LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY

DIVISION OF GAMING ENFORCEMENT

Sports Wagering

Sports Wagering Pools and Online Sports Wagering Pools

Proposed Readoption of Special Adopted Repeals and New Rules with Amendments:

N.J.A.C. 13:69N

Proposed Readoption of Special Adopted Amendments with Amendments: N.J.A.C.

13:69A-9.4, 9.5, 9.7, 9.8, 9.8A, 9.19, and 9.20; 13:69D-1.1, 1.8, 1.10, 1.11, 1.14, 1.15, and 3.1;

13:69E-1.28O; 13:69J-1.1, 1.2, 1.2B, 1.3B, 1.14, and 1.14B; 13:69L-1.1, 1.4 through 1.8; and

13:69O-1.1, 1.3, 1.9, and 3.1

Proposed Amendments: N.J.A.C. 13:69G-1.1, 1.2, 1.4, and 1.7, 13:69I-1.1, 1.4, and 3.1, and

13:690-1.4

Proposed Repeals: N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.17

Authorized By: David Rebuck, Director, Division of Gaming Enforcement.

Authority: P.L. 2018, c. 33 (N.J.S.A. 5:12A-13) and N.J.S.A. 5:12-69.a, 70.a, 76.g, 76.n, 76.r,

99.a, 100.c, and 100.h.

Calendar Reference: See Summary below for explanation of exception to calendar requirement.

Proposal Number: PRN 2019-012.

Submit written comments by March 8, 2019, to:

Charles F. Kimmel, Deputy Attorney General

Division of Gaming Enforcement

1300 Atlantic Avenue

Atlantic City, New Jersey 08401

or electronically at: rulecomments@njdge.org.

The agency proposal follows:

Summary

The Division of Gaming Enforcement (Division) specially adopted new rules, repeals, and amendments (Special Adoption) effective June 13, 2018, setting forth rules for sports wagering at casinos and racetracks and through Internet wagering. The rules promulgated via the Special Adoption, including the new rules, amendments, and the repeal of Chapter 69N, were scheduled to expire on March 10, 2019. As the Division filed this notice of proposed readoption of special adopted new rules, repeals, and amendments with amendments (Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption) prior to that date, the expiration date is extended 180 days to September 6, 2019, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:14B-5.1.c(2). This Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption is intended to solicit public comment regarding the Division's rulemaking to: 1. readopt the new rules for sports wagering with additional amendments; 2. readopt the repeal of Chapter 69N, which was originally adopted in 2012; and 3. readopt the amendments, with additional amendments, to the Division's existing rules.

The Special Adoption changed N.J.A.C. 13:69A-9.4 and 9.19 to include a sports wagering license fee of \$100,000 for an initial fee, with 50 percent of that fee designated for appropriation for Responsible Gaming programs, and a renewal fee of at least \$100,000, with the Director setting a final amount based on actual regulatory costs. A portion of the renewal fee is also to be designated for appropriation for Responsible Gambling programs. In addition, a retainer of \$250,000 is required of each casino and race track sports wagering license holder to cover the initial start-up costs of sports wagering regulation. The proposed amendment to the Special Adoption adds that the \$250,000 retainer was also intended to cover the ongoing

operational costs of regulating sports wagering by the Division for the first year of sports wagering, as was originally intended. The proposed amendment to the Special Adoption at N.J.A.C. 13:69A-9.4 is for clarification only, to relocate the renewal fee to its own paragraph and does not make any substantive change.

N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.1 was changed in the Special Adoption to include "sports pool vouchers" and "wagering tickets" within the definition of a representation of a gaming debt.

N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.8 was changed in the Special Adoption to require a four-year retention schedule for documentation, other than the actual wagering tickets, used to support the calculation of sports wagering gross revenue.

N.J.A.C. 13:69C-1.10 was changed in the Special Adoption to require the surveillance department to observe the operations associated with the conduct of a sports pool, including the lounge, booth, ticket writer locations, kiosks, and all other sports wagering activities. A proposed amendment from the Special Adoption, which is also proposed throughout the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption, substitutes "station" for "window," as certain sports wagering cashiers are located in low-limit areas with open counters rather than fully enclosed locations.

N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.11 was changed in the Special Adoption to reference sports wagering activities under the responsibility of the surveillance department. It was also changed to include online sports wagering operations as part of the IT department's responsibilities. An additional change added sports wagering revenues to the responsibility of the casino accounting department. A final change required the creation and establishment of a separate sports wagering department and also required that there be at least one casino key employee in the sports wagering lounge anytime it is in operation. N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.11(b)6 is proposed for

amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to include the sports wagering lounge to the duties of the casino security department.

N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.14 was changed in the Special Adoption to authorize sports wagering transactions at a sports wagering lounge booth located in the sports wagering lounge, so long as the facility had a cage that complied with the requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.14(b).

N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.15 was changed in the Special Adoption to authorize cashiers to process sports wagering transactions. The section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to clarify that this rule refers to the area within a casino or racetrack where sports wagering occurs as a sports wagering lounge and a booth where cashiers are located in such lounge is referred to as a sports wagering lounge booth. Within each sports wagering lounge, there will also be located a secure room referred to in the proposed amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption as a vault.

N.J.A.C. 13:69D-3.1 was changed in the Special Adoption to track the statutory language for winning sports pool tickets and sports wagering vouchers that expire one year from the date of the event being wagered or for vouchers, one year from issuance. Race tracks and casinos generally retain 50 percent of such funds, with the other half being directed to the State. The rule was also changed to set forth the reporting requirements when tickets or vouchers expire.

N.J.A.C. 13:69E-1.28O was changed in the Special Adoption to include sports wagering kiosks in the rules regarding the standards for gaming kiosks and to include sports wagering kiosks within the accounting requirements for kiosks. The rule was also changed to require a winning sports wagering ticket or voucher that cannot be redeemed to be returned to the patron.

N.J.A.C. 13:69G-1.1 is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to include sports wagering lounges within the definition of places where an excluded

person is required to be ejected. This amendment, as well as the proposed amendments to N.J.A.C. 13:69G-1.2 and 1.7, discussed below are intended to clarify that excluded persons are not permitted to enter or wager in any sports wagering lounge.

N.J.A.C. 13:69G-1.2 is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to include sports wagering lounge operators to the list of parties who are required to monitor the exclusion list and eject from their facilities, any persons appearing on the list.

N.J.A.C. 13:69G-1.4(a) is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to state that a sports wagering lounge operator, which includes casinos, racetracks, and casino service industry enterprises, may refer candidates for the exclusion list to the Division. An example would be if the operator caught someone cheating or if a patron was disorderly within the sports wagering lounge.

N.J.A.C. 13:69G-1.7 is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to require sports wagering lounge operators to eject persons on the list and also to prevent persons on the list from making sports wagers through an online gaming system.

N.J.A.C. 13:69I-1.1 is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to include a sports wagering lounge within the definition of an authorized location for service of alcoholic beverages. This amendment, as well as the amendments to N.J.A.C. 13:69I-1.4 and 3.1, discussed below are intended to clarify that alcoholic beverages may be served in a sports wagering lounge.

N.J.A.C. 13:69I-1.4 is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to include sports wagering lounges within its classification types of authorized alcoholic beverage locations.

N.J.A.C. 13:69I-3.1 is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to include a sports wagering lounge as a location where alcoholic beverages cannot be delivered to a patron, unless the patron requests such beverage.

N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.1 was changed in the Special Adoption to include sports pool equipment within the definition of gaming equipment.

N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.2 was changed in the Special Adoption to include the provision of goods or services regarding sports pool or online sports pools as among the goods and services requiring the provider to obtain a casino service industry enterprise license. A further change required ancillary licensure for entities that control online sports pool accounts. A final change required a vendor registration for entities offering information or recommendations regarding odds on sporting events when such information is not available to the public. Thus, a service that recommends odds to a sports pool operator would be required to be a vendor registrant. N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.2(b) is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to clarify that a kiosk that processes sports wagering is referred to in the rules as a sports wagering kiosk. This clarification is also proposed at N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.2B.

N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.2B was changed in the Special Adoption to include manufacturers, distributors, and repairers of sports wagering kiosks to engage in transactions with a casino service industry enterprise prior to the plenary licensure of the enterprise.

N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.3B was changed in the Special Adoption to explicitly set forth that licensees and their qualifiers must, as stated in the Casino Control Act, file for resubmission of such license or qualification five years after originally issued. If no resubmission is received, or if the licensee or qualifier informs the Division that he or she will not submit a license or qualifier resubmission, the person or entity will be barred from filing a new application for a

one-year period, unless relief to apply earlier is granted by the Director. An additional change in the Special Adoption clarified a sentence that was incomplete.

N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.14 was changed in the Special Adoption to include persons who have a role in sports pools or online sports pools, as possible qualifiers of a casino service industry enterprise.

N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.14B was changed in the Special Adoption to permit as many temporary qualifiers to a casino service industry enterprise licensee or an ancillary casino service industry enterprise licensee as permitted by the Director. Several sports wagering operators were required to add additional personnel to operate within New Jersey, and rather than permit only three new qualifying persons to be hired without voiding an operator's ability to conduct sports wagering, the rule was changed to do away with a specific maximum amount of temporary qualifiers. The change was made applicable to all licensees, not merely sports wagering operators.

N.J.A.C. 13:69L-1.1 was changed in the Special Adoption to track statutory language regarding the imposition of sports wagering and online sports wagering gross revenue taxes.

Under the Special Adoption, retail sports wagering was subject to a tax of 8.5 percent of gross revenue and an additional investment alternative tax directed to be used exclusively for tourism and marketing programs for the City of Atlantic City. Under the Special Adoption, online sports wagering was subjected to a 13 percent gross revenue tax and an additional investment alternative tax to be directed and used exclusively for tourism and marketing programs for the City of Atlantic City. Under the Special Adoption, casino sports wagering gross revenue tax was directed to the Casino Revenue Fund, while race track sports wagering tax was directed to the General Fund. In addition, while race tracks are subjected to the additional 1.25 percent tax,

such funds are directed not to the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority (CRDA), but to the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, through the Department of the Treasury. A change throughout this section of the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption from the Special Adoption replaces the "investment alternative tax" with the actual amount of the tax, "1.25 percent" and restructures the section for clarity. In addition, based on a legislative change that occurred subsequent to the effective date of the Special Adoption the proposed amendments in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption redirect certain funds to the State Treasurer.

N.J.A.C. 13:69L-1.4 was changed in the Special Adoption to designate casinos and race tracks that operate, manage, or authorize sports wagering as the entities that are responsible for paying the sports wagering and online sports wagering gross revenue taxes.

N.J.A.C. 13:69L-1.5 was changed in the Special Adoption to set forth the procedures for paying gaming gross revenue tax and this section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption to include sports wagering gross revenue taxes.

N.J.A.C. 13:69L-1.6 was changed in the Special Adoption to include the procedure for computing sports wagering gross revenue taxes.

N.J.A.C. 13:69L-1.7 was changed in the Special Adoption to include sports wagering gross revenue taxes within this section, which sets forth the mechanics of filing the gross revenue tax return.

N.J.A.C. 13:69L-1.8 was changed in the Special Adoption to specify that the Division may include sports wagering gross revenue taxes among the tax for which it conducts tax audits. This section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to refer to the revenue or tax derived from sports wagering as "sports wagering gross revenue," rather

than "sports pool gross revenue." This nomenclature is more accurate and was made to be consistently internally.

N.J.A.C. 13:69O-1.1 was changed in the Special Adoption to include online sports pools to the definitions of terms set forth regarding iGaming, including "funds on game," "Internet gaming," "Internet gaming operator," "Internet gaming system," "mobile gaming," "mobile gaming operator," "mobile gaming system," and "remote gaming system." The definition of "pending wager account" was deleted as it was not used in the rules set forth in N.J.A.C. 13:69O.

N.J.A.C. 13:69O-1.3 was changed in the Special Adoption to require a patron who established an Internet gaming account to disclose if he or she was an employee of a sports governing body or member team. Further changes permitted deposits to, and withdrawals from, an Internet gaming account through a sports wagering kiosk. The nomenclature is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption to refer to a kiosk as a "sports wagering kiosk." This is consistent with other references in this rulemaking.

N.J.A.C. 13:69O-1.4 is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption to clarify that a patron balance that is negative can be remedied by depositing to the account, even when the account has been suspended.

N.J.A.C. 13:69O-1.9 was changed in the Special Adoption to add sports pool wagers, including the amount of wagers won, and as proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption, canceled, voided, and resettled wagers to be included in iGaming revenue reports. A further change in the Special Adoption imposed reporting requirements on race tracks that operate or authorize the operation of online sports pools.

N.J.A.C. 13:69O-3.1 was changed in the Special Adoption to add reports regarding online sports wagers to the reports required to be provided by remote gaming system operators.

These reports are used by those who provide content, such as slot machines to report revenues and other transactions. The Special Adoption referred to online sports wagering operators as content providers. This section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of Special Adoption, as it was determined that it would be more efficient to address online sports wagering reports as part of N.J.A.C. 13:69N, the chapter on Sports Wagering. Accordingly, the original changes in the Special Adoption are proposed to be removed, restoring N.J.A.C. 13:69O-3.1 to how it was codified prior to June 13, 2018.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.1 set forth the definitions of terms relevant to sports wagering not defined elsewhere is the rules of the Division. "Event number" was originally defined as an event to be wagered upon, with each changing of odds being a new event that needed to be numbered. This proved impractical and odds changes are now retained in system memory without each change needing to be assigned a number. The section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption to add two new definitions for "settled wager" and "resettled wager." The additions were made to clarify that there are certain wagers where the result changes due to a statistical update from the sports governing body that produces the event. Where the result of a wager changes from a win to a loss, or vice versa, due to new information, that is referred to as a resettled wager. The definition of a settled wager was included to distinguish it from a resettled wager. The definition of a "sports wagering lounge" was added in the Special Adoption with the initial requirement of 1,000 square feet and that was deemed too small for a truly first-class facility, therefore, as proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption, the minimum size is revised to 2,500 square feet. The definition of a voided wager is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the

Special Adoption because the sports wagering systems will sometimes void wagers, such as when an event isn't held, and this needed to be accounted for.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.2 set forth the rules of the Division incorporated by reference in this chapter, regarding sports wagering. This is required for race track sports wagering operators, who unlike casinos, are not otherwise subject to the rules of the Division. This section further sets forth general requirements to offer sports wagering, including the construction of a permanent sports wagering lounge, the permissibility of operating a temporary lounge and online sports wagering, if construction has advanced on the required permanent lounge, the requirement to maintain a cash reserve of either \$500,000 or the amount of outstanding wager liabilities, the requirement to perform an annual system integrity check against possible hacking, the requirement to investigate patron complaints, and the requirement to ensure online sports wagers are accepted only from patrons physically within New Jersey. N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.2(e) as proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption requires that the Division approve the party performing the security assessment. While such parties have always been required to be registered vendors, this change was made to ensure that the Division's security concerns were addressed directly with the company doing the assessment.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.3 set forth the eligibility requirements for a sports wagering license. Sports wagering licensees must hold either a race track license from the New Jersey Racing Commission or a casino license from the New Jersey Casino Control Commission. The sports wagering license is valid for one year. Certain sports insiders, such as team owners, cannot accept wagers on any team in the sports league they are part of. The rule tracks the language of the authorizing sports wagering statute.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.4 set forth the requirements for placing a sports wager in a casino or race track, which must occur at a sports wagering booth, a sports wagering kiosk, or, in certain circumstances, at the cashier's cage.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.5 set forth the requirement for individual employees directly involved in sports pool or online sports pool operations to be licensed or registered.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.6 required sports pool and online sports pool operators to employ an integrity monitor to check for suspicious betting patterns or other illicit activity. The rule also set forth that the Division may receive and share such information and take appropriate action, including the cancellation of certain wagers. Subsections (f) and (h) as proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption add specific language to address concerns regarding the exchange of information with sports governing bodies, to ensure such bodies that any information they share will be acted upon expeditiously by the Division, and that this is also true for information they request from the Division. An additional amendment is proposed to add language to clarify that data is both received and distributed by sports wagering operators.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.7 required sports pool and online sports pool operators to have internal controls for operations, including paying wagers, properly accounting for revenue, segregating duties, identifying fraud and other suspicious activities, reconciliation of assets, and procedures for lost tickets or tickets that fail to print or redeem at a kiosk. This section also required operators to post comprehensive house rules for patrons setting forth their rules for canceled events, odds changes, schedule changes, winning ticket expiration, funding wagers, and a description of persons who are prohibited from wagering or restricted to wagering on sports that they are not a part of. The section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption

of the Special Adoption to provide more specific guidance to licensees, as to the subjects to be included, including controls for lost wagering tickets and the redemption thereof, a description of the process for handling pricing errors, and some specific areas to be included in anti-money laundering procedures.

