



# **New Jersey Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative (JDAI) 2021 Annual Data Report**

State of New Jersey  
Office of the Attorney General  
Juvenile Justice Commission

Philip D. Murphy, Governor  
Sheila Y. Oliver, Lt. Governor  
Matthew J. Platkin, Attorney General  
Jennifer LeBaron, Ph.D., Acting Executive Director

December 2022

## Acknowledgments

The Juvenile Justice Commission would like to thank Joelle Kenney, Manager, JDAI & System Reform Unit for her excellent work in authoring the JDAI Annual Data Report. The JJC would also like to thank all of the staff of the JJC's JDAI & System Reform Unit for their assistance in acquiring and maintaining the data required to not only produce this report, but to ensure that JDAI continues to be a data and results driven initiative. We also thank the staff in each county who help to maintain detention system data. We hope that our JDAI and system reform partners at the state and local level find the report's contents useful as a tool for guiding ongoing juvenile justice system improvement efforts.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>Executive Summary</b>	i
• Background	i
• Genesis of JDAI in New Jersey: The Need for Innovation	i
• JDAI Vision & Philosophy: Why Does This Matter?	i
• The Purpose of Detention and JDAI Core Strategies	i
• What are Detention Alternatives?	ii
• Impressive Results Lead to New Jersey’s Designation as a “Model State”	ii
• Substantial Cost-Savings Realized	ii
• Improved Conditions of Confinement for Detained Youth	iii
• JDAI: A Model of Governmental Cooperation	iii
• Purpose of the JDAI Annual Data Report & Summary of Key Findings	iii
• How Were These Results Achieved?	V
• The Impact of the Public Health Emergency	V
 <b>Summary of Changes in Key Detention Utilization Indicators</b>	 1
• Table 1. Summary of Changes in Key Detention Utilization Indicators, Pre-JDAI vs. 2021	1
 <b>Average Daily Population (ADP) in Detention</b>	 1
• Table 2. ADP in Detention	2
• Figure 1. ADP in Detention, Pre-JDAI vs. 2021	2
 <b>Admissions to Detention</b>	 3
• Table 3. Admissions to Detention	3
• Table 4. Nature of Current Offense/Lead Reason for Detention)	4
• Figure 2. Percentage of Youth Detained for New Delinquency Charges (2021)	5
• Table 5. Degree of Current Offense/Lead Reason for Detention (2021)	5
• Table 6. Number of Youth Admitted to Detention for VOPs	6
• Figure 3. Youth Admitted to Detention for VOPs, Pre-JDAI vs. 2021	6
• Table 7. Number of Youth Admitted to Detention for FTAs	7
• Figure 4. Youth Admitted to Detention for FTAs, Pre-JDAI vs. 2021	7
• Table 8. Number of Youth Admitted to Detention for All Other Violations (Including ATD Violations) or for Non-Delinquency Events	8
• Table 9. For Youth Admitted on a Violation Only, Degree of Most Serious Immediate Underlying Offense (MSUO) – 2020 vs. 2021	9
• Table 10. For Youth Admitted on a Violation Only, Where MSUO is 4 <sup>th</sup> Degree or Less, Degree of Most Serious Prior Adjudication – 2020 vs. 2021	10
• Figure 5. For Youth Admitted on a Violation Only, Where MSUO and MSPA is 4th Degree or Less – 2020 vs. 2021	10
• Table 11. Detention Admission Process	11
 <b>Detention Departures &amp; Length of Stay (LOS)</b>	 12
• Table 12. Average (Mean) LOS in Detention	12
• Table 13. Median LOS in Detention	13

• Table 14. Youth Remaining in Detention for 60 Days or More	13
• Table 15. Average LOS by Departure Type	15-16
• Table 16. Changes in ALOS for Primary Departure Types	17
• Table 17: Difference in Average (Mean) LOS in Detention With Waiver and Without Waiver	17
• Table 18. Average LOS by Race/Ethnicity and Degree of MSCO – 2021	18
• Table 19. Average LOS by Race/Ethnicity and Primary Release Type - 2021	18
• Table 20. Nature of Departures from Detention	19-20
<b>Public Safety Outcomes</b>	21
• Table 21. Detention Alternative Outcomes	21
• Table 22. Total Juvenile Arrests	22
• Table 23. Juvenile Arrests for Index Offenses	23
<b>Youth of Color in Detention</b>	24
• Table 24. ADP of Youth of Color in Detention	24
• Table 25. Average (Mean) LOS in Detention for Youth of Color	25
• Table 26. Average (Mean) LOS in Detention for White Youth	25
• Table 27. Difference in Average (Mean) LOS Between Youth of Color & White Youth	26
• Table 28. Median LOS in Detention for Youth of Color	26
• Table 29. Median LOS in Detention for White Youth	27
• Table 30. Difference in Median LOS Between Youth of Color & White Youth	27
• Table 31. Percentage of Youth of Color Remaining in Detention 60 Days or More	28
• Table 32. Percentage of White Youth Remaining in Detention 60 Days or More	28
• Table 33. Difference in LOS of 60+ Days Between Youth of Color & White Youth	29
• Table 34. % of Detention ADP Comprised of Youth of Color	30
• Table 35. % of Detention Admissions Comprised of Youth of Color	30
• Table 36. Youth of Color Overrepresentation in Detention	31
<b>Girls in Detention</b>	32
• Table 37. ADP of Girls in Detention	32
• Table 38. Girls Admitted to Detention	33
• Table 39. % of Detention Admissions Comprised of Girls	33
• Table 40. Average (Mean) LOS for Girls in Detention	34
<b>Beyond Detention: Incarceration as a Disposition</b>	35
• Table 41. Commitments to State Custody with the JJC Upon Disposition	36
<b>Supplemental Data Tables</b>	37
• Table 42. Monthly Detention ADP, by Site	37
• Table 43. Monthly Detention Alternative ADP, by Site	37
• Table 44. Monthly Detention Admissions, by Site	38
• Table 45. Monthly Detention Alternative Admissions, by Site	38
• Table 46. 4-Month Detention ALOS, by Site	39
• Table 47. 4-Month Detention Alternative ALOS, by Site	39
• Table 48. Statewide Detention Capacity & Utilization	40

• Table 49. Atlantic Annual Trends	41
• Table 50. Camden Annual Trends	42
• Table 51. Essex Annual Trends	43
• Table 52. Monmouth Annual Trends	44
• Table 53. Hudson Annual Trends	45
• Table 54. Mercer Annual Trends	46
• Table 55. Union Annual Trends	47
• Table 56. Bergen Annual Trends	48
• Table 57. Burlington Annual Trends	49
• Table 58. Ocean Annual Trends	50
• Table 59. Somerset Annual Trends	51
• Table 60. Passaic Annual Trends	52
• Table 61. Middlesex Annual Trends	53
• Table 62. Cumberland Annual Trends	54
• Table 63. Warren Annual Trends	55
• Table 64. Gloucester Annual Trends	56
• Table 65. Cape May Annual Trends	57
• Table 66. Sussex Annual Trends	58
• Table 67. Salem Annual Trends	58
• Table 68. Morris Annual Trends	59
• Table 69. Hunterdon Annual Trends	59

**Endnotes**

# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## Background

In 2004 the Annie E. Casey Foundation selected New Jersey to be among the first states to replicate the nationally recognized Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative (JDAI). JDAI was developed in response to national trends reflecting a drastic increase in the use of secure detention for juveniles despite decreases in juvenile arrests, and the resulting overcrowding of youth detention centers nationwide. The goal of this systems-change initiative is to create more effective and efficient processes surrounding the use of detention. To that end, JDAI works to reduce the number of youth unnecessarily or inappropriately held in secure detention, while maintaining public safety and ensuring youth appear for scheduled court dates. JDAI also works to redirect resources toward successful reform strategies and to improve conditions of confinement in detention facilities for those youth who require this most secure level of supervision.

