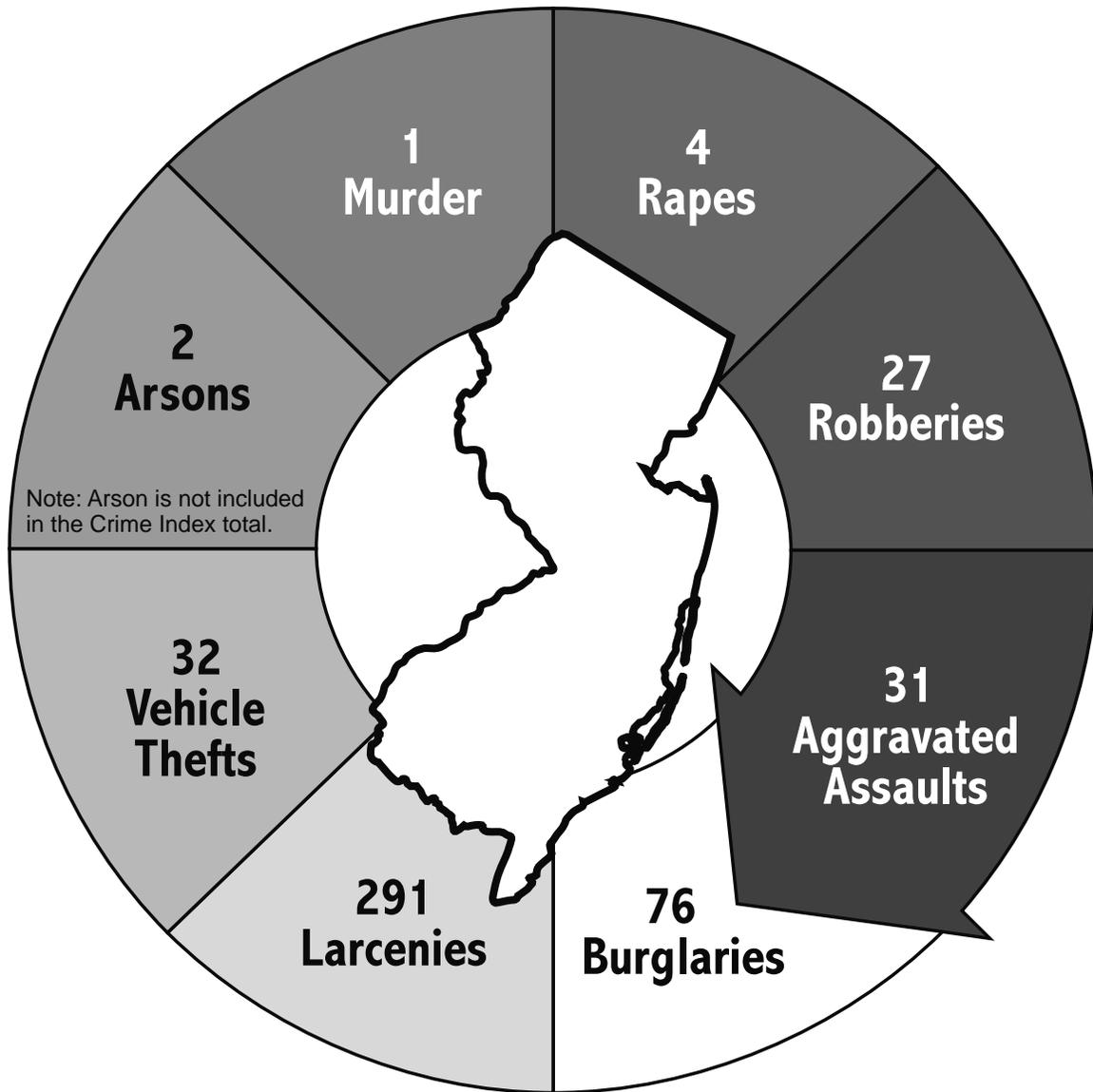




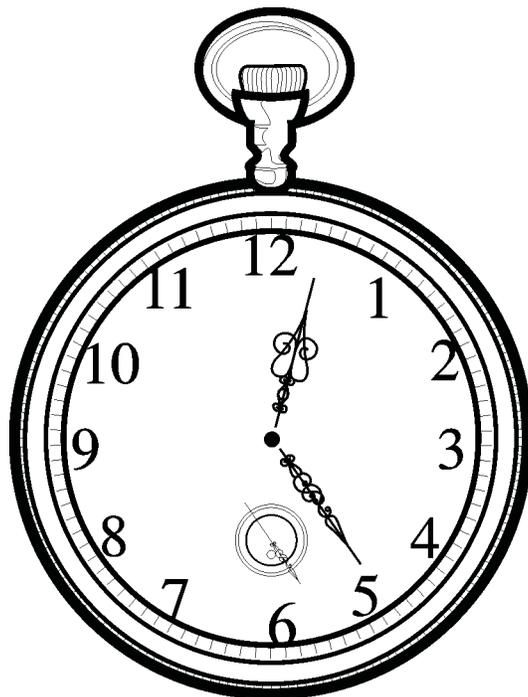
Section Two

STATE SUMMARY & OFFENSE ANALYSIS

24 HOUR CRIME CYCLE IN NEW JERSEY 2015



NEW JERSEY CRIME CLOCK 2015



CRIME INDEX OFFENSE 1 every 2 minutes and 43 seconds

VIOLENT CRIME
1 every 22 minutes
and 57 seconds

NON-VIOLENT CRIME
1 every 3 minutes
and 36 seconds

MURDER
1 every 23 hours
and 44 minutes

RAPE
1 every 6 hours
and 26 minutes

BURGLARY
1 every 18 minutes
and 51 seconds

LARCENY-THEFT
1 every 4 minutes
and 57 seconds

ROBBERY
1 every 53 minutes
and 57 seconds

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
1 every 46 minutes
and 00 seconds

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
1 every 44 minutes
and 41 seconds

CRIME INDEX FOR THE STATE - 2015

OFFENSES	NUMBER OF INDEX OFFENSES	RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES CLEARED	PERCENT OF OFFENSES CLEARED
MURDER	369	0.0	0.2	174	47.2
RAPE	1,362	0.2	0.8	448	32.9
Rape	1,308	0.1	0.8	430	32.9
Attempted Rape	54	0.0	0.0	18	33.3
ROBBERY	9,743	1.1	5.8	2,477	25.4
Firearm	3,304	0.4	2.0	699	21.2
Knife or Cutting Instrument	850	0.1	0.5	273	32.1
Other Dangerous Weapon	609	0.1	0.4	151	24.8
Strong Arm (Hands, Fists, etc.)	4,980	0.6	3.0	1,354	27.2
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	11,425	1.3	6.8	5,966	52.2
Firearm	2,110	0.2	1.3	600	28.4
Knife or Cutting Instrument	2,504	0.3	1.5	1,441	57.5
Other Dangerous Weapon	3,567	0.4	2.1	1,892	53.0
Strong Arm (Hands, Fists, etc.)	3,244	0.4	1.9	2,033	62.7
BURGLARY	27,890	3.1	16.5	3,981	14.3
Forcible Entry	15,217	1.7	9.0	2,181	14.3
Unlawful Entry - No Force	9,554	1.1	5.7	1,393	14.6
Attempted Forcible Entry	3,119	0.3	1.9	407	13.0
LARCENY - THEFT	106,059	11.9	62.9	23,417	22.1
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	11,763	1.3	7.0	668	5.7
Automobiles	10,317	1.2	6.1	582	5.6
Trucks and Buses	658	0.1	0.4	34	5.2
Other Vehicles	788	0.1	0.5	52	6.6
TOTAL CRIME INDEX	168,611	18.9	100.0	37,131	22.0
VIOLENT CRIME	22,899	2.6	13.6	9,065	39.6
NONVIOLENT CRIME	145,712	16.3	86.4	28,066	19.3

* Not calculated due to small volume. Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding. Breakdowns may not equal totals due to rounding.

