New Jersey State Cancer Registry
List of reportable diseases and conditions
Revised July 2021

IMPORTANT NOTE: This list is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all reportable conditions. Please refer to the General Rules for Reportability and to the ICD-O-3.2 Manual.

General Rules for Reportability

All cases meeting the following criteria must be reported to the NJSCR:

(a) Any in situ or invasive neoplasm with a behavior code of “/2” or “/3” in the International Classification of Diseases for Oncology (ICD-O) Third Edition

(b) All solid tumors of the brain and central nervous system, including meninges and intracranial endocrine structures, listed in the ICD-O-3.2 with behavior codes of “/0”, “/1”, “/2”, or “/3.”

(c) Any diagnosis including any of the following words:
   Cancer
   Carcinoma
   Adenocarcinoma
   Carcinoid tumor
   Leukemia
   Lymphoma
   Malignant
   Sarcoma

(d) Any reportable diagnosis which contains any of the following ambiguous terms in the final diagnosis:
   Apparent(ly)          Most likely
   Appears               Presumed
   Compatible/Compatible with
   Probable
   Consistent with       Suspect(ed)
   Favors                Suspicious (for)
   Malignant appearing   Typical (of)
Exceptions

Cases meeting the following criteria are not reportable to the NJSCR:

(a) Diagnoses based on cytology specimens containing any ambiguous term listed in (d) above.
(b) Basal cell carcinomas and squamous cell carcinomas of the skin are NOT reportable, except when they are diagnosed in the labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis or scrotum. Carcinoma in situ of the cervix and/or cervical squamous intraepithelial neoplasia III (CIN III) are NOT reportable.

If any uncertainty regarding the reporting of a particular case exists, the health care facility, physician, dentist, other health care provider or independent clinical laboratory shall contact the Department for guidance at (609) 633-0500 or view information on the following website http://www.nj.gov/health/ces/njscr.shtml.

The following conditions are reportable to the NJSCR for the site of origin listed. This list is not meant to be exhaustive. Please refer to the ICD-O-3.2 manual and follow the reportability guidelines above.

ALL SITES

Askin tumor
Chordoma
Cylindroma (except of skin)
Desmoplastic small round cell tumor
Dysgerminoma
Epithelioma, malignant
Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
Germ cell tumor, nonseminomatous
Germinoma
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
Langerhans cell histiocytosis, disseminated (ONLY)
Malignant histiocytosis
Malignant mast cell tumor
Malignant mastocytosis
Malignant tumor, all cell types
Medulloepithelioma
Melanoma
Mesenchymoma, malignant
Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative neoplasm, unclassifiable
Myoepithelioma, malignant
Neuroblastoma
Neuroendocrine Tumor, Grade 1 (NET GR1)
Neuroendocrine Tumor, Grade 2 (NET GR2)
Neuroepithelioma
ALL SITES
- PEComa, malignant
- Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
- Perivascular epithelioid cell tumor, malignant
- Phosphaturic mesenchymal tumor, malignant
- Plasmacytoma
- Polymyobryoma
- Serrated adenocarcinoma
- Sezary syndrome
- Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant
- Squamous intraepithelial neoplasia, grade II (SIN II) (8077/2), except Cervix and Skin
- Squamous intraepithelial neoplasia, grade III (SIN III) (8077/2), except Cervix and Skin
- Yolk sac tumor

ADRENAL
- Adrenal cortical carcinoma
- Adrenal medullary paraganglioma
- Aortic body tumor, malignant
- Carotid body tumor, malignant
- Chromaffin paraganglioma
- Chromaffin tumor
- Chromaffinoma
- Composite pheochromocytoma
- Extra-adrenal paraganglioma, malignant
- Ganglioneuroblastoma
- Germinoma
- Neuroblastoma
- Neuroendocrine carcinoma
- Neuroepithelioma
- Paraganglioma, malignant
- Pheochromoblastoma
- Pheochromocytoma, NOS
- Sympathicoblastoma
- Teratoma, malignant, NOS
- Teratoma w/malignant transformation

ANUS (see G-I tract)

APPENDIX (see G-I tract)

BILE DUCTS (see gall bladder and bile ducts)

