New Jersey Department of Education

Autism Program Quality Indicators-Revised

Early Childhood, School-Age, and Youth



20 23

A self-assessment and quality improvement guide for programs serving students with autism spectrum disorder.



Office of Special Education

NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

DESCRIPTION OF

EC-APQI INDICATORS

& COMPONENTS

EARLY CHILDHOOD APQI COMPONENTS



| dicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|---------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| 1.1 | Length of | The length of the school day and the academic year of programs for students with | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | School Year | disabilities, including preschoolers with disabilities, shall be at least as long as that | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | established for nondisabled peers. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | The IEP team may, in its discretion, alter the length of the school day based on the needs of the student. | |
| | | An extended school year (ESY) program provides for the extension of special | |
| | | education and related services beyond the regular school year. | |
| | | An ESY program is provided in accordance with the student's IEP. | |
| 1.2 | Student to | Staff is available in a ratio sufficient to provide the support necessary to accomplish | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Staff Ratio | IEP goals across learning environments. Student-to-staff ratio is set forth by: | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | State regulations (New Jersey Administrative Code). | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Federal regulations. | |
| | | Student needs, as determined by IEP (Refer to Indicator 10). | |
| 1.3 | Program | Location and the content of the activity are determined on an individual basis, | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Location | depending on the student's identified needs. Individualized least restrictive | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | environment is determined through data-based decision making (i.e., inclusion of | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | students with PreK students with disabilities in general education classrooms to the | |
| 4.4 | lasta alta a | maximum extent appropriate). | |
| 1.4 | Instruction | Instruction is: | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | | Systematically planned. | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | Aimed towards students individualized IEP objectives. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Aligned to <u>New Jersey's Preschool Teaching and Learning Standards</u> | |
| | | Engaging (e.g., students actively participate and are not sitting for more | |
| | | than 5-minutes without a lesson/activity). | |
| | | Developmentally appropriate in length and purpose. | |
| 1.5 | Documentation | A system for documentation reflects: | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | | Student progress towards general education preschool curriculum | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | objectives. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Student progression towards IEP goals. | |
| | | Effectiveness of instructional methods. | |

| EDUCATIONAL ENVIRONMENT I The educational environment supports students with autism to optimize safet | ty and learning. |
|---|------------------|
| | |

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|-----------------|--|-------------------------|
| 2.1 | Safety and | The educational environment supports students with autism in that: | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Preventative | The environment is free of environmental hazards. | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | Measures | Preventative measures are taken to prevent safety issues. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Students are monitored (e.g., staff strategically placed so that all areas of | |
| | | the setting can be viewed with no "blind" spots). | |
| | | Basic and personal hygiene is part of the daily routines (e.g., toileting, hand washing, etc.). | |
| 2.2 | Organization of | The environmental setting is designed so that: | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| ۲.۲ | Learning | All students can access learning centers. | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | Environment | Physical structure or boundaries convey activity expectations (e.g., | □ Not Implemented |
| | | science area, reading area, etc.). | Not implemented |
| | | Clear physical and visual boundaries help students know where each area | |
| | | begins and ends. | |
| | | Adaptations support individual student's needs (e.g., sensory table, quiet | |
| | | spaces, appropriately sized furnishings, visuals at eye level, etc.). | |
| | | Students can engage in small group, large group, and independent work | |
| | | activities, as well as both active and leisure activities, as appropriate. | |
| 2.3 | Materials | Classroom materials: | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | | Are age appropriate. | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | Reflect the characteristics, values, and practices of diverse cultural groups | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | (e.g., books, artwork, diverse lifestyles, careers, locations, climates, etc.). | |
| | | • Incorporate students' areas of interest and preferences, as appropriate. | |
| | | Are plentiful or in sufficient quantity for all students to participate in classroom/setting activities. | |
| | | Support a literacy-rich environment through a variety of print, audio, and electronic media. | |
| | | Arranged to invite purposeful play and expand on learning. | |
| 2.4 | Daily Routines | Daily routines: | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | | Are consistent across days/weeks within the classroom and school | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | setting. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Promote structured activities that facilitate active participation and | |
| | | address stability and familiarity (e.g., circle time, small group, lunch, etc.). | |
| | | Support independence, as appropriate. | *Continued next page |

