ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL OF JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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learning community charter school

January 8, 2024

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Learning Community Charter School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Learning Community Charter School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the school. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the school. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the school's financial activities have been included.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter and list of principal officials. The financial section includes the general-purpose financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditor's report. The statistical section includes audited data from the school's first six fiscal years. The school is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the requirements of 2 CFR 200-Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (U.S. Uniform Guidance), "Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations," and the State Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid Payments." Information related to this single audit, including the auditors' reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings and recommendations is included in the single audit section of this report.

1) <u>REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES</u>: Learning Community Charter School constitutes an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). All funds and account groups of the entity are included in this report.

Learning Community was chartered by The New Jersey Department of Education as one of the state's very first charter schools in January 1997. The school opened its doors to its first 98 students: 30 kindergarteners, 34 first graders, and 34 second graders in accordance with its charter. After years of sharing a space with the Boys and Girls Club, the school community was able to purchase it own building in 2009. The Learning Community served 594 K-8 students and 45 Pre-K students during the 2022-2023 school year.

- 2) <u>ENROLLMENT OUTLOOK</u>: Learning Community began the 2022-2023 school year with 639 students in grades PreK-8 and ended the year with 639 and a healthy waiting list. The anticipated enrollment for the 2023-24 school year is 639 students in Pre-K-8.
- 3) <u>MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS</u> The Learning Community Charter School (LCCS) celebrated a remarkable milestone in the 2022-2023 school year, marking its 25th year of operations with a series of significant accomplishments. Undoubtedly, one of the most noteworthy achievements was the outstanding performance of LCCS students on the 2022 New Jersey Student Assessment of Learning.

In a testament to the dedication of both students and educators, LCCS students outperformed the state averages in every grade level. This achievement not only showcased the academic prowess of the students but also reflected the school's commitment to fostering a supportive and effective learning environment.

One of the key initiatives that contributed to this success was the revision and implementation of a new Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) K-4 curriculum. This curriculum overhaul aimed at providing students with a cutting-edge and comprehensive science education, aligning with the latest standards and ensuring that LCCS students are well-prepared for the challenges of the future.

Recognizing the importance of language arts education, the school introduced a new component to the English Language Arts (ELA) curriculum in grades K-8. The addition of a dedicated focus on vocabulary, spelling, and grammar aimed to enhance the language skills of students, promoting effective communication and literacy across all grade levels.

In an effort to address the holistic development of students, LCCS initiated a new mentorship program. This program was designed to provide support and guidance to students who were struggling either socially or academically. By fostering meaningful connections between mentors and mentees, the school aimed to create a nurturing environment that promotes personal and academic growth.

Celebrating its 25th anniversary, the school also embarked on a creative endeavor to showcase the diversity and talent within its student population. A 25th-anniversary mural, crafted by students, served as a visual representation of the rich tapestry of cultures, backgrounds, and experiences that make up the LCCS community. This collaborative art project not only highlighted the artistic abilities of the students but also reinforced the sense of unity and belonging within the school.

Overall, the 2022-2023 school year was marked by significant achievements for the Learning Community Charter School. Through academic excellence, innovative curriculum enhancements, and the promotion of student well-being, LCCS continued to uphold its commitment to providing a high-quality and inclusive education for its students.

4) <u>INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS</u>: Management of the Charter School is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide

reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognized that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits like to be derived: and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the School also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the School management.

As part of the School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the School has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

5) <u>BUDGETARY CONTROLS</u>: In addition to internal accounting controls, the School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Trustees and the State of New Jersey. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount as amended for the fiscal year is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as reservations of fund balances at June 30, 2023.

- 6) <u>ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND REPORTS</u>: The Charter Schools' accounting records reflect generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting system of the School is organized on the basis of funds and account groups. These funds and account groups are explained in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 1
- 7) <u>FINANCIAL INFORMATION AT FISCAL YEAR END</u>: As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of report, the School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedule presents a summary of the General, Special Revenue and Proprietary Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Revenue	Amount	Percent of Total
Equalization Aid	\$ 6,144,931	41%
State Sources – Payroll Tax	3,318,515	22%
State Aid Restricted	1,949,966	13%
Federal Sources	3,364,224	22%
Miscellaneous Revenues	82,917	0%
Proprietary Fund	268,066	2%
	<u>\$15,128,619</u>	<u>100%</u>

The following schedule presents a summary of the General, Special Revenue and Proprietary Fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Expenditures	Amount	Percent of Total
General Fund	\$ 9,653,016	72%
Special Revenue Fund	3,364,224	25%
Proprietary Fund	335,095	3%
	<u>\$13,352,335</u>	<u>100%</u>

- 8) <u>CASH MANAGEMENT</u>: The investment policy of the School is guided in large by the state Statute as detailed in "Notes to the Financial Statements," Note 2. The School had adopted a cash management plan, which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with failed banking institutions in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- **9)** <u>**RISK MANAGEMENT:**</u> The School carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, and hazard and theft insurance on property and Contents.

10) OTHER INFORMATION:

Independent Audit – State statutes require an annual audit by an independent Certified Public Accountant or Registered Municipal Accountant. The Accounting firm of Gerald D. Longo, CPA was selected by the Charter School.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the state statutes, the Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08, *"Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid.* Information related to this single audit, including the auditor's report on internal control and compliance with applicable *laws and regulations* and findings and recommendations are included in the single audit section of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

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Colin Hogan Head of Learning Community Charter School

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL

ROSTER OF TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS JUNE 30, 2023

BOARD OF TRUSTEES	TERM EXPIRES
Angela Bennett-Glock, President	4/2024
Neil Abadie	4/2025
Colin Dunn, Treasurer	4/2025
Elizabeth Cain	4/2025
Marisa Gerke	6/2026
Paula Mahayosnand	5/2026
Bertram Okpokwasili	4/2024
Nikhil Puri	6/2026
Cathy Agle	4/2025
Gaspar Cabrera	4/2025
Kate Gratto	4/2025
Jaclyn Moore	4/2025

Other Members

Colin Hogan - Head of School

Dr. Brian Falkowski - School Business Administrator/Board Secretary

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

AUDIT FIRM

Gerald D. Longo, CPA 62 Old Queens Blvd. Manalapan, NJ 07726-3648

ATTORNEYS

Thomas O. Johnston, Esq. Johnston Law Firm LLC 151 Forest Street, Suite A Montclair, New Jersey 07042

OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY

PNC Bank 300 Fifth Avenue The Tower at PNC Plaza Pittsburgh, PA 15222

FINANCIAL SECTION

TELEPHONE 732 446-4768 FAX 732 792-0868

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Learning Community Charter School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Learning Community Charter School, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Learning Community Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Learning Community Charter School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.* My responsibilities under those standards and Specifications are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Learning Community Charter School and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Learning Community Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and Audit Requirements prescribed by the Office of School Finance Department of Education, State of New Jersey:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Learning Community Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Learning Community Charter School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis; the schedules related to accounting and reporting for Pensions and Post-Retirement Benefits and the other required supplementary information and notes to the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Learning Community Charter School's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, respectively, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In my opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2023. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and my auditors' report thereon. My opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and I do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with my audit of the basic financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, I conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, I am required to describe it in my report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated January 8, 2024, on my consideration of the Learning Community Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Learning Community Charter School's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Learning Community Charter School's internal control over financial control over finances.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

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Gerald D. Longo Certified Public Accountant January 8, 2024

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Learning Community Charter School annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the Board's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the Board's financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

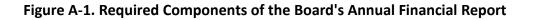
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

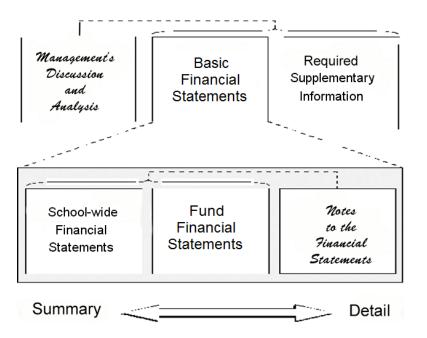
Key financial highlights for the 2022-23 fiscal year include the following:

- Total School Wide Net Position was \$6,143,281.
- The General Fund unassigned balance at June 30, 2023 is \$4,784,079, increased by \$1,843,313 when compared with the beginning balance at July 1, 2022.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditor's Report, required supplementary information that includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Learning Community Charter School.





- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the Learning Community Charter School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Learning Community Charter School, reporting the Learning Community Charter School's operation in more detail than the school-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements provide financial information about the after school program activities the Learning Community Charter School operates like businesses.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide data that are more detailed. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the Learning Community Charter School's financial statements, including the portion of the Learning Community Charter School's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	School-wide <u>Statement</u> s	Fund Financial Stat	<u>ements</u>
		Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Learning Community Charter School that are for the school operations and not proprietary or fiduciary, such as teachers' salaries, special education and building maintenance, food service, and community education	Activities the Learning Community Charter School operates similar to private businesses: Internal service fund
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	Balance sheet	Statement of net position
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenue expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position
Accounting Basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Statement of cash flows Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon there after; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2 - Major Features of the School-wide and Financial Statements

School-wide Statements

The school-wide statements report information about the Learning Community Charter School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Learning Community Charter School's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the Learning Community Charter School's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the Learning Community Charter School's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the Learning Community Charter School's financial health or position.

In the school-wide financial statements, the Learning Community Charter School's activities are shown in two categories:

- *Governmental activities* Most of the Learning Community Charter School's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, food services, and community education. State aids finance most of these activities.
- *Business-type activities-* The Learning Community Charter School's after school program fund is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Learning Community Charter School's funds – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Learning Community Charter School as a whole.

Funds are accounting devices the Learning Community Charter School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

• Some funds are required by State law.

The Learning Community Charter School use other funds, established in accordance with the State of New Jersey Uniform Chart, to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (e.g., federal funds).

The Learning Community Charter School has two kinds of funds:

- **Governmental funds** Most of the Learning Community Charter School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Learning Community Charter School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- **Proprietary funds** Services for which the Learning Community Charter School charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the school-wide statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Position. The Learning Community Charter School's net position is \$6,143,281 on June 30, 2023. (See Table A-1).

Governmental Funds	\$6,078,253
Proprietary Fund	65,028
Total	\$6,143,281

The Statement of Net Position School Wide of \$6,143,281 reflects total capital assets of \$10,873,759 at net of assumed depreciation from inception of \$3,466,926 and Net of Long Term Debt \$4,102,519.

The Learning Community Charter School's financial position is the product of these factors:

- School Wide Revenues were \$15,128,619.
- School Wide Expenditures were \$13,352,335.

Table A-1 LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position - School Wide As of June 30, 2023

<u>Total</u>

Accote
Assels

Current and Other Assets Pension Deferred Outflows Capital Assets - Net of Related Debt Total Assets and Pension Deferred Outflows	\$5,081,638 708,088 7,406,833 \$13,196,559
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	
Current and Other Liabilities Mortgage Payable - Long Term / Current Net Pension Liability - Long Term Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position	\$290,981 3,970,069 2,324,139 468,089 7,053,278
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt of \$4,102,519 Restricted - Capital Reserve Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$3,304,314 74,000 2,764,967 \$6,143,281
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$ 13,196,559

Total Governmental and Business Activities revenues and beginning assets are adjusted by net adjusted expenditures resulting in a calculation of net position of \$6,143,281 on June 30, 2023.

Table A-2 LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Net Position - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues	Total	Percentage
Program revenues	\$ -	
Charges for services		
Operating grants and contributions		
General revenues		
Local Payroll Tax Transfer - Jersey City	3,318,515	22%
Equalization Aid	6,144,931	41%
State Aid-Other	1,949,966	13%
Federal Aid	3,364,224	22%
Other	82,917	0%
Proprietary Fund	268,066	2%
Total revenues	\$ 15,128,619	100%
Expenses		
Regular Instruction	\$ 5,612,404	42%
General Administrative	3,956,861	30%
School Administrative	1,190,925	9%
On-behalf TPAF Social Security/Pension/Medical	1,614,039	12%
Capital Outlay	643,011	5%
Proprietary Fund	335,095	2%
Total expenses	\$ 13,352,335	100%
Increase in Net Position	 1,776,284	
Increase in net assets net of mortgage	1,744,607	
Net Position, Beginning of Year - July 1, 2022	\$ 2,825,903	•
Net Position, Before Pension Adjustment	6,346,794	
Less Pension Adjustment Net	(203,513)	
Net Position end of year - June 30, 2023	\$ 6,143,281	

Table A-3 (See Exhibit A-2) LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Net Cost of Services - School Wide For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Functions/Programs	Source	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Instruction			
Regular	A-2	\$ 5,612,404	\$ 3,874,376
Support Services			
General Administrative Services	A-2	3,956,861	2,330,665
School Administrative Services	A-2	1,190,925	1,190,925
On-behalf TPAF Social Security/Pension/Medical	A-2	1,614,039	1,614,039
Capital Outlay	A-2	335,095	335,095
Proprietary Fund	A-2	643,011	643,011
Total Activities - School Wide		\$ 13,352,335	\$ 9,988,111

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the Learning Community Charter School as a whole is reflected in its governmental activities Exhibit A-2. As the Learning Community Charter School completed the year, its General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$4,784,079 and capital reserve of \$74,000 for a total general fund balance of \$4,858,079. In addition, there is an Enterprise Fund balance of \$65,028.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the Learning Community Charter School in providing educational services to students from Pre K through grade 8.

The following schedule presents a summary of Revenues School-Wide. The summary reflects the dollar increase (decrease) from the prior year.