BLOOD (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

BLOOD VESSELS (see soft tissues)
BONE AND JOINTS
Adamantinoma
Ameloblastoma, malignant
Angioblastoma (+)
Angiosarcoma
Askin tumor
Chondroblastoma, malignant
Chondrosarcoma
Chordoma
Ewing Sarcoma
Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
Fibrosarcoma (medullary, periosteal, central, endosteal)
Giant cell tumor, malignant
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
Mesenchymal chondrosarcoma
Myeloma
Odontogenic tumor, malignant
Osteogenic Sarcoma
Osteosarcoma
Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
Plasmacytoma
Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant

BONE MARROW (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

BRAIN & CNS (brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, meninges, and other CNS)
Acoustic neuroma (O)
Ameloblastoma, malignant/metastasizing
Angiocentric glioma (+)
Angiolipoma (O)
Angiomatous meningioma (O)
Astroblastoma
Astrocytoma, any type
Atypical choroid plexus papilloma(+)
Atypical lipoma (+)
Atypical meningioma (+)
Atypical teratoid/ rhabdoid tumor
Capillary hemangioma (O)
Cavernous hemangioma (O)
Central neurocytoma (+)
Chordoid glioma (+)
Chordoma, NOS
Choroid plexus papilloma, malignant
Choroid plexus papilloma (O)
Choroid meningioma (+)
Clear cell meningioma (+)
BRAIN & CNS (brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, meninges, and other CNS)
CNS Embryonal tumor, NOS
Dermoid cyst (O)
Desmoplastic infantile astrocytoma (+)
Diffuse melanocytosis (O)
Dyssembryoplastic neuroepithelial tumor (O)
Dysplastic gangliocytoma of cerebellum (O) (Lhermitte-Duclos)
Embryonal tumor with multilayered rosettes, NOS
Embryonal tumor with rhabdoid features
Ependymoblastoma
Ependymoma
Fibrolipoma (O)
Fibroma (O)
Fibrous meningioma (O)
Gangliocytoma (O)
Ganglioglioma (+)
Ganglioneuroblastoma
Ganglioneuroma (O)
Gemistocytic astrocytoma IDH mutant
Germinoma
Glioblastoma
Gliofibroma (+)
Glioma, all types
Gliomatosis cerebri (+)
Glioneural tumor (+)
Glioneuronal tumor (+)
Hemangioblastoma (+)
Hemangioendothelioma, benign (O)
Hemangioendothelioma (+)
Hemangioma (O)
Hemangiopericytoma, benign (O)
Hemangiopericytoma (+)
Hemangiopericytoma, malignant
Leiomyoma (O)
Leiomyomatosis (+)
Lipoma (O)
Medulloblastoma
Medulloepithelioma
Melanotic neurofibroma (O)
Meningeal melanocytosis (+)
Meningeal sarcomatosis
Meningioma, malignant
Meningioma (O)
Meningiomatosis (+)
Meningotheliomatous meningioma (O)
Meningothelial meningioma (O)
**BRAIN & CNS** (brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, meninges, and other CNS)
- Multinodular and vasculating neuronal tumor (MVNT)
- Myxopapillary ependymoma (+)
- Neoplasm, benign (O)
- Neoplasm, uncertain whether benign or malignant (+)
- Neurilemoma (O)
- Neurinomatosis (+)
- Neuroblastoma
- Neurocytoma (O)
- Neuroepithlioma, NOS
- Neuroma (O)
- Neurothekeoma (O)
- Nerve sheath myxoma
- Nerve sheath tumor
- Oligodendrocytoma/Oligodendroblastoma
- Oligodendroglioma
- Pacinian tumor (O)
- Papillary menigioma
- Papillary glioneuronal tumor
- Paraganglioma
- Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
- Perineurioma (O)
- Pineocytoma
- Plexiform neurofibroma (O)
- Polarespiongioblastoma
- Primitive neuroectodermal tumor
- Psammomatous menigioma (O)
- Rhabdomyoma (O)
- Rosette-forming glioneuronal tumor (+)
- Schwannoma (any)
- Smooth muscle tumor (+)
- Soft tissue tumor, benign (O)
- Solitary fibrous tumor (O)
- Spongioblastoma
- Spongioneuroblastoma
- Subependymal astrocytoma
- Subependymal giant cell astrocytoma (+)
- Supependymoma (+)
- Teratoid medulloepithelioma
- Teratoma, benign (O)
- Teratoma (+)
- Transitional meningioma (O)
- Tumor cells, benign (O)
- Tumor cells, malignant
- Venous hemangioma (O)
BREAST