New 13:69N-1.8 set forth the requirements for the sports wagering lounge, including a requirement that it be at least 1,000 square feet in size, that it have a booth with a secure vault within the booth, that there be surveillance coverage of the ticket writers, the vault, and the patron betting areas, that there be silent alarms, and that wagers above \$30,000 occur only at an area that is fully enclosed. The section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption to increase the size to 2,500 square feet. Upon examination of the actual plans and of the lounges completed thus far, it was determined that a lounge of 1,000 square feet is not adequate for a truly first class facility. The requirement that the lounge be at least 2,500 square feet is an increase from the original Special Adoption, which required a lounge of at least 1,000 square feet. Upon examination of the actual plans and of the lounges completed thus far, it was recognized that a lounge of 1,000 square feet is not adequate for a truly first class facility. The new rule also sets forth requirements for the secure vault and the booth itself. The new rule in the Special Adoption anticipated all cashiering locations to be enclosed, but this would have required large capital expenditures for several facilities and would have delayed the launch of sports wagering, which would have been contrary to the legislative intent. A proposed amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption is that funds in excess of an amount set forth in the operator's internal controls, which amount must be approved by the Division, must be transferred from the vault to the main cashier's cage. Previously, a specific

amount of \$1 million was set forth. This amendment is intended to provide added flexibility depending on the security features available at individual locations.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.9 set forth the system requirements. The server at which wagers are accepted must be located in Atlantic City or in a licensed race track. The system must have user access controls with duties segregated, as well as fraud detection systems and anti moneylaundering controls. All transactional wagering data must be retained for a 10-year period. The rules also set forth the requirements for the information to be recorded and the information to be set forth on a wagering ticket. Requirements for in-play wagering are set forth as well as requirements for a sports wagering voucher. If a wager is voided or canceled, the system must render a ticket non-redeemable. If a patron self excludes with wagers pending, such wagers are voided and the funds returned to the patron. The system must perform a self-authentication check every 24 hours. Wagers in excess of \$10,000 must be authorized by a supervisor. The system must prevent redemption of tickets that are altered or duplicative. The requirements are equivalent to the requirements for Internet wagering, except that racetracks cannot engage in any wagering other than horse races or sports wagering and their servers may be located at the track facility itself. The proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption pertain to limits on the sports wagering systems, which can mask only certain data and that cannot prevent a prohibited person who is anonymous from placing a wager.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.10 prohibited the acceptance of a wager made on behalf of another person.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.11 set forth the requirements for events that can be wagered upon. Prior to an event being available for wagering, the Division must approve the type of event. For example, the Division must approve wagers on Major League baseball before any

game sanctioned by Major League baseball can offered for wagering. The Division reserves the right to prohibit wagers on certain events and may order wagers already placed to be refunded if wagering is found to be contrary to public policy. Wagers can be made with cash, vouchers, promotional funds, credit cards, gaming chips, and other methods approved by the Division. Odds must be displayed and captured by surveillance. No wager in excess of \$5 million can be accepted for any reason. As proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption, winning wagers in excess of \$30,000 must be redeemed at a fully enclosed window location.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.12 required operators to obtain personal identifying information on persons making a wager in excess of \$10,000. This was to ensure that patrons do not structure transactions to avoid or evade the Federal currency transaction reporting threshold of \$10,000. Any suspicious activity must be reported to the Division. The section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption to require the information for all wagers in excess of \$3,000, so as to address the concept of structuring multiple transactions to evade the \$10,000 reporting requirement.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.13 set forth the requirements for reporting revenue and reconciling online wagers to individual online patron accounts. The section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption because the Special Adoption did not adequately address the difference between events that were canceled, as opposed to wagers that are voided because the patron accidentally wagered \$100.00 instead of \$10.00 or other reasons where a wager can be declared a nullity. Additional proposed amendments in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption came from the experience of the initial revenue

reports, which left deficiencies that made revenue certification difficult, such as including the date of the sports event wagered upon.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.14 set forth the standards for sports wagering kiosks. Kiosks cannot issue tickets with a potential payout of more than \$10,000 or redeem a ticket or issue a voucher of more than \$3,000. Kiosks must be dropped on a daily basis, with cash therein reconciled. The contents of a kiosk and the replacement of any printing stock track the requirements for slot voucher kiosks.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.15 set forth accounting controls for a sports wagering booth. The section is proposed for amendment in the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption to include the procedures transferring currency from the cage to the vault and from the vault to the ticket writer stations. Documentation is set forth to ensure accurate reconciliation. Each ticket writer must reconcile his or her cash drawer, which was funded on an imprest basis, at the end of his or her shift. Sharing of assets between ticket writers is not authorized. Overages and shortages must be documented and any variance above \$500.00 must be reported to the Division. Further proposed amendments clarify and acknowledge that funds are not exchanged but transferred to secure locations within and outside the sports wagering booth. Clarification is also proposed to provide the method for individual ticket writers to close out their drawers at the end of their shift.

New N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.16 set forth a limitation on the number of sports pools and online sports pools for each licensee. A licensee is entitled to no more than three individually branded online sites or "skins."

Proposed new N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.17 referred to a statutory start-up time for online gaming, which could not occur before 30 days after legislation was passed. The time period has passed and, therefore, this section is superfluous, and is proposed for repeal.

The notice of Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption is not required to be referenced in a rulemaking calendar since a public comment period of 60 days is being provided. See N.J.A.C. 1:30-3.3(a)5.

Social Impact

The Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption addresses all aspects of sports wagering at casinos and racetracks and through online wagering. Sports wagering has already commenced pursuant to the Specially Adopted rules that were authorized by the Legislature. The rules may result in persons who have never visited a casino or race track being willing to visit, so they can make sports wagers. Similarly, persons who have never tried Internet wagering might open an iGaming account. There is also the possibility that these rules might result in additional places to view sporting events, such as sports bars, being built. Legislative approval of sports wagering at casinos and race tracks was intended to give such facilities an additional amenity to offer, so as to create new business opportunities. As authorized under the existing rules, sports wagering is accomplishing this goal at this time.

Economic Impact

The Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption will have a substantial economic impact. It is obvious from the reaction of patrons to the Special Adoption that there has been a pent-up demand for legal and regulated sports wagering in New Jersey. The amount of wagers received in September 2018 was nearly \$200 million. The authorizing legislation requires each casino or race track that would offer sports wagering to construct a first class lounge to host such

wagering activity. This has created new construction jobs and permanent jobs. There are also additional opportunities available for service industries to provide equipment to take wagers in person and online, as well as to provide services to patrons. Finally, there will be a direct benefit to senior citizens and the disabled, as tax revenues are earmarked to the Casino Revenue Fund, as well as to the host municipalities for race tracks, which will also receive a tax benefit.

Federal Standards Statement

A Federal standards analysis is not required because the Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption is authorized by the provisions of the Casino Control Act, N.J.S.A. 5:12-1 et seq., and the Sports Wagering Act, N.J.S.A. 5:12A-1 et seq., and is not subject to Federal law.

Jobs Impact

The Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption will add a significant number of both permanent and construction jobs in New Jersey. In addition to direct jobs, it will increase the need for amenities to service patrons and could result in service industries hiring additional staff.

Agriculture Industry Impact

The Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption will have no impact on the agriculture industry in New Jersey.

Regulatory Flexibility Statement

The Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption will directly affect only the operations of New Jersey casino and race track licensees, as well as Internet gaming and independent sports wagering operators under contract to casinos and race tracks. None of these companies qualify

as a "small business" as defined in the Regulatory Flexibility Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-16 et seq., because they employ more than 100 persons full-time in the State of New Jersey. Accordingly, a regulatory flexibility analysis is not required.

Housing Affordability Impact Analysis

The Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption will have an insignificant impact on the affordability of housing in New Jersey and there is an extreme unlikelihood that the rules would evoke a change in the average costs associated with housing because the rules concern the operations of New Jersey casino and race track licensees, as well as Internet gaming and independent sports wagering operators under contract to casinos and race tracks.

Smart Growth Development Impact Analysis

The Proposed Readoption of the Special Adoption will not have an impact on smart growth and there is an extreme unlikelihood that the rules would evoke a change in housing production in Planning Areas 1 or 2, or within designated centers, under the State Development and Redevelopment plan in New Jersey because the rules concern the operations of New Jersey casino and race track licensees, as well as Internet gaming and independent sports wagering operators under contract to casinos and race tracks.

Racial and Ethnic Community Criminal Justice and Public Safety Impact

The Division has evaluated this rulemaking and determined that it will not have an impact on pretrial detention, sentencing, probation, or parole policies concerning adults and juveniles in the State. Accordingly, no further analysis is required.

Full text of the proposal follows (additions effective in the Special Adoption indicated in boldface **thus**; deletions indicated in brackets [thus]; additional amendments proposed in this notice indicated in italicized boldface **thus**; additional deletions indicated in italicized cursive brackets {thus}):

CHAPTER 69A

APPLICATIONS

SUBCHAPTER 9. FEES

(b) (No change.)

13:69A-9.4 Casino license fees

- (a) For the purposes of this section, the following words and terms shall have the meanings herein ascribed to them unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:
 - 1. 4. (No change.)
- 5. "Initial license fee" or "issuance fee" means the total fee, which is required by the Act and this subchapter to be paid prior to consideration or issuance of a plenary casino license to an unlicensed applicant and which is based upon the cost of investigating and considering the application; [and]
- 6. "Responsible Internet Gaming Fee" means the total fee that is required by the Act and this subchapter to be paid annually to the Department of Human Services and allocated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 5:12-95.29.d[.]; and
- 7. "Sports wagering license fee" means the total fee that is required by the Act and this subchapter to be paid prior to issuance or renewal of a sports wagering license;

[(c) No casino license shall be issued unless the applicant shall first have paid in full an issuance fee of not less than \$200,000. No initial Internet gaming permit shall be issued unless the applicant shall first have paid in full a permit fee of not less than \$400,000 and a Responsible Internet Gaming Fee of \$250,000. No Internet gaming permit shall be renewed unless the permit holder shall first have paid a renewal fee of not less than \$250,000 and an annual Responsible Internet Gaming Fee of \$250,000. The Responsible Internet Gaming Fee shall be deposited into the State General Fund pursuant to the Act.]

(c) The following fee amounts shall apply:

- 1. Not less than \$200,000 for a casino license or a casino license resubmission;
- 2. Not less than \$400,000 for an initial Internet gaming permit;
- 3. Not less than \$250,000 for the renewal of an Internet gaming permit;
- 4. A \$250,000 Responsible Internet Gaming Fee upon the filing for an initial or renewal of an Internet gaming permit; {and}
- 5. \$100,000 for an initial sports wagering license. {A minimum of \$100,000 for a sports wagering license renewal, with the final cost to be determined after consideration of the costs for renewal, enforcement, and gambling addiction.} Fifty percent of the initial sports wagering license fee paid by casinos and racetracks shall be deposited into the State General Fund for appropriation by the Legislature to the Department of Health to provide funds for evidence-based prevention, education, and treatment programs for compulsive gambling that meet the criteria developed pursuant to P.L. 1993, c. 229, section 2 (N.J.S.A. 26:2-169), such as those provided by the Council on Compulsive Gambling of New Jersey, and including the development and implementation of programs that identify and assist problem gamblers {:,}; and

- 6. A minimum of \$100,000 for a sports wagering license renewal, with the final cost to be determined by the Director after consideration of the costs for renewal, enforcement, and gambling addiction. The percentage of the renewal fee to be directed into the State General Fund for appropriation by the Legislature to the Department of Health to provide funds for evidence-based prevention, education, and treatment programs for compulsive gambling that meet the criteria developed pursuant to P.L. 1993, c. 229, section 2 (N.J.S.A. 26:2-169), such as those provided by the Council on Compulsive Gambling of New Jersey, and including the development and implementation of programs that identify and assist problem gamblers shall be established by the Director on an annual basis after considering the licensure and enforcement costs of regulating sports wagering/, but shall not be less than \$100,000 per licensee/.
- (d) Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 5:12-141.1, in addition to the license fee for a sports wagering license set forth in (c) above, each initial racetrack and casino sports wagering license applicant shall be required to submit a retainer of \$250,000 to the Casino Control Fund to cover initial, {and} start-up, and ongoing operational costs of the Division for the regulation and enforcement of sports pool and online sports pool operations and for law enforcement functions performed by the Division of State Police and the Division of Criminal Justice. Such retainer shall be segregated within the Casino Control Fund and funds not expended during the initial license period shall be refunded to all licensees on a pro rata basis.

 Recodify existing (d)-(e) as (e)-(f) (No change in text.)

13:69A-9.5 Fees for testing of gaming and simulcast wagering equipment and related devices and software

- (a) Any person seeking to have prototype gaming or simulcast wagering equipment or related devices or software approved pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69E shall be required to pay the following fee:
 - 1. (No change.)
- 2. Payment for the efforts of the Division on matters directly related to the examination, testing and consideration of the prototype at hourly rates to be set by the Division in accordance with N.J.A.C. 13:69A-[9.4(d)]**9.4(e)**; and
- 13:69A-9.7 Casino hotel alcoholic beverage licenses
- (a) (No change.)

3. (No change.)

- (b) The fee for the issuance or retention of a casino hotel alcoholic beverage license for a casino licensee conducting alcoholic beverage activity in a casino hotel shall be assessed as follows:
- 1. Payment for the efforts of the Division on matters directly related to the casino hotel alcoholic beverage license or application at hourly rates to be set by the Division in accordance with N.J.A.C. 13:69A-[9.4(d)]9.4(e); and
 - 2. (No change.)
- (d)-(e) (No change.)
- 13:69A-9.8 Casino service industry enterprise license fee
- (a)-(b) (No change.)

(c) Persons or entities providing services to casino licensees regarding Internet gaming shall be responsible for the full cost of their licensure, including any investigative costs, at the hourly rate set by the Division pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69A-[9.4(d)]**9.4(e)**.

13:69A-9.8A Ancillary casino service industry enterprise license fee (a) (No change.)

- (b) In order to recover the cost of the investigation and consideration of license applications by enterprises engaged in these industries, the initial license application and issuance fee for an ancillary casino service industry enterprise license, with the exception of a non-casino applicant or licensee required to hold a casino hotel alcoholic beverage license, shall be assessed as follows:
 - 1.-3. (No change.)

(d)-(e) (No change.)

- 4. An additional application charge, at an hourly rate to be set by the Division in accordance with N.J.A.C. 13:69A-[9.4(d)]9.4(e), shall be due and payable upon demand by the Division for each hour of Division professional staff time that is expended on matters directly related to the applicant that is in excess of 1,000 total hours; and
 - 5. (No change.)

(c)-(d) (No change.)

13:69A-9.19 Obligation to pay fees; nonrefundable nature of fees; credits (a)-(b) (No change.)

