bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, Government Money Market Mutual Funds, bonds or other obligations of the school district or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the school district is located, Local Government investment pools, and agreements or the repurchase of fully collateralized securities, if transacted in accordance with the above statute.

## NOTE 3. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK

Credit Risk - The District does not have an investment policy regarding the management of credit risk. GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the District disclose the credit rating of all debt security investments except for obligations of the U.S. government or investments guaranteed by the U.S. government. The District is exempt from this requirement because it does not hold any debt securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk - State law limits as noted above (N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37). The District does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The District places no formal limits on the amount they may invest in any one issue.

## WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> NOTES TO BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 3. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the District's name, and are held by either:
a. The counterparty or
b. The counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name

The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk other than to maintain safekeeping account for the securities at a financial institution.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates.

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect investments. The District does not have investments denominated in foreign currency.

At June 30, 2023 the District's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk, interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

## NOTE 4. CAPITAL/MAINTENANCE RESERVE ACCOUNT

A capital reserve and maintenance reserve account was established by Board resolution in June 2021 in the amount of $\$ 300,000$ and $\$ 300,000$, respectively. The capital reserve and maintenance reserve account is maintained in the general fund and its activity is included in the general fund annual budget.

Funds placed in the capital reserve account are committed to capital projects in the District's approved Long Range Facilities Plan (LRFP). Upon submission of the LRFP to the department, a District may increase the balance in the capital reserve by appropriating funds in the annual general fund budget certified for taxes. A district may also appropriate additional amounts when the approval of the voters has been obtained either by a separate proposal at budget time or by a special question at one of the four special elections authorized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:60-2. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6:23A-5.1(d) 7, the balance in the account cannot at any time exceed the local support costs of uncompleted capital projects in its approved LRFP.

The activity of the capital reserve and maintenance reserve for the July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023 fiscal year is as follows:

|  | Capital <br> Reserve |  | Maintenance Reserve |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beginning balance, July 1, 2022 | \$ | 650,000 | \$ | 650,000 |
| Deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Approved by Board Resolution |  | 300,000 |  | 300,000 |
| Ending balance, June 30, 2023 | \$ | $\underline{950,000}$ | \$ | 950,000 |

## WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> NOTES TO BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Receivables from other governments as reported on the general fund balance sheet at June 30, 2023 amounting to \$1,573,414 are from state sources.

Receivables from other governments as reported on the special revenue fund balance sheet at June 30, 2023 amounting to $\$ 1,223,576$ are from federal sources.

## NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 50 years; improvements, 20 years; equipment, 5 to 10 years.

The following is a summarization of the governmental activities in capital assets for the year fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

|  | Balance at <br> July 1, 2022 |  | Valuation Adjustment |  | Additions |  | Disposals |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance at } \\ \text { June } 30,2023 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Depreciable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Land | \$ | 602,575 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 602,575 |
| Depreciable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings and Improvements |  | 39,264,265 |  | - |  | 869,370 |  | - |  | 40,133,635 |
| Machinery \& Equipment |  | 2,295,833 |  | 181,344 |  | 358,369 |  | - |  | 2,835,546 |
| Total at Historical Cost |  | 41,560,098 |  | 181,344 |  | 1,227,739 |  | - |  | 42,969,181 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings and Improvements |  | $(21,382,574)$ |  | - |  | $(1,723,348)$ |  | - |  | $(23,105,922)$ |
| Machinery \& Equipment |  | $(1,694,577)$ |  | 226,303 |  | $(127,055)$ |  | - |  | $(1,595,329)$ |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation |  | $(23,077,151)$ |  | 226,303 |  | $(1,850,403)$ |  | - |  | $(24,701,251)$ |
| Depreciable Capital Assets, Net |  | 18,482,947 |  | 407,647 |  | $(622,664)$ |  | - |  | 18,267,930 |
| Governmental Activities - Capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets, Net | \$ | 19,085,522 | \$ | 407,647 | \$ | $(622,664)$ | \$ | - | \$ | 18,870,505 |

# WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> NOTES TO BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 

## NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (Continued)

* Depreciation expense was charged to Governmental Activities for the year fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 as follows:

| Instruction: |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Regular | $\$$ | 778,023 |
| Special Education |  | 155,385 |
| Other Special Education | 15,522 |  |
| Other Instruction | 73,641 |  |
| Total Instruction | $1,022,571$ |  |
|  |  |  |
| Support Services: |  |  |
| Tuition | 68,567 |  |
| Student \& Instruction Related Services |  | 294,420 |
| School Administrative Services | 62,188 |  |
| General \& Business Administrative Services | 90,814 |  |
| Operation \& Maintenance of Plant | 182,330 |  |
| Pupil Transportation | 129,513 |  |
| Total Support Services | 827,832 |  |
| Total Depreciation Expense | $\$$ | $1,850,403$ |

The following is a summarization of the business-type activities in capital assets for the year fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

|  | Balance at July 1, 2022 |  | Valuation <br> Adjustment |  | Additions |  | Disposals |  | Balance at June 30, 2023 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business-type Activitity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery \& Equipment | \$ | 172,372 | \$ | - | \$ | 10,402 | \$ | $(22,946)$ | \$ | 159,828 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation: Machinery \& Equipment |  | $(102,161)$ |  | - |  | (6,756) |  | 22,946 |  | $(85,971)$ |
| Business-type Activity - Capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets, Net | \$ | $\underline{70,211}$ | \$ | - | \$ | 3,646 | \$ | - | \$ | $\underline{73,857}$ |

## NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

## Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term liabilities:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance } \\ \text { June } 30,2022 \end{gathered}$ |  | Additions |  | Deductions |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance } \\ \text { June } 30,2023 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Amounts Due Within One Year |  | Long-Term Portion |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds Payable | \$ | 19,020,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,575,000 | \$ | 17,445,000 | \$ | 1,590,000 | \$ | 15,855,000 |
| Financed Purchases |  | 58,554 |  | - |  | 58,554 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Compensated Absences |  | 253,795 |  | - |  | 12,410 |  | 241,385 |  | - |  | 241,385 |
| Sub-total |  | 19,332,349 |  | - |  | 1,645,964 |  | 17,686,385 |  | 1,590,000 |  | 16,096,385 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 3,517,252 |  | 1,266,661 |  | 611,803 |  | 4,172,110 |  | - |  | 4,172,110 |
| Total Governmental Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-TermLiabilities | \$ | 22,849,601 | \$ | 1,266,661 | \$ | $\underline{2,257,767}$ | \$ | 21,858,495 | \$ | 1,590,000 | \$ | 20,268,495 |

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

## Bonds Payable

Bonds are authorized in accordance with State law by the voters of the District through referendums. All Bonds are retired in serial installments within the statutory period of usefulness. Bonds issued by the District are General Obligation Bonds.

On July 5, 2003 the School District issued $\$ 2,060,000$ of School District Bonds. The purpose of the bonds is (a) retiring the Board's unfunded accrued liability in the Public Employees Retirement System and the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund under the early retirement incentive programs previously adopted by the Board: and (b) paying the costs of issuance with respect to the Bonds. Principal and interest due on these bonds are as follows:

| Year Ending | School Bonds Series 2003 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, | Principal |  | Interest |  |
| 2024 | \$ | 70,000 | \$ | 4,095 |

On October 30, 2013, the School District issued \$3,500,000 of School District Refunding Bonds, Series 2013. The purpose of the bonds is to (a) refund and redeem the remaining portion of the School District's outstanding callable School Bonds, Series 2003 and (b) paying the costs of issuance with respect to the Bonds. Principal and interest due on these bonds are as follows:


On December 20, 2017, the School District issued $\$ 4,795,000$ of School District Refunding Bonds, Series 2017. The purpose of the bonds is to provide funds which will be used to: (a) advance refund the School District's outstanding School Bonds dated September 1, 2008 and maturing on September 1, 2020 through September 1, 2029 in the aggregate principal amount of $\$ 4,750,000$ and (b) pay certain costs and expenses incidental to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds. Principal and interest due on these bonds are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | School Bonds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Refunding Series December 2017 |  |  |  |
|  | Principal |  | Interest |  |
| 2024 | \$ | 460,000 | \$ | 112,550 |
| 2025 |  | 460,000 |  | 94,150 |
| 2026 |  | 505,000 |  | 74,850 |
| 2027 |  | 505,000 |  | 54,650 |
| 2028 |  | 500,000 |  | 37,050 |
| 2029-2030 |  | 985,000 |  | 29,475 |
|  | \$ | 3,415,000 | \$ | 112,550 |

## NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

## Bonds Payable (Continued)

On July 27, 2017, the School District issued $\$ 16,000,000$ of School District Bonds, Series 2017. The purpose of the bonds are is to provide funds which will be used for: (a) building improvements and upgrades to the Daniel Webster Elementary School, Theodore Roosevelt Elementary School and Weehawken High School, including safety system upgrades, security upgrades, barrier-free (Americans with Disabilities Act) upgrades, heating system upgrades, lighting system upgrades, sound system upgrades, and interior renovations; and (b) improvements and upgrades to the science classrooms/laboratories at Weehawken High School. Principal and interest due on these bonds are as follows:

|  | School Bonds <br> Year Ending <br> June 30, |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | | Series July 2017 |  |
| :---: | :---: |

## Financed Purchases

The District was leasing schools buses, one pick-up truck and one van. The district made the last payment for each during the year ended June 30, 2023.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

## Description of Plans and Benefits Provided

Substantially all required employees of the District are covered by either the Public Employees' Retirement System or the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund which have been established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirement System and the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be accessed via the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits website at www.state.nj.us/ treasury/pensions.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - established as of January 1, 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide retirement, death, disability, and medical benefits to certain qualified members. The Public Employees’ Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, school district, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## Description of Plans and Benefits Provided (Continued)

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - established as of January 1, 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide retirement benefits, death, disability, and medical benefits to certain qualified members. The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey is responsible to fund $100 \%$ of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional, and certified.

The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and 43.3B, and N.J.S.A. 18A:66 for TPAF. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provision. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and after three years of service credit, become vested for $2 \%$ of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS and TPAF:

1 Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011
Service retirement benefits of $1 / 55^{\text {th }}$ of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62 . Service retirement benefits of $1 / 60^{\text {th }}$ of final average salary for each service credit available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60 , tiers 3 and 4 with 25 years or more of service credit before age 62, and tier 5 before age 65 with 30 or more years of service credit. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the retirement age for their respective tier. With PERS, tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the following defined contribution public employee retirement program covering certain state and local government employees which include those District employees who are eligible for pension coverage.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) - established under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2008 to provide coverage to elected, certain appointed officials, and certain District employees not eligible for enrollment in PERS or TPAF. Effective July 1, 2007 membership is mandatory for such individuals with vesting occurring after one (1) year of membership. DCRP is a defined contribution pension plan.

Pursuant to the provision of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, COLA increase were suspended for all current and future retirees of all retirement systems.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## Other Pension Funds

The State established and administers a Supplemental Annuity Collective Trust Fund (SACT) which is available to active members of the State-administered retirement systems to purchase annuities to supplement the guaranteed benefits provided by their retirement system. The state or local government employers do not appropriate funds to SACT.

The cost of living increase for PERS and TPAF, are funded directly by each of the respective systems but are currently suspended as a result of reform legislation.

According to state law, all obligations of each retirement system will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should any retirement system be terminated.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits ("Division"), issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of each of the above systems. The financial reports may be accessed via the New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

## Plan Amendments

The authority to amend the provisions of the above plans rests with new legislation passed by the State of New Jersey. Pension reforms enacted pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011 included provisions creating special Pension Plan Design Committees for TPAF and PERS, once a Target Funded Ratio (TFR) is met. The Pension Plan Design Committees will have the discretionary authority to modify certain plan design features, including member contribution rate; formula for calculation of final compensation of final salary; fraction used to calculate a retirement allowance; age at which a member may be eligible and the benefits for service or early retirement; and benefits provided for disability retirement. The committees will also have the authority to reactivate the cost of living adjustment (COLA) on pensions. However, modifications can only be made to the extent that the resulting impact does not cause the funded ratio to drop below the TFR in any one year of a 30-year projection period.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the retirement systems are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental organizations. In doing so, the Division adheres to reporting requirements established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and changes in net position of the pension trust funds. Under this method, contributions are recorded in the accounting period in which they are legally due from the employer or plan member, and deductions are recorded at the time the liabilities are due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The accounts of the Division are organized and operated on the basis of funds. All funds are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus.