Adenocarcinoma
Adenomyoepithelioma with carcinoma
Apocrine carcinoma
Colloid carcinoma
Comedocarcinoma
Cribriform carcinoma
Cystosarcoma phylloides, malignant only
Ductal carcinoma, in situ
Epithelioma, malignant
Fibroadenoma, malignant only
Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
Glassy cell carcinoma
Glycogen rich carcinoma
Granular cell tumor, malignant
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
Histiocytosis, malignant
Infiltrating carcinoma of the breast such as:
  Duct adenocarcinoma
  Duct and lobular
  Duct carcinoma
  Duct and Paget’s disease
  Ductular
  Lobular
Inflammatory carcinoma
Lipid-rich carcinoma
Lobular carcinoma, in situ
Lobular and intraductal, in situ
Lobular neoplasia grade III (LN III)/lobular intraepithelial neoplasia grade III (LIN III)
Lymphoma
Medullary carcinoma
Mesenchymoma, malignant
Metaplastic carcinoma
Mixed acinar ductal carcinoma
Mucinous carcinoma
Mucoepidermoid carcinoma
Myoepithelioma, malignant
Oncocytic carcinoma
Papillary carcinoma, in situ
Paget’s disease
Periductal stromal tumor, low grade
Phyllodes tumor, malignant
Polymorphous carcinoma
Sebaceous carcinoma
Stromal sarcoma of breast
Tubular carcinoma
BRONCHUS (see lung)

CERVIX (see uterus)

COLON (see G-I tract)

EAR (see skin, soft tissue)

ENDOMETRIUM (see uterus)

ESOPHAGUS (see G-I tract)

EYE
- Diktyoma, malignant
- Epidermoid carcinoma
- Medulloepithelioma, malignant
- Melanoma, malignant
- Mixed tumor, malignant
- Primary choroidal lymphoma
- Retinoblastoma
- Sarcoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell epithelioma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
  (Tumors of the orbit: See soft tissues and Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

FALLOPIAN TUBE (see uterus)

GALL BLADDER AND EXTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenocarcinoma, intestinal type
- Carcinoid tumor, malignant
- Carcinoma (other)
- Cholangiocarcinoma
- Intestinal-type adenoma, high grade
- Klatskin tumor
- Mixed neuroendocrine non-neuroendocrine neoplasm

GASTRO-INTESTINAL TRACT (esophagus, stomach, intestine, appendix, colon, anus)
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenocarcinoma, intestinal type
- Adenoidcystic carcinoma
- (Adeno) carcinoma in Adenomatous polyp with or without invasion of stalk
- Adenosarcoma
- Anal intraepithelial neoplasia (AIN III)
GASTRO-INTESTINAL TRACT (esophagus, stomach, intestine, appendix, colon, anus)

- Apudoma (+)
- Argentaffinoma (+)
- Basaloid squamous cell carcinoma
- Bowen’s disease of anus
- Basal cell adenocarcinoma
- Carcinoid tumor
- Carcinofibroma
- Carcinosarcoma
- Cloacogenic carcinoma
- Combined small cell carcinoma
- Desmoplastic small round cell tumor
- Enterochromaffin cell carcinoid
- Enterochromaffin-like cell tumor, malignant
- Enteroglucagonoma, malignant
- Epidermoid carcinoma
- Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma, malignant
- Extra-adrenal paraganglioma
- Gastrinoma
- Gastroblastoma
- Gastrointestinal autonomic nerve tumor (GANT)
- Gastrointestinal pacemaker cell tumor
- Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST), NOS
- Glucagonoma, malignant
- Hemangiopericytoma, malignant
- High grade appendiceal mucinous neoplasm (HAMN)
- Immunoproliferative disease, small intestine
- Intestinal-type adenoma, high grade
- Kaposi’s Sarcoma
- Leiomyosarcoma
- Linitis plastica
- Lymphoepithelioma-like carcinoma
- Lymphoma
- Medullary carcinoma, NOS
- Medullary carcinoma with lymphoid stroma
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mesenchymoma, malignant
- Micropapillary carcinoma, NOS
- Mixed germ cell tumor
- Mixed neuroendocrine non-neuroendocrine neoplasm
- Mixed tumor of esophagus, malignant only
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- Mucoepidermoid carcinoma
- Neuroendocrine carcinoma
- Pancreatobiliary-type carcinoma
- Paget disease of anus
GASTRO-INTESTINAL TRACT (esophagus, stomach, intestine, appendix, colon, anus)
   Polypoid adenoma, malignant only
   Serrated dysplasia, high grade
   Signet ring cell carcinoma
   Squamous cell carcinoma
   Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-associated
   Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-independent
   Squamous cell epithelioma
   Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
   Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
   Somatostatinoma
   Transitional cell carcinoma
   Tubular adenocarcinoma