- (c) Payments made by a casino licensee for its estimated share under N.J.A.C. 13:69A-[9.4(e) which]**9.4(f) that** exceed its actual share as finally determined by the Division for the fiscal year shall be credited toward the payment of additional fees by that casino licensee.
- (d) Any surplus [which] that exists in the Casino Control Fund, with a separate accounting for sports pool fees, as of the close of a fiscal year, which is not due to excess payments of estimated shares collected pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69A-[9.4(e)]9.4(f) shall be credited toward the payment of additional fees by casino licensees. The share for each casino licensee shall be the amount [which] that is in the same proportion to the total surplus subject to this subsection as the proportion of the total amount of fees incurred or paid by the casino licensee with respect to the fiscal year is to the total amount of all fees incurred or paid by all casino licensees with respect to the fiscal year.
- (e) (No change.)

13:69A-9.20 Fees for services provided to other governmental bodies

- (a) Whenever the Division is authorized by law to provide services to any State, county or municipal department, board, bureau, commission, authority or agency, and to receive compensation for the performance of such services, the Division shall assess fees for the cost and expense of providing these services as follows:
- 1. Payment for the efforts of the Division on matters directly related to other governmental bodies at hourly rates to be set by the Division in accordance with N.J.A.C. 13:69A-[9.4(d)]9.4(e); and
 - 2. (No change.)

CHAPTER 69D

GAMING OPERATION ACCOUNTING CONTROLS AND STANDARDS

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

13:69D-1.1 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

. . .

"Representation of gaming debt" means a document issued by a casino licensee in a form approved by the Division to evidence a specific amount of money owed to a patron by the casino licensee as a result of a gaming transaction, and includes a cashable gaming voucher, **sports pool vouchers**, and winning keno **and sports wagering** tickets, but does not include a non-cashable or cashier generated gaming voucher, gaming chip or plaque, slot token, jackpot payout receipt, receipt for table game, tournament or bad beat payout, winning pari-mutuel ticket, simulcast voucher, or any form of electronic credit.

. . .

13:69D-1.8 [Retention, storage, and destruction of books, records, and documents] **Record** retention

- (a) (f) (No change.)
- (g) All original books, records, and documents shall be retained in accordance with the following retention schedules, unless otherwise authorized by the rules of Division. However, nothing [herein] in this subsection shall be construed as relieving a casino licensee or a WAP or

MSPS progressive slot system operator from meeting any obligation to maintain any book, record, or document required by any other Federal, State, or local governmental body, authority, or agency.

- 1.-2. (No change.)
- 3. Four-year retention:
 - i. ii. (No change.)
- iii. Except for poker tournaments, documentation supporting the calculation of poker revenue; [and]
- iv. Except for keno tickets, documentation supporting the calculation of keno win[.]; and
- v. Except for sports pool tickets, documentation supporting the calculation of sports pool win.
- 4. 8. (No change.)
- 9. No minimum retention and may be destroyed without the notice required by (e) above:
- i. Gaming vouchers, [and] coupons, and sports pool tickets and vouchers
 redeemed, verified, and electronically cancelled by the gaming voucher or sports pool system.
 - ii. xxiv. (No change.)

13:69D-1.10 Closed circuit television system; surveillance department control; surveillance department restrictions

(a) (No change.)

- (b) The CCTV system shall be approved by the Division and shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- 1. Light sensitive cameras, with lenses of sufficient magnification to allow the operator to read information on gaming chips, playing cards, dice, tiles, slot machine reel symbols, slot machine credit meters, and employee credentials, and with 360 degree pan, tilt and zoom capabilities without camera stops to effectively and clandestinely monitor in detail and from various vantage points, the following:

i. - xi. (No change.)

xii. The operation of automated jackpot payout machines, gaming voucher redemption machines, gaming voucher systems, and electronic transfer credit systems; [and]

xiii. The operations associated with the conduct of a sports pool; and [xiii.] xiv. (No change in text.)

- 2. 7. (No change.)
- (c) (No change.)
- (d) A casino licensee's CCTV system shall be required to record, during the times and in the manner indicated below, all transmissions from cameras used to observe the following locations, persons, or transactions:
 - 1. 9. (No change.)
- 10. Each transaction conducted at an automated bill breaker, voucher/coupon redemption, and jackpot payout machine, as well as each replenishment or other servicing of any such machines; [and]

- 11. The entrances and exits to the casino, casino simulcasting facility, **sports wagering lounge**, count rooms, and all critical locations as defined in N.J.A.C. 13:69D-2.1[.]; and
- 12. Each sports pool ticket writer location, kiosk, booth operations, and other gaming related areas and activities in a sports wagering lounge.
- (e) In addition to any other requirements imposed by this section and in accordance with the time parameters specified [herein] in this section, a casino licensee's CCTV system shall be required to record transmissions used to observe the face of each patron transacting business at each of its cashiers' cage{, [and]} and satellite cage windows, and sports pool ticket writer {windows} stations from the direction of the cashier.
- (f) (1) (No change.)

13:69D-1.11 Casino licensee's organization

- (a) (No change.)
- (b) In addition to satisfying the requirements of (a) above, each casino licensee's system of internal controls shall include, at a minimum, the following departments and supervisory positions. Each of the departments and supervisors required or authorized by this section (a "mandatory" department or supervisor) shall cooperate with, yet perform independently of, all other mandatory departments and supervisors of the casino licensee. Mandatory departments and supervisory positions are as follows:
- 1. A surveillance department supervised by a person referred to in this section as the director of surveillance. The director of surveillance shall be subject to the reporting requirements specified in (c) below. The surveillance department monitoring room shall be supervised by a casino key employee who shall be present in the room at all times or, if not

present, be within immediate contact and at a known location on the premises. The surveillance department shall be responsible for, without limitation, the following:

- i. ii. (No change.)
- iii. The clandestine surveillance of the operation of the casino simulcasting[facility] and sports wagering lounge facilities;

- 2.-3. (No change.)
- 4. An IT department comprised of at a minimum an IT department manager, and, if the licensee offers Internet and mobile gaming, an Internet and mobile games manager, all of whom shall be located in New Jersey and licensed as a casino key employee.
 - i. The IT department manager shall be responsible for [the integrity of] all data, as well as the quality, reliability, and accuracy of all computer systems and software used by the casino licensee in accordance with the framework established by the information security officer. This shall apply to the conduct of casino, **sports pool**, and casino simulcasting facility operations, whether such data and software are located within or outside the casino hotel facility, including, without limitation, specification of appropriate computer software, hardware, and procedures for security, physical integrity, audit, and maintenance of:

ii. The Internet and/or mobile gaming manager shall report to the IT department manager, or other department manager as approved by the Division, and be responsible for ensuring the proper operation and integrity of Internet and/or mobile gaming **and online sports pools** and reviewing all reports of suspicious behavior;

- 5. (No change.)
- 6. A security department supervised by a person referred to in this section as a director of security. The security department shall be responsible for the overall security of the establishment including, without limitation, the following:

i. - vii. (No change.)

viii. The recordation of any and all unusual occurrences within the casino, **sports** wagering lounge, and casino simulcasting facility for which the assignment of a security department employee is made. Each incident, without regard to materiality, shall be assigned a sequential number and shall be recorded in an unalterable format, which shall include:

ix. (No change.)

- x. The identification and removal of any person who is required to be excluded pursuant to N.J.S.A. 5:12-71[, N.J.S.A.] and 5:12-71.2[,] or N.J.A.C. 13:69G-1.7, or who may be excluded or ejected pursuant to N.J.S.A. 5:12-71.1, or of any person, other than those who are to be detained pursuant to (b)5vi above, who is prohibited from entering a casino, a sports wagering lounge, or a casino simulcasting facility pursuant to N.J.S.A. 5:12-[119a]119.a; and
- xi. The performance of all duties and responsibilities in accordance with the procedures and controls pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.3(a)3; [and]
- 7. A casino accounting department supervised by a person referred to in this section as a controller. The controller shall be responsible for all casino, **sports wagering lounge**, and casino simulcasting facility accounting control functions including, without limitation, the preparation

and control of records and data, the control of stored data, the control of unused forms, the accounting for, and comparison of, operational data and forms, and the control and supervision of the cashiers' cage, any satellite cages, the soft count room, and the hard count room. The soft count room and hard count room shall each be supervised by a casino key employee, who shall be responsible for the supervision of the soft count or hard count in accordance with N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.33 and 1.43, respectively. A casino licensee that operates more than one casino room within its casino hotel facility may be required to maintain a separate main cage in each casino room. A casino key employee referred to [herein] in this chapter as a cage manager shall supervise the main cage and any satellite cages within the casino room. The cage manager shall report to the controller and shall be responsible for the control and supervision of cage and slot cashiers, casino clerks, and the cage functions set forth in N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.14 and 1.15. If a casino licensee elects to operate one or more satellite cages, each satellite cage shall be supervised by a casino cage supervisor who shall report to a cage manager. A casino licensee may choose, in its discretion, as to each cashier's cage in its casino hotel facility, to:

- i. iii. (No change.)
- iv. Make the casino accounting department responsible for the operation and conduct of the simulcast counter[.]; and
- 8. Establish an independent sports pool department for the sports lounge that shall be supervised by a casino key employee referred to in this section as a sports lounge manager who:
 - i. Shall be responsible for the operation and conduct of the sports wagering lounge;

- ii. May be responsible for the operation and conduct of the simulcast counter; and
- iii. Shall ensure at least one key employee is present in the sports lounge whenever sports pool wagering is conducted.
- (c) (h) (No change.)

13:69D-1.14 Physical description of cashiers' main cage; satellite cage; master coin bank; coin vault; simulcast booth; slot booth; [and] keno booth; and sports lounge booth

(a) - (g) (No change.)

(h) Provided that the casino or racetrack has a cashier's main cage that meets the requirements of (b) above, sports pool wagering transactions may be conducted from a sports wagering lounge booth located in the sports wagering lounge. Such booth shall be designed and constructed in accordance with (b)1 through 5 above, and access shall be controlled by a supervisor in the games department or, for a racetrack, a comparable position approved by the Division.

13:69D-1.15 Accounting controls and functions for the cashiers' main cage; satellite cage; master coin bank; coin vault; simulcast booth; slot booth; {sports wagering lounge booth;} and chipperson

- (a) (e) (No change.)
- (f) The assets for which each general cashier is responsible shall be maintained on an imprest basis. A general cashier shall not permit any other person to access his or her imprest inventory. General cashier functions shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. 11. (No change.)
- 12. Receive gaming vouchers **and/or sports wagering tickets or vouchers** from patrons or authorized employees in exchange for cash or slot tokens;
 - 13. 16. (No change.)
- (g) (i) (No change.)
- (j) Main bank cashiers' functions shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 1. Receive cash, gaming vouchers, cash equivalents, issuance copies of Slot Counter Checks, original copies of Payout Slips, **sports wagering tickets and vouchers,** personal checks received for non-gaming purposes, slot tokens, prize tokens, gaming chips, and plaques from general cashiers in exchange for cash;
 - 2. 20. (No change.)
- 21. Process exchanges with master coin cashiers, supported by documentation with signatures thereon, for the effective segregation of functions in the cashiers' cage; [and]
 - 22. Exchange funds with hotel cashiering supported by proper documentation[.]; and
- 23. Exchange currency, coin, slot tokens, gaming chips, and coupons with the *vault* in the sports {pool} wagering lounge booth in exchange for proper documentation.

 (k) (u) (No change.)

SUBCHAPTER 3. EXPIRATION OF [GAMING RELATED] **GAMING-RELATED**OBLIGATIONS OWED TO PATRONS

13:69D-3.1 Expiration of gaming-related obligations owed to patrons; **expiration of sports pool tickets and vouchers**; payment to casino revenue fund

(a) - (e) (No change.)

- (f) Unclaimed winning sports pool tickets expire one year after the date of the event, at which time the obligation of the sports pool operator to pay the winnings shall expire and the funds shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. For wagers placed with a sports pool operated by or on behalf of a casino, the casino licensee shall retain 50 percent and remit the remaining 50 percent to the Casino Revenue Fund;
- 2. For wagers placed with a sports pool operated by or on behalf of a racetrack, the racetrack licensee shall retain 50 percent and remit the remaining 50 percent to the State General Fund; and
- 3. For wagers placed with a sports pool jointly operated by a casino and a racetrack, the casino and racetrack licensees shall retain a total of 50 percent, which shall be apportioned among them pursuant to the terms of their operation agreement, and the remaining 50 percent shall be apportioned in the same manner, with the casino percentage being deposited in the Casino Revenue Fund and the racetrack percentage being deposited in the State General Fund.
- (g) Each casino and racetrack licensee shall, on or before the 20th day of each calendar month, report, in a format prescribed by the Division, the total value of sports pool winning tickets owed to its patrons that expired during the preceding calendar month and either:
- 1. Submit a check to the Division payable to either the Casino Revenue Fund or the State General Fund, as applicable, equal to 50 percent of the total value of the gaming debts owed to its patrons that expired during the preceding month, as stated on the report; or

- 2. Submit a check to the Division payable to either the Casino Revenue Fund or the State General Fund, as applicable, equal to 50 percent of the total value of the gaming debts owed to its patrons that expired during the preceding month, as apportioned in (f)3 above.
- (h) Failure to make the payment to the Casino Revenue Fund or State General Fund, as applicable, by the due date, shall result in the imposition of penalties and interest as prescribed in the State Uniform Tax Procedure Law, N.J.S.A. 54:48-1 et seq.
- (i) Nothing shall preclude a casino or racetrack licensee from, in its discretion, issuing a cash complimentary to a patron to compensate a patron for a sports pool ticket that has expired.
- (j) Unclaimed sports pool vouchers purchased at a racetrack shall be governed by the provisions of N.J.S.A. 5:5-22.2.

CHAPTER 69E

GAMING EQUIPMENT

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

13:69E-1.28O Technical standards for kiosks

- (a) Kiosk means all aspects of an automated device that may be used for voucher redemption, coupon redemption, slot machine jackpot processing, ATM debit card transactions, credit card transactions, bill breaking, voucher issuance, **sports pool voucher and ticket processing,** and other automated functions as approved by the Division.
- (b) (h) (No change.)

- (i) Kiosks shall be capable of recognizing **payment limitations or** payment errors, such as bill out jams and insufficient funds. When a payment **limitation or** error occurs, the kiosk shall be designed to electronically record the **payout limitation or** error and perform the following:
- 1. For gaming vouchers, **sports pool tickets and vouchers**, or [promotion] **promotional** coupons:
 - i. Reject the transaction; [or]
 - ii. Issue an error receipt and [change] stack the gaming voucher, sports poolvoucher, sports pool ticket, or [promotion] promotional coupon [to a redeemed status.]in the bill validator and change the status to redeemed; or
 - iii. Issue a replacement sports pool voucher.
 - 2. 3. (No change.)
- (j) When an error receipt is issued from a kiosk, the [kiosk or] receipt shall advise the patron or employee to see a cashier **or sports pool ticket writer** for payment. Error receipts shall be designed to include the following, at a minimum:
 - 1. 5. (No change.)
- (k) (y) (No change)
- (z) Each kiosk or kiosk computer system shall be capable of generating a "Transaction Report," which documents each attempted and completed transaction. The report shall include, at a minimum:
 - 1. -3. (No change.)
 - 4. The value of **gaming** vouchers dispensed;
 - 5. The value of currency inserted; [and]

- 6. The value of **gaming** vouchers inserted[.];
- 7. The value of all sports pool vouchers dispensed;
- 8. The value of all sports pool vouchers inserted;
- 9. The value of all sports pool tickets dispensed; and
- 10. The value of all sports pool tickets inserted.
- [(aa) Each kiosk or kiosk computer system shall be capable of generating an "Access Report," which accurately records the number of times any external doors were opened and the number of times the cash door was opened.
- (bb) Each kiosk or kiosk computer system shall be capable of generating additional reports which may be required to accurately calculate revenue, reconcile kiosk balances and to research variances when applicable.]
- (aa) When used to redeem sports pool tickets and vouchers, kiosks shall work in conjunction with an approved sports pool system and shall be designed to:
- 1. Accurately obtain the unique identification number of the item presented for redemption and cause such information to be accurately and securely relayed to the sports pool system for the purpose of redemption;
- 2. Issue currency and/or a sports pool voucher in exchange for the item presented only if the sports pool system has authorized and recorded the transaction; and
- 3. Return a sports pool ticket and voucher to the patron when it cannot be validated by the sports pool system or is otherwise unredeemable.
- (bb) When used to redeem sports pool vouchers, the kiosk or kiosk computer system shall be capable of generating a "Sports Pool Voucher Redemption Machine Report" for each

gaming day. The report shall include the voucher's unique identifier, the date and time of redemption, and the value of the voucher.

