UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL	
University Academy Charter High School Jersey City, New Jersey	
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023	

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE

FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by

University Academy Charter High School Finance Department

And

Barre & Company LLC, CPAs

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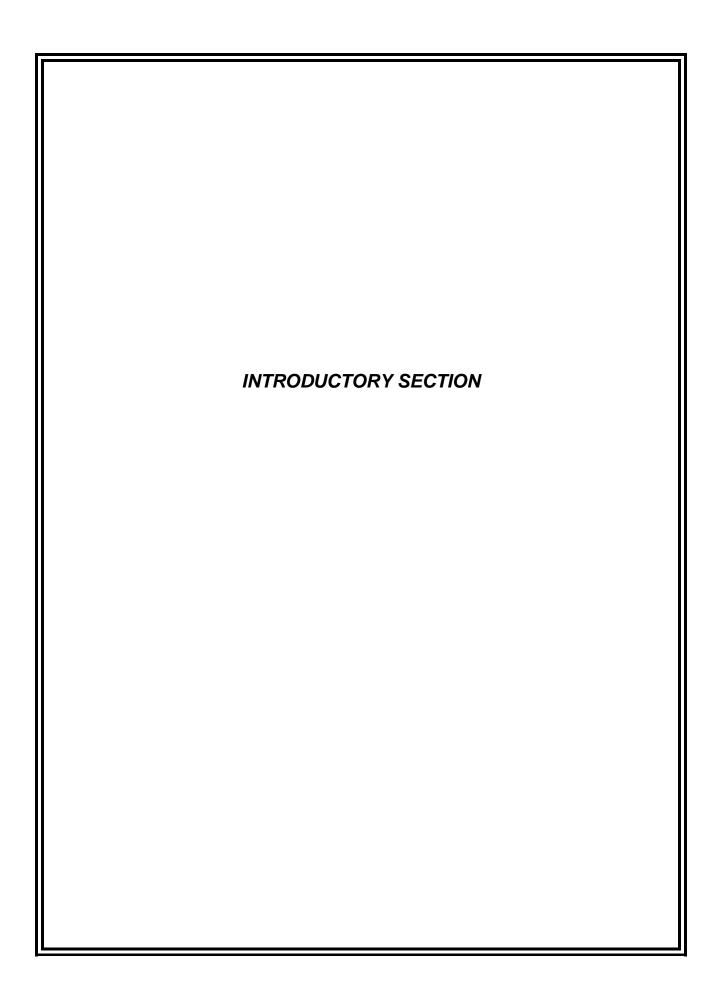
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UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL 275 WEST SIDE AVENUE JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY 07305-1597 201-200-3200

November 28, 2023

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees University Academy Charter High School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

Dear Board Members:

The Annual Comprehensive financial report of the University Academy Charter High School (the "Charter School") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the basic financial statements and results of operations of the various funds of the Charter School. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Charter School's financial activities have been included.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in four sections as follows:

- ➤ The Introductory Section contains a table of contents, Letter of Transmittal, List of Principal Officials, and an Organizational Chart of the Charter School;
- The Financial Section begins with the Independent Auditors' Report and includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes providing an overview of the Charter School's financial position and operating results, and other schedules providing detailed budgetary information;
- The Statistical Section includes selected economic and demographic information, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the Charter School, generally presented on a multi-year basis;
- ➤ The Single Audit Section The Charter School is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (U.S. Uniform Guidance) and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and

> State Aid. Information related to this single audit, including the independent auditor's report on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts and grants, along with findings and questioned costs, are included in the single audit section of this report.

Charter School Organization

An elected five-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") serves as the policy maker for the Charter School. The Board adopts an annual budget and directly approves all expenditures which serve as the basis for control over and authorization for all expenditures of Charter School tax money.

The Business Administrator/Board Secretary is the chief financial officer of the Charter School, responsible to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the Charter School, acting as custodian of all Charter School funds, and investing idle funds as permitted by New Jersey law.

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: University Academy Charter High School is an independent reporting entity within the criteria adopted by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB) as established by GASB Statement No. 14, as amended. All funds of the Charter School are included in this report. The Charter School's Board of Trustees, constitutes the Charter School's reporting entity.

The University Academy Charter High School provides a full range of educational services appropriate to grades 9 through 12. The charter school completed its twelfth year of operation at June 30, 2023 during which there was an average enrollment of approximately 429 students.

The Charter School is located on the campus of New Jersey City University. The convenience of this location affords the Charter High School the ability to use certain college facilities, plus it provides students with an introduction to student perspective as seen from a college campus.

The following details the student enrollment of the Charter School.

Average Daily Enrollment

Fiscal Year	Student Enrollment	Percent Change
2022-2023	429	-2.28%
2021-2022	439	2.57%
2020-2021	428	-1.38%
2019-2020	434	2.36%
2018-2019	424	-0.47%

REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES (CONTINUED)

- 2. MAJOR INITIATIVES: Major initiatives for the 2022-2023 school year continued to build upon the successes observed during our very positive Charter Renewal in 2020-2021. These included continuing the strengths from remote learning, particularly the enhancement of online educational resources, that would support learning acceleration and student social-emotional growth during in-person instruction. These priorities were built into the Strategic Plan, which includes additional facilities and programming to support both STEM achievement and social-emotional well-being. Curricula were revised to incorporate NJDOE mandates, and the school continued its partnership tutoring programs with New Jersey City University.
- 3. INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS: Management of the Board of Trustees is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Charter School are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Board of Trustees also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is also subject to periodic evaluation by the Charter School's management.

As part of the Charter School's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Charter School has complied with applicable laws, regulations, contracts, and grants.

4. BUDGETARY CONTROLS: In addition to internal accounting controls, the Charter School maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund and the special revenue fund. The final budget amount, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section.

An encumbrance accounting system is used to record outstanding purchase commitments on a line item basis. Open encumbrances at year-end are either canceled or are included as reappropriations of fund balance in the subsequent year. Those amounts to be reappropriated are reported as assignments of fund balance at June 30, 2023.

- 5. <u>CASH MANAGEMENT</u>: The investment policy of the Charter School is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to Basic Financial Statement" Note 3. The Charter School had adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.
- **RISK MANAGEMENT:** The Charter School carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, and fidelity bonds. A schedule of insurance coverage is found in J-20.

7. OTHER INFORMATION:

Independent Audit — State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Barre & Company, CPAs, was appointed by the Board. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance") and New Jersey's OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and specific required supplemental information are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports, related specifically to the single audit, are included in the single audit section of this report.

8. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the University Academy Charter High School Board of Trustees for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens and taxpayers of the Charter School and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our staff.

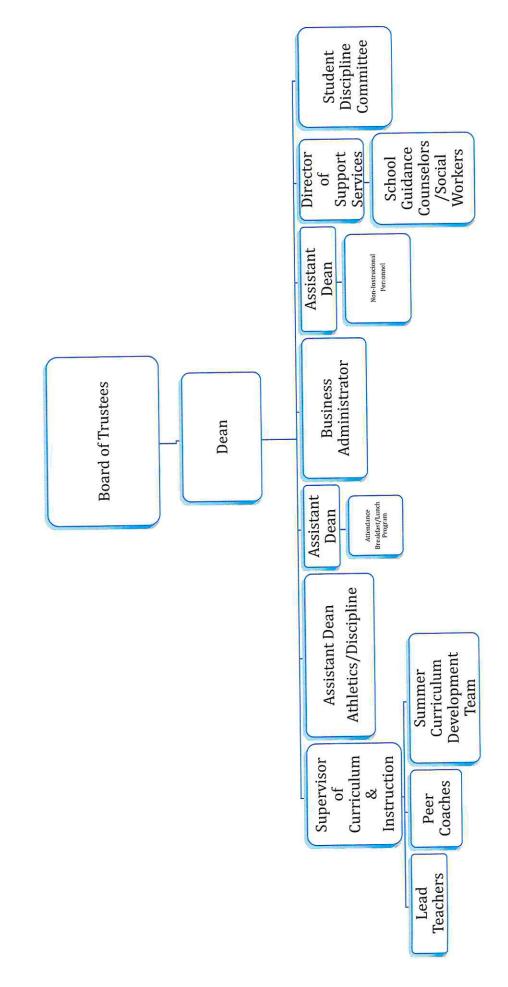
Respectfully submitted,

Sergio Riquelme

President

Appendix G

University Academy Charter HS Organizational Chart



ROSTER OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2023

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Sergio Riquelme, President

Glenda Almeida, Treasurer

Karindu Hill, Trustee

Daysi Romero, Trustee

Carmen Torres-Izquierdo, Trustee

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Audit Firm

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Attorney

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Florido Perruci Steinhardt Cappelli Tipton & Taylor, LLC
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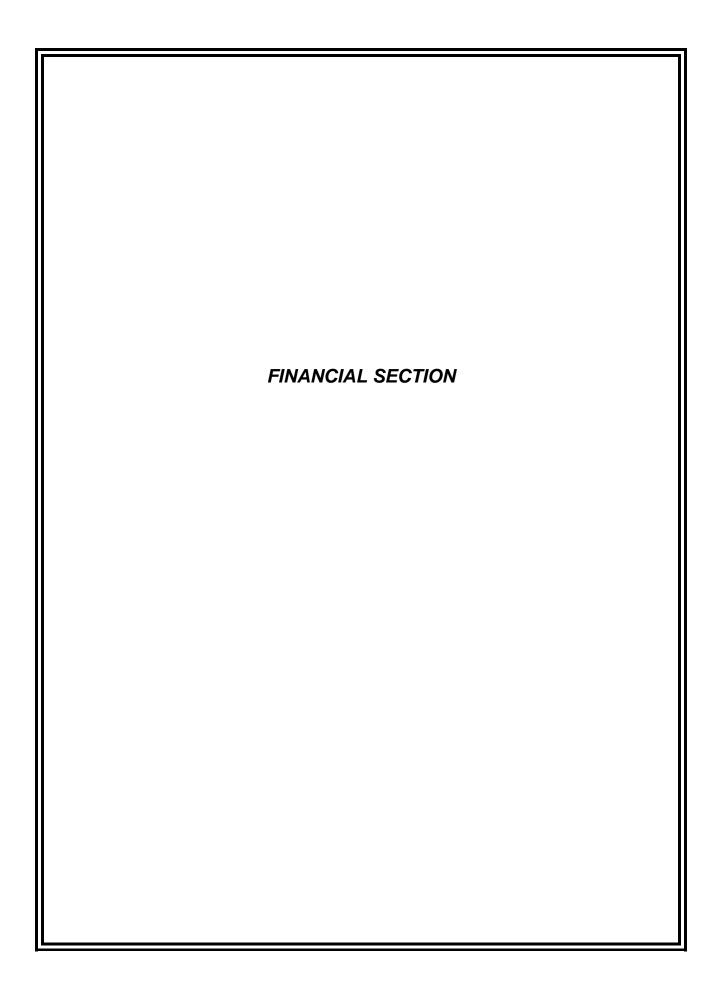
Direct Dial: 908.878.0140 Cell: 908.246.4765 Fax: 201.843.5877

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Official Depository

TD Bank North 1100 Lake Street Ramsey, NJ 07446

BCB Bank 781 Newark Avenue Jersey City, NJ 07306



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2204 Morris Avenue, Suite 206 Union, New Jersey 07083 (908) 686-3484 FAX – (908) 686-6055 www.cpa-bc.com • info@cpa-bc.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable President
Members of the Board of Trustees
University Academy Charter High School
County of Hudson
Jersey City, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the University Academy Charter High School (Charter School), in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the University Academy Charter High School, in the, State of New Jersey, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in the financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance. Department of Education, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of University Academy Charter High School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Charter School's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Univesity Academy Charter High School of Trenton's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of University Academy Charter High School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about University Academy Charter High School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, following this report, and pension and post-employment benefit schedules in Exhibits L-1 through L-3, and M-1, and the related notes and budgetary comparison information in Exhibits C-1 through C-3 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with

auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University Academy Charter High School's basic financial statements. The combining and related major fund supporting statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State of New Jersey's Circular 15-08 OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid* respectively, are also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and related major fund supporting statements and schedule and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2023 on our consideration of the University Academy Charter High School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University Academy Charter High School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey* in considering the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC

Certified Public Accountants Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey November 28, 2023 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of University Academy Charter High School's financial performance provides an overall review of the Charter School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Charter School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Charter School's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2023 are as follows:

District-Wide Financial Stateme	nt of Activities: General an	<u>id Program R</u>
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>
General Revenues	\$12,761,857	95%
Program Specific	\$614,255	5%
Total Revenues	\$13,376,112	100%

District-Wide Financial Statement of Activities: Revenues and Expense

	<u>Amount</u>
Charter School Expenses	\$10,514,818
Program Specific	\$614,255
General Revenues	\$12,761,857

Governmental Funds: General Fund

	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund Revenues	\$11,539,279
General Fund Expenditures	\$8,815,628
Increase in Fund Balance	\$2,723,651

- General revenues accounted for most all revenues. Program specific revenues are in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions.
- General revenues were adequate to provide for these programs.
- ❖ The General Fund's fund balance increased over 2022. This increase was anticipated by the Board of Trustees.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand University Academy Charter High School as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Charter School, presenting both an aggregate view of the Charter School's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Charter School's most significant funds. In the case of University Academy Charter High School, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the Charter School as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Charter School to provide programs and activities, the view of the Charter School as a whole looks at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2023?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Charter School's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Charter School as a whole, the financial position of the Charter School have improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Non-financial factors include current laws in New Jersey restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Charter School is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities All of the Charter School's programs and services are reported here including instruction, administration, support services and capital outlay.
- Business-Type Activity This service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all the expenses of the goods or services provided.

Reporting the Charter School's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Charter School's funds. The Charter School uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transaction. The Charter School's governmental funds are the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund.

Governmental Funds

The Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future years. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Charter School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Charter School-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 36 of this report.

The Charter School as a Whole

Recall that the *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the Charter School as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The Charter School as a Whole

The Charter School's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities.