HEMATOPOIETIC/LYMPHOID (Including blood, bone marrow, lymph nodes, spleen and tumors of hematopoietic or lymphoid histogenesis found in other sites.)
   Acute erythremic myelosis
   Acute megakaryocytic myelosis
   Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis
   Anaplastic large cell lymphoma ALK-negative/Breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma
   Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm
   Chronic lymphoproliferative disorder of NK cells
   Chronic myeloproliferative disease
   Dendritic cell sarcoma
   DiGuglielmo syndrome
   Erdthiem-Chester Disease
   Erythroleukemia
   Essential thrombocytethemia
   Extraosseous plasmacytoma
   Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
   Heavy chain disease, all such as:
      Alpha
      Gamma (Franklin’s Disease)
      Mu
      Not otherwise specified
   Histiocytic medullary reticulosis
   Histiocytosis, malignant
   Histiocytosis-X, malignant only
   Hodgkin’s Disease, all such as:
      Histiocyte predominant
      Lymphocyte depleted
      Lymphocyte predominant
      Mixed cellularity
      Nodular sclerosing
      Hypereosinophilic syndrome
HEMATOPOIETIC/LYMPHOID (Including blood, bone marrow, lymph nodes, spleen and tumors of hematopoietic or lymphoid histogenesis found in other sites.)

- Idiopathic thrombocythemia
- Immunoproliferative Disease, NOS
- Langerhans cell histiocytosis, disseminated (ONLY)
- Letterer-Siwe’s Disease
- Leukemia, all
- Leukemic reticuloendotheliosis
- Lymphoid neoplasm
- Lymphoma, all
- Lymphomatoid granulomatosis, grade 3
- Lymphosarcoma
- Lymphoreticular process, malignant
- Malignant histiocytosis
- Malignant mastocytosis/ systemic mastocytosis
- Megakaryocytosis, malignant
- Multiple myeloma
- Mycosis fungoides
- Myelodysplastic neoplasm, unclassifiable
- Myelodysplastic syndrome
- Myelodysplastic syndrome with ring sideroblasts and multilineage dysplasia
- Myelofibrosis with myeloid metaplasia, malignant only
- Myeloid neoplasm
- Myeloid/lymphoid neoplasms with PCM1-JAK2
- Myeloid and lymphoid neoplasms with PDGFRB rearrangement
- Myeloid and lymphoid neoplasm with FGFR1 abnormalities
- Myeloma
- Myeloproliferative disease
- Myelosclerosis
- Panmyelosis, acute
- Primary myelofibrosis
- Polycythemia Vera
- Refractory anemia (all)
- Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia
- Refractory neutropenia
- Refractory thrombocytopenia
- Reticulosus, malignant
- Reticulum cell sarcoma/tumor
- Sezary’s disease or syndrome
- Splenic marginal zone B-cell lymphoma
- Systemic mastocytosis
- Systemic EBV pos. T-cell lymphoproliferative disease of childhood
- Therapy related myelodysplastic syndrome
- Waldenstrom’s macroglobulinemia or syndrome
HYPOPHARYNX (see oral cavity)

KIDNEY
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenomyosarcoma
- Clear cell carcinoma
- Ganglioma, anaplastic
- Hypernephroma
- Nephroblastoma
- Renal cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Transitional cell carcinoma
- Tubular adenoma, borderline or malignant only
- Wilms’s Tumor

LARYNX AND TRACHEA
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenocystic carcinoma
- Cylindroma
- LIN III /LN grade 3/ Laryngeal Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III
- Pulmonary blastoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)

LIP (see oral cavity)