(cc) When used to redeem sports pool tickets, the kiosk or kiosk computer system shall be capable of generating a "Sports Pool Ticket Redemption Machine Report" for each gaming day. The report shall include the ticket's unique identifier, the date and time of redemption, and the value of the ticket.

(dd) When used to issue sports pool vouchers, the kiosk or kiosk computer system shall be capable of generating a "Sports Pool Voucher Issuance Report" for each gaming day. The report shall include the voucher's unique identifier, the date and time of issuance, and the value of the voucher.

CHAPTER 69G

EXCLUSION OF PERSONS

SUBCHAPTER 1. PERSONS REQUIRED TO BE EXCLUDED

13:69G-1.1 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

. . .

"Excluded person" means any person who has been placed upon the list by preliminary or final order of the Division and who, pursuant to section 71 of the Act and this chapter, is required to

be excluded or ejected from a casino hotel or a sports wagering lounge facility or from

participating in Internet gaming.

...

13:69G-1.2 Maintenance and distribution of list

(a) The Division shall maintain a list of persons to be excluded or ejected from a licensed casino

or sports wagering lounge establishment or prohibited from Internet gaming.

(b) (No change.)

(c) Each casino licensee and sports wagering lounge operator shall have the responsibility to

distribute copies of the list to its employees. Any additions, deletions, or other updates to the list

shall be distributed by each casino licensee *or sports wagering lounge operator* to its employees

within two business days of the casino licensee's or sports wagering lounge operator's receipt

of such updates from the Division.

13:69G-1.4 Duties of the Division of Gaming Enforcement

(a) The Division shall, on its own initiative, or upon referral by a casino licensee *or sports*

wagering lounge operator, investigate any individual who would appear to be an appropriate

candidate for placement on the exclusion list.

(b) - (c) (No change.)

13:69G-1.7 Duty of casino licensee

- (a) A casino licensee *or sports wagering lounge operator* shall exclude or eject the following persons from its casino hotel **or sports wagering lounge** facility and prohibit such persons from participation in Internet gaming:
 - 1. 2. (No change.)
- (b) If an excluded person enters, attempts to enter, or is in a casino hotel *or sports wagering lounge* facility and is recognized by the casino licensee *or sports wagering lounge operator*, or if an excluded person participates, or attempts to participate, in Internet gaming, the casino licensee *or sports wagering lounge operator* shall immediately notify the Division of such fact.
- (c) It shall be the continuing duty of a casino licensee *or sports wagering lounge operator* to inform the Division in writing of the names of persons it believes are appropriate for placement on the exclusion list.

CHAPTER 69I

CASINO HOTEL ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

13:69I-1.1 Definitions

- (a)-(b) (No change.)
- (c) For the purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

. . .

"Casino hotel alcoholic beverage (CHAB) licensee" means a person licensed to serve, sell, or store alcoholic beverages pursuant to N.J.S.A. 5:12-103 and this chapter. CHAB licensees shall include {both} holders of and applicants for a casino license, {as well as} sports

wagering lounge operators, and vendor registrants who will operate a CHAB license on a casino licensed premise.

. . .

13:69I-1.4 Classification of authorized locations

- (a) Authorized locations shall be classified as follows:
- 1. All locations authorized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 5:12-{103g(1)}103.g(1) shall be classified as Type I (casino/casino simulcasting facility *or sports wagering lounge*) locations.
 - 2.-5. (No change.)
- (b) The activities permitted in each type of authorized location, subject to applicable laws, rules, and regulations, are as follows:
- 1. In a Type I location, a CHAB licensee shall be entitled to sell any alcoholic beverage by the glass or other open receptacle including, but not limited to, an original container, for onpremises consumption within a casino or casino simulcasting facility *or sports wagering lounge*.
- 2. In a Type II location, a CHAB licensee shall be entitled to sell any alcoholic beverage by the glass or other open receptacle for on-premises consumption within a casino hotel but not in a casino or casino simulcasting facility, *sports wagering lounge* or from fixed locations outside a casino hotel, but on a casino hotel premises. Examples of Type II locations include, without limitation, showrooms, cabarets, restaurants, meeting rooms, pubs, and lounges.
- 3. In a Type III location, a CHAB licensee shall be entitled to sell any alcoholic beverage in original containers from an enclosed package goods room, not in a casino or casino

simulcasting facility *or sports wagering lounge*, for consumption outside the authorized location.

- 4. In a Type IV location, a CHAB licensee shall be entitled to sell any alcoholic beverage from a room service location within an enclosed room, not in a casino or casino simulcasting facility **or** *sports wagering lounge*, for delivery to a guest room or to any other room in the premises authorized by the Division, other than a Type I, III, or V location.
- 5. In a Type V location, a CHAB licensee shall be entitled to possess or to store in a fixed location on the premises, not in a casino or casino simulcasting facility *or sports wagering lounge*, alcoholic beverages intended but not actually exposed for sale.

 (c)-(d) (No change.)

SUBCHAPTER 3. CONDITIONS OF OPERATION IN AUTHORIZED LOCATIONS

13:69I-3.1 Conditions of operation in Type I (casino/casino simulcasting facility *and sports*

wagering lounge) locations

- (a) No alcoholic beverage shall be sold or given for consumption, delivered or otherwise brought to a patron within a casino room, *sports wagering lounge*, or casino simulcasting *facility*, unless so requested by the patron.
- (b)-(d) (No change.)
- (e) Alcoholic beverages may be served in a Type I location only when the casino room, *sports wagering lounge* or casino simulcasting facility is open for gaming activity as provided in Section 97a of the Act, but shall not be served later than 15 minutes prior to the closing of the casino room, sports pool lounge or casino simulcasting facility.

CHAPTER 69J

PERSONS DOING BUSINESS WITH CASINO LICENSEES

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

13:69J-1.1 Definitions

(a) The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

"Gaming equipment" means any mechanical, electrical, or electronic contrivance or machine used in connection with gaming, [or] any game, or sports pool and includes, without limitation, roulette wheels, big six wheels, slot machines, multi-player slot machine systems, slot tokens, prize tokens, cards, dice, chips, plaques, match play coupons, card dealing shoes, drop boxes, and other devices, machines, equipment, items, or articles determined by the Division to be so utilized in gaming as to require licensing of the manufacturers, distributors, or servicers, or as to require Division approval in order to contribute to the integrity of the gaming industry or to facilitate the operation of the Division. "Gaming equipment" shall also include a computer network of both interstate and intrastate interoperable packet switched data networks and the hardware, software, or systems associated therewith, used in connection with Internet gaming or the conduct of any game or sports pool conducted through the Internet.

. . .

- (b) (No change.)
- 13:69J-1.2 Casino service industry enterprise license requirements
- (a) No enterprise shall provide goods or services directly related to casino, simulcast wagering, gaming activity, **sports pools, online sports pools,** or Internet wagering activity to, or

otherwise transact business directly related to casino, simulcast wagering, gaming activity, or Internet wagering activity with, a casino applicant or licensee, its employees, or agents unless licensed in accordance with N.J.S.A. 5:12-92.a(1) or (2).

- (b) In determining whether an enterprise shall be licensed pursuant to this section, the Division shall consider, without limitation, whether the enterprise satisfies one or more of the following criteria:
- 1. Whether the enterprise manufactures, supplies, or distributes devices, machines, equipment, items, or articles that:
 - i. Are specifically designed for use in the operation of a casino, [or] casino simulcasting facility, or sports pool;
 - ii. Are needed to conduct an authorized game, [or] simulcast wagering,sports pool, or online sports pool;
 - iii. Have the capacity to affect the outcome of the play of an authorized game [or simulcast wagering];
 - iv. v. (No change.)
 - 2. (No change.)
- 3. Whether the enterprise provides services directly related to the operation, regulation, or management of a casino, [or] casino simulcasting facility, sports pool, or online sports pool;
- 4. Whether the enterprise manages, controls, or administers Internet games or wagers associated with such games; [or]
- 5. Whether the enterprise manages, controls, or administers sports pools or online sports pools or wagers associated with such games; or

- [5.] **6.** Whether the enterprise provides such other goods or services determined by the Division to be so utilized in, or incident to, gaming, casino, [or] simulcast wagering, **sports pool**, **or online sports pool** activity as to require licensing in order to contribute to the public confidence and trust in the credibility and integrity of the gaming industry in New Jersey.
- (c) Enterprises required to be licensed in accordance with N.J.S.A. 5:12-92.a(1) and (2) and (a) above shall include, without limitation, the following:
 - 1. (No change.)
- 2. Casino credit reporting services, casino simulcasting hub facilities, and suppliers of casino security services; [and]
- 3. Companies providing Internet gaming software or systems, vendors who manage, control, or administer games and associated wagers conducted through the Internet, and providers of customer lists of persons who have placed wagers through the Internet[.]; and
- 4. Companies providing sports pool or online sports pool software or systems, sports {pool} wagering kiosks, or that accept wagers from patrons and vendors who manage, control, or administer associated wagers.
- (d) Junket enterprises, junket representatives, and enterprises providing other services including, but not limited to, payment processing and related money-transmitting services with direct contact with patrons' casino gaming or online sports pool accounts or the Internet gaming system itself, customer identity, age verification, [and] geo-location verification used in the conduct of Internet and mobile gaming, and entities that determine what wagers to accept or the odds to be offered for a wager for a sports pool manager or operator, regardless of any such enterprise's contractual relationship with an Internet gaming permit holder, shall be licensed as an ancillary casino service industry enterprise.

- (e) (No change.)
- (f) An entity that offers information or recommendations to a sports pool manager or operator as to what wagers to accept, the odds to be offered for such wagers, or the results of a wager, when such information is not available to the general public, shall register as a vendor with the Division.

[(f)] (g) (No change in text.)

13:69J-1.2B Permission to conduct business prior to issuance of a casino service industry enterprise license

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this chapter:
 - 1. (No change.)
- 2. The Division may, upon the petition of an applicant for a casino service industry enterprise license that intends to engage in the manufacture, sale, distribution, testing, or repair of slot machines **or sports** {**pool**} wagering kiosk, permit such applicant to conduct a business transaction with persons other than a casino licensee or applicant, provided that the requirements of (a)1i through iii above are satisfied.
- (b) (e) (No change.)

13:69J-1.3B Filing of Resubmission Form every five years

(a) The entity shall demonstrate that it continues to meet the requirements for licensure pursuant to N.J.S.A. 5:12-[92a]92.a and b and, in furtherance thereof, shall submit, every five years after initial licensure, such information and documentation as the Division may require, including, but not limited to, the information required pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69A-5.11A.

- (b) Following notification to a licensee or qualifier of such license by the Division of the obligation to file for resubmission and the expiration of *the license* five years after the license was issued, the Division may administratively revoke this license or qualification of the licensee or any qualifier of such licensee that fails to timely file such information and documentation or notifies the Division of its intention to not file.
- (c) An entity or individual whose license or qualification is administratively revoked pursuant to (b) above shall not be permitted to reapply for any license or qualification status issued by the Division for a period of one year from the date of administrative revocation, except that the Director may, for good cause shown, permit reapplication at an earlier date.
- 13:69J-1.14 Persons required to be qualified
- (a) (b) (No change.)
- (c) Notwithstanding (a) and (b) above, the Division may require a casino service industry enterprise applicant or licensee to establish the qualifications of any person, if the Division determines that the qualification of such person would further the policies of the Act. In making such determination, the Division shall consider, without limitation, the following:
 - 1.- 8. (No change.)
- 9. Role in compliance and association or affiliation with the applicant company; [and]
- 10. Role in Internet gaming and association or affiliation with the applicant company[.]; and

- 11. Role in sports pools or online sports pools and association or affiliation with the applicant company.
- (d) (No change.)
- 13:69J-1.14B Temporary qualification at license issuance; pendent qualifiers during term of license; permission to exercise powers and perform duties prior to Division finding of plenary qualification
- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.14(a), a casino service industry enterprise license or ancillary casino service industry enterprise license may be issued by the Division without the applicant having first established the plenary qualification of each natural person otherwise required to qualify pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.14(a) or (c) provided that:
 - 1. (No change.)
- [2. The applicant does not have more than three temporary qualifiers as of the date of license issuance; and]
- 2. The number of temporary qualifiers has been approved by the Director of the Division; and
 - 3.- 4. (No change.)
- (b) (g) (No change.)

CHAPTER 69L

TAXES

SUBCHAPTER 1. GROSS REVENUE TAX; INTERNET GAMING GROSS REVENUE TAX; TAXES ON SPORTS WAGERING

- 13:69L-1.1 Description of taxes
- (a) (b) (No change.)
- (c) Gross revenue from casino sports pool operations, including mobile operations, is subject to an 8.5 percent annual tax, which shall be paid to the Casino Revenue Fund. {The investment alternative tax established by P.L. 1984, c. 218, section 3 (N.J.S.A. 5:12-144.1)} An additional tax of 1.25 percent shall apply to such revenue, which tax shall be {used exclusively for tourism and marketing programs for} remitted by the State Treasurer to the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority for marketing and promotion of the City of Atlantic City.
- (d) Gross revenue from casino online sports pool operations is subject to a 13 percent annual tax, which shall be paid to the Casino Revenue Fund. {The investment alternative tax established by P.L. 1984, c. 218, section 3 (N.J.S.A. 5:12-144.1)} An additional tax of 1.25 percent shall apply to such revenue, which tax shall be {used exclusively for tourism and marketing programs for} remitted by the State Treasurer to the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority for marketing and promotion of the City of Atlantic City.
- (e) Gross revenue from racetrack sports {pool} wagering operations, including mobile operations, is subject to an 8.5 percent annual tax, which shall be paid to the State General Fund. An additional 1.25 percent tax on such revenue shall be paid to the {Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs for distribution, upon application by a municipality or county, to the municipality and to the county in which the sports wagering lounge is located or to an economic development authority of that municipality and county} Department of the Treasury, pursuant to P.L. 2018, c. 130.

(f) Gross revenue from racetrack online sports {pool} wagering operations is subject to a 13 percent annual tax, which shall be paid to the State General Fund. An additional 1.25 percent tax on such revenue shall be paid to the {Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs for distribution, upon application by a municipality or county, to the municipality and to the county in which the sports wagering lounge is located or to an economic development authority of that municipality and county} Department of the Treasury, pursuant to P.L. 2018, c. 130.

13:69L-1.4 Tax payer

(a) The obligation to file returns and reports and to pay the gross revenue tax, the Internet gaming gross revenue tax, the casino sports {pool} wagering gross revenue tax, the racetrack sports {pool} wagering gross revenue tax, the casino online sports {pool} wagering gross revenue tax, the racetrack online sports {pool} wagering gross revenue tax, and any investment alternative taxes shall be upon the casino [operator] or racetrack licensee who shall be primarily liable therefor. In the event of a transfer of operations to a different casino operator, the transferor-operator will be obligated to file a return and to pay all taxes based upon the revenues derived by the said transferor during the tax year in which the transfer occurred. The appointment of a conservator under the Act shall not be deemed a transfer to a different casino operator but, for the duration of the conservatorship, the conservator shall file all returns and pay all taxes on behalf of the former or suspended casino licensee who shall remain primarily liable therefor.