## Investment Valuation

The Division of Investment, Department of the Treasury, State of New Jersey (Division of Investment) manages and invests certain assets of the retirement systems. Prudential Retirement is the third-party administrator for the DCRP and provides record keeping, administrative services and investment options. Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade or investment date basis. Interest and dividend income are recorded on the accrual basis, with dividends accruing on the exdividend date. The net increase or decrease in the fair value of investments includes the net realized and unrealized gains or losses on investments.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements of the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. The financial reports may be obtained in writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Investment, P.O. Box 290, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0290 or at www.state.nj. us/treasury/doinvest.

## Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liability of the participating employers for local PERS at June 30, 2022 is $\$ 15.2$ billion and the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is $62.91 \%$. The collective net pension liability of the State funded TPAF at June 30, 2022 is $\$ 51.7$ billion and the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is $32.29 \%$.

The total pension liabilities were determined based on actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2021 which were rolled forward to June 30, 2022.

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

In the July 1, 2021 PERS and TPAF actuarial valuation, the actuarial assumptions and methods used in these valuations were described in the Actuarial Assumptions and Methods section of the Actuary's report and are included here in this note to the financial statements. The pension systems selected economic and demographic assumptions and prescribed them for use for purposes of compliance with GASB Statement No. 68. The Actuary provided guidance with respect to these assumptions, and it is their belief that the assumptions represent reasonable expectations of anticipated plan experience.

## Employer and Employee Contribution Requirements

The contribution policy is set by laws of the State of New Jersey and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation with the amount of contribution by the State of New Jersey contingent upon the Annual Appropriations Act. As defined, the retirement systems require employee contributions based on $7.50 \%$ for PERS, $7.50 \%$ for TPAF and $5.50 \%$ for DCRP of the employee's annual compensation for fiscal year 2023.

Employers' contribution amounts for PERS are based on an actuarially determined rate. The annual employer contributions for PERS include funding for basic retirement allowances, cost-of-living adjustments, and noncontributory death benefits. Under current Statute, the District is a non-contributing employer of the TPAF.

## Annual Pension Costs (APC)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, the annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution. For PERS, which is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. TPAF nonemployer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the District. PERS employer contributions are made annually by the District to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a $3 \%$ employer contribution.

During the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 the District paid the required contributions to of $\$ 348,625, \$ 347,707$ and $\$ 319,199$, respectively.

The PERS contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure. The on-behalf TPAF contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 (GASB No. 85). The DCRP contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as an expenditure, as well as, the government-wide financial statements (accrual basis) as an expense.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## Annual Pension Costs (APC) (Continued)

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:66-66, the State of New Jersey reimbursed the District \$850,730 during the year ended June 30, 2023, for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries. This amount has been recognized in the Government-wide financial statements (accrual basis) and the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as a revenue and expense/expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 85.

## PERS Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension (GASB No. 68) and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB No. 68 require participating employers in pension plans to recognize their proportionate share of their collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions. The employer allocation percentages presented are based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes.

Following this method, the measurement of the collective pension expense excluding that attributable to employer paid member contributions are determined separately for each individual employer of the State and local groups of the plan.

To facilitate the separate actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages are presented for each group. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2022 are based on the ratio of each employer's contribution to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023 the District reported in the statement of net position (accrual basis) a liability of $\$ 4,172,110$ for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's PERS proportion was $0.0276 \%$ which was a decrease of $0.0021 \%$ from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized in the Government-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) pension expense of $(\$ 511,183)$. for PERS. The pension contribution made by the District during the current 2022-2023 fiscal year is the contribution that is applied to the net pension liability reported at the end of the current fiscal year of June 30, 2023 with a measurement date of the prior fiscal year end of June 30, 2022. Since the State of New Jersey applies the current year pension contribution towards the calculation of the net pension liability reported at the end of the current fiscal year, which has a measurement date of the preceding fiscal year end, there is no deferred outflows of resources reported as of June 30, 2023 for contributions made subsequent to the current fiscal year end.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

PERS Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

|  | Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | Deferred <br> Inflows of <br> Resources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Differences between expected and accrual experience | \$ | 3,557 | \$ | - |
| Changes in assumptions |  | - |  | 611,803 |
| Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments |  | 172,680 |  |  |
| Changes in proportion |  | 50,700 |  | - |
| District contributions subsequent to measurement date |  | 402,291 |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 629,228 | \$ | 611,803 |

$\$ 402,291$ reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending <br> June 30, |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 2024 | $\$$ | $(316,222)$ <br> 2025 |
|  |  | $(161,105)$ <br> $(78,568)$ <br> 171,405 <br> $(377)$ |
| 2026 |  | $(384,866)$ |
| 2027 | $\$$ |  |

The PERS pension liability and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are expected to be paid from budgetary appropriations in the general fund.

# NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued) 

## PERS Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30,2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

| Inflation rate: |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| $\quad$ Price | $2.75 \%$ |
| Wage | $3.25 \%$ |
| Salary increases: | $2.75-6.55 \%$ |
|  | Based on years of service |
| Investment rate of return | $7.00 \%$ |

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an $82.2 \%$ adjustment for males and $101.4 \%$ adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a $91.4 \%$ adjustment for males and $99.7 \%$ adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a $127.7 \%$ adjustment for males and $117.2 \%$ adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments $(7.00 \%$ at June 30, 2021) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## PERS Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target <br> Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U.S. Equity | 27.00\% | 8.12\% |
| Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity | 13.50\% | 8.38\% |
| Emerging Market Equity | 5.50\% | 10.33\% |
| Private Equity | 13.00\% | 11.80\% |
| Real Assets | 3.00\% | 7.60\% |
| Real Estate | 8.00\% | 11.19\% |
| High Yield | 4.00\% | 4.95\% |
| Private Credit | 8.00\% | 8.10\% |
| Investment Grade Credit | 7.00\% | 3.38\% |
| Cash Equivalents | 4.00\% | 1.75\% |
| U.S. Treasuries | 4.00\% | 1.75\% |
| Risk Mitigation Strategies | 3.00\% | 4.91\% |

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was $7.00 \%$ as of June 30 , 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be based on $100 \%$ of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and $100 \%$ of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.
The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is $1 \%$ point lower or $1 \%$ point higher than the current rate.

|  |  | 1\% <br> Decrease (6.00\%) |  | Current Discount Rate (7.00\%) |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \% \\ \text { Increase } \\ (8.00 \%) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District's proportionate share of PERS net pension liability | \$ | 5,405,332 | \$ | 4,172,110 | \$ | 3,187,992 |

The sensitivity analysis was based on the proportionate share of the District's net pension liability at June 30, 2022. A sensitivity analysis specific to the District's net pension liability was not provided by the pension system.

# NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued) 

## PERS Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

## Pension Plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the PERS pension plans' fiduciary net position are available in the separately issued financial reports. These reports may be accessed via the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits website at www.state.nj.us/ treasury/pensions.

## Payable to the pension plan

At June 30, 2023 the District reported accounts payable to the PERS of $\$ 402,291$ for the required actuarially determined contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## TPAF Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

GASB No. 68, requires participating employers in TPAF to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions. The non-employer allocation percentages presented are based on the ratio of the State's contributions made as a non-employer toward the actuarially determined contribution amount adjusted by locations who participated in the State early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes.

The contribution policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and non-employer contributions by the State. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

In accordance with GASB No. 68, the District is not required to recognize a net pension liability for TPAF. The State of New Jersey, as a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to TPAF on behalf of the District. Accordingly, the District's proportionate share percentage determined under GASB No. 68 is zero percent and the State's proportionate share is $100 \%$ of the net pension liability attributable to the District for TPAF. Therefore, in addition, the District does not recognize any portion of the TPAF collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

At June 30, 2023 the State's net pension liability for TPAF associated with the District was $\$ 3,913,249$. The non-employer allocation percentages are based on the ratio of the State's contributions made as an employer and non-employer towards the actuarially determined contribution amount adjusted by locations who participated in the State early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the year ended June 30, 2022. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1 , 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022 the State's proportionate share of the TPAF net pension liability associated with the District was $0.0935 \%$, which was a decrease of $0.0004 \%$ from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023 the District recognized in the Government-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) pension expense of $\$ 2,430,547$ for TPAF. This amount has been included in the government-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) as a revenue and an expense in accordance with GASB No. 85.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## TPAF Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total TPAF pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

| Inflation rate: |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| $\quad$ Price | $2.75 \%$ |
| Wage | $3.25 \%$ |
| Salary increases: | $2.75-5.65 \%$ |
|  | Based on years of service |
| Investment rate of return | $7.00 \%$ |

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a $93.9 \%$ adjustment for males and $85.3 \%$ adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a $114.7 \%$ adjustment for males and $99.6 \%$ adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a $106.3 \%$ adjustment for males and $100.3 \%$ adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments $(7.00 \%$ at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## TPAF Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| US Equity | 27.00\% | 8.12\% |
| Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity | 13.50\% | 8.38\% |
| Emerging Market Equity | 5.50\% | 10.33\% |
| Private Equity | 13.00\% | 11.80\% |
| Real Assets | 3.00\% | 11.19\% |
| Real Estate | 8.00\% | 7.60\% |
| High Yield | 4.00\% | 4.95\% |
| Private Credit | 8.00\% | 8.10\% |
| Investment Grade Credit | 7.00\% | 3.38\% |
| Cash Equivalents | 4.00\% | 1.75\% |
| U.S. Treasuries | 4.00\% | 1.75\% |
| Risk Mitigation Strategies | 3.00\% | 4.91\% |

## Discount Rate

The Discount Rate used to measure the total pension liability was $7.00 \%$ as of June 30,2022 . The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on $100 \%$ of the actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the State's proportionate share of the District's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the District as of June 30, 2022 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the State's proportionate share of the TPAF net pension liability attributable to the District would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is $1 \%$ point lower or $1 \%$ point higher than the current rate:


The sensitivity analysis was based on the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2022. A sensitivity analysis specific to State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the District was not provided by the pension system.

## NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## TPAF Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

## Pension Plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the TPAF pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report from the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits. The financial report may be accessed via the New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

## NOTE 9. POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS

## Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers the State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan (Local Education Retired Plan) covering certain local school district employees, including those District employees and retirees eligible for coverage.

The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan (Local Education Retired Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan) is a multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The Local Education Retired OPEB Plan is administered on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The Local Education Retired OPEB Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and the covered dependents of local education employees. The State also offers dental care to retirees, however, since dental benefits are completely paid for by the retirees, there is no OPEB liability for these benefits.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32f. According to this law, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: TPAF, PERS, PFRS, or ABP

Pursuant to P.L.2011, c.78, future retirees eligible for postemployment medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The State is legally required to pay for the OPEB benefit coverage for the participating local education employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. The State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, reported a Fiscal Year 2022 total OPEB liability of $\$ 60,007,650,970$ for this special funding situation.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

For additional information about the State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Education Plan, please refer to the Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which can be found at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/ gasb-notices-opeb.shtml.

The financial statements of the post-retirement health benefit plans are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental organizations. In doing so, the Division adheres to reporting requirements established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

## NOTE 9. POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (Continued)

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and changes in net position of the post-employment health benefit plans. Under this method, contributions are recorded in the accounting period in which they are legally due from the employer or plan member, and deductions are recorded at the time the liabilities are due and payable in accordance with terms of each plan. The accounts of the Division are organized and operated on the basis of funds. All funds are accounted for using economic resources measurement focus.

## Investment Valuation

Investments are reported at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

## Collective Net OPEB Liability

The collective net OPEB liability of the State, as the non-employer contributing entity, of the plan at June 30, 2022 is $\$ 50.6$ billion, and the plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability is zero percent.

The total OPEB liabilities were determined based on actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2021 which were rolled forward to June 30, 2022.

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

In the June 30, 2021 OPEB actuarial valuation, the actuarial assumptions and methods used in these valuations were described in the Actuarial Assumptions and Methods section of the Actuary's report and are included here in this note to the financial statements. The Plan selected economic and demographic assumptions and prescribed them for use for purposes of compliance with GASB Statement No. 75. The Actuary provided guidance with respect to these assumptions, and it is their belief that the assumptions represent reasonable expectations of anticipated plan experience.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

## Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions

The funding policy of the OPEB plan is pay as you go basis; therefore, there is no prefunding of the liability. Contributions to pay for the health benefit premiums of participating employees in the OPEB plan are made by the State, as a non-employer contributing entity, under a special funding situation in accordance with State statutes as previously disclosed. The State as a non-employer contributing entity made contributions of $\$ 1.9$ billion to the OPEB plan in fiscal year 2022.

The State sets the contribution rate based on a pay as you go basis and not on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The State's contributions to the State Health Benefits Program Fund for TPAF retirees' post-retirement benefits on behalf of the District for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were $\$ 978,978, \$ 911,996$ and $\$ 872,025$, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year. The State's contributions to the State Health Benefits Program Fund for PERS retirees' post-retirement benefits on behalf of the District was not determined or made available by the State of New Jersey. The on-behalf OPEB contributions are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis) as both a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85.