LIVER AND INTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS
- Adenocarcinoma, intestinal type
- Angiosarcoma
- Bile duct carcinoma
- Carcinoid tumor, malignant
- Cholangiocarcinoma
- Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
- Hepatoblastoma
- Hepatocellular carcinoma
- Hepatoma, malignant only
- Intestinal-type adenoma, high grade
- Klatskin tumor
- Mixed neuroendocrine non-neuroendocrine neoplasm
- Mucinous cystic neoplasm with high-grade intraepithelial neoplasia
- Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma
- Neuroendocrine carcinoma
- Neuroendocrine tumor
LUNG AND BRONCHUS

- Adenocarcinoid tumor
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenoid cystic carcinoma
- Apudoma (+)
- Argentaffinoma (+)
- Bronchial adenoma (+)
- Bronchial adenoma (carcinoid type)
- Cylindroma
- Epidermoid carcinoma
- Intravascular bronchial alveolar tumor
- Large cell (anaplastic) carcinoma
- Neuroendocrine carcinoma
- Oat cell carcinoma
- Pulmonary blastoma
- Sclerosing thymoma
- Intrapulmonary thymoma
- Small cell (anaplastic) carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Undifferentiated carcinoma

LYMPH NODE (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

MEDIASTINUM (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid, soft tissue, or thymus)

MENINGES (see CNS)

MUSCLE (see soft tissue)

NERVE (see soft tissue)

NOSE (Nasal cavity, Para-nasal sinus and Nasopharynx)

- Adenocarcinoma
- Bowen disease of nasopharynx
- Chordoma
- Epidermoid carcinoma
- Esthesioneuroblastoma
- Lymphoepithelioma
- Malignant mastocytosis
- Mesenchymoma, malignant
- Neuroblastoma
- Neurilemmoma, malignant
- Olfactory neurogenic tumor
- Rhabdomyosarcoma
NOSE (Nasal cavity, Para-nasal sinus and Nasopharynx)
- Sarcoma botryoides
- Squamous cell carcinoma (other than skin)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Yolk sac tumor

ORAL CAVITY AND SALIVARY GLANDS
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenoid cystic carcinoma
- Acinic cell carcinoma
- Acinic cell tumor (+)
- Bowen disease
- Cylindroma
- Epidermoid carcinoma
- Kaposi sarcoma
- Low grade cribriform cystadenocarcinoma (LGCCC)
- Lymphoepithelioma
- Malignant mastocytosis
- Malignant Lymphoma
- Malignant histiocytosis
- Mixed tumor, salivary gland type, malignant only
- Mucoepidermoid carcinoma
- Mucoepidermoid tumor (+)
- Pleomorphic adenoma, malignant only
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Sezary syndrome
- Transitional cell carcinoma
- Undifferentiated carcinoma
- Verrucous carcinoma
- Warthin tumor, malignant

OROPHARYNX (see oral cavity)

OVARY
- Adenocarcinoma, NOS
- Androblastoma, malignant
- Arrhenoblastoma, malignant
- Brenner tumor, malignant only
- Choriocarcinoma
- Clear cell carcinoma
- Dysgerminoma
- Embryonal carcinoma
- Endodermal sinus tumor
**OVARY**

- Endometrioid carcinoma
- Enterochromaffin-like cell tumor, malignant
- Germinoma
- Germ cell tumor, nonseminomatous
- Granulosa cell carcinoma
- Granulosa cell tumor, adult type
- Granulosa cell tumor, malignant only
- Leydig cell tumor, malignant
- Mesonephroid carcinoma
- Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma
- Ovarian stromal tumor, malignant
- Papillary serous cystadenocarcinoma
- Polyembryoma
- Pseudomucinous cystadenocarcinoma
- Seminoma
- Serous papillary cystadenocarcinoma
- Sertoli-Leydig cell tumor, poorly differentiated
- Small cell carcinoma, Intermediate
- Steroid cell tumor, malignant
- Struma ovarii, malignant
- Thecoma, malignant
- Teratoma, malignant
- Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid
- Yolk-sac tumor