(b) - (d) (No change.)

13:69L-1.5 Payment of taxes

- [In accordance with subsection 148a of the Act, the] **All gaming** gross revenue taxes, including casino, internet, sports {pool} wagering, and online sports {pool} wagering, shall be due and payable annually on or before the 15th calendar day of March except that if the 15th calendar day of March is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the due date shall be advanced to the next regular business day. The gross revenue tax shall be based upon the gross revenue derived by the casino operator during the previous tax year.
- (b) (e) (No change.)
- (f) The Internet gaming gross revenue tax for each month shall be due and payable monthly on or before the 10th calendar day of the next month in such depository as shall be prescribed by the Division, except that if the 10th calendar day is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the due date shall be advanced to the next regular business day.
- (g) The sports {pool} wagering and/or online sports {pool} wagering gross revenue tax, including for either a casino or racetrack, for each month shall be due and payable monthly on or before the 10th calendar day of the next month in such depository as shall be prescribed by the Division, except that if the 10th calendar day is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the due date shall be advanced to the next regular business day.

 [(g)] (h) Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of the Division under the "State Tax Uniform Precedure Law," Section 9 of Title 54 of the Precedure Statutes, to require next payable.

Uniform Procedure Law," Section 9 of Title 54 of the Revised Statutes, to require payments of penalties and interest on the insufficiency of any Internet gaming, casino sports {pool} wagering, casino online sports {pool} wagering, racetrack sports {pool} wagering, and racetrack online sports {pool} wagering gross revenue tax deposit or to allow or disallow any claim for refund due to an overpayment of such taxes. Interest shall be calculated from the date

the tax was originally due through the actual date of payment provided, however, that if the deficiency is paid within 10 business days from the date of the Division's tax deficiency notice, interest shall be calculated through the date of such notice.

- 13:69L-1.6 Computation of taxes
- (a) (e) (No change.)
- (f) The casino and racetrack online internet sports {pool} wagering gross revenue tax shall be 13 percent. The casino and racetrack online sports {pool} wagering gross revenue for the tax year, or portion thereof, shall be the amount obtained from the total of all sums received by a casino or racetrack licensee from online sports pool operations, less only the total of all sums actually paid out as winnings to patrons.
- The racetrack sports {pool} wagering gross revenue tax shall be 8.5 percent. The racetrack sports {pool} wagering gross revenue for the tax year, or portion thereof, shall be the amount obtained from the total of all sums received by a racetrack licensee from sports pool operations, less only the total of all sums actually paid out as winnings to patrons.

 [(f)] (h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of the Division to redetermine the amount of Internet gaming gross revenue tax liability or any sports pool-related tax liability or to require adjustments or corrections to the accounts of the casino operator or racetrack licensee.

13:69L-1.7 Return and reports

- (a) (e) (No change.)
- (f) The casino or racetrack licensee shall file with the Division a summary report of all sports {pool} wagering and online sports {pool} wagering gaming revenue for each weekly period of Saturday through Friday, no later than the Monday of the succeeding week. If such Monday is a legal holiday, the summary report shall be made on the next business day. In the event that the weekly period includes gaming days from two calendar months, the casino or racetrack licensee shall report separately the amount of revenue attributable to the gaming days of each month.
- (g) On or before the 10th calendar day of each month, the casino or racetrack licensee shall file a monthly sports {pool} wagering and online sports {pool} wagering gross revenue tax return with the Division, which shall reflect the amount of revenue derived during the preceding month and the associated tax paid.

13:69L-1.8 Examination of accounts and records

- (a) The Division may perform audits of the books and records of a casino **and racetrack** licensee, at such times and intervals as it deems appropriate, in order to certify gross revenue, **sports** {**pool**} *wagering* gross revenue, and Internet gaming gross revenue and online sports {**pool**} *wagering* gross revenue.
- (b) The casino **or racetrack** operator shall permit duly authorized representatives of the Division to examine the operator's accounts and records for the purpose of certifying gross revenue, [and] Internet gaming gross revenue, **and sports** {**pool**} *wagering* **gross revenue**. In the event that any records or documents deemed pertinent by a Division examiner are in the possession of another licensee or entity, the casino **or racetrack** operator shall be responsible for

making those records or documents available to the examiner. Further, the casino **or racetrack** operator shall be individually and severally liable for any relevant accounts, records, or documents maintained or required to be maintained by any other licensee or entity with regard to the casino **or racetrack licensee**.

- (c) (No change.)
- (d) The Division shall notify the casino **or racetrack** operator of any gross revenue, [or] Internet gaming gross revenue, **or sports** {**pool**} *wagering* gross revenue tax deficiencies disclosed during the gross revenue certification process.

CHAPTER 69N

SPORTS POOL AND ONLINE SPORTS POOL WAGERING AT CASINOS AND RACETRACKS

SUBCHAPTER 1. CASINO SPORTS WAGERING LICENSES; CASINO AND RACE TRACK SPORTS WAGERING OPERATIONS

13:69N-1.1 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Canceled wager" means a wager that has been canceled by the system due to any issue with an event that prevents its completion.

{"Event number" means a set of alpha and/or numeric characters that correspond to a sports event or an event ancillary to a sports event.}

"Former racetrack" means any former racetrack where a horse race meeting was conducted within 15 years prior to the effective date of P.L. 2014, c. 62 (N.J.S.A. 5:12A-7 et seq.), excluding premises other than the land contained within the racecourse oval.

"Integrity monitoring provider" means a vendor approved by the Division to receive reports of unusual betting activity from sports pool operators for the purpose of assisting them in identifying "suspicious activity."

"Online sports pool" means a sports wagering operation in which wagers on sports events are made through computers or mobile or interactive devices and accepted in Atlantic City through an online gaming system approved by the Division or are accepted through an online gaming system that is located within the physical location of a racetrack that has been issued approval by the Division to operate an online sports pool.

"Operator" or "sports pool operator" means a casino or a racetrack licensee that has elected to operate a sports pool, either independently or jointly; and any entity with whom a sports wagering licensee contracts to operate a sports pool or online sports pool on its behalf; or a party or parties licensed by the Division to accept parimutuel and non-parimutuel wagers on sports events.

"Prohibited sports event" means any single collegiate sports or athletic event that takes place in New Jersey or a single sports or athletic event in which any New Jersey college or university team participates, regardless of where the event takes place. A "prohibited sports event" does not include the other games of a collegiate sports or athletic tournament in which a New Jersey college or university team participates, nor does it include any games of a collegiate tournament that occur outside New Jersey even though some of the individual games or events are held in New Jersey. A "prohibited sports event" includes all amateur sports events, including all high school sports events, but does not include international sports events in which persons under age 18 make up a minority of the participants. A "prohibited sports event" includes all high school sports events,

including high school electronic sports events and high school competitive video game events, and any electronic sports event in which any participant is 17 years old or younger.

"Prohibited sports pool participant" means any person who is prohibited pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69G or N.J.S.A. 5:12-119 or 5:12-100.n, any individual whose participation may undermine the integrity of the wagering or the sports event, or any person who is prohibited for other good cause, including, but not limited to: any individual placing a wager as an agent or proxy; any person who is an athlete, coach, referce, player, or a referee personnel member, in, or on, any sports event overseen by that person's sports governing body based on publicly available information; a person who holds a position of authority or influence sufficient to exert influence over the participants in a sporting contest, including, but not limited to, coaches, managers, handlers, athletic trainers, or horse trainers; a person with access to certain types of exclusive information on any sports event overseen by that person's sports governing body based on publicly available information, or a person identified by any lists provided by the sports governing body to the Division and the Racing Commission.

"Racetrack" means the physical facility where a permit holder conducts a horse race meeting with pari-mutuel wagering pursuant to a license issued by the New Jersey Racing Commission pursuant to P.L. 1940, c. 17 (N.J.S.A. 5:5-22 et seq.) and includes a former racetrack.

"Racing Commission" means the New Jersey Racing Commission established by P.L. 1940, c. 17, section 1 (N.J.S.A. 5:5-22).

"Resettled wager" means a wager where the original settled wager result is modified due to an error or change in the result of the underlying event.

"Settled wager" means a wager that has been resolved with a result of either a win, loss, or push to the patron.

"Sports event" means any sport, athletic contest, or athletic event not prohibited by the Director, including all professional electronic sports and competitive video game events that are not sponsored by high schools, do not include high school teams, and do not include any participant under the age of 18 years.

"Sports pool" means the business of accepting wagers on any sports event by any system or method of wagering.

"Sports pool manager" means a key employee of a casino licensee or racetrack permit holder, or a qualified employee of a casino service industry enterprise, responsible for the operations of sports wagering and final approval of all odds established on any wager made pursuant to this chapter.

"Sports pool system" means all equipment and software used in conjunction with the operation of a sports pool.

"Sports pool ticket" means a printed record issued or an electronic record maintained by the sports pool system that evidences a sports wager.

"Sports pool voucher" means a printed record issued by a sports pool system that may be used to fund a sports wager.

"Sports wagering lounge" means a primary area of at least $\{1,000\}$ 2,500 square feet where a sports pool is operated within a casino or racetrack.

"Sports wagering satellite lounge" means one or more secondary areas approved by the Division where a sports pool is operated within a casino or racetrack. "Suspicious betting activity" means unusual betting activity that cannot be explained and is indicative of match fixing, the manipulation of an event, misuse of inside information, or other prohibited activity.

"Temporary sports pool facility" means an area approved by the Division for use in sports pool operations during the construction of a sports pool lounge and include the utilization of designated windows at the current casino cage or racetrack betting window for purposes of placing sports betting wagers and also includes self-service wagering machines located at the racetrack or casino hotel complex.

"Unusual betting activity" means abnormal wagering activity exhibited by patrons and deemed by the sports pool operator as a potential indicator of suspicious activity.

Abnormal wagering activity may include the size of a patron's wager or increased wagering volume on a particular event or wager type.

"Voided wager" means a wager voided by a ticket writer with supervisor approval or by a sports pool system for a specific event.

13:69N-1.2 General requirements for sports pools and online sports pools

- (a) A racetrack authorized to conduct a sports pool or online sports pool shall comply with all applicable requirements of:
 - 1. N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.1, 1.8, 1.10, 1.11, 1.14, 1.15, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, and 3.1;
 - 2. N.J.A.C. 13:69E-1.28O and 1.28R;
 - 3. N.J.A.C. 13:69J-1.1, 1.2, 1.2B, 1.3B, 1.14, and 1.14B;
 - 4. N.J.A.C. 13:69L-1.1 and 1.4 through 1.8; and
 - 5. N.J.A.C. 13:69O-1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.7, and 1.9.

- (b) No casino or racetrack licensee shall operate or accept wagers from either a sports pool or online sports pool, unless the licensee has commenced operation in a sports wagering lounge, except that:
- 1. Online sports wagering may commence for a period not to exceed nine months upon the approval of the Director if the lounge is under construction; and
- 2. Casino and racetrack sports wagering may commence upon the approval of the Director in a temporary sports pool facility for a period not to exceed nine months if the lounge is under construction. The Director may extend the use of the temporary facility for good cause.
- (c) An internet gaming affiliate may commence online sports wagering if an associated casino has commenced operation in a sports wagering lounge, except that online sports wagering may commence in a temporary sports pool facility for a period not to exceed nine months upon the approval of the Director if the lounge is under construction.
- (d) A casino or racetrack offering a sports pool or online sports pool shall maintain a cash reserve of not less than the greater of \$500,000 or the amount necessary to ensure the ability to cover the outstanding sports pool and online sports pool liability.
- (e) Each sports pool operator shall, prior to commencing operations, and annually thereafter, perform a system integrity and security assessment conducted by an independent professional selected by the licensee{, subject to the approval of the Division}. The party performing the assessment and the scope of the assessment shall be approved by the Division. The independent professional's report on the assessment shall be submitted to the Division and shall include:
 - 1. Scope of review;

- 2. Name and company affiliation of the individual(s) who conducted the assessment;
- 3. Date of the assessment;
- 4. Findings;
- 5. Recommended corrective action, if applicable; and
- 6. The operator's response to the findings and recommended corrective action.
- (f) A sports pool operator shall investigate each patron complaint and provide a response to the patron within five calendar days. For complaints that cannot be resolved to the satisfaction of the patron {,} and which are related to patron accounts, settlement of wagers, and/or illegal activity, a copy of the complaint and licensee's response, including all relevant documentation, shall be provided to the Division or New Jersey Racing Commission, as applicable.
- (g) An online sports pool operator shall only accept wagers from patrons that have been affirmatively located as being physically present in the State of New Jersey at the time of their wager.

13:69N-1.3 Sports pool license eligibility and approval

- (a) Only a casino licensed by the Casino Control Commission, or operating pursuant to an interim casino authorization, a racetrack, or former racetrack shall be eligible to obtain a sports wagering license. Casino sports wagering licenses shall be issued by the Division. Initial sports wagering licenses for racetracks shall be issued by the Racing Commission. Renewals of sports wagering licenses for racetracks shall be issued by the Division.
- (b) A casino sports wagering license shall be valid for one year.

- (c) All agreements to operate a sports pool or online sports pool shall be approved by the Division for a casino licensee and by the Racing Commission for a racetrack licensee.
- (d) A prohibited sports pool participant shall not be permitted to have any ownership interest in, control of, or otherwise be employed by an operator, a sports wagering licensee, or a facility in which a sports wagering lounge is located. This prohibition shall not apply to any person who is a direct or indirect owner of a specific sports governing body member team and:
- 1. Has less than 10 percent direct or indirect ownership interest in a casino or racetrack; or
- 2. The shares of such person are registered pursuant to section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (15 U.S.C. § 781), and the value of the ownership of such team represents less than one percent of the person's total enterprise value, as reflected on the most recent financial statements.
- (e) Any person who is a direct or indirect legal or beneficial owner of 10 percent or greater of a sports governing body or any of its member teams, shall not place or accept wagers on a sports event in which any member team of that sports governing body participates.
- (f) Any employee of a sports governing body or its member teams who is not prohibited from wagering on a sports event shall, nevertheless, register with the Division prior to placing a wager on a sports event.

13:69N-1.4 Sports pool wagering in a casino or racetrack

- (a) To conduct sports pool wagering transactions, a casino or racetrack shall have a cashier's cage that meets the requirements of N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.14(b). Sports pool wagering transactions shall be conducted from:
 - 1. A sports wagering lounge booth (lounge booth) located in the sports wagering lounge or other window locations as approved by the Division;
 - 2. Kiosks in locations as approved by the Division; or
 - 3. When the lounge booth is closed, a designated window in the cashier's cage for the redemption of winning tickets only.

13:69N-1.5 Individual license or registration

A person directly involved in sports pool or online sports pool wagering shall either be licensed as a casino key employee or registered by the Division as a casino employee as determined by the Casino Control Commission. All other persons employed by a sports pool operator not directly involved in wagering may also be required to register with the Division as a casino employee, if appropriate, consistent with the registration standards applied to persons not directly involved in casino gaming.

13:69N-1.6 Sports pool and online sports pool integrity; confidential information

- (a) Sports pool operators shall have controls in place to identify unusual betting activity and report such activity to an integrity monitoring provider.
- (b) All integrity monitoring providers shall share information with each other and shall disseminate all reports of unusual activity to all participating sports pool operators. All

sports pool operators shall review such reports and notify the integrity monitoring provider of whether or not they have experienced similar activity.

