

Vector-borne Surveillance Report

CDC Week 30: July 23 - 29, 2023



Report Highlights:

- There are no reported human or animal cases of West Nile Virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis (EEE), or Jamestown Canyon virus (JCV) in 2023. NJDOH is investigating one potential case of WNV.
- 28 mosquito pools tested positive for WNV in week 30, for a total of 90 mosquito pools this year in 15 counties. This is lower than last year and below the 5-year average. Bergen County has the highest number of positive pools (27), followed by Hudson County (9).
- No mosquito pools tested positive for JCV or EEE this week; to date in 2023, 1 pool tested positive for JCV in Cumberland County and no mosquito pools have tested positive for EEE.
- The number of tick-related emergency department remains high compared to this time last year and is higher than the 5-year average but continues to decline.
- The number of Lyme disease cases this week remains higher than the number reported during this time last year.
- N.J. vector-borne disease data is available online: https://dashboards.doh.nj.gov/views/public_dashboard/Intro and can be accessed on the "Fight the Bite N.J." webpage: https://www.nj.gov/health/cd/topics/vectorborne.shtml.

Vector-borne Disease Case Summary

N.J.A.C.8:57 mandates public health reporting of communicable diseases. 2023 data reflect cases that have been approved by NJDOH and do not include cases under investigation. Due to the time needed for public health investigation, the number of tickborne diseases (with the exception of Lyme disease) may be significantly lower than actual counts and should be interpreted with caution. All 2023 numbers are preliminary and subject to change. Case counts for 2022 reflect the annual total for that year.

Mosquito-borr	e diseases		Tickborne Diseases/Conditions			
	2023	2022		2023	2022	
Chikungunya	8	2	Alpha-gal syndrome	76	234	
Dengue	13	35	Anaplasmosis	90	125	
Eastern equine encephalitis	-	-	Babesiosis	112	292	
Jamestown Canyon	-	-	Borrelia miyamotoi	2	6	
Malaria	31	86	Ehrlichiosis (chaffeensis, ewingii)	53	115	
West Nile	-	20	Lyme disease*	4,064	5,897	
Zika	-	-	Powassan	-	2	
			Spotted fever group rickettsioses	12	35	
			Tularemia	1	1	

^{*} Lyme disease surveillance transitioned to laboratory-based surveillance in 2022.

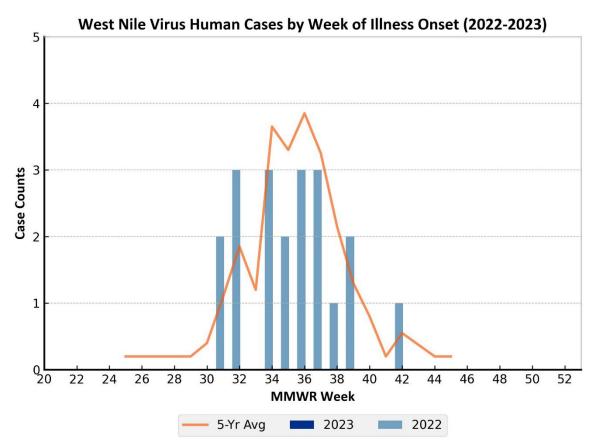
Mosquito-borne Disease Activity

The New Jersey Department of Health Public Health and Environmental Laboratories (PHEL) performs arboviral testing on mosquito pools collected by county mosquito control agencies throughout New Jersey.*

*Test results may be incomplete as counties submit pools for testing on specific weekdays. Data reflects test results downloaded from JerseySurv on August 2, 2023

West Nile Virus

- There have been no human or animal cases of WNV reported in New Jersey in 2023. NJDOH is investigating one potential case.
- 4,294 pools from 21 counties have been tested for WNV. 28 pools tested positive in week 30 in 10 counties and a total of 90 mosquito pools have tested positive for WNV so far this year. The positive pools were found in: *Culex sp. (14), Culex erraticus* (1), *Culex pipiens (2), Culex pipiens/restuans/salinarius (72)*, and *Culex restuans (1)*.
- The first WNV positive mosquito pool (*Culex pipiens/restuans/salinarius*) was detected in week 24 from Bergen County. In 2022, the first WNV positive pool was detected in Week 22 from Burlington County.