CRIME TRENDS - NUMBER - RATE - CLEARANCES

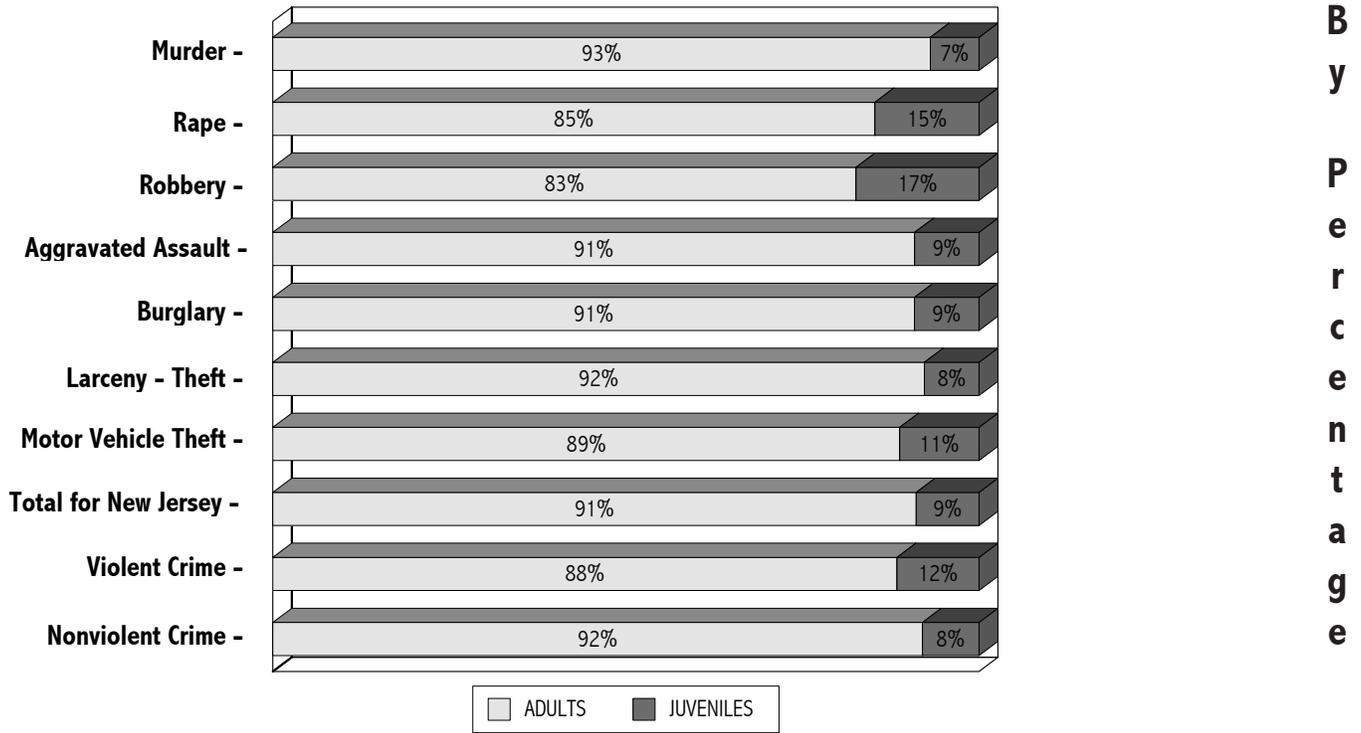
2014/2015 - PERCENT CHANGES

INDEX OFFENSES	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS	NUMBER OF OFFENSES CLEARED	PERCENT OF OFFENSES CLEARED	
MURDER	2014	354	0.0	212	59.9
	2015	369	0.0	174	47.2
	Percent Change	4	0	-18	-21
RAPE	2014	950	0.1	298	31.4
	2015	1,362	0.2	448	32.9
	Percent Change	43*	100	50	6
ROBBERY	2014	10,492	1.2	2,579	24.6
	2015	9,743	1.1	2,477	25.4
	Percent Change	-7	-8	-4	3
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2014	11,208	1.3	5,928	52.9
	2015	11,425	1.3	5,966	52.2
	Percent Change	2	0	1	-1
BURGLARY	2014	31,740	3.6	4,367	13.8
	2015	27,890	3.1	3,981	14.3
	Percent Change	-12	-14	-9	4
LARCENY - THEFT	2014	111,620	12.5	24,826	22.2
	2015	106,059	11.9	23,417	22.1
	Percent Change	-5	-5	-6	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2014	11,702	1.3	650	5.6
	2015	11,763	1.3	668	5.7
	Percent Change	1	0	3	2
TOTAL CRIME INDEX	2014	178,066	20.0	38,860	21.8
	2015	168,611	18.9	37,131	22.0
	Percent Change	-5	-6	-4	1
VIOLENT CRIME	2014	23,004	2.6	9,017	39.2
	2015	22,899	2.6	9,065	39.6
	Percent Change	0	0	1	1
NONVIOLENT CRIME	2014	155,062	17.4	29,843	19.2
	2015	145,712	16.3	28,066	19.3
	Percent Change	-6	-6	-6	1

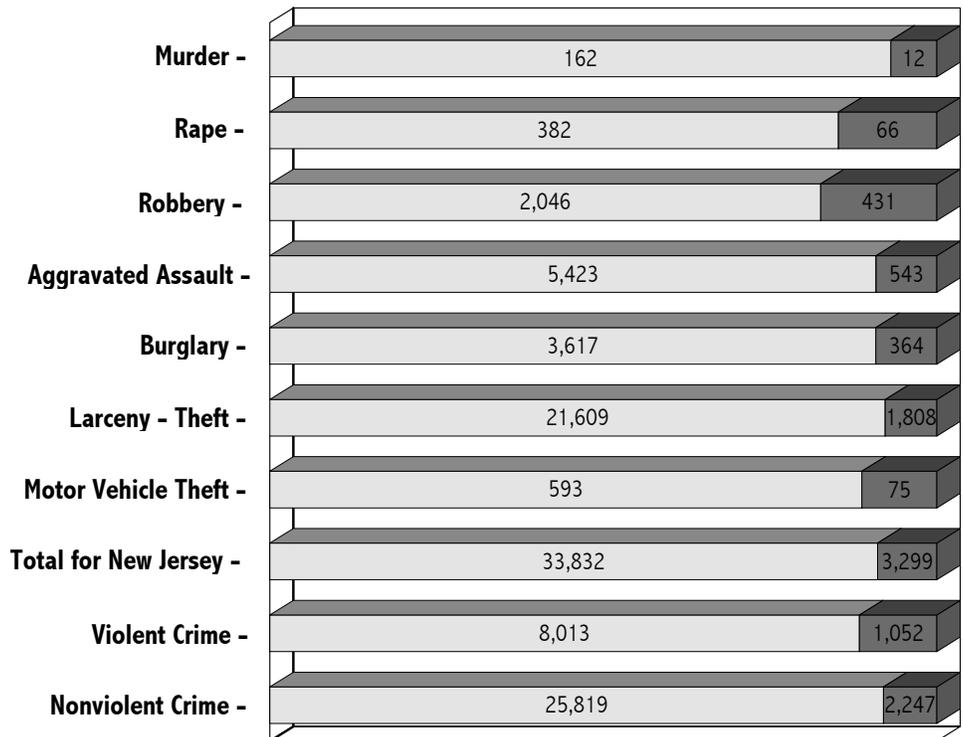
* Percent change due to application of expanded rape definition. Refer to page 7 and 27 for more information.

Index Offenses Cleared

Adult and Juvenile Distribution - 2015



Actual Numbers



Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

TYPE AND VALUES OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED 2014/2015

TYPE OF PROPERTY	YEAR	VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	VALUE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED	PERCENT OF VALUE RECOVERED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PROPERTY STOLEN
Currency, Notes, Etc.	2014	\$33,437,199	\$2,191,788	6.6	11.1
	2015	\$30,194,342	\$702,435	2.3	10.4
	Percent Change	-10	-68	-65	-6
Jewelry and Precious Metals	2014	\$58,583,610	\$2,630,341	4.5	19.5
	2015	\$45,262,440	\$1,975,597	4.4	15.6
	Percent Change	-23	-25	-2	-20
Furs	2014	\$207,058	\$42,600	20.6	0.1
	2015	\$335,605	\$5,763	1.7	0.1
	Percent Change	62	-86	-92	0
Clothing	2014	\$5,389,955	\$1,165,784	21.6	1.8
	2015	\$5,439,015	\$1,331,197	24.5	1.9
	Percent Change	1	14	13	6
Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles	2014	\$111,225,704	\$65,245,857	58.7	37.1
	2015	\$117,318,348	\$68,666,217	58.5	40.5
	Percent Change	5	5	0	9
Miscellaneous	2014	\$91,202,337	\$8,039,742	8.8	30.4
	2015	\$91,138,892	\$7,065,603	7.8	31.5
	Percent Change	0	-12	-11	4
TOTAL PROPERTY	2014	\$300,045,863	\$79,316,112	26.4	100.0
	2015	\$289,688,642	\$79,746,812	27.5	100.0
	Percent Change	-3	1	4	-

Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

FIVE YEAR RECAPITULATION OF OFFENSES

2011 THROUGH 2015

OFFENSES	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
MURDER	380	387	401	354	369
RAPE	991	1,038	874	950	1,362
Rape	920	969	827	893	1,308
Attempted Rape	71	69	47	57	54
ROBBERY	12,216	11,384	12,087	10,492	9,743
Firearm	4,396	3,990	4,613	3,714	3,304
Knife or Cutting Instrument	947	932	867	808	850
Other Dangerous Weapon	774	719	687	623	609
Strong Arm (Hands, Fists, etc.)	6,099	5,743	5,920	5,347	4,980
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	13,586	12,933	12,090	11,208	11,425
Firearm	2,404	2,402	2,304	2,083	2,110
Knife or Cutting Instrument	3,010	2,826	2,568	2,398	2,504
Other Dangerous Weapon	4,099	3,839	3,742	3,505	3,567
Aggravated (Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.)	4,073	3,866	3,476	3,222	3,244
BURGLARY	43,208	42,384	35,795	31,740	27,890
Forcible Entry	25,800	24,891	20,486	17,883	15,217
Unlawful Entry - No Force	13,293	12,992	11,598	10,482	9,554
Attempted Forcible Entry	4,115	4,501	3,711	3,375	3,119
LARCENY - THEFT	129,269	122,770	117,958	111,620	106,059
Over \$200	61,013	58,687	58,022	53,916	49,811
\$50 - \$200	35,352	33,391	31,155	29,821	28,634
Under \$50	32,904	30,692	28,781	27,883	27,614
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	17,423	16,471	13,709	11,702	11,763
Automobiles	15,474	14,666	12,108	10,250	10,317
Trucks and Buses	786	729	713	651	658
Other Vehicles	1,163	1,076	888	801	788
TOTAL CRIME INDEX	217,073	207,367	192,914	178,066	168,611
CRIME RATE PER 1,000	24.7	23.4	21.8	20.0	18.9
VIOLENT CRIME	27,173	25,742	25,452	23,004	22,899
NONVIOLENT CRIME	189,900	181,625	167,462	155,062	145,712

STATEWIDE CRIME SUMMARY - 2015

CRIME INDEX - VOLUME/RATE

- There were 168,611 Index offenses in 2015, a 5 percent decrease compared to 2014.
- The crime rate of the state is 19 victims for every 1,000 permanent inhabitants, a decrease of 5 percent compared to 2014.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- August with 16,695 offenses reported, recorded the highest incidence of Crime Index offenses while February was the lowest with 10,207 offenses.
- The total value of property stolen amounted to \$289.7 million in 2015, a decrease of 3 percent from 2014.
- Value of property recovered was \$79.7 million, a recovery rate of 28 percent.
- Stolen motor vehicles accounted for 40 percent of stolen property and 86 percent of the recovered property value.

CRIME INDEX ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- A total of 39,126 persons were arrested for Index offenses, which represents a 6 percent decrease compared to 2014.
- Adult Index arrests decreased 5 percent and juvenile Index arrests decreased 11 percent.
- Crime Index arrests accounted for 13 percent of the total arrests in 2015.
- Males accounted for 69 percent of the Crime Index arrests and females accounted for 31 percent.
- Fifty-eight percent of the Index arrests were white, 40 percent were black and 2 percent were other races.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 20 percent of the arrests for Index offenses.
- Police cleared 22 percent of the Index offenses and juveniles accounted for 9 percent of those clearances.

VIOLENT CRIME SUMMARY

This category consists of the following Index offenses: Murder, Rape, Robbery and Aggravated Assault.

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 22,899 violent crimes reported in 2015, a decrease of less than one-half of one percent compared to the violent crimes reported in 2014.
- Violent crimes accounted for 14 percent of the total Crime Index.
- The violent crime rate remained unchanged in 2015.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- The highest number of violent crimes were reported in August with 2,178 offenses while the lowest number was reported in February with 1,294 offenses.
- The total value of property stolen as a result of violent crime was \$8.6 million in 2015 a decrease of 10 percent from 2014.

ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- There were 10,352 violent crime arrests, a decrease of 3 percent compared to 2014.
- Violent crime arrests accounted for 26 percent of the Index arrests and 3 percent of the total arrests during the year
- Adult arrests for violent crime decreased 3 percent and juvenile arrests decreased 6 percent.
- Adults accounted for 85 percent of the violent crime arrests while the remaining 15 percent were juveniles.
- Males accounted for 80 percent of the violent crime arrests and females accounted for 20 percent.
- Forty-seven percent of those arrests were white, 52 percent were black and 1 percent were other races.
- Hispanics accounted for 25 percent of the arrests for violent crimes.
- Forty percent of violent crimes were cleared and juveniles accounted for 12 percent of those clearances.

NONVIOLENT CRIME SUMMARY

This category consists of the following Index offenses: Burglary, Larceny-Theft, Motor Vehicle Theft.

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 145,712 nonviolent crimes reported in 2015, a 6 percent decrease compared to nonviolent crimes reported in 2014.
- Nonviolent crimes accounted for 86 percent of the total Crime Index.
- The nonviolent crime rate decreased 6 percent to 16.3 victims for every 1,000 inhabitants in 2015.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- The highest number of nonviolent crimes were reported in August with 14,517 offenses while the lowest number was reported in February with 8,913 offenses.
- The total value of property stolen as a result of nonviolent crime was \$281.1 million in 2015 a decrease of 3 percent from 2014.

ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- There were 28,774 nonviolent crime arrests, a decrease of 7 percent compared to 2014.
- Nonviolent crime arrests accounted for 74 percent of the Index arrests and 10 percent of the total arrests during 2015.
- Juveniles were responsible for 11 percent of the nonviolent crime arrests and adults 89 percent.
- Adult arrests for nonviolent crimes decreased 6 percent and juvenile arrests decreased 13 percent.

Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

- Males represented 66 percent and females 34 percent of persons arrested for nonviolent crime.
- Sixty-two percent of all persons arrested for nonviolent crimes were white, 35 percent were black and 3 percent were other races.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 18 percent of the arrests for nonviolent crimes.
- Nineteen percent of all nonviolent crimes reported were cleared in 2015, and juveniles accounted for 8 percent of those clearances.

TOTAL ARREST SUMMARY

- There were 302,856 persons arrested in 2015, which represents a decrease of 5 percent compared to 2014.
- The arrest rate for 2015 decreased 6 percent with 34 persons arrested per every 1,000 inhabitants.
- Adult arrests decreased 5 percent to 281,445 and juvenile arrests decreased 12 percent to 21,411 in 2015.
- Adults accounted for 93 percent and juveniles 7 percent of the total state arrests.
- Persons under 21 years of age accounted for 17 percent of the total state arrests.
- Males accounted for 73 percent and females 27 percent of the total persons arrested during the year.
- Sixty percent of total persons arrested in 2015 were white, 39 percent were black and 2 percent were other races.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 19 percent of the arrests.

POLICE OFFICERS KILLED AND ASSAULTED SUMMARY

- There were no police officers feloniously killed in the line of duty in 2015.
- New Jersey reported 1,735 police officers assaulted in the line of duty in 2015.

CRIME IN NEW JERSEY, UNITED STATES AND THE NORTHEAST REGION

- Violent crime in New Jersey decreased 0.5 percent compared to the previous year, while the Northeast Region decreased 0.9 percent overall. Violent crime in the United States increased by 3.8 percent overall.
- Nonviolent crime in New Jersey decreased 6 percent, while the Northeast Region decreased 6.8 percent overall. Nonviolent crime in the United States decreased 2.6 percent when compared to the 2014 figure.

INDIVIDUAL INDEX OFFENSES Percent Change 2014/2015

	New Jersey	United States	Northeastern States †
Murder	+4	+10.8	+4.2
Rape	+43	+5.1	+3.8
Robbery	-7	+1.4	-4.2
Aggravated Assault	+2	+4.6	+0.1
Burglary	-12	-7.8	-12.9
Larceny-Theft	-5	-1.8	-5.7
Motor Vehicle Theft	+1	+3.1	-3.0

† Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania.

* Percent change less than one-half of one percent.

MURDER

Definition:

Murder is defined as the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought. Any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime is included. This Index offense is counted by police on the basis of their investigation without regard to findings of a court, jury or the decision of a prosecutor. Attempts to kill, are scored as aggravated assaults and not as murder. Suicides, accidental deaths, negligent manslaughter, and justifiable homicides are not counted, nor reflected in the murder classification.

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 369 murders reported to law enforcement agencies of the state in 2015, a 4 percent increase compared to the 354 murders reported in 2014.
- Murders accounted for less than one percent of the reported index offenses, and 2 percent of the violent crime.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- The age group of 20-24 accounted for 19 percent of all murder victims.
- Firearms were used in 72 percent of the murders, knives or cutting instruments in 11 percent, blunt objects in 7 percent, and physical force in 5 percent.
- Seventeen percent of the offenders were friends or acquaintances of the victim, while 9 percent were strangers, and 6 percent were relatives.
- Felony murders accounted for 18 percent of all murder circumstances. Robbery was the motive in 44 percent of the 67 felony murders.
- Sixty-five murders were recorded on Sunday for the high, while Monday was the lowest, with 41.
- July recorded the highest number of murders 41, while February recorded the lowest 15.
- Fifty-five percent of the murders occurred on highways or streets, 12 percent in single family dwellings, and 18 percent in multi-family apartment dwellings.
- Forty-nine domestic violence murders were recorded in 2015.
- Drug-related and/or gang related circumstances accounted for 6 percent (23) of all murders.

ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- A total of 196 persons were arrested for murder in 2015, a 26 percent decrease compared to 2014.
- Adult murder arrests decreased 29 percent (from 244 to 174) while juvenile arrests increased 10 percent (from 20 to 22).
- Sixty-two percent of persons arrested for murder were black and 37 percent were white.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 27 percent of the arrests.

Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

- Forty-seven percent of the murders were cleared in 2015 (174 out of 369). Juveniles accounted for 7 percent of those cases cleared.
- Males accounted for 94 percent and females 6 percent of those arrested for murder.

Murder Scenario

Most frequent day:	Sunday
Most frequent month:	July
Most frequent weapon:	Firearms
Most frequent location:	Street/Highway

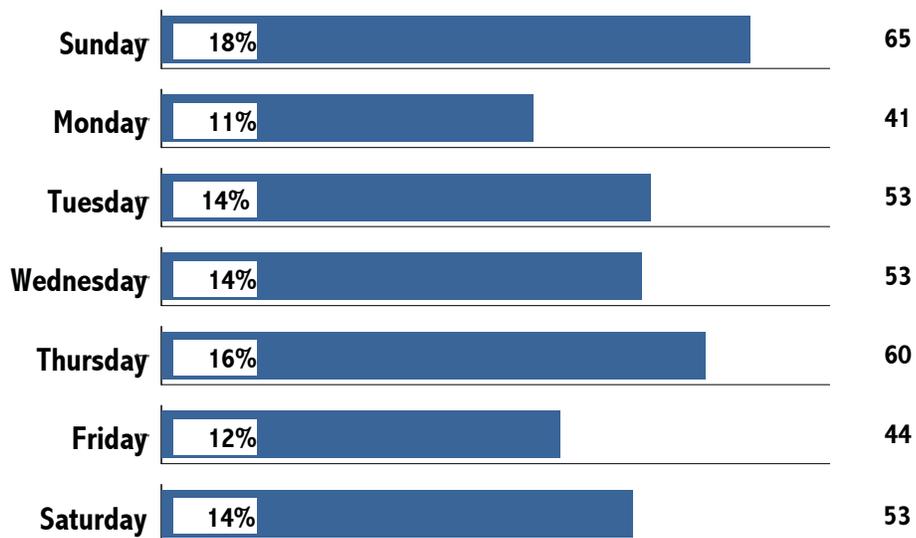
Most frequent offender: Percent of total arrests:

Age Group:	20-24	31
Sex:	Male	94
Race:	Black	62

Most frequent victim: Percent of total victims:

Age Group:	20-24	19
Sex:	Male	85
Race:	Black	69

MURDER BY DAY OF WEEK



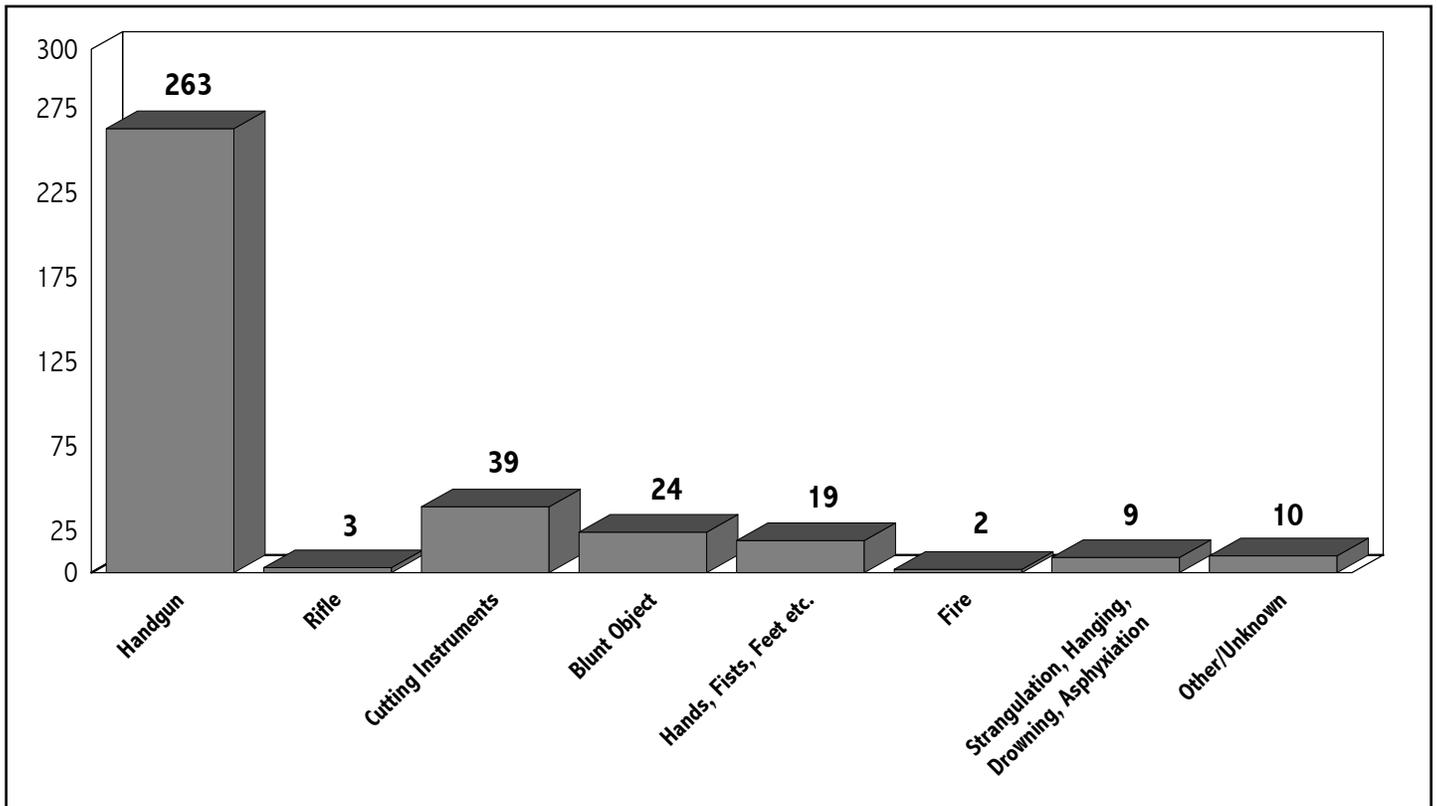
Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE, SEX AND RACE 2015

AGE	NUMBER	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	SEX		RACE				
			MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	BLACK	AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKAN NATIVE	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER	UNKNOWN
Under 1	5	1.4	2	3	1	3	0	1	0
1 - 4	5	1.4	5	0	3	2	0	0	0
5 - 9	2	0.5	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
15 - 19	33	8.9	30	3	5	28	0	0	0
20 - 24	70	19.0	66	4	11	58	0	1	0
25 - 29	67	18.2	58	9	11	54	0	2	0
30 - 34	45	12.2	40	5	13	32	0	0	0
35 - 39	36	9.8	29	7	10	26	0	0	0
40 - 44	24	6.5	21	3	9	15	0	0	0
45 - 49	21	5.7	13	8	9	12	0	0	0
50 - 54	16	4.3	14	2	8	8	0	0	0
55 - 59	14	3.8	13	1	8	4	1	1	0
60 - 64	10	2.7	9	1	4	5	0	1	0
65 - 69	7	1.9	7	0	3	4	0	0	0
70 - 74	4	1.1	2	2	3	1	0	0	0
75 And Over	10	2.7	4	6	6	3	0	1	0
Total For New Jersey	369	-	314	55	106	255	1	7	0
Percent Distribution	-	100.0	85.1	14.9	28.7	69.1	0.3	1.9	0.0

Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

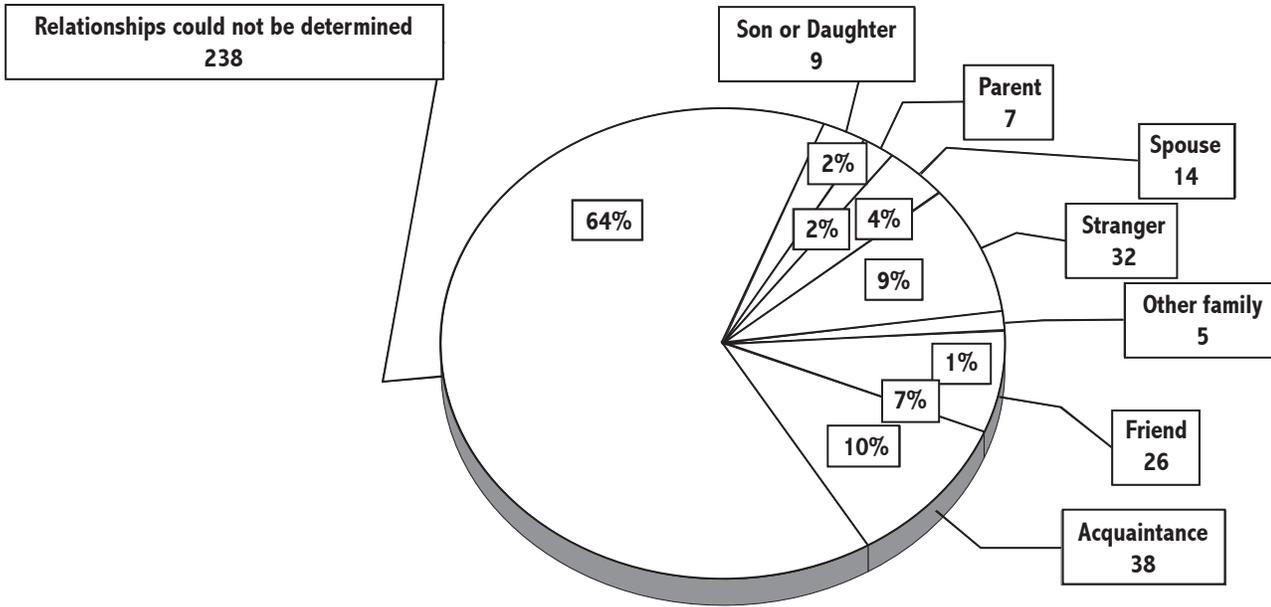
MURDER DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF WEAPON 2015