Table A-4 (See Exhibit B-2) LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Revenues - School Wide For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Revenues - School Wide	Year Ended 06/30/2023			′ear Ended 6/30/2022	Amount of Increase (Decrease)		
Local Sources:							
Local Share	\$	3,318,515	\$	2,253,978	\$	1,064,537	
Other and Local Revenue		199,977		958,530		(758,553)	
Total Other and Local Sources	\$	3,518,492	\$	3,212,508	\$	305,984	
Intergovernmental							
State Sources	\$	8,098,617	\$	7,321,533	\$	777,084	
Federal Revenue		3,511,510		2,412,266		1,099,244	
Total Intergovernmental Sources	\$	11,610,127	\$	9,733,799	\$	1,876,328	
Total Revenue - School Wide	\$	15,128,619	\$	12,946,307	\$	2,182,312	

The following schedule presents a summary of Expenditures School-Wide. The summary reflects the dollar increase (decreases) from the prior year.

Table A-5 (See Exhibit B-2) LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Expenditures - School Wide For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Expenditures - School Wide	Year Ended 06/30/2023		Year Ended 06/30/2022		-	Amount of Increase (Decrease)
Current:						
Regular Instruction	\$	5,612,404	\$	5,293,617	\$	318,787
General Administrative Services		3,956,861		2,355,046		1,601,815
School Administration		1,190,925		830,802		360,123
On-behalf TPAF Social Security/Pension/Medical		1,614,039		1,518,472		95,567
Capital outlay		643,011		565,908		77,103
Proprietary Fund		335,095		490,542		(155,447)
Total Expenditures - School Wide	\$	13,352,335	\$	11,054,387	\$	2,297,948

UNRESERVED-UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCE AS A PERCENTAGE OF EXPENDITURES

The following table shows the unreserved unassigned fund balance.

Table A-6 LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Changes in Unreserved-Undesignated Fund Balance - School Wide For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Unreserved Unassigned Fund Balance	4,849,107	3,146,823	1,180,903	845,555	951,098	693,471
Expenditures	13,352,335	11,054,387	9,240,136	8,792,926	8,237,816	7,898,212
Percentages	36.0%	28.5%	12.8%	9.6%	12.0%	8.1%

The Learning Community Charter School values its fund balances as a vehicle for general addressing unbudgeted and emergent needs that occur during school year. The amount of school wide fund balance designated to support the subsequent years budgets is \$4,849,107 for the 2023-24 school year with an additional Capital Reserve of \$74,000.

CAPITAL ASSETS

By the end of 2023, in the General Fund, the Learning Community Charter School had invested \$10,873,759 in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities, computer equipment, and administrative offices, etc. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.) Total General Fund depreciation expense for the year was \$251,758.

Table A-7
LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL
Capital Assets - School Wide
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Building, Building Improvements and Equipment	\$10,873,759
Total - General Fund	10,873,759
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(3,466,926)
Total - Net Capital Assets - General Fund	\$7,406,833
Less: Mortgage Payable - Current / Noncurrent	(4,102,519)
Total - Capital Assets - Net of Mortgage Payable	\$3,304,314

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

While many factors influence the Charter School's future, the availability of State funding and the economy will have the most impact on educational and fiscal decisions in the future.

These and many other factors were considered by the Charter School's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 2023-24 budget. The primary factors were the Charter School's projected student population, anticipated state and federal aid as well as increasing salary and related benefit costs. These indicators were considered when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2023-2024.

CONTACTING THE LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Learning Community Charter School's finances and to demonstrate the Learning Community Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Learning Community Charter School, 2495 JFK Blvd., Jersey City, New Jersey, 07302.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements provide a financial overview of the Learning Community Charter School's operations. These financial statements present the financial position and operating results of all funds as of June 30, 2023. SCHOOL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2023

ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents\$4,882,771556,701\$4,939,472Receivables133,8398,327142,166Capital assets, net of related debt7,406,8337,406,833Total Assets12,423,44365,02812,488,471Deferred outflows of resourcesPension deferred outflows of resources 5 13,131,531 5 65,028 $7,406,833$ Total assets and Pension deferred outflows of resources 5 13,131,531 5 65,028 $7,80,88$ Accounts payable 5 44,173 5 $ 5$ 44,173Deferred Revenue114,358114,358114,358Mortgage Payable - Current132,450132,450132,450Mortgage Payable - Noncurrent $2,324,139$ $ 6,585,189$ Deferred inflows of resources $6,585,189$ $ 468,089$ Pension deferred inflows of resources $2,699,939$ $ 468,089$ NET POSITION $8,304,314$ $3,304,314$ $3,304,314$ Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $2,699,393$ $65,028$ $6,143,281$ Total net position 5 $13,131,531$ 5 $65,028$ 5 $13,196,559$ Fund Balance Pt <i>B</i> (39/23) $18,43,313$ $3,304,314$ $8,162,393$ $8,162,393$ Livester en inflows and net position 5 $13,148,313$ 5 $50,228$ 5 $13,196,559$ Fund Balance Pt <i>B</i> (39/23) $8,162,393$ $8,162,393$ $8,162,393$ $8,162$		Governmental Activities			ness-type ctivities	Total		
Receivables133,8398,327142,166Capital assets, net of related debt $7,406,833$ $7,406,833$ $7,406,833$ Total Assets $12,423,443$ $65,028$ $12,488,471$ Deferred outflows of resourcesPension deferred outflows of resources 5 $13,131,531$ 5 $65,028$ 5 Total assets and Pension deferred outflows of resourcesTotal assets and Pension deferred outflows of resources 5 $44,173$ 5 5 $44,173$ Deferred Revenue $114,358$ $114,358$ $114,358$ $114,358$ Mortgage Payable - Current $3,970,069$ $3,970,069$ $3,970,069$ Net gage Payable - Noncurrent $2,2324,139$ $ 6,585,189$ Deferred inflows of resources $6,585,189$ $ 66,585,189$ Deferred inflows of resources $2,699,939$ $ 468,089$ Pension deferred inflows of related debt $3,304,314$ $3,304,314$ Restricted for: $2,699,939$ $65,028$ $2,764,967$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position 5 $13,131,531$ 5 $65,028$ 5 Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $53,014,766$ $1,843,313$ 5 $65,028$ 5 $13,196,559$ Fund Balance - FYE 6/30/23 $1,843,313$ 5 $65,028$ 5 $13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $53,014,766$ $1,843,313$ 5 $65,028$ 5 $13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $5,02,393$ $1,843,313$ <t< th=""><th>ASSETS</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	ASSETS							
Capital assets, net of related debt Total Assets7,406,833 12,423,4437,406,833 65,0287,406,833 12,488,471Deferred outflows of resourcesPension deferred outflows708,088 \$ 13,131,531708,088 \$ 65,028708,088 	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$		\$	56,701	\$	4,939,472	
Total Assets12,423,44365,02812,488,471Deferred outflows of resourcesPension deferred outflows708,088708,088Total assets and Pension deferred outflows of resources $$13,131,531$ $$65,028$ $$13,196,559$ LIABILITIESAccounts payable $$44,173$ $$-$$44,173$ Deferred Revenue114,358114,358Mortgage Payable - Current132,450132,450Mortgage Payable - Noncurrent3,970,0693,970,069Net pension liability - Noncurrent2,324,139-Total Liabilities6,585,189-Deferred inflows of resources468,089-Pension deferred inflows468,089-NET POSITION1nvested in capital assets, net of related debt3,304,314Restricted for: Capital Reserve74,00074,000Unrestricted2,699,93965,0282,764,967Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $$13,131,531$ $$65,028$ $$13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,7661,843,313Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay. Balance and percent and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments8,162,393Listers:10,204,1400					8,327			
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Total assets and Pension deferred outflows of resources $$$ $13,131,531$ $$$ $65,028$ $$$ $13,196,559$ LIABILITIESAccounts payable\$ $44,173$ \$-\$ $44,173$ Deferred Revenue114,358114,358114,358Mortgage Payable - Current132,450132,450132,450Mortgage Payable - Noncurrent $3,970,069$ $3,970,069$ $3,970,069$ Net pension liability - Noncurrent $2,324,139$ $2,324,139$ Total Liabilities $6,585,189$ - $6,585,189$ Deferred inflows of resourcesPension deferred inflows $468,089$ - $468,089$ NET POSITION $3,304,314$ $3,304,314$ $3,304,314$ Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $3,304,314$ $3,304,314$ Restricted for: $2,699,939$ $65,028$ $2,764,967$ Total net position 5 $13,131,531$ $$$ $65,028$ $$$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $$$ $$$ $$3,014,766$ Increase - Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $$3,014,766$ $$3,03,314$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $$3,014,766$ $$3,023,14$ Increase, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay. $$3,203,314$ Net position before pension adjustments $$8,162,393$ Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit) $(2,084,140)$	Deferred outflows of resources							
LIABILITIES Accounts payable\$ $44,173$ \$-\$ $44,173$ Deferred Revenue114,358114,358Mortgage Payable - Current132,450132,450Mortgage Payable - Noncurrent3,970,0693,970,069Net pension liability - Noncurrent2,324,1392,324,139Total Liabilities $6,585,189$ - $6,585,189$ Deferred inflows of resources $6,585,189$ - $6,585,189$ Pension deferred inflows $468,089$ - $468,089$ NET POSITIONInvested in capital assets, net of related debt $3,304,314$ $3,304,314$ Restricted for: Capital Reserve $74,000$ $74,000$ Unrestricted $2,699,939$ $65,028$ $2,764,967$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $$13,131,531$ $$65,028$ $$13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $$3,014,766$ $$1,843,313$ Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay. Net position before pension adjustments Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit) $(2,084,140)$	Pension deferred outflows		708,088				708,088	
Accounts payable\$ $44,173$ \$-\$ $44,173$ Deferred Revenue114,358114,358114,358Mortgage Payable - Current132,450132,450Mortgage Payable - Noncurrent3,970,0693,970,069Net pension liability - Noncurrent2,324,1392,324,139Total Liabilities $6,585,189$ - $6,585,189$ Deferred inflows of resources 2 - $468,089$ -Pension deferred inflows $468,089$ - $468,089$ NET POSITION $3,304,314$ $3,304,314$ $3,304,314$ Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $2,699,939$ $65,028$ $2,764,967$ Total net position $6,078,253$ $65,028$ 5 $13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $53,014,766$ $50,028$ $5,028$ 5 $13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $53,014,766$ $50,028$ $5,028$ 5 $13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $53,014,766$ $1,843,313$ 5 $65,028$ 5 $13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $53,014,766$ $1,843,313$ $2,304,314$ $5,162,393$ Less: pension adjustments $8,162,393$ $1,208,140$ $1,208,140$ $1,208,140$	Total assets and Pension deferred outflows of resources	\$	13,131,531	\$	65,028	\$	13,196,559	
Deferred Revenue114,358114,358Mortgage Payable - Current132,450132,450Mortgage Payable - Noncurrent3,970,0693,970,069Net pension liability - Noncurrent2,324,1392,324,139Total Liabilities6,585,189-6,585,189Deferred inflows of resources-468,089-Pension deferred inflows468,089-468,089NET POSITION-468,089-468,089Invested in capital assets, net of related debt3,304,3143,304,314Restricted for: Capital Reserve74,00074,000Unrestricted2,699,93965,0282,764,967Total net position6,078,25365,0286,143,281Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$13,131,531\$Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,7661,843,313Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313\$5,028\$Less: pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)11	LIABILITIES							
Mortgage Payable - Current $132,450$ $132,450$ Mortgage Payable - Noncurrent $3,970,069$ $3,970,069$ Net pension liability - Noncurrent $2,324,139$ $2,324,139$ Total Liabilities $6,585,189$ $-$ Deferred inflows of resources $6,585,189$ $-$ Pension deferred inflows $468,089$ $-$ Mortgage Payable - contract of related debt $3,304,314$ $3,304,314$ Restricted for: $2,699,939$ $65,028$ $2,764,967$ Capital Reserve $74,000$ $74,000$ $74,000$ Unrestricted $2,699,939$ $65,028$ $2,764,967$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $$13,131,531$ $$65,028$ $$13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $$3,014,766$ $$1,843,313$ Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay. $3,304,314$ $$3,304,314$ Net position before pension adjustments $8,162,393$ $$1,62,393$ Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit) $(2,084,140)$ $(2,084,140)$	Accounts payable	\$	44,173	\$	-	\$	44,173	
Mortgage Payable - Noncurrent $3,970,069$ $3,970,069$ Net pension liability - Noncurrent $2,324,139$ $2,324,139$ Total Liabilities $6,585,189$ $-$ Deferred inflows of resources $6,585,189$ $-$ Pension deferred inflows $468,089$ $-$ NET POSITION $468,089$ $-$ Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $3,304,314$ Restricted for: $2,699,939$ $65,028$ Capital Reserve $74,000$ $74,000$ Unrestricted $2,699,939$ $65,028$ Total net position $6,078,253$ $65,028$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $$13,131,531$ $$$65,028$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $$3,014,766$ Increase - Fund Balance FYE $6/30/23$ $1,843,313$ Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay. $3,304,314$ Net position before pension adjustments $8,162,393$ Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit) $(2,084,140)$	Deferred Revenue		114,358				114,358	
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Total Liabilities6,585,189-6,585,189Deferred inflows of resourcesPension deferred inflows468,089-468,089NET POSITIONInvested in capital assets, net of related debt3,304,3143,304,314Restricted for:74,00074,000Unrestricted2,699,93965,0282,764,967Total net position6,078,25365,0286,143,281Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$13,131,531\$65,028\$Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,766Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)	Mortgage Payable - Noncurrent		3,970,069				3,970,069	
Deferred inflows of resourcesPension deferred inflows468,089NET POSITIONInvested in capital assets, net of related debtRestricted for:Capital Reserve74,000Unrestricted2,699,93965,0282,764,967Total net positionTotal liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$ 13,131,531\$ 65,028\$ 13,131,531\$ 65,028\$ 13,196,559Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$ 3,014,766Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/23Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.8,162,393Less: pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)	Net pension liability - Noncurrent		2,324,139				2,324,139	
Pension deferred inflows468,089-468,089NET POSITIONInvested in capital assets, net of related debt3,304,3143,304,314Restricted for: Capital Reserve74,00074,000Unrestricted Total net position2,699,93965,0282,764,967Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$ 13,131,531\$ 65,028\$ 13,196,559Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,766Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)	Total Liabilities		6,585,189		-		6,585,189	
NET POSITIONInvested in capital assets, net of related debt3,304,314Restricted for: Capital Reserve74,000Unrestricted2,699,93965,0282,764,967Total net position6,078,253Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$ 13,131,531Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$ 13,131,531Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,766Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)	Deferred inflows of resources							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt3,304,3143,304,314Restricted for: Capital Reserve74,00074,000Unrestricted2,699,93965,0282,764,967Total net position6,078,25365,0286,143,281Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$ 13,131,531\$ 65,028\$ 13,196,559Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,766Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)	Pension deferred inflows		468,089		-		468,089	
Restricted for: Capital Reserve74,00074,000Unrestricted $2,699,939$ $65,028$ $2,764,967$ Total net position $6,078,253$ $65,028$ $6,143,281$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $$13,131,531$ $$5$ $65,028$ $$13,196,559$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $$3,014,766$ Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/23 $1,843,313$ Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay. $3,304,314$ Net position before pension adjustments $8,162,393$ Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit) $(2,084,140)$	NET POSITION							
Capital Reserve74,00074,000Unrestricted $2,699,939$ $65,028$ $2,764,967$ Total net position $6,078,253$ $65,028$ $6,143,281$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $$13,131,531$ $$65,028$ $$6,143,281$ Fund Balance - July 1, 2022 $$3,014,766$ $$1,843,313$ $$3,304,314$ Net position before pension adjustments $8,162,393$ $$12,093$ Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit) $(2,084,140)$ $$1400$	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		3,304,314				3,304,314	
Unrestricted2,699,93965,0282,764,967Total net position6,078,25365,0286,143,281Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$ 13,131,531\$ 65,0286,143,281Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,766\$ 13,196,559Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)								
Total net position6,078,25365,0286,143,281Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$ 13,131,531\$ 65,028\$ 13,196,559Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,766Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)								
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position\$ 13,131,531\$ 65,028\$ 13,196,559Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,766Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)								
Fund Balance - July 1, 2022\$3,014,766Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)	•							
Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/231,843,313Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)	Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	Ş	13,131,531	Ş	65,028	Ş	13,196,559	
Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.3,304,314Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)	Fund Balance - July 1, 2022		\$3,014,766					
Net position before pension adjustments8,162,393Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit)(2,084,140)	Increase - Fund Balance FYE 6/30/23		1,843,313					
Less: pension adjustments net (Deficit) (2,084,140)	Capital assets, net of Accum Deprec and Mort. Pay.		3,304,314					
	Net position before pension adjustments		8,162,393					
Total net position -June 30, 2023 \$6,078,253								
	Total net position -June 30, 2023		\$6,078,253					