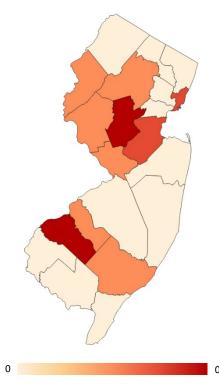


WNV Mosquito Pool Testing

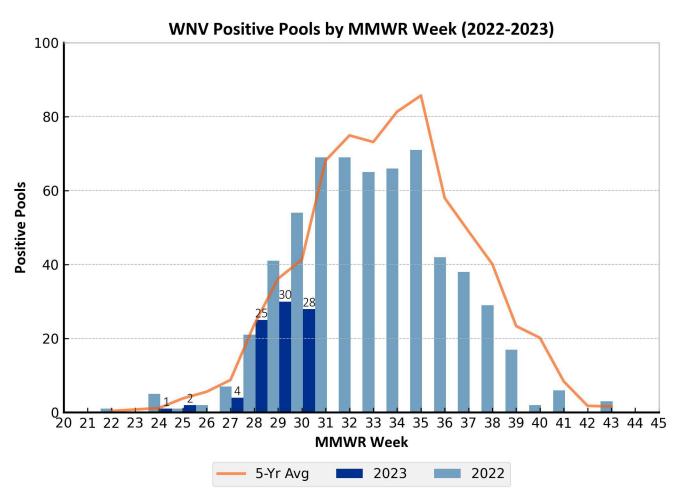
	WE	WEEK	WEEK 30				
	Positive Pools		Total* (WEEK 30)	Tested*	Vector Index	
County	2023	2023 2022		2022	2023	2023 ^t	
Bergen		16	27	31	160	0	(4)
Hudson	6	7	9	16	132	0.671	(个)
Union			8	21	83	0	(↓)
Camden	1	4	6	4	169	0.168	(↓)
Hunterdon	2		6		202	0.191	(个)
Middlesex	6	1	6	9	169	0.612	(个)
Morris	2	1	5	7	238	0.269	(个)
Somerset	3	1	5	3	150	0.804	(个)
Atlantic	1		4		176	0.340	(个)
Mercer	3	7	4	10	219	0.143	(个)
Cape May			3		239	0	(—)
Gloucester	2	1	3	3	459	0.746	(个)
Warren	2		2		247	0.231	(个)
Burlington		4	1	9	99	0	(-)
Salem			1	1	233	0	(—)
Cumberland					193	0	(—)
Essex		2		3	126	0	(—)
Monmouth		1		3	218	0	(—)
Ocean		4		4	202	0	(-)
Passaic		5		8	127	0	(—)
Sussex			-		453	0	(-)
Total	28	54	90	132	4294	-	·

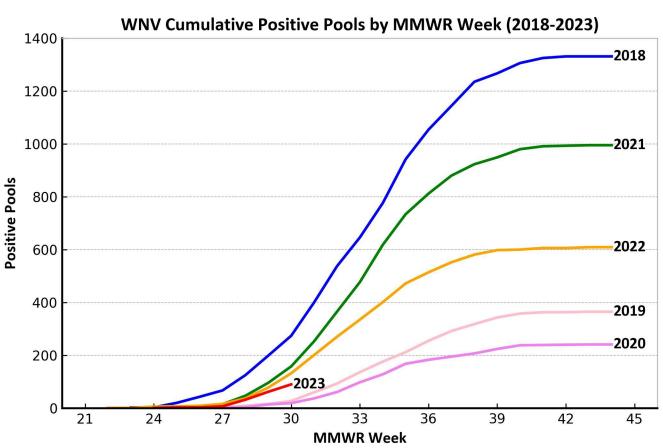
WEEK 30: July 24 - 30, 2022; July 23 - 29, 2023. *The number of pools tested for 9 counties includes early season collections that were specifically targeting JCV: Camden (9), Cape May (15), Cumberland (13), Essex (3), Gloucester (100), Mercer (7), Morris (18), Salem (8), Sussex (92), and Warren (27).