EDUCATIONAL ENVIRONMENT I The educational environment supports students with autism to optimize safety and learning.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 2.4 Continued | Daily Routines Continued | A minimum of two strategies are used to support independence across routines (e.g., first-then boards, checklists, 'wait' symbols, timers, etc.). Transitions are kept short to adapt to student's developmental attention span capacity. Routines are conducted (e.g., toileting, hand washing, etc.) individually or in pairs to avoid whole-group waiting times. | |
| 2.5 | Environmental Supports | Support strategies are provided to facilitate anticipated change, unexpected events (e.g., fire drills) and predicted activities within daily routines. These include: • Adapted materials. • Visual supports. • Transition supports. | ☐ Fully Implemented☐ Partially Implemented☐ Not Implemented |
| 2.6 | Location | The educational environment (e.g., classroom) is integrated into the school and located within the same location as students without disabilities (e.g., the PreK-Disabled self-contained classroom is on the same floor and next door to a general education PreK classroom). | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |

PERSONNEL I Students with autism should have an educational team who work together and are knowledgeable regarding autism, child development, and education.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|----------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 3.1 | Knowledgeable | Staff consists of a multidisciplinary team and each staff member is knowledgeable | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Staff | about the core and associated characteristics of autism spectrum disorder and | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | child development (e.g., early childhood, school-age, adolescent development). In | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | addition, staff should be knowledgeable and pose some level of skill deemed | |
| | | appropriate by their position, in the following: | |
| | | Familiarity with assessment methods (Refer to Indicator 9). | |
| | | Developing IEPs to meet the unique needs of each student (Refer to Indicator 10). | |
| | | Curriculum, environmental adaptations and accommodations, and | |
| | | instructional methods Refer to Indicators 2, 4 and 5). | |
| | | Classroom and individual behavior management techniques (Refer to | |
| | | Indicator 11). | |
| 3.2 | IEP | Certified teachers and related service providers who have educational | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Implementation | responsibilities for a student with autism have access to the student's IEP and are | \square Partially Implemented |
| | and Access | informed of their responsibilities for implementation. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | | |
| 3.3 | Program Staff | Staff who received autism-specific training and are designated as instructional | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | | staff, remain within their roles to the greatest extent possible and as appropriate, | \square Partially Implemented |
| | | to ensure: | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Program continuity. | |
| | | Student educational benefits. | |
| 3.4 | Professional | Persons with expertise in the education of students (e.g., preschool education) | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Development | with autism and child development (e.g., early childhood) provide: | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | Pre-service and in-service training for entry-level staff. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Ongoing professional development, guidance, and technical assistance for | |
| | | staff that is specific to the program and population of students being | |
| | | served. | |

CURRICULUM I The program is based on evidence-based or research-based curricula that is planned, designed, and constructed to address the skill deficits of students with autism. Additionally, the curriculum is linked to new Jersey State Learning Standards.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 4.1 | Aligned to State | An effective curriculum is designed to facilitate the acquisition of skills and | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Standards | knowledge that align with State Learning Standards: | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | New Jersey's Preschool Teaching and Learning Standards. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | New Jersey Preschool Program Implementation Guidelines. | |
| | | <u>New Jersey Student Learning Standards.</u> | |
| 4.2 | Evidence-Based | An evidence-based curriculum consists of practices that have been vetted | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Curricula | through rigorous research. The curriculum should meet the following criteria: | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | It aligns with NJ State Learning Standards. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Research of sufficient quality and quantity is available. | |
| | | Levels of competency are defined. | |
| | | High rates of responding are embedded. | |
| | | Opportunities for providing feedback for correct answers are addressed. | |
| | | Corrective feedback and remediation are designated. | |
| | | Scope and sequencing that lead to increasing levels of difficulty are spelled out. | |
| | | spelled out. | |
| | | Mastery-based instruction is embedded. | |
| | | Formative assessments are available. | |
| | | PreK curriculum is based on student needs, strengths, and interests that focus on | |
| | | all aspects of development: | |
| | | Cognitive, social, emotional, and physical. | |
| | | Curriculum strategies and/or resources shall be developmentally | |
| | | appropriate and include performance-based assessment measures. | |

INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS I The program is based on evidence-based or research-based instructional methodologies that address the significant skill deficits of students with autism in the least restrictive environment.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|---|---|---|
| 5.1 | Instructional Formats | Meaningful instruction takes place in the least restrictive environment with nondisabled peers to the maximum extent appropriate, and staff use instructional formats that: • Are developmentally appropriate. • Are based on student learning needs and abilities. • Vary based on subject/content being taught (e.g., direct instruction, small group, dyads, 1:1 instruction, student-initiated interactions, teacher-direct interactions, independent work, play, and peer-mediated instruction). • Are designed to meet specific IEP objectives. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | PreK instructional methods and/or strategies are congruent with the cognitive, social, emotional and physical skills of early childhood development. | |
| 5.2 | Instructional Outcomes | Instructional strategies result in meaningful outcomes by: Promoting high rates of class-wide and/or school-wide participation. Fostering communication and social interaction. Fostering the use of learned skills across various settings (e.g., school, home, community). | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| 5.3 | Instruction Focuses on Student Development | The instruction emphasizes the development of skills across multiple domains, including: Academic skills to meet the content standards. Communication and language – functional communication systems for students who have emerging communication skills (e.g., American Sign Language, PECS, etc.). Self-determination skills (e.g., choice making, problem solving, self-observation/evaluation, and reinforcement). Self-regulation and self-monitoring (e.g., contingency mapping, self-talk, setting goals, monitoring and delivering reinforcement, and analyzing choices). Social relationships (e.g., supported interaction with typically developing peers, natural environment teaching) to include symbolic play/leisure, imagination, and creativity. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |

INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS I The program is based on evidence-based or research-based instructional methodologies that address the significant skill deficits of students with autism in the least restrictive environment.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|--|--|---|
| 5.4 | Lesson Length | The length of lessons and activities are developmentally and/or age appropriate. | ☐ Fully Implemented☐ Partially Implemented☐ Not Implemented |
| 5.5 | Response to Instruction | Provide students with various methods to respond based on individual needs (e.g., vocal, written, AAC, etc.). Provide students with multiple opportunities to respond. Provide feedback as needed (e.g., correction and/or confirmation of correct response) and adjust instruction based on student response. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| 5.6 | Generalization and Maintenance of Skills | Instructional methods should include a clear plan to: Systematically program and assess the generalization and maintenance of learned skills. Provide opportunities to generalize and practice learned skills across various environments (e.g., home, school, community) and individuals (e.g., staff, peers, siblings, parents, etc.). | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |

| dicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|---------|------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 6.1 | Family as Active | Parents, family members, and/or caregivers are included as active participants in: | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Participants | All ongoing evaluation and educational processes as IEP team members. | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | Relevant stakeholder activities and/or committees (e.g., advisory | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | councils, SPAN, SEPAG) to the extent of their interest. | |
| 6.2 | Family Support | Provides important local community, State and/or Federal information and | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Services | resources to families in multiple ways (e.g., handbooks, videos, emails, websites, | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | flyers, etc.), such as: | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Community resources. | |
| | | Family support services (See Indicator 7 and Appendix A). | |
| | | Recreational activities outside of school. | |
| | | Other topics/agencies requested by the family. | |
| 6.3 | Cultural | The program demonstrates an awareness of and respect for the culture, | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Competency | language, values, and parenting styles of the families they serve, by: | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | Seeking parental input and preferences. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Providing information and communication in lay terms that is in a | |
| | | language most comfortable for the family. | |
| 6.4 | Family Education | The program makes available family educational opportunities that: | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | | Enable families to acquire new skills and/or increase knowledge to | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | support their child in relation to current educational and/or behavioral goals. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Promote interaction amongst families through training and/or interests based on topics of interest. | |
| | | In the preschool program with specific, identified strategies that assist | |
| | | families in remaining actively involved in their child's education | |
| | | throughout their school years (e.g., Review of the Preschool Day). | |
| 6.5 | Family Meetings | The program responds to parental requests to meet (i.e., outside of scheduled IEP | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | | meetings), by offering flexible times and formats (e.g., phone conference, virtual, | |
| | | etc.) within the constraints of the school policy. | ☐ Not Implemented |