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position			
				(Operating	Capital			
			Charges for		Frants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Co	ontributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	(5,612,404)		\$	(1,738,028)	\$ (3,874,376)		\$ (3,874,376)
Support services:							-		
General administration		(3,956,861)			(1,626,196)	(2,330,665)		(2,330,665)
School administrative services/ operations plant serv.		(1,190,925)			-		(1,190,925)		(1,190,925)
On - behalf TPAF Social Security/Pension/Medical		(1,614,039)					(1,614,039)		(1,614,039)
Capital Outlay		(643,011)					(643,011)		(643,011)
Total governmental activities		(13,017,240)			(3,364,224)	(9,653,016)		(9,653,016)
Business-type activities:									
Enterprise Fund		(335,095)	(335,095)					(335,095)	(335,095)
Total business-type activities									(335,095)
Total primary government	_	(13,352,335)	\$ (335,095)	\$	(3,364,224)	\$ (9,653,016)	\$ (335,095)	\$ (9,988,111)
	Go	neral revenues							
	Gei		Local Share				3,318,515		3,318,515
			State Share				6,144,931	3,720	6,148,651
			State and Fe	dara	LAid		1,949,966	147,286	2,097,252
			Miscellaneou						
	Tat						82,917	117,060 268,066	199,977
	101	0	enues, special i				11,496,329	,	11,764,395
	Change in Net Position Increase			1,843,313 2,693,846	(67,029) 132,057	1,776,284			
	Net Position - Beginning July 1, 2022 Increase in net assets, net of mortgage payable					132,057	2,825,903		
			•	•	ge bayable		1,744,607	0	1,744,607
		•	stment (Deficit	-			(203,513)	<u>0</u> \$ 65.028	(203,513)
	ive	i Position - End	ding June 30, 2	023			\$ 6,078,253	\$ 65,028	\$ 6,143,281

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit A-2

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2023

			Special		
	General	F	Revenue	Governmental Funds	
	 Fund		Fund		
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,854,403	\$	28,368	\$	4,882,771
Receivables	 47,849		85,990		133,839
Total Assets	\$ 4,902,252	\$	114,358	\$	5,016,610
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 44,173	\$	-	\$	44,173
Due to District	-				-
Deferred revenue	 -		114,358		114,358
Total liabilities	44,173		114,358		158,531
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for:					
Captial Reserve	74,000				74,000
Unreserved-Unassigned, reported in:					
General fund	 4,784,079				4,784,079
Total Fund balances	 4,858,079				4,858,079
Total Liabilities and Fund balances	\$ 4,902,252	\$	114,358	\$	5,016,610

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds - June 30, 2023	\$ 4,858,079
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial rescources	
and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is	10,873,759
and the accumulated depreciation is	 (3,466,926)
Capital Assets - Net Long-term liabilities - mortgage payable are not due and payable in the	 7,406,833
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds	 (4,102,519)
Net position before pension adjustments	8,162,393
Deferred Outflows related to pension contributions subsequent to the Net Pension Liability measurement date and other deferred items are not current financial	
resources and therefore, are not reported in the fund statements.	708,088
Deferred Inflows related to pension actuarial gains from experience and differences	
in actual returns and assumed returns and other deferred items are not reported as	(460,000)
liabilities in the fund statements.	(468,089)
Long-term liabilities, including net pension liability, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds	 (2,324,139)
Net position of governmental activities - June 30, 2023	\$ 6,078,253
The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement	

Exhibit B-2

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES			 		
Local sources:					
Payroll Tax Transfer Jersey City	\$	3,318,515		\$	3,318,515
Local and State Share		6,144,931			6,144,931
Miscellaneous		82,917	4,797		87,714
Total - Local Miscellaneous Sources		9,546,363	4,797		9,551,160
State Sources		1,949,966	729,961		2,679,927
Federal Sources			 2,629,466		2,629,466
Total Revenues	\$	11,496,329	\$ 3,364,224	\$	14,860,553
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Regular instruction	\$	3,874,376	\$ 1,738,028	\$	5,612,404
Support services- General Administrative		2,330,665	1,626,196		3,956,861
Support Services- School Admin/ operations plant serv		1,190,925			1,190,925
On-behalf TPAF Social Security/Pension/Medical		1,614,039			1,614,039
Capital outlay		643,011			643,011
Total expenditures		9,653,016	 3,364,224		13,017,240
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		1,843,313			1,843,313
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in					
Transfers out		-			-
Total other financing sources and uses		-	 		
Total other mancing sources and uses					
Net change in fund balances -Increase		1,843,313			1,843,313
Fund balance - Unrestricted July 1, 2022		2,940,766			2,940,766
Fund balance - Unrestricted June 30, 2023	\$	4,784,079	 	\$	4,784,079

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this document.

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total net change in fund balances Increase governmental funds (from B-2)	\$ 1,843,313
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of activities (A-2) are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is	
allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is	
the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period. Decrease in Capital Outlay	1,842,541
Depreciation expense	(251,758)
Less Mortgage Principal	1,590,783
Pension contributions are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, in the statement of	153,824
activities, the contributions are adjusted for actuarial valuation adjustments, including service and	
interest costs, administrative costs, investment returns, and experience/assumption. This is the amount	
by which net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pension changed during the period.	(203,513)
Decrease in net assets, net of mortgage	
Change in net position of governmental activities - Increase (A-2)	\$ 3,384,407

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Exhibit B-4

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Business Type Activities Enterprise Fund

	Food Program	Think Tank	Before School Program	Total Funds
	0		U	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Receivable	\$25,507	\$20,146	\$11,048	\$56,701
Federal	8,038			8,038
State	289			289
Total Assets	\$33,834	\$20,146	\$11,048	\$65,028
Interfund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Liabilities	0	0	0	0
Unrestricted Net Position	33,834	20,146	11,048	65,028
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$33,834	\$20,146	\$11,048	\$65,028

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business Type Activities Enterprise Fund			
	Food	Before- School	Think Tank	
	Program	Program	Program	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Daily Fees	\$28,159	\$88,901	\$0	\$117,060
Total Operating Revenues	28,159	88,901	0	117,060
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Supplies, Materials & Other	244,624	88,901	1,570	335,095
Total Operating Expenses	244,624	88,901	1,570	335,095
Income (Loss) From Operations	(216,465)	0	(1,570)	(218,035)
Nonoperating Revenues				
State Sources	3,720			3,720
Federal Sources				
School Breakfast Program	7,364			7,364
National School Lunch Program	96,778			96,778
Supply Chain Asst	43,144			43,144
Total Nonoperating Revenues	151,006	0	0	151,006
Change in Net Position - (Decrease) Transfer in from General Fund - Subsidy	(65,459)	0	(1,570)	(67,029)
Net Position Beginning of Year - July 1, 2022	99,293	11,048	21,716	132,057
Total Net Position - End of Year - June 30, 2023	\$33,834	\$11,048	\$20,146	\$65,028

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit B-6

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Bus	siness Type Acti	vities		
			Enterprise Fun	d		
			Think Tank	Before School		
	Food Ser	vice	Program	Program	Total	
Cash flows from operating activities						-
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 28,	159	\$-	\$ 88,901	\$ 117,060	
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(244,	524)	(1,570)	(88,901)	(335,095))
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(216,4	465)	(1,570)	0	(218,035))
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Increase Interfund		0			0	
Transfer from General Fund		0			0	
Cash Received from State and Federal Subsidy Reimbursements	184,	756	0	0	184,756	
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	184,	756	0	0	184,756	_
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		0	0	0	0	_
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(31,	709)	(1,570)	0	(33,279))
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year - July 1, 2022	57,2	216	21,716	11,048	89,980	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year - June 30, 2023	\$25,	507	\$20,146	\$11,048	\$56,701	
Reconcilliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash						
Used by Operating Activities						
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$65,4	459)	(\$1,570)	\$0	(\$67,029))
Increase Interfund		-	• • •		-	-
Transfer from General Fund		-			-	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to						
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities						
Increase in Accounts Receivable	33,	750	0	0	33,750	l
Change in Assets and Liabilities						
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		0	0	0	0	l
Total Adjustments	33,	750	0	0	33,750	_
Net Cash (Used by) Operating Activities	(\$31,	709)	(\$1,570)	\$0	(\$33,279))

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Exhibit B-7

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2023

NOT APPLICABLE

Exhibit B-8

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOT APPLICABLE

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY

Learning Community Charter School ("Charter School") is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an education institution. The Board of Trustees (the 'Board") consists of appointed officials and are responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. A director is appointed by the Board and is the administrative control of the Charter School.

A reporting entity is comprised primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the Charter School are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Charter School. For the Charter School, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities for the Charter School.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Charter School's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Charter School. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, section of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The combined financial statements include all funds of the Charter School over which the Board exercises operating control. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the Charter School is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Charter School is presented to assist in understanding the Charter School's financial statements and notes are a representation of the Charter School's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as applied to governmental units and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

The financial statements of the Charter School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Charter School's basic financial statements consists of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Charter School at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Charter School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Charter School, with certain limited expectations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the Charter School segregates transactions related to certain Charter School functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance.

Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Charter School at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Charter School uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental Funds

Government funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Charter School's major governmental funds:

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or noninstructional equipment that are classified in the Capital Outlay subfund.

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the Charter School included budgeted capital outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, district taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings that the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by board resolution.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major capital projects, Debt Service of the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of Proprietary Fund measurement is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary fund of the Charter School:

Enterprise Fund - The Enterprise Fund is utilized to account for operations that were financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing education basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or, where the Charter School has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net position) is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt and unrestricted net position, if

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

applicable. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

Depreciation of fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. *Basis of accounting* refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statements of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet.

Operating statement of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources), and decreases (i.e. Expenditures and other finances uses) during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, the accounting adjectives are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery). financial position, and cash flow. All assets and all liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government wide statement of net position and statements of activities. both governmental and business like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability, resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions, is incurred (i.e. the exchange takes place).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting. revenues are

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determine and "available" means collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental funds revenues.

D. Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are submitted to the county office for approval. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for the special revenue fund as described later. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year subject to the limitation of P.L 2004 c73 (S 1701).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

Exhibit C-3 represents a reconciliation of the General Fund revenues and Special Revenue Fund revenues and expenditures from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in Exhibit B-2.

E. Budgets/Budgetary Control

Annual appropriated budgets are prepared in the spring of each year for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are submitted to the county office for approval. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for the special revenue fund as described

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

later. The legal level of budgetary control is established at line item accounts within each fund. Line item accounts are defined as the lowest (most specific) level of detail as established pursuant to the minimum chart of accounts referenced in N.J.A.C. 6:20-2A.2(m)1. Transfers of appropriations may be made by School Board resolution at any time during the fiscal year subject to the limitation of P.L 2004 c73 (S 1701).

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) with the exception of the legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

Exhibit C-3 represents a reconciliation of the General Fund revenues and Special Revenue Fund revenues and expenditures from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in Exhibit B-2.

F. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, for which the Charter School has received advances, are reflected in the balance sheet as deferred revenues at fiscal year end. There were \$0 of encumbrances at June 30, 2023. The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

G. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey Charter Schools are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey Charter Schools.

Additionally, the Charter School has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include Savings and Loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

H. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise fund are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase.

Inventories in the Proprietary Funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method.

I. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

Short-term interfund receivables/payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the Charter School and that are due within one year.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

J. Capital Assets

General Fund capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The Charter School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except for land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description of Capital Cost	Estimated Lives (Years)
Right-of-Use Assets	N/A
Building and Building Improvements	20
Furniture and Equipment	10

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities those, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds. However, the noncurrent portion of compensated absences and mortgage payable that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable, available financial resources.

L. Net Position/Fund Balance

School-Wide Statements

In the school-wide statements, there are three classes of net position:

 Invested in Capital Assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included. Also included in invested in capital assets are amounts the Charter School prepaid in advance of the work performed.

- Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the residual amount of noncapital assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position any portion of net position not already classified as either net invested in capital assets or net position - restricted is classified as net position – unrestricted, which includes deferred inflows and outflows

Fund Balance and Equity

The Charter School follows GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions ("GASB 54"), in establishing fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances in the governmental funds' financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting and classified into the following five categories, as defined below:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Assets included in this fund balance category include prepaid assets, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus of any permanent funds.
- 2. Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- 4. Assigned amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Charter School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. For the unrestricted fund balance, the Charter School first spends committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally, unassigned funds.

Restricted Fund Balance

The Charter School established a capital reserve in the amount of \$74,000 in accordance with the requirements of the mortgage note payable.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

M. Unearned/Deferred Revenue

Unearned/Deferred revenue in the special revenue fund represents cash that has been received but not yet earned.

N. Fund Equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent plans for future use of financial resources.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. On-Behalf Payments

Revenues and expenditures of the General Fund include payment made by the state of New Jersey for Pension and social security contributions for certified teacher members of the New Jersey Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund. The amounts are not required to be included in the Charter School's annual budget.

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows

Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the school-wide statement of net position and result from: (I) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions; and (5) contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has one type which arise only under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred amounts on net pension liability. Deferred amounts on net pension liability are reported in the school-wide statement of net position and result from: (I) differences between expected and actual experience; (2) changes

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

in assumptions; (3) net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments; and (4) changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over future years.

R. Compensated Absences

The Charter School accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Charter School employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Charter School's personnel policy. The Charter School's policy permits employees to accumulate unused sick and personal days and carry forward the full amount to subsequent years. Upon termination or upon retirement, employees are currently not paid for accrued vacation or unused sick and personal days.

As of June 30, 2023, Charter School-wide compensated absences amounted to \$-0-.

S. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Charter School follows the accounting and disclosure standards pertaining to GASB No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, for qualifying assets and liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that the Charter School would receive upon selling an asset or pay to settle a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The Charter School uses a framework for measuring fair value that includes a hierarchy that categorizes and prioritizes the sources used to measure and disclose fair value. This hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on inputs that market participants would use in valuing the financial instruments based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Charter School. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the financial instrument, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and which reflect the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available and that are developed using the best information available about the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized in the three broad levels as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3 - Inputs that are unobservable and which require significant judgment or estimation.

An asset or liability's level within the framework is based upon the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

T. Adoption of New Accounting Standard

GASB 87: Leases

During fiscal year 2022, the Charter School adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87), which requires the Charter School to recognize intangible right-to-use lease assets and lease liabilities for its lessee agreements.

The Charter School accounts for any lease with a term greater than one year in accordance with GASB 87. The lease terms are defined as the noncancellable period of any lease, plus any options to extend under such leases, when management is reasonably certain those options will be exercised. Accordingly, the net present value of the estimated future minimum payments are reflected as a right-to-use lease asset and lease liability. At June 30, 2023 the Charter School had no right-to-use lease assets.

During fiscal year 2023, the Charter School adopted the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription - Based Information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this Statement will be to improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. That definition and uniform guidance will result in greater consistency in practice. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability or a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

• GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees.

Other accounting standards that the Charter School is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an amendment of GASE Statement No. 62, will be effective beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, will be effective beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Charter School's deposits might not be recovered. Although the Charter School does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). Under the Act, the first \$250,000 governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal

Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the Charter School in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled agency funds such as salary withholdings, and student activity funds, or funds that may pass to the Charter School relative to the happening of a future condition. Such funds are classified as uninsured and uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2023, the Charter School's cash balances were

insured for \$250,000 by the FDIC and the remaining balance was subject to the provisions of the GUDPA.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments

The Board is permitted to invest public funds in accordance with the types of securities authorized by N.J.S.A. 18A:20-37. Examples of the allowable investments are bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, Government Money Market Mutual Funds, bonds or other obligations of the Charter School or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the Charter School is located, Local Government investment pools, and agreements or the repurchase of fully collateralized securities, if transacted in accordance with the above statute.

As of June 30, 2023, the Charter School had no investments.

4 PENSION PLANS

Description of Plans - Substantially all of the employees of the School are covered by either the Public Employee's Retirement System or the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (both of which are contributory defined benefits plans). Both were established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefit (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of both Systems will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the Systems terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirements System and the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625.

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) - The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund was established as of January 1,1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post-retirements health care to substantially all full time certified teachers or professional staff of the public school systems in the State.

The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan with a special funding situation, as under current statute, all employer contributions are made by the State of New Jersey on behalf of the School and the systems other related non-contributing employers.

Membership is mandatory for substantially all teachers or members of the professional staff certified by the State Board of Examiners, and employees of the Department of Education who have titles that are unclassified, professional and certified.

4 PENSION PLANS (continued)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - The public Employees' Retirement Systems (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage including post-retirement health care to substantially all full time employees of the State or any county municipality, School, or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another state-administered retirement system.

The public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, School, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) - The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established under the provision of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 to provide coverage to elected and certain appointed officials, effective July 1, 2007. Membership is mandatory for such individuals with vesting occurring after one year of membership.

<u>Vesting and Benefit Provisions</u> - The vesting and benefit provisions for PERS are set by N.J.S.A 43:15a and 43:03B and N.J.S.A. 18A: for TPAF. All benefits vest after eight to ten years of service, except for medical benefits that vest after 25 years of service. Retirements benefits for age and service are available at age 55 and are generally determine to be 1/55 of the final average salary for each year of service credit as defined.

Final average salary equals the average salary for the final three years of service prior to retirement (or highest three years' compensation if other than the final three years). Members may seek early retirement after achieving 25 years of service credit or they may elect deferred retirement after achieving eight to ten years of service in which case benefits would begin the first day of the month after the member attains normal retirement age.

The TPAF and PERS provides for specified medical benefits for member who retire after achieving 25 years of qualified service, as defined, or under the disability provisions of the System. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts.

<u>Significant Legislation</u> - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78 enacted certain changes in the operations and benefit provisions of the TPAF and the PERS systems.

<u>Pension Plan Design Changes</u> - Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78, new members of TPAF and PERS, hired on or after June 28, 2011, will need 30 years of creditable service and have attained the age of 65 for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for

4 PENSION PLANS (continued)

receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for each month that the member is under age 65. New members will be eligible for a service retirement benefit at age 65.

<u>Funding Changes</u> - Under the new legislation, the methodology for calculating the unfunded accrued liability payment portion of the employer's annual pension contribution to the PERS, and TPAF.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) will be amortized for each plan over an openended 30 year period and paid in level dollars. Beginning with the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation (July 1, 2019 for PERS), the UAAL will be amortized over a closed 30 year period until the remaining period reaches 20, when the amortization period will revert to an open-ended 20 year period.

COLA Suspension

The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment to current and future retirees and beneficiaries are suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law.

Contribution Requirements

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and N.J.S.A. 18:66, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2001, c. 78 provides for increases in the employee contribution rates: from 5.5% to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in the first year, meaning after 12 months, after the law's effective date for TPAF and PERS.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in both TPAF and PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, non-contributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums. Under current statute the School is a non-contributing employer of TPAF (i.e., the State of New Jersey makes the employer contribution on behalf of public school districts and Schools).

Annual Pension Costs (APC)

Per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 for the year ended June 30, 2011 for TPAF, which is a cost sharing plan with special funding situations, annual pension cost differs from the annual required contribution. For PERS, which is a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, the annual pension cost equals contributions made. TPAF employer contributions are made annually by the State of New Jersey to the pension system on behalf of the Board. PERS employer

4 PENSION PLANS (continued)

contributions are made annually by the Board to the pension system in accordance with Chapter 114, P.L. 1997. In the DCRP, which is a defined contribution plan, member contributions are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The School's contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$147,219.

In accordance with N.J.S.A 18A:66-66 the School recorded as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2023 for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members, as calculated on their base salaries in the amount of \$255,157. Also, the State paid \$1,358,882 into the TPAF pension representing on-behalf employer's portion of the TPAF Pension System Contributions, TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long Term Disability Insurance Premium Contributions for the School. These amounts have been included in the school wide financial statements and the fund financial statements as a revenue and expenditure in accordance with GASB No. 24.

5 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the TPAF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TPAF.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

The employer contributions for the Charter School are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A 18:66-33. Therefore, the Charter School (employer) is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity. Since the Charter School (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the Charter School. However, the state's portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Charter School was \$12,961,699 as measured on June 30, 2022 and \$11,206,791 as measured on June 30, 2021.

5 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School recognized pension expense \$348,836 of and revenue of \$348,836 for support provided by the State. The measurement period for the pension expense and revenue reported in the Charter School's financial statements (A-2) at June 30, 2023 is based upon changes in the collective net pension liability with a measurement period of June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Accordingly, the pension expense and the related revenue associated with the support provided by the State are based upon the changes in the collective net pension liability between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022.

Although the Charter School does not report net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows related to the TPAF, the following schedule illustrates the collective net pension liability and deferred items and the State's portion of the net pension liability associated with the Charter School.

The collective amounts are the total of all New Jersey local governments participating in the TPAF plan.

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$4,996,491,160	\$6,356,228,800
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$19,532,696,776	\$27,175,330,929
Collective net pension liability (Non-employer - State of		
New Jersey)	\$51,594,415,806	\$48,165,991,182
State's portion of the net pension liability that was		
associated with the Charter School	\$12,961,699	\$11,206,791
State's portion of the net pension liability that was		
associated with the Charter School as a percentage of		
the collective net pension liability	.025122%	.023311%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation (Price):	2.75%
Inflation (Wage):	3.25%
Salary Increases: Thereafter	2.75 - 5.65% based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return:	7%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females,

5 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits. The long term expected of return was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US equity	27.00%	8.12%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	13.50%	8.38%
Emerging markets equity	5.50%	10.33%
Private equity	13.00%	11.80%
Real estate	8.00%	11.19%
Real assets	3.00%	7.60%
High yield	4.00%	4.95%
Private credit	8.00%	8.10%
Investment grade credit	7.00%	3.38%
Cash equivalents	4.00%	1.75%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	4.91%

5 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

At 1% Decrease (6.00%)	At Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	At 1% Increase (8.00%)
\$60,591,896,759	\$51,676,587,003	\$44,166,559,329

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/ pensions/gasb-notices.shtml.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2023, the Charter School reported a liability of \$2,324,139 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the

5 <u>PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)</u>

total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022.

The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the ratio of the contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the Charter School's proportion was .011674%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School recognized pension (income) of (\$65,168). At June 30, 2023, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 12,716	\$ 11,214
Changes of assumptions	5,549	263,814
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	72,920	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
Charter School contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions	469,684	193,061
Charter School contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date.	147,219	-0-
Total	\$708,888	\$ 468,089

The Charter School reported \$147,219 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school Charter School contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the school year ended June 30, 2023, the plan measurement date was June 30, 2022) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

5 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

	Year Ended June 30:	
2021	(\$151,123)	
2022	(76,992)	
2023	(37,547)	
2024	81,914	
2025	(180)	
Total:	(\$183,928)	

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Collective deferred outflows of resources	\$1,660,772,008	\$1,164,738,169
Collective deferred inflows of resources	\$3,236,303,935	\$8,339,123,762
Collective net pension liability (Non-State-Local Group)	\$15,219,184,920	\$11,972,782,878
Charter School's proportion of net pension liability	2,324,139	\$1,212,391
Charter School's proportion percentage	.011674%	.010234%

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation rate:	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	2.75% – 6.55% - based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return:	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

5 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	2022		
	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,672,760	\$2,324,139	\$1,952,276

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of New Jersey Divisions of Pensions and Benefits financial report at: http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/gasb-notices.shtml.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the Board of Trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

5 PENSION PLANS – GASB 68 DISCLOSURES (continued)

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US equity	27.00%	8.12%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	13.50%	8.38%
Emerging markets equity	5.50%	10.33%
Private equity	13.00%	11.80%
Real estate	8.00%	11.19%
Real assets	3.00%	7.60%
High yield	4.00%	4.95%
Private credit	8.00%	8.10%
Investment grade credit	7.00%	3.38%
Cash equivalents	4.00%	1.75%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	4.91%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

6 **POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS**

General Information about the OPEB Plan

State Health Benefit State Retired Employees Plan:

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Obligations in Fiscal Year 2022 the State funded the various defined benefit pension systems at 108 percent of the full actuarially determined contributions. Employer contributions to the pension plans are calculated per the requirements of the governing State statutes using generally accepted actuarial procedures and practices. The actuarial funding method used to determine the State's contribution is a matter of State law. Any change to the funding method requires the approval of the State Legislature and the Governor. The amount the State actually contributes to the pension plans may differ from the