WNV Vector Index, WEEK 30t

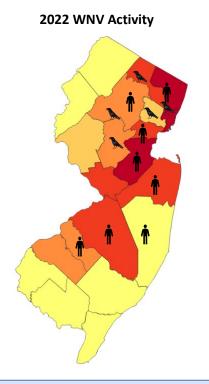


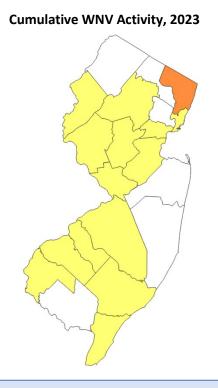
^tVector Index is calculated based on *Ae.* taeniorhynchus, *An. quadrimaculatus*, and all *Culex* species caught in gravid traps only.





WNV Positive Pools > 50 ≤ 50 ≤ 30 ≤ 20 < 10 0 Note the pools of the pools of the pool of the





Eastern Equine Encephalitis

- There have been no human or animal cases of EEE in New Jersey in 2023. EEE human cases were last reported in 2019 (4 cases).
- A total of 4,153 pools from 21 counties have been tested for EEE. No positive EEE pools have been identified in 2023. In 2022, the first EEE positive pool was detected in Week 33 from Morris County.

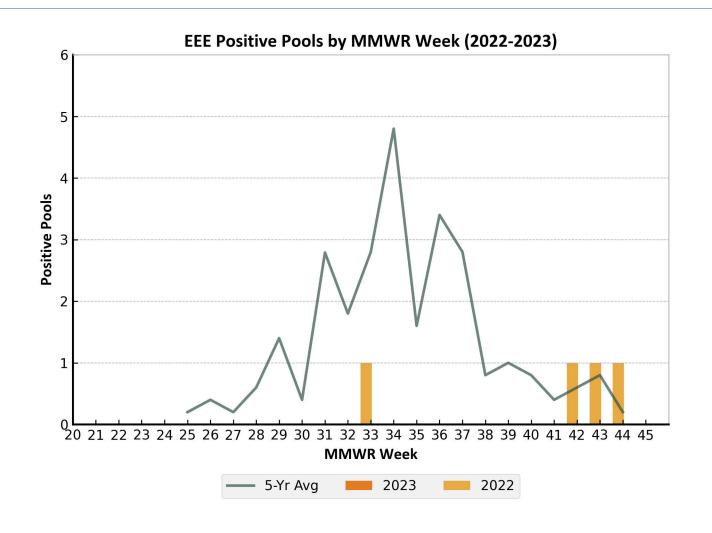
EEE Mosquito Pool Testing

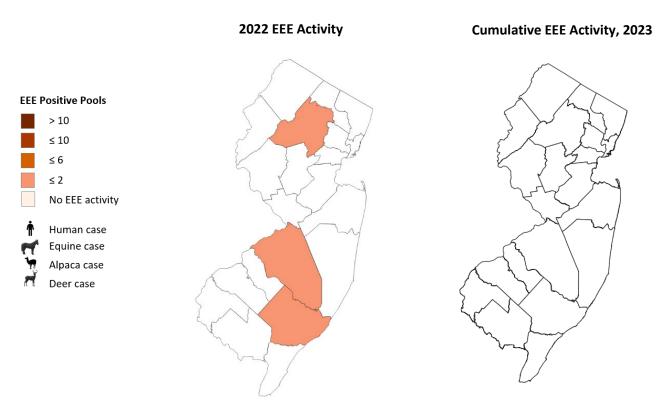
	WE	EK 30	Cumula	tive Pos.	# Pools	Cumulative
	Positive Pools		Total* (V	VEEK 30)	Tested	MFIR
County	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2023
Atlantic					176	
Bergen					160	
Burlington					98	
Camden					162	
Cape May					239	
Cumberland					193	
Essex					126	
Gloucester					459	
Hudson					132	
Hunterdon					200	
Mercer					208	
Middlesex					169	
Monmouth					218	
Morris					220	
Ocean					202	
Passaic					127	
Salem					203	
Somerset					135	
Sussex					428	
Union					83	
Warren					215	
Total	-	-	-	-	4153	-

Cumulative EEE MFIR, 2023



WEEK 30: July 24 - 30, 2022; July 23 - 29, 2023 *includes early season pools from 9 counties: Camden (9), Cape May (15), Cumberland (13), Essex (3), Gloucester (100), Mercer (7), Morris (18), Salem (8), Sussex (92), and Warren (27).