WEAPON	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	OFFENSES
Handgun	71.3%	263
Rifle	0.8%	3
Cutting Instruments	10.6%	39
Blunt Object	6.5%	24
Hands, Fists, Feet etc.	5.1%	19
Fire	0.5%	2
Strangulation, Hanging, Drowning, Asphyxiation	2.4%	9
Other/Unknown	2.7%	10
TOTAL	100.0%	369

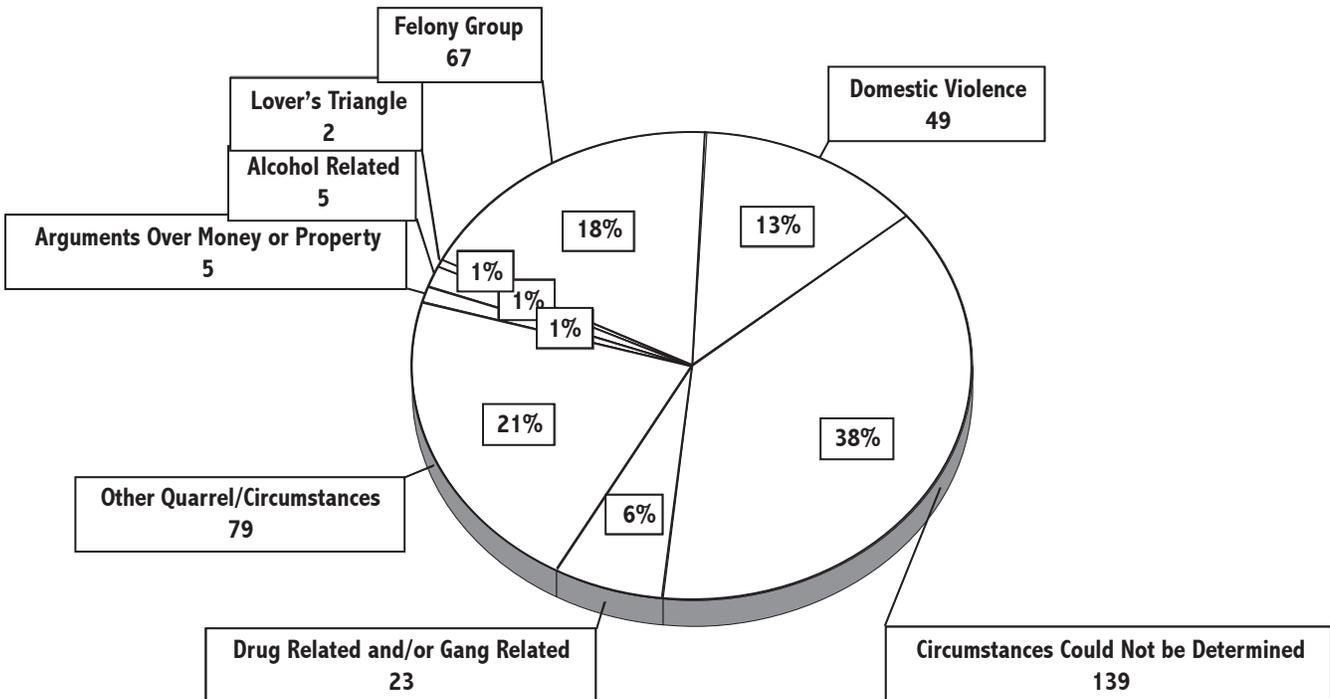
Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

RELATIONSHIP OF MURDER VICTIMS TO OFFENDER



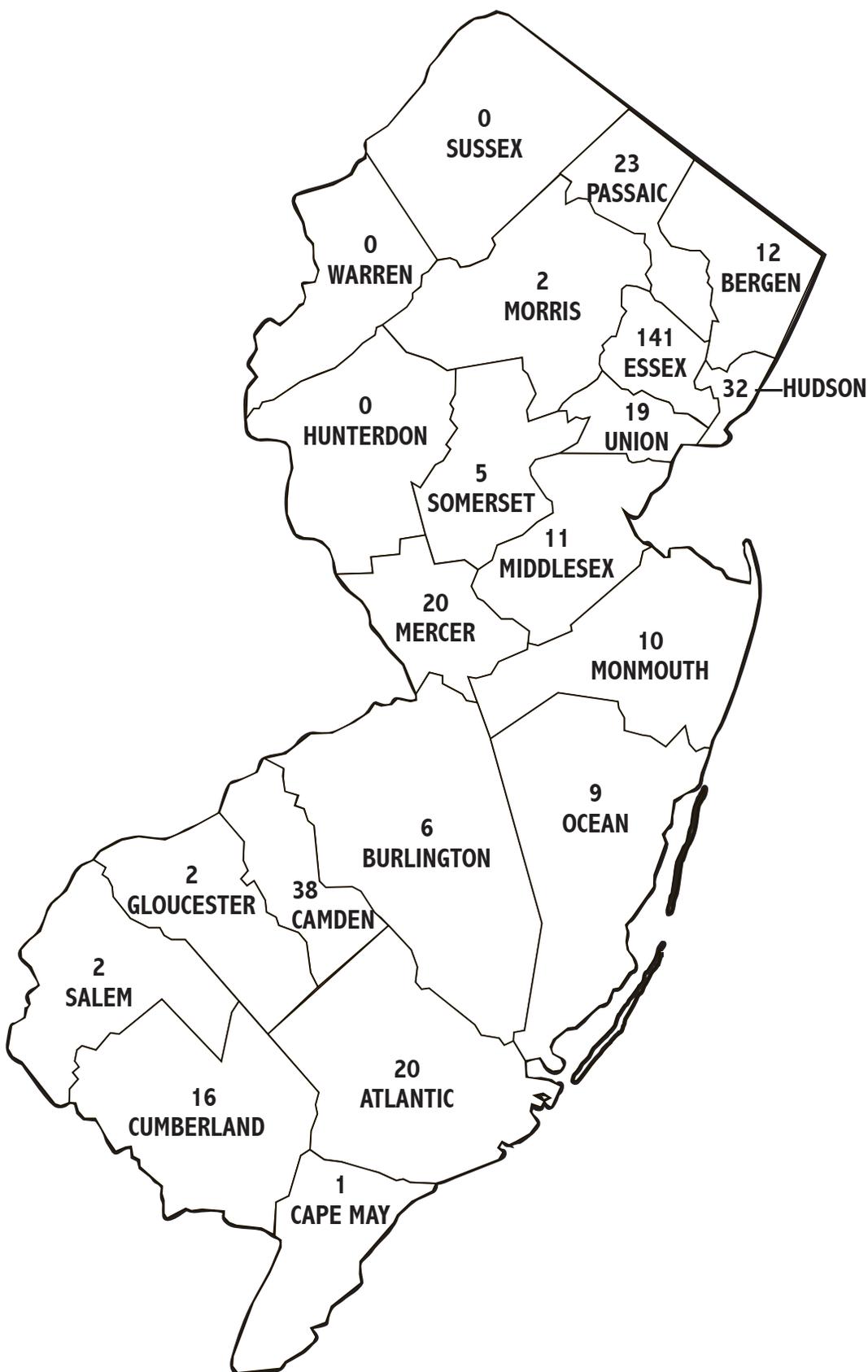
Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

MURDER CIRCUMSTANCES



Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

MURDERS BY COUNTY - 2015



RAPE

Definition:

Rape is defined as the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 1,362 reported rapes in 2015, a 43 percent increase compared to the 950 in 2014.*
- Rape accounted for 1 percent of the total Crime Index and 6 percent of all violent crimes.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- Ninety-six percent of the rapes were forcible, the remaining 4 percent were attempts to rape.
- The total value of property stolen during rapes amounted to \$6,077.

ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- A total of 376 persons were arrested for rape in 2015, a 16 percent increase compared to 2014.
- Adult rape arrests increased 18 percent, and juvenile arrests increased 10 percent.
- Sixty-five percent of the persons arrested for rape were white, 34 percent were black and 1 percent were other races.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 36 percent of the arrests.
- Thirty percent of all persons arrested for rape were between 25 and 39.
- Thirty-three percent of rape cases were cleared in 2015. Juveniles accounted for 15 percent of those cases cleared.