## Genesis of JDAI in New Jersey: The Need for Innovation

In the 1990s New Jersey experienced the same drastic increase in the use of secure, institutional detention for youth, despite decreases in juvenile delinquency, faced by much of the nation. For example, in the 10-year period of 1993-2002 juvenile arrests for “index” offenses (i.e., the most serious offenses) in New Jersey decreased by 44.8%, and overall juvenile arrests decreased by 24.7%. However, during the same 10-year period average daily population in detention increased by 37.7%. These changes led to serious overcrowding in New Jersey’s county-operated detention facilities. For example, in 1996 New Jersey’s detention facilities were operating at 166% of approved capacity. Government’s response to the problem at that time was to increase the number of detention beds. After millions of dollars spent, and a resulting 56% increase in detention capacity over just a few-year period, the adage rang true: “If you build it, they will come.” By 2002, even after the detention building-boom in New Jersey, more than half of the detention centers in the state remained overcrowded, with the five most overcrowded facilities operating at anywhere from 122% to 223% of capacity.

## JDAI Vision & Philosophy: Why Does This Matter?

JDAI is premised on the Annie E. Casey Foundation’s philosophy, which the Juvenile Justice Commission subscribes to, that all youth involved in the juvenile justice system should have opportunities to develop into healthy, productive adults as a result of policies, practices, and programs that maximize their chances for personal transformation, protect their legal rights, reduce their likelihood of unnecessary or inappropriate incarceration, and minimize the risks they pose to their communities. Detention is a focus for several reasons.

- Negative Impact of Secure Detention. Research has shown that juvenile detention has critical, long-lasting consequences for court-involved youth. Youth who are detained are more likely than their non-detained counterparts to be formally charged, adjudicated, and committed to an institution. Detention disrupts connections in school, services, and families. Over the long-haul, the detention experience negatively impacts educational and employment levels. As such, detention should be reserved for the most serious, most chronic youthful offenders.
- Historical Lack of Public Safety Results. Detention is a stronger predictor of recidivism among juveniles than many other factors. Detention system reform helps the entire juvenile justice system more accurately identify which youth really need to be confined in order to minimize risks to the community, and holds the system accountable for public safety results.
- Opportunity to Improve the Juvenile Justice System as a Whole. Recognizing that detention reform is an entryway to overall system reform, JDAI was designed to make the entire juvenile justice system smarter, fairer, more efficient, and more effective. The kinds of changes a jurisdiction makes to safely reduce reliance on detention should influence how other parts of the system operate.

## The Purpose of Detention and JDAI Core Strategies

The statutory purpose of detention is to temporarily hold youth who pose a serious risk of reoffending or a risk of flight, while their cases are pending final court disposition. To help ensure detention is used according to

this purpose, and to otherwise assist jurisdictions in accomplishing their reform goals, JDAI provides a framework for conducting a thorough, data-driven examination of the detention system, and for using that information to develop strategies for system improvement. This proven approach to systems-change has demonstrated across numerous jurisdictions in the nation that reliance on secure detention can be reduced safely, and outcomes for youth improved, through implementation of JDAI's eight core strategies. These eight core strategies are:

- (1) Building the collaboration and leadership required for the challenging work of system reform,
- (2) Relying on data to inform juvenile justice policy and program development,
- (3) Implementing effective, objective detention admissions policies and practices,
- (4) Enhancing available alternatives to secure detention,
- (5) Reducing unnecessary delays in case processing and corresponding length of stay (LOS) in detention,
- (6) Focusing on challenges presented by "special populations," including youth detained for violations of probation and warrants, and youth awaiting dispositional placement,
- (7) Identifying strategies to reduce racial disparities in the detention system, and
- (8) Ensuring detention facilities present conditions of confinement that meet basic constitutional, statutory, and professional standards, and striving to meet best-practice standards.

Additional principles embedded in the work include ensuring that youth, families, and communities are active partners in system transformation efforts, and that reform efforts expand beyond detention to all facets of the youth justice system.

### **What are Detention Alternatives?**

Detention alternatives are short-term placements for youth who would otherwise remain in detention while their cases are pending in court. The primary purpose of detention alternatives is to provide supervision and basic supports to youth, in order to minimize the likelihood that youth will be charged with a new delinquency offense while awaiting the disposition of their current case. Detention alternatives also help to ensure youth appear at each required court hearing. Detention alternatives might include, but are not limited to, home supervision, electronic monitoring, day or evening reporting centers, and shelter care. Importantly, however, ensuring that youth have access to detention alternative programs is just one of the eight core strategies of JDAI. Sites participating in JDAI in New Jersey are expected to embrace and fully implement all eight of the core strategies and the additional principles described above.

### **Impressive Results Lead to New Jersey's Designation as a "Model State"**

The Juvenile Justice Commission (JJC) is the lead agency for JDAI in New Jersey, providing the management and staffing infrastructure integral to New Jersey's success as a JDAI site. The New Jersey Judiciary is a critical partner in this work, and with the JJC, has provided the leadership needed to achieve the success that has brought New Jersey national recognition. As of 2019, all 21 counties were actively participating in JDAI in New Jersey. While nationally JDAI is operational in nearly 300 local jurisdictions spanning 40 states, New Jersey is the only state to be designated a national model for detention reform by the Casey Foundation. This designation was bestowed upon New Jersey in late 2008 as a result of the impressive outcomes achieved since JDAI inception. As a model site, New Jersey receives grant funding from the Casey Foundation to support JDAI, and New Jersey's JDAI leaders are routinely called upon to conduct training and provide technical support to other states seeking to replicate our state's JDAI success.

### **Substantial Cost-Savings Realized**

Consistent with the national JDAI experience, significant cost-savings have been realized as the result of JDAI in New Jersey. The excess space created by significant population reductions has allowed several counties to close their detention centers and house their youth in other counties' facilities. At the start of JDAI, there were 17 detention centers operating in New Jersey; as of 2021, there were seven. The ten counties closing their detention centers entered into agreements with other counties to house their detained youth. These shared-services agreements have resulted in approximately \$30 million in annual cost savings for the sending counties and substantial revenue increases for the receiving counties.

Nationally, in established JDAI sites detention reform has proven to be a springboard for broader juvenile justice system change and related cost-savings. Research indicates that detained youth are more likely to be committed to state custody at the point of disposition than non-detained youth with similar charges and delinquency history. It is reasonable to assume, then, that a reduction in the number of youth held in detention would lead to a reduction in the number of youth committed to state custody, typically the costliest of all dispositional placements. In New Jersey this has proven to be the case. Across all 21 JDAI sites in 2021, commitments to the JJC had been cut substantially, dropping by 90.5%, with 944 fewer youth committed to state custody in 2021 alone, as compared to each site's pre-JDAI year. The decrease in commitments to state custody through JDAI has allowed the JJC to downsize operations and reduce expenditures, too. Most recently, in 2021, the JJC closed one residential community home and downsized secure care operations by closing housing units and eliminating custody posts. These downsizing efforts resulted in a sustained cut to the JJC's operational budget of \$2.6 million.

### **Improved Conditions of Confinement for Detained Youth**

Overcrowding in detention centers leads to serious problems, including an increased risk of violent incidents and injury to youth and staff, and an increase in liability. In 2002, just prior to New Jersey's designation as a JDAI site, detention centers in nine of NJ's current JDAI sites were overcrowded, with the most overcrowded detention center operating at 223% of capacity. Today, not a single site is operating an overcrowded detention center. In recent years, annual conditions of confinement evaluations conducted for each detention center by the JJC reveal positive results, finding that these facilities are on the whole in compliance with state regulations and standards.