**PANCREAS**

- ACTH-producing tumor
- Adenocarcinoma
- Beta cell adenoma
- Cystoadenocarcinoma
- Cystic pancreatic endocrine neoplasm (CPEN)
- Endocrine tumor, functioning, NOS
- Enterochromaffin-like cell tumor, malignant
- Enteroglucagonoma, malignant
- Gastrinoma
- Glucagonoma
- Insulinoma, NOS
- Intraductal Papillary Mucinous Neoplasm (IPMN) with high grade dysplasia
- Intraductal oncocytic papillary neoplasm, NOS
- Intraductal oncocytic papillary neoplasm with associated invasive carcinoma
- Intraductal Tubule-Papillary (tubulopapillary) Neoplasm (ITPN)
- Infiltrating duct carcinoma, NOS
- Islet cell adenoma
- Islet cell adenomatosis
PANCREAS
Islet cell carcinoma
Mixed pancreatic endocrine and exocrine tumor, malignant
Mucinous Cystic Neoplasm (MCN) with high grade dysplasia
Nesidioblastoma
Non-invasive mucinous cystic neoplasm, with high-grade dysplasia (MCN)
Pancreatic endocrine tumor, malignant
Pancreatic endocrine tumor, nonfunctioning
Pancreatic endocrine tumor, NOS
Pancreatoblastoma
Pancreatic neoplasia III (PanIN III)
Papillary cystic tumor (+)
Serous cystadenocarcinoma
Solid pseudopapillary neoplasm (SPN)
Somatostatinoma
Squamous cell carcinoma
Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
Vipoma

PARAGANGLIA (see also adrenal)
Aortic body paraganglioma
Aortic body tumor
Aorticopulmonary paraganglioma
Carotid body paraganglioma
Carotid body tumor
Chemodectoma
Composite paraganglioma
Extra-adrenal paraganglioma, NOS
Glomus jugulare tumor, NOS
Jugular paraganglioma
Jugulotympanic paraganglioma
Laryngeal paraganglioma
Middle ear paraganglioma
Non-chromaffin paraganglioma, NOS
Non-chromaffin paraganglioma (+)
Vagal paraganglioma

PARATHYROID
Carcinoma, all
Paraganglioma

PARANASAL SINUSES (see nose)
**PENIS**
- Basal cell carcinoma of Penis and Prepuce (skin of)
- Bowen disease
- Erythroplasia of Queyrat
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- Paget disease, extramammary
- Penile intraepithelial neoplasia III (PeIN III)
- Queyrat erythroplasia
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Verrucous carcinoma

**PERICARDIUM** (see pleura)

**PERITONEUM** (see pleura)

**PHARYNX** (see oral cavity)

**PINEAL**
- Dermoid cyst (O)
- Epithelial tumor, benign (O)
- Gangliocytoma (O)
- Ganglioglioma (+)
- Germ cell tumors
- Medulloepithelioma
- Neoplasm, benign (O)
- Papillary tumor of the pineal region
- Pinealoma (+)
- Pineoblastoma
- Pineocytoma (+)
- Primitive neuroectodermal tumor
- Teratoma, benign (O)
- Teratoma (+)

**PITUITARY AND CRANIOPHARYNGEAL DUCT**
- Acidophil adenoma (O)
- Adamantinomatous craniopharyngioma (+)
- Adenoma (O)
- Basophil adenoma (O)
- Chromophobe adenoma (O)
- Clear cell adenoma (O) Clear cell tumor (O)
- Craniopharyngioma (any type) (+)
- Craniopharyngioma, malignant
PITUITARY AND CRANIOPHARYNGEAL DUCT

Embryoma
Epithelial tumor, benign (O)
Ganglioglioma, anaplastic
Granular cell tumor (O)
Lipoma (O)
Mixed acidophil-basophil adenoma (O)
Mixed cell adenoma (O)
Monomorphic adenoma (O)
Neoplasm, uncertain (+)
Neoplasm, benign (O)
Oxophilic adenoma (O)
Papillary adenoma (O)
Papillary craniopharyngioma (+)
Pituicytoma
Pituitary adenoma (O)
Pituitary blastoma
Prolactinoma (O)
Rathke Pouch tumor (+)
Sellar ependymoma
Soft tissue tumor, benign (O)
Teratoma, benign (O)
Teratoma (+)
Tumor cells, benign or uncertain

PLACENTA

Choriocarcinoma
Chorioepithelioma
Hydatiform mole, malignant (+)
Invasive mole (+)
Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid

PLEURA, PERITONEUM, PERICARDIUM

Endometrial stromal sarcoma
Endometrial stromal sarcoma, low grade
Fibrosarcoma
Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST)
Germ cell tumors, malignant
High-grade serous carcinoma
Low-grade serous carcinoma
Mesothelioma
Myxoid pleomorphic liposarcoma
Paraganglioma
Pleuropulmonary blastoma
Sarcoma
PROSTATE AND SEMINAL VESICLE
   Acinar (adenocarcinoma) sarcomatoid variant
   Adenocarcinoma
   Adenoid cystic carcinoma
   Alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma
   Carcinosarcoma
   Endometrioid carcinoma
   Rhabdomyosarcoma

RECTUM (see G-I Tract)

RENAL PELVIS (see urinary tract)

SALIVARY GLANDS (see oral cavity)

SKIN
   Acral lentiginous melanoma, malignant
   Acral melanoma
   Adnexal adenocarcinoma
   Adenocarcinoma
   Aggressive digital papillary adenoma
   Amelanotic melanoma
   Basal cell carcinoma of labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis and scrotum
   Blue nevus, malignant
   Bowen disease of anus and penis
   Carcinoma in pleomorphic adenoma
   Ceruminous adenocarcinoma
   Dermatofibrosarcoma, sarcomatous
   Early/evolving invasive melanoma
   Eccrine papillary adenocarcinoma
   Eccrine poroma, malignant
   Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
   Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
   Hemangiopericytoma, malignant
   Hidradenocarcinoma
   Hutchinson’s melanotic freckle
   Lentigo maligna
   Low cumulative sun damaged melanoma
   Lymphoma
   Keratoacanthoma
   Malignant eccrine spiradenoma
   Malignant melanoma arising in a giant congenital nevus
   Malignant Spitz tumor
   Melanocarcinoma
   Melanoma
   Melanosarcoma
SKIN

Merkel cell tumor
MPNST with rhabdomyoblastic differentiation
Mycosis Fungoides
Myoepithelial carcinoma
Neurilemmoma, malignant Nodular
hidradenoma, malignant
Paget disease, extramammary
Papillary basaloid carcinoma
Pseudovascular squamous cell carcinoma
Porocarcinoma
Precancerous melanosis, NOS
Sebaceous carcinoma
Sezary syndrome
Skin appendage carcinoma
Squamous cell carcinoma (of labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis and scrotum only)
Superficial spreading melanoma
Sweat gland carcinoma
Trichilemmocarcinoma
Warty-basaloid carcinoma

SOFT TISSUE (including retroperitoneum, peripheral nerve)
Alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma
Alveolar soft parts sarcoma
Angiofibrosarcoma
Angiosarcoma
Angiomyxoma (+)
Chondrosarcoma
CIC-rearranged sarcoma
Clear cell sarcoma of tendons
Ectomesenchymoma
Embryonal rhabdomyosarcoma
Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma
Fibromyxosarcoma
Fibrosarcoma
Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
Granular cell tumor, malignant
Hemangioendothelial sarcoma
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant only
Hemangiopericytoma, malignant only
Juvenile rhabdomyosarcoma
Kaposi’s sarcoma
Leiomyosarcoma
Liposarcoma
Lymphangioendothelioma, malignant
Lymphangiosarcoma
SOFT TISSUE (including retroperitoneum, peripheral nerve)
- Mesenchymoma, malignant
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Metastasizing leiomyoma
- Mixed germ cell tumor
- MPNST with rhabdomyoblastic differentiation
- Myosarcoma
- Myoepithelial carcinoma
- Myxosarcoma
- Neuroblastoma
- Neurogenic sarcoma
- Neurilemmoma, malignant
- Osteosarcoma
- Paraganglioma, malignant
- Polyembryoma
- Reticulum cell sarcoma
- Rhabdoid tumor
- Rhabdomyoma, malignant
- Rhabdomyosarcoma
- Round cell sarcoma with EWSR1-non-ETS fusions
- Sarcoma botryoides
- Sarcoma with BCOR genetic alterations
- Schwannoma, malignant
- Schwannoma, malignant with rhabdomyoblastomatous differentiation
- Synovial sarcoma
- Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid
- Yolk sac tumor
- Xanthofibroma, malignant

SPINAL CORD (see CNS)

SPLEEN (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

STOMACH (G-I Tract)