## NOTE 9. POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (Continued)

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 75 requires participating employers in the State Health Benefits Program Fund - Local Education Retired to recognize their proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability, collective deferred outflows or resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective OPEB expense excluding the attributable to retiree-paid member contributions. The non-employer allocation percentages presented are based on the ratio of the State's contributions made as a non-employer toward the actuarially determined contribution amount to total contributions to the plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Non-employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes.

In accordance with GASB No. 75, the District is not required to recognize an OPEB liability for the post-employment health benefit plan. The State of New Jersey, as a non-employer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to the plan on behalf of the District. Accordingly, the District's proportionate share percentage determined under Statement No. 75 is zero percent and the State's proportionate share is $100 \%$ of the OPEB liability, attributable to the District. Therefore, in addition, the District does not recognize any portion of the collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized in the Government-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) OPEB expense of $\$ 1,637,800$. This amount has been included in the District's Government-wide statement of activities (accrual basis) as a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 85.

At June 30, 2023 the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District is $\$ 42,533,819$. The nonemployer allocation percentages are based on the ratio of the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2022 to the total OPEB liability of the State Health Benefit Program Fund - Local Education Retired Employees Plan at June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the State's share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District was $0.0840 \%$ which was an increase of $0.0012 \%$ from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021 of $0.0827 \%$.

## Actuarial Assumptions

The OPEB liability for the June 30, 2022, measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30,2022 . The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

|  | TPAF/ABP | PERS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Salary Increases: | $2.75-4.25 \%$ <br> based on service years |  | $2.75-6.55 \%$ <br> based on service years |

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "general" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021 for current disables retirees.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the TPAF, PERS and PFRS experience studies prepared for July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

## NOTE 9. POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (Continued)

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

## Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially $6.25 \%$ and decreases to a $4.50 \%$ long-term trend rate after eight years. For post-65 medical benefits PPO, the trend is initially $-1.99 \%$ in fiscal year 2023, increasing to $13.44 \%$ in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to $4.50 \%$ in fiscal year 2033. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is $8.00 \%$ and decreases to a $4.5 \%$ long-term trend rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is $5.0 \%$.

## Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2022 was $3.54 \%$. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of $\mathrm{AA} / \mathrm{Aa}$ or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

## Change in the Total OPEB Liability

The change in the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (measurement date June 30, 2022) is as follows:

|  | ```Total OPEB Liability (State Share 100%)``` |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance, June 30, 2021 measurement date | \$ | 49,655,327 |
| Changes reconized for the fiscal year: |  |  |
| Service cost |  | 2,619,835 |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability |  | 1,127,193 |
| Changes in assumptions |  | $(11,410,079)$ |
| Difference between expected and actual experience |  | 1,622,243 |
| Gross benefit payments |  | $(1,116,518)$ |
| Contributions from the member |  | 35,818 |
| Net changes |  | $(7,121,508)$ |
| Balance, June 30, 2022 measurement date | \$ | 42,533,819 |

The change in the total OPEB liability was based on the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2022. A change in the total OPEB liability specific to the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was not provided by the pension system.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 9. POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (Continued)

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

## Sensitivity of OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the discount rate $3.54 \%$, as well as the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is $1 \%$ point lower or $1 \%$ point higher than the current rate:


## Sensitivity of total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the previously disclosed healthcare trend rate as well as what the total non-employer OPEB liability attributable to the District would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is $1 \%$ point lower or $1 \%$ point higher than the current rate:

|  |  | Decrease | Healthcare Cost Trend Rate |  | 1\% Increase |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability Attributable to the District | \$ | 35,156,801 | \$ | 42,533,819 | \$ | 52,223,980 |

The sensitivity analyses were based on the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2022. Sensitivity analyses specific to the State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability attributable to the District at June 30, 2022 were not provided by the pension system.

## NOTE 10. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The following interfund balances remained on the balance sheet of the governmental fund financial statement at June 30, 2023:

|  | Interfund <br> Receivable |  | Interfund Payable |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental Funds: |  |  |  |  |
| General | \$ | 1,143,551 | \$ | 13,238 |
| Special Revenue |  | - |  | 1,074,001 |
| Debt Service |  | 8,016 |  | 69,550 |
| Capital Projects |  | 2,074 |  | 8,016 |
| Enterprise |  | 11,164 |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 1,164,805 | \$ | 1,164,805 |

## NOTE 10. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

The above balances are the result of revenues earned in one fund which are due to another fund and/or expenditures paid by one fund on behalf of another fund and/or to cover cash balances which were in a cash overdraft position. The District expects to liquidate all interfund balances within one year.

## NOTE 11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the District may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2023, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the District believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the District.

The District is also a party defendant in some lawsuits, none of a kind unusual for a school district of its size and scope of operation. The following pending litigation could be material to the financial statements of the district: A lawsuit is pending against the District in the Superior Court of New Jersey, Hudson County under the child sexual abuse act revival statute. The case primarily involves a non-employee for behaviors which are alleged to have occurred on school grounds during off school hours. Global mediation has been scheduled prior to trial. In the event that this matter is not resolved by way of mediation and/or settlement, Board counsel intends to file a motion seeking dismissal if plaintiff declines to dismiss the case against the board voluntarily. The Board attempted, but has been unsuccessful to secure insurance defense or claims coverage of this claim. The insurance provider at the time is in liquidation, with the likelihood of district recovery doubtful. The current provider has denied coverage.

## NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster.

## A. Property and Liability Insurance:

The District maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

## B. New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance:

The District has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the normal State of New Jersey plan. The District files quarterly unemployment and disability payroll tax returns. These returns include employees' withholding tax for unemployment and disability and the District's share based upon the total tax rate determined by the State.

## NOTE 13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The District offers its employees a choice of various deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). The plans, which are administered by the entities listed below, permit participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plans are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plan administrators are as follows:

[^0]
## NOTE 14. FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED

## Fund Statements:

General Fund - Of the $\$ 6,443,607$ General Fund fund balance at June 30, 2023, $\$ 2,414,885$ is restricted as excess surplus in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-7 (\$1,362,742 of the total restricted excess surplus has been appropriated and included as anticipated revenue for the year ending June 30, 2024); $\$ 950,000$ has been restricted for capital reserve; $\$ 950,000$ is restricted for maintenance reserve; $\$ 1,272,434$ is assigned ( $\$ 63,374$ of the total is assigned to year-end encumbrances and $\$ 1,209,060$ is appropriated and included as anticipated revenue for the year ending June 30, 2024); and \$856,288 is unassigned.

Special Revenue Fund - Of the $\$ 110,313$ Special Revenue Fund fund balance at June 30, 2023, $\$ 18,813$ is restricted for scholarships and $\$ 91,500$ is restricted for student activities.

Capital Projects Fund - The \$2,483 Capital Projects Fund fund balance at June 30, 2023, is restricted for capital projects.
Debt Service Fund - The $\$ 351$ Debt Service Fund fund balance at June 30, 2023 is restricted.
The total Governmental Funds fund balance is $\$ 6,556,754$.
The following is a summary of adjustments made to the fund statements to arrive at the total net position per the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

|  | Governmental Activities |  | Business-Type Activity |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fund Balance/Net Position | \$ | 6,556,754 | \$ | 333,884 | \$ | 6,890,638 |
| Add: Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation |  | 18,870,505 |  | - |  | 18,870,505 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | 629,228 |  | - |  | 629,228 |
| Less: Accounts Payable for Pension |  | $(402,291)$ |  | - |  | $(402,291)$ |
| Long-TermLiabilities |  | (17,686,385) |  | - |  | (17,686,385) |
| Net Pension Liability |  | $(4,172,110)$ |  | - |  | $(4,172,110)$ |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources |  | $(611,803)$ |  | - |  | $(611,803)$ |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 3,183,898 | \$ | 333,884 | \$ | 3,517,782 |

## NOTE 15. CALCULATION OF EXCESS SURPLUS

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-7, as amended by P.L. 2004, c. 73 (S1701), the designation for Restricted Fund Balance - Reserved Excess Surplus is a required calculation pursuant to the New Jersey Comprehensive Educational Improvement and Financing Act of 1996 (CEIFA). New Jersey School Districts are required to reserve General Fund fund balance at the fiscal year end of June 30, if they did not appropriate a required minimum amount as budgeted fund balance in their subsequent year's budget. The excess fund balance for year ended June 30, 2023 is $\$ 8,271,081$.

## NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed and evaluated all events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2023 through February 28,2024 , the date that the financial statements were issued for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements, and one item was noted for disclosure. On July 18, 2023 the District received its Series 2023 bonds with net proceeds of $\$ 18,383,820$ to be used for various capital projects.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 PART II
## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

|  |  | Original <br> Budget | Budget <br> Transfers |  | Final <br> Budget |  | Actual |  | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local tax levy | \$ | 23,970,486 | \$ | - | \$ | 23,970,486 | \$ | 23,970,486 | \$ | - |
| Tuition |  | 80,000 |  | - |  | 80,000 |  | 132,614 |  | 52,614 |
| Interest earned |  | 20 |  | - |  | 20 |  | 22,709 |  | 22,689 |
| PILOT payment |  | 300,000 |  | - |  | 300,000 |  | - |  | $(300,000)$ |
| Gain on sale of asset |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 80,000 |  | - |  | 80,000 |  | 310,617 |  | 230,617 |
| Total - local sources |  | 24,430,506 |  | - |  | 24,430,506 |  | 24,536,426 |  | 105,920 |
| Federal sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Special Education Medicare Reimbursement Initiative |  | 31,149 |  | - |  | 31,149 |  | 69,899 |  | 38,750 |
| Total - federal sources |  | 31,149 |  | - |  | 31,149 |  | 69,899 |  | 38,750 |
| State sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustment aid |  | 407,313 |  | - |  | 407,313 |  | 407,313 |  | - |
| Maintenance of equity aid |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 721,196 |  | 721,196 |
| Stabilization aid |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 322,231 |  | 322,231 |
| Transportation aid |  | 150,232 |  | - |  | 150,232 |  | 150,232 |  | - |
| Special education aid |  | 900,996 |  | - |  | 900,996 |  | 900,996 |  | - |
| Security categorical aid |  | 351,824 |  | - |  | 351,824 |  | 351,824 |  | - |
| Extraordinary aid |  | 300,000 |  | - |  | 300,000 |  | 767,969 |  | 467,969 |
| On-behalf TPAF contributions (Non-budgeted) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pension contribution |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 3,726,635 |  | 3,726,635 |
| Post-retirement medical contributions |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 978,978 |  | 978,978 |
| Long term disability insurance premium |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,219 |  | 2,219 |
| Reimbursed TPAF Social Security contributions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total - state sources |  | 2,110,365 |  | - |  | 2,110,365 |  | 9,180,323 |  | 7,069,958 |
| Total revenues |  | 26,572,020 |  | - |  | 26,572,020 |  | 33,786,648 |  | 7,214,628 |
| EXPENDITURES - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CURRENT EXPENSE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regular programs - instruction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of teachers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Preschool/kindergarten |  | 645,246 |  | $(110,259)$ |  | 534,987 |  | 533,740 |  | 1,247 |
| Grades 1-5 |  | 3,388,624 |  | $(43,946)$ |  | 3,344,678 |  | 3,321,107 |  | 23,571 |
| Grades 6-8 |  | 1,330,985 |  | $(14,719)$ |  | 1,316,266 |  | 1,316,266 |  | , |
| Grades 9-12 |  | 2,796,496 |  | $(27,502)$ |  | 2,768,994 |  | 2,739,996 |  | 28,998 |
| Total regular programs - instruction |  | 8,161,351 |  | $(196,426)$ |  | 7,964,925 |  | 7,911,109 |  | 53,816 |
| Regular programs - home instruction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of teachers |  | 40,000 |  | $(20,000)$ |  | 20,000 |  | 20,000 |  | - |
| Total regular programs - home instruction |  | 40,000 |  | $(20,000)$ |  | 20,000 |  | 20,000 |  | - |
| Regular programs - undistributed instruction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchased professional - educational services |  | 636,989 |  | 24,846 |  | 661,835 |  | 659,835 |  | 2,000 |
| Purchased professional - technical services |  | 125,000 |  | $(37,906)$ |  | 87,094 |  | 86,970 |  | 124 |
| Other purchased services (400-500 series) |  | 257,208 |  | $(109,107)$ |  | 148,101 |  | 147,261 |  | 840 |
| Travel |  | 3,000 |  | $(3,000)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| General supplies |  | 306,265 |  | $(18,880)$ |  | 287,385 |  | 254,510 |  | 32,875 |
| Textbooks |  | 145,000 |  | 41,135 |  | 186,135 |  | 185,574 |  | 561 |
| Other objects |  | 99,537 |  | $(38,743)$ |  | 60,794 |  | 60,794 |  | - |
| Total regular programs - undistributed instruction |  | 1,572,999 |  | $(141,655)$ |  | 1,431,344 |  | 1,394,944 |  | 36,400 |
| Total regular programs |  | 9,774,350 |  | $(358,081)$ |  | 9,416,269 |  | 9,326,053 |  | 90,216 |