### **JDAI: A Model of Governmental Cooperation**

JDAI has earned the support of government at both the state and local level and exemplifies the best of interagency and intergovernmental collaboration. The Attorney General's Office and the Administrative Office of the Courts have been instrumental in developing and supporting JDAI. At the state level, the New Jersey Council on Juvenile Justice System Improvement, whose members are jointly appointed by the JJC Executive Director and the Administrative Director of the New Jersey Courts, oversees JDAI and considers statewide policy and practice reforms, such as the detention Risk Screening Tool. At the local level, County Councils on Juvenile Justice System Improvement are directly responsible for implementing local reform strategies, exhibiting remarkable collaboration and innovation. The JJC provides the staffing for both the state and local councils.

### **Purpose of the JDAI Annual Data Report & Summary of Key Findings**

As indicated above, reliance on data to inform policy and program development is key among JDAI's core strategies. Through the JDAI process, jurisdictions use data to examine the detention process to determine where opportunities for improvement exist, and to measure the impact of any reforms implemented. The JDAI Annual Data Report documents annual trends along key indicators of detention utilization, including admissions, length of stay (LOS), and average daily population (ADP). Note that the purpose of the JDAI Annual Data Report is to illustrate the overall impact of JDAI as a statewide initiative. County-specific needs continue to drive the various, additional analyses used for system-diagnosis at the local level.

The Annual Data Report provides information regarding all 21 New Jersey JDAI sites active throughout 2021, and documents impressive changes in local detention systems – changes that are consistent with the application of JDAI core strategies and with the goal of safely reducing the unnecessary detention of New Jersey's kids. For example:

- Comparing the year prior to JDAI in each site to the current year, across sites average daily population has decreased by -73.9%. On any given day, there were 612 fewer youth in secure detention, with youth of color accounting for 88.8% of this drop.
- Comparing the year prior to JDAI in each site to 2021, collectively across sites over nine-thousand (9,053) fewer youth were admitted to detention, a decrease of -86.5%. This annual figure translates

into tens of thousands fewer youth removed from their homes and placed in secure detention since JDAI implementation.

- Since JDAI implementation, the number of youth admitted to detention for noncompliance with the rules of probation dropped -92.0%. Additionally, youth admitted to detention for failing to appear in court decreased by -93.2%, and the number of youth admitted for other violations, rule noncompliance, or non-delinquency matters dropped by -70.0%.
- The number of girls in detention on any given day has decreased by -78.6% across the 21 sites. On any given day, there were 64 fewer girls in secure detention.
- Accounting for changing demographics in the general youth population, across sites the overrepresentation of youth of color in detention has decreased by -5.0 percentage points since JDAI implementation.
- In 2021, an average of just 5.5% of youth were discharged from a detention alternative program as the result of a new delinquency charge, an indicator that JDAI public safety goals are being met.
- Similarly, Uniform Crime Report figures indicate that in 2020 (the most recent year for which the Uniform Crime Report is available), juvenile arrests were down in all 21 sites as compared to each site's pre-JDAI year, for a total reduction of -83.3%. Arrests for the more serious "index" offenses are down -81.0%. These changes provide additional evidence that JDAI public safety goals are being met.
- Finally, as noted above, across sites commitments to state custody with the JJC as a disposition are down -90.5%.

Of note is that a core principle of JDAI is recognizing that no matter how well the current system is operating, there is always room for improvement. The purpose of this report is not only to highlight the accomplishments of New Jersey's JDAI sites, but to look for areas where we can continue to grow. While the accomplishments of New Jersey's JDAI sites to-date are indeed substantial, the report's findings indicate there are opportunities to continue to improve the juvenile justice system.

For example, 14 of the 21 sites have experienced an increase in average (mean) length of stay since JDAI implementation, with some sites experiencing increases of a month or more. Averaging across sites, the mean length of stay in detention has increased by +19.3 days. Additionally, averaging across sites, the median length of stay has increased by +7.4 days and the percentage of youth remaining in detention for 60 days or more has increased by +8.9 percentage points across sites. Additionally, the gap in length of stay between youth of color and white youth remains. In 2021, averaging across sites the mean length of stay in detention for youth of color was +11.8 days longer than that for white youth; this gap is slightly larger than that seen pre-JDAI, when it was +10.0 days. Similarly, the percentage of youth of color remaining in detention longer than 60 days is +2.5 percentage points higher than that for white youth, though this gap has been reduced by -4.6 percentage points (the gap was +7.1 percentage points pre-JDAI). On the other hand, averaging across sites, median LOS for youth of color was -6.2 days less than that for white youth in 2021, due in large part to an increase in median LOS for white youth.

As individual sites strive to make improvements with regard to length of stay, it is important to consider the interconnection between departure types and length of stay. Jurisdictions that release a greater proportion of appropriate youth from detention to detention alternatives have shorter overall lengths of stay. For example, in Hudson, 68.2% of detained youth are released to a detention alternative, and these youth remain in detention for 10.0 days, resulting in Hudson having an overall LOS (22.5 days) that is less than the all-sites average (46.7 days). Conversely, in Ocean, while LOS for youth released to an alternative is 8.5 days, just 15.4% of detained youth are released to a detention alternative. With a larger share of Ocean youth remaining in detention through to disposition (38.5%, as compared to 10.4% in Hudson and the all-sites average of 24.6%), Ocean's overall LOS (121.2 days) is much longer than Hudson's (22.5 days) and the all-sites average (46.7 days). This example illustrates how increasing the use of detention alternatives is a strategy for reducing length of stay.

In light of the substantial achievements made by JDAI sites in terms of reducing unnecessary admissions to detention, an intentional focus on length of stay and related case processing issues, with an emphasis on further diagnosing and addressing potential disparities in this area, continues to be an area warranting further examination and problem-solving in JDAI sites. Reducing length of stay in detention for youth of color presents an opportunity for reducing disproportionate youth of color confinement, too.

Finally, while JDAI sites have achieved remarkable results in terms of reducing reliance on detention for youth charged with violations and low-level offenses, it seems there may be additional opportunities for improvement in this area. For example, in 2021, across sites, of youth detained on a violation only, 22.3% (80 youth) had an offense of the 4th degree or less as the most serious, immediate underlying offense. Of these youth, (60.0%, 48 youth) had an offense of the 4th degree or less as the most serious prior adjudication in their entire court history; 12 of these youth had no prior adjudications. While these figures represent small decreases compared to 2020, continuing to focus on implementing strategies to reduce detention for this population of low-level offenders, who are often “low-risk, high-need,” seems warranted, in light of their very limited delinquency history.

### **How Were These Results Achieved?**

As described above, it is through the implementation of JDAI's eight core strategies that sites accomplish the goal of reducing reliance on detention, while maintaining public safety. Examples of the types of policy, practice, and programming changes implemented among New Jersey's JDAI sites that align with these core strategies are: 1) the implementation of the detention Risk Screening Tool to guide admissions; 2) the creation of an array of probation interventions for addressing non-compliance short of filing a violation of probation and requesting a warrant to detention; 3) improved court notification procedures that increase court appearance rates and reduce warrants to detention for failure to appear (FTA); 4) practices that differentiate between reasons for non-appearance in court, and where appropriate, use alternatives to issuing FTA warrants, such as “day time” warrants and rescheduling hearings, in instances where youth have not in fact absconded; and 5) developing a more robust continuum of detention alternatives that provides the supports necessary to assist youth in meeting release conditions.

Additionally, each year the Juvenile Justice Commission prepares a report that identifies the specific reforms implemented that year – reforms that have yielded the substantial changes in detention utilization illustrated in the present report. This year's report, *Juvenile Justice Reform in New Jersey 2021: A Year in Review*, which can be found on the JJC's website, indicates that during the most recent annual reporting period alone, more than 60 policy, practice, and programming changes and other substantive activities were implemented in furtherance of JDAI goals.

### **The Impact of the Public Health Emergency**

The pandemic presented significant challenges for youth justice professionals, but leaders and partners from a variety of disciplines worked to ensure that gains made over the course of JDAI's implementation were not lost over the past year. Favorable downward trends continued over the past year, including a continued reduction in admissions to detention and fewer youth detained for low level offenses and rule violations. JDAI stakeholders are encouraged to build off of these systemic improvements as we move into the future.

## SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN KEY DETENTION UTILIZATION INDICATORS

Table 1 summarizes changes in the key indicators of detention utilization, before and after JDAI. These three indicators include admissions, average length of stay (ALOS), and average daily population (ADP). Of course, ADP is a function of how many youth are admitted to detention and how long each youth stays, so a primary purpose of Table 1 is to illustrate the interaction between the detention utilization indicators. Each of the three indicators will be discussed further in subsequent sections of the report.

As Table 1 reveals, seven sites experienced a decrease in all three detention utilization indicators since JDAI implementation (Atlantic, Essex, Monmouth, Hudson, Union, Cape May, Sussex, and Salem). All 20 sites experienced a decrease in admissions and ADP, and seven sites experienced a decrease in ALOS.

**TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN KEY DETENTION UTILIZATION INDICATORS, PRE-JDAI<sup>a</sup> VS. 2021**

	Admissions		ALOS		ADP	
	Kids	%	Days	%	Kids	%
Atlantic	69	-85.3%	-0.4	-1.4%	-21.6	-63.3%
Camden	234	-86.1%	+35.9	+168.5%	-57.8	-61.1%
Essex	338	-86.3%	-3.6	-9.4%	-191.4	-78.6%
Monmouth	36	-92.9%	+51.6	+170.3%	-31.5	-78.8%
Hudson	167	-86.3%	-6.4	-22.1%	-68.9	-79.5%
Mercer	76	-91.2%	+11.5	42.0%	-51.9	-86.5%
Union	74	-86.2%	-0.6	-2.1%	-29.3	-74.7%
Bergen	36	-85.5%	+1.4	+5.1%	-17.6	-86.7%
Burlington	54	-81.0%	+14.0	+50.9%	-16.8	-82.4%
Ocean	26	-89.2%	+86.4	+248.3%	-15.1	-63.7%
Somerset	19	-84.9%	+21.7	+91.2%	-5.2	-57.8%
Passaic	88	-89.3%	+11.2	+37.5%	-45.4	-64.7%
Middlesex	65	-85.5%	+72.9	+204.8%	-30.1	-71.5%
Cumberland	38	-84.7%	+8.2	+24.4%	-21.7	-79.5%
Warren	11	-64.5%	+9.1	+38.6%	-1.4	-60.9%
Gloucester	23	-76.8%	+9.6	+56.1%	-1.2	-27.3%
Cape May	16	-40.7%	-22.4	-53.5%	-1.6	-51.6%
Sussex	2	-94.7%	-10.9	-84.5%	-1.3	-59.1%
Salem	14	-63.2%	-26.9	-81.5%	-2.4	-82.8%
Morris	23	-64.1%	+8.5	+47.8%	-0.7	-28.0%
Hunterdon	2	-71.4%	+134.7	+1095.1%	+0.5	+166.7%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1411</b>	<b>-86.5%</b>	<b>+19.3</b>	<b>+70.5%</b>	<b>-612.4</b>	<b>-73.9%</b>

## AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (ADP) IN DETENTION

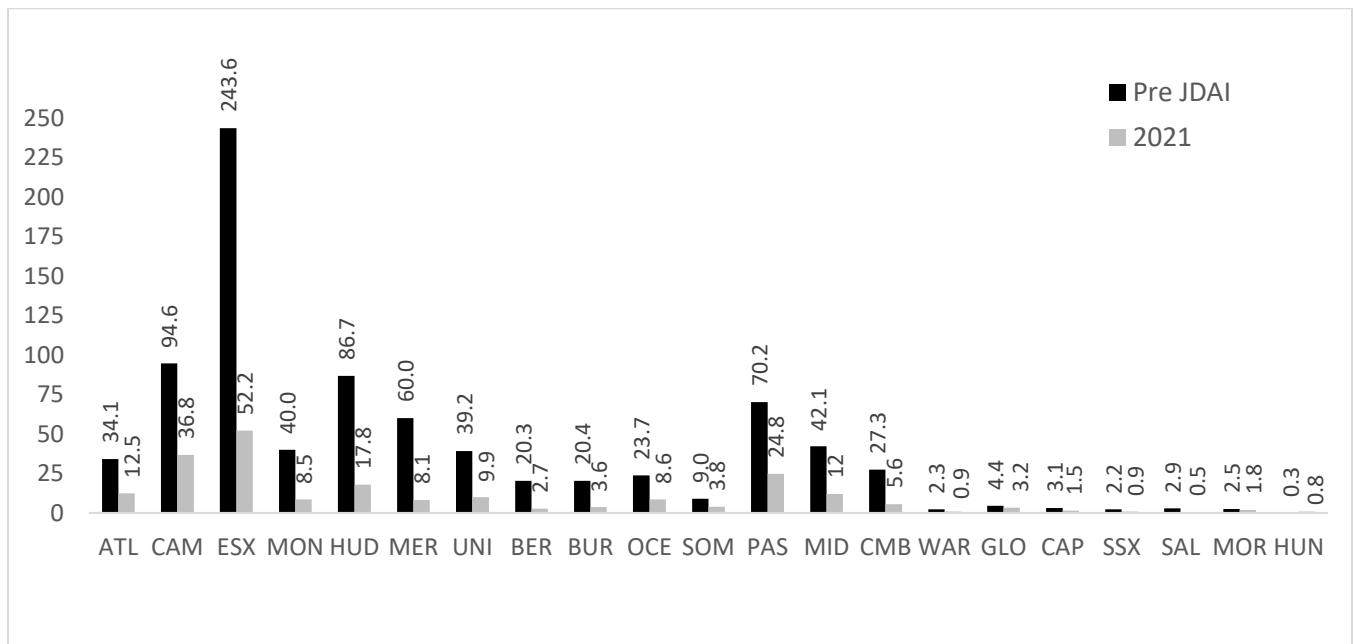
On any given day in 2021, across the 21 JDAI sites there were 610 fewer kids in secure detention centers than there were prior to JDAI implementation, a decrease of -73.9%, with 20 sites experiencing a decrease. As indicated in Table 2, the number of youth held in detention has dropped by more than 80% in Bergen (-86.7%), Mercer (-86.5%), Salem (-82.8%), and Burlington (-82.4%). Collectively, reductions were mostly sustained over the past year, with combined ADP up just +0.1%; five sites experienced a significant decrease, with Salem (-44.4%), Mercer (-42.1%), Union (-40.4%), Burlington (-37.9%), and Bergen (-35.7%) experiencing the largest reductions. However, 12 sites experienced a one-year increase in ADP, with the largest increases occurring in Essex (+11.2 kids, +27.3%), Atlantic (+2.8 kids, +28.9%), and Passaic (+2.3 kids, +10.2%).

<sup>a</sup> Pre-JDAI years are as follows: 2003 (Atlantic, Camden, Essex, Monmouth, Hudson); 2005 (Mercer, Union, Bergen, Burlington, Ocean); 2008 (Somerset, Passaic); 2009 (Middlesex, Cumberland, Warren); 2011 (Gloucester, Cape May); 2012 (Sussex); 2015 (Salem); 2016 (Morris); 2017 (Hunterdon).