Jamestown Canyon Virus

- There have been no human cases of JCV in New Jersey in 2023.
- 4,153 pools from 21 counties have been tested for JCV. One positive JCV mosquito pool (*Anopheles quadrimaculatus s.l.*) was identified in Cumberland County in week 25. In 2022, the first JCV positive pool was detected in Week 22 (Bergen County).
- JCV can be detected in early-season mosquitoes. Nine counties submitted early season mosquito pools for JCV testing, with collection dates starting the 1st week of April. These are Camden (9), Cape May (15), Cumberland (13), Essex (3), Gloucester (100), Mercer (7), Morris (18), Salem (8), Sussex (92), and Warren (27). None of the early-season pools was positive for JCV.

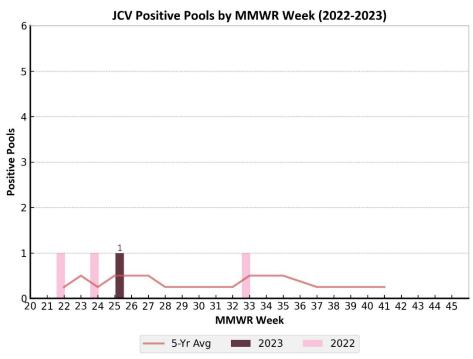
JCV Mosquito Pool Testing

		EK 30		tive Pos.	# Pools	Cumulative
	Positive Pools			VEEK 30)	Tested	MFIR
County	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2023
Cumberland			1		193	0.296
Atlantic					176	
Bergen				2	160	
Burlington					98	
Camden					162	
Cape May					239	
Essex					126	
Gloucester					459	
Hudson					132	
Hunterdon					200	
Mercer					208	
Middlesex					169	
Monmouth					218	
Morris					220	
Ocean					202	
Passaic					127	
Salem					203	
Somerset					135	
Sussex					428	
Union					83	
Warren					215	
Total	-	-	1	2	4153	-

Cumulative JCV MFIR, 2023

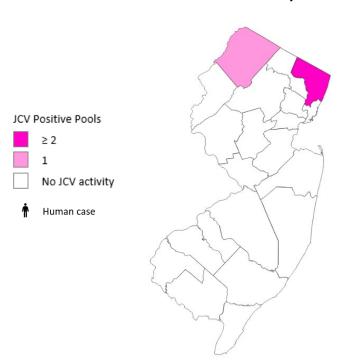


WEEK 30: July 24 - 30, 2022; July 23 - 29, 2023 *includes early season pools from 9 counties



2022 JCV Activity

Cumulative JCV Activity, 2023





Other Mosquito-borne Viruses

• Mosquito pools from 21 counties have been tested for other arboviruses with no positive results.

Cumulative 2023 Mosquito Pool Testing (Other Viruses^a)

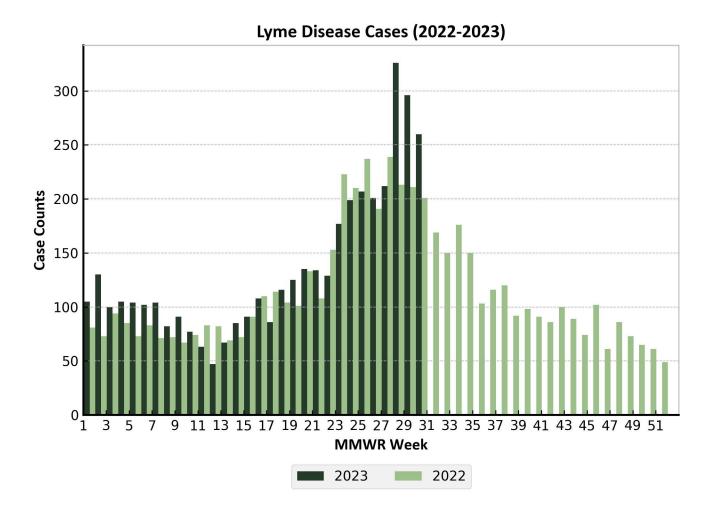
	SLE		LAC		CHIKV		DENV		ZIKV	
County	Pools	Pos								
Atlantic	176		4							
Bergen	160									
Burlington	98		1							
Camden	162		7		3		3		3	
Cape May	239									
Cumberland	193									
Essex	126									
Gloucester	459									
Hudson	132									
Hunterdon	200		2							
Mercer	208		11							
Middlesex	169									
Monmouth	218				2		2		2	
Morris	220									
Ocean	202									
Passaic	127		4							
Salem	203		15							
Somerset	135									
Sussex	428		8							
Union	83									
Warren	215		10							
Total	4153	-	62	-	5	-	5	-	5	-