The Charter School's combined net position were

	2023	2022
Combined Net Assets	\$6,566,145	\$3,704,851

Governmental Activities

	2023	% of total expenses	2022	% of total expenses
Total Revenues State Reimbursed TPAF Social Security	\$13,182,980 \$260,559		\$12,109,661 \$203,268	
Total Cost of All Programs and Services Instruction Expenses	\$10,357,049 \$4,172,234	40%	\$9,545,087 \$3,162,567	33%

The Charter School's total revenues includes state reimbursed TPAF social security contributions.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Charter School's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Administration includes expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the Charter School.

Support services include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to students, including curriculum and staff development and the costs associated with operating the facility.

Capital Outlay represents instructional and/or non-instructional equipment purchased and is capitalized when such equipment is over the \$2,000 threshold.

Business-Type Activities

	2023	2022
Operating Income	\$35,363	
Operating Income		\$1,243
Charges for Services	\$36,805	\$1,411
Federal and State Reimbursements	\$156,327	\$150,777

Revenues for the Charter School's business-type activities (Food Service) were comprised of federal and state reimbursements. These reimbursements for meals, include payments for free and reduced lunches and breakfast snack program.

	2023	2022
Total Revenues	\$12,690,395	\$11,211,985
Total Expenditures	\$9,945,147	\$12,486,374
Increase in Fund Bal	\$2,723,651	
Decrease in Fund Bal		\$1,304,020

The Charter School's Funds

All governmental funds (i.e., general fund and special revenue fund presented in the fund-based statements) are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The net change in fund balance for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 was most significant in the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

The Charter School's Funds (Continued)

As demonstrated by the various statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Charter School continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedules present a summary of the revenues of the governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year revenues.

Revenues	2023 Amount	Percent of Total	,	Increase/ Decrease) From 2022	Percent of Increase/ (Decrease)
Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	\$ 6,997,503 4,618,741 1,074,151	55.14% 36.40% 8.46%	\$	2,180,973 (490,065) (206,458)	45.28% -9.59% -16.12%
Total	\$12,690,395	100.00%	\$	1,484,450	

The following schedule represents a summary of general fund and special revenue fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts.

Expenditures	2023 Amount	Percent of Total	Increase/ (Decrease) From 2022	Percent of Increase/ (Decrease)
Instruction Administration Support Services Capital Outlay	\$ 4,172,234 3,625,807 2,077,584 69,522	41.95% 36.46% 20.89% 0.70%	\$ 1,009,667 182,482 13,347 (3,746,723)	31.93% 5.30% 0.65% -98.18%
Total	\$ 9,945,147	100.00%	\$ (2,541,227)	

Changes in expenditures were the results of varying factors.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Charter School's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law, and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights (Continued)

Over the course of the year, the Charter School revised the annual operating budget in accordance with state regulations. Revisions in the budget were made to recognize revenues that were not anticipated and to prevent over-expenditures in specific line item accounts.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) and Debt Administration

	2023	2022
Bldg Improvements & Equipment	\$2,506,967	\$3,237,869

The Charter School had no debt at the end of 2023.

For the Future

The University Academy Charter High School is in stable financial condition presently. The Charter School is proud of its community support. A major concern is the continued enrollment growth of the Charter School with the increased reliance on federal and state funding.

In conclusion, University Academy Charter High School has committed itself to financial stability for many years. In addition, the Charter School's system for financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls are well regarded. The Charter School plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenge of the future.

Contacting the Charter School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our constituents with a general overview of the Charter School's finances and to show the Charter School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Ms. Rhonda Curry, School Business Administrator at University Academy Charter High School, 275 West Side Avenue, Jersey City, New Jersey 07305-1597.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SECTION A -	CHARTER SCHOOL	I -WIDE FINANCIAL	STATEMENTS
SECTION A -	CHARLER SCHOOL	L-VVIDE FINANCIAL	JIAIEWENIJ

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Charter School. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		vernmental Activities	iness-Type Activities	Total	
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Internal Balances Receivables Right of Use Asset, Net of Amortization	\$	7,588,764 106,977 855,641 2,272,146	\$ 137,293 (106,977) 23,613	\$	7,726,057 - 879,254 2,272,146
Capital Assets, Net		234,821	27,519		262,340
Total Assets		11,058,349	 81,448		11,139,797
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions		142,422			142,422
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		142,422			142,422
LIABILITIES:					
Payable to State Government		255,027	-		255,027
Payable to Federal Government		162,133	-		162,133
Accounts Payable		325,509	8,620		334,129
Deferred Revenue		86,726	-		86,726
Rent Payable		251,591	-		251,591
Noncurrent Liabilities: Due Within One Year		707 704			707 704
		767,791 1,663,332	-		767,791 1,663,332
Due Beyond One Year Pension		1,003,332	-		1,022,300
i ension	-	1,022,300	 		1,022,300
Total Liabilities		4,534,409	 8,620		4,543,029
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Pensions		173,045	 		173,045
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		173,045			173,045
NET POSITION:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:		2,506,967	-		2,506,967
Student Activity		47,368			47,368
Escrow		75,000	-		75,000
Unrestricted (Deficit)		3,863,982	 72,828		3,936,810
Total Net Position	\$	6,493,317	\$ 72,828	\$	6,566,145

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
Statement of Activities
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net (Expense)

							Progr	Program Revenues				Ř	Revenue and Changes In Net Position	d Change:	"	
Functions/Programs		v d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d		Indirect Expenses	5 0	Charges for	ی ق ک	Operating Grants and	Gra	Capital Grants and	٥	Governmental Activities	Business-Type	s-Type		Total
		2021200		ZIIOOGIIOI	1		ó			2000		COUNTRICE	COLO	200		200
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instruction	↔	4,172,234	↔	1,605,633	₩		↔	353,355	↔	,	↔	(5,424,512)	↔	ı	↔	(5,424,512)
Administration		1,740,933		505,546		•		•				(2,246,479)		ı		(2,246,479)
Support Services		1,209,060		145,441		76,465		•				(1,278,036)				(1,278,036)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		177,778				٠		•				(177,778)				(177,778)
Unallocated Depreciation and Amortization		800,424										(800,424)				(800,424)
Total Governmental Activities		8,100,429 \$	છ	2,256,620	ક	76,465	છ	353,355	€		ઝ	(9,927,229)	\$		\$	(9,927,229)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Food Service Total Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	157,769 157,769 8,258,198			↔	28,108 28,108 104,573	8	156,327 156,327 509,682	8		\$	(9,927,229)	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	26,666 26,666 26,666	Θ	26,666 26,666 (9,900,563)

4,387,693 8,290,535 27,455 56,174 12,761,857

8,697

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S

4,387,693 8,290,535 27,455 47,477 12,753,160

General Purposes Federal and State Aid Not Restricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income Total General Revenues

GENERAL REVENUES

6,566,145

↔

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\$

3,667,386 6,493,317

Net Position- Beginning of Year

Net Position - Ending

Change in Net Position

2,861,294 3,704,851

35,363 37,465 72,828

2,825,931

SECTION B – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The individual fund statements and schedules present more detailed information for the individual fund in a format that segregates information by fund type.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total
ASSETS:		1 0110				
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted	\$	7,524,137	\$	64,627	\$	7,588,764 -
Receivables: Interfund Receivables Receivables From Other Governments		781,319 48,629		807,012		781,319 855,641
			-			
Total Current Assets		8,354,085		871,639		9,225,724
Total Assets	\$	8,354,085	\$	871,639	\$	9,225,724
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	228,245		97,264	\$	325,509
Interfund Payables	•	34,561		639,781	•	674,342
Payable to State Government		255,027				255,027
Payable to Federal Government		162,133				162,133
Unearned Revenue		251 501		86,726		86,726
Rent Payable		251,591				251,591
Total Current Liabilities		931,557		823,771		1,755,328
Total Liabilities		931,557		823,771		1,755,328
Fund Balances: Restricted For: Student Activities				47,868		47,868
Unassigned:				47,000		47,000
General Fund		7,347,528				7,347,528
Total Fund Balances		7,422,528		47,868		7,470,396
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,354,085	\$	871,639		
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$714,065 and the						
accumulated depreciation is \$479,244.						234,821
Right of use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds The cost of the assets is \$3,841,430 and the						
accumulated depreciation is \$1,569,284.						2,272,146
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds Long-term debt included as net position from lease liabilities						(2,431,123)
Net pension liability of \$1,022,300, deferred inflows of resources of \$173,045 less deferred outflows of resources of \$142,422 related to pensions are not reported						
in the governmental funds						(1,052,923)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	6,493,317

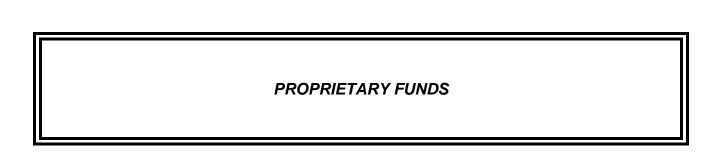
Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total
REVENUES: Local Sources:					
Local Tax Levy Interest on Investments	\$	6,846,106 27,455	\$	-	\$ 6,846,106 27,455
Miscellaneous		46,977		76,965	 123,942
Total Local Sources		6,920,538		76,965	6,997,503
State Sources Federal Sources		4,618,741		1,074,151	 4,618,741 1,074,151
Total Revenues		11,539,279		1,151,116	 12,690,395
EXPENDITURES: Instruction		3,618,928		553,306	4,172,234
Administration		3,625,807			3,625,807
Support Services		1,501,371		576,213	2,077,584
Capital Outlay		69,522			 69,522
Total Expenditures		8,815,628		1,129,519	 9,945,147
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,723,651		21,597	2,745,248
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures		2,723,651		21,597	 2,745,248
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,723,651		21,597	 2,745,248
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1		4,698,877		26,271	 4,725,148
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	7,422,528	\$	47,868	\$ 7,470,396

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total net change in fund balances - governmental fund (from B-2)		\$ 2,745,248
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets which are capitalized are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current fiscal year.		
Depreciation Expense Amortization Expense	\$ (30,496)	
Capital Outlay	 (769,928) 69,522	(730,902)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt New long-term debt issued Principal payment on long-term debt Increase in accrued interest payable		- 690,746
Pension costs associated with the PERS pension plan are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures in the year the school pension contribution is paid. However, on the statement of activities, the net difference between the current and prior year net pension liability is recognized.		 120,839
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,825,931

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are integral part of this statement.



Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Ş	Food Service
ASSETS: Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Accounts Receivable: Federal State	\$	137,293 22,740 873
Total Current Assets		160,906
Noncurrent Assets: Buildings and Building Improvements Accumulated Depreciation on Building and Building Improvements Machinery and Equipment Accumulated Depreciation on Machinery and Equipment		103,198 (75,679) 28,984 (28,984)
Total Noncurrent Assets		27,519
Total Assets	\$	188,425
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION: Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Interfund Accounts Payable	\$	106,977
Total Current Liabilities		115,597
Total Liabilities		115,597
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted		72,828
Total Net Position		72,828
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	188,425

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities						
	Enterprise Fund						
	School	Fixed Contract	Total				
	Nutrition	Price	Enterprise				
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for Services:	_		_				
Daily Sales Reimbursable Program	\$ -	-	\$ -				
Daily Sales Non-reimbursable Program	28,108	-	28,108				
Miscellaneous Revenue	8,697		8,697				
Total Operating Revenues	36,805	-	36,805				
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries	49,272	-	49,272				
Management Fees	17,498	-	17,498				
Support Services - Employee Benefits	•		· -				
Depreciation Expense	6,880	-	6,880				
Cost of Sales- Reimbursable Programs	65,897	-	65,897				
Cost of Sales Non-reimbursable Program		-	-				
Miscellaneous Expenses	18,222	-	18,222				
Total Operating Expenses	157,769	-	157,769				
OPERATING LOSS	(120,964)	-	(120,964)				
NONOPERATING REVENUES:							
State Source:							
State School Lunch Program	5,280	-	5,280				
Federal Source:	-,		-				
National School Breakfast/Lunch/Snack Program	151,047	-	151,047				
Total Nonoperating Revenues	156,327	<u>-</u>	156,327				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	35,363	-	35,363				
TOTAL NET POSITION, JULY 1	37,465		37,465				
TOTAL NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 72,828	\$ -	72,828				

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	 Food Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers and Employees	\$ 37,188 (142,269)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	 (105,081)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received From State And Federal Reimbursements	 156,327
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities	 156,327
Net Increase In Cash And Cash Equivalents	51,246
Cash And Cash Equivalents, Beginning Of Year	 86,047
Cash And Cash Equivalents, End Of Year	\$ 137,293
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Operating Gain Used for Operating Activities Depreciation Change In Assets And Liabilities: Increase In Receivables From Other Governments Decrease In Interfund Payable	\$ (120,964) 6,880 383
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$ (105,081)

The accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS' (NOT APPLICABLE) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the University Academy Charter High School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB is the accounting standard-setting body responsible for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the Charter School are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Charter School is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey, established to function as an educational institution. The Board of Trustees consists of representatives of the public and private community sectors, professional representatives and representatives of parents of students, and is responsible for the fiscal control of the Charter School. The Head Teacher is appointed by the Board of Trustees and is responsible for the administrative control of the Charter School.

In evaluating how to define the Charter School for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statements No. 14 (as amended). Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in-substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and / or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (continued)

Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the Charter School has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the Charter School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Charter School:

Governmental-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School. These statements include the financial activities of the Charter School. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Charter School. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Charter School.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Charter School and for each function of the Charter School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses are allocated to the functions using an appropriate allocation method or association with the specific function. Indirect expenses include health benefits, employer's share of payroll taxes, compensated absences and tuition reimbursements.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Governmental-Wide Statements (continued)

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Charter School.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Charter School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Charter School:

Governmental Fund Types

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Charter School.

