ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NEW JERSEY FOR THE FISCAL PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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Roseville Community Charter School

Dr. Dionne Ledford, Executive Director Ms. Maria J. Andrade, Board of Trustees Chairperson

Collaboration | Honesty | Excellence | Effort | Respect

Preparing every student for academic excellence in high school, college, and beyond.

January 8, 2024

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Roseville Community Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Roseville Community Charter School for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2023, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the school. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the school. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the school's financial activities have been included.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter and list of principal officials. The financial section includes the general-purpose financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditor's report. The statistical section includes audited data from the school's first six fiscal years. The school is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the requirements of 2 CFR 200-Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (U.S. Uniform Guidance), "Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations," and the State Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid Payments." Information related to this single audit, including the auditors' reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations is included in the single audit section of this report.

1) <u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u> The Roseville Community Charter School constitutes an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). All funds and account groups of the entity are included in this report.

Roseville Community Charter School (RCCS) was 13th by The New Jersey Department of Education in July 2011. The school, currently in its 13th year of operation, serves a maximum of 330 students in grades K-4. Roseville Community Charter School rents space at 540 Orange Street in Newark, formerly the St. Rose of Lima School.

- **2) ENROLLMENT OUTLOOK:** Roseville Community Charter School is currently chartered as a K-4 elementary school with a maximum enrollment of 330 students.
- all MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS Roseville Community Charter School is a K-4 public elementary school located in Newark, New Jersey. The school was founded in collaboration with the Newark Charter School Fund and New Community Corporation to provide an option for an excellent education in the Roseville community of Newark. Roseville Community Charter School's mission is to prepare every student for academic excellence in high school, college, and beyond. The school's focus on college preparation is embodied in its intense focus on literacy in the primary grades. Further, the school has established high expectations within a nurturing and supportive environment through the implementation of the Responsive Classroom whole child approach, the use of targeted, small group instruction, the use of Response to Intervention strategies, a full on-site Child Study Team led by a certified school psychologist, and social / emotional support to all scholars through its innovative SEL programs, which includes our Newark Trust for Education & Victoria Foundation grant-awarded Social Emotional Learning, Fun & Wellness (SELF & Wellness) program which includes weekly yoga, weekly SEL lessons, "Parent University", and mindfulness art lessons. Roseville Community Charter school was identified as a "Model SEL School" in 2022-2023.

Continuing the path towards achieving its mission, Roseville Community Charter School was again renewed for five (5) years in 2019-2020 under the leadership of then newly hired Executive Director / Superintendent. In this same school year of 2019-2020, the Covid-19 pandemic caused a major disruption to in-person, traditional learning / teaching. However, with RCCS already having established a technology plan at the start of the school year which included the installation of a promethean board in every classroom, a laptop assigned to every teacher / administrator, and most importantly a Chromebook assigned to every scholar, all scholars had equitable access to quality remote instruction from the first day of mandatory remote learning throughout the rest of the school year. For families without internet service a hotspot from the school was provided. Thus, scholars at RCCS were able to receive a full day of synchronous / asynchronous instruction due to our innovative technology plan and a robust, cross-curricular virtual learning platform that we received \$49,000 in grant funds in January 2020 to pilot (Acellus – STEM 10 pilot). All lesson materials and directions were delivered in both English and Spanish which ensured equitable access for all scholars. The Acellus- STEM 10 platform was also able to track / monitor daily attendance which helped us to achieve and maintain daily student attendance rates averaging 85% throughout the pandemic school years, which was above state student attendance rates and well above Newark Public Schools attendance rates of 33%. Now back in person for the 2nd consecutive school year, we maintain an average daily attendance rate of 93%. To ensure equitable access to their education and to maintain high student attendance, and as part of

our 3-year Technology Plan, as of January 2021, all RCCS scholars are assigned 2 schoolissued Chromebooks. The 2nd laptop is for homework / practice and as a proactive strategy to ensure that scholars maintain equitable access to their education even if mandated to quarantine for health / safety purposes. Scholars continued to have 2 laptops assigned to them in SY 2022-23 even though we were fully in person and helped to ensure equitable access to technology for all scholars both in school and at home.

Roseville Community Charter School implemented a robust educational model in SY 2019-2020 that has helped our scholars make consistent academic progress as evidenced by their recent benchmark assessments, NWEA / MAP scores, WIDA ACCESS scores for our English Language Learners, and our Spring 2023 NJSLA scores for grade 3 scholars in ELA and MATH, as well as grade 4 scholars with IEPs. On the Spring 2023 NJSLA, RCCS scholars outperformed or were equitable to their grade level peers, with similar socioeconomic backgrounds, in both ELA and Math. Our educational model established in SY 2019-2020, includes the addition of two (2) Teachers of Students with Disabilities, two (2) English as a Second Language Teachers, and a full, on site, Child Study Team led by a certified School Psychologist to ensure that we are identifying students in need of academic intervention and effectively providing what is needed for academic progress. As a result, RCCS has seen year to year increases in ELA and MATH proficiency from 2016 to the present (Exception for school years 2020-2022 due to the Covid-19 pandemic). We strongly believe that RCCS will return to seeing year to year increases in proficiency and successfully meet our school's goal of a minimum 5%-6% increase each year in students who meet or exceed proficiency in both ELA and MATH.

4) INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS: Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the school are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognized that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits like to be derived: and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the school also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the school management.

As part of the school's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the school has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS: In addition to internal accounting controls, the school maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the school and the State of New Jersey. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal period is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balances at June 30, 2023.

- 6) ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS: The Charter Schools' accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the school is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 1.
- **7) FINANCIAL INFORMATION AT FISCAL PERIOD—END:** As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of report, the school continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.
- **8)** The following schedule presents a summary of the General, Special Revenue and Proprietary Funds for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2023.

Revenue	Amount	Percent of Total
State	\$6,442,385	71%
Special Revenue Fund	2,231,365	25%
Misc.	74,265	1%
Proprietary Fund	<u>284,951</u>	<u>3%</u>
Total	\$9,032,966	<u>100%</u>

The following schedule presents a summary of the General, Special Revenue and Proprietary Fund Expenditures for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2023.

Expenditures	Amount	Percent of Total
General Fund	\$7,861,011	75%
Special Revenue Fund	2,274,278	22%
Proprietary Fund	312,022	<u>3%</u>
Total	<u>\$10,447,311</u>	<u>100%</u>

9) <u>CASH MANAGEMENT:</u> The investment policy of the school is guided in large by the state Statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 2. The school had adopted a cash management plan, which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with failed banking institutions in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

10) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT:</u> The school carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, and hazard and theft insurance on property and Contents.

11) OTHER INFORMATION:

<u>Independent Audit</u> – State statutes require an annual audit by an independent Certified Public Accountant or Registered Municipal Accountant. The Accounting firm of Gerald D. Longo, CPA was selected by the Charter School.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the state statutes, the Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.

Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on internal control and compliance with applicable *laws and regulations* and findings and recommendations are included in the single audit section of this report.

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplementary information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Brian Falkowski

School Business Administrator

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

ROSTER OF TRUSTEES JUNE 30, 2023

BOARD OF TRUSTEES	TERM EXPIRES
Maria Andrade, President	6/2024
Caren Freye, Vice President	6/2025
Monica Darko	5/2024
Luisa Torres	6/2024
Dr. Charity Dacey	6/2024
Tiesha McKinney	6/2024
Cesar Vizcaino	10/2025
Reinaldo Santiago, Ed.D.	10/2025
Khalil AC Nassi Ruddin	10/2025

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS June 30, 2023

AUDIT FIRM

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Roseville Community Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roseville Community Charter School, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Roseville Community Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roseville Community Charter School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey. My responsibilities under those standards and Specifications are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Roseville Community Charter School and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Roseville Community Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and Audit Requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance Department of Education, State of New Jersey:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Roseville Community Charter School's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Roseville Community Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis; the schedules related to accounting and reporting for Pensions and Post-Retirement Benefits and the other required supplementary information and notes to the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Roseville Community Charter School's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, respectively, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In my opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2023. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and my auditors' report thereon. My opinions

on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and I do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with my audit of the basic financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, I conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, I am required to describe it in my report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated January 8, 2024, on my consideration of the Roseville Community Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Roseville Community Charter School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Roseville Community Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

recall longo

January 8, 2024

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Roseville Community Charter School annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the Charter School's financial performance during the fiscal period that ended on June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Board's financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

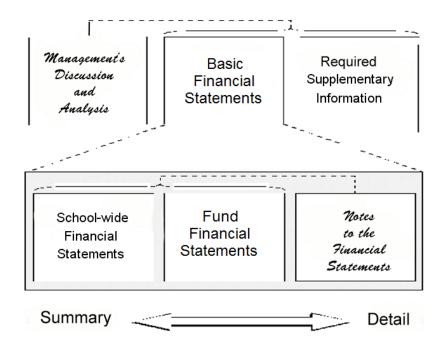
Key financial highlights for the 2023-24 fiscal period include the following:

- Total Net Position Governmental was \$1,806,132. Total Net Position of the Proprietary Fund was \$38,912.
- The Unassigned General Fund balance at June 30, 2023 is \$1,371,616, with a Capital Reserve of \$1,269,830. The Unassigned Enterprise Fund Balance is \$38,912.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditor's Report, required supplementary information that includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Roseville Community Charter School.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the Board's Annual Financial Report



- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the Roseville Community Charter School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Roseville Community Charter School, reporting the Roseville Community Charter School's operation in more detail than the school-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the Food Service activities the Roseville Community Charter School operates like businesses.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide data that are more detailed. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the Roseville Community Charter School's financial statements, including the portion of the Roseville Community Charter School's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 - Major Features of the School-wide and Financial Statements

	School-wide <u>Statement</u> s	Fund Financial Stat	<u>ements</u>
		Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Roseville Community Charter School that are for the school operations and not proprietary or fiduciary, such as teachers' salaries, special education and building maintenance, food service, and community education	Activities the Roseville Community Charter School operates similar to private businesses: Internal service fund
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	Balance sheet	Statement of net position
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenue expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position
Accounting Basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Statement of cash flows Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon there after; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

School-wide Statements

The school-wide statements report information about the Roseville Community Charter School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Roseville Community Charter School's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the Roseville Community Charter School's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the Roseville Community Charter School's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the Roseville Community Charter School's financial health or position.

In the school-wide financial statements, the Roseville Community Charter School's activities are shown in two categories:

- Governmental activities- Most of the Roseville Community Charter School's basic services
 are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration,
 food services, and community education. Property taxes and state aid finance most of
 these activities.
- Business-type activities- The Roseville Community Charter School's Food Service Fund and the after school program are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Roseville Community Charter School's funds – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Roseville Community Charter School as a whole.

Funds are accounting devices the Roseville Community Charter School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

Some funds are required by State law.

The Roseville Community Charter School use other funds, established in accordance with the State of New Jersey Uniform Chart, to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is property using certain revenues (e.g., federal funds).

The Roseville Community Charter School has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds- Most of the Roseville Community Charter School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Roseville Community Charter School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- **Proprietary funds** Services for which the Roseville Community Charter School charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the school-wide statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net position. The Roseville Community Charter School's total net position is \$1,845,044 as of June 30, 2023. (See Table A-1).

Governmental Funds	\$1,806,132
Proprietary Funds	38,912
Totals	\$1,845,044

The Statement of Net Position reflects \$498,420 of capital assets at June 30, 2023 net of assumed depreciation of \$177,472 from inception.

The Roseville Community Charter School's financial position is the product of these factors:

- Special Revenue Fund Revenues and Expenditures were \$2,274,278.
- General Fund Revenues were \$6,473,737.
- General Fund Expenditures were \$7,861,011.

Table A-1 ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position - School Wide As of June 30, 2023

	<u>Total</u>
Current and Other Assets	¢2 100 471
Deferred Pension Outflows	\$3,109,471
	1,756,335
Right to Use Lease Assets-Net Capital Assets - Net	2,856,156 320,948
Total Assets and Deferred Pension Outflows	\$8,042,910
Total Assets and Defended Pension Outhows	38,042,310
Current and Other Liabilities	429,113
Lease Liabilities	2,979,135
Net Pension Liability - noncurrent	2,517,854
Deferred Pension Inflows	271,764
Total Liabilities and Deferred Pension Inflows	\$ 6,197,866
Net Position:	
Invested In Capital Assets, Net	320,948
Restricted for Capital Reserve	1,269,830
Unrestricted	254,266
Total Net Position	\$1,845,044
Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$ 8,042,910
Fund Balance - June 30, 2023	\$2,680,358
Right to Use Lease Assets-Net	2,856,156
Lease Liabilities	(2,979,135)
Invested In Capital Assets, Net	320,948
Net Position before Pension Adjustment - June 30, 2023	2,878,327
Less: Pension Adjustment	(1,033,283)
Net Position - June 30, 2023	\$1,845,044

Total Governmental and Business Activities revenues & beginning assets are adjusted by net adjusted expenditures resulting in a calculation of net position of \$1,845,044 as of June 30, 2023.