6 POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)

actuarially determined contributions of the pension plans because the State's contribution to the pension plans is subject to the appropriation of the State Legislature and actions by the Governor. GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. Under the new statement, the calculation of the pension liability was changed to a more conservative methodology and each employer was allocated a proportional share of the pension plans' net pension liability. The State's share of the net pension liability, based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021, which is required to be recorded on the financial statements, is \$75.1 billion. The Fiscal Year 2023 projected aggregate State contribution to the pension plans of \$6.8 billion represents 104 percent of the actuarially determined contribution. The State provides postretirement medical (PRM) benefits for certain State and other retired employees meeting the service credit eligibility requirements. In Fiscal Year 2022, the State paid PRM benefits for 161,238 State and local retirees. The State funds post-retirement medical benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, which means that the State does not pre-fund, or otherwise establish a reserve or other pool of assets against the PRM expenses that the State may incur in future years. For Fiscal Year 2022, the State contributed \$1.9 billion to pay for "pay-as-you-go" PRM benefit costs incurred by covered populations, a slight increase from \$1.8 billion in Fiscal Year 2021. The State has appropriated \$2.1 billion in Fiscal Year 2023 as the State's contribution to fund increases in prescription drugs and medical claims costs. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State is required to quantify and disclose its obligations to pay Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to retired plan members. This new standard supersedes the previously issued guidance, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for Fiscal Year 2018. The 7 State is now required to accrue a liability in all instances where statutory language names the State as the legal obligor for benefit payments. The Fiscal Year 2022 State OPEB liability to provide these benefits is \$88.9 billion, a decrease of \$12.7 billion, or 12.5 percent from the \$101.6 billion liability recorded in Fiscal Year 2021. Additional information on Pensions and OPEB can be accessed on the Division of Pensions & Benefits Financial Reports webpage:

https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

Total OPEB Liability

The State, a nonemployer contributing entity, is the only entity that has a legal obligation to make employer contributions to OPEB for qualified retired PERS and TPAF participants. The LEA's proportionate share percentage determined under paragraphs 193 and 203 through 205 of GASBS No. 75 is zero percent. Accordingly, the LEA did not recognize any portion of the collective net OPEB liability on the Statement of Net Position. Accordingly, the following OPEB liability note information is reported at the State's level and is not specific to the board of trustees.

6 POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits are the responsibility of the individual local education employers.

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS), and "Safety" (PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP -2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcountweighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP -2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP -2021 for current disables retirees. Future disabled retirees was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS), "General" (PERS), and "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP -2021.

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability: \$50,646,462,966

	TPAF	PERS
Salary increases:	2.75% to 4.25% based on years of	2.75% to 6.55% based on years of
	service	service

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the TPAF, PERS and PFRS experience studies prepared for July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 6.25% and decreases to a 4.50% long - term trend rate after eight years. For post-65 medical benefits PPO, the trend is initially -1.99% in fiscal year 2023, increasing to 13.44% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.50% in fiscal year 2033. For HMO the trend is initially -3.54% in fiscal year 2023, increasing to 15.19% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.50% in fiscal year 2033. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.00% and decreases to a 4.50% long-term trend rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.00%.

6 <u>POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)</u>

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.54%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20 -Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability reported by the State of New Jersey:

	Total OPEB Liability	
The State's Total OPEB Liability Balance at June 30, 2021 Changes for the year:	\$60,007,650,970	I
Service Cost	2,770,618,025	
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	1,342,187,139	
Changes in Benefit Terms	-	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	1,399,476,059	
Changes of Assumptions	(13,586,368,097)	
Gross Benefit Payments	(1,329,476,059)	
Contributions from Members	42,374,929	
Net Changes	(9,361,188,004)	
The State's Total OPEB Liability Balance at June 30, 2022	\$50,646,462,966	
The State's Total OPEB Liability attributable to the Charter School	\$ 6,862,613	_

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State for school board retirees, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability for school board would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1- percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

6 <u>POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)</u>

	June 30, 2021		
	At 1% Decrease	At Discount Rate	At 1% Increase
	1.16%	2.16%	3.16%
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$71,879,745,555	\$60,007,650,970	\$50,659,089,138
	June 30, 2022		
	At 1% Decrease	At Discount Rate	At 1% Increase
	2.54%	3.54%	4.54%
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$59,529,589,697	\$50,646,462,966	\$43,527,080,995

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the State, as well as what the State's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage- point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	June 30, 2022		
		Health Care Cost	
	At 1% Decrease	Trend Rate	At 1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$48,576,388,471	\$60,007,650,970	\$75,358,991,782
	June 30, 2021		
		Health Care Cost	
	At 1% Decrease	Trend Rate	At 1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability (School Retirees)	\$41,862,397,291	\$50,646,462,966	\$62,184,866,635

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Charter School recognized OPEB expense and related revenue of \$1,208,034 determined by the State as the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75 and in which there is a special funding situation.

In accordance with GASBS No. 75, the Charter School's proportionate share of school retirees OPEB is zero, and there is no recognition of the allocation of proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. At June 30, 2022, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired school employee's OPEB from the following sources:

6 <u>POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)</u>

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$9,042,402,619	\$15,462,950,679
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	8,765,620,577	17,237,289,230
Total	\$17,808,023,196	\$32,700,239,909

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to retired school employee's OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Total
2023	(\$2,517,151,602)
2024	(\$2,517,151,602)
2025	(\$2,517,151,602)
2026	(\$2,175,449,761)
2027	(1,243,951,140)
Thereafter	(3,921,361,006)
	(\$14,892,216,713)

7 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Charter School offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the IRS code 403(b). The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salaries until future years.

8 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Charter School receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in the level of support, if it were to occur, could have an effect on the Charter School's programs and activities.

9 <u>CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u>

The Charter School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government.

9 <u>CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)</u>

If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Charter School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2023, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the various grantor agencies but the Charter School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the Charter School.

The Charter School's attorney's letter advises that there is no litigation, pending litigation claims, contingent liabilities, unasserted claims for assessments or statutory violations which involved the Charter School and which might materially affect the Charter School's financial position.

10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance - The Charter School maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section (UNAUDITED) of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance - The Charter School has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation under the "Contributory Method". Under this plan, the Charter School is required to remit employee withholdings to the State on a quarterly basis. All of the Charter School's claims are paid by the State.

11 <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables as of June 30, 2023 consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants and miscellaneous. All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of receivables are as follows:

	General	Special <u>Revenue</u>	<u>Proprietary</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:				
Accounts	<u>\$47,849</u>	<u>\$85,950</u>	<u>\$8,327</u>	<u>\$142,126</u>
Gross Receivables	<u>\$47,849</u>	<u>\$85,950</u>	<u>\$8,327</u>	<u>\$142,126</u>

12 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule is a summarization of the governmental activities changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2022	Net Additions (Deletions)	Ending Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities			
Capital Assets, being depreciated:			
Building and Building Improvements	\$8,692,617	\$1,842,541	\$10,535,158
Furniture and Equipment	338,601		338,601
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$9,031,218	\$1,842,541	\$10,873,759
Less accumulated depreciation for:			
Furniture and Equipment	\$286,385	\$21,539	\$307,924
Building and Building Improvements	2,928,783	230,219	3,159,002
Total accumulated depreciation	\$3,215,168	\$251,758	\$3,466,926
Total Capital Assets - net	\$5,816,050	\$1,590,783	\$7,406,833

Depeciation expense of \$251,758 was charged to an unallocated function.

13 LONG TERM DEBT – (Mortgage Payable)

The amounts and terms of the notes with the Reinvestment Fund Inc., are as follows:

Promissory note issued April 28, 2016 with Reinvestment Fund, Inc Balance 7-1-22	\$4,256,343
Less: Payments of Principal for year ending June 30, 2023	153,824
Amounts outanding at June 30, 2023	\$4,102,519

The loan is a fixed rate based upon a 25 year US Treasury rate at closing plus 330 basis points or 5.53%. Term of 25 years, monthly payments of \$30,277 in principal and interest. A total of \$230,870 of interest and \$153,824 in principal was paid during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The note is secured by an interest in the property assignment of leases, rents and fixtures. Friends of Learning Community Charter School is a guarantor on the note.

In accordance with the note agreements, the school is subject to certain loan covenants. The school was in compliance with its loan covenants including debt service coverage ratio at June 30, 2023.

Principal payments due for next five years and thereafter are as follows:

13 LONG TERM DEBT (continued)

Year Ended June 30:	Amount
2024	\$ 138 <i>,</i> 682
2025	146,548
2026	154,861
2027	161,000
2028	164,050
Thereafter	3,337,378
Total:	\$4,102,519

14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Charter School has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the financial statement date through January 8, 2024 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, the Charter School has determined that no subsequent events needed to be disclosed.

15 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (B-1) and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (A-1).

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including deferred pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

The reconciliation is as follows:

Fund balance per B-1 as of June 30, 2023	\$ 4,858,079
Cost of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation	7,406,833
Mortgage payable	(4,102,519)
Pension deferred outflows	708,088
Pension deferred inflows	(468,089)
Deferred pension liability as of June 30, 2023	(2,324,139)
Net position (per A-1) as of June 30, 2023	\$6,078,253

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

Exhibit C-1

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

For the riski real Ended Julie 30, 2023						
		Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES:						
Local Sources:					\$-	-
Jersey City Payroll Transfer	\$	3,318,990	(475)	3,318,515	3,318,515	-
Local Equalization		0	-	-	0	-
Equalization Aid		6,008,683	136,248	\$ 6,144,931	6,144,931	-
Miscellaneous		-			82,917	(82,917)
Total - Local Sources		9,327,673	135,773	9,463,446	9,546,363	(82,917)
Categorical Aid		-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment Aid		-	-	-	-	-
Security Aid		145,675	(957)	144,718	144,718	-
Special Education		122,645	68,564	191,209	191,209	-
TPAF LT Disability (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)		-		-	736	(736)
TPAF Medical (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)		-		-	282,555	(282,555)
TPAF Pension (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)		-		-	1,075,591	(1,075,591)
TPAF Social Security (Reimbursed - Non-Budgeted)				-	255,157	(255,157)
Total State Sources		268,320	67,607	335,927	1,949,966	(1,614,039)
Federal Sources:						
Total - Federal Sources						
Total Revenues		9,595,993	203,380	9,799,373	11,496,329	(1,696,956)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current Expense:						
Regular Programs - Instruction						
Teachers Salary	\$	2,356,347	303,514	2,659,861	2,615,727	\$ 44,134
Other Salaries		968,597	(36,239)	932,358	932 <i>,</i> 358	-
Prof/Tech Services		100,000	-	100,000	55,287	44,713
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)		138,060	7,732	145,792	71,463	74,329
General Supplies		200,000	(98,783)	101,217	101,217	-
Textbooks		57,000	-	57,000	28,227	28,773
Other Objects		42,062	28,035	70,097	70,097	
TOTAL REGULAR PROGRAMS - INSTRUCTION		3,862,066	204,259	4,066,325	3,874,376	191,949

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Support Services - General Administrative					
Salaries of Administrative Salaries	415,334	31,801	447,135	447,135	-
Salaries of Secretarial and Clerical Assistants	414,546	50,925	465,471	333,701	131,770
Cost of Benefits	2,546,982	(445,944)	2,101,038	1,155,806	945,232
Consultants	75,000	13,000	88,000	69,294	18,706
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	159,680	76,946	236,626	192,446	44,180
Communications/Telephone	50,000	8,103	58,103	58,103	-
Supplies and Materials	12,000	6,504	18,504	18,504	-
Other Objects	49,000	15,004	64,004	55,676	8,328
	3,722,542	(243,661)	3,478,881	2,330,665	1,148,216
Support Services - School Admin/Operation Plant Services					
Salaries	183,487	11,218	194,705	182,855	11,850
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	418,048	50,652	468,700	425,404	43,296
Other Purchased Services	103,000	142,472	245,472	245,472	-
Rental of Land and Building- other than Lease Purchase Agreements	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance	125,000	-	125,000	121,666	3,334
General Supplies	30,000	293	30,293	30,293	-
Transportation- Trips	25,000	-	25,000	16,713	8,287
Energy (Energy and Electricity)	113,000	38,145	151,145	151,145	-
Other Objects	48,850	2	48,852	17,377	31,475
Total Undist. Expend Other Oper. & Maint. Of Plant	1,046,385	242,782	1,289,167	1,190,925	98,242
Food Service					
Other Purchased Services	-	-	-	-	-
Total Food Services	-	-	-	-	
TPAF LT Disability (On-Behalf - Non-Budgeted)				736	(736)
On-behalf TPAF Medical Contributions (non-budgeted)				282,555	(282,555)
On-behalf TPAF pension Contributions (non-budgeted)				1,075,591	(1,075,591)
Reimbursed TPAF Social Security Contributions (non-budgeted)			-	255,157	(255,157)
TOTAL ON-BEHALF CONTRIBUTIONS	-		-	1,614,039	(1,614,039)
TOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED EXPENDITURES					
	4,768,927	(879)	4,768,048	5,135,629	(367,581)
TOTAL GENERAL CURRENT EXPENSE	8,630,993	203,380	8,834,373	9,010,005	(175,632)

Exhibit C-1 Page 3

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
CAPITAL OUTLAY					
Equipment					
Regular Programs - Instruction:			-		
Building Purchase other lease purchase		-	-	-	-
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	550,000	-	550,000	312,925	237,075
Interest Expense	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage Principal / Interest	375,000	-	375,000	326,988	48,012
Instructional Equipment	40,000		40,000	3,098	36,902
Total Equipment	965,000	-	965,000	643,011	321,989
TOTAL EXPENDITURES- GENERAL FUND Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	9,595,993	203,380	9,799,373	9,653,016 1,843,313	146,357 (1,843,313)
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In: Total Other Financing Sources:	<u> </u>				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-			1,843,313	(1,843,313)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2022	-	-	2,940,766	2,940,766	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	Ş -	\$-	\$ 2,940,766	\$ 4,784,079	\$ (1,843,313)

