

Overdose Fatality Review Teams (OFRTs) in New Jersey:

An Overdose Prevention Initiative, Strengthening Public Health & Law Enforcement Partnership in Ocean County and Monmouth County







Heroin Response Strategy

Investing in partnerships to build safe and healthy communities

The mission of the HRS is to reduce fatal and non-fatal opioid overdoses by developing and sharing information about heroin and other opioids across agencies and disciplines and by offering evidence-based intervention strategies.

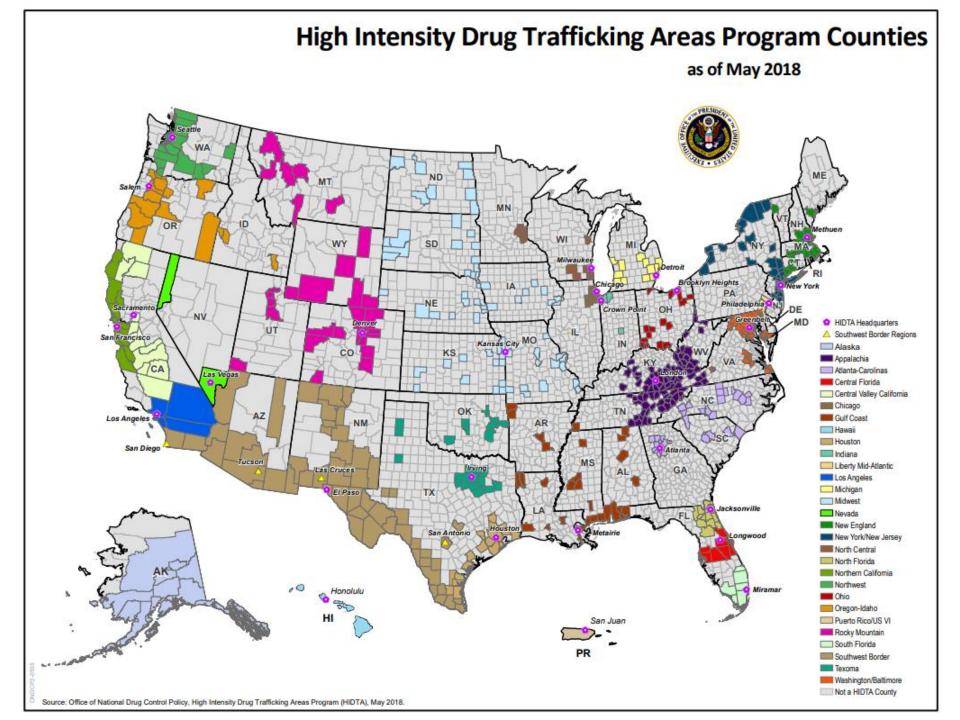
The Public Health and Public Safety Network

The Public Health and Public Safety Network (PHPSN) includes one Drug Intelligence Officer (DIO) and one Public Health Analyst (PHA) in each HRS State. This network fosters cross-disciplinary collaboration and enhances interstate and intrastate information sharing.

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Overdose Fatality Review Team (OFRT)

- An initiative established by the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), NY/NJ High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA) and the NJ Department of Health, Office of Local Public Health (OLPH).
- Multi-agency/multi-disciplinary team assembled at jurisdiction level to conduct confidential reviews of multiple individual overdose death cases.
 - Allows public health authorities to receive information and expert consultation from a wide array of stakeholders while preserving the confidentiality of protected information, including personal health information (PHI)

2 Operational Teams in NJ

Monmouth County
Ocean County

Goals

TO PREVENT FUTURE DEATHS BY

- -Identifying missed opportunities for prevention and gaps in system
- -Building working relationships between local stakeholders on Overdose prevention
- -Recommending policies, programs, laws, etc. to prevent Overdose deaths
- -Informing local overdose & opioid misuse prevention strategy
- → Modeled on existing mortality review teams for children, fetal/infant, domestic violence & fatality review team in Maryland