|  |  | Original Budget |  | adget nsfers |  | Final <br> Budget |  | Actual |  | iance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Special education: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resource room/resource center: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of teachers | \$ | 961,944 | \$ | 39,110 | \$ | 1,001,054 | \$ | 1,001,054 | \$ | - |
| Other salaries for instruction |  | 853,049 |  | 272,210 |  | 1,125,259 |  | 1,125,258 |  | 1 |
| General supplies |  | 1,000 |  | 31,694 |  | 32,694 |  | 32,694 |  | - |
| Textbooks |  | 1,000 |  | 4,370 |  | 5,370 |  | 5,370 |  | - |
| Total resource room/resource center |  | 1,816,993 |  | 347,384 |  | 2,164,377 |  | 2,164,376 |  | 1 |
| Total special education - instruction |  | 1,816,993 |  | 347,384 |  | 2,164,377 |  | 2,164,376 |  | 1 |
| Bilingual education: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of teachers |  | 245,175 |  | $(29,253)$ |  | 215,922 |  | 215,922 |  | - |
| General supplies |  | 3,000 |  | $(2,718)$ |  | 282 |  | 282 |  | - |
| Textbooks |  | 2,000 |  | $(2,000)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total bilingual education |  | 250,175 |  | $(33,971)$ |  | 216,204 |  | 216,204 |  | - |
| Other instructional: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School-sponsored cocurricular activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries |  | 317,299 |  | $(23,716)$ |  | 293,583 |  | 293,583 |  | - |
| Supplies and materials |  | 45,000 |  | 54,764 |  | 99,764 |  | 96,987 |  | 2,777 |
| Other Objects |  | 36,677 |  | 21,692 |  | 58,369 |  | 58,369 |  | - |
| School-sponsored athletics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries |  | 472,046 |  | $(32,558)$ |  | 439,488 |  | 439,397 |  | 91 |
| Supplies and materials |  | 107,078 |  | $(1,491)$ |  | 105,587 |  | 100,584 |  | 5,003 |
| Other objects |  | 37,746 |  | (918) |  | 36,828 |  | 36,828 |  | - |
| Total other instructional |  | 1,015,846 |  | 17,773 |  | 1,033,619 |  | 1,025,748 |  | 7,871 |
| Total - instruction |  | 12,857,364 |  | $(26,895)$ |  | 12,830,469 |  | 12,732,381 |  | 98,088 |
| Undistributed expenditures - instruction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tuition to other LEA's within the state - special |  | 722,477 |  | $(461,957)$ |  | 260,520 |  | 91,648 |  | 168,872 |
| Tuition to CSSD \& regional day schools |  | 627,495 |  | - |  | 627,495 |  | 515,019 |  | 112,476 |
| Tuition to private schools for the handicapped-within state |  | 223,192 |  | 125,000 |  | 348,192 |  | 300,501 |  | 47,691 |
| Tuition - other |  | 60,500 |  | - |  | 60,500 |  | 47,900 |  | 12,600 |
| Total undistributed expenditures - instruction |  | 1,633,664 |  | $(336,957)$ |  | 1,296,707 |  | 955,068 |  | 341,639 |
| Attendance and social work services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries |  | 6,000 |  | $(6,000)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Purchase professional \& technical services |  | - |  | 20,400 |  | 20,400 |  | 20,400 |  | - |
| Travel |  | 500 |  | (500) |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total attendance and social work services |  | 6,500 |  | 13,900 |  | 20,400 |  | 20,400 |  | - |
| Health services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries |  | 230,989 |  | $(13,346)$ |  | 217,643 |  | 217,643 |  | - |
| Purchased professional and technical services |  | 10,500 |  | 44,490 |  | 54,990 |  | 54,990 |  | - |
| Supplies and materials |  | 11,000 |  | $(8,339)$ |  | 2,661 |  | 2,661 |  | - |
| Other objects |  | 4,000 |  | $(4,000)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total health services |  | 256,489 |  | 18,805 |  | 275,294 |  | 275,294 |  | - |
| Other support services - students-related services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries |  | 106,696 |  | 10,812 |  | 117,508 |  | 117,508 |  | - |
| Purchased professional - educational services |  | 514,794 |  | $(141,649)$ |  | 373,145 |  | 373,145 |  | - |
| Supplies and materials |  | 1,387 |  | 1,747 |  | 3,134 |  | 2,941 |  | 193 |
| Other objects |  | 10,000 |  | $(6,821)$ |  | 3,179 |  | 3,179 |  | - |
| Total other support services - students-related services |  | 632,877 |  | $(135,911)$ |  | 496,966 |  | 496,773 |  | 193 |
| Other support services - students-extra services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchased professional - educational services |  | 647,501 |  | $(24,589)$ |  | 622,912 |  | 622,912 |  | - |
| Total other support services - students-extra services |  | 647,501 |  | $(24,589)$ |  | 622,912 |  | 622,912 |  | - |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |


|  | Original Budget |  | Budget Transfers |  | Final <br> Budget |  | Actual |  | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Facilities acquisition and construction services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Architect/engineering services | \$ | 20,750 | \$ | 58,225 | \$ | 78,975 | \$ | 75,175 | \$ | 3,800 |
| Construction services |  | 889,306 |  | $(58,225)$ |  | 831,081 |  | 708,676 |  | 122,405 |
| Other objects |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 160,694 |  | $(160,694)$ |
| Assessment for debt service on SDA funding |  | 30,709 |  | - |  | 30,709 |  | 30,709 |  | - |
| Total facilities acquisition and construction services |  | 940,765 |  | - |  | 940,765 |  | 975,254 |  | $(34,489)$ |
| Total capital outlay |  | 940,765 |  | - |  | 940,765 |  | 975,254 |  | $(34,489)$ |
| Charter schools |  | 53,455 |  | 51,965 |  | 105,420 |  | 105,420 |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | 29,723,429 |  | - |  | 29,723,429 |  | 34,739,560 |  | $(5,016,131)$ |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fund balances, July 1 |  | 7,591,820 |  | - |  | 7,591,820 |  | 7,591,820 |  | - |
| Fund balances, June 30 | \$ | 4,440,411 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,440,411 | \$ | 6,638,908 | \$ | 2,198,497 |

Recapitulation:
Restricted for:
Excess Surplus - prior year - designated for subsequent year's expenditures
Excess Surplus - current year
Capital reserve
Maintenance reserve
Assigned to:
Year-end encumbrances
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures
Unassigned

Reconciliation to Government Funds (GAAP)
Last State Aid Payment not recognized on GAAP Basis

[^1]| $\$$ | $1,361,742$ |
| ---: | ---: |
|  | $1,053,143$ |
| 950,000 |  |
| 950,000 |  |
|  | 63,374 |
|  | $1,209,060$ |
| $1,051,589$ |  |
|  | $6,638,908$ |
|  |  |
|  | $(195,301)$ |
| $\$$ | $6,443,607$ |


|  | Original Budget |  | Budget <br> Transfers |  | Final Budget |  | Actual |  | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal sources | \$ | 4,202,933 | \$ | 141,045 | \$ | 4,343,978 | \$ | 1,838,871 | \$ | 2,505,107 |
| State sources |  | 484,623 |  | - |  | 484,623 |  | 474,527 |  | 10,096 |
| Local Sources |  | - |  | 153,049 |  | 153,049 |  | 131,426 |  | 21,623 |
| Total revenues |  | 4,687,556 |  | 294,094 |  | 4,981,650 |  | 2,444,824 |  | 2,536,826 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instruction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of teachers |  | 328,453 |  | 30,036 |  | 358,489 |  | 348,393 |  | 10,096 |
| Other salaries for instruction |  | - |  | 113,085 |  | 113,085 |  | 113,085 |  | - |
| Purchased prof. \& tech. services |  | 1,288,637 |  | $(9,945)$ |  | 1,278,692 |  | 1,036,113 |  | 242,579 |
| General supplies |  | 13,504 |  | - |  | 13,504 |  | 13,504 |  | - |
| Total Instruction |  | 1,630,594 |  | 133,176 |  | 1,763,770 |  | 1,511,095 |  | 252,675 |
| Support services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of program directors |  | 43,482 |  | - |  | 43,482 |  | 43,482 |  | - |
| Salaries of secretarial \& clerical staff |  | 15,285 |  | - |  | 15,285 |  | 15,285 |  | - |
| Personal services-employee benefits |  | 95,486 |  | 637 |  | 96,123 |  | 24,199 |  | 71,924 |
| Purchased professional - educational services |  | 107,304 |  | - |  | 107,304 |  | 101,642 |  | 5,662 |
| Purchased technical services |  | 511,341 |  | $(103,000)$ |  | 408,341 |  | 360,797 |  | 47,544 |
| Other purchased services (400-500 series) |  | 20,493 |  | $(20,493)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Supplies and materials |  | 13,034 |  | 926 |  | 13,960 |  | 13,311 |  | 649 |
| Student activities |  | - |  | 150,049 |  | 150,049 |  | 150,049 |  | - |
| Scholarships awarded |  | - |  | 3,000 |  | 3,000 |  | 3,000 |  | - |
| Other objects |  | 42,351 |  | 129,799 |  | 172,150 |  | 171,968 |  | 182 |
| Total support services |  | 848,776 |  | 160,918 |  | 1,009,694 |  | 883,733 |  | 125,961 |
| Facilities acquisition and construction services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction services |  | 1,031,894 |  | - |  | 1,031,894 |  | - |  | 1,031,894 |
| Noninstructional equipment |  | 1,176,292 |  | - |  | 1,176,292 |  | 71,619 |  | 1,104,673 |
| Total facilities acquisition and construction services |  | 2,208,186 |  | - |  | 2,208,186 |  | 71,619 |  | 2,136,567 |
| Total expenditures |  | 4,687,556 |  | 294,094 |  | 4,981,650 |  | 2,466,447 |  | 2,515,203 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(21,623)$ |  | 21,623 |
| Fund balance, July 1 |  | 131,936 |  | - |  | 131,936 |  | 131,936 |  | - |
| Fund balance, June 30 | \$ | 131,936 | \$ | - | \$ | 131,936 | \$ | 110,313 | \$ | 21,623 |

## Recapitulation:

Restricted for:
Scholarships
Student activities

Fund balance

| $\$$ | 18,813 <br> 91,500 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ \quad 110,313$ |  |

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

|  |  | General Fund |  |  | Special <br> Revenue <br> Fund |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sources/inflows of resources |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule | [C-1] | \$ | 33,786,648 | [C-2] | \$ | 2,444,824 |
| Difference - budget to GAAP: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized. |  |  | - |  |  | 335,916 |
| State aid payment recognized for GAAP statements in the current year, previously recognized for budgetary purposes. |  |  | 228,465 |  |  | - |
| State aid payment recognized for budgetary purposes, not recognized for GAAP statements. |  |  | $(195,301)$ |  |  | - |
| Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds. | [B-2] | \$ | 33,819,812 | [B-2] | \$ | 2,780,740 |
| Uses/outflows of resources |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule | [C-1] | \$ | 34,739,560 | [C-2] | \$ | 2,466,447 |
| Difference - budget to GAAP: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes. |  |  | - |  |  | 335,916 |
| Transfers to and from other funds are presented as outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net transfers (outflows) to general fund |  |  | - |  |  | - |
| Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds | [B-2] | \$ | 34,739,560 | [B-2] | \$ | 2,802,363 |