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit C-2 Page 1

	Original Budget	Budget Final Transfers Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES:				
Federal Sources	\$ 2,629,466	\$ 2,629,466	\$ 2,629,466	
State Sources	729,961	729,961	729,961	
Misc. Sources	4,797	4,797	4,797	
Total Revenues	3,364,224	3,364,224	3,364,224	
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction				
Salaries of Teachers	678,469	678,469	678,469	
Other Salaries for Instruction	1,025	1,025	1,025	
Purchased Professional -Educational Services	532,020	532,020	532,020	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	-	-	-	
Travel	-	-	-	
Other Purchased Services (400-500 series)	97,724	97,724	97,724	
General Supplies	72,928	72,928	72,928	
Personal Services- Employee Benefits	355,862	355,862	355,862	
Building Improvements	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous Expense			-	
Total Instruction	1,738,028	1,738,028	1,738,028	
Support Services				
Salaries of Supervisor of Instruction	3,299	3,299	3,299	
Salaries of Master Teacher	8,000	8,000	8,000	
Salaries of Other Professional Staff	63,691	63,691	63,691	
Salaries of Secretaries & Clerical Assistants				
Other Salaries	-	-	-	
Travel	-	-	-	
Purchased Professional - Educational Services	14,297	14,297	14,297	
Other Purchased Services				
Contracted Services	-	-	-	
Supplies and Materials				
Other Objects	-	-	-	
Cleaning, Repairs and Maintenance	7,293	7,293	7,293	
Field Trips				
Equipment-				
Construction Services	1,529,616	1,529,616	1,529,616	
Total Support Services	1,626,196	1,626,196	1,626,196	

Exhibit C-2 Page 2

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
Buildings Improvements Instructional Equipment					
Noninstructional Equipment Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services		·			·
Transfer to Charter School					
Total Expenditures	3,364,224		3,364,224	3,364,224	·
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer in from General Fund Transfer Out to Whole School Reform (General Fund)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					·
Total Outflows					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)					

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Exhibit C-3

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Note to RSI For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

The general fund budget and the special revenue budget basis are GAAP, therefore no reconciliation is required.

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30* (UNAUDITED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.011674% 2,324,139	0.010234% 1,212,391	0.010962% 1,787,649	0.008299 1,495,357	0.009811 1,931,702	0.004276 2,437,340	0.009686 2,868,781	0.008457 1,898,440	0.010088 2,119,218
Charter School Covered employee payroll	\$991,706	\$824,572	\$741,728	\$1,111,558	\$692,092	\$626,092	\$735,034	\$700,032	\$695,324
Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	234.4%	147.1%	240.1%	134.5%	279.1%	389.3%	390.0%	271.2%	304.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	42.7%	68.1%	41.4%	74.3%	35.8%	25.7%	25.60%	36.90%	32.81%

*Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

Exhibit L-1

Exhibit L-2

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30* (UNAUDITED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$147,219	\$119,854	\$119,921	\$80,725	\$98,716	\$100,178	\$87,328	\$72,708	\$133,371
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(147,219)	(119,854)	(119,921)	(80,725)	(98,716)	(100,178)	(87,328)	(72,708)	(133,371)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Charter School Covered employee payroll	991,706	824,572	741,728	1,111,558	692,092	626,092	735,034	700,032	649,704
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	14.9%	14.5%	16.2%	7.3%	13.6%	16.0%	11.80%	10.40%	20.53%

*Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which the information is available.

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY - TPAF FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Charter School Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)** Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)** State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
(asset) associated with the Charter School	12,961,699	11,206,791	16,725,272	15,251,293	16,225,451	18,617,107	19,132,622	16,043,048	10,407,340
Total	12,961,699	11,206,791	16,725,272	15,251,293	16,225,451	18,617,107	19,132,622	16,043,048	10,407,340
Charter School Covered employee payroll Charter School Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a	3,034,851	3,033,224	2,757,539	2,551,175	2,661,258	2,661,258	2,626,238	2,591,218	2,509,080
percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	N/A 23.5%	N/A 35.52%	N/A 24.60%	N/A 26.95%	N/A 26.49%	N/A 25.41%	N/A 22.33%	N/A 28.71%	N/A 33.64%

**NOTE: TPAF is a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible

for contributions to the plan. Since the charter school (employer) does not contribute directly to the plan there is no net pension liability

to report in the financial statements of the charter school.

Exhibit L-3

Exhibit L-4

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Change of Benefit Terms: None

Change of Assumptions: Assumptions used in calculating the net pension liability and statutorily required employer contribution are presented in the notes to the financial statements.

EXHIBIT L-5

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE OPEB LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE OPEB LIABILITY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Change of Benefit Terms: None

Change of Assumptions: Assumptions used in calculating the OPEB liability are presented in the notes to the financial statements.

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE STATE'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS STATE HEALTH BENEFIT LOCAL EDUCATION RETIRED EMPLOYEES PLAN (TPAF AND PERS) (UNAUDITED) Eiscal Yaars*

		Fiscal Years*				
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
The State of New Jersey's Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost	\$2,770,618,025	\$3,217,874,264	\$1,790,973,822	\$1,734,404,850	\$1,984,642,729	\$2,391,878,884
Interest	1,342,187,139	1,556,661,679	1,503,341,357	1,827,787,206	1,970,236,232	1,699,441,736
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	1,399,200,736	11,449,632,500	11,544,750,637	(7,323,140,818)	(5,002,065,740)	
Benefit Payment	(1,329,476,059)	59,202,105	(1,180,515,618)	(1,280,958,373)	(1,232,987,247)	(1,242,412,566)
Contributions from Members	42,650,252		35,781,384	37,971,171	42,614,005	45,748,749
Changes of Assumptions or other inputs	(13,586,368,097)	(1,186,417,186)	12,386,549,981	622,184,027	(5,291,448,855)	(7,086,599,129)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(\$9,361,188,004)	(\$7,802,311,638)	\$26,080,881,563	(\$4,381,751,937)	(\$7,529,008,876)	(\$4,191,942,326)
– Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$60,007,650,970	\$67,809,962,608	\$41,729,081,045	\$46,110,832,982	\$53,639,841,858	\$57,831,784,184
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$50,646,462,966	\$60,007,650,970	\$67,809,962,608	\$41,729,081,045	\$46,110,832,982	53,639,841,858
The State of New Jersey's total OPEB liability**	\$50,646,462,966	\$60,007,650,970	\$67,809,962,608	\$41,729,081,045	\$46,110,832,982	\$53,639,841,858
The State of New Jersey's OPEB liability attributable to the Charter School	\$6,862,613	\$8,026,955	\$8,758,319	\$5,386,429	\$5,336,036	\$6,807,762
The Charter School's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability	0	0	0	0	0	0
Charter School's covered employee payroll	4,026,557	\$3,857,796	\$3,499,267	\$3,238,311	\$3,353,350	\$3,287,350
Total Charter School's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee pay	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Charter School's contribution	None	None	None	None	None	None
State's covered employee payroll	\$14,753,355,408	\$14,425,669,769	\$14,267,738,657	\$13,929,083,479	\$13,640,275,833	\$13,493,400,208
Total State's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	343.29%	416.00%	475.00%	300.00%	338.05%	397.53%

**Note: Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) for employees of the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) is considered a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 75 in which the State of New Jersey is 100% responsible for contributions to the health insurance plan. The district (employer) does not contribute to the plan and the district's OPEB liability is zero.

*Until a full ten year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

Exhibit M-1

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue resources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Special Revenue Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures- Budgetary Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Fo	r the Fiscal Year Ended J	une 30, 2023							
		TOTAL	TITLE I Part A	IDEA PART B-Basic	IDEA PRESCHOOL	ARP ESSER ACCEL- LEARN COACH	ARP ESSER EVID BS BYRD	ARP ESSER NJTSS MENTAL	ARP ESSER EVID BS SUMMER	CRRSA Act ESSER Mental Hith	SDA Emergent Needs	ARP ESSER	Preschool Education Aid	NJSIG Safety Grant
REVENUES														
Intergovernmental														
Federal sources	\$	2,629,466	381,898	145,929	3,200	58,274	34,750	8,595	40,000	44,800	-	1,912,020		-
State Sources		729,961									90,734		639,227	
Miscellaneous		4,797											-	4,797
Total Revenues		3,364,224	381,898	145,929	3,200	58,274	34,750	8,595	40,000	44,800	90,734	1,912,020	639,227	4,797
EXPENDITURES														
Instruction														
Salaries		678,469	240,000	115,000		-				-			323,469	
Other Instructional Salaries		1,025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1,025	-
Other Purchased Services		97,724		-	-						90,734		6,990	-
Purchased Prof. and Tech.and Edu Ser.		532,020	-	-	3,200	58,274	34,750	8,595	40,000			382,404	-	4,797
General Supplies		72,928	33,538	-	-	-	-						39,390	-
Support Services		-											-	
Textbooks		-												
Personal Services - Employee Benefits		355,862	108,360	30,929									216,573	
Miscellaneous Expenses		-	-					-	-			-	-	
Total Instruction		1,738,028	381,898	145,929	3,200	58,274	34,750	8,595	40,000	-	90,734	382,404	587,447	4,797
Support Services														
Salaries of Supervisors of Instruction		3,299	-	-	-			-	-				3,299	
Salaries of Principals		8,000											8,000	
Other Salaries		63,691								31,000			32,691	
Salaries of Clerical		-											-	
Purchases Professional Sves		14,297								13,800			497	
Other Purchased Services		-											-	
Cleaning, Repairs, and Maintenance Ser.		-											-	
Field Trips		7,293											7,293	
Supplies and Materials		-												
Facility Expenses		-											-	
Equipment - Instructional		-											-	
Equipment -Non- instructional		-												
Transportation-Field Trips		-											-	
Capital Improvements		1,529,616										1,529,616		
Total Support Services	_	1,626,196	-					-	-	44,800	-	1,529,616	51,780	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	3,364,224	381,898	145,929	3,200	58,274	34,750	8,595	40,000	44,800	90,734	1,912,020	639,227	4,797

Exhibit E-1

Exhibit E-2

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Preschool Education Aid Expenditures - Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Salaries of teachers	\$ 195,390	\$ 128,079	\$ 323,469	\$ 323,469	\$ -
Other salaries for instruction	119,334	(118,309)	1,025	1,025	-
Purchased professional educational services	-	-	0	-	-
Other Purchased services	-	-	0	-	-
General supplies	-	39,390	39,390	39,390	-
Other objects	-	-	0	-	-
Total instruction	314,724	49,160	363,884	363,884	
Support services					
Salaries of Supervisor of Instruction	34,987	(31,688)	3,299	3,299	-
Salaries of Principals/Prog Directors	-	-	-	-	
Salaries of Principals/Assistant Principals/Prog Directors	41,032	(33,032)	8,000	8,000	-
Salaries of Other Prof Staff	40,842	(40,842)	-	-	-
Salaries of Secretarial & Clerical Assistants	32,972	(281)	32,691	32,691	-
Other Salaries - master teacher	10,576	(10,576)	-	-	-
Purchased Prof - Education Services	-	-	-	-	-
Clean, Repair, & Maint Services	23,830	(23,830)	-	-	-
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-
Personnel Services -Employee Benefits	148,902	67,671	216,573	216,573	-
Transportation	-	6,990	6,990	6,990	-
Misc Purchased Services	-	496	496	496	-
Contracted Services - Field Trips		7,293	7,293	7,293	-
Total support services	333,141	(57,799)	275,342	275,342	
Facilities acquisition and construction services					
Instructional equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Noninstructional equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Construction services		-		-	-
Total facilities acquisition and construction services	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	\$ 647,865	\$ (8,639)	\$ 639,226	\$ 639,226	-
Calculation of Budget and Carryove	_				
Total revised 2022-2023 preschool education aid allocation					\$ 639,226
Add: actual carryover June 30, 202					-
Add: budgeted transfer from the General Fund 2022-202					-
Total preschool education aid funds available for 2022-2023 budge					639,226
Less: 2022-2023 budgeted preschool education aid, including prior year budgeted carryove					(639,226)
Available and unbudgeted preschool education aid funds as of June 30, 202	2				-
Add: June 30, 2023 unexpended preschool education air	d				-
2022-2023 actual carryover - preschool education aid	d				\$ -
2022-2023 preschool education aid carryover budgeted in 2023-202	3				<u>\$ -</u>

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUND

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed through user charges or where the board has decided that periodical determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Busin	vities		
	E	nterprise Fun	d	Total
		Think Tank	Before School	Enterprise
	Food Program	Program	Program	Funds
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$25,507	\$20,146	\$11,048	\$56,701
Intergovernmental Receivable		. ,		0
Federal	8,038			8,038
State	289			289
Total Current Assets	\$33,834	\$20,146	\$11,048	\$65,028
LIABILITIES				
Interfund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Current Liabilities	0	0	0	0
Net Position				0
Unrestricted	33,834	20,146	11,048	65,028
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$33,834	\$20,146	\$11,048	\$65,028

Exhibit G-2

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Busi	ties		
	Food Program	Before School Program	Think Tank Program	Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Daily Fees	\$28,159	\$88,901	\$0	\$117,060
Total Operating Revenues	28,159	88,901	0	117,060
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		88,901	1,570	90,471
Supplies, Materials & Other	244,624			244,624
Facility Expenses	0			0
Total Operating Expenses	244,624	88,901	1,570	335,095
Income (Loss) From Operations	(216,465)	0	(1,570)	(218,035)
Nonoperating Revenues				
State Sources				
Lunch State	3,597			3,597
Breakfast State	123			123
Federal Sources				
Supply Chain Asst	43,144			43,144
School Breakfast Program	7,364			7,364
National School Lunch Program	96,778			96,778
Total Nonoperating Revenues	151,006	0	0	151,006
Change in Net Position	(65,459)	0	(1,570)	(67,029)
Transfer in from General Fund			-	-
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year - 7-1-22	99,293	11,048	21,716	132,057
Total Net Position - End of Year - 6-30-23	\$33,834	\$11,048	\$20,146	\$65,028

