

COVID-19 Weekly Activity Report

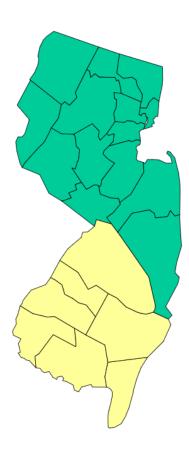
Week ending March 9, 2023



Highlights

- CDC COVID-19 <u>Community Levels</u> for the week ending March 9, 2023:
 - \circ $\,$ Medium in 7 counties, and Low in 14 counties.
 - \circ $\;$ Since last week, Morris and Sussex have decreased from Medium to Low.
 - o Compared to last week, Morris and Sussex have had decreased rates of new hospital admissions.
 - The percentage of inpatient beds occupied by COVD-19 patients continues to be low for all counties.
- CDC COVID-19 <u>Community Transmission</u> levels used for healthcare settings are Substantial in 15 counties and Moderate in 6 counties as of March 9, 2023.

1. COVID-19 Community Levels used for Most Settings



Layered prevention strategies can help limit severe disease and reduce potential strain on the healthcare system. <u>CDC COVID-19 Community Levels</u> are a tool to help communities and individuals determine what prevention measures to take.

The COVID-19 community level is determined by the higher of the new hospital admissions and inpatient beds metrics, based on the current level of new cases per 100,000 population in the past 7 days. COVID-19 community levels are classified as low, medium, or high as follows:

COVID-19 Community Levels					
New COVID-19 Cases Per 100,000 in the past 7 days	Hospitalization Indicators	Low	Medium	High	
Fewer than 200	New COVID-19 admissions per 100,000 population (7-day total)	<10.0	10.0-19.9	≥20.0	
	Percent of staffed inpatient beds occupied by COVID-19 patients (7-day average)	<10.0%	10.0-14.9%	≥15.0%	
200 or more	New COVID-19 admissions per 100,000 population (7-day total)	NA	<10.0	≥10.0	

The following table includes recommendations for protecting yourself, your family, and communities. Additional information can be found at: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/community-levels.html#anchor_47145</u>.

COVID-19 Community Level	Protect yourself and your family	Protect your communities, schools, and workplaces
Low	 Stay <u>up to date</u> with COVID-19 vaccines and boosters. Stay home if you are sick. Avoid contact with people who have suspected or confirmed COVID-19. Follow <u>isolation & post-exposure</u> recommendations and wear a <u>mask</u> through day 10. Get tested if exposed to someone with COVID-19, if you develop COVID-19 symptoms, and before/after travel. Keep at-home tests on hand. <u>https://www.covid.gov/tests</u>Look for ways to improve airflow when home or indoors. Wash your hands frequently. Clean and disinfect your home. If you are at high risk for severe disease, have a plan for rapid testing and talk to your healthcare provider about whether you are a candidate for treatments. 	 Promote equitable access to COVID-19 vaccines, testing, treatment, masks, outreach, and support services, particularly for those at high risk of severe illness and vulnerable populations. Contact your local health department (LHD) for information. Ensure isolation & post-exposure recommendations are followed. Maintain good indoor ventilation and airflow. Teach and reinforce importance of proper hand hygiene and respiratory etiquette. Ensure routine cleaning and disinfecting of buildings and facilities. Maintain screening testing infrastructure to allow for easier scale up when COVID-19 community levels are medium or high.
Medium	 Follow recommendations for 'Low' above and: If you are at high risk for severe illness from COVID-19, wear a high-quality mask or respirator (e.g., N95) when indoors in public. If you spend time with someone at high risk for severe illness from COVID-19, consider self-testing before you see them and wearing a high-quality mask when indoors with them. 	 Follow recommendations for 'Low' above and: Schools serving students who are at risk for getting very sick with COVID-19, such as those with moderate or severe immunocompromise or complex medical conditions, can consider implementing screening testing.
High	 Follow recommendations for 'Low' and 'Medium' above and: Wear a high-quality mask or respirator. If you are at high risk for severe illness from COVID-19, avoid non-essential indoor activities in public where you could be exposed. 	 Follow recommendations for 'Low' and 'Medium' above and: Implement enhanced prevention measures in high-risk congregate settings, such as in homeless service sites and correctional facilities. Enhanced strategies include requiring universal indoor masking regardless of vaccination status, increasing/improving ventilation, increasing physical distance between individuals in congregate areas, and holding group activities outdoors. High-risk congregate settings should consult with their LHD about implementing facility-wide routine screening testing. School and childcare settings may consider implementing screening testing for high-risk activities, before/after events, and when returning from breaks such as, holidays, spring break, and/or at the beginning of the school year.