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## PART III

## PENSION AND OPEB INFORMATION

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETS

|  | June 30, 2023 |  | June 30, 2022 |  | June 30, 2021 |  | June 30, 2020 |  | June 30, 2019 |  | June 30, 2018 |  | June 30, 2017 |  | June 30, 2016 |  | June 30, 2015 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District's proportion of the net pension liability |  | 0.02765\% |  | 0.02969\% |  | 0.02918\% |  | 0.02770\% |  | 0.02468\% |  | 0.02484\% |  | 0.02455\% |  | 0.02620\% |  | 0.02543\% |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 4,172,110 | \$ | 3,517,252 | \$ | 4,758,264 | \$ | 4,990,723 | \$ | 4,859,304 | \$ | 5,781,775 | \$ | 7,270,949 | \$ | 5,892,087 | \$ | 4,761,481 |
| District's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 2,598,170 | \$ | 2,138,908 | \$ | 2,291,017 | \$ | 2,056,991 | \$ | 1,847,515 | \$ | 1,710,300 | \$ | 1,727,822 | \$ | 1,657,489 | \$ | 1,774,778 |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll |  | 161\% |  | 164\% |  | 208\% |  | 243\% |  | 263\% |  | 338\% |  | 421\% |  | 355\% |  | 268\% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |  | 62.91\% |  | 70.33\% |  | 58.32\% |  | 56.27\% |  | 53.60\% |  | 48.10\% |  | 40.14\% |  | 47.93\% |  | 52.08\% |

 information is available.
WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

|  | June 30, 2023 |  | June 30, 2022 |  | June 30, 2021 |  | June 30, 2020 |  | June 30, 2019 |  | June 30, 2018 |  | June 30, 2017 |  | June 30, 2016 |  | June 30, 2015 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contractually required contribution | \$ | 348,625 | \$ | 347,707 | \$ | 319,199 | \$ | 269,418 | \$ | 245,483 | \$ | 230,093 | \$ | 218,097 | \$ | 225,660 | \$ | 209,654 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution |  | 348,625 |  | 347,707 |  | 319,199 | \$ | 269,418 | \$ | 245,483 | \$ | 230,093 | \$ | 218,097 | \$ | 225,660 | \$ | 209,654 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| District's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 2,597,170 | \$ | 2,138,908 | \$ | 2,291,017 | \$ | 2,056,991 | \$ | 1,710,300 | \$ | 1,710,300 | \$ | 1,657,489 | \$ | 1,774,778 | \$ | 1,658,529 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll |  | 13.42\% |  | 16.26\% |  | 13.93\% |  | 13.10\% |  | 14.35\% |  | 13.45\% |  | 13.16\% |  | 12.71\% |  | 12.64\% | those years for which information is available.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHERS PENSION ANNUITY FUND (TPAF)
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

|  | June 30, 2023 | June 30, 2022 | June 30, 2021 | June 30, 2020 | June 30, 2019 | June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2017 | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% |
| State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the District | 0.02765\% | 0.09394\% | 0.89343\% | 0.09086\% | 0.08991\% | 0.08466\% | 0.08957\% | 0.89476\% | 0.89476\% |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District | 48,241,262 | 45,160,642 | 58,831,046 | 55,760,882 | 57,197,704 | 57,080,301 | 70,461,723 | 56,552,535 | 48,308,189 |
| Total proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District | $\underline{\text { \$ 48,241,262 }}$ | \$ 45,160,642 | \$ 58,831,046 | \$ 55,760,882 | \$ 57,197,704 | \$ 57,080,301 | \$ 70,461,723 | \$ 56,552,535 | \$ 48,308,189 |
| District proporation share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% | 0.000\% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 32.29\% | 35.52\% | 24.60\% | 26.95\% | 26.49\% | 25.41\% | 22.33\% | 28.71\% | 33.64\% |


WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE STATE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF OPEB LIABILITY
ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE DISTRICT AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

> Note: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.
> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requiement to show information for 10 years in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, the District will only present information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART III

|  | Public Employees' <br> Retirement System <br> (PERS) | Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) | State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees OPEB Plan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Change in benefits | None | None | None |
| Changes in assumptions: |  |  |  |
| Discount rate: |  |  |  |
| As of June 30, 2022 | 7.00\% | 7.00\% | 3.54\% |
| As of June 30, 2021 | 7.00\% | 7.00\% | 2.21\% |
| Municipal bond rate: |  |  |  |
| As of June 30, 2022 | 3.54\% | 3.54\% | 3.54\% |
| As of June 30, 2021 | 2.21\% | 2.21\% | 2.21\% |
| Long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments: |  |  |  |
| As of June 30, 2022 | 7.00\% | 7.00\% | Not Applicable |
| As of June 30, 2021 | 7.00\% | 7.00\% | Not Applicable |

## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULES OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

|  | Total <br> Brought <br> Forward <br> (Ex. E-1a) |  | Elementary and Secondary Education act |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Title I } \\ & \text { Part A } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | Title II Part A |  | Title III <br> Part A |  |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal sources | \$ | 61,920 | \$ | 287,335 | \$ | 44,801 | \$ | 16,854 |
| State sources |  | 474,527 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Private sources |  | 131,426 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total revenues |  | 667,873 |  | 287,335 |  | 44,801 |  | 16,854 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instruction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of teachers |  | 302,675 |  | 45,718 |  | - |  | - |
| Other salaries for instruction |  | 113,085 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Purchased prof. \& tech. services |  | 8,622 |  | 106,418 |  | - |  | 14,854 |
| General supplies |  | - |  | 7,081 |  | - |  | - |
| Total instruction |  | 424,382 |  | 159,217 |  | - |  | 14,854 |
| Support services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of program directors |  | 43,482 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Salaries of secretarial \& clerical staff |  | 15,285 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Personal services-employee benefits |  | - |  | 24,199 |  | - |  | - |
| Purchased professional - educational services |  | - |  | 101,642 |  | - |  | - |
| Purchased technical services |  | 53,298 |  | - |  | 44,801 |  | 2,000 |
| Supplies and materials |  | - |  | 2,277 |  | - |  | - |
| Scholarships awarded |  | 3,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Student activities |  | 150,049 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Other objects |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total support services |  | 265,114 |  | 128,118 |  | 44,801 |  | 2,000 |
| Facilities acquisition and construction services: Noninstructional equipment |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total facilities acquisition and construction services |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | 689,496 |  | 287,335 |  | 44,801 |  | 16,854 |
| Total outflows |  | 689,496 |  | 287,335 |  | 44,801 |  | 16,854 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing (uses) |  | $(21,623)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance, July 1 |  | 131,936 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance, June 30 | \$ | 110,313 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |



WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMBINING SCHEDULES OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

|  | ARP <br> Accelerated Learning |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ARP } \\ \text { Mental Health } \\ \text { Support } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Preschool <br> Education $\qquad$ <br> A |  | Scholarship Activities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal sources | \$ | 16,920 | \$ | 45,000 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| State sources |  | - |  | - |  | 474,527 |  | - |
| Private sources |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,264 |
| Total revenues |  | 16,920 |  | 45,000 |  | 474,527 |  | 2,264 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instruction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of teachers |  | - |  | - |  | 302,675 |  | - |
| Other salaries for instruction |  | - |  | - |  | 113,085 |  | - |
| Purchased prof. \& tech. services |  | 8,622 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| General supplies |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total instruction |  | 8,622 |  | - |  | 415,760 |  | - |
| Support services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of program directors |  | - |  | - |  | 43,482 |  | - |
| Salaries of secretarial \& clerical staff |  | - |  | - |  | 15,285 |  | - |
| Personal services-employee benefits |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Purchased professional - educational services |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Purchased technical services |  | 8,298 |  | 45,000 |  | - |  | - |
| Supplies and materials |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Scholarships awarded |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 3,000 |
| Student activities |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Other objects |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total support services |  | 8,298 |  | 45,000 |  | 58,767 |  | 3,000 |
| Facilities acquisition and construction services: Noninstructional equipment |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total facilities acquisition and construction services |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | 16,920 |  | 45,000 |  | 474,527 |  | 3,000 |
| Total outflows |  | 16,920 |  | 45,000 |  | 474,527 |  | 3,000 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (736) |
| Fund balance, July 1 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 19,549 |
| Fund balance, June 30 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 18,813 |

$\left.\begin{array}{ccc} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Student } \\ \text { Activities }\end{array} & \end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Total } \\ \text { Carried } \\ \text { Forward }\end{array}\right)$

|  |  | riginal <br> Budget | Budget <br> Transfers |  | Final <br> Budget |  | Actual |  | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instruction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of teachers | \$ | 312,771 | \$ | - | \$ | 312,771 | \$ | 302,675 | \$ | 10,096 |
| Other salaries for instruction |  | 113,085 |  | - |  | 113,085 |  | 113,085 |  | - |
| Total instruction |  | 425,856 |  | - |  | 425,856 |  | 415,760 |  | 10,096 |
| Support services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries of program directors |  | 43,482 |  | - |  | 43,482 |  | 43,482 |  | - |
| Salaries of secretarial \& clerical staff |  | 15,285 |  | - |  | 15,285 |  | 15,285 |  | - |
| Total support services |  | 58,767 |  | - |  | 58,767 |  | 58,767 |  | - |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 484,623 | \$ | - | \$ | 484,623 | \$ | 474,527 | \$ | 10,096 |

## CALCULATION OF BUDGET \& CARRYOVER

| Total revised 2022-23 Preschool Education Aid | \$ | 467,400 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Add: 2021-22 Actual Carryover - Preschool Education Aid |  | 7,127 |
| Total Preschool Education Aid Funds Available for 2022-23 Budget |  | 474,527 |
| Less: 2022-23 Budgeted Preschool Education Aid (Including Prior Year Budgeted Carryover) |  | $(484,623)$ |
| Available \& Unbudgeted Funds as of June 30, 2023 |  | $(10,096)$ |
| Add: June 30, 2023 Unexpended Preschool Education Aid |  | 10,096 |
| 2022-23 Actual Carryover - Preschool Education Aid | \$ | - |
| 2022-23 Preschool Education Aid Carryover Budgeted for Preschool Programs 2023-24 | \$ | 7,126 |

## CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

| Title/Issue | $\underline{\text { Original Date }}$ | Appropriations |  | Expenditures to Date |  |  |  | Unexpended Balance June 30, 2023 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | rior Years |  | t Year |  |  |
| Various School Improvements | 07/27/17 | \$ | 16,000,000 | \$ | 16,000,000 | \$ | $(2,483)$ | \$ | 2,483 |
| Fund Balance |  | \$ | 16,000,000 | \$ | 16,000,000 | \$ | $(2,483)$ | \$ | 2,483 |

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
Miscellaneous revenue
Interest earned
Total revenues and other financing sources
\$ 2,483

EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
Transfer to debt service fund
Total expenditures and other financing uses
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over
expenditures and other financing uses
2,483
Fund Balance, July 1
Fund Balance, June 30

| $\$ \quad 2,483$ |
| :--- |

SCHEDULE OF PROJECT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, PROJECT BALANCE
AND PROJECT STATUS - BUDGETARY BASIS
VARIOUS SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS 7/27/2017
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Additional Project Information:
Project Number
Grant Date
Bond Authorization Date
Bonds Authorized
Bonds Issued
Original Authorized Cost
Additional Authorized Cost
Revised Authorized Cost
5580-070-17-1000
N/A
7/27/2017
\$ 16,000,000
$16,000,000$
$16,000,330$

Percentage Increase over Original Authorized Cost
Percentage of Completion
Original Target Completion Date
.0.08\%

Revised Target Completion Date
$16,000,330$

*     - Information not available

N/A - Not Applicable

## PROPRIETARY FUND

|  | Food Service Fund |  | Latchkey Program |  | Total Enterprise Fund |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 194,675 | \$ | 5,526 | \$ | 200,201 |
| Interfund receivable |  | 11,164 |  | - |  | 11,164 |
| Intergovernmental receivable |  | 15,308 |  | - |  | 15,308 |
| Accounts receivable |  | 66,111 |  | - |  | 66,111 |
| Inventory |  | 21,390 |  | - |  | 21,390 |
| Total current assets |  | 308,648 |  | 5,526 |  | 314,174 |
| Noncurrent assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment |  | 159,828 |  | - |  | 159,828 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation |  | $(85,971)$ |  | - |  | $(85,971)$ |
| Total noncurrent assets |  | 73,857 |  | - |  | 73,857 |
| Total assets |  | 382,505 |  | 5,526 |  | 388,031 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 51,703 |  | 2,444 |  | 54,147 |
| NET POSITION |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment in capital assets |  | 73,857 |  | - |  | 73,857 |
| Unrestricted |  | 256,945 |  | 3,082 |  | 260,027 |
| Total net position | \$ | 330,802 | \$ | 3,082 | \$ | 333,884 |


|  | Food Service Fund |  | Latchkey Program |  | Total <br> Enterprise <br> Fund |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Daily sales - nonreimbursable programs | \$ | 163,932 | \$ | - | \$ | 163,932 |
| Daily sales - reimbursable programs |  | 70,257 |  | - |  | 70,257 |
| Community service activities |  | - |  | 26,732 |  | 26,732 |
| Total operating revenues |  | 234,189 |  | 26,732 |  | 260,921 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of sales - reimbursable programs |  | 182,562 |  | - |  | 182,562 |
| Cost of sales - non-reimbursable programs |  | 59,323 |  | - |  | 59,323 |
| Salaries and wages |  | 156,709 |  | 24,288 |  | 180,997 |
| Employee benefits |  | 43,800 |  | - |  | 43,800 |
| Supplies and materials |  | 46,273 |  | 2,444 |  | 48,717 |
| Maintenance \& Repairs |  | 5,415 |  | - |  | 5,415 |
| Insurance - Other |  | 1,427 |  | - |  | 1,427 |
| Uniforms |  | 2,315 |  | - |  | 2,315 |
| Other purchased services |  | 8,351 |  | - |  | 8,351 |
| Management fees |  | 43,205 |  | - |  | 43,205 |
| Depreciation expense |  | 6,756 |  | - |  | 6,756 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 556,136 |  | 26,732 |  | 582,868 |
| Operating (loss) |  | $(321,947)$ |  | - |  | $(321,947)$ |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State school breakfast program |  | 375 |  | - |  | 375 |
| State school lunch program |  | 9,061 |  | - |  | 9,061 |
| Federal sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School breakfast program |  | 29,576 |  | - |  | 29,576 |
| School Lunch program |  | 232,610 |  | - |  | 232,610 |
| Food distribution program |  | 49,626 |  | - |  | 49,626 |
| Healthy hunger-free kids act program |  | 7,988 |  | - |  | 7,988 |
| Supply Chain Assistance Grant |  | 71,362 |  | - |  | 71,362 |
| Local food for schools program |  | 373 |  | - |  | 373 |
| Total nonoperating revenues |  | 400,971 |  | - |  | 400,971 |
| Change in net position |  | 79,024 |  | - |  | 79,024 |
| Net position, July 1 |  | 251,778 |  | 3,082 |  | 254,860 |
| Net position, June 30 | \$ | 330,802 | \$ | 3,082 | \$ | 333,884 |

## FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

|  | Food Service Fund |  | Latchkey Program |  | Total Enterprise Fund |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts from customers | \$ | 171,763 | \$ | 26,732 | \$ | 198,495 |
| Payments to employees |  | $(156,709)$ |  | $(24,288)$ |  | $(180,997)$ |
| Payments for employee benefits |  | $(43,800)$ |  | - |  | $(43,800)$ |
| Payments to suppliers |  | $(271,003)$ |  | (138) |  | $(271,141)$ |
| Net cash (used) provided by operating activities |  | $(299,749)$ |  | 2,306 |  | $(297,443)$ |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING <br> ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State sources |  | 9,953 |  | - |  | 9,953 |
| Federal sources |  | 377,084 |  | - |  | 377,084 |
| Other sources |  | (664) |  | - |  | (664) |
| Payments due from general fund |  | $(11,164)$ |  | - |  | $(11,164)$ |
| Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities |  | 375,209 |  | - |  | 375,209 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acquisition of assets |  | $(9,738)$ |  | - |  | $(9,738)$ |
| Net increase in cash |  | 65,722 |  | 2,306 |  | 68,028 |
| Cash, July 1 |  | 128,953 |  | 3,220 |  | 132,173 |
| Cash, June 30 | \$ | 194,675 | \$ | 5,526 | \$ | 200,201 |

## RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH

 (USED) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:Operating (loss)

Adjustment to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used) provided by operating activities:
Depreciation
Food distribution program
(Increase) in inventories
(Increase) in other receivable Increase in accounts payable
Total adjustments

Net cash (used) provided by operating activities

NON-CASH ACTIVITY FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Food distribution program
$\xlongequal{\$ 49,626} \xlongequal{49,626}$

## LONG-TERM DEBT

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT LONG TERM DEBT
SCHEDULE OF SERIAL BONDS
JUNE 30,

$13,550,000$


8
8
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|  | 8 8 $i$ <br> $\infty$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 . \\ & \hline- \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

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$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Purpose } \\
& \hline 2019 \text { (2) School Buses } \\
& 2019 \text { Pick-up Truck and Van }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\begin{array}{c}
\text { Term of } \\
\text { Lease }
\end{array} \\
\hline 5 \text { years } \\
5 \text { years }
\end{gathered}
$$



|  | Original <br> Budget |  | Budget <br> Transfers |  | Final <br> Budget |  | Actual |  | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local tax levy | \$ | 1,617,045 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,617,045 | \$ | 1,617,045 | \$ | - |
| State sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt service aid |  | 523,566 |  | - |  | 523,566 |  | 523,566 |  | - |
| Total revenues |  | 2,140,611 |  | - |  | 2,140,611 |  | 2,140,611 |  | - |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regular debt service: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest |  | 566,135 |  | - |  | 566,135 |  | 566,135 |  | - |
| Redemption of principal |  | 1,575,000 |  | - |  | 1,575,000 |  | 1,575,000 |  | - |
| Total regular debt service |  | 2,141,135 |  | - |  | 2,141,135 |  | 2,141,135 |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | 2,141,135 |  | - |  | 2,141,135 |  | 2,141,135 |  | - |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | (524) |  | - |  | (524) |  | (524) |  | - |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest earned in capital projects fund |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 330 |  | 330 |
| (Deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources (under) expenditures and other financing soruces |  | (524) |  | - |  | (524) |  | (194) |  | - |
| Fund balances, July 1 |  | 545 |  | - |  | 545 |  | 545 |  | - |
| Fund balances, June 30 | \$ | 21 | \$ | - | \$ | 21 | \$ | 351 | \$ | - |

## STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

## FINANCIAL TRENDS

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHO
NET POSITON BY COMPPNENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOU

GASB 68 was implemented during the 2015 fiscal year, which required the restatement of beginning
net position in the amount of $\$ 5,767,563$. The amount is not reflected in the June 30,2014 net position,
WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

|  | Fiscal the Fiscal Year Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014 |  | $2015{ }^{\text {(1) }}$ |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | $2018{ }^{(2)}$ |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instruction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regular | \$ | 10,602,822 | \$ | 12,317,434 | \$ | 13,237,979 | \$ | 14,555,101 | \$ | 15,907,413 | \$ | 15,742,580 | \$ | 15,001,575 | \$ | 17,400,139 | \$ | 15,732,480 | \$ | 15,848,758 |
| Special education |  | 1,440,259 |  | 1,645,319 |  | 1,843,550 |  | 1,904,892 |  | 2,373,693 |  | 2,300,125 |  | 2,337,230 |  | 2,475,998 |  | 2,871,504 |  | 3,454,776 |
| Other special instruction |  | 269,678 |  | 258,456 |  | 324,128 |  | 377,005 |  | 420,379 |  | 395,264 |  | 392,086 |  | 449,260 |  | 420,408 |  | 346,985 |
| Other instruction |  | 640,955 |  | 714,741 |  | 816,864 |  | 903,399 |  | 1,329,888 |  | 1,449,568 |  | 1,333,901 |  | 1,412,842 |  | 1,324,239 |  | 1,490,649 |
| Support Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tuition |  | 2,766,054 |  | 2,985,446 |  | 3,121,199 |  | 3,003,394 |  | 2,392,536 |  | 3,028,634 |  | 3,864,628 |  | 2,441,752 |  | 1,043,935 |  | 1,023,635 |
| Student \& instruction related services |  | 2,806,067 |  | 3,107,519 |  | 3,094,919 |  | 3,522,249 |  | 4,329,469 |  | 4,558,617 |  | 4,116,226 |  | 4,657,912 |  | 5,614,975 |  | 5,365,739 |
| School administrative services |  | 905,185 |  | 1,128,748 |  | 1,335,029 |  | 1,635,589 |  | 1,698,315 |  | 1,386,266 |  | 1,299,633 |  | 1,338,174 |  | 864,307 |  | 710,104 |
| General and business administrative services |  | 1,719,695 |  | 1,700,647 |  | 1,824,018 |  | 2,166,493 |  | 2,220,493 |  | 2,106,443 |  | 2,075,003 |  | 2,217,881 |  | 1,917,792 |  | 2,328,902 |
| Plant operations and maintenance |  | 2,264,706 |  | 2,253,858 |  | 2,289,711 |  | 2,541,032 |  | 2,919,311 |  | 2,567,957 |  | 3,005,777 |  | 2,973,052 |  | 3,047,771 |  | 3,202,231 |
| Pupil transportation |  | 1,331,296 |  | 1,362,554 |  | 1,473,970 |  | 1,464,490 |  | 1,446,165 |  | 1,784,338 |  | 1,385,538 |  | 1,182,704 |  | 1,452,876 |  | 1,933,516 |
| Charter Schools |  | 101,212 |  | 118,305 |  | 141,643 |  | 167,882 |  | 167,540 |  | 120,360 |  | 101,761 |  | 99,154 |  | 62,200 |  | 105,420 |
| Unallocated Depreciation |  | 136,291 |  | 120,443 |  | 108,658 |  | 104,727 |  | 128,229 |  | 84,303 |  | 114,449 |  | 145,368 |  | 181,077 |  | - |
| Interest on long-term liabilities |  | 417,270 |  | 459,744 |  | 415,378 |  | 390,150 |  | 295,386 |  | 966,964 |  | 715,980 |  | 667,255 |  | 614,245 |  | 566,135 |
| Total governmental activities expenses |  | 25,401,490 |  | 28,173,214 |  | 30,027,046 |  | 32,736,403 |  | 35,628,817 |  | 36,491,419 |  | 35,743,787 |  | 37,461,491 |  | 35,147,809 |  | 36,376,850 |
| Business-type activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food service |  | 405,194 |  | 417,006 |  | 446,942 |  | 389,693 |  | 404,538 |  | 412,177 |  | 348,261 |  | 184,027 |  | 477,178 |  | 556,136 |
| Latchkey program |  | 94,263 |  | 117,107 |  | 254,034 |  | 316,133 |  | 485,734 |  | 383,654 |  | 164,333 |  | - |  | 139,698 |  | 26,732 |
| Total business-type activities expense |  | 499,457 |  | 534,113 |  | 700,976 |  | 705,826 |  | 890,272 |  | 795,831 |  | 512,594 |  | 184,027 |  | 616,876 |  | 582,868 |
| Total government-wide expenses | \$ | $\underline{25,900,947}$ | \$ | 28,707,327 | \$ | 30,728,022 | \$ | 33,442,229 | \$ | 36,519,089 | \$ | 37,287,250 | \$ | 36,256,381 | \$ | 37,645,518 | \$ | 35,764,685 | \$ | 36,959,718 |





 \(\begin{array}{r}\$(19,370,129) <br>

\hline\)| 116,851 |
| :--- |
| $(19,253,278)$ | <br>

\hline \hline\end{array} Net (Expense)/Revenue
Governmental activities Program Revenues
Governmental activities: Charges for Services
Operating grants and contributions Operating grants and contributions
Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues
Business-type activity: Business-type activity:
Charges for services

Food service Operating grants and contributions
Total business type activities program re Total government-wide program revenues

Business-type activity
Total government-wide net expense
WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

|  | Fiscal the Fiscal Year Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014 |  | $2015{ }^{\text {(1) }}$ |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | $2018{ }^{(2)}$ |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property taxes levied for general purposes, net | \$ | 17,475,315 | \$ | 17,904,821 | \$ | 18,422,272 | \$ | 19,127,272 | \$ | 19,794,817 | \$ | 20,569,732 | \$ | 21,519,163 | \$ | 23,500,476 | \$ | 23,500,476 | \$ | 23,970,486 |
| Taxes levied for debt service |  | 1,158,420 |  | 945,790 |  | 893,223 |  | 972,199 |  | 979,759 |  | 1,402,119 |  | 1,478,261 |  | 1,627,606 |  | 1,597,885 |  | 1,617,045 |
| Federal and State aid not restricted |  | 25,566 |  | $(2,429)$ |  | $(10,091)$ |  | $(27,804)$ |  | 7,727 |  | 12,982 |  | 48,283 |  | $(32,120)$ |  | $(1,233)$ |  | - |
| Sale of property |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,900,000 |  | 800,000 |  | - |  | 100,000 |
| Investment earnings |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 23,039 |
| Miscellaneous income |  | 271,414 |  | 132,774 |  | 372,063 |  | 310,424 |  | 377,604 |  | 594,806 |  | 203,122 |  | 110,028 |  | 251,656 |  | 313,100 |
| Local pilot contribution |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 757,000 |  | 725,000 |  | 425,000 |  | 270,010 |  | - |
| Special items |  | 171,475 |  | 131,964 |  | 79,958 |  | 7,968 |  | $(3,231)$ |  | $(238,947)$ |  | 574 |  | 55,119 |  | 57,131 |  | 407,647 |
| Transfers |  | 8,372 |  | 12 |  | 130 |  | 276 |  | 87,711 |  | 77,180 |  | 18,897 |  | 1,484,794 |  | 21 |  | - |
| Total governmental activities |  | 19,110,562 |  | 19,112,932 |  | 19,757,555 |  | 20,390,335 |  | 21,244,387 |  | 23,174,872 |  | 25,893,300 |  | 27,970,903 |  | 25,675,946 |  | 26,431,317 |
| Business-type activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total business-type activities |  | - |  | 5,930 |  | - |  | 858 |  | $(6,451)$ |  | 11,559 |  | (358) |  | $(4,609)$ |  | - |  | - |
| Total government-wide | \$ | 19,110,562 | \$ | 19,118,862 | \$ | 19,757,555 | \$ | 20,391,193 | \$ | 21,237,936 | \$ | 23,186,431 | \$ | 25,892,942 | \$ | 27,966,294 | \$ | 25,675,946 | \$ | 26,431,317 |
| Change in Net Position |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental activities | \$ | $(259,567)$ | \$ | $(300,211)$ | \$ | $(663,353)$ | \$ | $(1,012,154)$ | \$ | $(1,131,747)$ | \$ | (1,599,313) | \$ | 1,026,324 | \$ | 4,809,071 | \$ | 3,092,472 | \$ | 1,003,048 |
| Business-type activity |  | 116,851 |  | 86,449 |  | $(32,688)$ |  | $(105,891)$ |  | (310,701) |  | $(176,564)$ |  | $(50,505)$ |  | $(28,085)$ |  | 207,030 |  | 79,024 |
| Total government-wide | \$ | $\stackrel{(142,716)}{ }$ | \$ | $\stackrel{(213,762)}{ }$ | \$ | $\underline{(696,041)}$ | \$ | (1,118,045) | \$ | $(1,442,448)$ | \$ | $(1,775,877)$ | \$ | 975,819 | \$ | 4,780,986 | \$ | 3,299,502 | \$ | 1,082,072 |