Exhibit G-3

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Food Service	Enterprise Think Tank	Enterprise Before School	Total
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash Received from Customers	28,159		88,901	117,060
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(244,624)	(1 <i>,</i> 570)	(88,901)	(335,095)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(216,465)	(1,570)	0	(218,035)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Increase in Interfund	0			0
Transfer in fromGeneral Fund	0			0
Cash Received from State and Federal Subsidy Reimbursements	184,756	0	0	184,756
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	184,756	0	0	184,756
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		(1,570)	0	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(31,709)	() = -)	0	(33,279)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	57,216	21,716	11,048	89,980
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$25,507	Ş20,146	\$11,048	\$56,701
Reconcilliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash				
Used by Operating Activities				
Operating (Loss)	(\$65 <i>,</i> 459)	(\$1 <i>,</i> 570)	\$0	(\$67,029)
Increase Interfund	0			0
Transfer from General Fund	0			0
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to				
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities				
Transfer in from General Fund	0			
Increase in Accounts Receivable	33,750	0	0	33,750
Change in Assets and Liabilities				
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	0	0	0	0
Total Adjustments	33,750	0	0	33,750
Net Cash (Used by) Operating Activities	(\$31,709)	(\$1,570)	Ş0	(\$33,279)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (NOT APPLICABLE)

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Combining Statement of Agency Funds Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Nonexpendable Trust Fund Combining Statement of Agency Fund Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Student Activity Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Payroll Agency Fund Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund Statement of Receipts and Disbursements Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Learning Community Charter School annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the school's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Exhibits</u>
Financial Trends	J- l to J-5
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	J-6 to J-9
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	J-10 to J-13
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	J-14 and J-15
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	J-16 to J-20
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

Exhibit J-1

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NET POSITION BY COMPONENT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Governmental activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 3,304,314	\$ 1,559,707	\$ 1,664,152	\$ 1,663,883	\$ 1,892,521	\$ 2,016,074
Restricted - Capital Reserve	74,000	74,000	74,000	74,000	74,000	74,000
Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)	2,699,939	1,060,139	1,156,534	810,589	(1,237,218)	(1,427,314)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 6,078,253	\$ 2,693,846	\$ 2,894,686	\$ 2,548,472	\$ 729,303	\$ 662,760
Business-type activities						
Unrestricted	 65,028	132,057	24,369	34,966	26,466	15,238
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 65,028	\$ 132,057	\$ 24,369	\$ 34,966	\$ 26,466	\$ 15,238
School-wide						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,304,314	1,559,707	1,664,152	1,663,883	1,892,521	2,016,074
Restricted - Capital Reserve	74,000	74,000	74,000	74,000	74,000	74,000
Unrestricted	 2,764,967	1,060,139	1,180,903	845,555	(1,210,752)	(1,427,314)
Total school-wide net position	\$ 6,143,281	\$ 2,693,846	\$ 2,919,055	\$ 2,583,438	\$ 755,769	\$ 662,760

Source: School Financial Statements

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL CHANGES IN NET POSITION - SCHOOL WIDE FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Expenses						
Governmental activities						
Instruction						
Regular	5,612,404	5,293,617	4,794,956	3,904,544	3,978,739	3,553,297
Support Services:						
General administration	3,956,861	2,355,046	2,092,369	2,182,217	1,893,750	2,089,063
School Administrative Services	1,190,925	830,802	827,777	1,116,073	880,004	813,983
On-behalf TPAF Social Security/Pension/Medical	1,614,039	1,518,472	1,129,728	980,053	912,934	816,345
Capital outlay	643,011	565,908	363,320	413,456	363,320	471,809
Unallocated depreciation	0	228,638	228,638	228,638	228,638	228,638
Total governmental activities expenses	13,017,240	10,792,483	9,436,788	8,824,981	8,257,385	7,973,135
Business-type activities:						
Food service	244,624	404,545	31,986	161,991	155,686	145,260
Child Care	90,471	85,997	0	85,915	53,383	0
Total business-type activities expense	335,095	490,542	31,986	247,906	209,069	145,260
Total school expenses	13,352,335	11,283,025	9,468,774	9,072,887	8,466,454	8,118,395
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
Daily Sales- National Lunch Program	0	0	0	0	0	0
Operating grants and contributions	3,364,224	1,931,641	1,426,905	1,045,028	1,007,307	1,104,303
Total governmental activities program revenues	3,364,224	1,931,641	1,426,905	1,045,028	1,007,307	1,104,303
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Business-type activities:						
Charges for services						
Food service	179,165	503,838	16,909	120,225	158,736	153,715
Child care	88,901	94,392	0	76,358	61,561	0
Total business type activities program revenues	268,066	598,230	16,909	196,583	220,297	153,715
Total school program revenues	3,632,290	2,529,871	1,443,814	1,241,611	1,227,604	1,258,018
Net (Expense)/Revenue						
Governmental activities	(9,653,016)	(8,860,842)	(8,009,883)	(7,779,953)	(7,250,078)	(6,868,832)
Business-type activities	(67,029)	107,688	(15,077)	8,499	11,228	15,238
Total school-wide net expense	(9,720,045)	(8,753,154)	(8,024,960)	(7,771,454)	(7,238,850)	(6,853,594)
·			,			

Exhibit J-2 Page 2

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL CHANGES IN NET POSITION - SCHOOL WIDE FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position						
Governmental activities:						
Local and State share	9,463,446	7,794,047	6,704,458	1,976,365	1,416,154	4,575,343
State and Federal Aid aid	1,949,966	1,774,812	1,390,501	5,283,189	5,718,686	1,926,856
Miscellaneous Income	82,917	847,577	32,231	177,718	117,761	79,925
Pension Adjustment	(203,513)					
Increase in Net Capital Outlay over Mortgage Pay	1,744,607	0	0	0	0	0
Total governmental activities	13,037,423	10,416,436	8,127,190	7,437,272	7,252,601	6,582,124
Business-type activities:						
Total business-type activities						
Total school-wide	13,037,423	10,416,436	8,127,190	7,437,272	7,252,601	6,582,124
-						
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	3,384,407	1,555,594	117,307	(342,681)	66,543	(195,202)
Business-type activities	(67,029)	107,688	(15,077)	8,499	11,228	(8,455)
Total school-wide	3,317,378	1,663,282	102,230	(334,182)	77,771	(203,657)
Source: School Financial Statements						

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
General Fund						
Reserved - Capital	74,000	74,000	74,000	74,000	74,000	74,000
Unreserved (Unassigned)	4,784,079	2,940,766	1,156,534	810,589	924,632	693,471
Total general fund	\$ 4,858,079	\$ 3,014,766	\$ 1,230,534	\$ 884,589 \$	998,632 \$	767,471
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved Total all other governmental funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 9	\$ - \$	- \$	

Source: School Financial Statements

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30 MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (UNAUDITED)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Revenues						
Local tax Levy	\$ 3,318,515	\$ 2,253,978 \$	1,737,824 \$	1,552,992 \$	1,416,154 \$	4,575,343
Other local revenue	199,977	962,357	34,423	305,402	244,154	267,470
State sources	8,098,617	7,927,581	6,357,730	6,314,645	6,281,767	2,495,488
Federal sources	3,511,510	1,802,391	1,441,127	514,343	538,130	493,786
Total revenue	15,128,619	12,946,307	9,571,104	8,687,382	8,480,205	7,832,087
Expenditures						
Instruction	3,874,376	3,604,843	3,487,928	2,930,633	3,006,437	2,551,304
Regular Instruction						
Support Services:						
General administration	2,330,665	2,112,179	1,972,492	2,111,100	1,858,745	1,986,753
School administrative services/Plant	1,190,925	830,802	827,777	1,116,073	880,004	813,983
TPAF Social Security/Pension/Medical	1,614,039	1,518,472	1,129,728	980,053	912,934	816,345
Proprietary Fund	335,095	490,542	31,986	196,583	209,069	153,715
Capital outlay	643,011	565,908	363,320	413,456	363,320	471,809
Special Revenue	3,364,224	1,931,641	1,426,905	1,045,028	1,007,307	1,104,303
Total expenditures	13,352,335	11,054,387	9,240,136	8,792,926	8,237,816	7,898,212
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures						
Other Financing sources (uses) Transfers in						
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net change in fund balances (Decrease)	\$ 1,776,284	\$ 1,891,920 \$	330,968 \$	(105,544) \$	242,389 \$	(66,125)

Source: School Financial Statements

REVENUE CAPACITY

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund - Other Local Revenue By Source For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

		PPP/ SBA			
		Loan	Prior Year		
	Donations	Forgiveness	Refunds	Other Local	Annual Totals
2018				79,925	79,925
2019				117,761	117,761
2020				177,718	177,718
2021				32,231	32,231
2022		815,422		32,155	847,577
2023				82,917	82,917
Source: Sch	nool records				

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Principal Property Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

DEBT CAPACITY

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Property Tax Levies and Collections For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Legal Debt Margin Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Demographic and Economic Statistics For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023

OPERATING INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Principal Employers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Function/Program						
Instruction						
Regular	46	47	43	42	42	41
Special education	7	6	7	6	6	6
Other special education		C C	-	C C	C C	C C
Vocational						
Other instruction	10	10	6	10	9	9
Nonpublic school programs			-		-	-
Adult/continuing education programs						
Support Services:						
Student & instruction related services	3	3	5	3	3	3
General administration	2	2	2	2	2	2
School administrative services	5	5	5	5	5	5
Other administrative services						
Central services						
Administrative Information Technology						1
Plant operations and maintenance	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pupil transportation						
Other support services						
Special Schools						
Food Service	1.2	1.2	0	1.2	1.2	1.2
Child Care						
<u> </u>						
Total	75.2	75.2	69	70.2	69.2	69.2

Source: School Personnel Records

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Operating Statistics For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

Pupil/Teacher Ratio

Fiscal Year	Enroll	Operating Expenditures	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Elementary	Middle School	Senior High School	Average Daily Enrollment (ADE)	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	% Change in Average Daily Enrollment	Student Attendance Percentage
2018	585	7.744.497	13.238	-2.51%	41.00	29	12	N/A	585.0	564	0.30%	96.45%
2010	628	8,028,747	12,785	-3.70%	42.00	30	12	N/A	629.4	606	7.45%	96.28%
2020	636	8,596,343	, 13,516	5.70%	42.00	30	12	N/A	636.3	610	0.66%	95.87%
2021	639	9,240,136	14,460	6.9%	50.00	34	16	N/A	639.0	617	0.42%	96.57%
2022	637	11,054,387	17,354	20.0%	53.00	36	17	N/A	637.0	615	0.31%	96.55%
2023	639	13,352,335	20,896	20.5%	53.00	36	17	N/A	637.3	618		
Source	s: Schoo	l records										

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL School Building Information For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (UNAUDITED)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
School Building						
Main Campus						
Square Feet	76,000	76,000	76,000	76,000	76,000	76,000
Enrollment	637	637	639	636	628	585

Source: School Office

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL General Fund - Schedule of Required Maintenance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL INSURANCE SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2023 UNAUDITED

		Coverage	Deductible		
Commercial Package - NJSIG:					
Property - Blanket Building and Contents	\$	500,000,000	\$	1,000	
Accounts Receivable	\$	250,000	\$	1,000	
Automobile Physical Damage		None		None	
Electronic Data Processing Equipment	\$	500,000	\$	1,000	
Comprehensive General Liability - NJSIG:					
Occurrence Limit	\$	16,000,000		None	
Automobile Liability	\$	16,000,000		None	
Employee Benefit Liability	\$	16,000,000	\$	1,000	
Workers' Compenstion - NJSIG:					
Statutory Benefits		Included			
Employer's Liability	\$	2,000,000			
Supplemental Indemnity Coverage		Included	7 Day W	aiting Period	
School Leaders Errors & Omissions - NJSIG:					
Limit Each Loss	\$	16,000,000	\$	5,000	
Crime - NJSIG:					
Blanket Employee Dishonesty	\$	250,000	\$	1,000	
Computer Fraud	\$	250,000	\$ \$	1,000	
Forgery	\$	250,000	\$	1,000	
Theft/Disappearance/Destruction:					
Inside	\$ \$	50,000	\$	500	
Outside	\$	50,000	\$	500	
Public Official Bonds - NJISG:					
Board Secretary	\$	160,000	\$	1,000	

Source: Learning Community Charter School District Financial Reports.