- (c) If an integrity monitoring provider finds that previously reported unusual betting activity rises to the level of suspicious activity, they shall immediately notify all other integrity monitoring providers, their member sports pool operators, the Division, the appropriate sports governing authority, and all other regulatory agencies as directed by the Division. All integrity monitoring providers receiving a report under this subsection shall share such report with their member sports pool operators.
- (d) A sports pool operator receiving a report of suspicious activity shall be permitted to suspend wagering on events related to the report, but may only cancel related wagers after Division approval.
- (e) Integrity monitoring providers shall provide the Division with remote access to their monitoring system, which shall provide at a minimum:
 - 1. All reports of unusual betting activity;
 - 2. If the activity was determined to be suspicious; and
 - 3. The actions taken by the integrity monitoring provider.
- (f) The Division and sports governing bodies shall be authorized to share information regarding the integrity of events conducted on a sports pool or online sports pool. The Division may use information received from a sports governing body to determine whether wagering shall be permissible on a particular event or bet type. A sports governing body's request for wagering information, or its recommendation that a particular event or bet type should not be offered for wagering, shall be granted at the discretion of the Director upon a demonstration of good cause. Where a sports governing body's recommendation concerns a

particular event, the Director shall address and respond to the recommendation before the start of the event, or, where that is not feasible, as expeditiously as possible.

- (g) The Division may require a sports pool or online sports pool operator or licensee to provide any hardware necessary to the Division for evaluation of its sports pool or online sports pool offering or to conduct further monitoring of data provided by its system.
- (h) All information and data received *or distributed* pursuant to this chapter by the Division related to unusual or suspicious activity shall be considered confidential and shall not be revealed in whole or in part, except upon the lawful order of a court of competent jurisdiction or, with any law enforcement entity, team, sports governing body, or regulatory agency that the Division deems appropriate.

13:69N-1.7 Internal controls; house rules

- (a) Sports pool operators shall file with the Division internal controls for all aspects of sports pool and/or online sports pool wagering operations prior to commencing operations.
- (b) In the event of a failure of the sports pool system's ability to pay winning wagers, the licensee shall have internal controls detailing the method of paying winning wagers. The licensee shall also file an incident report for each system failure and document the date, time, and reason for the failure along with the date and time the system is restored with the Division.
- (c) The internal controls shall address the following {items regarding the sports pool system}, at a minimum:
 - 1. User access controls for all sports pool personnel;
 - 2. Segregation of duties;

- 3. Automated and manual risk management procedures;
- 4. Procedures for identifying and reporting fraud and suspicious conduct;
- 5. Procedures to prevent wagering by patrons prohibited from wagering pursuant to this chapter;
- 6. Description of anti-money laundering compliance standards including, but not limited to, filing of CTRs, SARs, and procedures for detecting structuring to avoid reporting requirements;
 - 7. Description of all types of wagers available to be offered by the system; and
 - 8. Description of all integrated third-party systems.
- (d) The internal controls shall detail the reconciliation of assets and documents contained in a sports wagering lounge ticket writer's drawer and sports pool kiosks pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69N-1.17 and 1.18.
- (e) The internal controls shall detail the procedures to redeem lost tickets or vouchers, which shall include a supervisor's approval and documentation of the:
- 1. Date and time of the redemption;
- 2. Employee responsible for redeeming the ticket or voucher;
- 3. Supervisor authorizing the redemption;
- 4. Patron identification;
- 5. Unique ticket or voucher identifier; and
- 6. Location of the redemption.
- (f) The internal controls shall detail procedures to reprint tickets and vouchers that fail to print at either a ticket station or kiosk. Such procedures shall include a requirement of supervisory authorization for the reprint.

- {(e)} (g) Sports pool and online sports pool operators shall adopt comprehensive house rules, which shall be approved by the Division that include the following, at a minimum:
 - 1. Method for calculation and payment of winning wagers;
 - 2. Description of the process for handling incorrectly posted events, odds, wagers, or results;
 - {2.} 3. Effect of schedule changes;
 - (3.) 4. Method of notifying patrons of odds or proposition changes;
 - {4.} 5. Acceptance of wagers at other than posted terms;
 - (5.) 6. Expiration of any winning ticket one year after the date of the event;
 - **(6.)** 7. Method of contacting the operator for questions and complaints;
 - **{7.}** 8. Description of prohibited sports pool participants;
 - 9. A statement regarding the policy and methods for limiting the maximum amount that a patron can win on any particular wager; however, such policy will not preclude a patron from collecting a payout in excess of the purported amount if the system allows the patron to place a valid wager that pays more than the stated maximum amount;
 - **(8.)** 10. Method of the process for any employee of a sports governing body or member team who is not prohibited from wagering to register with the Division prior to placing a sports wager; and
 - **(9.)** 11. Method of funding a sports wager.
- {(f)} (h) The house rules, together with any other information the Division deems appropriate, shall be conspicuously displayed in the sports wagering lounge, posted on the

operator's Internet website, and included in the terms and conditions of the account wagering system and copies shall be made readily available to patrons.

13:69N-1.8 Sports wagering lounge requirements

- (a) The holder of a sports pool license shall be required to establish and maintain a firstclass sports wagering lounge as approved by the Division.
- (b) The sports wagering lounge shall be a single area with, at a minimum, {1,000} 2,500 square feet of dedicated public space with clearly established walls or clearly defined borders. Satellite lounges shall also be permitted with Division approval.
- (c) Each lounge shall include a sports wagering lounge booth that:
- 1. Shall be designed and constructed to provide maximum security for the materials stored and the activities performed therein. Such design and construction shall be approved by the Division;
- 2. Includes manually triggered silent alarm systems, which shall be connected directly to the monitoring rooms of the casino or racetrack surveillance and the casino or racetrack security departments;
- {2.} 3. Includes one or more ticket writer {windows} stations, each of which shall contain:
 - i. A writer's drawer and terminal through which financial transactions related to sports wagering will be conducted;
 - ii. A permanently affixed number, which shall be visible to the CCTV surveillance system;

- {iii. Windows, as approved by the Division, which shall be fully enclosed and designed to prevent direct access to the materials stored and activities performed therein if a ticket writer is cashing a winning ticket of more than \$20,000. Such windows shall be physically secured from any other ticket writer locations within the booth; and}
- {iv.} iii. Manually triggered silent alarm systems, which shall be connected directly to the monitoring rooms of the casino or racetrack surveillance and the casino or racetrack security departments; and
- iv. Full enclosures, unless funds in excess of \$30,000 are either secured in a drop safe approved by the Division or transferred to the sports pool vault or casino cage;
- {3. Includes manually triggered silent alarm systems, which shall be connected directly to the monitoring rooms of the casino or racetrack surveillance and the casino or racetrack security departments;}
- 4. Includes closed circuit television cameras capable of accurate visual monitoring and taping of any activities, including the capturing of the patron's facial image when conducting transactions at the counter;
 - 5. Has an alarm for each emergency exit door that is not a mantrap; and
- 6. Include a secure location, such as a vault, for the purpose of storing funds issued by a cage to be used in the operation of a sports pool. The vault shall:
 - i. Be a fully enclosed room, located in an area not open to the public;
 - ii. Have a metal door with a locking mechanism that shall be maintained and controlled by the sports wagering lounge booth supervisor;

- iii. Have an alarm device that signals the surveillance department whenever the door to the vault is opened; and
- iv. Have closed circuit television cameras capable of accurate visual monitoring and taping of {any} all activities in the vault.
- (d) A sports wagering lounge booth shall have an operating balance /of no more than \$1,000,000. Whenever a booth accumulates funds in excess of \$1,000,000, the excess funds / not to exceed an amount described in the internal controls. Funds in excess of the operating balance shall be transferred to the cage /no later than at the end of each shift / in a secured container by an employee of the booth accompanied by a security officer.

 Prior to transporting the funds, security shall notify surveillance that the transfer will take place. Surveillance shall monitor the transfer. The funds will be transferred with appropriate documentation. /in a locked container by an employee of the sports wagering lounge booth. The employee and container shall be accompanied by a security officer. Prior to transporting the funds, security shall notify the surveillance department that the transfer will take place. The surveillance department shall monitor the transfer./
- (e) A sports wagering lounge located in a casino may have slot machines or other authorized games with the approval of the Division. Slot machines within a sports wagering lounge shall be included in the calculation of casino floor space.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall preclude a casino simulcast cashier or racetrack cashier from processing sports wagers, provided that the casino licensee is able to distinguish casino simulcast revenue therefrom and accurately report thereon.

(g) A sports pool operator shall include signage in the sports wagering lounge that displays "If you or someone you know has a gambling problem and wants help, call 1-800 GAMBLER," or comparable language approved by the Division, which language shall include the words "gambling problem" and "call 1-800 GAMBLER." A sports pool operator shall ensure this language is included on all print, billboard, sign, online, or broadcast advertisements of a sports pool or online sports pool.

13:69N-1.9 Sports pool system requirements

- (a) Prior to operating a sports pool pursuant to this chapter, all equipment and software used in conjunction with its operation shall be submitted to the Division's Technical Services Bureau pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69E-1.28R for review and approval.
- (b) The server or other equipment to accept wagers at a sports pool shall be located in a racetrack or in any location in Atlantic City that conforms to the requirements of P.L. 2013, c. 27, section 20 (N.J.S.A. 5:12-95.22). The server or other equipment used by a casino to accept wagers at a sports pool or online sports pool shall conform to the requirements of N.J.S.A. 5:12-95.22. In creating wagers that will be offered to the public, a sports pool manager may receive advice and recommendations from any source or entity in other jurisdictions and may take into consideration information regarding odds and wagers placed on sports events.
- (c) A sports pool system submission shall contain a description of the risk management framework including, but not limited to:
 - 1. User access controls for all sports pool personnel;
 - 2. Information regarding segregation of duties;

- 3. Information regarding automated risk management procedures;
- 4. Information regarding fraud detection;
- 5. Controls ensuring regulatory compliance;
- 6. Description of anti-money laundering compliance standards;
- 7. Description of all software applications that comprise the system;
- 8. Description of all types of wagers available to be offered by the system;
- 9. Description of all integrated third-party systems; and
- 10. Description of the method to prevent past posting.
- (d) A sports pool system shall maintain all transactional betting data for a period of 10 years.
- (e) The house rules that apply to wagers placed on a sports pool system shall be readily available to the patron.
- (f) A sports pool system shall be capable of recording the following information for each wager made:
 - 1. Description of event;
 - **{2. Event number;}**
 - {3.} 2. Wager selection;
 - **{4.}** 3. Type of wager;
 - **{5.}** 4. Amount of wager;
 - (6.) 5. Date and time of wager; {and}
- {7.} 6. Unique wager identifier, which shall be masked on all system menus, printed reports, and displays for all unredeemed and unexpired wagers; and
 - **{8.}** 7. An indication of when the ticket expires.

- (g) In addition to the information in (f) above, all tickets generated by a cashier or at a kiosk shall include the following:
 - 1. Name and address of the party issuing the ticket;
 - 2. A barcode or similar symbol or marking as approved by the Division, corresponding to the unique wager identifier;
 - 3. Method of redeeming winning ticket via mail; and
 - 4. Cashier or kiosk generating the ticket.
- (h) If the sports pool system issues and redeems a sports pool voucher, the system shall be capable of recording the following information for each voucher:
 - 1. Amount of voucher;
 - 2. Date, time, and location of issuance;
 - 3. Unique voucher identifier used for redemption, at least three digits of which shall be masked on all system menus, printed reports, and displays for all unredeemed and unexpired vouchers;
 - 4. Expiration date of the voucher; and
 - 5. Date, time, and location of redemption, if applicable.
- (i) Sports pool vouchers issued by a sports pool system shall contain the following information:
 - 1. Date, time, and location of issuance;
 - 2. Amount of the voucher;
 - 3. Unique voucher identifier;
 - 4. Expiration date of the voucher;

- 5. Name of permit holder; and
- 6. An indication that the voucher can only be redeemed in exchange for a sports wager or cash.
- (j) A sports pool system that offers in-play wagering shall be capable of the following:
 - 1. The accurate and timely update of odds for in-play wagers;
 - 2. The ability to notify the patron of any change in odds after a wager is attempted that is not beneficial to the patron;
 - 3. The ability for the patron to confirm the wager after notification of the odds change; and
 - 4. The ability to freeze or suspend the offering of wagers, when necessary.
- (k) A sports pool system shall be capable of performing the following functions:
 - 1. Creating wagers;
 - 2. Settling wagers;
 - 3. Reprinting sports pool tickets;
 - 4. Resettling wagers;
 - {3.} 5. Voiding wagers;
 - {4.} 6. Cancelling wagers; and
 - **{5.}** 7. Preventing the acceptance of wagers **{from patrons prohibited from wagering** pursuant to this chapter**}** on prohibited sports events.
- (l) A sports pool system shall be capable of processing lost, destroyed, or expired wagering tickets.
- (m) When a sports pool wager is voided or cancelled, the {system} sports pool operator shall clearly indicate that the ticket is voided or cancelled, render it nonredeemable, and

make an entry in the system indicating the void or cancellation and identity of the cashier or automated process.

- (n) A sports pool system shall prevent past posting of wagers and the voiding or cancellation of wagers after the outcome of an event is known.
- (o) In the event a patron has a pending sports pool wager and then self-excludes, the wager shall be canceled and the funds returned to the patron according to the licensee's internal controls.
- (p) A sports pool system shall, at least once every 24 hours, perform a self-authentication process on all software used to offer, record, and process wagers to ensure there have been no unauthorized modifications. In the event of an authentication failure, {at a minimum, the system} the sports pool system operator shall {immediately} notify the casino licensee's Internet security officer (ISO) using an automated process. The ISO shall notify the Division of the authentication failure within 24 hours. The results of all self-authentication attempts shall be recorded by the system and maintained for a period of not less than {90 days} one year.
- (q) A sports pool system shall have controls in place to review the accuracy and timeliness of any data feeds used to offer or settle wagers. In the event that an incident or error occurs that results in a loss of communication with data feeds used to offer or redeem wagers, such error shall be recorded in a log capturing the date and time of the error, duration of the error, the nature of the error, and a description of its impact on the system's performance. Such information shall be maintained for a period of not less than six months.

- (r) The licensee operating a sports pool system shall provide access to wagering transaction and related data as deemed necessary by the Division in a manner approved by the Division.
- (s) A sports pool system shall be capable of preventing any sports pool wager in excess of \$10,000 or making a payout in excess of \$10,000 until authorized by a supervisor.
- (t) A sports pool system shall be capable of maintaining the following:
 - 1. Description of the event;
 - {2. Event number;}
 - {3.}2. Wager selection;
 - **{4.}** 3. Type of wager;
 - **{5.}** 4. Amount of wager;
 - **{6.}** 5. Amount of potential payout or an indication that it is a pari-mutuel wager;
 - {7.} 6. Date and time of wager;
 - {8.} 7. Identity of the cashier accepting the wager;
 - **(9.)** 8. Unique ticket identifier;
 - {10.} 9. Expiration date of ticket;
 - **11.**} 10. Patron name, if known;
 - {12.} 11. Date, time, amount, and description of the settlement;
 - {13.} 12. Location where the wager was made;
 - {14.} 13. Location of redemption; and
 - {15.} 14. Identity of cashier settling the wager if applicable.

- (u) For all lost tickets that are redeemed, a sports pool system shall record and maintain the following information:
 - 1. Date and time of redemption;
 - 2. Employee responsible for redeeming the ticket;
 - 3. Name of patron redeeming the wager;
 - 4. Unique ticket identifier; and
 - 5. Location of the redemption.
- (v) A sports pool system shall be capable of recognizing valid sports pool tickets and vouchers that contain a duplicate unique wager identifier used for redemption and require the redemption by a ticket writer.
- (w) A sports pool system shall be capable of preventing the redemption of any vouchers or tickets when the data related to the vouchers or tickets has been manually altered outside of the approved system procedures.

13:69N-1.10 Wagering on behalf of another prohibited

No licensee shall knowingly accept a wager from a person on behalf of any other person. No licensee shall knowingly allow a person to make a wager utilizing the account of another person.