COMMUNITY COLLABORATION I The program links with community agencies to assist families in accessing support and services needed by students with autism and their families.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|---|---|---|
| 7.1 | Program/School Transition Support | Transition support for both sending and receiving programs develop transition plans and support that include: | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | An exchange of information before, during, and after transitions. The sharing of information regarding transitions about practices most likely to support the student's successful adjustment and positive school outcomes. Based on individual needs, considering the student's strengths, preferences, and interests. Staff use a variety of planned and timely strategies with the student and family before, during, and after the transition to support successful adjustments for both the student and the family. | □ Not Implemented |
| 7.2 | Referrals to Community Resources/ Supports | The program assists students and families in accessing updated lists of available resources and services, that may include: Crisis, mental health, social services and family/parent support organizations within the community, as needed. Information about accessing referrals to community resources (e.g., health services, adult education classes, etc.), as needed. Self-advocacy organizations, recreational opportunities, cultural organizations, transportation, and social groups, as needed. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| 7.3 | Community Collaboration | Collaborations with community organizations (e.g., parks and recreation, restaurants, movie theaters, hair salons, etc.) help to ensure the delivery of services to students and families who may benefit from them. The program promotes and fosters collaboration with the community by: • Inviting large corporations, small businesses, and other organizations to support students and their families (e.g., through the creation of a community resource board, sensory friendly events), as needed. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |

PROGRAM EVALUATION I The program engages in program evaluations, relative to the needs of the students with autism, that are measurable, ongoing, and systematically collect data to make decisions regarding educational programming for students with autism.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|------------------|--|-------------------------|
| 8.1 | Annual Program | The program provides regular and ongoing program evaluation reviews (e.g., | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Evaluation | APQI, surveys, etc.) across educational settings and grade levels that assess: | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | The degree to which the program is meeting the needs of students. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | The degree to which the program is meeting the needs of the staff. | |
| | | The degree to which the program is meeting the needs of the families. | |
| | | The degree to which the program is engaging collaboratively with | |
| | | stakeholders in the community. | |
| 8.2 | System-Wide | Written data are gathered reliably and consistently to inform and guide quality | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| 0.2 | • | programming for students with ASD. Data collected from 8.1 will: | |
| | Improvement Plan | | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | Identify needed areas of improvement. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Assist with the development of a targeted improvement plan, as needed. | |
| | | | |

INDIVIDUALIZED STUDENT ASSESSMENTS I Through diagnostic, developmental, and educational assessments using a comprehensive, multidisciplinary approach are used to identify students' strengths, needs, and present level of performance. The assessment data leads to the development of a thorough and appropriate IEP.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|-------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 9.1 | Multidisciplinary | Assessments are conducted by a multidisciplinary team comprised of qualified | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Team | and mandated personnel, as well as those who are knowledgeable regarding the | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | Assessments | characteristics of autism, and the developmental level of the student (e.g., early | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | childhood development, childhood development, adolescent development). Refer | · |
| | | to Indicator 3 regarding knowledgeable staff. | |
| 9.2 | Medical and | Comprehensive records (e.g., medical, early intervention, developmental history, | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Developmental | etc.) are reviewed and incorporated into the students' programming, as | \square Partially Implemented |
| | Considerations | appropriate (Refer to 9.1 regarding multidisciplinary team and qualified personnel). | ☐ Not Implemented |
| 9.3 | Variety of | A variety of measures and sources of information are utilized to assess domains, | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Assessment | as appropriate and necessary. They include but are not limited to assessments for | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | Measures | autism, communication, social emotional and behavioral skills, academics, and adaptive behavior. | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Appropriate, most recent versions of, standardized, developmental screening measures and/or observational methods (e.g., KABC-2, BASC-3, Vineland, Developmental Profile-3, ADIR). Autism-specific measures (e.g., CARS-2, MIGDS-2, SRS-2, ADOS-2, GARS-3). Family input, (Refer to Indicator 6 Family Engagement). Review of recent progress and functional level. Review and consideration of documentation from outside reports, records, and/or testing (e.g., MIGDAS-2). Criterion referenced assessments. This list serves as an example of potential assessment measures and is not | |
| | | exhaustive. The most recent versions of the assessments should be used. | |
| 9.4 | Assessments | For both vocal and non-vocal students' assessments use standardized measures, | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Across Domains | family report, observation, and spontaneous language samples to assess skills | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | cover the domains of: | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | 9.4a Speech and Language | |
| | | Receptive and expressive language (e.g., CELF-5, PLS-5, VB-MAPP, etc.). | *Continued next page |