CHARTER SCHOOL PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FINANCIAL INDICATORS

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - FINANCIAL RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (UNAUDITED)

Charter School Performance Framework Financial Indicators Near Term Indicators

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,939,472	3,211,137	1,848,795	1,759,575	944,860	723,642
Current Assets	5,081,638	3,337,647	2,196,199	1,859,373	1,064,520	747,287
Pension Outflows	708,088	407,602				
Capital Assets-Net	7,406,833	5,816,050	6,044,688	6,273,326	6,501,964	6,730,602
Total Assets	13,196,559	9,561,299	8,240,887	8,132,699	7,566,484	8,454,518
Current Liabilities	290,981	341,038	941,296	939,818	39,422	14,739
Long Term Liabilities	6,762,297	6,394,358	4,380,536	4,609,443	4,609,443	4,806,034
Total Liabilities	7,053,278	6,735,396	5,321,832	5,549,261	4,648,865	4,820,773
Net Position	6,143,281	2,825,903	2,919,055	2,583,438	2,917,619	3,693,097
Total Revenue	15,128,619	12,946,307	9,571,004	8,687,382	8,480,205	7,831,687
Total Expenses	13,352,335	11,054,387	9,240,136	8,792,926	8,237,816	7,898,212
Change in Net Position (Decrease)	1,776,284	1,891,920	330,868	(105,544)	242,389	(66,525)
Depreciation	251,758	228,638	228,638	228,638	228,638	228,638
Principal Payments	153,824	140,214	120,814	111,045	105,085	91,506
Interest Payments	230,870	238,205	242,506	252,275	258,235	271,814
Final average daily Enrollment	637	638	639	636	628	585
March 30th budgeted Enrollment	637	638	639	636	628	585
Near term indicators	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
CURRENT RATIO	20.13	1.77	1.96	2.0	24.0	50.7
Unrestricted days cash	133.92	60	73	73	41.86	33.44
Enrollment variance	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Default	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
Total Margin	11%	3%	3%	-1%	3%	-1%
Debt to Asset	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.61	0.57	0.58 1
Cash Flow	1,687,770	1,362,342	89,220	814,715	221,218	(212,966)

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION K

TELEPHONE 732 446-4768 FAX 732 792-0868

EXHIBIT K-1

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Learning Community Charter School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States *and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Learning Community Charter School ("the Charter School"), in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon, dated January 8, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey* in considering the Charter School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

heral Change

Gerald D. Longo Certified Public Accountant January 8, 2024

TELEPHONE 732 446-4768 FAX 732 792-0868

EXHIBIT K-2

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NJ OMB 15-08

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Learning Community Charter School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

I have audited Learning Community Charter School's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the New Jersey State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Learning Community Charter School's major Federal and State programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Learning Community Charter School's major Federal and State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In my opinion, Learning Community Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal and State programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and NJ OMB Circular 15-08. My responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance and NJ OMB Circular 15-08, are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of my report.

I am required to be independent of Learning Community Charter School and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on

compliance for each major Federal and State programs. My audit does not provide a legal determination of Learning Community Charter School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Learning Community Charter School's Federal and State programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Learning Community Charter School's compliance based on my audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance and NJ OMB Circular 15-08, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Learning Community Charter School's compliance with the requirements of each major Federal and State programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance and NJ OMB Circular 15-08, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding Learning Community Charter School's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as I considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Learning Community Charter School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and NJ OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Learning Community Charter School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that I identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal and State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal and State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency of a combination of deficiencies and corrected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies and corrected and corrected, or a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance to the type of compliance requirement of a Federal and State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that the second deficiencies in internal weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

My audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and NJOMB circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Licensed Public School Accountant No. 20CS00206400

eral D. Conzo

Gerald D. Longo Certified Public Accountant January 8, 2024

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal/Grantor <u>Program Title</u>	Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Federal Award Identification <u>Number</u>	Grant <u>Period</u>	Award <u>Amount</u>	Balance July 1, <u>2022</u>	Prior <u>Carry-over</u>	Cash <u>Received</u>	Budgetary <u>Expenditures</u>	Refund of Prior Years' <u>Balances</u>	<u>Adjust</u>	Deferred Revenue/ (Accounts Receivable) June 30, 2023	Due to State June 30, <u>2023</u>
Enterprise Fund:												
U.S. Department of Agriculture												
Passed-Through NJ State Department of	Agriculture											
Child Nutrition Cluster												
National School Breakfast	10.553	221NJ304N1099	07/01/21-06/30/22	\$ - \$	\$ (16,159)	\$-	\$ 16,159	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ - \$	\$-
National School Lunch	10.555	221NJ304N1099	07/01/21-06/30/22	-	(25,335)	-	25,335	-	-	-	-	-
National School Breakfast	10.553	231NJ304N1199	07/01/22-06/30/23	7,364	-	-	6,662	7,364	-	-	(702)	-
National School Lunch	10.555	231NJ304N1199	07/01/22-06/30/23	96,779	-	-	89,443	96,779	-	-	(7,336)	-
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	221NJ344N8903	01/01/22-09/30/23	33,174	-	-	33,174	33,174	-	-	-	-
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	231NJ344N8903	10/01/22-09/30/24	9,969	-	-	9,969	9,969	-	-	-	-
Total Enterprise Fund/Total US Dept.	of Agriculture	e Pass Through Prog	grams	_	(41,494)	-	180,742	147,286	-	-	(8,038)	-
Special Revenue Fund: U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through NJ State Department of Title 1 Part A	of Education 84.010	S010A220030	07/01/22-09/30/23	381,898			381,898	381,898				
Intell Part A	84.010	3010A220030	07/01/22-09/30/23	561,696	-	-	561,696	561,696	-	-	-	-
Total ESEA				_	-	-	381,898	381,898	-	-	-	-
Special Education Cluster												
IDEA Part B	84.027A	H027A210100	07/01/21-09/30/22	143,450	(34,777)	-	34,777	-	-	-	-	-
IDEA Part B	84.027A	H027A220100	07/01/22-09/30/23	145,929	-	-	145,929	145,929	-	-	-	-
IDEA Pre-School	84.173A	H173A220114	07/01/22-09/30/23	3,200	-	-	3,200	3,200	-	-	-	-
Total Special Education Cluster				-	(34,777)	-	183,906	149,129	-	-	-	-
Education Stabilization Fund												
CRRSA ESSER 11	84.425D	S425D210027	03/13/20-09/30/23	850,756	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CRRSA Learning Acceleration	84.425D	S425D210027	03/13/20-09/30/23	54,597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CRRSA Mental Health	84.425D	S425D210027	03/13/20-09/30/23	45,000	(200)	-	45,000	44,800	-	-	-	-
ARP ESSER	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	1,912,020	-	-	1,867,258	1,912,020	-	-	(44,762)	-
ARP Accelerated Learning	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	58,274	-	-	28,876	58,274	-	-	(29,398)	-
ARP Summer Learning and Enrichment	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	40,000	-	-	40,000	40,000	-	-	-	-
ARP Beyond the School Day	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	40,000	-	-	34,750	34,750	-	-	-	-
ARP Mental Health	84.425U	S425U210027	03/13/20-09/30/24	45,000	-	-	6,765	8,595	-	-	(1,830)	-
Total Education Stabilization Fund				_	(200)	-	2,022,649	2,098,439	-	-	(75,990)	-
Total Special Revenue/NJ Dept. of Educa	ation, Pass Thr	ough Programs		-	(34,977)	-	2,588,453	2,629,466	-	-	(75,990)	-
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards					\$ (76,471)	\$-	\$ 2,769,195	\$ 2,776,752	\$-	\$-	\$ (84,028) \$	5 -

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State award programs.

Exhibit K-3

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

									(Accts Rec)
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State	Grant	Award	Balance	Cash	Development	Prior Years'		June 30,
State Grantor/Program Title						Budgetary			
	Project Number	Period	Amount	June 30, 2022	Received	Expenditures	Balances	Adjustments	<u>2023</u>
NJ DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND									
Equalization Aid	23-495-034-5120-078	7/1/22-06/30/23	\$ 6,144,931	\$ - \$	6,144,931	\$ 6,144,931	ć	Ś-	ś -
•	23-495-034-5120-078	7/1/22-06/30/23	\$ 6,144,931 191,209	ş - ;	191,209	\$ 6,144,931 191,209	ş -	Ş -	ş -
Special Education Categorical Aid		7/1/22-06/30/23	191,209	-	,	191,209	-	-	-
Security Aid	23-495-034-5120-084		,	-	144,718		-	-	-
Jersey City Payroll Tax Reimbursement	23-495-034-5120-078	7/1/22-06/30/23	3,318,515	-	3,318,515	3,318,515	-	-	-
Reimbursed Social Security Tax	23-495-034-5094-003	7/1/22-06/30/23	255,157	-	255,157	255,157	-	-	-
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund LT Disability	23-495-034-5094-004	7/1/22-06/30/23	736	-	736	736	-	-	-
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund	23-495-034-5094-002	7/1/22-06/30/23	1,075,591	-	1,075,591	1,075,591	-	-	-
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension Post Retirement Medical	23-495-034-5094-001	7/1/22-06/30/23	282,555	-	282,555	282,555	-	-	-
Total General Fund				-	11,413,412	11,413,412	-	-	-
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND									
School Development Authority - Emergent Needs and Capital Maintenance	23-495-034-5120-139	7/1/22-06/30/23	90,734	-	90,734	90,734	-	-	-
NJ State Department of Education - Preschool Aid	23-495-034-5120-086	7/1/22-06/30/23	639,227		639,227	639,227	-	-	-
Total Special Revenue Fund				-	729,961	729,961	-	-	-
					,				
NJ DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ENTERPRISE FUND									
National School Lunch Program (State Share)	22-100-010-3350-023	7/1/21-06/30/22		(583)	583				
National School Lunch Program (State Share)	23-100-010-3350-023	7/1/22-06/30/23	- 3,597	(383)	3,320	3,597	-	-	-
National School Breakfast After the Bell Program (State Share)	23-100-010-3350-023	7/1/22-06/30/23	123	-	5,520	123	-	-	(277)
Total Enterprise Fund	23-100-010-3330-023	//1/22-00/30/23	125	(583)	4,014	3,720		-	(12) (289)
Total Enterprise Fund				(583)	4,014	3,720	-	-	(289)
Total State Financial Assistance				\$ (583) \$	12,147,387	\$ 12,147,093	\$-	\$ -	\$ (289)
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund LT Disability	23-495-034-5094-004	7/1/22-06/30/23			(736)	(736)			
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension and Annuity Pension	23-495-034-5094-004	7/1/22-06/30/23			(1,075,591)	(1,075,591)			
On-Behalf-Teachers' Pension Post Retirement Medical	23-495-034-5094-002	7/1/22-06/30/23			(282,555)	(282,555)			
Less Amounts Not Subject to Single Audit On Behalf payments	23-433-034-3054-001	// 1/22-00/30/23		_	(1,358,882)	(1,358,882)			
Less Amounts Not Subject to Single Audit On Benan payments					(1,358,882)	(1,358,882)			
Total State Financial Assistance Subject to State Single Audit Major Prog	ram Determination			\$ (583) \$	10,788,505	\$ 10,788,211	\$ -	\$-	\$ (289)

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State award programs.

Exhibit K-4

Schedule B

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LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules present the activity of all federal and state assistance programs of the Board of Trustees of the Learning Community Charter School. The Board of Trustees is defined in the Notes to the school's basic financial statements. All federal and state assistance received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the enterprise fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Note 1 to the Charter School's basic financial statements. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the provisions of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Circular Letter 15-08 OMB *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or expenditures have been made.

The general fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the modified accrual basis. The special revenue fund is presented in the accompanying schedules on the grant account budgetary basis, which recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to GAAP basis is \$-0-. See Note 1 for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of accounting for the special revenue fund. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the school's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as follows:

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Federal		State	Total
General Fund	\$	0	\$11,413,41	\$11,413,412
Enterprise Fund	147	7,286	3,72	20 151,006
Special Revenue Fund	2,629	9,466	729,96	<u>3,359,427</u>
Total Awards and Financial Assistance	<u>\$ 2,776</u>	<u>5,752</u>	<u>\$ 12,147,09</u>	<u>\$ 14,923,845</u>

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5. OTHER INFORMATION

The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions represents \$1,075,591 for TPAF Pension, \$282,555 for TPAF Retirement medical and \$736 for LT Disability paid by the state on behalf of the Charter School for the year ended June 30, 2023. TPAF Social Security Contributions represents the amount of \$255,157 reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 6. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension and Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the schools basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 7. <u>DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE</u>

The School has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL COUNTY OF HUDSON, NEW JERSEY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PART 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statement Section

Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified	
	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified:		Х	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		x x	None Reported
Federal Awards			
Internal control over compliance:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		х	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		Х	None Reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:		ified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200 156(a) of Uniform Guidance?		X	
Identification of major programs:			
Federal ALNumber(s)FAIN NumberName of Federal Program or Cluster84.425DS425D210027CRRSA – Mental Health84.425US425U210027ARP – ESSER III84.425US425U210027ARP – Accelerated Learning & Coaching84.425US425U210027ARP – Summer Learning & Enrichment84.425US425U210027ARP – Beyond the School Day84.425US425U210027ARP – Mental HealthDollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs.Auditee qualified as low risk auditee:	\$750,0 X	000	

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL COUNTY OF HUDSON, NEW JERSEY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PART 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

23-495-034-5120-089

State Awards		<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs (.520)		\$750 <i>,</i>	.000	
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee:		Х		
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmod	dified	
Internal control over major prog	rams:			
Material weakness(es) identified:			Х	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?			x	None Reported
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:		Unmod	dified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with NJOMB Circular Letter 15-08? Identification of major programs:			x	
State Grant Number(s)	Name of State Program			
23-495-034-5120-078	Equalization Aid Local and State			
23-495-034-5120-084	Security Aid			

Special Education Aid

EXHIBIT K-6 Page 3

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL COUNTY OF HUDSON, NEW JERSEY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PART II – SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements and abuse related to the financial statements in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and with audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Administration and Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

No financial statement findings noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

EXHIBIT K-6 Page 4

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL COUNTY OF HUDSON, NEW JERSEY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PART III – SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by The Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

No federal and state award findings and questioned costs noted that are required to be reported in accordance of The Uniform Guidance or with NJOMB Circular 15-08.

EXHIBIT K-7 Page 1

LEARNING COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL SUMMARY OF SCHEDULE OF PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Status of Prior Year Findings

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 6.12 of *Government Auditing Standards,* U.S. Uniform Guidance (section .315(a)(b)) and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

In accordance with government auditing standards, my procedures included a review of all prior year recommendations. There were no prior year findings.