^a St. Louis virus (SLE), La Crosse encephalitis (LAC), Chikungunya virus (CHIKV), Dengue virus (DENV), Zika Virus (ZIKV) Numbers in white columns represent number of pools tested to date in 2023 Number in blue shaded columns represent positive pools in 2023

Tick-borne Disease Activity

Lyme Disease

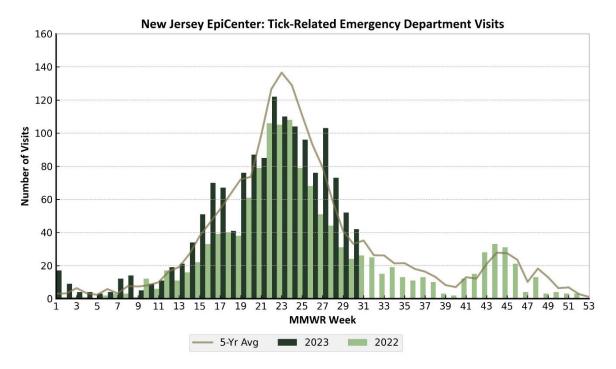
- There have been 4,064 cases of Lyme disease reported in New Jersey in 2023 in 21 counties.
- The number of cases in Week 30 this year is higher than the number of cases reported in 2022.

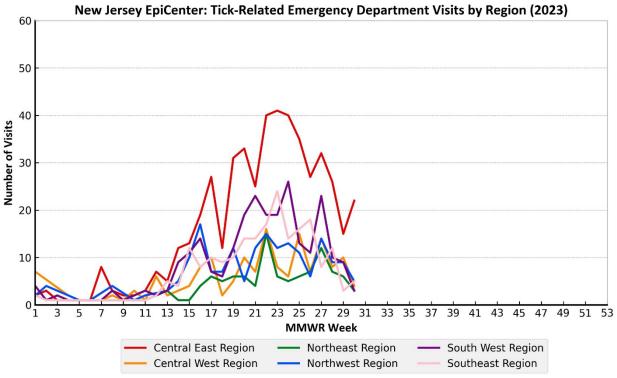


Tick-related Emergency Department Visits

New Jersey's syndromic surveillance system, known as EpiCenter, receives real time Emergency Department (ED) data from 78 acute care and satellite health (99 percent reporting) facilities statewide. The system collects "chief complaint" information and limited patient registration data from existing ED computer systems. The chart below represents N.J. residents seen at emergency departments statewide with a tick-bite complaint or signs/symptoms associated with a reported tick-bite. Tick-related ED visits occur throughout the year with peak number of visits in the summer months and a smaller peak in the fall weeks when adult Ixodes scapularis (blacklegged ticks) are active.

In Week 30, the number of tick-related ED visits is higher than in 2022 and above the 5-year average.





Data reflects ED visits downloaded from EpiCenter as of August 2, 2023

For more information

- NJDOH Communicable Disease Service: http://nj.gov/health/cd/topics/vectorborne.shtml
- New Jersey Vector-borne Disease Dashboard: https://dashboards.doh.nj.gov/views/public_dashboard/Intro
- New Jersey Arboviral Activity Maps: http://bit.ly/JerseySurv
- NJDEP Office of Mosquito Control Coordination: http://www.nj.gov/dep/mosquito/
- NJDA Division of Animal Health: http://www.nj.gov/agriculture/divisions/ah/
- New Jersey Vector-borne Disease Dashboard: https://dashboards.doh.nj.gov/views/public_dashboard/Intro