INDIVIDUALIZED STUDENT ASSESSMENTS I Through diagnostic, developmental, and educational assessments using a comprehensive, multidisciplinary approach are used to identify students' strengths, needs, and present level of performance. The assessment data leads to the development of a thorough and appropriate IEP.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|----------------|--|----------------------|
| 9.4 | Assessment | Use of symbol systems (e.g., augmentative communication | |
| Continued | Across Domains | systems/speech-generating devices, phones, tangible items, picture | |
| | Continued | communication, American Sign Language, writing). | |
| | | Pragmatic functions (e.g., Communication Matrix, Conversational | |
| | | Effectiveness Profile, etc.). | |
| | | 9.4b Social, Emotional, and Behavioral Development, assessed by qualified | |
| | | personnel and specific strategies are in place, including: | |
| | | Use of self-regulation and coping skills (e.g., Zones of Regulation, Incredible 5-Point Scale, SEAM™) | |
| | | Assessment of behavioral function using a variety of techniques (e.g., FBA, FA, IISCA) and tools (BESS, SAEBRS, SDQ, SRSS, etc.). | |
| | | Addressing school-based social code of conduct (e.g., hidden curriculum, respect of personal space, etc.). | |
| | | Social skills assessments (e.g., TSLAT, TSSA, ATBS, etc.) | |
| | | 9.4c Sensory , assessed by qualified personnel that consist of assessing students' sensory processing. | |
| | | Sensory needs (e.g., SOSI-M, TSI, Preschool Sense, SPM/SPM-P, sensory screeners, etc.). | |
| | | 9.4d Daily Living/Self-Help Skills, assessed to determine activities of daily living (ADLs) tasks that are in the student repertoire and ADLs that are still developing. Assessment of Functional Living Skills (AFLS). Casey Life Skills Toolkit (CLS). | |
| | | Essential for Living (EFLS). | |
| | | 9.4e Academics, access is linked to students' strengths, needs, and present level | |
| | | of performance, identified by evaluations conducted by a multidisciplinary team comprised of qualified personnel. | |
| | | Curriculum based and/or skill-based assessments (e.g., COR Advantage, | *Continued next page |
| | | ABLLS-R, i-Ready, VB-MAPP, STAR Program, PEAK, FACTER, etc.). | |

INDIVIDUALIZED STUDENT ASSESSMENTS I Through diagnostic, developmental, and educational assessments using a comprehensive, multidisciplinary approach are used to identify students' strengths, needs, and present level of performance. The assessment data leads to the development of a thorough and appropriate IEP.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| 9.4 Continued | Assessments Across Domains Continued | Executive functioning assessments (e.g., Organizing, planning, flexibility, problem solving, BRIEF, TOPS, etc.). Psychological and/or Psychoeducational Evaluations (e.g., CTOPP-2, GORT-5, GSRT, KTEA-3, WISC-IV, WPPSI-IV, SB-V, DAS-II, etc.). | |
| | | 9.4f Preference Assessments , are designed to determine hierarchies under the specific set of circumstances in which they are conducted to determine preference of potential reinforcers. | |
| | | Multiple stimulus without replacement (MSWO); multiple stimulus with replacement (MSW); paired stimulus; single stimulus, and/or free operant. | |
| | | These lists serve as an example of potential assessment measures and is not exhaustive. The most recent versions of the assessments should be used. | |

INDIVIDUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM (IEP) I The IEP includes information for planning, implementing, monitoring, and evaluating learning. IEP goals are based on assessments, students' strengths and needs, and goals are functional and align with early childhood student outcomes.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|----------------|--|-------------------------|
| 10.1 | IEP | Staff members plan, implement, and document instruction that targets IEP goals | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Implementation | daily (Refer to Indicator 10.2). Data are collected on a regular basis for IEP goals, | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | and data-based decision-making frameworks for data analysis are used to | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | evaluate student progress and guide decision making (e.g., at least 3 data points | |
| | | are collected before drawing conclusions and making decisions). | |
| 10.2 | IEP Goals | IEP goals are functional and based on the present level of performance and needs | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | | of students. IEP goals are individual to the student and are derived from | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | assessments (Refer to Indicator 9). IEP goals should address the following | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | domains that align with the Preschool Teaching and Learning Standards, as | |
| | | appropriate: | |
| | | 10.2a Functional Communication | |
| | | Functional communication system for both verbal and nonverbal students | |
| | | target expressive language, receptive language, and nonverbal | |
| | | communication skills (Refer to Indicator 5.3), as appropriate. | |
| | | 22aaaaaaaa | |
| | | 10.2b Social Skills | |
| | | Social skills goals are in place to enhance participation in family, school, | |
| | | and community activities (e.g., imitation, social imitations and response | |
| | | to adults/peers, parallel and interactive play with peers and siblings), as | |
| | | appropriate. | |
| | | 10.2c Leisure, Imagination and Creativity | |
| | | The teaching of play and/or leisure skills focuses on the functional use of | |
| | | toys, down time, and other age-appropriate materials (e.g., Legos, playing | |
| | | cards, board games, etc.), representational/ symbolic play, reciprocity, | |
| | | imaginative and cooperative play with peers, including typically | |
| | | developing peers. | |
| | | | |
| | | 10.2d Academics | |
| | | Academic skills to meet the curriculum aligned to the New Jersey | |
| | | Preschool Learning Standards and/or Student Learning Standards. | *Continued next page |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| 10.2 | IEP Goals | | |
|-----------|-----------|---|--|
| Continued | Continued | 10.2e Behavioral Skills | |
| | | Replacement of challenging behavior that interfere with learning and prosocial behaviors, as appropriate (Refer to Indicator 11.3). | |
| | | 10.2f Self-Management Skills | |
| | | Independent organizational skills and other behaviors that underlie | |
| | | success in general education classrooms (e.g., completing a task | |
| | | independently, following instructions in a group, asking for help, etc.). | |
| | | 10.2g Fine and Gross Motor Skills | |
| | | Fine and gross motor skills used for developmentally and age-appropriate | |
| | | curriculum activities including daily living, creative arts, physical | |
| | | education, and recreation, as appropriate. | |

CHALLENGING BEHAVIORS I Programming for students with autism incorporates behavioral supports based on needs (e.g., tier 3) and proactive planning (e.g., tier 1 and 2 interventions). Supports for challenging behaviors are done as appropriate; therefore, some components of Indicator 11 may not be relevant.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|---------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 11.1 | Class-Wide | The program has a class-wide behavioral system (e.g., tier 1 and tier 2 strategies) | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Behavioral | that: | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | Support Systems | Has clear and concise behavioral expectations and positive reinforcement | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | strategies across settings and school environments. | |
| | | Behavioral expectations are written in observable and measurable | |
| | | terms and posted visibly in the classroom. | |
| | | Positive reinforcement strategies are implemented consistently | |
| | | and immediately to reinforce appropriate behaviors. | |
| | | Collects data to show the effectiveness of the class-wide behavioral | |
| | | support systems and individual students' response to tier 1 and tier 2 | |
| | | strategies for behavior management. | |
| | | Consists of regular reviews and provides ongoing training and support to | |
| | | ensure that the positive reinforcement strategies are used consistently | |
| 11.3 | Dahardanal | and effectively. | |
| 11.2 | Behavioral Assessments | Behavioral assessments are used to understand challenging behaviors and | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Assessments | support direct intervention planning (Refer to Indicator 9 and 11.3), as needed. Behavioral assessments: | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | Are conducted using multiple methods of at least one indirect and one | ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | direct assessment methodology (e.g., interview, rating scales, direct | ☐ Not Applicable |
| | | observations, descriptive analysis, and with expertise, functional analysis | |
| | | [FBAs, PFA, etc.). | |
| | | Are administered by trained and qualified personnel. | |
| | | Identify the specific challenging behaviors that interfere with the | |
| | | student's learning and social interactions. | |
| | | Identify the setting events, antecedents, and consequences of challenging | |
| | | behaviors. | |
| | | Have results that are documented in a written report that includes: | |
| | | A summary of the student's behavior. | |
| | | A list of specific and measurable behavioral goals. | |
| | | Recommendations for interventions that are evidence-based and | |
| | | tailored to the student's individual needs. | |
| | | | *Continued next page |

CHALLENGING BEHAVIORS I Programming for students with autism incorporates behavioral supports based on needs (e.g., tier 3) and proactive planning (e.g., tier 1 and 2 interventions). Supports for challenging behaviors are done as appropriate; therefore, some components of Indicator 11 may not be relevant.

| Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|-------------------|---|--|---|
| 11.2 Continued | Behavioral Assessments | The report is reviewed by the IEP team, including the student's family, to ensure that it is understandable and actionable. | |
| | Continued | Are conducted in a timely manner in relation to the identified need of the student. | |
| 11.3 | Behavior Intervention Plans (BIP) | A comprehensive behavior intervention plan (BIP) is created in collaboration with the family, that includes: Preventative measures, replacement skills, response strategies and reinforcement system(s). Specific and measurable goals for the reduction of challenging behaviors, including thinning/fading and termination criteria. Reviews by the team regularly to determine its effectiveness in reducing challenging behaviors (Refer to Indicator 11.4). | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented ☐ Not Applicable |
| 11.4 | Data-Driven Decision Making | Data are collected on the student's challenging behaviors before, during, and after implementing an individualized behavior intervention plan (BIP). Data are collected using a standardized method (e.g., frequency, duration, latency, etc.) and displayed in a meaningful way (e.g., graphs, tables, etc.). Data are collected on the student's challenging behaviors across all relevant settings. Data are reviewed, at minimum, on a weekly basis to determine effectiveness of the intervention. | □ Fully Implemented □ Partially Implemented □ Not Implemented □ Not Applicable |
| 11.5 | Persistent Behaviors | When challenging behavior continues despite the use of the procedures outlined in 11.1- 11.3, the contributing factors are re-assessed, which may include, but not limited to, medical considerations, changes in personal circumstances, implementation of IEP supports, staff training, motivational systems, educational environment, and consistency of BIP implementation. • If modifications to the BIP are needed, an IEP team meeting is held to address proposed changes and/or updates. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented ☐ Not Applicable |
| 11.6 | Restraint and Seclusion | Restraint and seclusion should only be used by trained personnel and as a last resort in compliance with the most recent federal and state laws and regulations. At minimum: | ☐ Fully Implemented☐ Partially Implemented☐ Not Implemented☐ Not Applicable |

CHALLENGING BEHAVIORS I Programming for students with autism incorporates behavioral supports based on needs (e.g., tier 3) and proactive planning (e.g., tier 1 and 2 interventions). Supports for challenging behaviors are done as appropriate; therefore, some components of Indicator 11 may not be relevant.

| Restraint and Seclusion Continued Data are collected on the frequency, duration, and reason for the use of the restraint and seclusion. Parents are notified any time a behavioral incident results in restraint or seclusion techniques being used by staff on a student. Clear policies and procedures are in place to ensure the safety and well-being of the student, staff, and others in the environment. Policies and procedures are reviewed regularly to ensure that they are consistent with current laws and regulations and that they reflect best practices. | Indicator | Component | Description | Implementation Level |
|---|-----------|-------------------------|---|----------------------|
| decision-making procedures for instances where restraint and/or seclusion are used more than once for a) the same | 11.6 | Restraint and Seclusion | Ongoing training and support is provided to all staff on alternative behavioral intervention strategies, that may include de-escalation procedures and protocols. Data are collected on the frequency, duration, and reason for the use of the restraint and seclusion, as well as the effectiveness of the interventions that were attempted prior to the use of restraint and seclusion. Parents are notified any time a behavioral incident results in restraint or seclusion techniques being used by staff on a student. Clear policies and procedures are in place to ensure the safety and well-being of the student, staff, and others in the environment. Policies and procedures are reviewed regularly to ensure that they are consistent with current laws and regulations and that they reflect best practices. Policies and procedures outline a process to review data and decision-making procedures for instances where restraint | Implementation Level |

| ndicator | Components | Description | Implementation Level |
|----------|--|---|---|
| 12.1 | Least Restrictive Environmental Supports | The program will ensure that students with autism receive educational services and support in the least restrictive environment appropriate to their individual needs. The program will: Provide appropriate individualized accommodations and modifications, such as, social skills groups, assistive technology, and positive behavior supports. Provide ongoing training and support to staff on inclusive practices, such as universal design for learning, differentiated instruction, and co- | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | teaching. Have clear policies and procedures in place that ensure that the student has the same educational opportunities and experiences as their non-disabled peers (e.g., extracurricular activities, field trips, etc.). Regularly review and evaluate the effectiveness of its least restrictive environmental supports (Indicator 14). | |
| 12.2 | Continuum of Programming Options | A continuum of program options is made available, and placement is determined by: Individual needs regarding specific skills (e.g., social, academic, communication, etc.). Most appropriate environment where skills can be addressed (e.g., social skills should be taught in an inclusive setting). Refer to the most recent federal and state laws and regulations regarding the | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| 12.3 | Interactions with Peers | continuum of programming options. Programs ensure that students with autism have regular opportunities to interact with peers across a variety of settings, as appropriate. Programs will foster meaningful peer interactions by: | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| | | Having clear policies and procedures in place that promote positive social interactions with peers. This may include providing structured opportunities for peer interactions (e.g., peer support groups, social skills groups, etc.). Providing ongoing training for staff on evidence-based practices for promoting positive peer interactions. | · |

