

# Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI) New Jersey – 2013



Public Health Services  
Division of Epidemiology, Environmental, and Occupational Health  
Environmental and Occupational Health Surveillance Program

## Fatal Occupational Injury Characteristics, 2013

- Total Number in NJ: 102  
Total Number in US: 4,585
- 97 were men
- Age (years)
  - 20-24 7 (7%)
  - 25-34 15 (15%)
  - 35-44 22 (22%)
  - 45-54 24 (24%)
  - 55-64 22 (22%)
  - ≥ 65 11 (11%)
- Race or Ethnic Origin
  - White, non-Hispanic 54 (53%)
  - Black, non-Hispanic 19 (19%)
  - Hispanic/Latino 20 (20%)
  - Asian 9 (9%)
- 93 (91%) worked for private industry

## Number of Fatal Occupational Injuries by Year 2006-2013

Year	Number of Cases
2006	88
2007	106
2008	92
2009	99
2010	81
2011	99
2012	92
2013	102

## Fatal Occupational Injury Case Definition

A fatal injury is considered work-related if the event leading to the injury occurred while the employee was working, either on or off the employer’s premises.

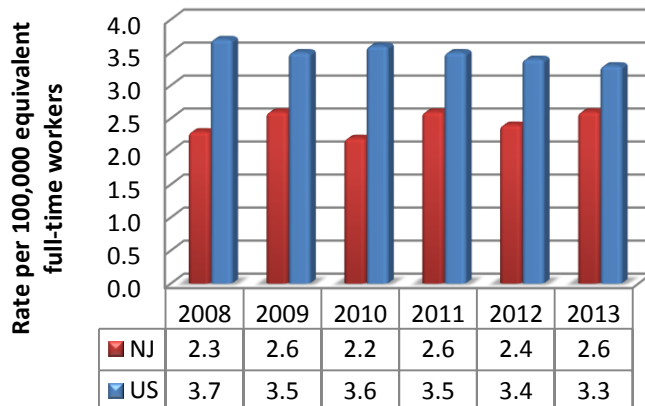
The following categories are some of the individuals included:

- Private and government employees
- Self-employed persons
- Certain volunteers (firefighters, law enforcement officers, emergency medical service workers)
- Persons traveling as a condition of employment, but not normal commuting to or from work

For technical information and definitions for the CFOI program, please go to the BLS Handbook of Methods on the BLS web site at [www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch9.pdf](http://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch9.pdf).

## Incidence Rates

### Rates of Fatal Work-Related Injuries United States and New Jersey, 2008-2013

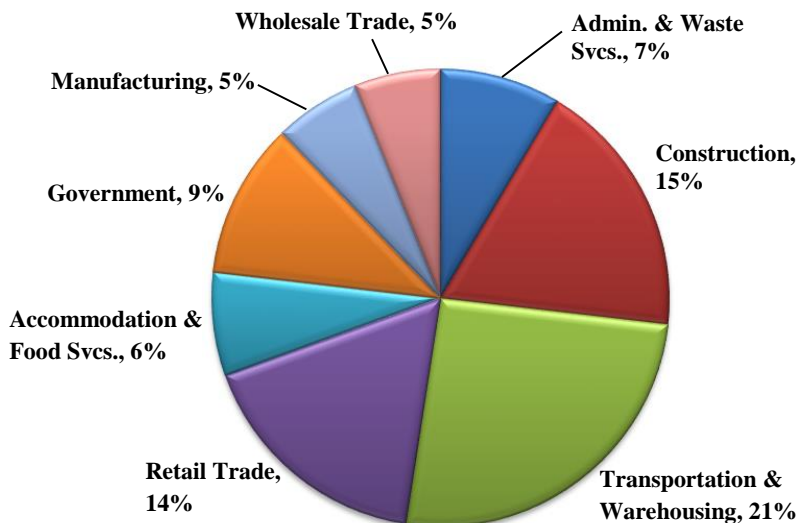


New Jersey rates have been consistently lower than national rates.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census for Fatal Occupational Injuries