**TABLE 2. ADP IN DETENTION**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				<i>Kids</i>	%	<i>Kids</i>	%
Atlantic	34.1	9.7	12.5	+2.8	+28.9%	-21.6	-63.3%
Camden	94.6	35.1	36.8	+1.7	+4.8%	-57.8	-61.1%
Essex	243.6	41.0	52.2	+11.2	+27.3%	-191.4	-78.6%
Monmouth	40.0	8.3	8.5	+0.2	+2.4%	-31.5	-78.8%
Hudson	86.7	17.8	17.8	0.0	0.0%	-68.9	-79.5%
Mercer	60.0	14.0	8.1	-5.9	-42.1%	-51.9	-86.5%
Union	39.2	16.6	9.9	-6.7	-40.4%	-29.3	-74.7%
Bergen	20.3	4.2	2.7	-1.5	-35.7%	-17.6	-86.7%
Burlington	20.4	5.8	3.6	-2.2	-37.9%	-16.8	-82.4%
Ocean	23.7	9.3	8.6	-0.7	-7.5%	-15.1	-63.7%
Somerset	9.0	4.0	3.8	-0.2	-5.0%	-5.2	-57.8%
Passaic	70.2	22.5	24.8	+2.3	+10.2%	-45.4	-64.7%
Middlesex	42.1	16.0	12.0	-4.0	-25.0%	-30.1	-71.5%
Cumberland	27.3	5.4	5.6	+0.2	+3.7%	-21.7	-79.5%
Warren	2.3	0.1	0.9	+0.8	+800.0%	-1.4	-60.9%
Gloucester	4.4	2.3	3.2	+0.9	+39.1%	-1.2	-27.3%
Cape May	3.1	1.4	1.5	+0.1	+7.1%	-1.6	-51.6%
Sussex	2.2	0.3	0.9	+0.6	+200.0%	-1.3	-59.1%
Salem	2.9	0.9	0.5	-0.4	-44.4%	-2.4	-82.8%
Morris	2.5	1.4	1.8	+0.4	+28.6%	-0.7	-28.0%
Hunterdon	0.3	0.2	0.8	+0.6	+300.0%	+0.5	+166.7%
<b>TOTAL<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>828.9</b>	<b>216.3</b>	<b>216.5</b>	<b>+0.2</b>	<b>+0.1%</b>	<b>-612.4</b>	<b>-73.9%</b>

**FIGURE 1. ADP IN DETENTION, PRE-JDAI VS. 2021**



## ADMISSIONS TO DETENTION

Comparing the year prior to JDAI in each site to 2021, across all sites over nine thousand (9,053) fewer youth were admitted to detention this year, a decrease of -86.5%. Admissions decreased in all sites, with Sussex (-94.7%), Monmouth (-92.9%), and Mercer (-91.2%) seeing admissions drop by more than 90%. Over the past year, admissions collectively decreased by -16.3% with 16 sites experiencing a decrease; Sussex (-60.0%), Atlantic (-39.5%), Ocean (-36.6%), and Gloucester (-34.3%) saw the largest decreases. The four sites experiencing a one-year increase include Warren (+266.7%), Hunterdon (+100.0%), Union (+21.3%), and Middlesex (+4.8%).

**TABLE 3. ADMISSIONS TO DETENTION**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Kids	%	Kids	%
Atlantic	469	114	69	-45	-39.5%	-400	-85.3%
Camden	1679	290	234	-56	-19.3%	-1445	-86.1%
Essex	2460	387	338	-49	-12.7%	-2122	-86.3%
Monmouth	507	47	36	-11	-23.4%	-471	-92.9%
Hudson	1222	185	167	-18	-9.7%	-1055	-86.3%
Mercer	863	106	76	-30	-28.3%	-787	-91.2%
Union	538	61	74	+13	+21.3%	-464	-86.2%
Bergen	249	48	36	-12	-25.0%	-213	-85.5%
Burlington	284	55	54	-1	-1.8%	-230	-81.0%
Ocean	240	41	26	-15	-36.6%	-214	-89.2%
Somerset	126	26	19	-7	-26.9%	-107	-84.9%
Passaic	825	120	88	-32	-26.7%	-737	-89.3%
Middlesex	449	62	65	+3	+4.8%	-384	-85.5%
Cumberland	249	40	38	-2	-5.0%	-211	-84.7%
Warren	31	3	11	+8	+266.7%	-20	-64.5%
Gloucester	99	35	23	-12	-34.3%	-76	-76.8%
Cape May	27	16	16	0	0.0%	-11	-40.7%
Sussex	38	5	2	-3	-60.0%	-36	-94.7%
Salem	38	19	14	-5	-26.3%	-24	-63.2%
Morris	64	25	23	-2	-8.0%	-41	-64.1%
Hunterdon	7	1	2	+1	+100.0%	-5	-71.4%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>10464</b>	<b>1686</b>	<b>1411</b>	<b>-275</b>	<b>-16.3%</b>	<b>-9053</b>	<b>-86.5%</b>

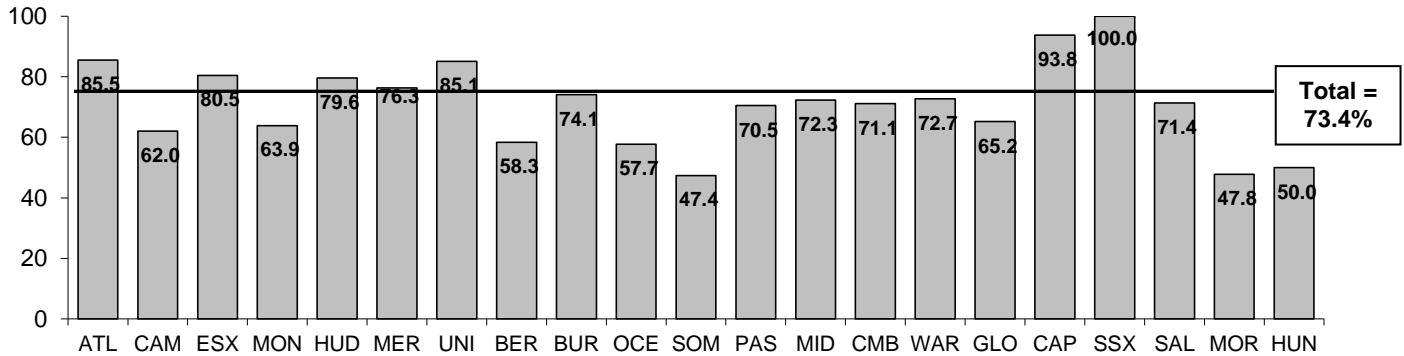
**Nature of Admissions.** The purpose of juvenile detention is to temporarily hold youth who pose a serious risk to public safety or risk of flight while their cases are pending final court disposition. JDAI sites continue to work to a) ensure detention is used according to this purpose, b) minimize reliance on detention for lesser offenses and rule violations, c) increase compliance with court-ordered conditions, and d) decrease rates of failure to appear in court. Examining the reasons why youth are admitted to detention, including the most serious charge faced by detained youth, is one primary indicator of progress toward these goals.

**New Delinquency Charges.** As illustrated in Figure 2, in 2021, 73.4% of youth were admitted to detention as a result of new delinquency charges. However, this figure varied widely across sites, ranging from 47.4% in Somerset to 100.0% in Sussex. Table 4 indicates that multi-year trends also vary, with thirteen sites experiencing increases in the percentage of youth detained for new delinquency charges since JDAI implementation, and seven sites seeing decreases. Finally, Table 5 indicates that the percentage of youth detained for the most serious offenses – those of the 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> degree – was 58.4% across sites. However, this figure also varied widely, from 31.6% in Somerset to 100.0% in Sussex.