13:69N-1.11 Patron wagers

(a) A sports pool operator shall not accept any wager on a sports event, unless it has provided written notification to the Division of the first time that wagering on a category of wagering event (for example, wagering on a particular type of professional

sport) or type of wager (for example an in play wager or exchange wager) is offered to the public. Such notice shall be submitted prior to accepting a wager on such category of wagering event and shall include the name of the sports governing body and a description of its policies and procedures regarding event integrity. Notice is not required whenever the odds change on a previously offered wagering event. The Division reserves the right to prohibit the acceptance of wagers, and may order the cancellation of wagers and require refunds on any event for which wagering would be contrary to the public policies of the State.

- (b) A prohibited sports pool participant, or the direct or indirect legal or beneficial owner of 10 percent or more of a sports governing body or any of its member teams, shall not be permitted to wager on any event governed by the league or sports governing body with which they are affiliated. Any employee of a sports governing body, or one of its member teams, who is not a prohibited sports pool participant shall register with the Division prior to placing a sports pool wager.
- (c) Pursuant to (a) above, a wagering operator shall only accept wagers on wagering events for which:
 - 1. The outcome can be verified;
 - 2. The outcome can be generated by a reliable and independent process;
 - 3. The outcome is not affected by any wager placed; and
 - 4. The event is conducted in conformity with all applicable laws.
- (d) A wagering operator shall not unilaterally rescind any wager pursuant to this chapter without the prior approval of the Division.
- (e) Patron wagers pursuant to this chapter shall be made with:

- 1. Cash;
- 2. Cash equivalent;
- 3. Credit or debit card;
- 4. Promotional funds;
- 5. Sports pool vouchers;
- 6. Value gaming chips; and
- 7. Any other means approved the Division.
- (f) The available wagers shall be displayed in a manner visible to the public and the operator's closed circuit television system. The display shall include the {event number,} odds{,} and a brief description of the event.
- (g) The maximum wager that may be accepted by any sports pool operator from a patron on any one sports event shall be limited to \$5,000,000.
- (h) Winning wagering tickets shall be redeemed by a ticket writer, or at a sports pool kiosk, after verifying the validity of the wagering ticket through the sports pool system. The cashier or kiosk shall cause the system to electronically redeem and cancel the wagering ticket upon redemption.
 - (i) Winning wagering tickets of \$30,000 or more presented at the sports pool lounge shall be redeemed at a fully enclosed ticket writer station or at the casino cage.
- {(i)} (j) A patron may redeem, by mail, a winning wagering ticket to the address provided thereon in accordance with the wagering operator's internal controls.
- {(j)} (k) A sports pool operator may, in its discretion, accept a layoff wager from another sports pool operator. A sports pool operator placing a layoff wager shall disclose its identity to the sports pool operator accepting the wager.

- 13:69N-1.12 Wagers and payouts greater than \$10,000; suspicious activity
- (a) An operator shall adopt procedures to obtain personally identifiable information from any individual who places any single wager in an amount of \$10,000 or greater on a sports event while physically present in a racetrack facility or a casino.
 - {(a)} (b) {Prior} In order to prevent structuring and to ensure compliance with (a) above, a sports pool operator shall, prior to accepting any sports pool wager in excess of {\$10,000} \$3,000 or making a payout in excess of {\$10,000} \$3,000 on a sports pool winning wager{, the sports pool operator shall}:
 - 1. Create a patron identification file and identify the patron in accordance with N.J.A.C. 13:69-1.5A;
 - 2. Obtain and record the patron's Social Security number in the patron identification file; and
 - 3. Record, on a log, the following information, at a minimum:
 - i. Date of the wager or payout;
 - ii. Name of the patron;
 - iii. Name and signature of the sports pool operator employee authorizing the acceptance of the wager; and
 - iv. Name and signature of the ticket writer identifying the patron and generating the ticket or making the payout.
- {(b)} (c) A sports pool operator shall monitor {all} for and report all suspicious activity related to sports wagering transactions {to ensure patrons are not circumventing the identification requirements of (a) above}.

13:69N-1.13 Sports pool reports; wagering revenue; reconciliation

- (a) The sports pool system shall {be designed to} generate the following daily reports for retail operations, which shall include the gaming date, in a format approved by the Division's Revenue Certification Unit:
 - 1. A Sports Pool Intake Summary Report, which includes the following transaction information for each cashiering location:
 - i. Tickets sold;
 - ii. Tickets paid;
 - iii. Tickets voided;
 - iv. Each ticket cancelled;
 - (iv.) v. Sports pool voucher issued;
 - (v.) vi. Sports pool voucher redeemed; (and)
 - (v.) vii. Over or short amount to cashier's drawer; and
 - viii. Grand total of each transaction type for all cashiers;
 - {2. A Sports Pool Intake Summary Report, which includes totals for each transaction type detailed in (a) above for each cashiering location;}
 - {3.} 2. A Sports Pool Results Detail Report, which shall include the following for each event type (for example, NFL, NBA, MLB, NCAA by sports, parlay, etc.):
 - i. Ticket sales;
 - ii. Tickets paid;
 - iii. Tickets voided;
 - iv. Tickets canceled;

- v. Expired tickets; {and}
- vi. Net sports pool gross revenue; and

vii. Grand total of each transaction type for all events;

- {4. A Sports Pool Results Summary Report, which shall include a summary of the Sports Pool Results Detail Report;}
- {5.} 3. A Sports Pool Ticket Expiration Detail Report, which shall list the following for each expired ticket:
 - i. Ticket identification number;
 - ii. Date and time of issuance;
 - iii. Event;
 - iv. Wager description;
 - v. Bet amount; and
 - vi. Payout amount;
 - **{6.}** 4. A Sports Pool Voucher Expiration Detail Report, which shall list the following for each expired ticket:
 - i. Voucher number;
 - ii. Date and time of issuance; and
 - iii. Amount;
 - **[7.]** 5. A Sports Pool Voided Ticket Report, which shall include the following:
 - i. Ticket number;
 - ii. Date and time of issuance;
 - iii. Event;
 - iv. Wager description;

v.	Bet amount;
vi.	Cashier name or identification number; and
vii.	Reason for void;
{8.} 6. A Sp	orts Pool Canceled Ticket Report, which shall include the following:
i.	Ticket number;
ii.	Date and time of issuance;
iii.	Event;
iv.	Wager description;
v.	Bet amount; and
vi.	Reason for cancelation;
{9.} 7. A Sports	Pool Ticket Liability Report, which shall list the following for each
outstanding tic	ket:
i.	Ticket number;
ii.	Date and time of issuance;
iii.	Event;
iv.	Wager description;
v.	Amount; and
vi.	Status (for example, pending or complete); and
{10.} 8.	A Sports Pool Voucher Liability Report, which shall list the following for
each un	paid voucher:
i.	Voucher number;
ii.	Date and time of issuance; and
iii.	Amount.

- (b) Sports pool gross revenue {generated pursuant to this chapter} for retail operations shall equal the total of all wagers received less voided or canceled wagers and amounts paid out for winning wagers, as reported on the Sports Pool Results Summary Report.
- (c) An accounting department employee shall reconcile the Sports Pool Results

 Summary Report to the Sports Pool Intake Summary Report. Any discrepancy shall be reported to the Division's Revenue Certification Unit.
- (d) A casino accounting department employee shall increase sports pool revenue for any overages identified on the Sports Pool Intake Summary Report, unless otherwise authorized by the Division's Revenue Certification Unit.
- (e) The sports pool system shall generate the following daily reports for each retail and online operation, including the gaming date, in a format approved by the Division's Revenue Certification Unit:
- 1. A Sports Pool Wagering Detail Report, which includes the following transaction information:
 - i. Transaction time;
 - ii. Patron account identifier (for online operations);
 - iii. Wager identification number;
 - iv. Event type;
 - v. Wager description;
 - vi. Event date;
 - vii. Wager placed amount;
 - viii. Wager paid amount;

ix. Voided wager amount;	
x. Canceled wager amount;	
xi. Resettled wager adjustment amount; and	
xii. Transaction impact on sports pool revenue;	
2. A Sports Pool Voided Wager Report, which shall include the follo	wing:
i. Transaction time;	
ii. Patron account identifier (for online operations);	
iii. Ticket wager identification number;	
iv. Date and time of issuance;	
v. Time of void;	
vi. Event type;	
vii. Wager description;	
viii. Event date;	
ix. Wager amount;	
x. Cashier employee name or identification number; a	and
xi. Reason for void;	
3. A Sports Pool Canceled Wager Report, which shall include the follow	ving:
i. Transaction time;	
ii. Patron account identifier (for online operations);	
iii. Ticket wager identification number;	
iv. Date and time of issuance;	
v. Event type;	
vi. Wager description;	

- vii. Event date;
- viii. Wager amount; and
- ix. Reason for cancelation; and
- 4. A Sports Pool Resettlement Report, which shall include the following:
 - i. Patron account identifier (for online operations);
 - ii. Wager identification number;
 - iii. Event type;
 - iv. Wager description;
 - v. Date and time of initial settlement;
 - vi. Date and time of resettlement;
 - vii. Unsettled amount;
 - viii. Resettled amount; and
 - ix. Net adjustment.
- (f) The sports pool system shall generate, on a monthly basis, both a retail Sports Pool Wager Liability Report and an Online Sports Pool Wager Liability Report, as applicable, in a format approved by the Division's Revenue Certification Unit. The report(s) shall be generated for the last day of each month and shall also be produced upon demand, as requested by either the Division or the affiliated casino or race track. The report(s) shall include the:
 - 1. Date generated;
- 2. Patron account identifier (for online operations);
- 3. Wager identification number;
- 4. Event type;

- 5. Wager description;
- 6. Date and time of issuance;
- 7. Event date;
- 8. Amount; and
- 9. Status (for example, pending or complete).

13:69N-1.14 Sports pool kiosks

- (a) The operator of a sports pool may utilize sports pool kiosks for wagering transactions in conjunction with an approved sports pool system in a location approved by the Division. Each sports pool kiosk shall have signage or a screen display that any employee of a sports governing body or its member teams not prohibited from sports pool wagering shall register with the Division prior to wagering.
- (b) A sports pool kiosk used in accordance with this section shall not:
 - 1. Issue or redeem a sports pool voucher with a value of more than \$3,000;
 - 2. Issue a ticket with a potential payout of more than \$10,000; and
 - 3. Redeem a ticket with a value of more than \$3,000.
- (c) On a daily basis, an operator of a sports pool shall remove the bill validator boxes in the sports pool kiosks (the sports pool kiosk drop). The sports pool kiosk drop shall be monitored and recorded by surveillance. The operator of a sports pool shall submit the sports pool kiosk drop schedule to the Division, which shall include:
 - 1. The time the drop is scheduled to commence; and
 - 2. The number and locations of sports pool kiosks.

- (d) A security department member and a cage cashier shall obtain the keys necessary to perform the sports pool kiosk drop and/or currency cassette replacement in accordance with the permit holder's key sign-out and sign-in procedures.
- (e) A cage cashier with no incompatible functions shall place empty bill validator boxes needed for the sports pool kiosk drop into a secured cart and prepare a Sports Pool Kiosk Bill Validator drop form, which shall include the following:
 - 1. Gaming date;
 - 2. Identification number of the secured cart;
 - 3. Number of empty boxes placed into the secured cart;
- 4. Signature of the cage cashier documenting that the number of empty boxes equals the number of kiosks utilized by the permit holder.
- (f) In the presence of a security department member, a cage cashier shall complete the sports pool kiosk drop at each kiosk as follows:
 - 1. Unlock the cabinet(s) housing the bill validator boxes;
- 2. Remove the bill validator boxes and place the removed bill validator boxes into a secured cart and insert the empty bill validator boxes and reject bins;
 - 3. Lock the cabinet(s) housing the bill validator boxes; and
- 4. Transport the secured cart to a count room or other location approved by the Division for the count of the sports pool kiosk drop.
- (g) The contents of the bill validator boxes shall be counted by one or more accounting department employees with no incompatible function who shall:
- Document the contents, by item and amount, for each box on a Balance
 Receipt;

- 2. Prepare or generate a Sports Pool Kiosk Drop Totals report that summarizes the total currency, sports pool tickets, and sports pool vouchers counted;
- 3. Verify that the number of bill validator boxes counted equals the number of empty boxes initially recorded on the Sports Pool Kiosk Bill Validator drop form. Any exceptions encountered during the drop and count process shall be documented on this form;
- 4. Transfer the currency to a main bank cashier with a copy of the Sports Pool Kiosk Drop Totals report;
- 5. Transport the sports pool tickets and vouchers to a secured location approved by the Division for storage until destroyed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69D-1.8(g); and
- 6. Transport the Balance Receipts, the Sports Pool Kiosk Drop Totals report, and Sports Pool Kiosk Bill Validator drop form to the casino or racetrack accounting department.
- (h) On a daily basis, an operator of a sports pool shall replenish the currency cassettes in the sports pool kiosks. A cashier with no incompatible functions shall prepare the currency cassettes to replenish the sports pool kiosks, which shall be documented on a two-part Sports Pool Kiosk Cassette Fill form. One copy of the form shall be retained by the cashier and the duplicate shall be used to document the completion of the transaction. The form shall include:
 - 1. Designation of the kiosk to which the fill is to be performed;
 - 2. For each denomination, the number of bills and total value;
 - 3. The total value of all currency cassettes;

- 4. Date and time prepared; and
- 5. Signature of the cashier.
- (i) An accounting department employee shall place the replacement currency cassettes and empty reject bins into a secured cart.
- (j) In the presence of a security department member, the accounting department employee shall complete the sports pool currency cassette replenishment at each sports pool kiosk as follows:
 - 1. Unlock the cabinet(s) housing the currency cassettes and reject bins;
- 2. Remove all currency cassettes and the reject bin, which shall be placed in a secure cart and generate a Credit Receipt that, at a minimum, includes:
 - i. An identification number of the sports pool kiosk;
 - ii. The date and time;
 - iii. The denomination of each currency cassette; and
- iv. The total value of the total number of bills per denomination remaining in each currency cassette being replenished and the reject bin;
 - 3. Insert the replacement currency cassettes and currency cassette reject bin; and
- 4. Enter data into the sports pool kiosk that describes the fill, and generate Fill Receipt that, at a minimum, includes:
 - i. An identification number of the sports pool kiosk;
 - ii. The date and time the fill was performed;
 - iii. The denomination of currency for each currency cassette inserted into the machine; and

- iv. The total value of the total number of bills per denomination, for each currency cassette being inserted into the machine.
- 5. Lock the cabinet and sign the duplicate copy of the Sports Pool Kiosk Cassette Fill attesting that the fill was completed. The Fill Receipt and the Credit Receipt shall be deposited in a locked accounting box.
- 6. Return all removed currency cassettes and reject bins in a secured cart to the count room or other location approved by the Division.
- (k) One or more accounting department employees with no incompatible function shall count and document the value of the contents of each removed currency cassette and currency cassette reject bin as follows:
- Document the count of each currency cassette and reject bin on a Balance
 Receipt by sports pool kiosk;
- 2. Prepare or generate a Sports Pool Currency Cassette Replenishment Totals report that summarizes the total currency counted;
- 3. Transfer the currency to a main bank cashier with a copy of the Currency Cassette Replenishment Totals report; and
- 4. Transport the Balance Receipts and Currency Cassette Replenishment

 Totals report to the casino or racetrack accounting department.
- (1) The casino or racetrack accounting department shall reconcile the sports pool kiosks on a daily basis pursuant to internal controls. Any variance of \$500.00 or more shall be documented by the accounting department and reported in writing to the Division within 72 hours of the end of the gaming day during which the variance was discovered. The

report shall indicate the cause of the variance and shall contain any documentation required to support the stated explanation.