TESTIS
- Androblastoma, malignant
- Carcinoid tumor (+)
- Choriocarcinoma
- Chorioepithelioma
- Embryoma
- Embryonal carcinoma
- Embryonal teratoma
- Endodermal sinus tumor
- Germ cell carcinoma
- Germ cell neoplasia
TESTIS
Gonadal stromal tumor, malignant only
Gonadoblastoma (+)
Interstitial cell carcinoma
Intratubular germ cell neoplasia, unclassified
Leydig cell carcinoma
Mature Teratoma in adults (post puberty)
Mesonephric adenocarcinoma (infantile, juvenile embryonal carcinoma)
Mixed germ cell tumor
Polyembryoma
Seminoma
Sertoli cell carcinoma
Spermatoblastoma
Spermatocytic seminoma
Spermatocytoma
Teratoblastoma
Teratocarcinoma
Teratoma (+)
Testicular intraepithelial neoplasm
Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid
Vitelline tumor
Yolk sac tumor

THYMUS
Atypical thymoma
Epithelial thymoma
Germ cell tumors with associated hematological malignancy
Lymphocytic thymoma, malignant only
Metaplastic thymoma
Seminoma
Spindle cell thymoma, malignant only
Spindle epithelial tumor with thymus-like element
Thymic carcinoid
Thymoma, NOS
Thymoma, Type A, AB, B1, B2, B3, atypical variant

THYROID
Adenocarcinoma
Anaplastic carcinoma
Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
Follicular carcinoma
Giant cell carcinoma
Hurthle cell adenoma, malignant only
Hurthle cell tumor, malignant only
Medullary carcinoma
Occult sclerosing carcinoma
THYROID
- Papillary carcinoma
- Undifferentiated carcinoma

TRACHEA (see Larynx)

URINARY TRACT (urinary bladder, ureter, urethra, renal pelvis)
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenosarcoma
- Carcinosarcoma
- Chemodectoma, malignant only
- Ganglioglioma, anaplastic
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mesonephroma, malignant
- Mullerian mixed tumors
- Papillary transitional cell carcinoma
- Paraganglioma (+)
- Pheochromocytoma, malignant only
- Rhabdomyosarcoma
- Spongioneuroblastoma
- Squamotransitional Carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Transitional cell carcinoma
- Urothelial cell carcinoma

UTERUS, UTERINE TUBES, CERVIX
- Adenoacanthoma
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-associated
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-independent, NOS
- Adult granulosa cell tumor
- Adenoid basal cell carcinoma
- Adenosarcoma
- Adenosquamous carcinoma
- Bowen disease
- Carcinofibroma
- Choriocarcinoma, NOS
- Endolymphatic stromal myosis (low grade sarcoma)
- Endometrial stromal sarcoma
- Endometrioid adeno/carcinoma
- Endometrioid intraepithelial neoplasia
- Germ cell tumor, NOS
- Leiomyosarcoma
- Mesonephric carcinoma
**UTERUS, UTERINE TUBES, CERVIX**
- Mixed mesodermal tumor
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- PEComa, malignant
- Perivascular epithelial tumor, malignant
- Primitive neuroectodermal tumor
- Serous tubal intraepithelial carcinoma (STIC)
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-associated
- Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-independent
- Teratoma, malignant, NOS
- Yolk sac tumor, NOS

**VULVA AND VAGINA**
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-associated
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-independent, NOS
- Adenosarcoma
- Basal cell carcinoma of vulva, clitoris, and labia
- Bowen disease
- Clear cell carcinoma
- Epithelioma, malignant
- Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
- Germ cell tumor, NOS
- HGSIL (High Grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion)
- Malignant tumor, all types
- Melanoma
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mesonephroid carcinoma
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- Paget disease, extramammary
- Phyllodes tumor, malignant
- Sarcoma
- Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-associated
- Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-independent
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II (SIN II)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Trichilemmocarcinoma
- Vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia (VAIN III)
- Vulvar intraepithelial neoplasia (VIN III)
- Yolk sac tumor, NOS
RESOURCES AND REFERENCES
NAACCR Guidelines for ICD-O-3.2 Update Implementation
https://www.naaccr.org/icdo3/#1582820761121-27c484fc-46a7

SEER Program Coding and Staging Manual

NJSCR Program Manual
http://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/

ICD-O-3 SEER Site/Histology Validation List

Solid Tumor Rules 2018 (Multiple primaries and histologies)
https://seer.cancer.gov/tools/solidtumor/

(+) Borderline, reportable
(O) Benign, reportable