County	COVID Community Level		New COVID-19 Cases per 100,000		New Hospital Admissions per 100,000			Percentage of Inpatient Beds Occupied by COVID-19 patients				
	Current Level	Previous Week Level	Change since Previous Week	Current Value	Current Level	Change since Previous Week	Current Value	Current Level	Change since Previous Week	Current Value	Current Level	Change since Previous Week
Atlantic	Medium	Medium	(-)	79.3	<200	(-)	14.9	Medium	(-)	2.7	Low	(-)
Bergen	Low	Low	(-)	60.9	<200	(-)	3.7	Low	(-)	2.9	Low	(-)
Burlington	Medium	Medium	(-)	68.9	<200	(-)	13.8	Medium	(-)	4.1	Low	(-)
Camden	Medium	Medium	(-)	68.9	<200	(-)	13.8	Medium	(-)	4.1	Low	(-)
Cape May	Medium	Medium	(-)	67.4	<200	(-)	14.9	Medium	(-)	2.7	Low	(-)
Cumberland	Medium	Medium	(-)	66.2	<200	(-)	18.1	Medium	(-)	5.7	Low	(-)
Essex	Low	Low	(-)	45.3	<200	(-)	5.2	Low	(-)	3.2	Low	(-)
Gloucester	Medium	Medium	(-)	68.2	<200	(-)	13.8	Medium	(-)	4.1	Low	(-)
Hudson	Low	Low	(-)	47.2	<200	(-)	3.7	Low	(-)	2.9	Low	(-)
Hunterdon	Low	Low	(-)	46.6	<200	(-)	6.1	Low	(-)	2.1	Low	(-)
Mercer	Low	Low	(-)	59.9	<200	(-)	4.6	Low	(-)	3.5	Low	(-)
Middlesex	Low	Low	(-)	58.8	<200	(-)	5.2	Low	(-)	3.2	Low	(-)
Monmouth	Low	Low	(-)	61.7	<200	(-)	3.3	Low	(-)	5.5	Low	(-)
Morris	Low	Medium	(4)	54.9	<200	(-)	7.3	Low	(↓)	2	Low	(-)
Ocean	Low	Low	(–)	59.0	<200	(-)	3.3	Low	(–)	5.5	Low	(-)
Passaic	Low	Low	(-)	56.0	<200	(-)	3.7	Low	(-)	2.9	Low	(-)
Salem	Medium	Medium	(-)	97.8	<200	(–)	13.8	Medium	(-)	4.1	Low	(-)
Somerset	Low	Low	(-)	51.7	<200	(-)	5.2	Low	(-)	3.2	Low	(-)
Sussex	Low	Medium	(小)	32.7	<200	(-)	7.3	Low	(↓)	2	Low	(-)
Union	Low	Low	(-)	47.6	<200	(-)	5.2	Low	(-)	3.2	Low	(-)
Warren	Low	Low	(-)	45.6	<200	(-)	6.1	Low	(-)	2.1	Low	(-)

Table 1. COVID-19 Community Levels for current week ending March 9, 2023 and change since previous week.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. COVID Data Tracker. Atlanta, GA: US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC; 2023, March 9. <u>https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker</u>

2. Community Transmission Levels used for Healthcare Settings



In general, COVID-19 Community Levels should not be used to inform decision-making in healthcare settings, such as hospitals and nursing homes. The CDC and NJDOH recommend the use of <u>CDC Community</u> <u>Transmission levels</u> for healthcare settings to assess risk of COVID-19 transmission to inform mitigation measures.

Two indicators, case rate and percent positivity, are used to determine the level of SARS-CoV-2 transmission for a county. If the two indicators suggest different transmission levels, the higher level is selected.

Community transmission risk is classified as low, moderate, substantial, or high as follows:

Community Transmission Levels					
Indicator	Low	Moderate	Substantial	High	
New cases per 100,000 persons in the past 7 days	<10	10 - 49.99	50 - 99.99	≥100	
Percentage of positive NAAT tests in the past 7 days	<5%	5 - 7.99%	8 - 9.99%	≥10.0%	

Table 2. COVID-19 Transmission Levels as of March 9, 2023

County	Community Transmission Level		00,000 persons in the st 7 days	Percentage of positive NAAT tests in the past 7 days		
Atlantic	Substantial	79.27	Substantial	8.33	Substantial	
Bergen	Substantial	60.93	Substantial	3.81	Low	
Burlington	Substantial	68.93	Substantial	7.5	Moderate	
Camden	Substantial	68.91	Substantial	7.27	Moderate	
Cape May	Substantial	67.36	Substantial	5.6	Moderate	
Cumberland	Substantial	66.21	Substantial	5.53	Moderate	
Essex	Moderate	45.31	Moderate	4.14	Low	
Gloucester	Substantial	68.24	Substantial	6.22	Moderate	
Hudson	Moderate	47.15	Moderate	3.71	Low	
Hunterdon	Moderate	46.63	Moderate	5.67	Moderate	
Mercer	Substantial	59.88	Substantial	3.8	Low	
Middlesex	Substantial	58.78	Substantial	6.1	Moderate	
Monmouth	Substantial	61.73	Substantial	5.18	Moderate	
Morris	Substantial	54.9	Substantial	5.75	Moderate	
Ocean	Substantial	58.96	Substantial	4.51	Low	
Passaic	Substantial	56	Substantial	4.59	Low	
Salem	Substantial	97.78	Substantial	8.4	Substantial	
Somerset	Substantial	51.68	Substantial	6.83	Moderate	
Sussex	Moderate	32.74	Moderate	4.54	Low	
Union	Moderate	47.63	Moderate	4.65	Low	
Warren	Moderate	45.6	Moderate	5.57	Moderate	