General Fund – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Charter School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are certain expenditures for vehicles and movable instructional or noninstructional equipment which are classified in the Capital Outlay subfund. Debt service is budgeted in the General Fund.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

As required by the New Jersey State Department of Education, the Charter School includes budgeted Capital Outlay in this fund. Generally accepted accounting principles as they pertain to governmental entities state that General Fund resources may be used to directly finance capital outlays for long-lived improvements as long as the resources in such cases are derived exclusively from unrestricted revenues.

Resources for budgeted capital outlay purposes are normally derived from State of New Jersey Aid, charter school taxes and appropriated fund balance. Expenditures are those that result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets for land, existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction of buildings, additions to or remodeling of buildings and the purchase of built-in equipment. These resources can be transferred from and to Current Expense by board resolution.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue from State and Federal Government, (other than major capital projects, or the Enterprise Funds) and local appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds that are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

<u>Proprietary Fund Type</u> - The focus of Proprietary Fund measurement is upon determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounted principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the Proprietary Funds of the Charter School:

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Types (continued)

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – The Enterprise Funds are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the Charter School is that the costs (i.e. expenses including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or, where the Charter School has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Governments should establish a policy that defines operating revenues and expenses that is appropriate to the nature of the activity being reported, and use it consistently from period to period. Transactions for which cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, non-capital financing activities, or investing activities normally would not be reported as components of operating income.

The Charter School's Enterprise Fund is comprised of the Food Service Fund operations.

Depreciation of all exhaustive fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Food Service Fund:

Equipment 12 Years Light Trucks and Vehicle 4 Years Heavy Trucks and Vehicle 6 Years

In its accounting and financial reporting, the Charter School follows the pronouncements of the GASB.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Charter School enterprise funds are charges for daily sales of food, special functions and miscellaneous receipts. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories.

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local government, including New Jersey school districts and their charter schools. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020, or fiscal year 2020-2021. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. After considering the criteria and guidance, it was determined that Payroll and Payroll Agency (Fund 60) activities are more appropriately reported in a general fund (Fund 10). Additionally, the Student Activity (Fund 90) activity are more appropriately reported in a special revenue fund (Fund 20).

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus

The government-wide proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Charter School gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include state and federal aid, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations.

Government funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The Charter School considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

D. <u>Budgets/Budgetary Control</u>

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year.

For governmental funds there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of legally mandated revenue recognition of the last state aid payment for budgetary purposes only and the special revenue fund as noted below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the grant accounting budgetary basis. The grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the grant accounting budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets/Budgetary Control (Continued)

The following presents a reconciliation of the special revenue funds from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting:

	2023	2022
Total Revenues & Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 1,151,116	\$ 573,438
Adjustments: Less Encumbrances at June 30, 2023 Plus Encumbrances at June 30, 2022	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Revenues and Expenditures (GAAP Basis)	\$ 1,151,116	\$ 573,438

The reconciliation of the general and special revenue funds from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting is presented on Note A in the Required Supplementary Information Section.

E. Encumbrances Accounting

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to assign a portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances are a component of fund balance at fiscal yearend as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Open encumbrances in the governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, which have not been previously restricted, committed, or assigned, should be included within committed or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, however, for which the Charter School has received advances of grant awards, are reflected on the balance sheet as unearned revenues at fiscal year-end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Deposits and Investments

Deposits are cash and cash equivalents including petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. Other than Certificates of Deposit, deposits with maturities of greater than three months are considered to be Investments. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey charter schools are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey charter schools.

Additionally, the Charter School had adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provision of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

Interfund Transactions:

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the Charter School-Wide Statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the enterprise fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Inventories:

Inventory purchases are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts:

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

Capital Assets:

The Charter School has established a formal system of accounting for its capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost.

Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The Charter School does not possess any infrastructure. The capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is \$2,000.

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method under the half-year convention over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Building Improvements	20
Office & Computer Equipment	5-10

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Right of use Assets

The Charter School has recorded a right of use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right of use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Compensated Absences:

The Charter School employees do not accumulate sick leave, therefore, no liability is reflected in the basic financial statements.

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses recorded on the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023. The Charter School had no prepaid expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

In the governmental fund financial statements, however, payments for prepaid items are fully recognized as expenditures in the fiscal year of payment. No asset for the prepayment is created, and no expenditure allocation to future accounting periods is required (non-allocation method). This is consistent with the basic governmental concept that only expendable financial resources are reported by a specific fund.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations:

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the Charter School-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Net Position:

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Net Position (Conitnued)

Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Charter School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Charter School's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance Reserves:

GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position defines net position as the residual of all other elements presented in statement of financial position. It is the difference between (1) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (2) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. This Statement provides guidance for reporting net position within a framework that includes deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities.

In the Government-Wide Statements, there are three classes of net position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included.

Restricted Net Position – reports net position when constraints placed on the residual amount of noncapital assets are either imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – any portion of net position not already classified as either net investment in capital assets or net position-restricted.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance Reserves: (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

<u>Unassigned</u> – Includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. The Charter School reports all amounts that meet the unrestricted General Fund Balance Policy described below as unassigned:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unassigned fund balance is available, the Charter School considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance are available, and the Charter School considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

Revenues — Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Charter School, available means within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Charter School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Charter School on a reimbursement basis.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, and tuition.

Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise fund. For the Charter School, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise fund.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The Charter School reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses are allocated to functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Employee benefits, including the employer's share of social security, workers compensation, and medical and dental benefits, were allocated based on salaries of that program. Depreciation expense, where practicable, is specifically identified by function and is included in the indirect expense column of the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense that could not be attributed to a specific function is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Extraordinary and Special Items:

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these types of transactions occurred during the fiscal year.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Management Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accrued Salaries and Wages:

Certain Charter School employees who provide services to the Charter School over the ten-month academic year have the option to have their salaries evenly disbursed during the entire twelve-month year. New Jersey statutes require that these earned but undisbursed amounts be retained in a separate bank account.

G. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net pension of the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the State of New Jersey Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) and additions to/deductions from the PERS's and TPAF's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS and the TPAF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension Plan investments are reported at fair value.

H. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

The GASB has adopted the following as of June 30, 2023

GASB No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), is effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles (Continued)</u>

entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs.

As of June 30, 2023, the entity's SBITAs were all 12 months or less and so the entity was exempt from reporting under this pronouncement.

The Charter School will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material

- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, effective for the years beginning after June 15, 2023.
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

I. <u>Leases</u>

As a result of the adoption of GASB 87, leases are recognized as a rightof-use asset and a corresponding lease liability in other financial liabilities at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the School. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

The lease liability is measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily available. Lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the School and payment of penalties for termination of a lease when the lease term reflects the lessee exercising a termination option. Each lease payment is allocated between the repayment of the principal portion of lease liability

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (Continued)

and the interest portion. The interest expense is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period and is recorded in financing expense. Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in the consolidated statement of income.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents includes petty cash, change funds, amounts in deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at cost, or amortized cost, which approximates market. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of any discount or premium. The Board classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Board in its cash, cash equivalents and investments.

Category 1 includes deposits/investments held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent in the Board's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits/investments held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent in the Board's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits/investments held by a broker or dealer, or held by the Board's custodial bank trust department or agent but not in the Board's name. These categories are not broad representations that deposits or investments are "safe" or "unsafe".

New Jersey statutes require that Charter Schools deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan

Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Charter Schools are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed depository insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal at least five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Investments

New Jersey statutes permit the Board to purchase the following types of securities:

- a. Bonds or other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States.
- b. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank for Cooperatives which have a maturity date not greater than twelve months from the date of purchase.
- c. Bonds or other obligations of the Charter School.

As of June 30, 2023, cash and cash equivalents of the Charter School consisted of the following:

	General	Special	Proprietary	
	Fund	Revenue	Fund	Total
Operating				
Account	\$ 7,524,137	\$ 64,627	\$ 137,293	\$ 7,726,057

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

The carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2023 was:

Book \$7,726,057

Bank \$7,963,286

All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance and/or covered by a collateral pool maintained by the banks as required by New Jersey statutes.

Risk Category

All bank deposits, as of the balance sheet date, are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. In general, bank deposits are classified as to credit risk by three categories described below:

<u>Category 1</u> — Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name.

<u>Category 2</u> — Collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository's trust department or agent in the Board's name.

<u>Category 3</u>— Uncollateralized, including any deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging public depository, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Board's name.

As of June 30, 2023, the Board had funds invested and on deposit in checking accounts. These funds constitute deposits with financial institutions" as defined by GASB Statement No. 40 and are classified as Category 1, both at year-end and throughout the year.

New Jersey Cash Management Fund

All investments in the Fund are governed by the regulations of the Investment Council, which prescribe specific standards designed to insure the quality of investments and to minimize the risks related to investments. In all the years of the Division of Investment's existence, the

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

New Jersey Cash Management Fund (Continued)

Division has never suffered a default of principal or interest on any short-term security held by it due to the bankruptcy of a securities issuer; nevertheless, the possibility always exists, and for this reason a reserve is being accumulated as additional protection for the "Other-than-State" participants. In addition to the Council regulations, the Division sets further standards for specific investments and monitors the credit of all eligible securities issuers on a regular basis.

As of June 30, 2023, the Charter School had no funds on deposit with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of accounts, intergovernmental, grants, and miscellaneous. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

Accounts receivable as of the fiscal year end of the Charter School's individual major, in the aggregate, are as follows:

							Prop	orietary																	
		Governme	ntal I	Funds	Fund			und																	
				Special		Total	F	ood	-	Γotal															
	General			General		Revenue C		General R		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Service		Business			
		Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		l Fund		Activities		Activities		Fund		Fund		nd Type Activities		Total
State Awards	\$	48,629	\$	-	\$	48,629	\$	873	\$	873	\$ 49,502														
Federal Awards				807,012		807,012	2	22,740		22,740	829,752														
Other		-				-		-		-															
Gross Receivables		48,629		807,012		855,641	2	23,613		23,613	879,254														
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		-		-		-		-																	
Total Receivables, Net	\$	48,629	\$	807,012	\$	855,641	\$ 2	23,613	\$	23,613	\$879,254														

Transfers between funds are used repay expenses paid by another fund.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 4: <u>INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES</u>

The following interfund balances remained on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2023:

	I	nterfund	Interfund				
Fund	R	eceivable	I	Payable			
General Fund	\$	781,319	\$	34,561			
Special Revenue Fund				639,781			
Proprietary Fund				106,977			
		_					
Total	\$	781,319	\$	781,319			

Interfund balances are expected to be liquidated by the end of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		•		Retir	ements	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Building Improvements	\$	497,778	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 497,778
Equipment		146,765		69,522		-	216,287
Totals at Historical Cost		644,543		69,522		-	714,065
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Building Improvements		(301,983)		(16,592)		-	(318,575)
Equipment		(146,765)		(13,904)		-	(160,669)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(448,748)		(30,496)		-	 (479,244)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,							
Net of Accumulated Depreciation		195,795		39,026		-	234,821
Government Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$	195,795	\$	39,026	\$	-	\$ 234,821
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Building Improvements		103,198					103,198
· .		,		(6.000)			,
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(68,799)		(6,880)			(75,679)
Machinery and Equipment		28,984		-		-	28,984
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(28,984)		- (0.000)			 (28,984)
Enterprise Fund Capital Assets, Net		34,399	\$	(6,880)	\$	-	\$ 27,519

In January 11, 2001, the New Jersey State Department of Education announced that effective July 1, 2001, the capitalization threshold used by Charter Schools in the State of New Jersey is increased to \$2,000. The previous threshold was \$500. Applying the higher capitalization threshold retroactively (removal of old assets) will be permitted by the State regulations in situations where: (1) the assets have been fully depreciated, or (2) the assets have exceeded their useful lives.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Depreciation Expense:

Instructional \$ -Unallocated 30,496

NOTE 6: RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

The Charter School has recorded two (2) right of use leased assets. These are right of use assets for leased equipment and a leased school facility. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Liabilities section of this note. The right of use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right of use asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Leased Assets	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Leased Assets Being Amortized				
Leased - Equipment Expense	54,523	0	0	54,523
Leased - Real Estate Expense	3,786,907	0	0	3,786,907
Total Leased Assets Being Amortized	3,841,430	0	0	3,841,430
Less: Accumulated Amortization				
Leased - Equipment Expense	(41,975)	(12,547)	0	(54,522)
Leased - Real Estate Expense	(757,381)	(757,381)	0	(1,514,762)
Total Accumulated Amortization	(799,356)	(769,928)	0	(1,569,284)
Total, Net of Accumulated Amortization	3,042,074	(769,928)	0	2,272,146

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Building Lease

The School leases a portion of a building located at 275 West Side Avenue, Jersey City, New Jersey, from New Jersey City University (the University), under the terms of a lease dated May 6, 2003. The total size of the building at 275 West Side Avenue is 57,415 square feet. The

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Building Lease (Continued)

School rents 29,651 square feet or 51.6% of the building along its Southern side, for use as the School Premises. The remaining 27,764 square feet of the building is used exclusively by the University and is not rented to the School. Under the terms of the lease, the University provides the School with classroom, office, and multipurpose space (cafeteria, gymnasium, etc.) in the rented School Premises area and the University also provides the School with maintenance and security services. The University also pays the cost of utilities including heat, air conditioning, water and land based (non-cellular) telephone service. The terms of the lease provide for an annual charge for these services (the Additional

Rent) calculated as explained below. The lease also calls for payment of a fixed annual charge (the Base Rent). A portion of the School Premises is also used by the University to conduct evening classes offered by the University. The lease specifies that the School's "Pro Rata Percentage" shall be the percentage of School use of the Premises divided by the total use, by School plus University, for the rented space. The School's "Pro Rata Percentage", since lease inception has been calculated at 86.11 %. This percentage is will remain the same throughout the lease term unless renegotiated to the satisfaction of both the School and the University.

The terms of the lease allow for lease cancellation at the earliest of the following dates: (1) June 30, 2033 or (2) in the event the NJ Department of Education revokes the School's Charter before June 30, 2033, the effective date of revocation shall be the termination date of the lease.