Table A-2 ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Net Position - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues	Total	%
Program revenues		
Charges for services		
Operating grants and contributions		
General revenues		
Local Share	\$ -	
Federal and State Aid-Unrestricted	6,442,385	71%
Federal Aid-Restricted	2,231,365	25%
Other	74,265	1%
Proprietary Fund	284,951	3%
Total revenues	\$ 9,032,966	100%
Expenses	·	
Regular Instruction	\$ 4,547,314	44%
General Administrative	3,473,973	33%
School Administrative	1,016,199	10%
On-behalf TPAF Social Security / Pension / Medical	1,097,803	11%
Capital Outlay	0	0%
Proprietary Fund	312,022	2%
Total expenses	\$ 10,447,311	100%
(Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (1,414,345)	
Net Position - Beginning July 1, 2022	2,947,746	
Amortization expense over principal payments on leases	(122,979)	
Increase in Capital Assets	3,226	
Net Position Before Pension Adjustments	1,413,648	
Pension Adjustments	431,396	
Net Position - End of Year June 30, 2023	\$ 1,845,044	

Table A-3 (See Exhibit A-2) ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Total Cost and Net Cost of Services - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Functions/Programs	Source	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Sahaal Mida Astivitias			
School Wide Activities			
Instruction			
Regular	B-2	\$ 4,547,314	\$ 2,826,978
Support Services			
General Administrative Services	B-2	3,473,973	2,920,031
School Administrative Services	B-2	1,016,199	1,016,199
On-behalf / TPAF Social Security	B-2	1,097,803	1,097,803
Enterprise Fund	G-2	312,022	312,022
Capital Outlay	B-2		-
Total School Wide Activities		\$ 10,447,311	\$ 8,173,033

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL FUNDS

The financial performance of the Roseville Community Charter School as a whole is reflected in its governmental activities Exhibit A-2. As the Roseville Community Charter School completed the year, its governmental funds reported an unrestricted unassigned fund balance of \$1,371,616.

Revenues for the Roseville Community Charter School's governmental and proprietary funds were \$9,032,966 while total expenses were \$10,447,311. (Table A-4) (Exhibit B-2)

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the Roseville Community Charter School in providing educational services to students from grade K through grade 4.

The following schedule presents a summary of Revenues – School wide

Table A-4 (See Exhibit B-2) ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Revenues - School Wide For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	Υ	ear Ended	١	ear Ended		Increase
Revenues	June 30,		June 30, 2022		(Decrease)	
Local Sources:						
Local Share			\$	-	\$	-
Other Local Revenue		74,265		22,155		52,110
Total Local Sources	\$	74,265	\$	22,155	\$	52,110
Intergovernmental						_
State Sources	\$	6,442,385	\$	6,123,516	\$	318,869
Federal Sources		2,231,365		1,224,700		1,006,665
Propietary Fund		284,951		301,985		(17,034)
Total Intergovernmental Sources	\$	8,958,701	\$	7,650,201	\$	1,308,500
Total Revenue - School Wide	\$	9,032,966	\$	7,672,356	\$	1,360,610

The following schedule presents a summary of Expenditures – School wide

Table A-5 (See Exhibit B-2) ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Expenditures - School Wide For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Proprietary Expenditures	Year Ended 06/30/2023		Year Ended 06/30/2022		Amount of Increase (Decrease)	
Current:						
Regular Instruction	\$ 4,547,314	\$	4,085,441	\$	461,870	
General Administrative Services	3,473,973		2,677,967		796,006	
School Administration	1,016,199		907,508		108,691	
On-behalf TPAF Social Security/						
Pension / Medical	1,097,803		1,020,406		77,397	
Capital outlay	-		-		-	
Proprietary Fund	312,022		280,335		31,687	
Total Expenditures School Wide	\$ 10,447,311	\$	8,971,657	\$	1,475,654	

UNRESERVED-UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCE AS A PERCENTAGE OF EXPENDITURES

The following table shows the Fund unreserved unassigned General Fund balance.

Table A-6 ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Unreserved General Fund Balance For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Unreserved Unassigned						
Fund Balance	1,410,528	1,028,720	849,671	1,482,877	2,313,139	1,997,845
Expenditures	10,447,311	8,691,322	7,274,309	6,705,330	6,661,287	6,030,391
Percentages	13.5%	11.9%	11.0%	22.1%	35%	33%

The Roseville Community Charter School values its fund balances as a vehicle for addressing unbudgeted and emergent needs that occur during school year. The total amount of unrestricted General Fund balance designated to support the subsequent years budgets \$1,410,528 for the 2023-24 school year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2023, in the General Fund, the Roseville Community Charter School had invested \$498,420 in a broad range of improvements, computers, audio-visual equipment and equipment, etc. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements) and total General Fund depreciation expense for the year was \$24,447.

Table A-7 ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Capital Assets - School Wide For the Fiscal Year / Right-of-Use Ended June 30, 2023

Furniture and Equipment Improvements Right-of-Use Assets	\$117,504 380,916 3,213,176
Total - General Fund	\$3,711,596
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Amortization Total - Net Capital / Right-of-Use Assets General Fund	(177,472) (357,020) \$3,177,104

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

While many factors influence the Charter School's future, the availability of State funding and the economy will have the most impact on educational and fiscal decisions in the future.

These and many other factors were considered by the Charter School's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 2023-2024 budget. The primary factors were the Charter School's projected student population, anticipated state and federal aid as well as increasing salary and related benefit costs. These indicators were considered when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2023-2024.

CONTACTING THE ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Roseville Community Charter School's finances and to demonstrate the Roseville Community Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Roseville Community Charter School, 540 Orange Street, Newark, New Jersey 07107.

BAS	SIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Charter School's operations	ts provide a financial overview of the Roseville Community. These financial statements present the financial position ng results of all funds as of June 30, 2023.



ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS	4 2 500 670	.	4 2522722
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 2,508,670	\$ 22,118	\$ 2,530,788
Interfund Receivables	450,396	16,794	467 100
Security deposit - Rental	36,493	10,794	467,190 36,493
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Escrow Fund	75,000		75,000
Capital assets, net	320,948	_	320,948
Right to Use Lease Assets-Net	2,856,156		2,856,156
Total Assets	6,247,663	38,912	6,286,575
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension deferred outflows	1,756,335		1,756,335
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 8,003,998	\$ 38,912	\$ 8,042,910
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 404,040	\$ -	\$ 404,040
Deferred revenue	25,073		25,073
Lease Liabilities	2,979,135		2,979,135
Net pension liability - noncurrent	2,517,854		2,517,854
Total Liabilities	5,926,102	-	5,926,102
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension deferred inflows	271,764		271,764
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net Restricted for:	320,948	-	320,948
Capital reserve and escrow reserve	1,269,830		1,269,830
Unrestricted	215,354	38,912	254,266
Total Net Position	\$ 1,806,132	\$ 38,912	\$ 1,845,044
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$ 8,003,998	\$ 38,912	\$ 8,042,910
Fund Balance June 30, 2023 - B-1	\$2,641,446		
Right-to-use lease assets-net of accumulated depreciation	2,856,156		
Principal balance of lease liabilities	(2,979,135)		
Cost of capital assets net accumulated depreciation / amortization	320,948		
Net Position before pension adjustments	2,839,415		
Less: pension adjustments net	(1,033,283)		
Total Net Position Governmental - June 30, 2023	\$1,806,132		

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Activities

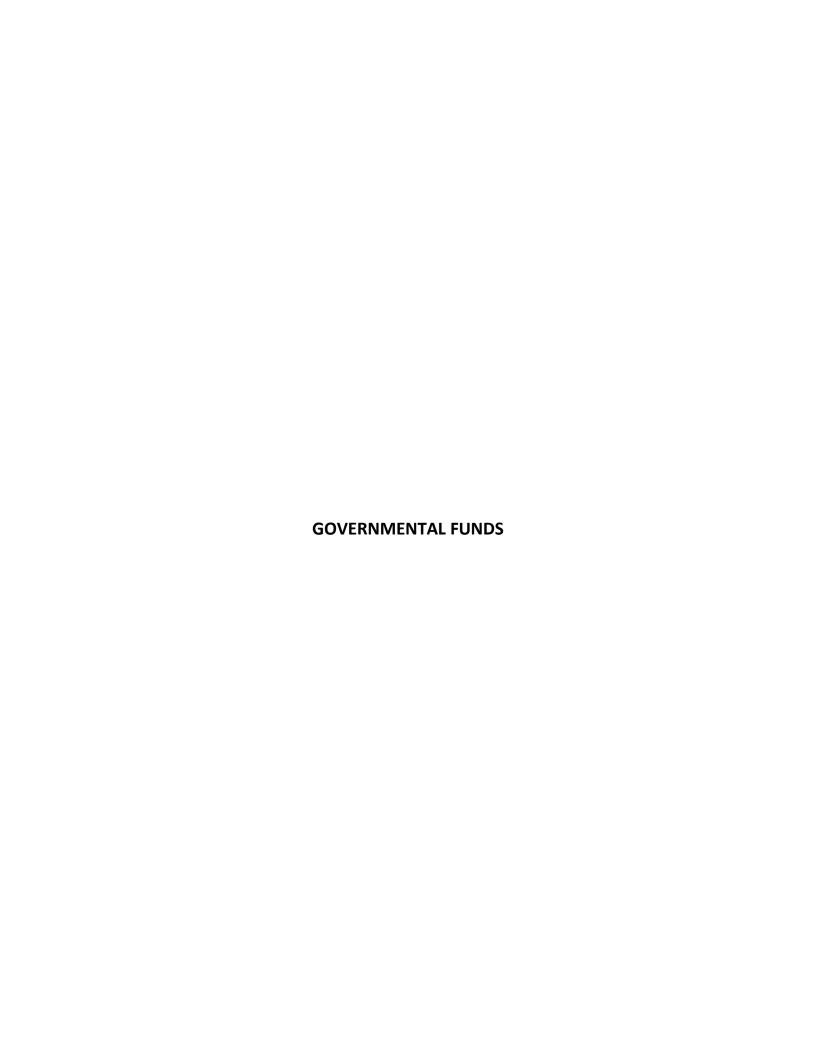
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit A-2

Program Revenues Changes in Net Position Operating Capital **Charges for Grants and** Grants and **Governmental Business-type Functions/Programs Expenses** Services Contributions Contributions **Activities Activities** Total Governmental activities: Instruction: Regular (4,547,314)\$ (1,720,336) \$ (2,826,978) \$ (2,826,978) Support services: (3,473,973)(553,942)(2,920,031)(2,920,031)General administatrion School administrative services/ operations plant serv. (1,016,199)(1,016,199)(1,016,199)On - behalf TPAF / Social Security (1,097,803)(1,097,803)(1,097,803)Capital Outlay Total governmental activities (10,135,289)(2,274,278)(7,861,011) (7,861,011) Business-type activities: Food Service and After School Program (312,022)(312,022)(312,022)(312,022)(312,022) (312,022) (312,022) Total business-type activities (312,022)(10,447,311) \$ (312,022) \$ (2,274,278) \$ (7,861,011) \$ (312,022) \$ (8,173,033) Total primary government General revenues: State/Local Share 4,720,952 4,714,803 6,149 State and Federal Aid 1,687,682 278,802 1,966,484 Miscellaneous Income 71,252 71,252 Increase in net Capital Outlay 3.226 3,226 6,476,963 284,951 Total general revenues, special items, 6,761,914 Change in Net Position (Decrease) (1,384,048)(27,071)(1,411,119)Amortization expense over principal payments on leases (122,979)(122,979)Increase in Pension Adjustment 431,396 431,396 Net Position - Beginning of Year - July 1, 2022 2,881,763 2,947,746 65,983 Net Position - End of Year - June 30, 2023 1,806,132 38,912 1,845,044

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.





ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2023

		General Fund		Special Sevenue Fund		Total Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted Interfund	\$	2,508,670 88,048	\$	- (88,048)	\$	2,508,670
Receivables		337,275		113,121		450,396
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Escrow Fund		75,000		-,		75,000
Security deposit - Rental		36,493				36,493
Total assets	\$	3,045,486	\$	25,073	\$	3,070,559
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	404,040	\$	-	\$	404,040
Deferred Revenue	•	,	•	25,073	·	25,073
Total liabilities		404,040		25,073		429,113
Fund Balances:						
Reserved - Capital Reserve		1,269,830				1,269,830
Unassigned		1,371,616		-		1,371,616
Total Fund balances		2,641,446		-		2,641,446
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,045,486	\$	25,073	\$	3,070,559
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the states (A-1) are different because: Fund Balance Right -to-use assets used in governmental activities are not therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets the accumulated amortization (\$357,020) Lease liabilities used in governmental activities are not find are not reported in the funds Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finar and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the and the accumulated depreciation	financi sets is \$ ancial re	ial resources and 53,213,176 esources and the source		498,420 (177,472)		2,641,446 2,856,156 (2,979,135)
Net position before pension adjustments - June 30, 2023 Deferred Pension Liability Pension Deferred - Inflows Pension Deferred - Outflows Net Position of government activities - June 30, 2023					\$	320,948 2,839,415 (2,517,854) (271,764) 1,756,335 1,806,132