Ocean County Overdose Fatality Review Pilot Program



Daniel E. Regenye, Public Health Coordinator/Health Officer Kimberly L. Reilly, Chief of Administrative Services





- The main <u>mission</u> of the Ocean County Overdose Fatality Review Pilot Program is, through the review of overdose fatalities, to identify gaps in public systems and social services that if strengthened, could prevent future deaths from drug overdose
- The <u>goal</u> is to reduce overdose fatalities through targeted prevention, treatment and recovery strategies and programs



Objectives:

- Identify missed opportunities for prevention and gaps in system
- Build working relationships between local stakeholders on overdose prevention
- Recommend policies, programs, laws, etc. to prevent OD deaths
- Inform local overdose & opioid misuse prevention strategy





Main Considerations in Development

- How do we maintain compliance to HIPAA and the confidentiality rights of the decedent in this process?
- How do we get agencies to participate and create a "safe" place for information sharing?
- How do we create community buy in for this project?





Huckleberry/Dainne

Timeline

- December 2016
- January 2017
- February-March 2017
- April 2017
- September 2017
- November 2017
- January 2018

- First Meeting/Introduction
- Begin hosting **monthly** executive meetings
- Meetings with key partners to discuss project
- Kick Off Event for Ocean County
- Board of Health Resolution Passed
- Affiliation and confidentiality agreements mailed
- First decedent review meeting

Ocean County Health Department Kicks Off Overdose Fatality Review Taskforce

Health Commissioner Cathleen Bennett joined the Ocean County Health Department on April 24 to kick off the county's Overdose Fatality Review Taskforce meeting. Aligning with the goal of population health, which focuses on prevention and wellness, the taskforce's overall mission is to intervene before a drug problem begins and prevent future deaths and non-fatal repeat overdoses. This can be done by identifying missed opportunities and gaps, building relationships with stakeholders, recommending policies, programs and legislation and informing local overdose and opioid misuse strategies.

"In 2015, there were nearly 1,600 drug-related deaths in New Jersey, which is three times greater than the number of people killed in car accidents in the same year," said Commissioner Bennett.

Ocean and Monmouth counties have been particularly hard hit by the epidemic. Recognizing how urgent this challenge is to New Jersey, earlier this year, Governor Chris Christie declared that the abuse of and addiction to opioid drugs is a public health crisis. Under his leadership, the Department is focused on identifying barriers, reducing obstacles and developing and executing a comprehensive strategy to combat opioid addiction.



Assistant Commissioner Christopher Rinn, Commissioner Bennett, Ocean County Health Officer Daniel Regenye and Shereen Semple, director of the Department's Office of Local Public Health.





To ensure all residents are connected to care, Governor Christie launched a "Help is Within Reach" public awareness campaign and a 24/7 helpline at 1-844-ReachNJ for instant drug addiction-related help. As part of the Governor's comprehensive plan to stem New Jersey's opioid public health crisis, the Department issued a Certificate of Need (CN) call earlier this year for 864 new adult inpatient acute psychiatric beds.

Affiliation Process

- Community stakeholders entered into an annual affiliation agreement and confidentiality agreement with the Ocean County Health Department
- Additional confidentiality agreements are signed at each meeting
- 42 contacts from 29 agencies are represented