The total rent to be paid by the School to the University each year is the sum of the Base Rent plus the Additional Rent times the Pro Rata Percentage. This can be represented as follows:

(Base Rent + Additional Rent) x (Pro Rata Percentage) = Total Rent Payment for Year.

Base Rent, before application of the Pro Rata Percentage, is set forth in the lease as follows:

Fiscal Year For	Amount
June 30, 2015 - June 30, 2033 (*) Average - Actual amounts vary from \$632,500 to \$637,750	635,347 (*)

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Building Lease (Continued)

Generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 13 ("Accounting for Leases") require that:

"If rental payments are not made on a straight-line basis, rental expense nevertheless shall be recognized on a straight-line basis unless another systematic and rational basis is more representative of the time period in which benefit is derived from the leased property, in which case that basis shall be used."

The School assumes, for financial statement purposes, that the Charter will be renewable for all years during the lease term. Thus the School shall calculate the amount of rent payable and set forth same in its financial statements each year until such time as either: (1) The State Department of Education advises that the School Charter will not be renewed, (2) The State Department of Education or the Governmental Accounting Standards board advises at a future date that "another systematic and rational basis is more representative of the time period in which benefit is derived from the leased property".

The lease has been amended and restated as of August 1, 2023. The lease calls for renting the same property but with an increase in square footage from 29,651 to 57,153. The term of the lease is twenty (20) years from the commencement date plus renewal terms of two (2) consecutive terms of five (5) years each beyond the end of the initial term. The lease may be terminated prior to expiration date if the Charter School's charter is revoked by the New Jersey Department of Education.

The right of use asset and lease liability are based on the lease existing as of June 30, 2023. The right of use asset and liability will be recalculated once the new lease becomes effective.

Equipment Lease

The equipment agreement was executed on December 30, 2019, to lease a copy machine and requires monthly payments of \$1,547.42. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 5%, which is the stated rate in the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the school has recorded a right of use asset with a net book value of \$12,547 on June 30, 2022.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Equipment Lease (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Maturity Analysis	Principal	Interest	
07/01/2023 - 06/30/2024	767,791	130,144	
07/01/2024 - 06/30/2025	804,719	79,633	
07/01/2025 - 06/30/2026	858,613	25,739	
Total	2,431,123	235,516	

LONG-TERM LIABILITY ROLLFORWARD SCHEDULE

										Current		
	E	Beginning						Ending	F	Portion of		
Governmental Activities:		Balance		Balance Increases Dec		Increases		Decreases	Balance			Balance
Lease Liabilities	\$	3,124,408	\$	(706,868)	\$	-	\$	2,417,540		47,340		
Net Pension Liability		773,547				248,753		1,022,300		-		
Governmental Activity long-term												
liabilities	\$	3,897,955	\$	(706,868)	\$	248,753	\$	3,439,840	\$	47,340		

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS

Substantially all the Board's employees participate in one of the two contributory, defined benefit public employee systems: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) or the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) of New Jersey. In addition, certain employees may participate in the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP).

A. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees; Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the PERS, please refer to the Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to tier 5 members upon 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a members retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Basis of Presentation

The schedule of employer allocations and the schedule of pension amounts by employer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are considered elements of the financial statements of PERS or its participating employers. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of PERS or the participating employers. The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of PERS to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The following is essential data related to the PERS pension plan:

Contributions:	
Charter School contributions to PERS as of June 30, 2023	\$86,552
Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	
The Charter School reported liability as of June 30, 2023	\$1,022,300
The Charter School proportion of net liability as of measurement date June 30, 2022	0.00677412%
The Charter School proportion of net liability decrease from measurement date June 30, 2021	0.00652975%
The Charter School recognized pension expense as of June 30, 2023	\$73,513

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers in PERS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred Outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense. The employer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer are based on the ration of the contributions of an individual employer to the total contributions to PERS during the measurement period July 1, 2021

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements (Continued)

through June 30, 2022. Employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer may result in immaterial differences. Contributions from employers are recognized when due, based on statutory requirements.

Although the Division administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarially determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each individual employer of the State and local groups of the plan.

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2022 measurement date are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year measurement date 2022, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Allocation Methodology and Reconciliation to Financial Statements (Continued)

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets.

<u>Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2023, the Charter School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2023, the Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred related to pensions from the following sources.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

	Out	eferred tflows of sources		rred Inflows Resources
Changes in Assumptions	\$	3,167	\$	153,080
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		7,379		6,507
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		42,312		-
·		20.554		40.450
Change in Proportion		89,564		13,458
	\$	142,422	\$	173,045

Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 5.04, 5.13, 5.16, 5.21, 5.63, and years for the 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, and 2018 amounts, respectively.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows resources (excluding employer specific amounts including changes in proportion) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Total
2024	\$	(13,308)
2025	Υ	(6,780)
2026		(3,306)
2027		(7,213)
2028		(16)
	\$	(30,623)

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuations as of July 1,2021.

This actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
through 2026	2.00-6.00% based on years of service
Thereafter	3.00-7.00% based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2022.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long term expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investments expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
US Equity	27.00%	8.12%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.38%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.33%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.80%
Real Estate	8.00%	11.19%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.60%
High Yield	4.00%	4.95%
Private Credit	8.00%	8.10%
Investment Grade Credit	7.00%	3.38%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	1.75%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	4.91%

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022 measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Charter School's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as of measurement date June 30, 2022 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed below, as well as what the Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2022							
		1%		(Current		1%
		Decrease		Disc	ount Rate		Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
Charter School proportionate share of the Net							
Pension Liability	\$	1,324,489		\$	1,022,300	\$	781,166

Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2021							
		1%			Current		1%
		Decrease		Disc	count Rate		Increase
		(6.00%)			(7.00%)		(8.00%)
Charter School's proportionate share of the Net							
Pension Liability	\$	1,064,644		\$	273,547		\$ 541,754

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial statements.

B. Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF)

Pension Description

The State of New Jersey, Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, by which the State of New Jersey (the State) is responsible fund 100% of the employer contributions, excluding any local employer early retirement incentive (ERI) contributions. The TPAF is administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about the TPAF, please refer to the Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrpts.shtml.

Benefit Provided

The vesting and benefit provision are set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66. TPAF provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of TPAF. Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested of 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, member's beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the member's accounts. The following represents the membership tiers for TPAF:

Tier	Descriptions
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008, 2010 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Benefit Provided (Continued)

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and to Tier 5 members upon 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tier 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, to Tier 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age of which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Allocation Methodology

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers in TPAF to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows in resources and collective pension expense excluding that attributable to employer-paid member contributions. The employer and nonemployer allocation percentages presented in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and applied to amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer are based on the ratio of the State's actual contributions made as an employer and nonemployer adjusted for unpaid early retirement incentives to total contributions to TPAF during the year ended June 30, 2022. Employer and nonemployer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes, therefore amounts presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer may result in immaterial differences.

The contributions policy for TPAF is set by N.J.S.A. 18A:66 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Benefit Provided (Continued)

Allocation Methodology (Continued)

amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2022 measurement date, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

The following represents essential data related to the TPAF pension plan:

Special Funding Situation:

The State of New Jersey contributions to TPAF for normal pension benefits on behalf of the Charter	
School as of June 30, 2023	\$119,777
Contributions from the State of New Jersey is less than the contractually required contribution by	\$880,336
The State's proportionate share of net liability as of measurement date June 30, 2022	\$10,852,498
The Charter School proportion of net liability as of measurement date June 30, 2022	0.0210334%
The Charter School proportion of net liability decrease from measurement date June 30, 2021	0.0249014%
The State recognized pension expense on behalf of the Charter School as of June 30, 2022	\$880,336
The amount reported as a deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from changes in assumptions amortized over a period of 8.5 years	\$5,004,259,312
The amount reported as a deferred inflow of resources resulting from the difference between projected and actual	\$19,682,774,794

Special Funding Situation

The Employer contributions for local participating employers are legally required to be funded by the State in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18:66-33. Therefore, these local participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers, such as the Charter School. However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers must

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Special Funding Situation (Continued)

disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the local participating employer. In addition, each local participating employer must recognize pension expense associated with the employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with the local participating employer.

This note discloses the portion of the Charter School's total proportionate share of the net pension liability that is associated with the Charter School. During the fiscal year ended 2023, the State of New Jersey contributed less than the contractually required contribution.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022.

The Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Charter School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	-
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated		
with the Charter School		10,852,498
Total	\$	10,852,498

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the State recognized pension expense on behalf of the Charter School and the Charter School recognized pension expense and revenue for that same amount in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 financial statements.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The State reported collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes in Assumptions	\$ 3,013,097,864	\$ 19,441,140,477
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	699,820,974	122,664,916
Changes in Proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	118,969,401	118,969,401
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	1,172,371,073	-
	\$ 5,004,259,312	\$ 19,682,774,794

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from changes in assumptions will be amortized over a period of 8.5 years. The deferred inflow of resources resulting from the difference between projected and actual.

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Total
2024	\$ (2,658,825,381)
2025	(3,823,762,872)
2026	(3,351,102,048)
2027	(1,509,375,379)
2028	(1,647,727,819)
Thereafter	(1,687,721,983)
	\$ (14,678,515,482)

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate	
Price	2.75%
Wages	3.25%
Salary Increases:	
Through 2026	1.55 - 4.45%
	based on years of service
Thereafter	2.75 - 5.65%
	based on years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Employee mortality table with a 93.9% adjustment for males and 85.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Above-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 114.7% adjustment for males and 99.6% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 106.3% adjustment for males and 100.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2022.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TPAF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 measurement date are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.12%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.38%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.33%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.80%
Real Estate	8.00%	11.19%
Real	3.00%	7.60%
High Yield	4.00%	4.95%
Private Credit	8.00%	8.10%
Investment Grade Credit	7.00%	3.38%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	1.75%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	4.91%

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED

Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Discount Rate - TPAF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Charter School's Proportionate Share of the Net</u> Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the State as of June 30, 2022 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2022							
1% Current 1%							1%
	Decrease			Discount Rate			Increase
	(6.00%)			(7.00%)			(8.00%)
Charter School's proportionate share of							
the Net Pension Liability	\$	12,744,551		\$ 10,852,498		\$	9,289,740

Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2021							
		1%		Current			1%
		Decrease		Discount Rate			Increase
		(4.40%)		(5.40%)		(6.40%)	
Charter School's proportionate share of							
the Net Pension Liability	\$	14,190,939		\$ 11,971,418		\$	10,148,762

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Teacher's Pension Annuity Fund (TPAF) (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - TPAF

Detailed information about the TPAF's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TPAF financial statements.

C. <u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)</u>

Prudential Financial jointly administers the DCRP investments with the NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits. If an employee is ineligible to enroll in the PERS or TPAF, the employee may be eligible to enroll in the DCRP. DCRP provides eligible members with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. Vesting is immediate upon enrollment for members of the DCRP.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the DCRP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

The contribution policy is set by the New Jersey Statutes and, in most retirement systems, contributions are required by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by the State of New Jersey regulation.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Employee contributions are based on percentages of 5.50% for DCRP of employees' annual compensation, as defined. The expanded under the provisions of Chapter 89, P.L. 2008. Employee contributions for DCRP are matched by a 3% employer contribution.

The actuarially determined employer contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments and noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums.

For DCRP, the Charter School recognized no pension expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. There were no employee contributions to DCRP for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The school is in a "special funding situation, as described in GASB Statement No. 75 in that OPEB contributions and expense are legally required to be made by and are the sole responsibility of the State of New Jersey.

The State of New Jersey reports a liability as a result of its statutory requirements to pay other postemployment (health) benefits for State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The State Health Benefit Local Education Retired Employees Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents of local education employers.

The employer contributions for the participating local education employers are legally required to be funded by the State of New Jersey in accordance with N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f. According to N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32f, the State provides employer-paid coverage to employees who retire from a board of education or county college with 25 years or more of service credit in, or retires on a disability pension from, one or more of the following plans: the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF), the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS), or the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit.

The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided (continued)

The total nonemployer OPEB liability does not include certain other postemployment benefit obligations that are provided by the local education employers. The reporting of these benefits are the responsibility of the individual local education employers.

Employees covered by benefit terms:

At measurement date June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active plan	member						213,901
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits						150,427	
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments						-	
	Total						364,328

Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability

The total nonemployer OPEB liability as of measurement date June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation Rate	2.50%			
		TPAF/ABP	PERS	PFRS
Salary Increases				
Through 2026		2.75% to 4.25%	2.75% to 6.55%	3.25% to 16.25%
		based on service	based on service	based on service
		years	years	years

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS) and Safety (PFRS) classification headcount weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2022. Disability mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2022.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the TPAF, PERS and PFRS experience studies prepared for July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 6.25% and decreases to a 4.50% long-term trend rate after eight years. For post-65 medical benefits PPO, the trend is initially -1.99% in fiscal year 2023, increasing to 13.44% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.50% in fiscal 2033. For HMO the trend is initially -3.54% in fiscal year 2023, increasing to 15.19% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.50 in fiscal year 2033. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.00% and decreases to a 4.50% long-term trend rate after eight years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.00%.

Discount rate

The discount rate for measurement date June 30, 2022 was 3.54%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Division. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal band rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONITINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

<u>Discount Rate (Continued)</u>

				Т	otal OPEB
					Liability
Balance at June 30, 202	22			\$	7,413,041
Service cost					608,015
Interest on Total OPI	EB Liability	/			167,811
Effect on Changes of	f Benefit T	erms			-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience					2,919
Effect of Changes of	Assumption	ons			(1,698,675)
Contributions - Empl	oyee				5,332
Gross Benefits Paid	by the Stat	te			(166,222)
	Net Chan	ges			(1,080,820)
Balance at June 30, 202	23				6,332,221

<u>Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:</u>

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of measurement date June 30, 2022 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2022						
		At 1%		At current			At 1%	
	Decr	Decrease (1.16%)		discount rate (2.16%)		Incre	ease (3.16%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	7,442,860	\$	6,332,221		\$	5,442,100	

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

<u>Sensitivity of Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate:</u>

The following presents the total nonemployer OPEB liability as of measurement date June 30, 2022 calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the total nonemployer OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Measurement Date Ended June 30, 2022						
	At 1%						At 1%
	decrease		Т	rend Rate			Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 5,233,968		\$	6,332,221		\$	11,525,680

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the Charter School	
recognized OPEB expense in the amount of	492,585

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 the Charter School recognized OPEB revenue and expense in the government-wide financial statements for the State's proportionate share of the OPEB Plan's OPEB expenses, associated with the Charter School. This expense and revenue was based on the OPEB Plan's June 30, 2022 measurement date.