Rape Scenario

Most frequent month:	July	
Most frequent offender:		Percent of total arrests:
Age Group:	25 - 29	12
Sex:	Male	94
Race:	White	65

* This significant increase is due to the expanded rape definition, see page 7 for further information.

ROBBERY

Definition:

Robbery is defined as the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another, against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear. The element of personal confrontation is always present in this crime. Under the program, all assaults or attempts to rob are included.

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 9,743 robbery offenses in 2015, a decrease of 7 percent compared to 2014.
- Robbery accounted for 6 percent of the total Crime Index and 43 percent of all violent crimes.
- The robbery rate decreased to 1.1 victims per 1,000 inhabitants in 2015.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- Highway robberies accounted for 65 percent of all reported robberies.
- Convenience store robberies decreased 9 percent, while highway robberies decreased 7 percent.
- The total value of property stolen during robberies amounted to \$8,610,345.

ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- A total of 3,143 persons were arrested for robbery in 2015, a 7 percent decrease compared to 2014.
- Adult robbery arrests decreased 6 percent and juvenile robbery arrests decreased 8 percent.
- Males accounted for 87 percent and females 13 percent of the robbery arrests during 2015.
- Sixty-two percent of all persons arrested for robbery were black, 37 percent were white, and 1 percent were other races.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 20 percent of the robbery arrests.
- Twenty-five percent of robbery cases were cleared and juveniles accounted for 17 percent of those clearances.

Robbery Scenario

Most frequent month: December

Most frequent weapon: Strong Arm (Hands, Fists, etc.)

Most frequent location: Highway (streets, alleys, etc.)

Most frequent offender:

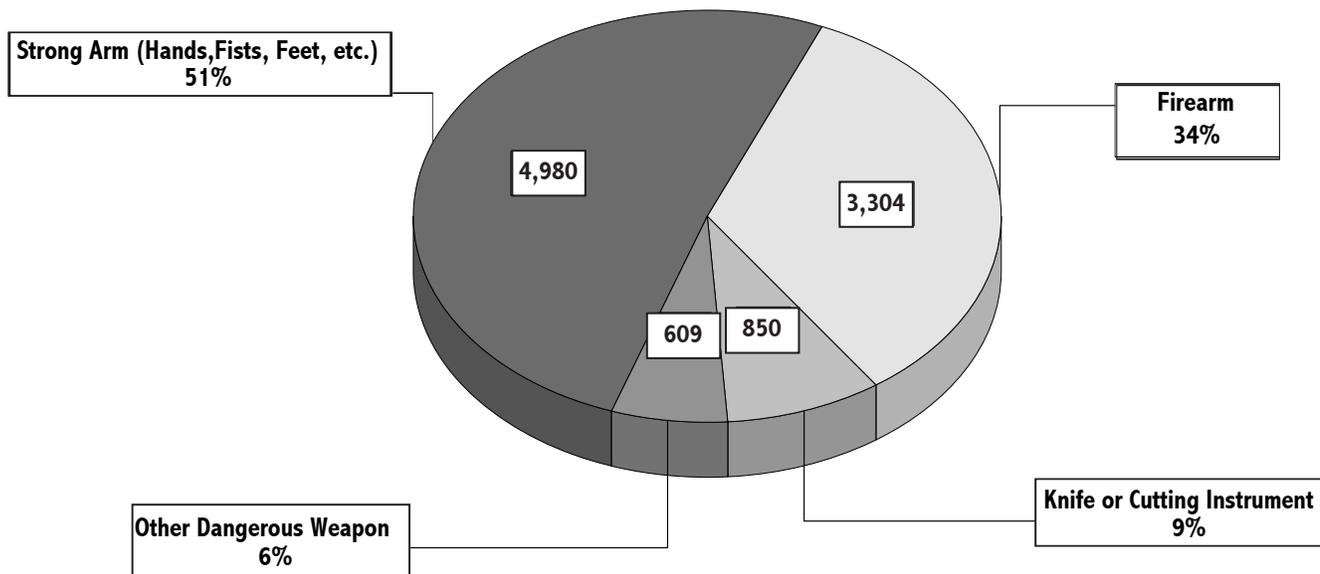
Percent of total arrests:

Age Group: 25 - 29 13

Sex: Male 87

Race: Black 62

ROBBERY WEAPON BY DISTRIBUTION 2015



Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

PLACE OF OCCURRENCE

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF OFFENSES
HIGHWAY	6,291	\$4,242,779	\$674	64.6%
COMMERCIAL HOUSE	618	\$1,241,700	\$2,009	6.3%
GAS, SERVICE STATION	328	\$142,570	\$435	3.4%
CONVENIENCE STORE	523	\$446,535	\$854	5.4%
RESIDENCE	875	\$1,078,948	\$1,233	9.0%
BANK	133	\$512,243	\$3,851	1.4%
MISCELLANEOUS	975	\$945,570	\$970	10.0%
TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY	9,743	\$8,610,345	\$884	100.1%

Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

CARJACKING HIGHLIGHTS

Highlights of carjacking offense statistics for 2015 are listed below:

- There were 186 carjacking offenses reported to the police; which involved 197 victims, including passengers.
- Carjackings decreased 7% when comparing 2015 to 2014 reported offenses.
- Eighteen of the 565 municipalities in New Jersey reported carjackings.
- Firearms were involved in 69% (128) of all carjackings. Less than one-half of one percent (1) of the firearms used were assault firearms. Shootings were involved in 2 percent (5) of all carjackings.
- New Jersey registered vehicles represented 85% (158) of all carjackings. Nissan represented the most frequently carjacked vehicle at 11%. The most frequently targeted vehicle year was 2014 with 10% (19).
- Seventy-two percent (133) of all carjacked vehicles were recovered. The average value of a carjacked motor vehicle was \$11,844.
- Carjackings occurred in a residential area 82% (152) of the time. The hours of darkness (6:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m.) accounted for 68% (126) of all carjackings.
- Ten percent (19) of all carjackings were witnessed.
- The most frequent victim age group was 30-34, which accounted for 25% (49) of the victim total (197). Seventy-two percent (141) of all victims were male. Sixty-three percent (125) of all victims were black.
- The total number of offenders was 314. Insufficient analysis information was supplied on 69% (216) of the offenders. Of all known offenders (98), 20-24 was the most frequent offender age group and accounted for 46% (45). Ninety-four percent (92) of all known offenders were male. Ninety-four percent (92) of all known offenders were black.
- Of the total arrests for carjacking (11), adults accounted for 100% (11).
- August had the highest number of offenses with 24, accounting for 13% of all carjacking offenses.
- Saturday recorded the highest number of offenses with (36), accounting for 19% of all carjackings.
- Region I, which consists of Essex, Hudson, and Union counties, accounted for 83% (154) of all carjackings.
- No murders were reported in 2015 as a result of carjacking.
- Four percent (8) of all carjackings (186) were cleared by arrest.

CARJACKING OFFENSES

COUNTY AND STATE TOTALS - 2015

County	Number of Offenses	Estimated Vehicle Value	Actual Number of Vehicles Recovered	Offenses Cleared by Arrest	Number of Persons Arrested
Atlantic	-	-	-	-	-
Bergen	1	\$15,000	-	-	-
Burlington	-	-	-	-	-
Camden	6	\$57,000	-	-	-
Cape May	-	-	-	-	-
Cumberland	1	\$2,000	1	1	1
Essex	138	\$1,533,022	113	3	5
Gloucester	-	-	-	-	-
Hudson	4	\$70,000	2	-	-
Hunterdon	-	-	-	-	-
Mercer	20	\$175,050	14	3	4
Middlesex	2	\$3,500	1	-	-
Monmouth	1	\$1,000	1	1	1
Morris	-	-	-	-	-
Ocean	1	\$20,000	-	-	-
Passaic	-	-	-	-	-
Salem	-	-	-	-	-
Somerset	-	-	-	-	-
Sussex	-	-	-	-	-
Union	12	\$326,439	1	-	-
Warren	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	186	\$2,203,011	133	8	11

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Definition:

Aggravated assault, as defined under the New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting System, is an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do serious physical injury to another. Attempts are included since it is not necessary that an injury result when a firearm, knife, or other weapon is used which could result in serious personal injury if the crime was successfully completed.

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 11,425 reported aggravated assaults in 2015, an increase of 2 percent compared to 2014.
- Aggravated assault accounted for 7 percent of the total Crime Index and 50 percent of all violent crimes.
- The rate for aggravated assault in 2015 remained at 1.3 victims per 1,000 inhabitants compared to 2014.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- The categories of physical force (i.e. hands, fists, and feet) and other dangerous weapons (i.e. clubs, bricks, tire irons, etc.) were used in 60 percent of all reported aggravated assaults.
- Firearms were used in 18 percent of all aggravated assaults committed.