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Name		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
State / Local Share \$ 4,714,803 39,900 \$ 4,754,703 Miscellaneous 71,252 - 71,252 Total - Local Sources 4,786,055 39,900 4,825,955 State Sources 1,687,682 3,013 1,690,695 Federal Sources 2,231,365 2,231,365 2,231,365 Total Revenues 6,473,737 2,274,278 8,748,015 EXPENDITURES Regular instruction 2,826,978 1,720,336 4,547,314 Support services- General Administrative 2,920,031 553,942 3,473,973 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - - Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Total other financing sources and	REVENUES			
Miscellaneous 71,252 - 71,252 Total - Local Sources 4,786,055 39,900 4,825,955 State Sources 1,687,682 3,013 1,690,695 Federal Sources 2,231,365 2,231,365 2,231,365 Total Revenues 6,473,737 2,274,278 8,748,015 EXPENDITURES Regular instruction 2,826,978 1,720,336 4,547,314 Support services- General Administrative 2,920,031 553,942 3,473,973 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170	Local sources:			
Total - Local Sources 4,786,055 39,900 4,825,955 State Sources 1,687,682 3,013 1,690,695 Federal Sources 2,231,365 2,231,365 Total Revenues 6,473,737 2,274,278 8,748,015 EXPENDITURES Regular instruction 2,826,978 1,720,336 4,547,314 Support services- General Administrative 2,920,031 553,942 3,473,973 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances	State / Local Share	\$ 4,714,803	39,900	\$ 4,754,703
State Sources 1,687,682 3,013 1,690,695 Federal Sources 2,231,365 2,231,365 2,231,365 Total Revenues 6,473,737 2,274,278 8,748,015 EXPENDITURES Regular instruction 2,826,978 1,720,336 4,547,314 Support services- General Administrative 2,920,031 553,942 3,473,973 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,7	Miscellaneous			
Federal Sources 2,231,365 2,231,365 Total Revenues 6,473,737 2,274,278 8,748,015 EXPENDITURES Regular instruction 2,826,978 1,720,336 4,547,314 Support services- General Administrative 2,920,031 553,942 3,473,973 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	Total - Local Sources	4,786,055	39,900	4,825,955
Total Revenues 6,473,737 2,274,278 8,748,015 EXPENDITURES Regular instruction 2,826,978 1,720,336 4,547,314 Support services- General Administrative 2,920,031 553,942 3,473,973 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	State Sources	1,687,682	3,013	1,690,695
Regular instruction 2,826,978 1,720,336 4,547,314 Support services- General Administrative 2,920,031 553,942 3,473,973 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay -	Federal Sources		2,231,365	2,231,365
Regular instruction 2,826,978 1,720,336 4,547,314 Support services- General Administrative 2,920,031 553,942 3,473,973 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	Total Revenues	6,473,737	2,274,278	8,748,015
Support services- General Administrative 2,920,031 553,942 3,473,973 Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	EXPENDITURES			
Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv 1,016,199 1,016,199 On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	Regular instruction	2,826,978	1,720,336	4,547,314
On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med 1,097,803 1,097,803 Capital outlay - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	Support services- General Administrative	2,920,031	553,942	3,473,973
Capital outlay - - Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv	1,016,199		1,016,199
Total expenditures 7,861,011 2,274,278 10,135,289 Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	On-behalf TPAF Social Security, Pen and Med	1,097,803		1,097,803
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 Transfers out - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 (1,387,274) (1,387,274) (1,387,274) 1,730,170 1,730,170 342,896 342,896 1,028,720 1,028,720	Capital outlay	-		-
over expenditures (1,387,274) (1,387,274) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	Total expenditures	7,861,011	2,274,278	10,135,289
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	Excess (Deficiency) of revenues			
Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	over expenditures	(1,387,274)		(1,387,274)
Transfers in Capital Reserve 1,730,170 1,730,170 Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers out - - Total other financing sources and uses 1,730,170 1,730,170 Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720		1,730,170		1,730,170
Net change in fund balances - Increase 342,896 342,896 Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	•	- -		- -
Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720	Total other financing sources and uses	1,730,170		1,730,170
Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022 1,028,720 1,028,720				
	Net change in fund balances - Increase	342,896		342,896
Fund balance - Unassigned - June 30, 2023 \$ 1,371,616 \$ 1,371,616	Fund balance - Unassigned - July 1, 2022	1,028,720		1,028,720
	Fund balance - Unassigned - June 30, 2023	\$ 1,371,616		\$ 1,371,616

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	G	eneral Fund
Total net change in fund balances (Decrease) - governmental funds (from B-2)	\$	(1,387,274)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period.		
Depreciation expense \$ (24,447) Capital outlays 27,673	\$	3,226
Amortization expense over principal payments on leases	\$	(122,979)
Pension contributions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the contributions are adjusted for actuarial valuation adjustments, including service and interest costs, administrative costs, investment returns, and experience/assumption. This is the amount by which net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pension changed during the period.		431,396
Change in net position of governmental activities (Decrease) (A-2)	\$	(1,075,631)

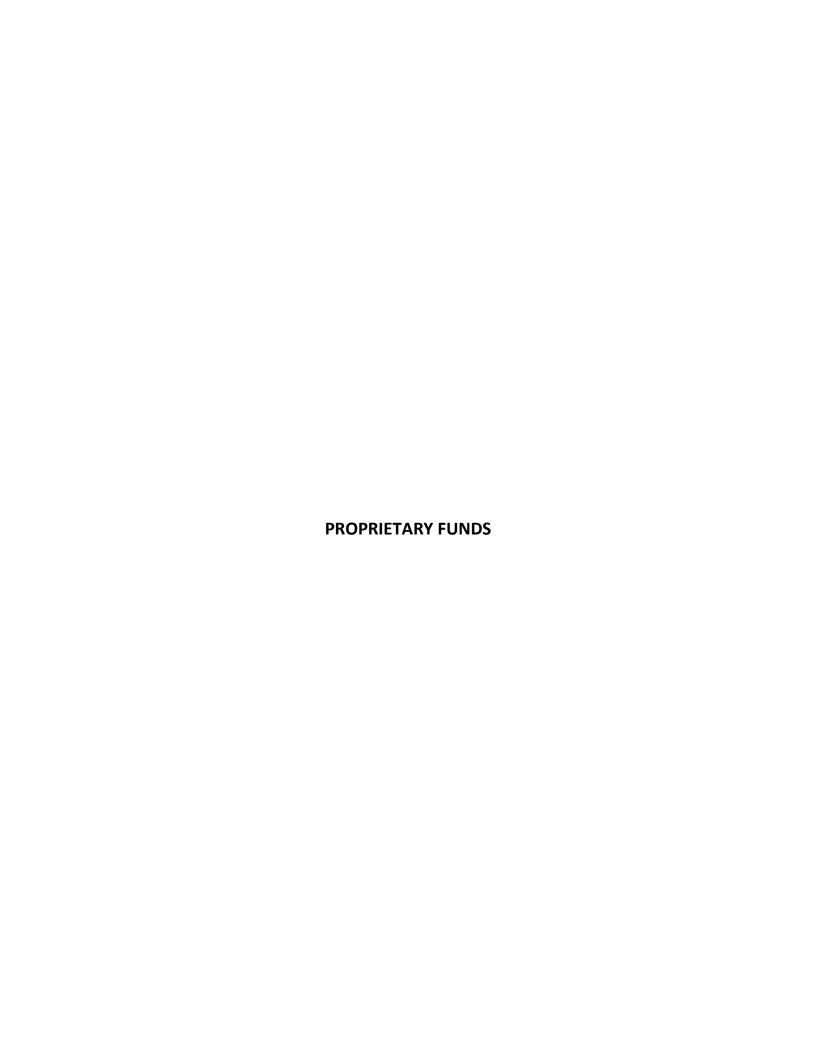


Exhibit B-4

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2023

	Busi A	Proprietary Funds Business-type Activities Enterprise funds	
		P	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	22,118	
Accounts receivable		16,433	
Other receivables		361	
Total current assets		38,912	
Total assets	\$	38,912	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Total current liabilities		-	
Total liabilities		-	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		38,912	
Total net position	\$	38,912	

Exhibit B-5

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Proprietary Fund Business-Type Activities
OPERATING REVENUES	Enterprise
Local Sources	
Daily Sales - Reimbursable Programs	
	0
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Supplies, Materials & Other	(\$312,022)
	(312,022)
Income (Loss) From Operations	(312,022)
Nonoperating Revenues	
State Sources	
National School Lunch Program	3,016
School Breakfast Program	3,133
Federal Sources	
School Breakfast Program	80,511
National School Lunch Program	198,291
	284,951
(Decrease) in Net Position	(27,071)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year - July 1, 2022	65,983
Total Net Position - End of Year - June 30, 2023	\$38,912

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Proprietary Funds Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(0.10.000)
Payments to suppliers	\$	(312,022)
Net cash (used for) operating activities		(312,022)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State and Federal Sources		321,251
Net cash (used for) non-capital financing activities		321,251
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash (used for) investing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		9,229
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year - July 1, 2022		12,889
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year - June 30, 2023	\$	22,118
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(27,071)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net Increase in Accounts Payable		36,300
Total adjustments		36,300
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	9,229

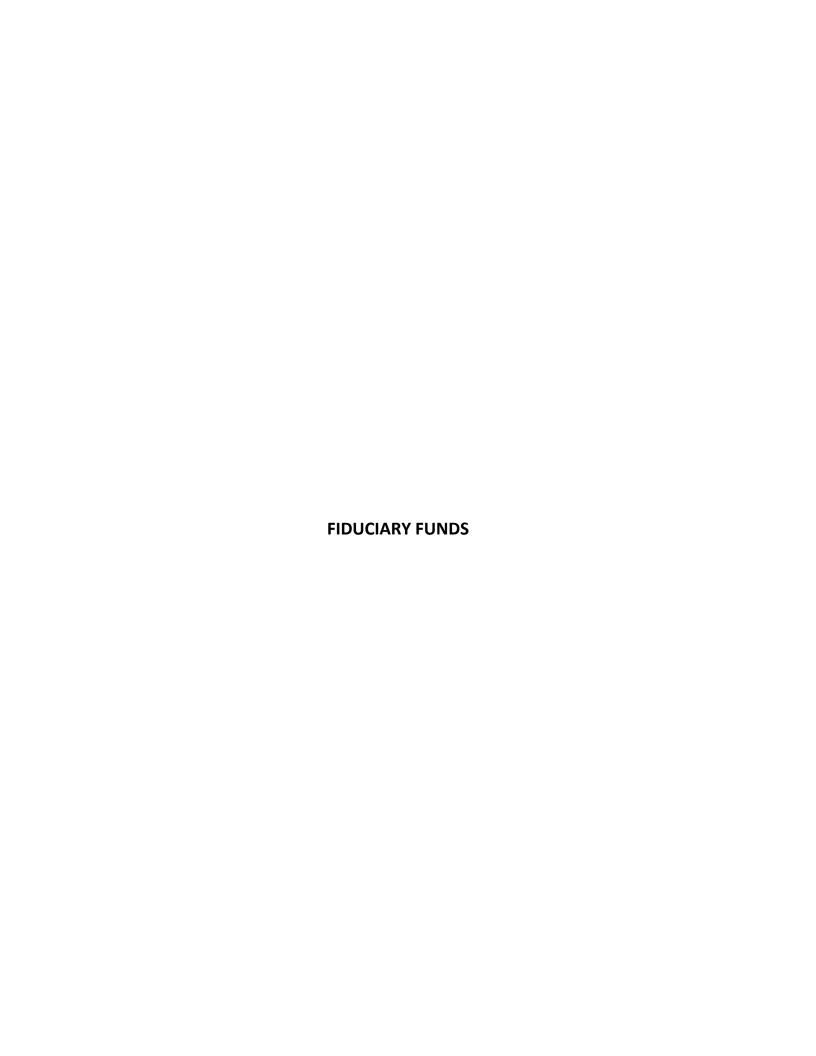


Exhibit B-7

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2023

NOT APPLICABLE

Exhibit B-8

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOT APPLICABLE



1. <u>DESCRIPTION OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY</u>

Roseville Community Charter School ("Charter School") is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The Board of Trustees (the 'Board") consists of appointed officials and are responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. A director is appointed by the Board and has administrative control of the Charter School.

A reporting entity is comprised primary government and other organizations at are included to insure that the financial statements of the Charter School are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Charter School. For the Charter School, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities for the Charter School.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, section of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds of the Charter School over which the Board exercises operating control. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Charter School is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are a representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

The financial statements of the Charter School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Charter School's basic financial statements consists of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Charter School, with certain limited expectations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance.

Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Charter School uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental Funds

Government funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Charter School's major governmental funds:

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or noninstructional equipment that are classified in the Capital Outlay subfund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, district taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings that the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by board resolution.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major capital projects, Debt Service of the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Fund measurement is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary fund of the Charter School:

Enterprise Fund - The Enterprise Fund is utilized to account for operations that were financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing education basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or, where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net position) is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt and unrestricted net position, if

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

Depreciation of fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. **Basis of accounting** refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet.

Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. Expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery). financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government wide statement of net position and statements of activities. both governmental and business like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i.e. the exchange takes place).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting. revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determine and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental funds revenues.

D. Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are submitted to the county office for approval. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for the special revenue fund as described later. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year subject to the limitation of P.L 2004 c73 (S 1701).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

Exhibit C-3 represents a reconciliation of the General Fund revenues and Special Revenue Fund revenues and expenditures from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in Exhibit B-2.

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

E. <u>Budgets/Budgetary Control</u>

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are submitted to the county office for approval. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for the special revenue fund as described later. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year subject to the limitation of P.L 2004 c73 (S 1701).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

Exhibit C-3 represents a reconciliation of the General Fund revenues and Special Revenue Fund revenues and expenditures from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in Exhibit B-2.

F. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, for which the Charter School has received advances, are reflected in the balance sheet as deferred revenues at fiscal year end. There were \$0 of encumbrances at June 30, 2023. The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

G. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey Charter Schools are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey Charter Schools.

Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

H. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase.

Inventories in the Proprietary Funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method.

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

I. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

Short-term interfund receivables/payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the Charter School and that are due within one year.

J. Capital Assets

General Fund capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The Charter School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except for land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description of Capital Cost	Estimated Lives (Years)
Right to Use Assets	9
Leasehold improvements	15
Furniture and Equipment	7

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities those, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds. However, the noncurrent portion of compensated absences and mortgage payable that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable, available financial resources.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

L. Net Position/Fund Balance

School-Wide Statements

In the school-wide statements, there are three classes of net position:

- Invested in Capital Assets consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included. Also included in invested in capital assets are amounts the Charter School prepaid in advance of the work performed.
- Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the residual
 amount of noncapital assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through
 debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or
 imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position any portion of net position not already classified as either net invested in capital assets or net position - restricted is classified as net position – unrestricted, which includes deferred inflows and outflows

Fund Balance and Equity

The Charter School follows GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions ("GASB 54"), in establishing fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances in the governmental funds' financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting and classified into the following five categories, as defined below:

- 1. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Assets included in this fund balance category include prepaid assets, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus of any permanent funds.
- 2. Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- 4. Assigned amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For the unrestricted fund balance, the Charter School first spends committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally, unassigned funds.