Affiliation Agreement Ocean County Overdose Fatality Review Pilot Program			Ocea	nn County Overdose Fatality Review Pilot Program Meeting Confidentiality Agreement	
ency:					
eet Address:				Meeting Date: 4/23/18	
5					
e Ocean County Health Department and (age (date) for the Ocean County Overdose Fatality Pilot Program. This is a unity stakeholders will come together throughout 2018 in a pilot program to exean County.			information, taskforce member observa	, will keep the content of this meeting including all decedent information, a ation and opinion, etc. private and confidential.	
(agency) will provide one staff to be the main		2018 Confidentiality Agreement	1,	, will listen to all facts presented in the meeting and provide input on the case	e.
ality Review Pilot Program. This person will receive the confidential informat the following: a) Receiving confidential information. b) Check the clinical system and electronic health records of the agency any point • If the agency has information on the decedent, a form w meeting • If the agency does not have information on the decedent no engagement and not come to the meeting or come to information (agency) understands that this information is contested information is contested of the overdose fatalities in Ocean County. The information is contested the contested of the overdose fatalities in Ocean County. The information is contested of the overdose fatalities in Ocean County.	•	nas established the Ocean County Ove actors that cause or are correlated with attegies; plans and programs to prever rovide recommendations and impleme es to improve communication and co- ith strategy development and program anty Overdose Fatality Review Pilot Pilos, information, correspondence, etc.,	Name Signature Date This purpose of preventing ratal or near-fideas, including opinions or speculations		
ality Review Pilot Program will not be responsible for any clinical documents view Pilot Program will only collect the de-identified data.	that may reflect cultural values or belief may later change.	s, and which may not reflect a member	r ideas, including opinions of speculations or's agency position, or which the member ose Fatal Review Pilot Program, AGREE	r	
Ocean County Health		ther than a taskforce member, any cor y or private entity without prior authors s of a meeting.	rization, in writing, from that agency or		

4) I will neither reveal nor discuss options or speculations of other taskforce members expressed during meetings to any

Public Health

authorized by action of the taskforce recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

Monthly Case Review Process

- The affiliated contact will receive a monthly a phone call with the decedent information
 - No fax or e-mail
 - Confirm speaking to affiliated contact
 - Information then protected as per their agency's confidentiality policy
- An internal review of agency records will be done by the affiliated contact
 - If contact was made, either a data document will be filled out and brought to the meeting or a verbal narrative will be provided at the meeting
- Only OC-OFRPP members who have signed a Confidentiality Agreement may participate in meetings
- Data documents provide a profile of the individual, nothing that can identify the decedent!





Data Collection: Capturing the narrative

- Each case is discussed at the decedent review
- The Prosecutor's Office and Medical Examiner provide the first narrative report (crime scene information and autopsy report)
- Everyone is encouraged to ask questions, look for trends
 - Social Autopsy: objective is to identify common themes amongst the "stories" of the deceased residents
- OCHD facilitator and epidemiologist take de-identified notes throughout the meeting
 - All information shared is confidential to the taskforce
 - Nothing is recorded
- Large post it notes are used to capture key information to provide a visual of information (de-identified)
- A data collection document was developed pulling from Maryland's model
 - This is optional for the affiliated contact
 - Respect the affiliated contacts time
 - Try to make the process seamless and easy





Obstacle 1:

- The data document provide some information but does not give the "whole" picture
 - Gaps in information
 - Unanswered questions
 - Decedent presents
 differently based on
 dates of engagement

Lesson Learned 1:

The information that we don't have tells a story too!

Why are there gaps in treatment or contact with county agencies? Were services not available or not offered? Or was there recovery? If recovery, was there relapse?

Is there issues with how information is captured? Do we need better record sharing?

Obstacle 2:

- Some agencies can't participate in a decedent review
- We are unable to get data from when the decedent was in school

Lesson Learned 2:

Try to meet the agency where they are at, if they can't do a decedent review are they able to participate another way? Can they be a key expert in their respective area? Would the be agreeable to a focus group?

Ultimately, there needs to be more information sharing!





Output

- A Quarterly Report is done and provided to the executive committee and the affiliated contacts – not for public consumption
- BI-ANNUAL reports will be done with more formalized data to be shared
- The outcome document identifies:
 - Overdose death trends
 - System barriers and gaps
 - Trends, systemic issues and barriers that contribute to overdose death
 - Ways to either develop and/or supports community prevention/early intervention programs
 - Assess treatment options and availability for residents
 - Enhance recovery supports