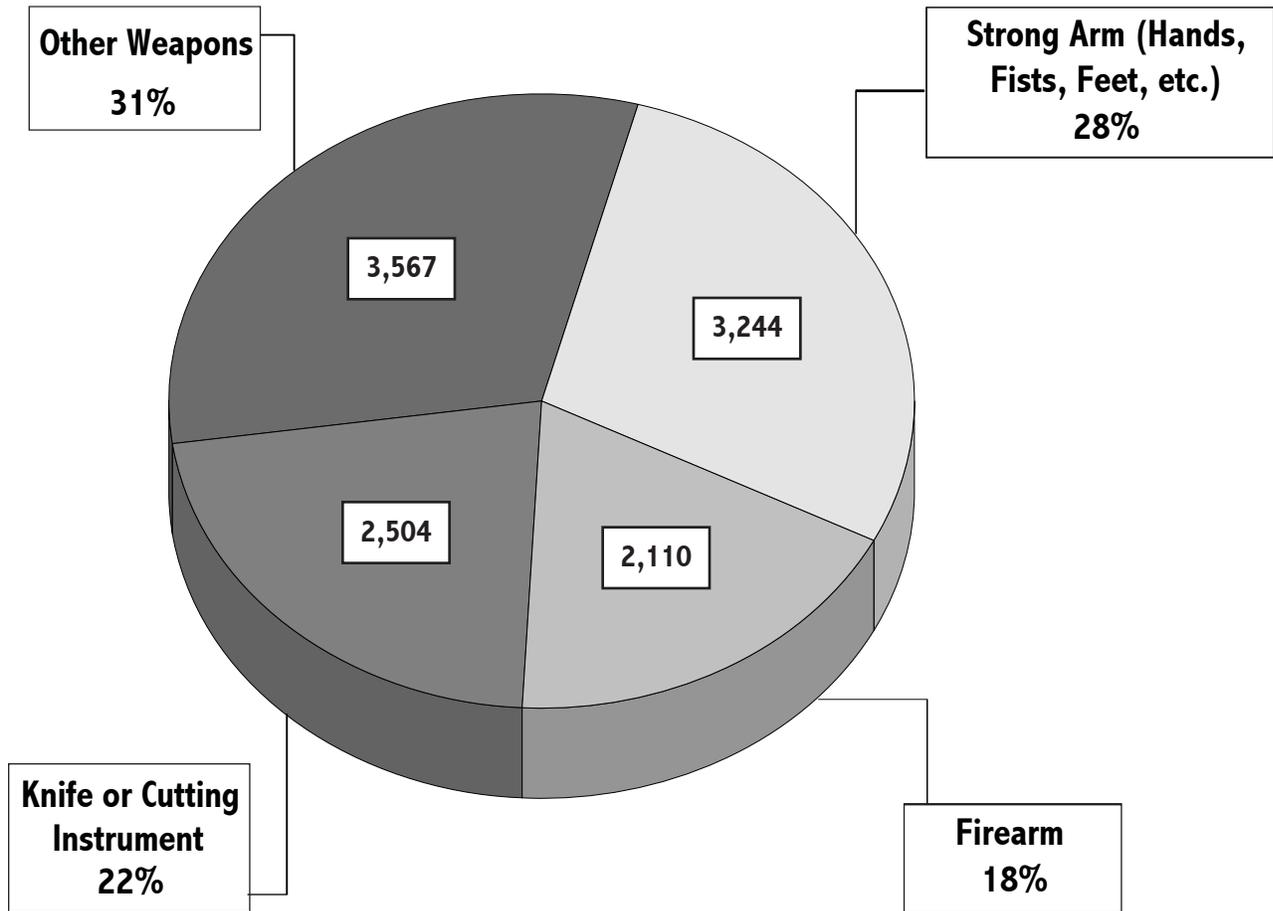
ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- There were 6,637 persons arrested for aggravated assault in 2015, a 1 percent decrease compared to 2014.
- Adult arrests decreased 1 percent, and juvenile arrests decreased 5 percent.
- Males accounted for 75 percent and females 25 percent of the aggravated assault arrests.
- Fifty percent of all persons arrested for aggravated assaults were white, 48 percent were black, and the remaining 2 percent were other races.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 26 percent of the arrests.
- Fifty-two percent of aggravated assault cases were cleared; juveniles accounted for 9 percent of those clearances.

Aggravated Assault Scenario

Most frequent month:	May	
Most frequent type:	Other Dangerous Weapon	
Most frequent offender:		Percent of total arrests:
Age Group:	25 - 29	17
Sex:	Male	75
Race:	White	50

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT WEAPON DISTRIBUTION 2015



Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

BURGLARY

DEFINITION:

Under this program, burglary is defined as an unlawful entry or attempted entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny. Data collection for this offense is further categorized as forcible entry, unlawful entry (where no force is used) and attempted forcible entry.

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 27,890 reported burglary offenses in 2015, a 12 percent decrease compared to 2014.
- Burglary accounted for 17 percent of the total Crime Index and 19 percent of all nonviolent crimes.
- The burglary rate decreased to 3.1 victims per 1,000 inhabitants in 2015.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- Fifty-five percent of all burglaries involved forcible entry, 34 percent were unlawful entry where no force was used and attempts to forcibly enter accounted for 11 percent in 2015.
- Residences were targets in 72 percent of the reported burglaries.
- Forty-six percent of nonresidential burglaries are known to have occurred between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m.
- Stolen property as a result of burglary statewide, amounted to \$63.6 million, for an average loss of \$2,282.
- The average loss as a result of residential burglaries was \$2,180 and of nonresidential burglaries was \$2,550.

ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- Burglary arrests decreased 12 percent with 4,564 persons arrested.
- Adult arrests decreased 12 percent, and juvenile arrests decreased 17 percent.
- Males accounted for 86 percent, and females 14 percent of the burglary arrests. Juveniles accounted for 14 percent of all burglary arrests.
- Sixty-four percent of all persons arrested for burglary were white, 35 percent were black, and the remaining 1 percent were other races.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 20 percent of the arrests.
- Fourteen percent of the burglaries statewide were cleared and juveniles accounted for 9 percent of those clearances.

Burglary Scenario

Most frequent month:	July	
Most frequent type:	Forcible Entry	
Most frequent premise:	Residential	
Most frequent offender:		Percent of total arrests:
Age Group:	25 - 29	17
Sex:	Male	86
Race:	White	64

BURGLARY - 2015

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF OFFENSES
RESIDENCE				
Night	4,703	\$8,444,358	\$1,796	16.9%
Day	8,494	\$19,996,252	\$2,354	30.5%
Unknown	7,017	\$15,635,527	\$2,228	25.2%
RESIDENCE TOTAL	20,214	\$44,076,137	\$2,180	72.5%
NONRESIDENCE				
Night	3,519	\$8,448,785	\$2,401	12.6%
Day	1,223	\$1,838,064	\$1,503	4.4%
Unknown	2,934	\$9,284,054	\$3,164	10.5%
NONRESIDENCE TOTAL	7,676	\$19,570,903	\$2,550	27.5%
TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY	27,890	\$63,647,040	\$2,282	100.0%

LARCENY-THEFT

Definition:

The definition of larceny-theft, as provided under this program, is the taking of the property of another with intent to deprive him of ownership. All larcenies and thefts resulting from pocketpicking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, larcenies from motor vehicles, thefts or motor vehicle parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, etc., are included here. Embezzlement, unlawful conversions, larceny by bailee, frauds or bad checks are not included.

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 106,059 larcenies reported in 2015, a decrease of 5 percent compared to 2014.
- Larceny accounted for 63 percent of the total Crime Index and 73 percent of all nonviolent crimes.
- The rate for larceny decreased to 11.9 victims per 1,000 inhabitants in 2015.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- Theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories and thefts from motor vehicles collectively accounted for 24 percent of all larceny-theft reported.
- Shoplifting offenses decreased less than one-half of one percent when compared to 2014.
- Theft from buildings accounted for 17 percent of all larceny-thefts reported.

ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- Larceny arrests decreased 6 percent in 2015 with 23,549 persons arrested.
- Adult arrests decreased 6 percent, and juvenile arrests decreased 12 percent.
- Males accounted for 61 percent, and females 39 percent of the larceny arrests.
- Sixty-two percent of all persons arrested for larceny were white, 35 percent were black, and the remaining 3 percent were other races.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 18 percent of the arrests.
- Twenty-two percent of the larcenies were cleared with juveniles accounting for 8 percent of those clearances.