M. Unearned/Deferred Revenue

Unearned/Deferred revenue in the special revenue fund represents cash that has been received but not yet earned.

N. Fund Equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent plans for future use of financial resources.

O. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payment made by the state of New Jersey for Pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows

Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the school-wide statement of net position and result from: (I) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions; and (5) contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has one type which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The item

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the school-wide statement of net position and result from: (I) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; and (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

R. Compensated Absences

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Charter School employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's personnel policy. The Charter School's policy permits employees to accumulate unused sick and personal days and carry forward the full amount to subsequent years. Upon termination or upon retirement, employees are currently not paid for accrued vacation or unused sick and personal days.

As of June 30, 2023, Charter School-wide compensated absences amounted to \$-0-.

S. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Charter School follows the accounting and disclosure standards pertaining to GASB No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, for qualifying assets and liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that the Charter School would receive upon selling an asset or pay to settle a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The Charter School uses a framework for measuring fair value that includes a hierarchy that categorizes and prioritizes the sources used to measure and disclose fair value. This hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on inputs that market participants would use in valuing the financial instruments based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Charter School. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the financial instrument, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and which reflect the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available and that are developed using the best information available about the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized in the three broad levels as follows:

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

Level 1 - Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3 - Inputs that are unobservable and which require significant judgment or estimation.

An asset or liability's level within the framework is based upon the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

T. Adoption of New Accounting Standard

GASB 87: Leases

During fiscal year 2022, the Charter School adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87), which requires the Charter School to recognize intangible right-to-use lease assets and lease liabilities for its lessee agreements.

The Charter School accounts for any lease with a term greater than one year in accordance with GASB 87. The lease terms are defined as the noncancellable period of any lease, plus any options to extend under such leases, when management is reasonably certain those options will be exercised. Accordingly, the net present value of the estimated future minimum payments are reflected as a right-to-use lease asset and lease liability. The right-to-use lease assets will be recognized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of the life of the asset or the remaining lease period. The right-to-use lease assets related to the facility leases are being amortized over the term of each respective lease as follows:

During fiscal year 2023, the Charter School adopted the following GASB statements:

• GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription - Based Information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this Statement will be to improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. That definition and uniform guidance will result in greater consistency in practice. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability or a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

 GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees.

Other accounting standards that the Charter School is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an amendment of GASE Statement No. 62, will be effective beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, will be effective beginning with the fiscal
 year ending June 30, 2025. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information
 needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance
 for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and
 measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required
 disclosures.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Charter School's deposits might not be recovered. Although the Charter School does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). Under the Act, the first \$250,000 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the Charter School in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled agency funds such as salary withholdings, and student activity funds, or funds that may pass to the Charter School relative to the happening of a future condition. Such funds are classified as uninsured and uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2023, the Charter School's bank balance of was insured by the FDIC for \$250,000 and the remaining balance was subject to the provisions of GUDPA.

4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments

The Board is permitted to invest public funds in accordance with the types of securities authorized by N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37. Examples of the allowable investments are bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, Government Money Market Mutual Funds, bonds or other obligations of the Charter School or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the Charter School is located, Local Government investment pools, and agreements or the repurchase of fully collateralized securities, if transacted in accordance with the above statute.

As of June 30, 2023, the Charter School had no investments.

4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summarization of the governmental activities changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2022	Net Additions (Deletions)	Ending Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities			
Capital assets:			
Furniture, Equipment and Improvements	\$470,747	27,673	\$498,420
Total capital assets	\$470,747	\$27,673	\$498,420
Less accumulated depreciation / amortization for:			
Furniture, Equipment and Improvements	153,025	24,447	177,472
Total accumulated depreciation / amortization for:	\$153,025	\$24,447	\$177,472
Total capital assets - net	\$317,722	\$3,226	\$320,948

Depreciation expense of \$24,447 was charged to an unallocated function.

5. LONG-TERM LEASES

The school leases its premises under the terms of a non-cancelable lease which was renewed in October, 2023 for an additional three years ending on July 2026. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$395,542.

Future minimum rental payments due under the lease for the periods for the period ended are as follows:

5. LONG-TERM LEASES (continued)

	Year Ended
	June 30:
2024	\$431,480
2025	441,904
2026	456,519
2027	38,145
Total:	\$1,368,048

A security rental deposit of \$39,490 is reflected on the statement of net position as June 30, 2023.

6 PENSION PLANS

<u>Description of Plans</u> - Substantially all of the employees of the School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (both of which are contributory defined benefits plans). Both were established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirements System and the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

<u>Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)</u> - The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established as of January 1,1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirements health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State.

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the School and the systems other related non-contributing employers.

Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

<u>Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u> - The public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system.

6 PENSION PLANS (continued)

The public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

<u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)</u> - The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established under the provision of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 to provide coverage to elected and certain appointed officials, effective July 1, 2007. Membership is mandatory for such individuals with vesting occurring after one year of membership.

<u>Vesting and Benefit Provisions</u> - The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 43:03B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirements benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined.

Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service credit or they may elect deferred retirement after achieving eight to ten years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

<u>Significant Legislation</u> - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78 enacted certain changes in the operations and benefit provisions of the TPAF and the PERS systems.

<u>Pension Plan Design Changes</u> - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78, new members of TPAF and PERS, hired on or after June 28, 2011, will need 30 years of creditable service and have attained the age of 65 for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for each month that the member is under age 65. New members will be eligible for a service retirement benefit at age 65.

<u>Funding Changes</u> - Under the new legislation, the methodology for calculating the unfunded accrued liability payment portion of the employer's annual pension contribution to the PERS, and TPAF.

6 PENSION PLANS (continued)

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) will be amortized for each plan over an open-ended 30 year period and paid in level dollars. Beginning with the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation (July 1, 2019 for PERS), the UAAL will be amortized over a closed 30 year period until the remaining period reaches 20, when the amortization period will revert to an open-ended 20 year period.

COLA Suspension

The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment to current and future retirees and beneficiaries are suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law.

Contribution Requirements

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and N.J.S.A. 18:66, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2001, c. 78 provides for increases in the employee contribution rates: from 5.5% to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in the first year, meaning after 12 months, after the law's effective date for TPAF and PERS.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, non-contributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the School is a non-contributing employer of TPAF (i.e., the State of New Jersey makes the employer contribution on behalf of public school districts and Schools).

Annual Pension Costs (APC)

Per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 for the year ended June 30, 2011 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing plan with special funding situations, annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution. For PERS, which is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Board. PERS employer contributions are made annually by the Board to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The School's contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$210,394.

6 PENSION PLANS (continued)

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the School recorded as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2023 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries in the amount of \$177,022. Also, the State paid \$920,781 into the TPAF pension representing on-behalf employer's portion of the TPAF Pension System Contributions, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long Term Disability Insurance Premium Contributions for the School. These amounts have been included in the school wide financial statements and the fund financial statements as a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 24.

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

The employer contributions for the Charter School are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A 18:66-33. Therefore, the Charter School (employer) is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity. Since the Charter School (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School. However, the state's portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Charter School was \$8,520,105 as measured on June 30, 2022 and \$7,302,061 as measured on June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$229,300 and revenue of \$229,300 for support provided by the State. The measurement period for the pension expense and revenue reported in the Charter School's financial statements (A-2) at June 30, 2023 is based upon changes in the collective net pension liability with a measurement period of June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Accordingly, the pension expense and the related revenue associated

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

with the support provided by the State are based upon the changes in the collective net pension liability between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022.

Although the Charter School does not report net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows related to the TPAF, the following schedule illustrates the collective net pension liability and deferred items and the State's portion of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School.

The collective amounts are the total of all New Jersey local governments participating in the TPAF plan.

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$4,996,491,160	\$6,356,228,800
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$19,532,696,776	\$27,175,330,929
Collective net pension liability (Non-employer - State of		
New Jersey)	\$51,594,415,806	\$48,165,991,182
State's portion of the net pension liability that was		
associated with the Charter School	\$8,520,105	\$7,302,061
State's portion of the net pension liability that was		
associated with the Charter School as a percentage of		
the collective net pension liability	.016514%	.015189%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation (Price): 2.75% Inflation (Wage): 3.25%

Salary Increases: Thereafter 2.75 - 5.65% based on years of service

Investment Rate of Return: 7%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits. The long term expected of return was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Long Torm

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US equity	27.00%	8.12%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	13.50%	8.38%
Emerging markets equity	5.50%	10.33%
Private equity	13.00%	11.80%
Real estate	8.00%	11.19%
Real assets	3.00%	7.60%
High yield	4.00%	4.95%
Private credit	8.00%	8.10%
Investment grade credit	7.00%	3.38%
Cash equivalents	4.00%	1.75%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	4.91%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	At Current	
At 1% Decrease	Discount Rate	At 1%
(6.00%)	(7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
\$60,591,896,759	\$51,676,587,003	\$44,166,559,329

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/gasb-notices.shtml.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2023, the Charter School reported a liability of \$2,517,854 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022.

The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the Charter School's proportion was .016684%.

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School recognized pension expense of \$215,406. At June 30, 2023, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
Resources	Resources
\$ 18,173	\$ 11,081
7,801	260,683
104,212	
1,415,755	
210,394	
\$1,756,335	\$271,764
	\$ 18,173 7,801 104,212 1,415,755 210,394

The Charter School reported \$210,394 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the school year ended June 30, 2023, the plan measurement date was June 30, 2022) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30:
2022	/¢245.070\
2022	(\$215,978)
2023	(\$110,034)
2024	(\$53,661)
2025	\$117,069
2026	(\$257)
Total:	(\$262,861)

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$1,660,772,008	\$1,164,738,169
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$3,236,303,935	\$8,339,123,762
Collective net pension liability (Non-State-Local Group)	\$15,219,184,920	\$11,972,782,878
Charter School's proportion of net pension liability	\$2,517,854	\$1,449,742
Charter School's proportion percentage	.016684%	.012238%

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation rate:

Price 2.75% Wage 3.25%

Salary Increases:

Through 2026 2.75% - 6.55% - based on years of service

Investment Rate of Return: 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

	2022 Current		
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$2,882,943	\$2,517,854	\$2,152,765

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/gasb-notices.shtml.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US equity	27.00%	8.12%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	13.50%	8.38%
Emerging markets equity	5.50%	10.33%
Private equity	13.00%	11.80%
Real estate	8.00%	11.19%
Real assets	3.00%	7.60%
High yield	4.00%	4.95%
Private credit	8.00%	8.10%
Investment grade credit	7.00%	3.38%
Cash equivalents	4.00%	1.75%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	4.91%

7 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

8 POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

State Health Benefit State Retired Employees Plan:

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Obligations in Fiscal Year 2022 the State funded the various defined benefit pension systems at 108 percent of the full actuarially determined contributions. Employer contributions to the pension plans are calculated per the requirements of the governing State statutes using generally accepted actuarial procedures and practices. The actuarial funding method used to determine the State's contribution is a matter of State law. Any change to the funding method requires the approval of the State Legislature and the Governor. The amount the State actually contributes to the pension plans may differ from the actuarially determined contributions of the pension plans because the State's contribution to the pension plans is subject to the appropriation of the State Legislature and actions by the Governor. GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. Under the new statement, the calculation of the pension liability was changed to a more conservative methodology and each employer was allocated a proportional share of the pension plans' net pension liability. The State's share of the net pension liability, based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021, which is required to be recorded on the financial statements, is \$75.1 billion. The Fiscal Year 2023 projected aggregate State contribution to the pension plans of \$6.8 billion represents 104 percent of the actuarially determined contribution. The State provides postretirement medical (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2022, the State paid PRM benefits for 161,238 State and local retirees. The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2022, the State contributed \$1.9 billion to pay for "pay-as-you-go" PRM benefit costs incurred by covered

8 POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)

populations, a slight increase from \$1.8 billion in Fiscal Year 2021. The State has appropriated \$2.1 billion in Fiscal Year 2023 as the State's contribution to fund increases in prescription drugs and medical claims costs. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The 7 State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. The Fiscal Year 2022 State OPEB liability to provide these benefits is \$88.9 billion, a decrease of \$12.7 billion, or 12.5 percent from the \$101.6 billion liability recorded in Fiscal Year 2021. Additional information on Pensions and OPEB can be accessed on the Division of Pensions & Benefits Financial Reports webpage: https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

Total OPEB Liability

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The LEA's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the LEA did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position. Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of trustees.

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits are the responsibility of the individual local education employers.

According to N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits are the responsibility of the individual local education employers.

8 POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP -2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP -2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP -2021 for current disables retirees. Future disabled retirees was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS), and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP -2021.

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability: \$50,646,462,966

	TPAF	PERS
Salary increases:	2.75% to 4.25%	2.75% to 6.55%
	based on years of	based on years of
	service	service

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the TPAF, PERS and PFRS experience studies prepared for July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 6.25% and decreases to a 4.50% long - term trend rate after eight years. For post-65 medical benefits PPO, the trend is initially -1.99% in fiscal year 2023, increasing to 13.44% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.50% in fiscal year 2033. For HMO the trend is initially -3.54% in fiscal year 2023, increasing to 15.19% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.50% in fiscal year 2033. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.00% and decreases to a 4.50% long-term trend rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.00%.