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. COVID Data Tracker. Atlanta, GA: US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC; 2023, March 9. <u>https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker</u>

.	Recommendations for Healthcare Settings*					
This table uses the <u>CDC's Community Transmission levels</u> for healthcare settings, which are separate from the <u>CDC's COVID-</u>						
<u>19 Community Levels</u> . Information from this table is adopted from CDC <u>Interim Infection Prevention and Control</u>						
<u>Recommendations for Healthcare Personnel During the Coronavirus Disease 2019</u> (COVID-19) Pandemic, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid services (CMS) & NJDOH.						
	health care providers subject to <u>DCA Administrative Order No. 2022-01</u> are required to follow NJDOH guidance.					
Licenseu	This table does not supersede any federal or state requirements.					
	 Establish a process to identify and manage individuals with suspected or confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection. Ensure avapuage antoning the facility is aware of recommended actions to provent SARS. CoV-2 transmission 					
	 Ensure everyone entering the facility is aware of recommended actions to prevent SARS-CoV-2 transmission to others, especially when they (1) have a positive SARS-CoV-2 viral test; (2) symptoms of COVID-19; (3) close 					
	contact or a higher-risk exposure to someone with SARS-CoV-2.					
	 Encourage everyone to remain <u>up to date</u> with all recommended COVID-19 vaccine doses. 					
	 Healthcare facilities could choose to not require universal source control. Source control is still recommended 					
	for those who:					
	 Have suspected or confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection or other respiratory infection; or 					
	 Had close contact (patients/residents and visitors) or higher risk exposure with someone with SARS- 					
	CoV-2 infection, for 10 days after their exposure; or					
	• Reside or work on a unit/area of the facility experiencing a SARS-CoV-2 outbreak; or					
	• Are admitted to a nursing home (including those who leave the nursing home for \geq 24 hours) source					
Low	control should be worn for 10 days; or					
	 As recommended by public health authorities; or 					
	 Are located in a county where the COVID-19 Community Level is high. 					
	 Optimize the use of engineering controls and indoor air quality. 					
	 Create a process to respond to SARS-CoV-2 exposures among healthcare personnel (HCP) and others. 					
	 Develop a plan for implementing universal use of personal protective equipment (PPE). This includes 					
	consideration for implementing universal use of NIOSH-approved N95 or equivalent and eye protection for					
	HCP during all patient encounters or in specific areas of the facility at higher risk for SARS-CoV-2 transmission,					
	and all aerosol-generating procedures.					
	• Screening testing for identifying asymptomatic infection is likely lower when in counties with lower levels of					
	SARS-CoV-2 community transmission and should generally be performed at the discretion of the facility. However, settings covered under <u>ED 21-011</u> should continue to test in accordance with the current directive.					
	 Long-term care facilities (LTCFs) may provide testing to visitors. 					
Moderate	 Follow recommendations for 'Low' 					
Woderate	 Refer to 'Low' and 'Moderate' above, in addition to this section. 					
	 Consider increasing the frequency of daily patient/resident monitoring for fever and other signs of COVID-19 					
	or an acute respiratory infection.					
	 Consider implementing universal use of NIOSH-approved N95 or equivalent and eye protection for HCP during 					
Substantial	all patient encounters or specific areas of the facility at higher risk for SARS-CoV-2 transmission, all aerosol-					
	generating procedures, and surgical procedures that might pose a higher risk for transmission if the patient					
	has or is incubating SARS-CoV-2 infection.					
	Consider universal source control for everyone in a healthcare setting when they are in areas of the					
	healthcare facility where they could encounter patients/residents.					
	Refer to 'Low' 'Moderate' and 'Substantial' above, in addition to this section.					
	• Source control is recommended for everyone in a healthcare setting when they are in areas of the healthcare					
	facility where they could encounter patients/residents.					
	• HCP could choose not to wear source control when they are in well-defined areas that are restricted					
	from patient/resident access (e.g., staff meeting rooms) if they do not otherwise meet the criteria for					
	source control and COVID-19 Community Levels are not also high. When COVID-19 Community Levels					
High	are high, source control is recommended for everyone in all areas of the facility.					
	• Regardless of vaccine status, nursing home patients/residents are recommended to be tested upon admission (including those who leave the facility for >24 hours) and if negative tested again 48 hours after the first					
	(including those who leave the facility for ≥24 hours) and, if negative, tested again 48 hours after the first negative test and, if negative, again 48 hours after the second negative test.					
	 Recommend implementing universal use of NIOSH-approved N95 or equivalent and eye protection for HCP 					
	during all patient encounters or specific areas of the facility at higher risk for SARS-CoV-2 transmission, all					
	aerosol-generating procedures, and surgical procedures that might pose a higher risk for transmission if the					
	patient has or is incubating SARS-CoV-2 infection.					