Larceny Scenario

Most frequent month: August
 Most frequent type: All Other

Most frequent offender:		Percent of total arrests:
Age Group:	25-29	15
Sex:	Male	61
Race:	White	62

LARCENY-THEFT (Except Motor Vehicle Theft) - 2015

CLASSIFICATION BY VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF OFFENSES
Over \$200	49,811	\$98,741,429	\$1,982	47.0%
\$50 to \$200	28,634	\$3,267,858	\$114	27.0%
Under \$50	27,614	\$440,929	\$16	26.0%
TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY	106,059	\$102,450,216	\$966	100.0%

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS OF LARCENY-THEFT

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF OFFENSES
POCKET-PICKING	786	\$327,193	\$416	0.7%
PURSE-SNATCHING	799	\$370,593	\$464	0.8%
SHOPLIFTING	24,175	\$7,471,293	\$309	22.8%
FROM MOTOR VEHICLE	21,707	\$14,082,104	\$649	20.5%
MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS & ACCESSORIES	4,267	\$2,953,038	\$692	4.0%
BICYCLES	6,255	\$2,060,503	\$329	5.9%
FROM BUILDINGS	17,516	\$30,217,610	\$1,725	16.5%
FROM COIN OPERATED MACHINES	208	\$222,410	\$1,069	0.2%
ALL OTHER	30,346	\$44,745,472	\$1,475	28.6%
TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY	106,059	\$102,450,216	\$966	100.0%

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Definition:

In Uniform Crime Reporting, motor vehicle theft includes all thefts and attempted thefts of motor vehicles. This includes the theft or attempted theft of motor vehicle which is defined as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on the surface and not on the rails. This definition excludes taking a motor vehicle for temporary use, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others having lawful access to the vehicle. This motor vehicle theft category includes the subheadings of auto, trucks and buses, and other vehicles (motorcycles, mopeds, etc.)

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 11,763 motor vehicle thefts reported in 2015, a increase of less than 1 percent compared to 2014.
- Motor vehicle theft accounted for 7 percent of the total Crime Index and 8 percent of all nonviolent crimes.
- The motor vehicle theft rate of 1.3 victims per 1,000 inhabitants is unchanged from 2014.

DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE

Type	Number	Percent Distribution
Auto	10,317	88
Trucks and Buses	658	6
Other Vehicles	788	6

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- Motor vehicles represented 40 percent of the total value of property stolen during 2015.
- Total value of stolen motor vehicles amounted to \$117 million during the year.
- The average value of a stolen motor vehicle was \$9,774.
- Recovered vehicle values totaling \$69 million represent 86 percent of the total value of recovered property.

ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- A total of 661 persons arrested for Motor Vehicle Theft, this represents an increase of 17 percent compared to 2014.
- Adult arrests increased 24 percent and juvenile arrests decreased 9 percent.
- Males accounted for 76 percent, and females 24 percent of the motor vehicle theft arrests.
- Sixty-one percent of all persons arrested for motor vehicle theft were white and 38 percent were black.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 20 percent of the arrests.
- Six percent of motor vehicle thefts were cleared in 2015; juveniles accounted for 11 percent of those clearances.

Motor Vehicle Theft Scenario

Most frequent month:	July	
Most frequent type:	Auto	
Most frequent offender:		Percent of total arrests:
Age Group:	25 - 29	17
Sex:	Male	76
Race:	White	61

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT VALUES

Stolen
\$117,318,348



Recovered
\$68,666,217



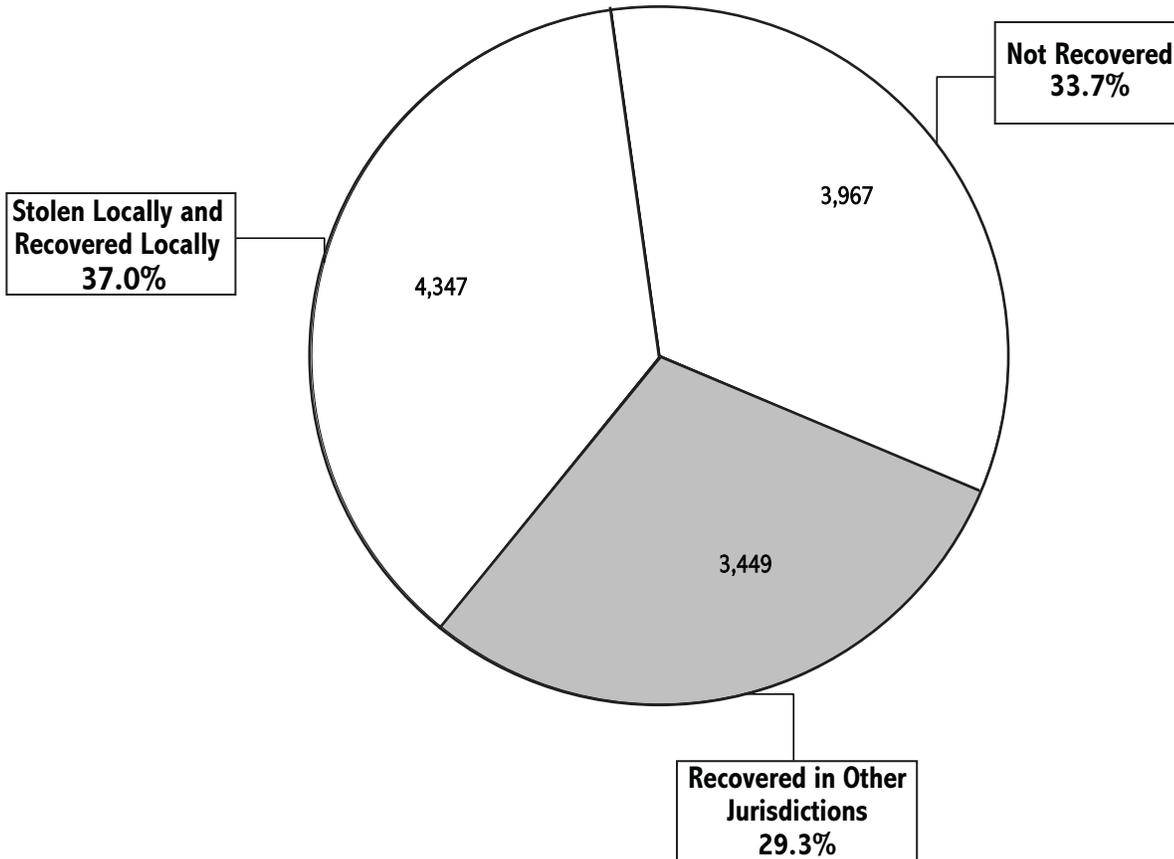
59% OF STOLEN VALUE RECOVERED

MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED

Recovery of Motor Vehicles

Total Recovered: 7,796

66.3% of Stolen Motor Vehicles Recovered



ARSON

Definition:

Arson is defined by the New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting program as any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc. Only fires determined through investigation to have been willfully or maliciously set are classified as arsons. Fires of suspicious or unknown origins are excluded.

VOLUME/RATE/TREND

- There were 597 arsons reported in 2015, which represents a decrease of 10 percent compared to 2014.
- The arson rate remained unchanged at 0.1 victims per 1,000 inhabitants.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS

- Fifty-six percent of arsons were structures, with single occupancy residences accounting for 24 percent.
- Mobile property, including motor vehicles, accounted for 24 percent of the arsons in the state.
- Other property (timber, crops, etc.) accounted for 20 percent of the reported arsons.
- Total value of property damage due to arson amounted to \$8.6 million, for an average loss of \$14,373.
- The average residential loss was \$30,707, while the average loss to industrial/commercial structures was \$19,181.
- The average loss to mobile property was \$7,253.

ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- Arson arrests numbered 174 in 2015 representing a 20 percent decrease, compared to 2014.
- Adult arrests decreased 31 percent, and juvenile arrests decreased 5 percent.
- Males accounted for 80 percent, and females for 20 percent of the arson arrests.
- Juveniles accounted for 49 percent of all arsons arrests.
- Seventy-one percent of the persons arrested for arson were white, 28 percent were black, and the remaining 1 percent were other races.
- The Hispanic ethnic origin accounted for 26 percent of the arrests.
- The arson clearance rate was 27 percent, and juveniles accounted for 35 percent of those clearances.

Arson Scenario

Most frequent month:	May	
Most frequent type:	Single Occupancy (Residential)	
Most frequent offender:		Percent of total arrests:
Age Group:	13 - 14	19
Sex:	Male	80
Race:	White	71

ARSON - 2015

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	NUMBER CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED	NUMBER JUVENILES CLEARED	PERCENT JUVENILES CLEARED
Single Occupancy (Residential)	141	24	\$4,067,602	43	30	11	26
Other Residential	82	14	\$2,780,089	35	43	9	26
Storage	20	3	\$137,026	2	10	1	50
Industrial, Manufacturing	1	*	\$1,000	0	0	0	0
Other Commercial	17	3	\$344,258	5	29	1	20
Community, Public	53	9	\$71,525	21	40	16	76
All Other Structures	18	3	\$96,370	3	17	2	67
TOTAL STRUCTURE	332	56	\$7,497,870	109	33	40	37
Motor Vehicles	133	22	\$750,962	14	11	0	0
Other Mobile Property	11	2	\$293,450	0	0	0	0
TOTAL MOBILE	144	24	\$1,044,412	14	10	0	0
TOTAL OTHER	121	20	\$38,247	41	34	17	41
TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY	597	100	\$8,580,529	164	27	57	35

Percent distribution may not add to 100 due to rounding.

* Not calculated due to small volume.