8 POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.54%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20 -Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability reported by the State of New Jersey:

The State's Total OPEB Liability Balance at June 30, 2021 \$60,007,650,980. Changes for the year:	70
Changes for the year:	
changes for the year.	
Service Cost 2,770,618,0	25
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability 1,342,187,1	39
Changes in Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience 1,399,476,0	59
Changes of Assumptions (13,586,368,09	7)
Gross Benefit Payments by the state (1,329,476,0)	9)
Contributions from Members 42,374,9	29
Net Changes (9,361,188,0	4)
The State's Total OPEB Liability Balance at June 30, 2022 \$50,646,462,9	66
The State's Total OPEB Liability attributable to the Charter School \$3,496,9	17

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for school board retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for school board would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1- percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	June 30, 2021		
	At 1% Decrease	At Discount Rate	At 1% Increase
	1.16%	2.16%	3.16%
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$71,879,745,555	\$60,007,650,970	\$50,659,089,138
	June 30, 2022		
	At 1% Decrease	At Discount Rate	At 1% Increase
	2.54%	3.54%	4.54%
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$59,529,589,697	\$50,646,462,966	\$43,527,080,995

8 POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	June 30, 2021		
		Health Care Cost	
	At 1% Decrease	Trend Rate	At 1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$48,576,388,471	\$60,007,650,970	\$75,358,991,782
	June 30, 2022		
		Health Care Cost	
	At 1% Decrease	Trend Rate	At 1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$41,862,397,291	\$50,646,462,966	\$62,184,866,635

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School recognized OPEB expense and related revenue of \$759,343 determined by the State as the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75 and in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASBS No. 75, the Charter School's proportionate share of school retirees OPEB is zero, and there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. At June 30, 2022, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired school employee's OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$9,042,402,619	\$15,462,950,679
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	8,765,620,577	17,237,289,230
Total	\$17,808,023,196	\$32,700,239,909

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired school employee's OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

8 POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Total
2023	(\$2,517,151,602)
2024	(\$2,517,151,602)
2025	(\$2,517,151,602)
2026	(\$2,175,449,761)
2027	(1,243,951,140)
Thereafter	(3,921,361,006)
	(\$14,892,216,713)

9 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Charter School offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the IRS code 403(b). The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salaries until future years.

10 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Charter School receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if it were to occur, could have an effect on the Charter School's programs and activities.

11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Charter School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government.

If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Charter School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2023, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the Charter School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the Charter School.

The Charter School's attorney's letter advises that there is no litigation, pending litigation claims, contingent liabilities, unasserted claims for assessments or statutory violations which involved the Charter School and which might materially affect the Charter School's financial position.

12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance - The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (UNAUDITED) of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance - The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation under the "Contributory Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to remit employee withholdings to the State on a quarterly basis. All of the Charter School's claims are paid by the State.

13 **RECEIVABLES**

Receivables as of June 30, 2023 consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants and miscellaneous. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

A summary of the principal items of receivables are as follows:

			Special Revenue Proprietary			
Receivables	<u>\$337,275</u>	<u>\$113,121</u>	<u>\$16,794</u>	<u>\$467,190</u>		

14 **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The Charter School has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the financial statement date through January 8, 2024 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, the Charter School has determined that no subsequent events needed to be disclosed.

15 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (B-1) and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (A-1).

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including deferred pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

The reconciliation is as follows:

Fund balance per B-1 - Governmental	\$2,641,446
Cost of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	320,948
Right-to-Use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	2,856,156
The cost of the assets is \$3,213,176 net accumulated amortization of \$357,020	
Lease liabilities used in government activities are not financial	
resourced and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(2,979,135)
Pension deferred outflows	1,756,335
Pension deferred inflows	(271,764)
Deferred pension liability as of June 30, 2023	(2,517,854)
Net position (per A-1) as of June 30, 2023 - Governmental	\$1,806,132

16. **FUND BALANCES**

RESTRICTED

As stated in note 1, the restricted fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Such restrictions, or constraints, are placed on the use of resources by either of the following: (1) externally imposed by creditors, granters, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Specific restrictions of the Charter School's fund balance are summarized as follows:

16. FUND BALANCES (continued)

General Fund

<u>Charter School Escrow Reserve</u> - In accordance with the New Jersey Charter School agreement, the Charter School has established an escrow that is restricted for the possible costs associated with the dissolution of the Charter School. As of June 30. 2023, the balance of the escrow is \$75,000.

17. CAPITAL RESERVE

The school established a \$1,194,135 Capital Reserve of its unrestricted fund balance in anticipation of the cost of acquiring renovating and moving the school to a new facility.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II



ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	1	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Fii	Variance nal to Actual
REVENUES:							
Local Sources:							
State / Local Share	\$ 4,371,129	\$	370,432	\$ 4,741,561	\$ 4,714,803		26,758
Miscellaneous	-		-	0	71,252		(71,252)
Total - Local Sources	4,371,129		370,432	4,741,561	4,786,055		(44,494)
Security Aid	157,550		20,379	177,929	157,199		20,730
Special Education	188,951		(31,762)	157,189	177,929		(20,740)
Adjustment Aid	613,800		(359,049)	254,751	254,751		-
TPAF Pension (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)					728,739		(728,739)
TPAF Post Retirement Medical (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)	-			-	191,438		(191,438)
TPAF . LTD (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)					604		(604)
TPAF Social Security (Reimbursed - Non-Budgeted)					177,022		(177,022)
Total State Sources	960,301		(370,432)	589,869	1,687,682		(1,097,813)
Total Revenues	5,331,430		-	 5,331,430	6,473,737		(1,142,307)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current Expense:							
Regular Programs - Instruction							
Teachers Salary	2,727,351		(800,232)	1,927,119	1,907,362	\$	19,757
Other Salaries	86,938		319,846	406,784	364,885		41,899
Prof/Tech Services	-		300,574	300,574	300,574		-
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	413,120		(292,491)	120,629	1,129		119,500
General Supplies	406,548		(175,313)	231,235	74,409		156,826
Textbooks	-		-	-	-		-
Other Objects	12,500		171,695	184,195	178,619		5,576
TOTAL REGULAR PROGRAMS - INSTRUCTION	3,646,457		(475,921)	3,170,536	2,826,978		343,558

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
-	Duuget		Duaget	Actual	Tillar to Actual
Support Services - General Administrative					
Salaries of Administative Salaries	1,086,190	(401,897)	684,293	684,293	-
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	267,613	119,738	387,351	387,351	-
Cost of Benefits	723,448	590,955	1,314,403	1,308,614	5,789
Consultants	67,500	9,390	76,890	76,890	-
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	269,506	53,702	323,208	314,698	8,510
Communications/Telephone	46,500	23,539	70,039	69,146	893
Supplies and Materials	36,194	35,005	71,199	61,603	9,596
Other Objects	11,500	18,420	29,920	17,436	12,484
-	2,508,451	448,852	2,957,303	2,920,031	37,272
Support Services - School Admin/Operation Plant Services					
Salaries	163,087	67,772	230,859	230,859	-
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	35,000	-	35,000	3,684	31,316
Other Purchased Services	96,500	27,967	124,467	103,584	20,883
Rental of Land and Building- other than Lease Purchase Agreements	50,161	-	50,161	50,161	-
Insurance	116,000	(47,298)	68,702	68,702	-
General Supplies	56,000	409	56,409	51,778	4,631
Lease Interest Expense	198,734	26,188	224,922	224,922	-
Principal Payments on Leases	234,041	-	234,041	234,041	-
Transportation- Trips	10,000	-	10,000	-	10,000
Energy (Energy and Electricity)	95,000	(66,389)	28,611	28,596	15
Other Objects	21,999	18,420	40,419	19,872	20,547
Total Undist. Expend Other Oper. & Maint. Of Plant	1,076,522	27,069	1,103,591	1,016,199	87,392
Food Service					
Other Purchased Services	-	-	-	-	
Total Food Services	=		-	-	-
On-behalf TPAF Pension Contributions (non-budgeted)				728,739	(728,739)
On-behalf TPAF Medical Contributions (non-budgeted)				191,438	(191,438)
On-behalf - LTD Contribution (non-budgeted)				604	(604)
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (non-budgeted)				177,022	(177,022)
TOTAL ON-BEHALF CONTRIBUTIONS	-	-	-	1,097,803	(1,097,803)
TOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES					
<u> </u>	3,584,973	475,921	4,060,894	5,034,033	(973,139)
TOTAL GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE	7,231,430	-	7,231,430	7,861,011	(629,581)

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
CAPITAL OUTLAY					
Equipment					
Regular Programs - Instruction:					
Instructional Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Instructional Equipment	-		-	-	-
Building Improvements		 .	-	<u> </u>	
Total Equipment		-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES- GENERAL FUND	7,231,430	-	7,231,430	7,861,011	(629,581)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,900,000)	-	(1,900,000)	(1,387,274)	(512,726)
Other Financing Sources:					
Operating Transfer In: Capital Reserve	1,900,000	1,730,170	3,705,170	1,730,170	1,900,000
Total Other Financing Sources:	1,900,000	1,730,170	3,705,170	1,730,170	1,900,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	342,896	1,387,274
Fund Balance, July 1, 2022	-	-	1,028,720	- 1,028,720	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,028,720	\$ 1,371,616	\$ 1,387,274

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit C-2 Page 1

	Budget	Transfers	Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES:					
State Sources	\$ 39,900		\$ 39,900	\$ 39,900	
Local Sources	3,013		3,013	3,013	
Federal Sources	2,231,365		2,231,365	2,231,365	
Total Revenues	2,274,278		2,274,278	2,274,278	
EXPENDITURES:		•			
Instruction					
Salaries of Teachers	729,291		729,291	729,291	
Other Salaries for Instruction	-		-	-	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	292,058		292,058	292,058	
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	1,000		1,000	1,000	
Textbooks					
General Supplies	436,120		436,120	436,120	
Personal Services- Employee Benefits	234,194		234,194	234,194	
Instructional Equipment	-		-	-	
Equipment- Non instructional	27,673		27,673	27,673	
Miscellaneous Expense					
Total Instruction	1,720,336		1,720,336	1,720,336	
Support Services		•			
Salaries of Supervisor of Instruction	258,942		258,942	258,942	
Salaries of Program Directors	31,034		31,034	31,034	
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	34,483		34,483	34,483	
Salaries of Secretaries & Clerical Assistants					
Other Salaries					
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	29,483		29,483	29,483	
Purchased Professional - Educational Services	-		-	-	
Other Purchased Professional Services					
Supplies	200,000		200,000	200,000	
Communication					
Scholarships					
Tuition					
Travel					
Other purchased Services (400-500 series)	-		-	-	
Building Improvements					
Total Support Services	553,942		553,942	553,942	

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Buildings Improvements Instructional Equipment Noninstructional Equipment Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services					·
Transfer to Charter School					
Total Expenditures	2,274,278		2,274,278	2,274,278	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer in from General Fund Transfer Out to Whole School Reform (General Fund)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Total Outflows					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)					

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Note to RSI For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

The general fund budget and the special revenue budget basis are GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30* (Unaudited)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.016684%	0.012238%	0.007174%	0.007101%	0.204810%	0.006827%	0.006440%	0.005267%	0.002856%
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	2,517,854	1,449,742	1,169,818	1,279,589	1,790,228	1,589,306	1,908,375	1,182,282	534,711
Charter School Covered employee payroll	\$1,120,589	\$1,114,069	\$541,100	\$362,152	\$542,012	\$469,840	\$326,245	\$259,676	\$153,979
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a									
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	224.7%	130.1%	216.2%	353.3%	330.2%	338.2%	585.0%	455.3%	347.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	44.5%	76.8%	46.25%	28.3%	30.2%	34.1%	24.6%	27.6%	28.8%

^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30* (Unaudited)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$210,394	\$143,318	\$78,475	\$69,077	\$91,771	\$66,818	\$57,243	\$45,280	\$23,544
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(210,394)	(143,318)	(78,475)	(69,077)	(91,771)	(66,818)	(57,243)	(45,280)	(23,544)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Charter School Covered employee payroll	1,120,589	1,114,069	541,100	362,152	542,012	469,840	326,245	259,676	153,979
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	18.8%	12.8%	14.5%	19.07%	16.93%	14.22%	17.55%	17.43%	15.29%

^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (Unaudited)

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)** Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)** State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	N/A N/A								
(asset) associated with the Charter School	8,520,105	7,302,061	10,972,594	9,006,809	13,029,302	11,448,257	11,281,746	8,770,256	3,720,360
Total	8,520,105	7,302,061	10,972,594	9,006,809	13,029,302	11,448,257	11,281,746	8,770,256	3,720,360
Charter School Covered employee payroll Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a	2,241,698	1,970,182	1,305,687	1,588,352	1,534,166	1,375,141	1,731,235	1,405,512	N/A
percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	N/A 26.30%	N/A 35.52%	N/A 24.60%	N/A 26.95%	N/A 26.49%	N/A 25.41%	N/A 22.33%	N/A 28.71%	N/A 33.04%

^{**}NOTE: TPAF is a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the plan. Since the charter school (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan there is no net pension liability to report in the financial statements of the charter school.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Change of Benefit Terms: None

Change of Assumptions: Assumptions used in calculating the net pension liability and statutorily

required employer contribution are presented in the notes to the

financial statements.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE OPEB LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE OPEB LIABILITY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Change of Benefit Terms: None

Change of Assumptions: Assumptions used in calculating the OPEB liability are presented in the

notes to the financial statements.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE STATE'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS STATE HEALTH BENEFIT LOCAL EDUCATION RETIRED EMPLOYEES PLAN (TPAF AND PERS)