In accordance with GASB Statement 75, as the Charter School's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is \$-0, there is no recognition of the allocation of the proportionate share of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

At measurement date June 30, 2022 the State had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 9: POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONITINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

	Defe	rred Outflows	D	eferred Inflows
	Of	Resources		Of Resources
Difference between Actual and Expected Experience	\$	1,130,553	\$	(1,933,300)
Net Difference between Expected and Actual Earnings on				
OPEB Plan Investments		-		-
Assumption Changes	\$	1,095,947		(2,155,142)
Sub Total		2,226,500		(4,088,442)
Contributions Made in Fiscal Year 2023 after				
June 30, 2022 Measurement Date		N/A		N/A
Total		2,226,500		(4,088,442)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ending June 30	
2024	\$ (321,466)
2025	(321,466)
2026	(321,466)
2027	(271,992)
2028	(155,529)
Total Thereafter	(490,280)
	\$ (1,882,197)

The Charter School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Charter School is a member of the New Jersey School Boards Association Insurance Group, Educational Risk and Insurance Consortium (the Consortium). The Consortium is both an insured and self-administered group of school districts established for the purpose of providing certain low-cost workers' compensation, employees' liability, automobile and equipment liability,

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

general liability and boiler and machinery insurance coverage for member school districts in order to keep local property taxes at a minimum.

Property and Liability Insurance

The charter school maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability, student accident and surety bonds. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Statistical Section of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

NOTE 11: ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Charter School has recognized as revenues and expenditures on-behalf payments made by the State for normal costs and post-retirement medical costs related to TPAF, in the fund financial statements were as follows:

Normal Pension Costs	\$1,075,987
Social Security Contributions	\$260,559
Post Retirement Medical Costs	\$282,659
Long-Term Disability Insurance	\$582

NOTE 12: CONTINGENCIES

Grantor Agencies - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies could be subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Charter School expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 13: CONCENTRATIONS

The Charter School depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of New Jersey. As a result of this dependency, the Charter School is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 14: FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED

	2023	2022
General Fund:		
Total Fund Balance	\$7,422,528	\$4,698,877
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$0	\$0
Restricted for Escrow	\$75,000	\$0
Unreserved and Undesignated	\$7,347,528	\$4,698,877
Special Revenue Restricted	\$63,990	

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through November 28, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II

SECTION C – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:					
Local Levy Budget: "Local Levy" Local Share-Charter School Aid	\$ 6,020,000	\$ -	\$ 6,020,000	\$ 6,846,106	\$ 826,106
Local Lovy Local Orland Charton Control 7 Ma	Ψ 0,020,000	<u> </u>	Ψ 0,020,000	Ψ 0,010,100	Ψ 020,100
Total Local Levy Budget	6,020,000	-	6,020,000	6,846,106	826,106
Categorical Aid:	0.000.000		0.000.000	0.440.000	400.000
"Local Levy" State Share-Charter School Aid Special Education Aid	2,308,000 302,600	-	2,308,000 302,600	2,440,080 353,355	132,080 50,755
District Security Aid	176,000	-	176,000	205,519	29,519
Total Categorical Aid	2,786,600		2,786,600	2,998,954	212,354
Revenues From Other Sources:					
Interest Income	10,000	-	10,000	27,455	17,455
Miscellaneous Revenue Reimbursed Social Security Benefit Contributions	12,500	-	12,500	46,977 260,559	34,477 260,559
On-Behalf TPAF(Non-Budget)	_	_	_	200,559	200,559
Pension Contribution Contributions	_	_	-	1,075,987.00	1,075,987
Post Retirement Medical Contributions				282,659.00	282,659
Non-Contributory Insurance Contributions				582.00	582
Total Revenues From Other Sources	22,500		22,500	1,694,219	1,671,719
Total Revenues	8,829,100		8,829,100	11,539,279	2,710,179
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Salaries of Teachers	3,075,554	254,842	3,330,396	3,046,239	284,157
Other Salaries for Instruction	256,000	36,000	292,000	262,544	29,456
Purchased Prof/Tech Services Other Purchased Services	95,000	45,935	140,935 49,009	108,776 49,009	32,159
General Supplies	85,000 55,000	(35,991) 18,000	73,000	59,858	13,142
Textbooks	30,000	(7,000)	23,000	18,288	4,712
Miscellaneous	50,000	24,214	74,214	74,214	
Total Instruction	3,646,554	336,000	3,982,554	3,618,928	363,626
Administration:					
Salaries - General Administration	663,000	267,612	930,612	836,965	93,647
Salaries of Secretarial/Clerical Assistants	184,000	20,831	204,831	204,831	-
Total Benefits Cost	1,465,064	(192,960)	1,272,104	774,641	497,463
Purchases Prof/Tech Services	118,900	16,650	135,550	91,880	43,670
Communications/Telephone Supplies and Materials	27,500 17,500	- 5,638	27,500 23,138	23,714 17,431	3,786 5,707
Miscellaneous Expenses	20,000	36,558	23,130 56.558	56,558	5,707
Total Administration	2,495,964	154,329	2,650,293	2,006,020	644,273
Support Services:					
Salaries	\$ 875,000	\$ (509,666)	\$ 365,334	\$ 299,716	\$ 65,618
Purchased Prof/Tech Services Rental of Land and Buildings	90,000 960,000	(24,724)	65,276 960,000	38,225	27,051 960,000
Debt Service Leases: Principal and Interest (Non-Budgeted)	300,000	-	300,000	868,524	(868,524)
Other Purchased Services	110,000	45,059	155,059	126,660	28,399
Transportation-Other Than To/From School	30,000	31,851	61,851	59,001	2,850
Insurance for Property, Liability and Fidelity	140,000	(45,201)	94,799	78,569	16,230
Supplies and Materials	17,000	15,077	32,077	22,238	9,839
Miscellaneous Expenses	15,000	(2,725)	12,275	8,438	3,837
Total Support Services	2,237,000	(490,329)	1,746,671	1,501,371	245,300

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual Favorable (Unfavorable)
(Continued from Prior Page)					
Capital Outlay: Instructional Equipment	40,000	(20,300)	19,700	19,700	_
Non-Instructional Equipment	20,000	(775)	19,225	18,747	478
Miscellaneous Expenses	10,000	21,075	31,075	31,075	
Total Capital Outlay	70,000	-	70,000	69,522	478
On-Behalf TPAF (Non-Budgeted) Social Security Contributions Pension Contributions Post-Retirement Medical Contributions Non-Contributory Insurance Contributions	<u>-</u> -	- -	<u>:</u>	260,559 1,075,987 282,659 582	(260,559) (1,075,987) (282,659) (582)
Total Expenditures	8,449,518		8,449,518	8,815,628	(366,110)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	379,582	-	379,582	2,723,651	2,344,069
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	4,698,877		4,698,877	4,698,877	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 5,078,459	\$ -	\$ 5,078,459	\$ 7,422,528	\$ 2,344,069

Special Revenue Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original Budget		Budget Transfers		Final Budget		Actual		√ariance al to Actual
REVENUE SOURCES:	\$		æ		\$		\$	76,965	œ	70.005
Local Federal	D	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	Ф	1,074,151	\$	76,965 1,074,151
Total Revenues								1,151,116		1,151,116
EXPENDITURES:										
Instruction:										
Salaries		438,908		-		438,908		210,000		228,908
Purchased Prof/Tech Services		148,605		-		148,605		125,575		23,030
General Supplies		542,168				542,168		217,731		324,437
Total Instruction		1,129,681		-		1,129,681		553,306		576,375
Support Services:										
Salaries		299,973		-		299,973		150,490		149,483
Personal Services - Employee Benefits		182,000		-		182,000		114,796		67,204
Purchased Prof/Ed Services		61,500		-		61,500		9,000		52,500
Purchased Technical Services		77,209		-		77,209		76,901		308
Other Purchased Prof/Tech Services		753,023		-		753,023		133,574		619,449
Other Purchased Services		57,680		-		57,680		15,000		42,680
Supplies and Materials		174,613		-		174,613		7,674		166,939
Indirect Costs		13,410		-		13,410		13,410		-
Miscellaneous Expenditures		86,844				86,844		55,368		31,476
Total Support Services		1,706,252				1,706,252		576,213		1,130,039
Total Expenditures		2,902,273				2,902,273		1,129,519		1,772,754
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(2,902,273)	\$		\$	(2,902,273)	\$	21,597	\$	2,923,870

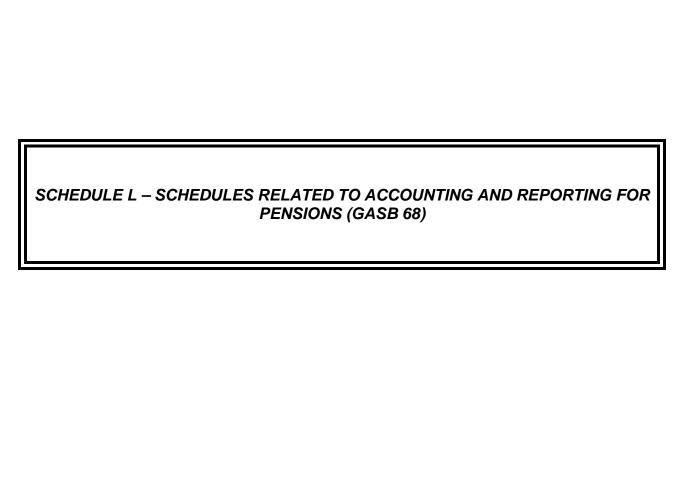


Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Note to RSI Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary) "revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedules	[C-1]	\$ 11,539,279	[C-2]	1,151,116
Difference - Budget to GAAP Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized			-	
Total revenues as reports on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$ 11,539,279	[B-2] ₌	\$ 1,151,116
Uses/Outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	[C-1]	\$ 8,815,628	[C-2]	1,129,519
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial accounting purposes.			_	<u> </u>
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	[B-2]	\$ 8,815,628	[B-2] __	\$ 1,129,519

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III



UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES
SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS
UNAUDITED

						Fiscal	Year	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,							
		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	2022		2023
Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00494267%		0.005195020%		0.006095040%		0.006095040%		0.006250916%		0.006250916%	0.006615022%		0.006774120%
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	❖	944,642	\$	944,642	❖	1,341,582	\$	1,495,783	₩.	1,238,684	\$	1,126,320	\$ 773,547	❖	1,022,300
Charter School's covered payroll (plan measurement period)	❖	922,433	₩.	1,042,993	❖	377,100	٠	415,847	↔	462,025	٠,	430,679	\$ 479,186	❖	537,746
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll		102%		91%		356%		# %098		268%		262%	161%		190%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		48.72%		52.08%		47.93%		45.37%		45.37%		45.37%	58.32%		51.52%

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDLLES
SCHEDLE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES FETREMENT SYSTEM
LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS
UNAUDITED

						Fisc	sal Year	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,							
		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	2021		2022		2023
Contractually required contribution	₩	37,242	❖	42,827	\$	52,844	\$	52,484	\$	52,484	\$ 64,014	❖	62,188	\$	73,513
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(37,242)		(42,827)		(52,844)		(52,484)		(52,484)	(64,014)		(62,188)		(86,552)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	⋄		₩		٠	,	❖		₩			❖		-γ-	(13,039)
Charter School's covered payroll (Fiscal Year)	⋄	922,433	₩	1,042,993	δ.	377,100	⋄	415,847	₩.	462,025	\$ 430,679	₩	479,186		537,746
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		4.04%		4.11%		14.01%		12.62%		11.36%	14.86%		12.98%		13.67%

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES
SCHEDULE OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER'S PENSION AND MUNITY FUND
LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS
UNAUDITED

					Fisca	Il Year Ei	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,								
		2016		2017	2018		2019	2020		2021	4	20	2022	2023	
State's proportion of the net pension liability attributable of the Charter School		0.0229637%		0.0234783%	0.02718721%		0.02467427%	0.026	0.02627420%	0.025	.02561381%	0.0	.02561381%	0.02103343%	3343%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to the Charter School	٠٠	11,605,693	٠	12,548,369 \$	17,183,477	₩	19,410,352	\$ 18,7	18,715,080	\$ 17,2	17,281,211 \$	\$ 17	17,281,211 \$	10,85	10,852,498
Charter School's covered payroll (plan measurement period)		2,757,193		2,898,099	3,010,989		3,141,802	2,6	2,686,812	3,5	3,216,363	7	2,965,531	2,93	,932,504
Charter School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll		420.92%		432.99%	570.69%		617.81%	9	%55.969		537.29%		582.74%	37	%80.08%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		33.64%		28.71%	22.33%		22.33%		36.03%		26.95%		24.48%	(1)	35.52%

SCHEDULE M – SCHEDULE RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

University Academy Charter High School Required Supplementary Information Schedules Schedule of Changes in the Charter School's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Six Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				2	neasurement Date Ending	ate Ending			
	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019	Jur	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	Jun	June 30, 2023
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period	\$ 6,929,819	\$	6,579,724	s	5,311,000	\$ 5,844,666	\$ 8,964,588	s	7,413,041
Service cost	632,510	0	526,694		458,594	543,716	873,060		608,015
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	213,449	6	251,977		219,947	220,968	192,302		167,811
Effect on Changes of Benefit Terms	•		•		•		(7,890)		•
Difference between expected and actual experience			(1,300,825)		(57,923)	869,052	(2,469,769)		2,919
Effect of Changes of Assumptions	(1,049,266	(90	(609,464)		87,144	1,637,522	7,314		(1,698,675)
Contributions - Employee	5,612	2	4,908		5,318	4,730	4,916		5,332
Gross Benefits Paid by the State	(152,400	(O	(142,014)		(179,414)	(156,066)	(151,480)		(166,222)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(350,095)	(2)	(1,268,724)		533,666	3,119,922	(1,551,547)		(1,080,820)
OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period	6,929,819	6	6,579,724		5,311,000	5,844,666	8,964,588		7,413,041
Total OPEB Liability at End of Measurement Period	6,579,724	4.	5,311,000		5,844,666	8,964,588	7,413,041		6,332,221

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences: The \$1,399,200,736 decrease in the liability from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 is due the combined effect of the following:

Premium and Claims Experience Update in census information

1,399,200,736 1,102,043,610 297,157,126

Changes in Assumptions:

The \$13,586,368,097 decrease in the liability from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 is due to the combined effect of the following:

Trend Update	❖	1,934,312,842
Experience Study Update	❖	(2,690,739,174)
Discount Rate Change	ب	(12,829,941,765)
Total Changes in Assumption	\$	(13,586,368,097)



UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate remained at 7.00% as of June 30, 2021 and as of June 30, 2022 in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEACHER'S PENSION AND ANNUITY FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

A. Benefit Changes

There were none.

B. Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 5.60% as of June 30, 2021 to 7.00% as of June 30, 2022 in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SECTION E – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS
The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific sources (other than expandable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
Special Revenue Fund
Combining Schedule of Program Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Basis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	NCLB Title I		I.D.E.A. Part B	CRE	CRRSA ESSER II	Student Activity / Athletics Fund	CRRSA Mental Health Grant		CRRSA Learning Acceleration Grant	ARP ESSER		Grand Total
REVENUE SOURCES: Coal Coal	€	↔	1	↔		\$ 76,465	2 \$	↔		. ↔	€	76,465
State Federal	322,	322,286	115,003		469,858		4	4,501	6,400	156,103)3	1,074,151
Total Revenues	322,	286	115,003		469,858	76,465		4,501	6,400	156,103	33	1,150,616
EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Salaries Purchased Prof/Tech Services General Supplies	10, 103, 55,	10,000 103,357 55,471	7,729		200,000					22,218 133,885	18 35	210,000 125,575 217,731
Total Instruction	168,	828	7,729		220,646				,	156,103	33	553,306
Support Services: Salaries Salaries Personal Services - Employee Benefits Other Purchased ProfTech Services Other Purchased Services Supplies and Materials Indirect Costs Miscellaneous Expenditures	4,6 4,4,6,6,7,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,	54,852 4,196 66,000 15,000 13,410	60,000 30,600 9,000 7,674		35,638 80,000	55,368		4,501	6,400			150,490 114,796 85,901 15,000 7,674 13,410 55,368
Total Support Services	153,	153,458	107,274		249,212	55,368		4,501	6,400	•		576,213
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services: Buildings Instructional Equipment Non-Instructional Equipment												
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services			,							1		
Total Expenditures	322,	322,286	115,003		469,858	55,368		4,501	6,400	156,103	33	1,129,519
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	49	φ.		€9		\$ 21,097	2 \$	٠		∽	↔	21,097

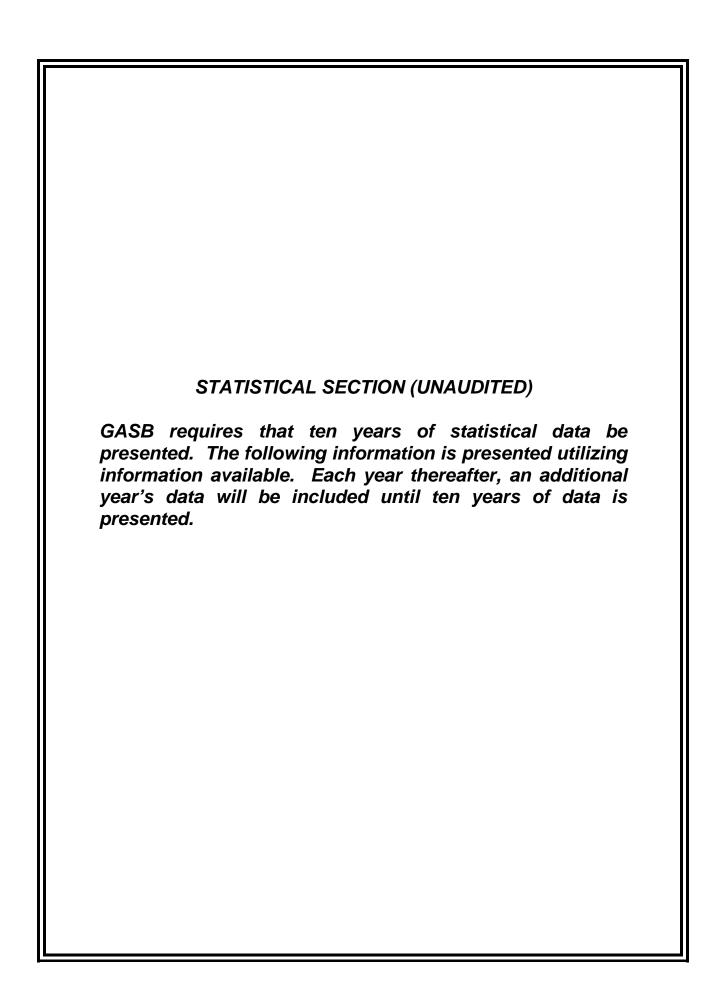
SECTION G – PROPRIETARY FUND DETAIL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the charter school's board is that the costs of providing goods or services be financed through user charges.

Food Services Fund – This fund provides for the operation of food services in all schools within the Charter School.

THIS SECTION HAS ALREADY BEEN INCLUDED IN STATEMENTS B-4, B-5, AND B-6.

SECTION H – FIDUCIARY FUNDS DETAIL STATEMENTS (NOT APPLICABLE)



University Academy Charter High School Statistical Section

J series

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the charter school's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (Not Applicable)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Charter School's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity (Not Applicable)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Charter School's current levels of outstanding debt and the charter school's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Charter School's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Charter School's financial report relates to the services the Charter School provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive financial reports (ACFR) for the relevant year.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Net Assets/Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

								Fis	Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Jing Ju	ine 30,								
	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Canital Assets	0 505 0	5 29	3 237 86	6	212 387	\$	220 904	4	245 575	e.	270 246	U	311 576	e.	352 886	¥	395 131	U	345 123
Restricted	122,3	, 89	122,368 75,000	· ·	75,079	. 6	75,000	•	,	•	75,000	+	75,000	+	75,000	•	75,000	•	, ,
Unrestricted	3,863,982	382	354,517	_	816,767	2	(162,212)		(2,186)		367,965		796,989	•	1,176,622		1,320,734	.,	2,445,733
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets/Position	\$ 6,493,317 \$	317	3,667,386	ا ای	1,104,23	& &	133,692	s	243,389	s	713,211	\$,183,565	\$	1,604,508	S	1,790,865	s	2,790,856
Business-Type Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets/																			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$		3 41,279	8	41,279	8		s	55,039	s	115,127	s	115,127	s	115,127	s	115,127	s	119,505
Unrestricted	72,828	328	(3,814)	4	(5,111)	_	26,205		(9,552)		(28,998)		(45,460)		(27,712)		(6,775)		(4,378)
Total Business-Type Activities Net Assets/Position	\$ 72,828	328	37,465	8	36,168	နှ	26,205	s	45,487	s	56,129	S	69,667	S	87,415	S	108,352	S	115,127
Charter School-wide																			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,506,9	\$ 290	2,506,967 \$ 3,279,148	8	253,666	& (C)	220,904	s	300,614	s	385,373	s	426,703	s	468,013	ø	510,258	s	464,628
Restricted	122,368	368	75,000	C	75,079	6	75,000				75,000		75,000		75,000		75,000		
Unrestricted	3,936,810		350,70	3	811,656	9	(136,007)		(11,738)		308,967		751,529	,-	1,148,910		1,313,959	•	2,441,355
Total Charter School-wide Net Assets/Position	\$ 6,566,145	,	3,704,851	~	1,140,40	1	159,897	S	288,876	s	769,340	\$,253,232	\$	1,691,923	s	1,899,217	\$	2,905,983

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Changes in Net Asses/Position Last Tan Fiscal Years (accruel basis of accounting)

							Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	iding June 30,						
	2023		2022	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	17	2016	2015	2014	
Expenses Governmental Activities:					•				€					9
Instruction Administration	\$ 4,172,234 3,997,553	,234	4,655,689 2,403,791	4,909,993 1,907,053	A	4,128,613 \$ 2,279,848		\$ 4,581,033 1,493,615	Ð	4,380,271 \$	4,176,562 841,252	\$ 4,363,774 831,947	3,916,849 884,556	916,849 884,556
Support Services	1,209	1,209,060	1,471,598	2,756,255		2,215,821	2,546,344	2,430,044		2,238,358	1,981,465	1,789,283	1,618	1,618,869
Interest on Long-1 erm Debt Unallocated Denreciation and Amortization	177 800	177,778 800 424	223,246 790.763	8517	_	24671	24 671	41.320		41.320	41 320	16.592	16	16.592
Total Governmental Activites Expenses	10,357,049	,049	9,545,087	9,581,818		8,648,953	8,791,782	8,614,364		7,797,217	7,102,284	7,090,834	6,492,418	2,418
Business-Type Activities:														
Food Service	157	157,769	150,945	87,914	4	92,885	120,303	121,969		151,065	158,508	131,389	164	164,902
lotal business-i ype Activites Expenses Total Charter School Expenses	157,759 \$ 10,514,818	157,769	150,945 9,696,032	\$ 9,669,732	\$	92,885 8,741,838 \$	120,303 8,912,085	\$ 8,736,333	\$ 7,	151,065 948,282 \$	7,260,792	131,389	164,902 \$ 6,657,320	164,902 657,320
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Chemor for Constant	92	70 400	707	e	6	θ		θ	e	θ		6	e	
Operating Grants and Contributions	353		315,320	295,887				285,254)	270,222	309,453			310,003
Total Governmental Activites Expenses	426	429,820	364,814	295,88	_	305,604	308,537	285,254		270,222	309,453	304,504	310	0,003
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services	36	36.805	1.465	4	42	6.041	9.238	7 832		19.810	16.669	19 488	24	24 7 44
Operating Grants and Contributions	156	156,327	150,777	97,835	2	67,562	94,633	100,599		113,507	120,902	105,126	104	104,046
Total Business-Type Activites Expenses	193	193,132	152,242	97,877	7	73,603	103,871	108,431		133,317	137,571	124,614	128	128,790
Total Charter School Program Revenues	\$ 622	622,952 \$	517,056	\$ 393,764	\$	379,207 \$	412,408	\$ 393,685	\$	403,539 \$	447,024	\$ 429,118	\$ 438	438,793
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities	(9,927,229)	\$ (525)	(9,180,273)	\$ (9,285,931)	s	(8,343,349) \$	(8,483,245)	\$ (8,329,110)	s	(7,526,995) \$	(6,792,831)	\$ (6,786,330)	\$ (6,182,415)	2,415)
Business-Type Activities Total Charter School-wide Net Expense	35,363	35,363	1,297	8,963	es.	(19,282)	(16,432)	(13,538)	es.	(17,748)	(20,937)	(6,775)	(36,112)	(36,112)
		(222)	(0.000(0)))		(•	6	(2) (2) (2)		2 2 2	/ 1200
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets/Position Governmental Activities:									,					
General Purposes Federal and State Aid Not Restricted	\$ 4,387,693 8,290,535	,693 \$,535	2,537,007 9,180,110	\$ 3,174,617 7,049,272	\$ ~ ~	2,000,980 \$ 6,211,682	1,541,315 6,388,486	\$ 1,440,903 6,514,714	69	1,371,124 \$ 5,565,238	1,484,744 5,182,707	\$ 1,453,600 5,066,696	\$ 1,468,750 5,018,191	1,468,750 5,018,191
Investment Earnings	27	27,455	6,803	7,870	0 +	9,329	17,744	15,500		6,092	4,261	3,547		3,165
rinscenariosos income Total Governmental Activities	12,753,160	,160	11,744,847	10,243,710	- 0	8,233,652	7,963,423	7,978,387	7,	,206,199	6,682,977	6,744,552	6,519,356	3,256
Business-Type Activities: Miscoellanents Income	a.	8 697	75											
Total Rusiness-Two Activities		8 697	54							 -				
Total Charter School-wide	\$ 12,761,85	,857 \$	11,744,901	\$ 10,243,710	\$ 0	8,233,652 \$	7,963,423	\$ 7,978,387	\$ 7,	7,206,199 \$	6,682,977	\$ 6,744,552	\$ 6,519,356	3,356
Change in Net Assets/Position Governmental Activities	\$ 2.825.931	,931 \$	2.564.574	622'296 \$	\$	(109.697)	(519,822)	\$ (350,723)	49	320,796) \$	(109.854)	\$ (41,778)	336	336,941
Business-Type Activities			1,297		3	_					(20,937)			(36,112)
Total Charter School	\$ 2,861,294	,294 \$	2,565,871	\$ 967,742	2	(128,979) \$	(536,254)	\$ (364,261	s	(338,544) \$	(130,791)	\$ (48,553)	\$ 300),829

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year E	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
General Fund								1			
Assigned	, ↔	· •	٠ \$	· &	· \$	\$ 50,000	\$	1	· \$	· \$	· \$
Restricted	75,000		75,079	75,000		75,000	0	75,000	75,000	75,000	
Unassigned	7,347,528	4,698,877	2,111,573	1,152,334	1,264,999	1,572,459	6	1,931,862	2,211,338	2,279,872	2,395,725
Total General Fund	\$ 7,422,528	7,422,528 \$ 4,698,877	\$ 2,186,652	\$ 1,227,334	\$ 1,264,999	\$ 1,697,459	\$	2,006,862	\$ 2,286,338	\$ 2,354,872	\$ 2,395,725