**TABLE 4. NATURE OF CURRENT OFFENSE/LEAD REASON FOR DETENTION**

	Delinquency Charges			VOP			FTA			ATD Violation			Other Violation or Non-Delinquency Event <sup>2</sup>			Other Reason <sup>3</sup>		
	<sup>b</sup> Pre	2020	2021	Pre	2020	2021	Pre	2020	2021	Pre	2020	2021	Pre	2020	2021	Pre	2020	2021
ATL	59.5%	71.9%	85.5%	19.2%	7.9%	0.0%	7.9%	2.6%	4.3%	10.4%	13.2%	10.1%	1.5%	1.8%	0.0%	1.5%	2.6%	0.0%
CAM	62.8%	56.9%	62.0%	25.6%	14.8%	15.4%	8.8%	2.1%	5.6%	0.7%	22.1%	15.0%	1.9%	3.4%	1.7%	0.2%	0.7%	0.4%
ESX	83.9%	85.3%	80.5%	4.4%	2.6%	5.3%	9.7%	1.8%	0.9%	0.7%	8.3%	10.1%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%	0.3%	1.3%	2.4%
MON	56.0%	78.7%	63.9%	29.6%	17.0%	11.1%	8.7%	2.1%	5.6%	5.3%	2.1%	16.7%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	2.8%
HUD	75.2%	83.2%	79.6%	10.3%	5.9%	9.0%	2.7%	2.2%	0.6%	6.8%	7.6%	9.6%	5.0%	0.5%	1.2%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
MER	78.1%	84.0%	76.3%	11.4%	5.7%	9.2%	5.6%	4.7%	2.6%	2.0%	3.8%	9.2%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	1.9%	2.6%
UNI	68.6%	75.4%	85.1%	24.0%	9.8%	5.4%	5.8%	4.9%	2.7%	0.4%	9.8%	6.8%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
BERG	72.3%	47.9%	58.3%	18.9%	18.8%	19.4%	8.0%	12.5%	13.9%	0.8%	16.7%	8.3%	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%
BURL	52.5%	69.1%	74.1%	24.6%	12.7%	9.3%	12.0%	5.5%	14.8%	0.7%	3.6%	1.9%	8.1%	1.8%	0.0%	2.1%	7.3%	0.0%
OCE	47.5%	58.5%	57.7%	28.8%	17.1%	7.7%	10.8%	19.5%	26.9%	3.3%	4.9%	3.8%	7.1%	0.0%	3.8%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
SOM	46.0%	80.8%	47.4%	36.5%	3.8%	10.5%	10.3%	3.8%	10.5%	1.6%	11.5%	10.5%	5.6%	0.0%	21.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
PASC	61.2%	65.8%	70.5%	20.8%	13.3%	15.9%	11.4%	8.3%	1.1%	4.0%	11.7%	11.4%	2.5%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
MDSX	61.7%	72.6%	72.3%	33.9%	19.4%	20.0%	3.6%	1.6%	0.0%	0.7%	3.2%	3.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.2%	4.6%
CUMB	63.1%	75.0%	71.1%	14.1%	7.5%	2.6%	10.8%	5.0%	7.9%	6.0%	10.0%	18.4%	5.2%	2.5%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
WAR	45.2%	100.0%	72.7%	25.8%	0.0%	9.1%	16.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%	9.7%	0.0%	0.0%
GLO	75.8%	48.6%	65.2%	5.1%	28.6%	13.0%	6.1%	2.9%	8.7%	9.1%	14.3%	13.0%	3.0%	5.7%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CAPE	66.7%	87.5%	93.8%	18.5%	0.0%	6.3%	7.4%	6.3%	0.0%	7.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.3%	0.0%
SUSX	57.9%	40.0%	100.0%	34.2%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	5.3%	40.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
SAL	89.5%	89.5%	71.4%	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	5.3%	14.3%	2.6%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%
MOR	68.8%	68.0%	47.8%	23.4%	16.0%	30.4%	0.0%	4.0%	8.7%	1.6%	8.0%	4.3%	6.3%	4.0%	8.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
HUN	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	12.5%	100.0%	50.0%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>69.7%</b>	<b>73.1%</b>	<b>73.4%</b>	<b>16.9%</b>	<b>9.7%</b>	<b>10.1%</b>	<b>7.9%</b>	<b>4.0%</b>	<b>4.0%</b>	<b>2.7%</b>	<b>10.6%</b>	<b>10.1%</b>	<b>2.4%</b>	<b>1.5%</b>	<b>1.3%</b>	<b>0.4%</b>	<b>1.3%</b>	<b>1.1%</b>

<sup>b</sup> Pre-JDAI years are as follows: 2003 (Atlantic, Camden, Essex, Monmouth, Hudson); 2005 (Mercer, Union, Bergen, Burlington, Ocean); 2008 (Somerset, Passaic); 2009 (Middlesex, Cumberland, Warren); 2011 (Gloucester, Cape May); 2012 (Sussex); 2015 (Salem); 2016 (Morris); 2017 (Hunterdon).

**FIGURE 2. PERCENTAGE OF YOUTH DETAINED FOR NEW CHARGES (2021)****TABLE 5. DEGREE OF CURRENT OFFENSE/LEAD REASON FOR DETENTION (2021)**

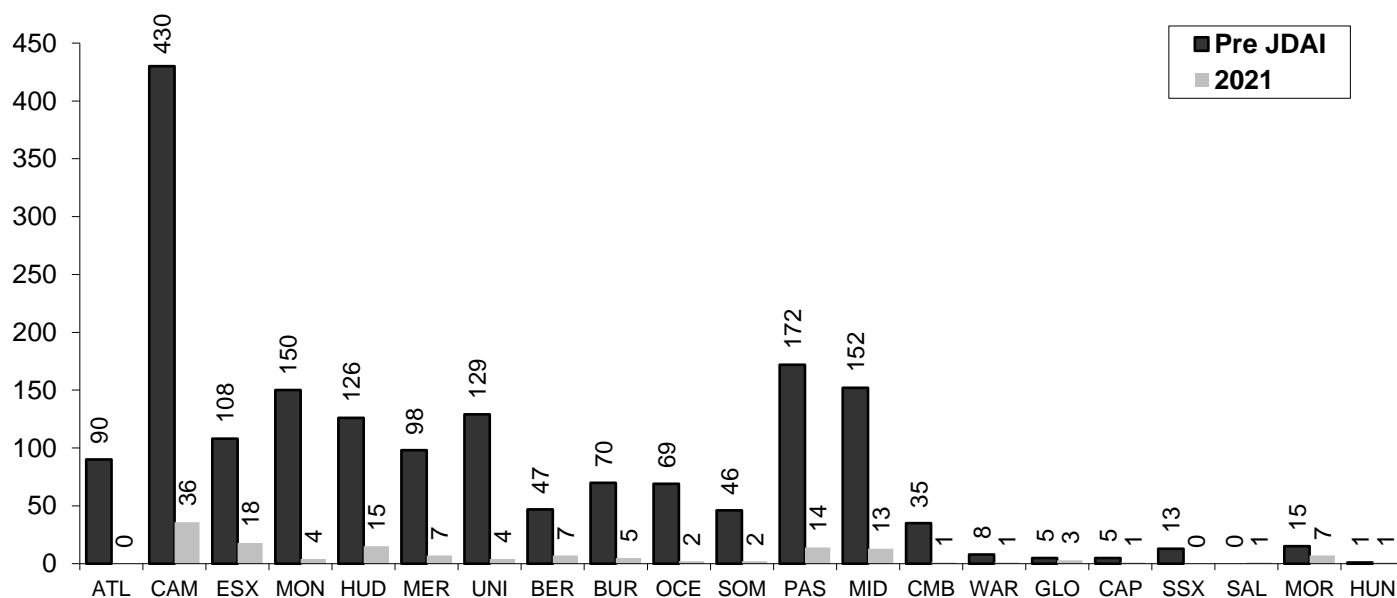
	1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup> /DP	Other
Sussex	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cape May	81.3%	18.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Hudson	73.7%	4.8%	1.2%	20.4%
Atlantic	69.6%	11.6%	4.3%	14.5%
Mercer	64.5%	10.5%	1.3%	23.7%
Salem	64.3%	7.1%	0.0%	28.6%
Burlington	63.0%	11.1%	0.0%	25.9%
Union	60.8%	20.3%	2.7%	16.2%
Essex	60.7%	16.9%	3.0%	19.5%
Cumberland	57.9%	10.5%	2.6%	28.9%
Passaic	55.7%	14.8%	0.0%	29.5%
Middlesex	53.8%	15.4%	3.1%	27.7%
Monmouth	52.8%	11.1%	0.0%	36.1%
Bergen	52.8%	5.6%	0.0%	41.7%
Gloucester	52.2%	8.7%	4.3%	34.8%
Hunterdon	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%
Ocean	46.2%	3.8%	7.7%	42.3%
Warren	45.5%	18.2%	9.1%	27.3%
Camden	45.3%	12.4%	4.3%	38.0%
Morris	43.5%	4.3%	0.0%	52.2%
Somerset	31.6%	15.8%	0.0%	52.6%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>58.4%</b>	<b>12.5%</b>	<b>2.5%</b>	<b>26.6%</b>