(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Years*

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
The State of New Jersey's Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost Interest Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$2,770,618,025 1,342,187,139 1,399,200,736	\$3,217,874,264 1,556,661,679 11,449,632,500	\$1,790,973,822 1,503,341,357 11,544,750,637	\$1,734,404,850 1,827,787,206 (7,323,140,818)	\$1,984,642,729 1,970,236,232 (5,002,065,740)	\$2,391,878,884 1,699,441,736
Benefit Payment Contributions from Members Changes of Assumptions or other inputs	(1,329,476,059) 42,650,252 (13,586,368,097)	59,202,105 (1,186,417,186)	(1,180,515,618) 35,781,384 12,386,549,981	(1,280,958,373) 37,971,171 622,184,027	(1,232,987,247) 42,614,005 (5,291,448,855)	(1,242,412,566) 45,748,749 (7,086,599,129)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(\$9,361,188,004)	(\$7,802,311,638)	\$26,080,881,563	(\$4,381,751,937)	(\$7,529,008,876)	(\$4,191,942,326)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$60,007,650,970	\$67,809,962,608	\$41,729,081,045	\$46,110,832,982	\$53,639,841,858	\$57,831,784,184
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$50,646,462,966	\$60,007,650,970	\$67,809,962,608	\$41,729,081,045	\$46,110,832,982	53,639,841,858
The State of New Jersey's total OPEB liability**	\$50,646,462,966	\$60,007,650,970	\$67,809,962,608	\$41,729,081,045	\$46,110,832,982	\$53,639,841,858
The State of New Jersey's OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School	\$3,496,917	\$3,567,734	\$3,867,534	\$2,310,693	\$1,916,964	\$2,500,558
The Charter School's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability	0	0	0	0	0	0
Charter School's covered employee payroll	3,362,287	4,460,787	\$1,846,787	\$1,950,504	\$2,076,178	\$1,844,981
Total Charter School's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Charter School's contribution	None	None	None	None	None	None
State's covered employee payroll	\$14,753,355,408	\$14,425,669,769	\$14,267,738,657	\$13,929,083,479	\$13,640,275,833	\$13,493,400,208
Total State's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	343.29%	416.00%	475.00%	300.00%	338.05%	397.53%

^{**}Note: Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) for employees of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) is considered a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 75 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the health insurance plan. The district (employer) does not contribute to the plan and the district's OPEB liability is zero.

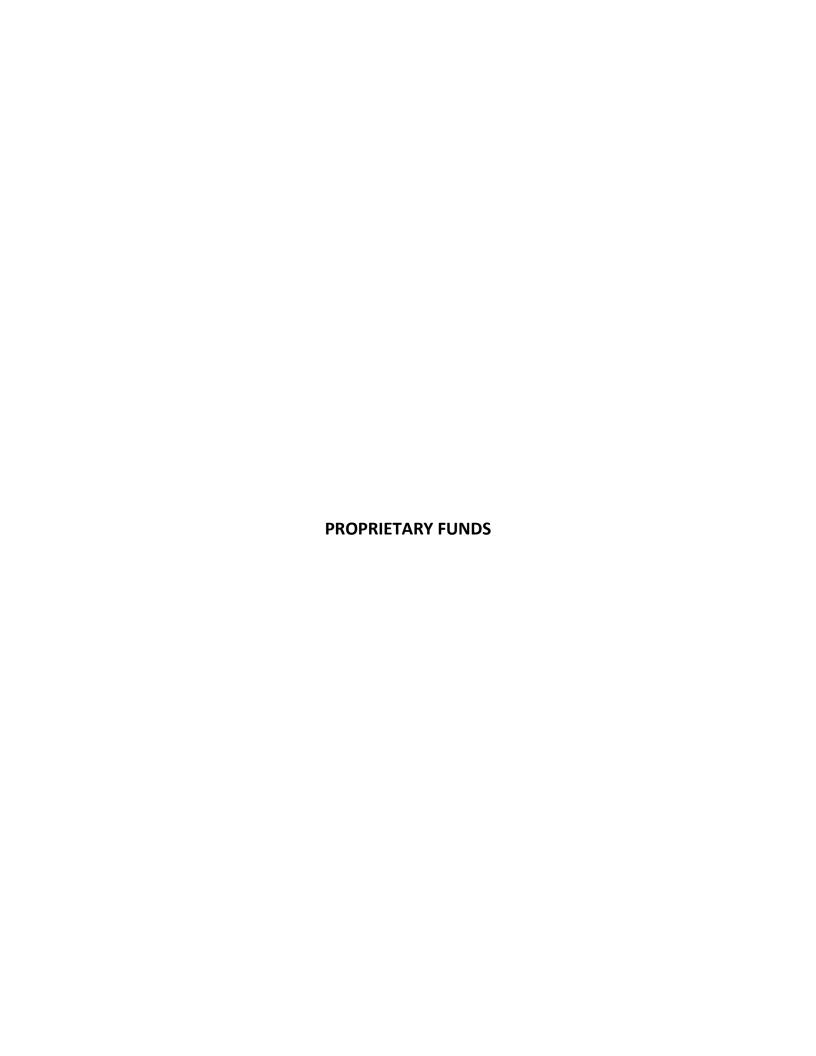
^{*}Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
resour	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND I Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue ces (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally ted to expenditures for specific purposes.
resour	I Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue ces (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally
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ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Special Revenue Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures- Budgetary Basis

For	the Fiscal	Year	Ended	June 30	. 2023

		Title I	ESSER	ESSER	CRRSA Learning	ARP Mental	ARP LEARNING	CRRSA Mental	IDEA Part B	IDEA Part B	SDA	OTHER
	TOTAL	Part A	II	Ш	Accel	Health	COACH	Health	Basic	Preschool	EMERGENT	GRANT
REVENUES												
Intergovernmental												
State Sources	\$39,900										39,900	
Federal	2,231,365	\$287,886	\$126,684	\$1,603,754	\$22,694	\$45,000	\$50,000	\$33,331	\$59,563	\$2,453		\$0
Other Sources												
Local Sources	3,013											3,013
Total Revenues	2,274,278	287,886	126,684	1,603,754	22,694	45,000	50,000	33,331	59,563	2,453	39,900	3,013
EXPENDITURES												
Instruction												
Salaries	729,291	211,386		517,905								
Other Purchased Services	1,000		1,000									
Purchased Prof. and Tech.and Edu Services	292,058	0	72	229,970					59,563	2,453		
General Supplies	436,120	0	97,939	239,243	22,694		0	33,331			39,900	3,013
Recruitment	0											
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	234,194	76,500		157,694								
Food Service Subsidy	0											
Textbooks	0											
Technology	0											
Instructional Equipment	0		0									
Equipment Non- Instructional	27,673		27,673									
Miscellaneous Expense												
Total Instruction	1,720,336	287,886	126,684	1,144,812	22,694	0	0	33,331	59,563	2,453	39,900	3,013
Support Services												
Salaries of Supervisors of Instruction	258,942			258,942								
Salaries of Program Directors	31,034					31,034						
Salaries of Other Prof. Staff	34,483						34,483					
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Ass't Totals												
Personal Services - Employee Benefits	29,483					13,966	15,517					
Supplies and Materials	0		0									
Other Purchase Services	0		0									
Purchased Professional/Educational Services	200,000		0	200,000								
Class- room Improvements												
Building Improvements											0	0
Non instructional Equipment												
Total Support Services	553,942	0	0	458,942	0	45,000	50,000	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,274,278	\$287,886	\$126,684	\$1,603,754	\$22,694	\$45,000	\$50,000	\$33,331	\$59,563	\$2,453	\$39,900	\$3,013



ENTERPRISE FUND

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed through user charges or where the board has decided that periodical determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Food Service Fund - The fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools.

Exhibit G-1

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund As of June 30, 2023

	Proprietary Fund Business-Type Enterprise
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$22,118
Intergovernmental Receivable	
Federal	16,433
State	361
Total Current Assets	38,912
Total Assets	\$38,912
LIABILITIES	
Total Current Liabilities	0
Net Position	
Unrestricted	38,912
Total Net Position	\$38,912

Exhibit G-2

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Proprietary Fund Business-Type Activities
OPERATING REVENUES	Enterprise
Local Sources	
Daily Sales - Reimbursable Programs	
	0
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Supplies, Materials & Other	(\$312,022)
	(312,022)
Income (Loss) From Operations	(312,022)
Nonoperating Revenues	
State Sources	
National School Lunch Program	3,016
School Breakfast Program	3,133
Federal Sources	
School Breakfast Program	80,511
National School Lunch Program	198,291
	284,951
Increase in Net Position	(27,071)
Total Net Position - July 1, 2022	65,983
Total Net Position - June 30, 2023	\$38,912

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statements of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Proprietary Fund Business-Type Activities
Cash flows from operating activities Cash Payments supplies, material and other Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (312,022) (312,022)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Other Subsidy Revenue Cash Received from State and Federal Subsidy Reimbursements Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	321,251 321,251
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	9,229 12,889 \$22,118
Reconcilliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable Change in Assets and Liabilities Total Adjustment	(\$27,071) 0 36,300 0 36,300
Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities	\$9,229

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (NOT APPLICABLE)

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Combining Statement of Agency Funds Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Nonexpendable Trust Fund Combining Statement of Agency Fund Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL
Student Activity Agency Fund
Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements
Fiduciary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL
Payroll Agency Fund
Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements
Fiduciary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund Statement of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

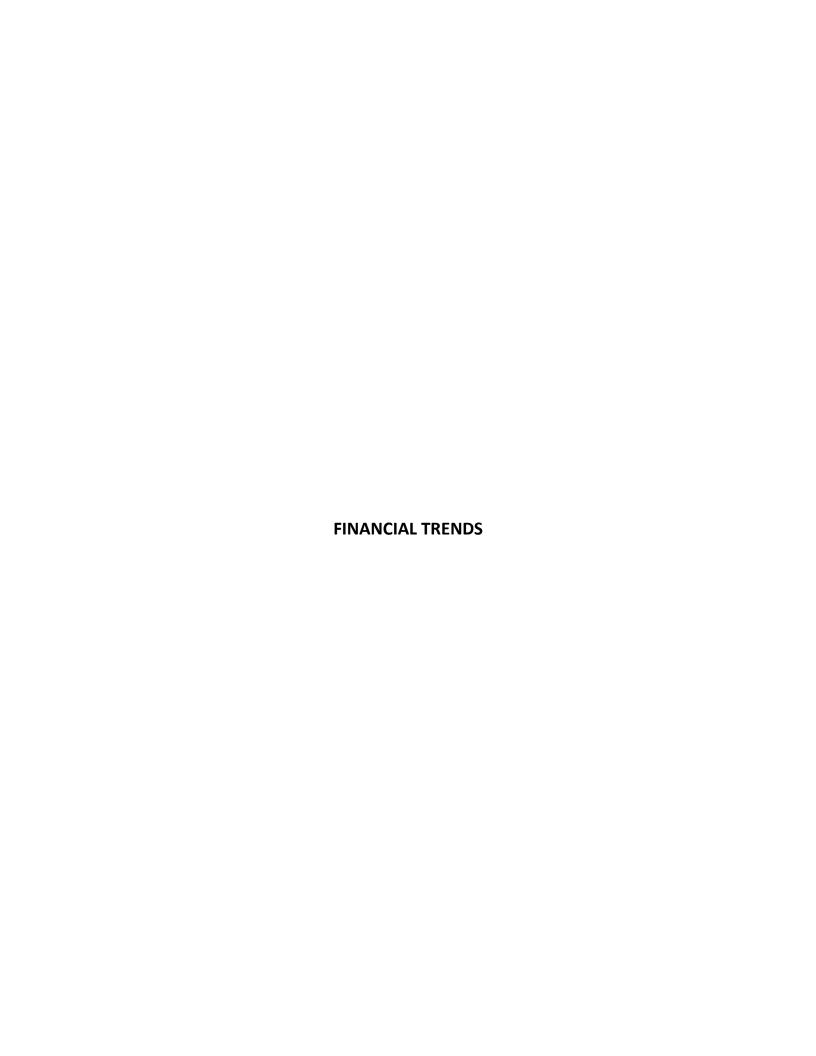
STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Roseville Community Charter School annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the school's overall financial health.

Contents	Exhibits
Financial Trends	J- I to J-5
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	J-6 to J-9
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	J-10 to J-13
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	J-14 and J-15
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	J-16 to J-20
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

the services the government provides and the activities it performs.



ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NET POSITION BY COMPONENT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	2023			2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Governmental activities												
Invested in capital assets, net	\$	320,948	\$	317,722	\$	88,821	\$	98,087	\$	107,353	\$	18,811
Amortization expense over principal payments on leases		(122,979)										
Restricted- Capital Reserve / Student Escrow	1	,269,830		3,000,000		4,500,000		4,500,000		4,500,000		4,500,000
Unrestricted		338,333		(435,959)		849,671		1,482,877		2,235,291		975,846
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 1	,806,132	\$	2,881,763	\$	5,438,492	\$	6,080,964	\$	6,842,644	\$	5,494,657
Business-type activities												
Invested in capital assets, net				c= 000				40.000		== 0.40		100.000
Unrestricted		38,912		65,983		47,392		12,996		77,848		120,398
Total business-type activities net position	\$	38,912	Ş	65,983	\$	47,392	\$	12,996	\$	77,848	\$	120,398
School-wide												
Invested in capital assets, net		320,948		317,722		88,821		98,087		107,353		18,811
Amortization expense over principal payments on leases		(122,979)										
Restricted - Capital Reserve / Student Escrow	1	,269,830		3,000,000		4,500,000		4,500,000		4,500,000		4,500,000
Unrestricted		377,245		(369,976)		897,063		1,495,873		2,313,139		1,096,244
Total school net position	\$ 1	,845,044	\$	2,947,746	\$	5,485,884	\$	6,093,960	\$	6,920,492	\$	5,615,055

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

_	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Expenses						
Governmental activities Instruction						
Regular	4,547,314	4,085,441	3,488,137	3,426,520	2,442,947	2,772,607
Negalai	7,577,517	4,005,441	3,400,137	3,420,320	2,442,347	2,772,007
Support Services:						
General administration	3,473,973	2,677,967	2,083,049	1,953,644	2,491,089	1,308,565
School Administrative Services	1,016,199	907,508	899,155	696,090	786,578	1,107,268
On-behalf TPAF Social Security / Pension / Medical	1,097,803	1,020,406	741,576	609,266	554,764	652,667
Capital outlay	0	0	15,000	19,810	109,845	0
Unallocated depreciation	24,447	15,383	(9,266)	(9,266)	108,959	16,785
Total governmental activities expenses	10,159,736	8,706,705	7,217,651	6,696,064	6,494,182	5,857,892
Business-type activities:						
Food service	284,951	301,985	47,392	256,263	276,064	189,284
Total business-type activities expense	284,951	301,985	47,392	256,263	276,064	189,284
Total school expenses	10,444,687	9,008,690	7,265,043	6,952,327	6,770,246	6,047,176
Paraman Paraman						
Program Revenues Governmental activities:						
Operating grants and contributions	2,274,278	1,227,565	647,682	378,978	397,281	386,532
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,274,278	1,227,565	647,682	378,978	397,281	386,532
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services						
Proprietary Fund	312,022	280,335	78,727	191,411	233,514	231,141
Total business type activities program revenues	312,022	280,335	78,727	191,411	233,514	231,141
Total school program revenues	2,586,300	1,507,900	726,409	570,389	630,795	617,673
Net (Expense)/Revenue						
Governmental activities	(\$7,885,458)	(\$7,479,140)	(\$6,569,969)	(\$6,317,086)	(\$6,096,901)	(\$5,471,360)
Business-type activities	(27,071)	21,650	31,335	(64,852)	(42,550)	41,857
Total school-wide net expense	(\$7,912,529)	(\$3,334,720)	(\$3,334,720)	(\$3,334,720)	(\$3,334,720)	(\$3,334,720)
Governmental activities:						
Local Share	0	0	572,673	556,104	651,113	696,725
State Share	4,714,803	3,993,351	3,321,498	3,180,924	3,705,401	3,827,130
State and Federal Aid aid	1,687,682	2,130,165	2,003,761	1,818,821	1,851,544	1,830,350
Amortization expense over principal payments on leases	-122,979	,,	,,	,,-	, ,-	,,
Pension Adjustrment	431,396					
Miscellaneous income	71,252	19,290	48,097	18,089	17,330	72,951
Increase in Net Capital Outlay	27,673	244,284	0	(9,266)	108,959	0
Total activities	6,809,827	6,387,090	5,946,029	5,564,672	6,334,347	6,427,156
Business-type activities:						
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total business-type activities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total school-wide	6,809,827	6,387,090	5,946,029	5,564,672	6,334,347	6,427,156
Change in Not Besition						
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	(\$1,075,631)	(\$1,092,050)	(\$623,940)	(\$752,414)	\$237,446	\$955,796
Business-type activities	(\$27,071)	\$21,650	\$31,335	(\$64,852)	(\$42,550)	\$41,857
Total school	(\$11,270,702)	(\$1,070,400)	(\$592,605)	(\$817,266)	\$194,896	\$997,653
Source: School Financial Statements	(+,-,0,,02)	(+ -, - : 0, : 00)	(+2,000)	(+) = - 0)	Ŧ== 1,000	+,000

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
General Fund						
Capital / Student Escrow Reserves	\$1,269,830	\$3,000,000	\$4,500,000	\$4,500,000	\$4,500,000	\$4,500,000
Unreserved	1,371,616	1,028,720	849,671	1,482,877	2,235,291	1,997,845
Total General Fund	\$2,641,446	\$4,028,720	\$5,349,671	\$5,982,877	\$6,735,291	\$6,497,845
All Other Governmental Funds Unreserved, reported						
Total all other governmental funds						

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - SCHOOLWIDE FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	2023	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Revenues						
Local tax Levy	\$0	\$0	\$572,673	\$556,104	\$651,113	\$696,725
State Aid	4,714,803	3,993,351	3,321,498	3,180,924	3,705,401	3,827,130
State sources	1,687,682	2,130,165	2,003,761	1,818,821	1,851,544	1,830,350
Food Service	284,951	301,985	78,727	191,411	233,514	231,141
Miscellaneous revenue	71,252	22,155	48,097	18,089	17,330	72,951
Federal sources	2,274,278	1,224,700	647,682	378,978	397,281	386,532
Total revenue	9,032,966	7,672,356	6,672,438	6,144,327	6,856,183	7,044,829
Expenditures						_
Instruction						
Regular Instruction	2,826,978	2,901,789	2,894,833	3,047,542	2,053,166	2,402,410
Support Services:						
General administration	2,920,031	2,634,054	2,028,671	1,953,644	2,483,589	1,292,230
School administrative services/Plant	1,016,199	907,508	899,155	696,090	786,578	1,107,268
TPAF Social Security / Pension / Medical	1,097,803	1,020,406	741,576	609,266	554,764	652,667
Capital Outlay	0	0	15,000	19,810	109,845	
Food Service	312,022	280,335	47,392	256,263	276,064	189,284
Special Revenue	2,274,278	1,227,565	647,682	378,978	397,281	386,532
Total expenditures	10,447,311	8,971,657	7,274,309	6,961,593	6,661,287	6,030,391
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures						
Other Financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in						
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net change in fund balance Increase (Decrease)	\$ (1,414,345)	\$ (1,299,301)	\$ (601,871)	\$ (817,266)	\$ 194,896	\$ 1,014,438



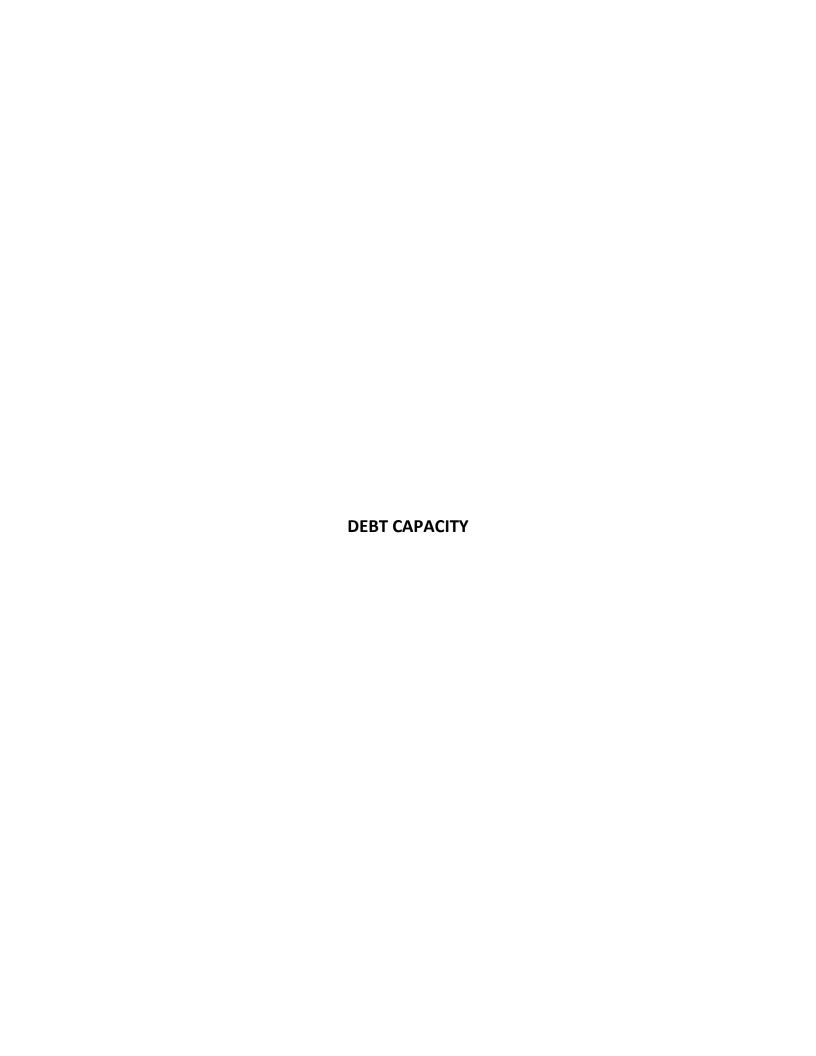
ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund - Other Local Revenue By Source For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

	Sale of Capital			Prior Year	Sale and Leaseback of		
	Assets	Donations	Interest	Refunds	Textbooks	Other Local	Totals
2018						72,951	72,951
2019						17,330	17,330
2020						18,089	18,089
2021						48,097	48,097
2022						19,290	19,290
2023						71,252	71,252

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Principal Property Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Property Tax Levies and Collections For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Legal Debt Margin Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Demographic and Economic Statistics For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023

OPERATING INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Principal Employers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Roseville Community Charter School Full-time Equivalent School Employees by Function/Program For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Function/Program						
Instruction						
Regular	38	37	21	22	23	23
Special education	4	3	4	4	4	4
Other special education	·	· ·	-	-	-	-
Vocational						
Other instruction	4	4	16	6	6	3
Nonpublic school programs	·			· ·	· ·	J
Adult/continuing education programs						
,						
Support Services:						
Student & instruction related services	7	7				
General administration			3	3	3	3
School administrative services	5	5	4			
Other administrative services			3	5	5	3
Central services						
Administrative Information Technology			1			
Plant operations and maintenance	6	6	2	3	3	3
Pupil transportation						
Other support services						4
Special Schools						
Food Service	1	1	1	1	1	1
Child Care						
Total -	65	63	55	44	45	44

Source: School Personnel Records

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Operating Statistics For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

Pupil/Teacher Ratio

								Average	
Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Elementary and Middle School	Senior High School	Daily Enrollment (ADE)	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)
2018	326.2	6,072,248	18,570	17.4%	31	10:1	N/A	326.2	307.9
2019	323.8	6,385,223	17,119	7.80%	33	10:1	N/A	323.8	299.5
2020	269.4	6,352,503	23,580	37.00%	32	10:1	N/A	269.4	245.4
2021	280.6	6,498,640	23,160	-1.8%	41	7:1	N/A	280.6	233.5
2022	262.5	7,951,251	30,290	30.8%	44	6:1	N/A	262.5	229.39
2023	278.0	7,861,011	28,277	6.7%	46	6:1	N/A	277.7	253.9

Sources: School records

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL School Building Information For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
School Building						
Main Campus						
Square Feet	26,700	26,700	26,700	26,700	26,700	26,700
Capacity (students)	352	352	352	352	352	352
Enrollment	278	262.5	280.6	269.4	324	326
Number of Schools at June 30						
Elementary	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: School Office

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund - Schedule of Required Maintenance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL INSURANCE SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2023 UNAUDITED

		Coverage	De	ductible
Commercial Package - NJSIG:			'-	_
Property - Blanket Building and Contents	\$	500,000,000	\$	1,000
Accounts Receivable	\$	250,000	\$	1,000
Automobile Physical Damage		None		None
Electronic Data Processing Equipment	\$	200,000	\$	1,000
Comprehensive General Liability - NJSIG:				
Occurrence Limit	\$	11,000,000		None
Automobile Liability	\$ \$	11,000,000		None
Employee Benefit Liability	\$	11,000,000	\$	1,000
Workers' Compenstion - NJSIG:				
Statutory Benefits		Included		
Employer's Liability	\$	2,000,000		
Supplemental Indemnity Coverage		Included	7 Day \	Waiting Period
School Leaders Errors & Omissions - NJSIG:				
Limit Each Loss	\$	11,000,000	\$	5,000
Crime - NJSIG:				
Blanket Employee Dishonesty	\$	100,000	\$	500
Computer Fraud	\$	100,000	\$	500
Forgery	\$	100,000	\$	500
Theft/Disappearance/Destruction:				
Inside	\$	50,000	\$	500
Outside	\$	50,000	\$	500
Public Official Bonds - NJISG:				
Board Secretary	\$	160,000	\$	1,000

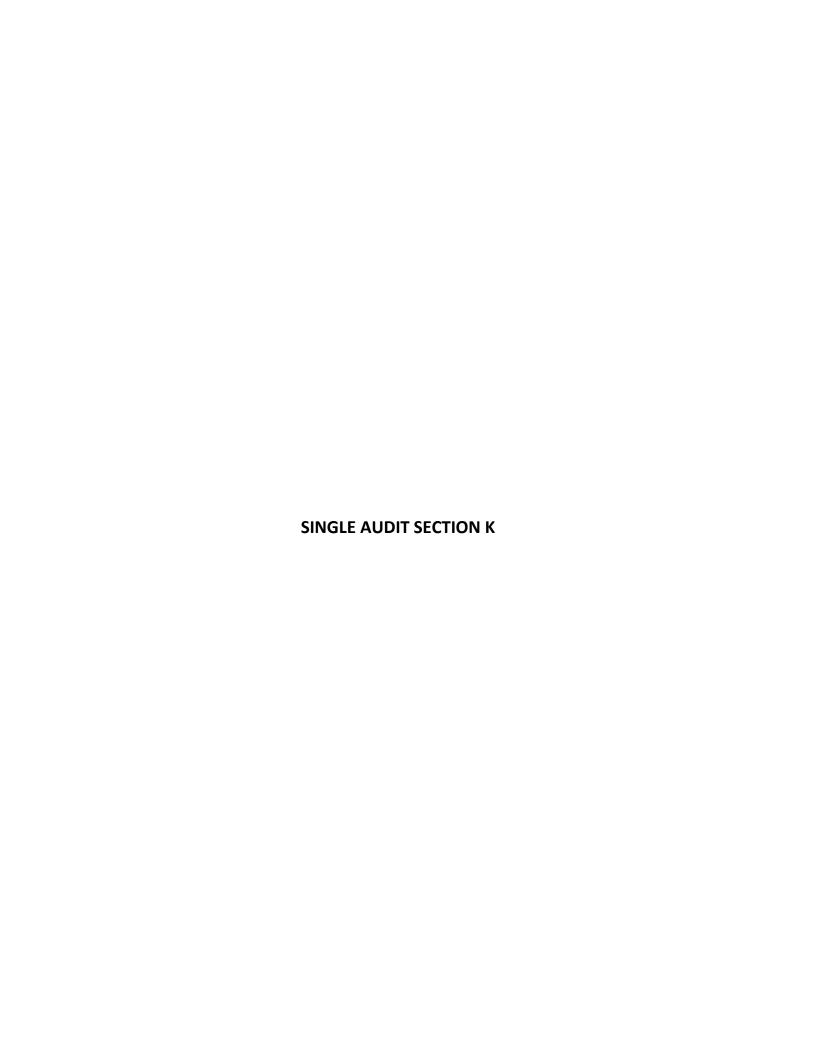
Source: Charter School Financial Reports.

CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL INDICATORS

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - FINANCIAL RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Near Term Indicators

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,605,788	3,061,456	4,782,404	5,026,933	6,561,523	5,859,848
Current Assets	3,320,927	4,228,899	5,492,953	6,029,175	6,992,542	6,693,659
Pension deferred outflows	1,756,335					
Capital Assets-Net	320,948	317,722	88,821	128,376	107,353	18,811
Total Assets	8,003,998	4,546,621	5,581,774	6,157,551	7,099,895	6,712,470
Current Liabilities	429,113	134,196	98,949	33,300	179,403	75,416
Long Term Liabilities	5,729,841	1,464,679	30,5 .5	33,333	273,.00	70,120
Total Liabilities	6,158,954	1,598,875	98,949	33,300	179,403	75,416
				′ '		
Net Position	1,845,044	2,947,746	5,482,825	6,124,251	6,920,492	6,637,054
Tatal Bayanya	0.033.000	7 001 257	C C72 420	C 12F 0C1	C 0FC 103	7.044.020
Total Revenue	9,032,966	7,901,257	6,672,438	6,135,061	6,856,183	7,044,829
Total Expenses	(10,447,311)	(8,971,657)	(7,274,309)	(6,961,593)	(6,661,287)	(6,030,391)
Change in Net Position	(1,414,345)	(1,070,400)	(601,871)	(826,532)	194,896	1,014,438
Depreciation	24,447	15,383	9,266	9,266	20,417	16,785
Principal Payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Final average daily enrollment	277.7	264.0	280.6	269.4	373	326
March 30th budgeted Enrollment	277.7	264.0	280.6	269.4	373	326
Near term indicators	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
CURRENT RATIO	40.00	24 54		101	20	00
CURRENT RATIO	10.09	31.51	55.5	181	39	89
Unrestricted days cash	95.42	124.56	242.67	381.45	381.45	354.96
Enrollment variance	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total margin	-15.6%	-14.0%	9.0%	-13%	3%	14%
Debt to Asset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cash Flow	(589,593)	(1,720,948)	(244,529)	(1,534,590)	701,675	784,143
Debt Service Coverage ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



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EXHIBIT K-1

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Roseville Community Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roseville Community Charter School ("the Charter School"), in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon, dated January 8, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

Lord ODard

January 8, 2024

GERALD D. LONGO

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EXHIBIT K-2

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NJ OMB 15-08

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Roseville Community Charter School County of Essex Newark, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

I have audited Roseville Community Charter School's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Roseville Community Charter School's major Federal and State programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Roseville Community Charter School's major Federal and State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In my opinion, Roseville Community Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal and State programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and NJ OMB Circular 15-08. My responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance and NJ OMB Circular 15-08, are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of my report.

I am required to be independent of Roseville Community Charter School and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on

compliance for each major Federal and State programs. My audit does not provide a legal determination of Roseville Community Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Roseville Community Charter School's Federal and State programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Roseville Community Charter School's compliance based on my audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance and NJ OMB Circular 15-08, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Roseville Community Charter School's compliance with the requirements of each major Federal and State programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance and NJ OMB Circular 15-08, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding Roseville Community Charter School's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as I considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Roseville Community Charter School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and NJ OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Roseville Community Charter School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that I identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal and State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal and State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal and State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

My audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and NJOMB circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

Gerald D. Longo

Certified Public Accountant

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January 8, 2024

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grant/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Federal Award Identification <u>Number</u>	Grant <u>Period</u>	Award <u>Amount</u>	Accounts Receivable at July 1, 2022	Prior <u>Carry-over</u>	Cash <u>Received</u>	Budgetary Expenditures	Refund of Prior Years' <u>Balances</u>	<u>Adjust</u>	Deferred Revenue/ (Accounts Receivable) June 30, 2023	Due to Grantor June 30, 2023
Enterprise Fund:												
U.S. Department of Agriculture												
Passed-Through NJ State Department of Agrico	ulture											
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.552	22411204114000	07/01/21 06/20/22	¢01.4F2	(10.200)		10 200	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	ć
National School Breakfast National School Lunch	10.553 10.555	221NJ304N1099 221NJ304N1099	07/01/21-06/30/22 07/01/21-06/30/22	\$91,452 179,620	(18,308) (34,004)		18,308 34,004	Ş- -	Ş- -	Ş- -		\$-
National School Snack	10.555	231NJ304N1199	07/01/21-06/30/22	80,511	(34,004)		75,857	80,511	_	-	(4,654)	-
National School Lunch	10.555	231NJ304N1199 231NJ304N1199	07/01/22-06/30/23	198,291	_		186,512	198,291	_	_	(11,779)	_
Total Enterprise Fund/Total US Dept. of Ag			07/01/22-00/30/23	130,231	(52,312)		314,681	278,802		_		
		g			(0=,0==)						(==, :==,	
Special Revenue Fund: U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through NJ State Department of Edu	cation											
Title 1 Part A	84.01	S010A220030	07/01/22-09/30/23	287,886		-	287,886	287,886	-	-	-	-
Total ESEA						-	287,886	287,886	-	-	-	-
Special Education Cluster												
IDEA Part B	84.027A	H027A220100	07/01/22-09/30/23	59,563	-	-	59,563	59,563	-	-	-	-
IDEA Pre-School	84.173A	H173A220114	07/01/22-09/30/23	2,453		-	2,453	2,453	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Total Special Education Cluster						-	62,016	62,016	-	-	-	-
Education Stabilization Fund												
CRRSA ESSER 11	84.425D	S425D210027	03/13/20-09/30/23	898,537	(771,853)	_	898,537	126,684	_	-	-	-
CRRSA Learning Acceleration	84.425D	S425D210027	03/13/20-09/30/23	57,664	(34,970)	-	57,664	22,694	-	-	-	-
CRRSA Mental Health	84.425D	S425D210027	03/13/20-09/30/23	45,000	(11,669)	-	45,000	33,331	=	-	-	=
ARP ESSER	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	2,019,404		-	1,490,633	1,603,754	-	-	(113,121)	-
ARP Accelerated Learning	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	50,000	-	-	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	-
ARP Summer Learning and Enrichment	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	40,000	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-
ARP Beyond the School Day	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARP Mental Health	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	45,000		-	45,000	45,000	-	-	-	
Total Education Stabilization Fund					(818,492)	-	2,586,834	1,881,463	-	-	(113,121)	<u>-</u>
Total Special Revenue/NJ Dept. of Education,	Pass Through Progra	ms			(818,492)	-	2,936,736	2,231,365	-	-	(113,121)	-
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards					(870,804)	\$-	3,251,417	2,510,167	\$- \$)-	(129,554)	\$-
•											. , - ,	

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State award programs.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Schedule B Exhibit K-4

Due to Grantor

State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Grant <u>Period</u>	Award Amount	Balance June 30, 2023	Cash <u>Received</u>	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments	Repayment of Prior Years' <u>Balances</u>	(Accts Rec) June 30, <u>2023</u>
NJ DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		<u> </u>						<u> </u>	
GENERAL FUND									
Equalization Aid	23-495-034-5120-078	7/1/22-06/30/23	\$4,714,803	\$-	\$4,714,803	\$4,714,803	\$-	\$-	\$-
Special Education Categorical Aid	23-495-034-5120-089	7/1/22-06/30/23	177,929	-	177,929	177,929	-	-	-
Security Aid	23-495-034-5120-084	7/1/22-06/30/23	157,199	-	157,199	157,199	-	-	-
Adjustment Aid	23-495-034-5120-085	7/1/22-06/30/23	254,751	=	254,751	254,751	-	-	-
Reimbursed Social Security Tax	23-495-034-5094-003	7/1/22-06/30/23	=	=	177,022	177,022	-	-	-
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund LT Disability	23-495-034-5094-004	7/1/22-06/30/23	=	=	604	604	-	-	-
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	23-495-034-5094-002	7/1/22-06/30/23	=	=	728,739	728,739	-	-	-
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension Post Retirement Medical	23-495-034-5094-001	7/1/22-06/30/23	-		191,438	191,438	-	-	
Total General Fund					6,402,485	6,402,485	-	-	<u> </u>
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND									
School Development Authority - Emergent Needs and Capital Maintenance	23-495-034-5120-139	7/1/22-06/30/23	39,900	-	39,900	39,900	-	-	-
Total Special Revenue Fund				-	39,900	39,900	-	-	-
NJ DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ENTERPRISE FUND									
National School Lunch Program (State Share)	22-100-010-3350-023	7/1/21-06/30/22	4,337	(782)	782	-	-	-	-
National School Lunch Program (State Share)	23-100-010-3350-023	7/1/22-06/30/23	3,133	=	2,947	3,133	-	-	(186)
National School Breakfast Program (State Share)	23-100-010-3350-023	7/1/22-06/30/23	3,015		2,841	3,015	-	-	(174)
Total Enterprise Fund				(782)	6,570	6,148	-	-	(360)
Total State Financial Assistance				(\$782)	\$6,448,955	\$6,448,533	\$-	\$-	(\$360)
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund LT Disability	23-495-034-5094-004	7/1/22-06/30/23			(604)	(604)			
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension and Annuity Pension	23-495-034-5094-002	7/1/22-06/30/23			(728,739)	(728,739)			
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension Post Retirement Medical	23-495-034-5094-001	7/1/22-06/30/23			(191,438)	(191,438)			
Less Amounts Not Subject to Single Audit On Behalf payments					(920,781)	(920,781)			
Total State Financial Assistance Subject to State Single Audit Major Program I	Determination			(\$782)	\$5,528,174	\$5,527,752	\$-	\$-	(\$360)

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State award programs.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of present the activity of all federal and state assistance programs of the Roseville Community Charter School. The Board of Trustees is defined in the Notes to the school's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal assistance and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the enterprise fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant account budgetary basis, which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is \$-0-. See Note 1 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the school's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Fede	eral	State	Total
General Fund	\$	-0-	\$ 6,402,485	\$ 6,402,485
Special Revenue Fund	2,2	31,365	39,900	2,271,265
Enterprise Fund	2	78,802	6,148	284,950
Total Awards and Financial Assistance	<u>\$ 2,5</u>	<u> 10,167</u>	\$ 6,448,533	<u>\$ 8,958,700</u>

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5. OTHER INFORMATION

The TPAF Social Security Contributions of \$177,022 represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The amount reported as TPAF Pension System Contributions in the amount of \$728,739 and TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions in the amount of \$191,430 and long term disability contributions of \$604 represents the amount paid by the State on behalf of the Charter School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 6. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the schools basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 7. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The School has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

PART 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statement Section

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmod	dified	
	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified:		X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		X	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over compliance:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unmod	dified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.156(A) of Uniform Guidance?		X	
Identification of major programs:			

Identification of major programs:

<u>Federal AL</u>			
Number(s)	<u>Fain Number</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.425D	S425D210027	CRRSA – ESSER II	
84.425D	S425D210027	CRRSA – Learning Acceleration	
84.425D	S425D210027	CRRSA – Mental Health	
84.425U	S425U210027	ARP – ESSER III	
84.425U	S425U210027	ARP – Accelerated Learning & Coaching	
84.425U	S425U210027	ARP – Mental Health	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs. \$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee:			

PART 1 - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (continued)

State Awards	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs (.520)	\$750	,000	
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee:	X		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmo	dified	
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified:		X	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unmo	dified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08?		X	

Identification of major programs:

State/Grant Program

<u>Number(s)</u>	Name of State Program
23-495-034-5120-078	Equalization Aid
23-495-034-5120-085	Adjustment Aid
23-495-034-5120-084	Security Aid
23-495-034-5120-089	Special Education Aid

PART II – SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements and abuse related to the financial statements in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and with audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Administration and Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

No financial statement findings noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

PART III - SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by U.S. Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

No federal and state award findings and questioned costs noted that are required to be reported in accordance of U.S. Uniform Guidance or with NJOMB Circular 15-08.

ROSEVILLE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SUMMARY OF SCHEDULE OF PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Status of Prior Year Findings

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of *Government Auditing Standards*, U.S. Uniform Guidance (section .315(a)(b)) and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

In accordance with government auditing standards, my procedures included a review of all prior year recommendations. There were no prior year findings.