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		2023	2022		2021		2020	20	2019	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Revenues:																		
Local Sources:																		
Local Tax Levy	↔	6,846,106	\$ 4,745,346	(5	3,174,617	€	2,000,980	\$ 1,5	,541,315	1,440,903	⇔	1,371,124	↔	1,484,744	s	1,453,600	s	1,468,750
Interest In Investments		27,455		~	7,870		9,329		17,744	15,500	_	6,092		4,261		3,547		3,165
Miscellaneous		123,942	64,381		11,951		15,544		17,932	7,270	_	26,699		11,265		220,709		29,250
State Sources		4,618,741	5,108,806	,-	5,837,379	-	5,671,425	5,7	5,799,783	5,673,745		5,496,185		5,155,470		5,034,015		4,992,065
Federal Sources		1,074,151	1,280,609	~	679,784		352,903	(r)	383,821	361,186		337,275		336,690		337,185		336,129
Total Revenues		12,690,395	11,211,985	 -	9,711,601		8,050,181	7,7	,760,595	7,498,604		7,237,375		6,992,430		7,049,056		6,829,359
Expenditures:																		
Instruction		4,172,234	3,162,567		3,449,625		3,402,829	3,1	3,193,170	3,392,180	_	3,346,605		3,248,242		3,214,611		3,030,450
Administration		3,625,807	3,443,325		2,986,912		2,681,791	2,8	2,816,387	2,264,353		2,094,516		1,977,581		2,180,402		1,881,792
Support Services		2,077,584	2,064,237		2,315,746		2,003,226	2,1	2,102,310	2,083,122		1,971,833		1,773,456		1,565,263		1,491,383
Capital Outlay		69,522	3,816,245						81,188	68,352	٠.	103,897		61,685		129,633		138,801
Total Expenditures		9,945,147	12,486,374		8,752,283		8,087,846	,,	8,193,055	7,808,007		7,516,851		7,060,964		7,089,909		6,542,426
Net Change in Fund Balance	↔	2,745,248	\$ 2,745,248 \$ (1,274,389)	\$ (6	959,318	€	(37,665)	\$ (4	(432,460)	(309,403)	\$	(279,476)	⇔	(68,534)	↔	(40,853)	∨	286,933
	•	4,011,011	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			+	1 (222, 12)			1,000	311		-	-	\$ (5,2,2,10)	(50,00)	(+00,00)	= (500,0t)

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

General Fund - Other Local Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Dor	nations	scellaneous Revenue	Annual Total
•				
2023	\$	-	\$ 46,977	\$ 46,977
2022		-	819,087	819,087
2021		-	11,951	11,951
2020		-	11,661	11,661
2019		-	-	-
2018		-	7,270	7,270
2017		-	24,699	24,699
2016		4,094	7,171	11,265
2015		2,827	217,882	220,709
2014		-	29,250	29,250

Source: Charter School records

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population ^a	Personal Income ^b	Per Capita Personal Income ^c	Unemployment Rate ^d
2023	268578	\$81,390	\$48,404	4.8%
2023	248,928	Ψ01,390 N/A	Ψ40,404 N/A	9.7%
=	•	•	· ·	
2021	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2020	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2019	247,597	N/A	\$30,490	11.6%
2018	241,800	\$37,862	N/A	11.5%
2017	241,700	\$50,843	N/A	9.30%
2016	242,389	\$48,543	N/A	5.80%
2015	241,791	N/A	N/A	4.60%
2014	N/A	\$45,223	N/A	5.20%

Source:

^a Population information provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

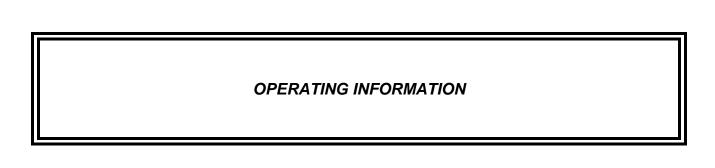
^b Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented

^c Per capita personal income by municipality estimated based upon the 2000 Census published by the US Bureau of Economic Analysis.

^d Unemployment data provided by the NJ Dept of Labor and Workforce Development

Principal Employers Last Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023			2014	
			Percentage of Total Municipal			Percentage of Total Municipal
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Jersey City Public Schools		1		5,414	1	4.59%
Goldman Sachs & Co., Inc.		2		3,000	2	2.54%
City of Jersey City		3		2,692	4	2.28%
Insurance Service Officer		4				
United States Postal Service		5				
Pershing LLC I Mellon Bank		6		2,121	5	1.80%
Healthcare Staffing and Consulting LLC	N/A	7	N/A			
Jersey City Medical Center Inc.		8			_	
New Jersey City University		9		1,663	6	1.41%
JP Morgan Chase Bank		10		1,576	7	1.34%
I.P.C. Systems Inc.		11				
Citigroup Inc.		12		1,500	10	1.27%
Christ Hospital Health Service		13		1,529	8	1.30%
Hudson County Executive Office				2,900	3	2.46%
Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc.				1,500	9	1.27%
	0		0.00%	23,895		20.26%



UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
Full-Time Equivalent Charter School Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2023 2022	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	35	37	4	42	43	42	39	43	42	41
	∞	∞	∞	7	7	7	9	9	9	9
	4	13	15	15	16	17	13	13	13	12
	2	5	2	9	9	9		9	9	9
	62	63	69	70	72	72	58	89	29	65

Source: Charter School Personnel Records

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
Operating Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Student Attendance	Percentage	96.27%	96.58%	96.26%	95.85%	96.46%	96.24%	36.39%	96.37%	94.66%	%00.0	
Percent	Change in Average Daily	Enrollment	-2.28%	2.57%	-1.38%	2.36%	-0.47%	2.65%	0.48%	0.24%	N/A	N/A	
Average	Daily Attendance	(ADA) $^{\circ}$	413	412	424	412	416	409	410	400	398	390	
Average	Daily Enrollment	$(ADE)^{\circ}$	429	429	439	428	434	424	426	415	413	412	
<u>.0</u>	Senior High	School	10:1	10:1	10:1	10:1	11:1	10:1	11:1	11:1	11:1	11:1	
Pupil/Teacher Ratio	Middle	School	A/A	A/N	A/N	V/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	√N ∀	
/lidnA		Elementary	N/A	A/N	A/Z	۷/۷	A/Z	A/N	A/Z	A/N	A/Z	A/N	
	Teaching	Staff ^b	37	37	42	42	43	42	43	42	41	41	
	Percentage	Change	14.42%	-1.16%	6.74%	-2.59%	9.26%	-1.97%	5.40%	0.80%	N/A	N/A	
	Cost Per	Pupil	\$ 22,496	19,660	19,892	18,636	19,132	17,511	17,863	16,947	16,812	ı	
	Operating	Expenditures ^a	9,875,625	8,670,129	8,752,283	8,087,846	8,111,867	7,739,655	7,412,954	6,999,279	6,960,276	6,403,625	
		Enrollment	438	439	441	440	434	424	442	415	413	414	
	Fiscal	Year	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	

Sources: Charter School records

Note: Enrollment based on annual October Charter School count.

a Operating expenditures equal total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

b Teaching staff includes only full-time equivalents of certified staff.

c Average daily enrollment and average daily attendance are obtained from School Register Summary (SRS).

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

2023 2022
X
450
439 (0)

Insurance Schedule June 30, 2023

	Coverage	Deductible
COMMERCIAL PACKAGE		
New Jersey School Board Association Insurance Group		
Property		
Blanket Personal Property Limit	\$1,525,000	\$1,000
Blanket Extra Expense	\$50,000,000	\$1,000
Blanket Valuable Papers & Record	\$10,000,000	\$1,000
Fire Department Service Charge	\$10,000	\$1,000
Pollutant Clean Up & Removal	\$250,000	\$1,000
Computer Coverage:	*,	* /
- EDP	\$250,000	\$1,000
- Transit	\$25,000	\$1,000
- Loss of Income	\$10,000	\$1,000
Flood:	Ψ. ο,οοο	Ψ.,σσσ
- Zones A&V	\$10,000,000	\$1,000
- All Other Zones	\$50,000,000	\$1,000
Earthquake:	400,000,000	Ψ.,σσσ
- Fund Limit	\$50,000,000	\$1,000
Equipment Breakdown:	400,000,000	Ψ1,000
- Limit	\$100,000,000	\$1,000
Public Employee Dishonesty with Faithful Performance	\$100,000	Ψ1,000
Theft, Disappearance & Destruction - Loss of Money & Securities	\$10,000	
Forgery or Alteration	\$100,000	
Board Secretary/Business Administrator	\$100,000	
Board Treasurer	\$100,000	
Computer Fraud	\$100,000	
Computer Fraud	\$100,000	
General Liability		
Per Occurrence	\$6,000,000	
Personal Injury & Advertising Injury	\$6,000,000	
Premises Medical Payments - Per Person	\$5,000	
Premises Medical Payments - Per Accident	\$10,000	
Employee Benefits Liability	\$6,000,000	
Abuse/Molestation		
Per Occurrence	\$6,000,000	
Annual Aggregate	\$6,000,000	
	*-,,	
Pollution Liability	0.4.000.000	A-
- Per Occurrence	\$1,000,000	\$500
- Aggregate Per named Insured Sub-Limit	\$2,000,000	
- Policy Aggregate	\$11,000,000	
Deductible per Incident		\$25,000
Business Automobile		
	.	

Source: Charter School's Records

Liability Limit incudes Hired and Non-Owned Auto

\$6,000,000

Insurance Schedule June 30, 2023

	Coverage	Deductible
COMMERCIAL PACKAGE New Jersey School Board Association Insurance Group		
School Leaders Professional Liability		
Limit of Liability Coverage Aggregate Limit of Liability Coverage B - Each Claim Each Policy Period Deductible - Each Claim	\$6,000,000 \$6,000,000 \$100,000 \$300,000	\$5,000
Workers' Compensation Bodily Injury by Accident Bodily Injury by Disease - Each Employee Bodily Injury by Disease Aggregate Limit	\$2,000,000 \$2,000,000 \$2,000,000	

Source: Charter School's Records

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
New Jesen/P etformance Termework Financial Ratios
Audited Performance Indicators
Last Three Fiscal Years

2023

		Andit	Audit	Audit	Source		
	Cash	3,484,889	5,568,314	7,726,057	Audit: Exhibit A-1		
	Current Assets (include cash)	4,045,319	5,838,376	8,605,311	Audit: Exhibit A-1		
	Current Liabilities	1,851,016	1,094,040	1,089,606	Audit: Exhibit A-1		
	Total Expenses	9,669,732	9,696,032	10,514,818	Audit: Exhibit A-2		
	Change in Net Position	967,742	2,565,871	2,861,294	Audit: Exhibit A-2		
	Final Average Daily Enrollment (exclude PK)*	428.00	429.00	429.00	DOE Final Enrollment Report		
	March 30 Budgeted Enrollment (exclude PK)	412	439	439	March 30 Charter School Budget		
	On the second of the second open and second second is a second second of the second open and second of the second open and sec						
	Complete section only if addition may mortigage/note/bond payable.		001	707 000			
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	8,517	16,592	800,424	Auditor/Workpapers		
	Interest Expense	•		177,484	Auditor/Workpapers		
	Principal Payments	•	•	•	Auditor/Workpapers		
	Interest Payments			177,484	Auditor/Workpapers		
	Performance Indicators	2021	2022	2023	3 YR CUM	Calculation****	Target****
	Near Term Indicators						
1a.	Current Ratio (working capital ratio)	2.19	5.34	7.90		Current Assets/Current Liabilities	> 1.1 or between 1.0-1.1 with positive trend
		132	210	268		Cash/(Total Expenses/365)	60 days or 30-60 days with positive
1b.	Unrestricted days cash on hand				\		trend
,		104%	%86	%86	100%	Average Daily Enrollment/Budgeted Enrollment	>95% or >95% for
1c.	Enrollment Variance						3 yr cum
		ON.	ON	ON		Auditor	
1d.**	Default on loans or delinquent in debt payments				\		not in default
	Sustainability Indicators						
2a***	2a*** 3 Year Cumulative Cash Flow	716,474	2,083,425	2,157,743	4,957,642	Net change in cash flow from prior years	3 yr cum positive with most recent year postive
ફ	Deht Carvire Couerane Batin	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A or (Change in Net Position + depreciation + interest expense) / (principal + interest payments)	5
22	Debt Selvice Coverage Ivano				_		01.10

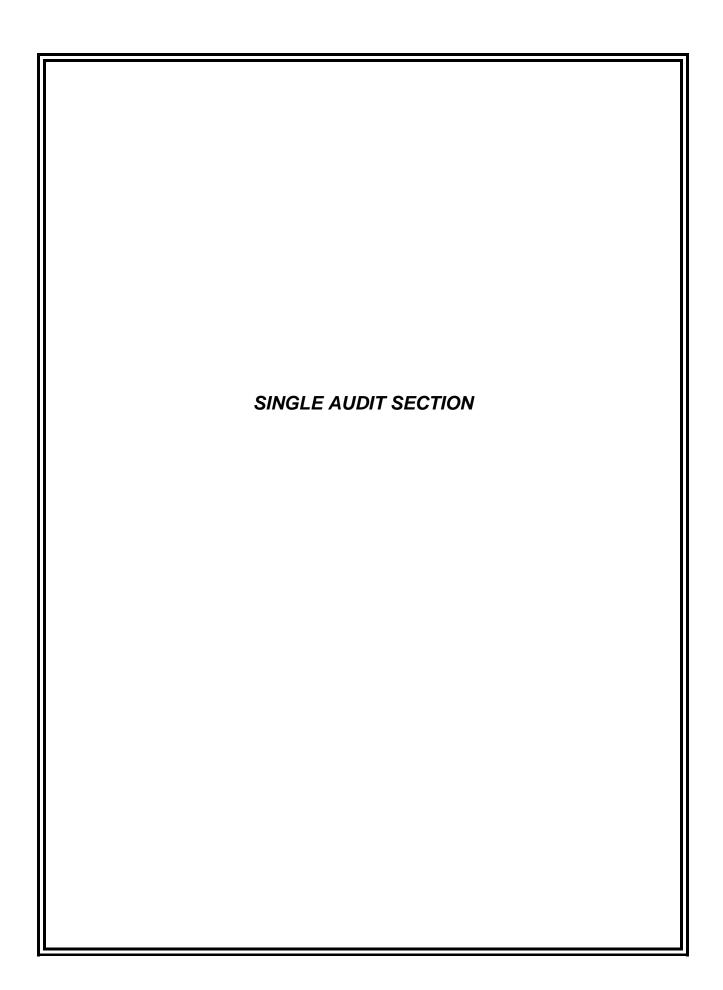
For renaissance schools: use Oct 15 count if no final count; use head count if ADE not available Is school in default of loan covenant(s) and/or is deliquent with debt service payments? Yes or No 2023 =2023 Cash, 2022 Cash, 2022 Cash, 2022 Cash, 2021 Cash, 2021 Cash -2020 Cash Refer to NJ Performance Framework