[^2]WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MNADDIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

|  | June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  |
| General Fund: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Restricted | \$ | 1,963,847 | \$ | 1,825,451 | \$ | 1,477,974 | \$ | 1,210,647 | \$ | 682,770 | \$ | 54,250 | \$ | 1,163,736 | \$ | 3,709,420 | \$ | 4,569,145 | \$ | 4,314,885 |
| Assigned |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,244,027 |  | 63,374 |
| Unassigned |  | 251,556 |  | 330,042 |  | 264,077 |  | 245,727 |  | - |  | (185,579) |  | 486,874 |  | 1,341,620 |  | 1,550,183 |  | 2,065,348 |
| Total general fund | \$ | 2,215,403 | \$ | 2,155,493 | \$ | $\underline{\text { 1,742,051 }}$ | \$ | $\underline{\text { 1,456,374 }}$ | \$ | 682,770 | \$ | $\xrightarrow{(131,329)}$ | \$ | $\xrightarrow{1,650,610}$ | \$ | 5,051,040 | \$ | $\underline{ }$ | \$ | $\xlongequal{6,443,607}$ |
| All Other Governmental Funds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Restricted-Debt Service fund |  | 76,006 |  | 76,018 | \$ | 142 | \$ | 406 | \$ | 176,994 | \$ | 276,248 | \$ | 140,778 | \$ | 41,772 | \$ | 545 | \$ | 351 |
| Restricted-Capital Projects fund |  | 123,875 |  | 91,430 |  | 90,180 |  | 7,840 |  | 12,036,551 |  | 7,471,277 |  | 70,885 |  | 18,400 |  | - |  | 2,483 |
| Restricted-Special Revenue fund |  | $(54,683)$ |  | (57,890) |  | $(56,159)$ |  | $(55,618)$ |  | $(54,255)$ |  | $(48,679)$ |  | (160,289) |  | 130,520 |  | 131,936 |  | 110,313 |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ | 145,198 | \$ | 109,558 | \$ | 34,163 | \$ | $\underline{(47,372)}$ | \$ | 12,159,290 | \$ | 7,698,846 | \$ | 51,374 | \$ | 190,692 | \$ | 132,481 | \$ | 113,147 |
| Source:District Records |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |











WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND OTHER LOCAL REVENUE BY SOURCE (NJ)
FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Source:
District

## REVENUE CAPACITY

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year Ended } \\ \text { June 30, } \end{gathered}$ |  | Net <br> Assessed Valuations |  | Estimated <br> Full Cash <br> Valuations | Percentage of Net Assessed to Estimated Full Cash Valuations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2014 | \$ | 1,181,084,193 | \$ | 2,639,452,108 | 44.75\% |
| 2015 |  | 1,179,925,232 |  | 2,615,082,518 | 45.12\% |
| 2016 |  | 1,194,462,742 |  | 2,690,837,445 | 44.39\% |
| 2017 |  | 1,249,269,560 |  | 2,890,489,495 | 43.22\% |
| 2018 * |  | 3,850,799,400 |  | 3,526,737,142 | 109.19\% |
| 2019 |  | 4,089,418,600 |  | 4,043,324,698 | 101.14\% |
| 2020 |  | 4,105,080,500 |  | 4,058,810,065 | 101.14\% |
| 2021 |  | 4,099,001,300 |  | 4,094,497,353 | 100.11\% |
| 2022 |  | 4,093,983,568 |  | 4,082,766,444 | 100.27\% |
| 2023 |  | 4,079,412,884 |  | 4,082,647,565 | 99.92\% |

Source:
Certification Schedule of the General Tax Rate from Borough Tax Assessor and County Abstract of Ratables from County Board of Taxation.

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAXES
PER \$100.00 OF ASSESSED VALUATION
FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

| Assessment$\qquad$ | Direct Rate | Overlapping Rates |  |  | Total Direct and Overlapping Tax Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weehawken School District | Weehawken Township | Hudson County | Special Garbage District |  |
| 2014 | 1.5880 | 2.1170 | 1.1820 | 0.1840 | 5.0710 |
| 2015 | 1.5960 | 2.2450 | 1.2250 | 0.1850 | 5.2510 |
| 2016 | 1.5960 | 2.3700 | 1.0940 | 0.1830 | 5.2430 |
| 2017 | 1.6350 | 2.3340 | 1.1450 | 0.1840 | 5.2980 |
| 2018 * | 0.5600 | 0.6700 | 0.4210 | 0.0630 | 1.7140 |
| 2019 | 0.5450 | 0.6930 | 0.4170 | 0.0600 | 1.7150 |
| 2020 | 0.5860 | 0.7630 | 0.3880 | 0.0610 | 1.7980 |
| 2021 | 0.6120 | 0.7700 | 0.3860 | 0.0610 | 1.8290 |
| 2022 | 0.6200 | 0.8250 | 0.3480 | 0.0640 | 1.8570 |
| 2023 | 0.6350 | 0.8680 | 0.3670 | 0.0650 | 1.9350 |

Source:
Certification Schedule of the General Tax Rate, Tax Assessor.

| Taxpayers | 2022 |  |  |  | 2014 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Taxable Assessed Value | Rank | \% of Total District Net Assessed Value | Taxable Assessed Value | Rank | \% of Total District Net Assessed Value |
| Fort Point Investments LLC | \$ | 117,939,700 | 1 | 6.29\% | Information not available |  |  |
| 100 Llc \% Home Dynamix LLC |  | 29,580,500 | 2 | 1.58\% |  |  |  |
| Riverview Gdns C/O S.Geltman \& Co. |  | 20,317,100 | 3 | 1.08\% |  |  |  |
| Meadowlands Holdings, LLC |  | 17,796,000 | 4 | 0.95\% |  |  |  |
| Riverview Gdns C/O S.Geltman \& Co. |  | 14,081,200 | 5 | 0.75\% |  |  |  |
| Riverview Gdns C/O S.Geltman \& Co. |  | 13,276,500 | 6 | 0.71\% |  |  |  |
| Canterbury At Arlington Inc |  | 11,900,500 | 7 | 0.63\% |  |  |  |
| Lta Realty LLC |  | 8,418,200 | 8 | 0.45\% |  |  |  |
| Schuyler Resources LLC |  | 8,207,700 | 9 | 0.44\% |  |  |  |
| Pegasus 450 Belleville Tpke LLC |  | 4,087,300 | 10 | 0.22\% |  |  |  |
| Total | \$ | 245,604,700 |  | 13.10\% |  |  |  |


| Year Ended <br> December 31, |  | Total Tax Levy |  | Current Collections ${ }^{(1)}$ | Percent of Tax Levy Collected |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2014 | \$ | 18,633,735 | \$ | 18,633,735 | 100.00\% |
| 2015 |  | 18,850,611 |  | 18,850,611 | 100.00\% |
| 2016 |  | 19,315,495 |  | 19,315,495 | 100.00\% |
| 2017 |  | 20,099,471 |  | 20,099,471 | 100.00\% |
| 2018 |  | 20,774,576 |  | 20,774,576 | 100.00\% |
| 2019 |  | 21,971,851 |  | 21,971,851 | 100.00\% |
| 2020 |  | 22,997,424 |  | 22,997,424 | 100.00\% |
| 2021 |  | 25,128,082 |  | 25,128,082 | 100.00\% |
| 2022 |  | 25,098,361 |  | 25,098,361 | 100.00\% |
| 2023 |  | 25,587,531 |  | 25,587,531 | 100.00\% |

Source:
District records invluding the Certificate and Report of School Taxes (A4F form)

Note:
(1) School taxes are collected by the Municipal Tax Collector. Under New Jersey State Statute, a Municipality is required to remit to the school district the entire property tax balance, in the amount voted upon or certified prior to the end of the school year.

## DEBT CAPACITY

|  | Governmental Activities |  |  |  |  |  | Total District |  | Percentage of Personal Income | Per Capita |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, |  | General Obligation Bonds | Finance <br> Purchases |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014 | \$ | 11,125,000 | \$ | 157,360 | \$ | - | \$ | 11,282,360 | 1.70\% | \$ | 51,066 |
| 2015 |  | 10,485,000 |  | 169,628 |  | - |  | 10,654,628 | 1.41\% |  | 54,675 |
| 2016 |  | 9,765,000 |  | 102,616 |  | - |  | 9,867,616 | 1.17\% |  | 56,597 |
| 2017 |  | 9,020,000 |  | 50,594 |  | - |  | 9,070,594 | 1.00\% |  | 60,558 |
| 2018 |  | 24,310,000 |  | 98,098 |  | - |  | 24,408,098 | 2.54\% |  | 65,090 |
| 2019 |  | 23,525,000 |  | 115,159 |  | - |  | 23,640,159 | 2.38\% |  | 67,570 |
| 2020 |  | 22,115,000 |  | 82,893 |  | - |  | 22,197,893 | 2.11\% |  | 71,682 |
| 2021 |  | 20,525,000 |  | 136,048 |  | - |  | 20,661,048 | 1.99\% |  | 72,046 |
| 2022 |  | 19,020,000 |  | 58,554 |  | - |  | 19,078,554 | 1.48\% |  | 76,584 |
| 2023 |  | 17,445,000 |  | - |  | - |  | 17,445,000 | (1) |  | (1) |

Source:
Details regarding the District's outstanding liabilities can be found in the notes to the basic financial

Personal income and population data was provided by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Division. These ratios are caclucated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Note:
(1) Information was not available at the time of the audit.

|  | General Bonded Debt Outstanding |  |  |  |  |  | Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property | Per Capita |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | General <br> Obligation Bonds |  | Deductions |  | Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding |  |  |  |  |
| 2014 | \$ | 11,125,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 11,125,000 | 0.94\% | \$ | 51,066 |
| 2015 |  | 10,485,000 |  | - |  | 10,485,000 | 0.89\% |  | 54,675 |
| 2016 |  | 9,765,000 |  | - |  | 9,765,000 | 0.82\% |  | 56,597 |
| 2017 |  | 9,020,000 |  | - |  | 9,020,000 | 0.72\% |  | 60,558 |
| 2018 |  | 24,310,000 |  | - |  | 24,310,000 | 0.63\% |  | 65,090 |
| 2019 |  | 23,525,000 |  | - |  | 23,525,000 | 0.58\% |  | 67,570 |
| 2020 |  | 22,115,000 |  | - |  | 22,115,000 | 0.54\% |  | 71,682 |
| 2021 |  | 20,525,000 |  |  |  | 20,525,000 | 0.50\% |  | 72,046 |
| 2022 |  | 19,020,000 |  | - |  | 19,020,000 | 0.46\% |  | 76,584 |
| 2023 |  | 17,445,000 |  | - |  | 17,445,000 | 0.43\% |  | (1) |

Source:
Debt outstanding data can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Assessed valuations were provided by the Abstract of Ratables, County Board of Taxation. School District population data was estimated by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Division.
(1) Information was not available at the time of the audit.