**Industry\***  
**Fatal Work-Related Injuries**  
**New Jersey – 2013**  
**N = 102**

- The transportation and warehousing industry included 9 truck transportation fatalities
- The construction industry included 11 specialty trade contractor fatalities

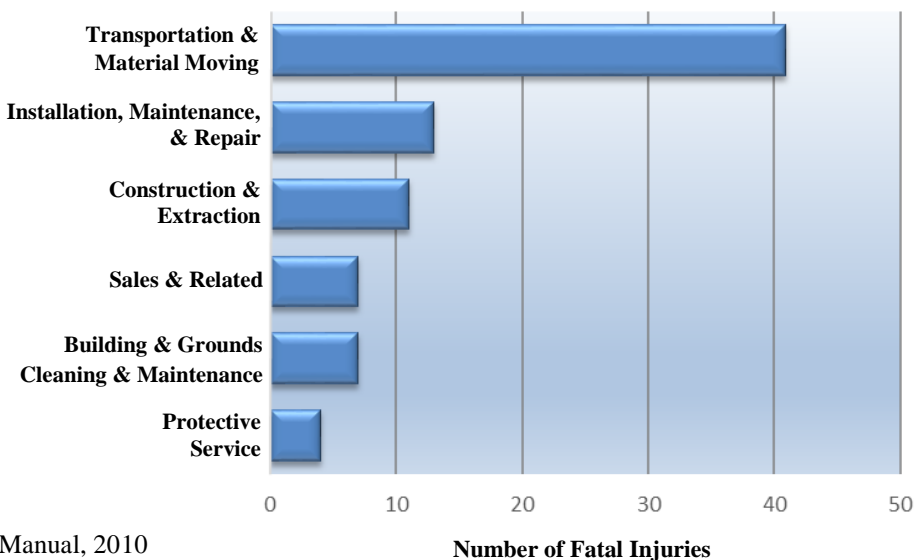


Note: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding

\* North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2007

**Occupation\***  
**Fatal Work-Related Injuries**  
**New Jersey – 2013**  
**N = 102**

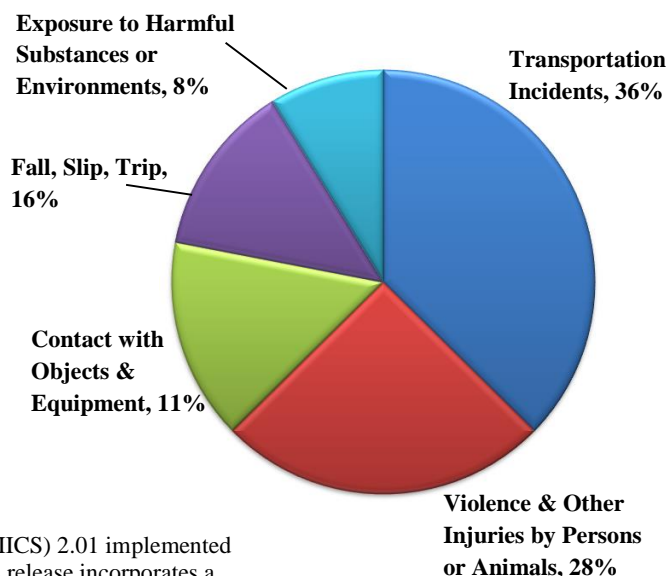
- 41 worked in transportation & material moving occupations
  - 23 worked in motor vehicle operations
- 13 worked in installation, maintenance, & repair
  - 5 worked as maintenance and repair workers, general



\*Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual, 2010

**Event or Exposure\***  
**Fatal Work-Related Injuries**  
**New Jersey – 2013**  
**N = 102**

- 18 of the 37 transportation incidents were roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles
- 16 of the 28 violence and other injuries by persons or animals were homicides



Note: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding

\*Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward **Changes to the OIICS Structure:** Information in this release incorporates a major revision in the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS), which is used to describe the characteristics of fatal work injuries. Because of the extensive revisions, data for the OIICS case characteristics for reference year 2011 represent a break in series with data for prior years. More information on OIICS can be found at [www.bls.gov/iif/oshoiics.htm](http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshoiics.htm)