PROGRAM TRANSITIONS I Programs include written program transition plans based on individual student needs and actively support collaboration between student, families, and school, when appropriate.

| Indicator | Components | Description | Implementation Level |
|-----------|--|---|---|
| 13.1 | Program Transition Assessments | Program transition assessments are conducted as needed to evaluate the student's skills, interests, and needs to help identify appropriate goals and strategies for supporting the student's transition and success in new environments. Program transitions should include the transition from early intervention to preschool in order to address the full continuum of transitions, as needed. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented ☐ Not Applicable |
| 13.2 | Engagement of Student and Families | The active participation of the student, to the appropriate extent possible, and the family are included to assist with: Transition assessments (e.g., Identifying individual student's interests, strengths, and areas of need). Transition planning (e.g., guiding the development of a plan that is relevant and meaningful for the student). | □ Fully Implemented □ Partially Implemented □ Not Implemented □ Not Applicable |
| 13.3 | Program Transition Planning | Transition planning begins as soon as a change in placement is anticipated to occur. Transitions include but are not limited to one classroom to another, one program to another, and one service delivery system to another. Transition planning: Begins while the student is in the current placement. Provides the student and family with the opportunity to visit the new setting (e.g., meet teachers, view classroom). Integrates considerations of future placements (i.e., skills and supports needed in the next classroom or school setting). Includes teacher preparation and other supports to facilitate success in the new setting (e.g., training for peers and support staff). | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented ☐ Not Applicable |
| 13.4 | Program Transition Plan Requirements | A program transition plan includes: A statement of current supports and needs. Identification of necessary supports within the new setting. A schedule of training for receiving staff. A detailed description of the transition process. | □ Fully Implemented □ Partially Implemented □ Not Implemented □ Not Applicable |
| 13.5 | Program Transition Implementation | The program transition plan provides for sufficient time to implement all components (e.g., identified supports and training) and is reviewed before, during, and after the transition. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented ☐ Not Applicable |

| dicator | Components | Description | Implementation Level |
|---------|--|--|--|
| 14.1 | Data Collection on IEP Goals | Student progress on IEP goals is collected and assessed: In at least two different ways (e.g., formal/informal assessment, criterion and/or skills based assessment, direct observation). Using data that accurately capture the skill identified in the IEP goal (e.g., if accurate identification of letters is an IEP goal, then the data show how many letters the student can accurately select when asked). | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| 14.2 | Modifications to Instructional Program | The program uses a systematic process for assessing individual student progress and modifies the instructional program and/or intensity of services when one or more the following occur: IEP benchmarks have not been achieved within the mandated progress reporting periods. Progress toward IEP benchmarks has not been demonstrated and modifications to instructional strategies have not been successful. There is an unexpected change in the student's behavior or health status. Significant change occurs in the home, school or community setting. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| 14.3 | Considerations | If a student requires a change in instructional program or intensity (per 14.1) the program considers the following changes and systematically analyzes their effects on a student's performance by: • Providing additional consultation and training. • Increasing the use of behavioral supports to address skill development and/or to enhance motivation. • Modifying curricula and/or changing instructional approach. • Increasing length of time for instructional periods and/or related services. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented ☐ Not Applicable |
| 14.4 | Family Reports | The program provides the family with a report that includes a statement of progress on specific IEP goals and objectives in alignment with mandated reporting periods. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented |
| 14.5 | Modifications to IEP | When there is a need to consider modifications to the IEP, the teacher or designee routinely reports such need to the child study team/case manager. | ☐ Fully Implemented ☐ Partially Implemented ☐ Not Implemented ☐ Not Applicable |

| INDIVIDUAL F | AL PROGRESS REVIEW AND MONITORING I Mechanisms for reviewing and monitoring program and student progress is needed. | | |
|--------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Indicator | Components | Description | Implementation Level |
| 14.6 | Annual Student | On an annual basis, student progress is summarized and reviewed by a | ☐ Fully Implemented |
| | Reports | collaborative educational team. Student progress is disseminated to | ☐ Partially Implemented |
| | | student, family, and other related service providers. | ☐ Not Implemented |

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