|  |  | Debt <br> Outstanding | Estimated <br> Percentage <br> Applicable |  | Estimated <br> Share of Overlapping Debt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Debt repaid with property taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weehawken Municipality ${ }^{(1)}$ | \$ | 89,043,250 | 100.00\% |  | 89,043,250 |
| County of Hudson ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 557,105,696 | 4.72\% |  | 26,295,389 |
| Subtotal, overlapping debt |  |  |  |  | 115,338,639 |
| Weehawken School District, Direct Debt |  |  |  |  | 17,445,000 |
| Total Direct and Overlapping Debt |  |  |  | \$ | 132,783,639 |

Source:
(1) Weehawken Municipality's Chief Financial Officer and Annaua Debt Statement
(2) Hudson county Treasurer's office

Note:
The source for this compution was the 2023 table of equalized value, which is supplied by the New Jersey Division of Taxation


DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

| Year Ended December 31, | Population | Personal Income |  |  | Per Capita come | Unemployment Rate \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2014 | 13,031 | \$ | 665,441,046 | \$ | 51,066 | 4.90 |
| 2015 | 13,819 |  | 755,553,825 |  | 54,675 | 3.80 |
| 2016 | 14,923 |  | 844,597,031 |  | 56,597 | 4.80 |
| 2017 | 14,915 |  | 903,222,570 |  | 60,558 | 3.50 |
| 2018 | 14,778 |  | 961,900,020 |  | 65,090 | 3.00 |
| 2019 | 14,675 |  | 991,589,750 |  | 67,570 | 2.40 |
| 2020 | 14,675 |  | 1,051,933,350 |  | 71,682 | 7.90 |
| 2021 | 14,442 |  | 1,040,488,332 |  | 72,046 | 5.20 |
| 2022 | 16,790 |  | 1,285,845,360 |  | 76,584 | 3.00 |
| 2023 | (1) |  | (1) |  | (1) | (1) |

Source:
Unemployment information provided by the NJ Department of Labor and Workforce Development. Population and per capita income is estimated based upon the American Community Surveys published by the US Bureau of Economic Analysis. Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented.

Note:
(1) Information not available at time of audit.

| Employer | 2022 |  |  | 2014 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employees | Rank (Optional) | Percentage of <br> Total Municipal <br> Employment | Employees | Rank (Optional) | Percentage of Total Municipal Employment |
| UBS Financial Sve. | 5,000 | 1 | 55.01\% | 5,000 | 1 | 70.00\% |
| Hanover Direct, Inc. | 1,975 | 2 | 21.73\% | 100 | 8 | 1.40\% |
| The Swatch Group US Inc. | 700 | 3 | 7.70\% | 440 | 3 | 6.16\% |
| Port Imperial Ferry Corp. | 500 | 4 | 5.50\% |  |  |  |
| Dykes Lumber Co. Inc. | 175 | 5 | 1.93\% |  |  |  |
| Weehawken Board of Education | 137 | 6 | 1.51\% |  |  |  |
| Micros Retail System Inc. | 103 | 7 | 1.13\% |  |  |  |
| Chart House Restaurant | 100 | 8 | 1.10\% | 100 | 7 | 1.40\% |
| Arcorp properties |  |  |  | 500 | 2 | 7.00\% |
| New Jersey Department of Transportation |  |  |  | 300 | 4 | 4.20\% |
| Ceres Marine Terminals Inc. |  |  |  | 200 | 5 | 2.80\% |
| The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey |  |  |  | 110 | 6 | 1.54\% |
| Houlihan's |  |  |  | 100 | 9 | 1.40\% |
| Specialists LTD |  |  |  | 100 | 10 | 1.40\% |
|  | 8,690 |  | 95.61\% | 6,950 |  | 97.30\% |

[^3]
## OPERATING INFORMATION

[^4][^5]|  |  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  <br>  |


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| :---: | :---: |



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { a. Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay. } \\
& \text { b. Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certificated staff. }
\end{aligned}
$$

(1) Information not available at time of the audit
istrict Building

|  | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District Building |  |  |  |
| Elementary |  |  |  |
| Daniel Webster |  |  |  |
| Square Feet | 50,700 | 50,700 | 50,700 |
| Capacity (students) | 281 | 281 | 281 |
| Enrollment | 417 | 429 | 445 |
| Theodore Roosevelt |  |  |  |
| Square Feet | 56,300 | 56,300 | 56,300 |
| Capacity (students) | 311 | 311 | 311 |
| Enrollment | 397 | 380 | 356 |
| High School |  |  |  |
| Weehawken High School |  |  |  |
| Square Feet | 125,600 | 125,600 | 125,600 |
| Capacity (students) | 572 | 572 | 572 |
| Enrollment | 488 | 520 | 560 |

Number of Schools at June 30, 2023

Source: School District Annual Budget Amount Worksheet (Form M-1) and School Register Summary.

| $\stackrel{ \pm}{4}$ |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |


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|  | $\leftrightarrow$ | $\infty$ |



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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\leftrightarrow$ | $\infty$ |


| 이신 |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\infty$ | $\leftrightarrow$ |

WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF ALLOWABLE MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURES BY SCHOOL FACILITY (NJ)
FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES - REQUIRED
MAINTENANCE FOR SCHOOL FACILITIES

| ㅊ |  | $\stackrel{\text { J }}{\text { g }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |


| 2023 |  | 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 27,091 | \$ | 16,471 |
|  | 30,084 |  | 18,848 |
|  | 67,112 |  | 66,339 |
|  | - |  | 38,269 |
| \$ | 124,287 | \$ | 139,927 |



## SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS 

The Honorable President and<br>Members of the Board of Education<br>Weehawken Township School District<br>Weehawken, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District, in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise of the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2024.

## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.


DONOHUE, GIRONDA, DORIA \& TOMKINS, LLC
Certified Public Accountants


MAURICIO CANTO
Certified Public Accountant Licensed Public School Accountant No. 2541

Secaucus, New Jersey
February 28, 2024

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR 15-08 

The Honorable President and
Members of the Board of Education
Weehawken Township School District
Weehawken, New Jersey

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

## Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District, in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement and the New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's major federal and state programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results Section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's federal and state programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08 will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of the Weehawken Township School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

DONOHUE, GIRONDA, DORIA \& TOMKINS, LLC
Certified Public Accountants


MAURICIO CANTO
Certified Public Accountant
Licensed Public School Accountant No. 2541

Secaucus, New Jersey
February 28, 2024


[^6]| FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE |
| :---: |
| ENTERPRISE FUND <br> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED-THROUGH STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Local Food for Schools Cooperative Agreement Program |
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|  |
|  |
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|  |
| Commodity Supplemental Food Program |
| total u.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE |
| TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUND |
| SPECIAL REVENUE FUND |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY |

PASSED-THRO OF EDUCATION:
DEPARTMENT OF

[^7]

## NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance include federal and state award activity of the Weehawken Township School District (the "District'). The District is defined in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements. All federal awards and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance.

## NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the Food Service Fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These bases of accounting are described in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

## NOTE 3. INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## NOTE 4. EXPENDITURES PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not pass through any expenditures of federal awards to subrecipients.

## NOTE 5. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The General Fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis with the exception of the revenue recognition of the last state aid payment in the current budget year, which is mandated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:2244.2. For GAAP purposes that payment is not recognized until the subsequent budget year due to the state deferral and recording of the last state aid payment in the subsequent year. The Special Revenue Fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant accounting budgetary basis which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The Special Revenue Fund also recognizes the last State aid payment in the current budget year, consistent with N.J.S.A. 18A:22-44.2.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is $\$ 33,164$ for the General Fund, $\$ 335,916$ for the Special Revenue Fund. See Note 1 (the Notes to Required Supplementary Information) for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the District's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

|  | Federal |  | State |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Fund | \$ | 69,899 | \$ | 9,213,487 | \$ | 9,283,386 |
| Special Revenue Fund |  | 2,174,787 |  | 474,527 |  | 2,649,314 |
| Food Service Fund |  | 391,535 |  | 9,436 |  | 400,971 |
| Total Awards and Financial Assistance | \$ | 2,636,221 | \$ | 9,697,450 | \$ | 12,333,671 |

## NOTE 6. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

## NOTE 7. OTHER

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program represent current year value received and current year distributions, respectively. The amount of $\$ 3,726,635$ reported as TPAF Pension Contributions, $\$ 2,219$ reported as TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance, and \$978,978 reported as TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions represent the amounts paid by the State on behalf of the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. TPAF Social Security Contributions in the amount of $\$ 850,730$ represent the amount reimbursed by the State for the employer's share of Social Security Contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## NOTE 8. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf expenditures for the District by the State are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the District's basic financial statements and the amount subject to the State single audit and major program determination.

# WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 

EXHIBIT K-6

## Section 1 - Summary of Auditors' Results

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT SECTION

A) Type of Auditors Report Issued:
B) Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

1) Material weakness(es) identified?
2) Significant deficiency(ies) identified?
C) Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION
D) Internal Control over major programs:

1) Material weakness(es) identified?
2) Significant deficiency(ies) identified?
E) Type of auditor's report on compliance for major program
F) Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200 section $.516(a)$ of?
G) Identification of major programs:

| FAL Number(s) |  | FEIN Number(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 84.425 D |  |  |
| 84.425 D |  | S425D200027 |
| 84.425 D |  | S425D210027 |
| 84.425 U |  | S425D210028 |
| 84.425 U |  | S425D210028 |
| 84.425 U |  | S425D210028 |
| 84.425 U |  | S425D210028 |

H) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs.
I) Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Unmodified

$\qquad$ Yes
$\qquad$ Yes

$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Yes

$\qquad$ Yes
$\qquad$ $\checkmark \quad$ None reported Unmodified
$\qquad$ o

| Name of Federal Program or Cluster |
| :--- |
| CRRSA-ESSER II |
| CRRSA-ESSER II - Learning Acceleration |
| CRRSA-ESSER II - Mental Health |
| ARP-ESSER II |
| ARP-ESSER II - Learning Acceleration |
| ARP-ESSER II - Beyong the School Day |
| ARP-ESSER II - Mental Health Support |

\$750,000


## Section 1 - Summary of Auditors' Results

## STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE SECTION

J) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and

Type B Programs.
K) Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?
L) Internal Control over major programs:

1) Material weakness(es) identified? ___ Yes ___ No
2) Significant deficiency(ies) identified?
M) Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:
N) Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with N.J. OMB Circular Letter15-08 as applicable?
O) Identification of major programs:

| State Grant/Project Number(s) |
| :---: |
| $23-495-034-5120-085$ |
| $23-495-034-5120-089$ |
| $23-495-034-5120-078$ |
| $23-495-034-5120-084$ |
| $23-100-034-5120-017$ |

\$750,000
\$750,000
$\checkmark \quad$ Yes $\qquad$ No
$\qquad$ $\ldots$ Yes
$\qquad$ Yes $\qquad$ No

| Name of State Program |
| :--- |
| State Aid Cluster: |
| Adjustment aid |
| Special Education Categorical Aid |
| Stabilization Aid |
| Security Aid |
| Debt Service Aid |

## Section II - Financial Statement Findings

(This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements, and abuse related to the financial statements for which Government Auditing Standards requires reporting.)

## No matters were reported

## Section III - Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Findings

(This section identifies audit findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200 Section .516 of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and New Jersey OMB Circular Letter 15-08, as applicable.)

## FEDERAL AWARDS

No matters were reported.

## STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

No matters were reported.

# WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT <br> SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS <br> AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT <br> FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 

(This section identifies the status of prior year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of Government Auditing Standards, U.S. OMB Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. ( $\ddagger .511$ (a)(b)) and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, as applicable.)

## STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

No matters were reported in prior year.
FEDERAL AWARDS
No matters were reported in prior year.
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
No matters were reported in prior year.


[^0]:    Variable Annuity Life Insurance Co.
    Lincoln National Life Insurance Co.
    Equitable Life
    Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.

[^1]:    Fund Balance per Government Funds (GAAP)

[^2]:    Source:
    (1) GASB 68 was implemented in the 2015 fiscal year where additional on-behalf TPAF pension expense and offsetting contribution is reported.
    (2) GASB 75 was implemented in the 2018 fiscal year, where additional on-behalf OPEB expense and offsetting contribution is reported

[^3]:    Source: Hudson County Economic Development Corporation's Major Employer's List

    * 2023 Information is not yet available

[^4]:    (UNAUDITED)

[^5]:    Function/Program
    Instruction
    Regular
    Special education
    Other Instruction - Supervisors
    Support Services:
    Student \& instruction related services
    General administration
    School administrative services
    Other administrative services
    Central services
    Administrative Information Technology
    Plant operations and maintenance
    Student transportation
    Total

[^6]:    WEEHAWKEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT
    SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
    FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2023

[^7]:    * Not available