**VOPs.** As described in Table 6 and Figure 3, since JDAI implementation there has been a remarkable reduction in reliance on detention for youth who are non-compliant with the conditions of probation. Comparing 2021 to each site's pre-JDAI year, admissions to detention for violations of probation (VOPs) have decreased by -92.0%, with 19 sites experiencing pre vs. post JDAI decreases. The largest decreases have occurred in Atlantic, Sussex and Salem (-100.0% each), and ten additional sites have experienced decreases of 90.0% or more. Over the past year, VOP admissions are down -13.4% across sites collectively, with decreases of 5 kids or more seen in Atlantic (-9 kids; -100.0%), Camden (-7 kids; -16.3%), Gloucester (-7 kids; -70.0%), and Ocean (-5 kids, -71.4%). However, nine sites experienced increases, with the largest one-year increase occurring in Essex (+8 kids; +80.0%). Finally, while 10.1% of detention admissions were the result of a VOP across sites collectively in 2021, this figure varied widely, from a low of 0.0% in Sussex and Atlantic, to a high of 50.0% in Hunterdon and 30.4% in Morris (Table 4).

**TABLE 6. NUMBER OF YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR VOPs**

	Pre-JDAI <sup>4</sup>	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Kids	%	Kids	%
Atlantic	90	9	0	-9	-100.0%	-90	-100.0%
Camden	430	43	36	-7	-16.3%	-394	-91.6%
Essex	108	10	18	+8	+80.0%	-90	-83.3%
Monmouth	150	8	4	-4	-50.0%	-146	-97.3%
Hudson	126	11	15	+4	+36.4%	-111	-88.1%
Mercer	98	6	7	+1	+16.7%	-91	-92.9%
Union	129	6	4	-2	-33.3%	-125	-96.9%
Bergen	47	9	7	-2	-22.2%	-40	-85.1%
Burlington	70	7	5	-2	-28.6%	-65	-92.9%
Ocean	69	7	2	-5	-71.4%	-67	-97.1%
Somerset	46	1	2	+1	+100.0%	-44	-95.7%
Passaic	172	16	14	-2	-12.5%	-158	-91.9%
Middlesex	152	12	13	+1	+8.3%	-139	-91.4%
Cumberland	35	3	1	-2	-66.7%	-34	-97.1%
Warren	8	0	1	>+ <sup>c</sup> 1	+100.0%	-7	-87.5%
Gloucester	5	10	3	-7	-70.0%	-2	-40.0%
Cape May	5	0	1	+1	+100.0%	-4	-80.0%
Sussex	13	1	0	-1	-100.0%	-13	-100.0%
Salem	0	0	1	>+1	+100.0%	+1	+100.0%
Morris	15	4	7	+3	+75.0%	-8	-53.3%
Hunterdon	1	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1769</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>-22</b>	<b>-13.4%</b>	<b>-1627</b>	<b>-92.0%</b>

**FIGURE 3. YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR VOPs, PRE-JDAI VS. 2021**



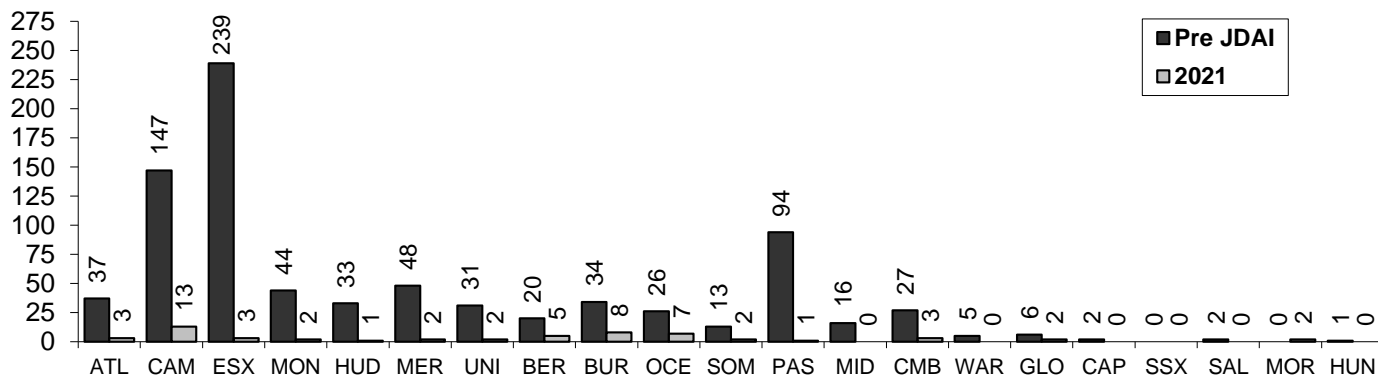
<sup>c</sup> Percent change from 0 cannot be calculated, however, any increase from 0 is an increase of at least 100.

**FTAs.** Table 7 and Figure 4 indicate that JDAI sites have also experienced a remarkable decrease in admissions to detention for warrants issued for failure to appear at a scheduled court proceeding (FTA). Since JDAI implementation, FTA admissions have decreased -93.2% across sites. The largest decreases have occurred in Middlesex, Warren, Salem, Morris, and Hunterdon (-100.0% each), and eight additional sites have experienced decreases of 90.0% or more. Collectively, sites experienced a decrease over the past year, with FTA admissions down -11.1% across sites. The largest one-year decreases occurred in Cape May and Middlesex (-100.0%) and Passaic (-90.0%). Once again, Table 4 reveals that the percentage of all admissions comprised of youth admitted for FTAs varies across sites. While across sites collectively just 4.0% of detention admissions were for FTAs in 2021, this figure ranged from zero in six sites (Middlesex, Warren, Cape May, Sussex, Salem and Hunterdon), to 26.9% in Ocean, 14.5% in Burlington and 13.9% in Bergen.

**TABLE 7. NUMBER OF YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR FTAs**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Kids	%	Kids	%
Atlantic	37	3	3	0	0.0%	-34	-91.9%
Camden	147	6	13	+7	+116.7%	-134	-91.2%
Essex	239	7	3	-4	-57.1%	-236	-98.7%
Monmouth	44	1	2	+1	+100.0%	-42	-95.5%
Hudson	33	4	1	-3	-75.0%	-32	-97.0%
Mercer	48	5	2	-3	-60.0%	-46	-95.8%
Union	31	3	2	-1	-33.3%	-29	-93.5%
Bergen	20	6	5	-1	-16.7%	-15	-75.0%
Burlington	34	3	8	+5	+166.7%	-26	-76.5%
Ocean	26	8	7	-1	-12.5%	-19	-73.1%
Somerset	13	1	2	1	+100.0%	-11	-84.6%
Passaic	94	10	1	-9	-90.0%	-93	-98.9%
Middlesex	16	1	0	-1	-100.0%	-16	-100.0%
Cumberland	27	2	3	1	+50.0%	-24	-88.9%
Warren	5	0	0	0	0.0%	-5	-100.0%
Gloucester	6	1	2	+1	+100.0%	-4	-66.7%
Cape May	2	1	0	-1	-100.0%	-2	-100.0%
Sussex	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Salem	2	0	0	0	0.0%	-2	-100.0%
Morris	0	1	2	+1	+100.0%	2	>+100.0%
Hunterdon	1	0	0	0	0.0%	-1	-100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>-7</b>	<b>-11.1%</b>	<b>-769</b>	<b>-93.2%</b>

**FIGURE 4. YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR FTAs, PRE-JDAI VS. 2021**



Other Violations and Non-Delinquent Events. A review of Table 8 reveals that admissions to detention for all other violations and non-delinquency events have also decreased since JDAI implementation. Such admissions are down -69.9% across sites, with five sites seeing decreases of more than 90%: Cape May, Sussex and Hunterdon (-100.0% each), Burlington (-96.0%), and Ocean (-92.0%). Note that pre vs. post JDAI increases in this category for some sites can be influenced by the increased availability and utilization of alternative to detention (ATD) programs, since this category includes ATD violations. An important trend to monitor, then, is the one-year change, with such admissions decreasing by -21.1% collectively, with a decrease of 10 or more youth experienced in both Camden (-35, -47.3%), and Atlantic (-10, -58.8%). The largest one-year increase in the number of admissions for these violations occurred in Monmouth (+5, +500.0%).