13:69N-1.15 Accounting controls for the sports wagering lounge booth

- (a) The assets for which each ticket writer is responsible shall be maintained on an imprest basis. A ticket writer shall not permit any other person to access his or her imprest inventory.
- (b) A ticket writer shall begin a shift with an imprest amount of currency and coin to be known as the "sports wagering inventory." No funds shall be added to, or removed from, the sports wagering inventory during such shift, except:
 - 1. In collection of sports wagering wagers;
 - 2. In order to make change for a patron buying a sports wagering ticket;
 - 3. In collection for the issuance of sports wagering vouchers;
 - 4. In payment of winning or properly cancelled or refunded sports wagering tickets;
 - 5. In payment for sports wagering vouchers;
 - 6. To process simulcast transactions pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:72, provided that such transactions are separately reconciled; {or}
 - 7. To process deposits or withdrawals to or from a patron's Internet or mobile gaming account; or
 - {7.} 8. In {exchanges} transfers with the {cashiers' cage, a satellite cage, or} sports wagering lounge booth vault {supported by proper documentation, which documentation shall be sufficient for accounting reconciliation purposes}.

- (c) A "sports wagering count sheet" shall be completed and signed by the sports wagering shift supervisor, and the following information, at a minimum, shall be recorded thereon at the commencement of a shift:
 - 1. The date, time, and shift of preparation;
 - 2. The denomination of currency and coin in the sports wagering inventory issued to the ticket writer;
 - 3. The total amount of each denomination of currency and coin in the sports wagering inventory issued to the ticket writer;
 - 4. The sports wagering {window} station number to which the ticket writer is assigned; and
 - 5. The signature of the sports wagering shift supervisor.
- (d) A ticket writer assigned to a ticket writer {window} station shall count and verify the sports wagering inventory at the sports wagering vault or other approved location, and shall agree the count to the sports wagering count sheet. The ticket writer shall sign the count sheet attesting to the accuracy of the information recorded thereon. The sports wagering inventory shall be placed in a ticket writer's drawer and transported directly to the appropriate sports wagering lounge booth {window} station by the ticket writer.
- (e) Whenever funds are transferred from the vault to a ticket writer, the sports wagering lounge supervisor responsible for the vault shall prepare a two-part Writer Transfer-Out form. Upon completion of the form, the original shall be retained by the vault supervisor and the duplicate shall be retained by the ticket writer. The form shall include, at a minimum, the:

1. Date and time of the transfer;

- 2. Designation of the vault location;
- 3. Ticket writer station to where the funds are being transferred to;
- 4. Amount of each denomination being transferred;
- 5. Total amount of the transfer;
- 6. Signature of the preparer of the transfer;
- 7. Signature of the supervisor verifying and issuing the funds; and
- 8. Signature of the ticket writer verifying and receiving the funds.
- (f) Whenever funds are transferred from the ticket writer to a vault, a two-part Writer Transfer-In form shall be prepared. Upon completion of the form, the original shall be retained by the ticket writer and the duplicate shall be immediately returned with the funds to the vault. The form shall include, at a minimum, the:
 - 1. Date and time of the transfer;
 - 2. Designation of the vault location where the funds are being transferred to;
 - 3. Ticket writer station to where the funds are being transferred from;
 - 4. Amount of each denomination being transferred;
 - 5. Total amount of the transfer;
 - 6. Signature of the ticket writer verifying and sending the funds to the vault; and
 - 7. Signature of the supervisor verifying and receiving the funds.
- {(e)} (g) At the conclusion of a ticket writer's shift, the ticket writer's drawer and its contents shall be transported directly to {a designated area} the vault or to a location

approved by the Division in the sports wagering lounge booth, where the ticket writer shall count the contents of the drawer and record the following information, at a minimum, on the sports wagering count sheet:

- 1. The date, time, and shift of preparation;
- 2. The denomination of currency, coin, gaming chips, where applicable, and coupons in the drawer;
- 3. The total amount of each denomination of currency, coin, gaming chips, and coupons in the drawer;
- 4. The total of {any exchanges} the Writer Transfer-Out forms;
- 5. The total of the Writer Transfer-In forms;
- (5) 6. The total amount in the drawer; and
- **(6)** 7. The signature of the ticket writer.
- {(f)} (h) The sports wagering lounge booth shift supervisor shall compare the ticket writer {window net for the shift as generated by the terminal and if it agrees with the sports wagering count sheet total plus the sports wagering inventory, shall agree the count to the sports wagering count sheet} system closing balance to the sports wagering count total, record any over or short amount, and sign the sports wagering count sheet {attesting to the accuracy}.
- {(g)} (i) If the sports wagering {window net for the shift as generated by the system does not agree with the sports wagering count sheet total plus the sports wagering inventory, the sports wagering shift supervisor shall record} count sheet lists {any} an overage or shortage{. If the count does not agree}, the ticket writer and the sports wagering shift supervisor shall attempt to determine the cause of the discrepancy in the count. If the

discrepancy cannot be resolved {by the ticket writer and the sports wagering shift supervisor}, such discrepancy shall be reported {in writing} to the *surveillance department* and the sports wagering manager{,} or department supervisor in charge at such time. Any discrepancy in excess of \$500.00 shall be reported to the Division. The report shall include the following:

- 1. Date;
- 2. Shift;
- 3. Name of the ticket writer;
- 4. Name of the supervisor;
- 5. {Window} Station number; and
- 6. Amount of the discrepancy.
- (j) Whenever funds are transferred from the vault to the cashier's cage, the sports wagering lounge supervisor responsible for the vault shall prepare a two-part Vault Transfer-Out form. Upon completion of the form, the original shall be retained by the vault supervisor and the duplicate shall be transferred with the funds to the cashier's cage. The form shall include, at a minimum, the:
- 1. Date and time of the transfer;
- 2. Designation of the vault location;
- 3. Designation of the cage location;
- 4. Amount of each denomination being transferred;
- 5. Total amount of the transfer;
- 6. Signature of the preparer of the transfer;

- 7. Signature of the vault supervisor verifying and issuing the funds; and
- 8. Signature of the cage cashier verifying and receiving the funds.
- (k) Whenever funds are transferred from the cashier's cage to a vault, a two-part Vault Transfer-In form shall be prepared. Upon completion of the form, the original shall be retained by the cage cashier and the duplicate shall be transferred with the funds to the vault. The form shall include, at a minimum, the:
- 1. Date and time of the transfer;
- 2. Designation of the vault location where the funds are being transferred to;
- 3. Cashier location where the funds are being transferred from;
- 4. Amount of each denomination being transferred;
- 5. Total amount of the transfer;
- 6. Signature of the cage cashier verifying and sending the funds to the vault; and
- 7. Signature of the vault supervisor verifying and receiving the funds.

13:69N-1.16 Limitation on number of sports pools and online sports pools

Each sports wagering licensee may provide no more than three individually branded websites, each of which may have an accompanying mobile application bearing the same brand as the website for an online sports pool, those websites and mobile applications, in the case of a casino being in addition to or, in the discretion of the casino, in conjunction with, any websites and mobile applications that also offer other types of Internet gaming pursuant to P.L. 2013, c. 27 (N.J.S.A. 5:12-95.17 et seq.).

- {13:69N-1.17 Transactional waiver to immediately commence sports pool or online sports pool operations
- (a) A casino may submit a request to the Division for the immediate commencement of sports pool or online sports pool operations. Such request shall include the initial license fee of \$100,000, payable to the Casino Control Fund.
- (b) Upon receiving a request for a transactional waiver, the Director shall review the request. If the Director determines that the casino requesting the transactional waiver holds a valid casino license, has paid the sports wagering license fee, and is in compliance with this section, the Division shall issue a sports wagering license. Such license shall be valid for one year.
- (c) A casino receiving a transactional waiver shall be permitted to commence sports pool wagering through March 8, 2019 (270 days from the date of enactment of P.L. 2018, c. 33). Online sports pool wagering operations may commence on July 12, 2018, and continue through March 8, 2019. Any sports pool wagering operation or online sports pool wagering operation not in compliance with all rules relating to sports wagering on March 8, 2019, shall cease operations at that time and shall remain inactive until compliance is achieved.
- (d) No transactional waiver to commence online sports pool operations shall be granted prior to July 12, 2018.
- (e) Any third-party operating a sports wagering pool or online sports wagering pool must have a casino service industry enterprise license or have a transactional waiver to conduct business prior to receiving such license.

(f) All sports pool wagering and online sports pool wagering conducted under authority of a transactional waiver shall comply with the operator's House Rules.}

CHAPTER 690

INTERNET AND MOBILE GAMING

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

13:69O-1.1 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

. . .

"Funds on game" means the sum of **all non-online sports pool** pending wagers and funds transferred to a game not yet wagered less pending wins.

. . .

"Internet gaming" means the placing of wagers through a server-based gaming system with a casino licensee at a casino located in Atlantic City using a computer network of both Federal and non-Federal interoperable packet switched data networks through which the casino licensee may offer **an online sports pool or** authorized Internet games to a patron who has established an Internet gaming account with the casino licensee.

. . .

"Internet gaming operator" means a party or parties permitted by the Division to operate an Internet gaming system **or online sports pool**.

"Internet gaming system" means all hardware, software, and communications that comprise **an online sports pool or** a type of server-based gaming system for the purpose of offering authorized Internet games.

"Mobile gaming" means the placing of wagers with a casino licensee through a server-based gaming system at a casino located in Atlantic City using a computer network through which the casino licensee may offer **an online sports pool or** authorized games to individuals who have established a wagering account with the casino licensee and who are physically present within the property boundaries of an approved hotel facility.

. . .

"Mobile gaming operator" or "mobile operator" means a party or parties licensed by the Division to operate a mobile gaming system **or online sports pool**.

"Mobile gaming system" means all hardware, software, and communications that comprise **an online sports pool or** a type of server-based gaming system for the purpose of offering electronic versions of authorized casino games to be played on client terminals within the property boundaries of an approved casino facility.

. . .

["Pending wager account" means the account maintained by a server-based gaming system that holds the total balance of all wagers pending disposition and all other funds attributable to uncompleted games.]

. . .

"Remote gaming system" (RGS) means hardware and software used to provide **an online**sports pool or authorized games to patrons in conjunction with an Internet or mobile gaming

system, which may be a standalone system or integrated within another part of the Internet or mobile gaming system.

. . .

13:69O-1.3 Internet or mobile gaming accounts

- (a) (No change.)
- (b) In order to establish an Internet or mobile gaming account, a casino licensee shall:
 - 1. Create an electronic patron file, which shall include at a minimum:
 - i. viii. (No change.)
 - ix. The method used to verify the patron's identity; [and]
 - x. Date of verification[.]; and
- xi. For sports wagering only, the patron shall disclose if he or she is an employee of a sports governing body or member team who is not prohibited from wagering.
 - 2.-9. (No change.)
- (c) (No change.)
- (d) A patron's Internet or mobile gaming account may be funded through the use of:
 - 1. 7. (No change.)
- 8. ACH transfer, provided that the operator has security measures and controls to prevent ACH fraud pursuant to (e) below; [or]
 - 9. A transaction at a sports {pool} wagering kiosk; or
 - [9.] **10.** (No change in text.)
- (e) (f) (No change.)

- (g) Funds may be withdrawn from a patron's Internet or mobile gaming account for the following:
 - 1. 5. (No change.)
- 6. A cash-out transfer directly to the patron's individual account with a bank or other financial institution (banking account) provided that the licensee verifies the validity of the account with the financial institution; [or]
 - 7. A cash withdrawal from a sports {pool} wagering kiosk up to \$3,000; or [7.] 8. (No change in text.)
- (h) (n) (No change.)

13:69O-1.4 Internet or mobile gaming system standards and operational controls

- (a) (g) (No change.)
- (h) Internet and mobile gaming systems shall {employ a mechanism that can detect and} prevent any patron {initiated} from wagering or withdrawal activity {that would result in a negative balance of an} when sufficient funds are not present in their Internet {and} or mobile gaming account.
- (i) (j) (No change.)
- (k) When an Internet or mobile gaming account is in a suspended mode, the system shall:
 - 1. (No change.)
- 2. Prevent the patron from depositing funds, unless the deposit is for the purpose of remedying a negative balance;
 - 3. 6. (No change.)
- (1) (w) (No change.)

- 13:69O-1.9 Required reports; reconciliation; test accounts
- (a)-(c) (No change.)
- (d) An Internet gaming system and a mobile gaming system shall generate the following daily reports, at a minimum, for each gaming day in order to calculate the taxable revenue or to ensure the integrity of operations:
- 1. A Patron Account Summary Report, which shall include transaction information for each patron account as follows:
 - i. vii. (No change.)
 - viii. Total amount of sports pool wagers;
 - ix. Total amount of sports pool winnings;
 - x. Total amount of canceled sports pool wagers;
 - xi. Total amount of voided sports pool wagers;
 - xii. Total amount of resettled sports pool wagers;

Recodify existing viii.-xi. as {x.-xiii.} xiii.-xvi. (No change in text.)

{xiv.} xvii. Sports pool win or loss calculated as the amount of wagers less winnings;

Recodify existing xii.-xiii. as {xv.-xvi.} xviii.-xxi. (No change in text.)

- 2. A Wagering Summary Report, which shall include the following by authorized game and poker variation, as applicable:
 - i. ii. (No change.)
 - iii. Total amount of sports pool wagers;
 - iv. Total amount of sports pool winnings;

- v. Total amount of canceled sports pool wagers;
- vi. Total amount of voided sports pool wagers;
- vii. Total amount of resettled sports pool wagers;

Recodify existing iii.-v. as {v.-vii.} viii.-x. (No change in text.)

[vi.] {viii.} xi. Total amounts due to or from an Internet gaming network; [and]

[vii.] {ix.} xii. Win or loss calculated as the net of the total amounts wagered and total amounts won plus tournament entry fees, rake, or vigorish, guaranteed funds, and amounts due to or from an Internet gaming network; and

{x.} xiii. Sports pool win or loss calculated as the amount of wagers less winnings;

- 3. 4. (No change.)
- (e) (No change.)
- (f) A casino licensee and racetrack online sports wagering permit holder shall utilize the Wagering Summary Report to calculate mobile gaming gross revenue and Internet gaming gross revenue on a daily basis for reporting purposes. In addition, the casino licensee and racetrack online sports wagering permit holder shall:

$$1. - 4.$$
 (No change.)

- (g) (k) (No change.)
- (l) An Internet gaming system shall generate a report on a weekly basis identifying potential problem gamblers, including those patrons who self-report. The casino licensee **and racetrack online sports wagering permit holder** shall review the report and document any action taken.

 (m) (No change.)

(n) On a monthly basis, a casino licensee and racetrack online sports wagering permit holder shall submit to the Division a copy of the bank statement that reflects the balance of the restricted account maintained to protect patron funds required pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:690-1.3(k).

(o) - (p) (No change.)

SUBCHAPTER 3. REMOTE GAMING SYSTEMS

13:69O-3.1 Remote gaming systems (RGS)

(a) Each RGS that provides game content {or a sports pool} to another Internet gaming operator {or racetrack online sports wagering permit holder} shall:

1.-6. (No change.)

- (b)-(g) (No change.)
- (h) Each RGS shall generate and distribute to each casino licensee {, racetrack online sports wagering permit holder,} and the Division the following reports in order to verify the taxable revenue reported pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:69O-1.9:
 - 1. (No change.)
- 2. Pending Transaction Report, which shall be generated on a monthly basis and separately itemize all outstanding pending transactions for each Internet gaming authorized site and include the following:

i.-vii. (No change.)

viii. Amount of the win, if known; [and] and

3. Void Transaction Report, which shall be generated on a daily basis and separately itemize all voided transactions for each Internet gaming authorized site and include the following:

i.-ix. (No change.)

- x. Reason for the void[.]{; and}.
- {4. If applicable, a Sports Pool Summary report, which shall include total online sports pool wagers, wins, and net win or loss.}