Meets Standard

Does Not Meet Standard

Falls Far Below Standard

^{.::!}



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees University Academy Charter High School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund information of University Academy Charter High School (Charter School), in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey and federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LIC

Certified Public Accountants
Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey November 28, 2023

BARRE & COMPANY LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY CIRCULAR 15-08 OMB

Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees University Academy Charter High School County of Hudson Jersey City, New Jersey

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the University Academy Charter High School's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the the <u>New Jersey Circular 15-08- OMB State Aid/Grant Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The University Academy Charter High School's major state programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results Section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the University Academy Charter High School, in the County of Hudson, State of New Jersey, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state and federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid.* Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of University Academy Charter High School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of University Academy Charter High School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to University Academy Charter High School's Federal and State programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on University Academy Charter High School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about University Academy Charter High School's compliance with the requirements of each major State and Federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Office of School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey; and New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding University Academy Charter High School's
 compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of University Academy Charter High School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the New Jersey Circular 15-08-OMB, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of University Academy Charter High School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified. Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance and New Jersey Circular OMB 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BARRE & COMPANY LLC Certified Public Accountants

Public School Accountants

Richard M. Barre

Public School Accountant PSA Number CS-01181

Union, New Jersey November 28, 2023

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Federal	Additional	Federal	Grant or State	Program or				Carryover/			Pass		Repayment	Balanc	Balance at June 30, 2023	
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Listing Number	Award Identification	FAIN Number	Project Number	Award Amount	Grant Period From To	Period To	Balance at June 30, 2022	(Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Through To Subrecipients	Adjustments	Of Prior Years' Balances	Accounts Receivable	Uneamed Revenue	Due to Grantor
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through State Department of Education Special Revenue Fund:																	
NO Child Left Behing. Title I Part A Consisted	84.010A	N/A	S0010A230030	NCLB - 8060 - 23	\$ 268,326	9/1/22	8/31/23 \$	\$		\$ 34,344	\$ (322,286)	s	s		\$ (287,942) \$		
Intellerant A Carlyover Total No Child Left Behind	84:010A	K/N	S010A180030	NCLB - 8060 - 22	177'007	17/1/6	9/31/22	(266,221)		300,565	(322,286)				(287,942)		
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): I.D.E.A. Part B Basic	84.027	84.027A	H027 A2 30 031	IDEA - 8060 - 23	115,003	9/1/22	8/31/23			35,710	(115,003)				(79,293)		
I.D.E.A. Part B Basic Carryover ARP - I.D.E.A. Part B Basic	84.027	84.027A 84.027X	H027A220031	IDEA - 8060 - 22	109,634	9/1/21	8/31/22	(109,634)		109,634							
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	130.5	V 170:10		27-2020-17-2	100,02	7	270000	(109,634)	•	145,344	(115,003)				(79,293)		
Other Special Revenue Funds: Race to the Top Phase 3	84.413A			N/A		9/1/22	8/31/23										
Race to the Top Phase 3 Carryover COVID 19: Digital Divide	84.413A 84.425	COVID-19, 84 425D	S425D220027	4 4 X		94/21	8/31/22										
COVID 19: CARES Emergency Relief	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425D		A/N	121,235			(121,235)		121,235							
CRRSA ESSER II	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425D	S425D220027	e e	274,100	3/13/20	9/30/23			40,982	(469,858)				(428,876)		
CRRSA Mental Health Grant	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425D		Y.Y	45,000	3/13/20	9/30/23				(4,501)				(4,501)		
ARP ESSER ARD ESSER Evidence Rased Summer Learning and	84.425	COVID-19, 84.4250	5425U220U27	ď.	1,001,884	3/13/20	9/30/24			1961,103	(196,103)						
Enrichment Total Other Special Revenue Funds	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425U	S425D220027	N/A		3/13/20	9/30/24	(121,235)		318,320	(636,862)				(439,777)		
Total Special Revenue Fund							1 1	(497,090)		764,229	(1,074,151)				(807,012)		
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund:																	
Child Nutrition Cluster: COVID-19:School Breakfast Program	10.553	COVID-19	231NJ304N1099	N/A	40,498	7.11.722	6/30/23			33,929	(40,498)				(695'9)		
COVID-19: National School Lunch Program COVID-19: National School Lunch Program COVID-19: National School Lunch Program	10.555	COVID-19 COVID-19 COVID-19	22 1NJ304N1099 22 1NJ304N1099	((97,880	7/1/22	6/30/23	(11,705)		81,709 11,705	(97,880)				(16,171)		
COVID-1 St.Child Care Food Program Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	81-01 000		X V	1,438	7/1/22	6/30/23	(18,862)		12,669	(12,669) (151,047)				(22,740)		
Total Enterprise Fund								(18,862)		147,169	(151,047)				(22,740)		
Total Federal Financial Awards							s)	\$ (515,952)	\$	\$ 911,398	\$ (1,225,198)				\$ (829,752) \$		

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements and Schedules of Expenditures of Awards and Financial Assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Balance at June 30, 2022	9 30, 2022					Balar	Balance at June 30, 2023	g	≅	МЕМО
State Grantor/Program Title	Grant or State Project Number	Program or Award Amount	Grant	Grant Period om To	Unearned Revenue (Accounts Receivable)	Due to Grantor	Carryover/ (Walkover) Amount	Cash Received	Budgetary Expenditures	Adjustments/ Repayment of Prior Year's Balance	(Accounts Receivable)	Unearned Revenue/ Interfund Payable	Due to Grantor	Budgetary Receivable	Cumulative Total Expenditures
State Department of Education General Fund.															
State Ard - Public Equalization Aid	23-495-034-5120-078	2,440,080	7/1/22	6/30/23				2,695,107	(2,440,080)				255,027 *		2,440,080
Equalization Aid Special Education Categorical Aid	22-495-034-5120-078 23-495-034-5120-089	4,134,118	7/1/21	6/30/22 6/30/23		101,828		353,355	(353,355)				101,828		101,828 353,355
Security Aid Adjustment Aid	23-495-034-5120-084 23-495-034-5120-085	205,519	27/1/22 27/1/7	6/30/23 6/30/23				205,519	(205,519)						205,519
Total State Aid - Public		7,133,072				101,828	•	3,253,981	(2,998,954)	•	•	,	356,855		3,100,782
On-Behalf TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Contributions	23-495-034-5094-001	282,659	7/1/22	6/30/23				282,659	(282,659)				*		282,659
TPAF Pension Contributions	23-495-034-5094-002	1,075,987	7/1/22	6/30/23				1,075,987	(1,075,987)				•		1,075,987
Non-Contributory Insurance Contributions Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security Contributions	23-495-034-5094-004	582 260,559	71/22	6/30/23				582 211.930	(582) (260,559)		(48.629)				582 260.559
Reimbursed TPAF - Social Security Contributions	22-495-034-5094-003	226,083	7/1/21	6/30/22	(43,631)		j	43,631		j					
Total General Fund				ı	(43,631)	101,828		4,868,770	(4,618,741)		(48,629)		356,855		4,720,569
State Department of Agriculture Enterprise Fund: School Breadstary Program National Cohool	23-100-010-3350-021	2,274	7/1/22	6/30/23				1,908	(2,274)		(366)		* * * *	366	2,274
National School Lunch Program (State Share) National School Lunch Program (State Share)	22-100-010-3350-023	1,311	7/1/21	6/30/22				7,488	(3)000)		(inc)				3,000
Total Enterprise Fund				,				4,407	(5,280)		(873)			366	5,280
Total State Financial Assistance				•	\$ (43,631) \$	\$ 101,828 \$	· ·	\$ 4,873,177	\$ (4,624,021)		\$ (49,502)		\$ 356,855 *	\$ 366	\$ 4,725,849
State Financial Assistance Not Subject to Major Program Determination: General Eunds: TPAF Persion Contributions TPAF Post-Retterment Medical Contributions	23-495-034-5094-002 23-495-034-5094-001	1,075,987	27/1/22	6/30/23					1,075,987						1,075,987
Non-Contributory Insurance Contributions	23-495-034-5094-004	285	7/1/22	6/30/23					582						582

1,075,987 282,659 582 \$ (3,264,793)

Total State Financial Assistance Subject to Major Program Determination for Single Audit

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures Of Federal and State Awards and Financial Assistance
June 30, 2023

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include federal and state award activity of the Board of Trustees, University Academy Charter High School. The Board of Trustees is defined in Note 1 to the board's basic financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of awards and financial assistance are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting with the exception of programs recorded in the food service fund, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. These basis of accounting are described in Note 1 to the board's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 CFR 200 – Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, "Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants, and State Aid". Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 3. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements present the general fund and special revenue fund on a GAAP basis. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules (RSI) are presented for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance in which certain revenue is permitted by law or grant agreement to be recognized in the audit year, whereas for GAAP reporting, revenue is not recognized until the subsequent year or when expenditures have been made.

The net adjustment to reconcile from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis is none for the general fund and none for the special revenue fund. See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information for a reconciliation of the budgetary basis to the modified accrual basis of accounting for the general and special revenue funds. Awards and financial assistance revenues are reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements on a GAAP basis as presented below:

	Federal	State	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 4,618,741	\$ 4,618,741
Special Revenue Fund	1,074,151	-	1,074,151
Food Service Fund	151,047	5,280	156,327
Total Awards & Financial Assistance	\$ 1,225,198	\$ 4,624,021	\$ 5,849,219

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures Of Federal and State Awards and Financial Assistance June 30, 2023

NOTE 4. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

NOTE 5. FEDERAL AND STATE LOANS OUTSTANDING

University Academy Charter High School has no loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2023.

NOTE 6. OTHER INFORMATION

Revenues and expenditures reported under the Food Distribution Program represent current year value received and current year distributions respectively. The amount reported as TPAF Pension Contributions TPAF Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and TPAF Long-Term Disability Insurance represents the amount paid by the state on behalf of the Charter School for the year ended June 30, 2023. TPAF Social Security Contributions represents the amount reimbursed by the state for the employer's share of social security contributions for TPAF members for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 7. ON-BEHALF PROGRAMS NOT SUBJECT TO STATE SINGLE AUDIT

On-behalf State Programs for TPAF Pension, Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Contributions and Long-Term Disability payments are not subject to a State single audit and, therefore, are excluded from major program determination. The Schedule of State Financial Assistance provides a reconciliation of State financial assistance reported in the Charter School's basic financial statements and the amount subject to State single audit and major program determination.

NOTE 8. SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAM FUNDS

Schoolwide programs are not separate federal programs as defined in Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards; amounts used in schoolwide programs are included in the total expenditures of the program contributing the funds in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The Charter School does not have a schoolwide program.

NOTE 9. MAJOR PROGRAMS

Major programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

NOTE 10. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The School has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Type of auditors' report issued	Yes	<u>Unmodified</u>
	Yes	<u>Unmodified</u>
	Yes	
Internal control over financial reporting:	Yes	
1) Material weakness(es) identified?		XNo None
2) Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	X Reported
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
1) Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
Significant deficiencies that are not considered to None be material weaknesses?	Yes	X Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmo	<u>odified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with NJ Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, as applicable?	Yes	X No
Identification of major federal programs:		
Federal Assistance Listing Numbers Name of Federal	Program of C	<u>Cluster</u>
EDUCATION STABILIZATION FUND 84.425D CRRSA Learning Acceleration Gran 84.425D CRRSA Mental Health Grant 84.425U ARP ESSER III 84.425D CRRSA ESSER II	ıt	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$	750,0	000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes <u>X</u> No

\$750,000

__X__ No

___X__ No

____ Yes

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

Internal control over major programs:		
1) Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
2) Significant deficiencies that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	None <u>X</u> Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs		<u>Unmodified</u>

accordance with NJ Circular Letter 15-08 OMB, as applicable? Identification of major state programs:

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

State Financial Assistance

GMIS Number(s)	Name of State Program
	STATE AID-PUBLIC:
23-495-034-5120-078	EQUALIZATION AID
23-495-034-5120-089	SPECIAL EDUCATION CATEGORICAL AID
23-495-034-5120-084	SECURITY AID
23-495-034-5120-085	ADJUSTMENT AID

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II -Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

The section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements related to financial statements for which *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements prescribed by the Office of the School Finance, Department of Education, State of New Jersey

No Current Year Findings

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section III – Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, material matters of noncompliance, including questioned costs, and significant instances of abuses related to the audit of major federal and state programs, as required by U.S Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB's Circular 15-08.

CURRENT YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS

No Current Year Findings

CURRENT YEAR STATE AWARDS

No Current Year Findings

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Prepared by Management
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

This section identifies the status of prior-year findings related to the basic financial statements and federal and state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with of *Government Auditing Standards*, US OMB *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (511 (a)(b)) and New Jersey OMB's 15-08, as applicable.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

<u>Item #2020-001 and #2021-001 – Board Secretary Reports are Not Prepared for Each Board Meeting</u>

Status- A correction plan was applied and the finding was properly addressed.