**TABLE 8. NUMBER OF YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR ALL OTHER VIOLATIONS (INCLUDING ATD VIOLATIONS) OR FOR NON-DELINQUENCY EVENTS<sup>5</sup>**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				<i>Kids</i>	%	<i>Kids</i>	%
Atlantic	56	17	7	-10	-58.8%	-49	-87.5%
Camden	43	74	39	-35	-47.3%	-4	-9.3%
Essex	42	35	37	+2	+5.7%	-5	-11.9%
Monmouth	28	1	6	+5	+500.0%	-22	-78.6%
Hudson	144	15	18	+3	+20.0%	-126	-87.5%
Mercer	38	4	7	+3	+75.0%	-31	-81.6%
Union	9	6	5	-1	-16.7%	-4	-44.4%
Bergen	2	9	3	-6	-66.7%	1	50.0%
Burlington	25	3	1	-2	-66.7%	-24	-96.0%
Ocean	25	2	2	0	0.0%	-23	-92.0%
Somerset	9	3	6	+3	+100.0%	-3	-33.3%
Passaic	54	14	11	-3	-21.4%	-43	-79.6%
Middlesex	4	2	2	0	+0.0%	-2	-50.0%
Cumberland	28	5	7	+2	+40.0%	-21	-75.0%
Warren	1	0	2	+2	>+100.0%	+1	+100.0%
Gloucester	12	7	3	-4	-57.1%	-9	-75.0%
Cape May	2	0	0	0	0.0%	-2	-100.0%
Sussex	3	2	0	-2	-100.0%	-3	-100.0%
Salem	2	2	2	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Morris	5	3	3	0	0.0%	-2	-40.0%
Hunterdon	2	0	0	0	0.0%	-2	-100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>534</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>-43</b>	<b>-21.1%</b>	<b>-373</b>	<b>-69.9%</b>

Admissions for Violations with Lower-Level Underlying Offenses. Tables 9 and 10 and Figure 5 describe the prior history of youth admitted to detention for violations (VOPs, FTAs, detention alternative violations, etc.). Table 9 indicates that in 2021, of youth detained on a violation only, 22.3% (80 youth) had an offense of the 4<sup>th</sup> degree or less as the most serious, immediate underlying offense. This is down in number from 2020, where 111 (25.7%) youth detained on a violation had an underlying offense of the 4<sup>th</sup> degree or less. Similarly, Table 10 indicates that of these youth admitted on a violation with an underlying offense of the 4<sup>th</sup> degree or less, 60.0% (48 youth) had an offense of the 4<sup>th</sup> degree or less as the most serious prior adjudication in their entire court history; 12 of these youth had no prior adjudications. This is down slightly from 2020 (55.9%, 111 youth; 13 with no prior adjudications). Figure 5 illustrates that the sites with the most youth in this category are Camden (13 kids) and Hudson (12 kids). Ten sites experienced one-year decreases in the number of youth detained on a violation with histories limited to offenses of the 4<sup>th</sup> degree or less. However, four sites experienced increases, Somerset (+4 kids), Essex (+2 kids), Morris (+2 kids) and Hudson (+1 kid).

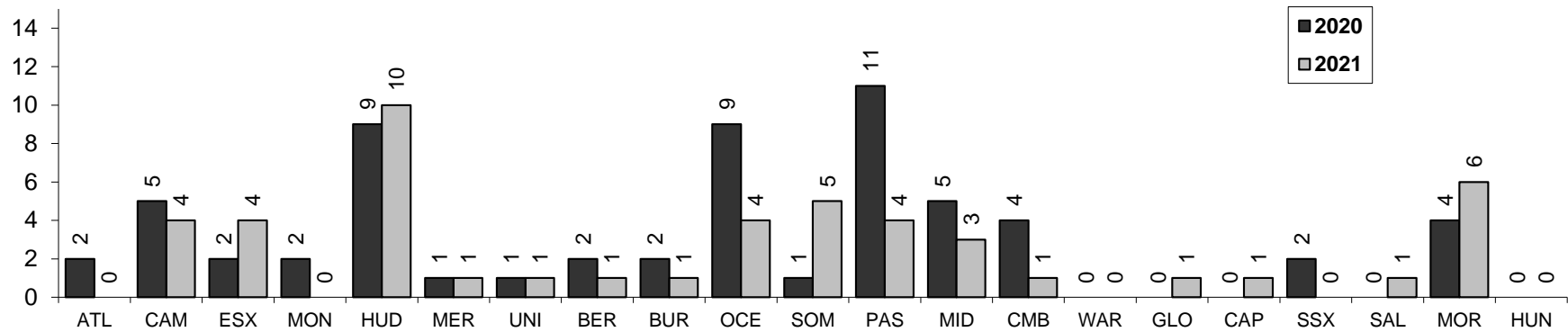
**TABLE 9. FOR YOUTH ADMITTED ON A VIOLATION ONLY, DEGREE OF MOST SERIOUS IMMEDIATE UNDERLYING OFFENSE (MSUO)<sup>6</sup> – 2019 VS. 2021**

	1 <sup>st</sup> / 2 <sup>nd</sup>				3 <sup>rd</sup>				4 <sup>th</sup>				DP / PDP				Violation, etc.			
	2020		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021	
ATL	48.3%	14	80.0%	8	41.4%	12	20.0%	2	3.4%	1	0.0%	0	3.4%	1	0.0%	0	3.4%	1	0.0%	0
CAM	30.1%	37	29.5%	26	47.2%	58	45.5%	40	4.9%	6	5.7%	5	4.1%	5	2.3%	2	13.8%	17	17.0%	15
ESX	53.8%	28	62.5%	35	40.4%	21	28.6%	16	1.9%	1	3.6%	2	1.9%	1	3.6%	2	1.9%	1	1.8%	1
MON	40.0%	4	33.3%	4	40.0%	4	66.7%	8	20.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
HUD	23.3%	7	32.4%	11	26.7%	8	32.4%	11	20.0%	6	17.6%	6	23.3%	7	8.8%	3	6.7%	2	8.8%	3
MER	33.3%	5	25.0%	4	40.0%	6	43.8%	7	0.0%	0	12.5%	2	6.7%	1	6.3%	1	20.0%	3	12.5%	2
UNI	20.0%	3	50.0%	6	53.3%	8	41.7%	5	6.7%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	8.3%	1	20.0%	3	0.0%	0
BERG	16.7%	4	40.0%	6	62.5%	15	33.3%	5	4.2%	1	6.7%	1	16.7%	4	13.3%	2	0.0%	0	6.7%	1
BURL	38.5%	5	28.6%	4	46.2%	6	57.1%	8	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	15.4%	2	7.1%	1	0.0%	0	7.1%	1
OCE	0.0%	0	18.2%	2	47.1%	8	36.4%	4	23.5%	4	0.0%	0	23.5%	4	27.3%	3	5.9%	1	18.2%	2
SOM	20.0%	1	50.0%	5	60.0%	3	0.0%	0	20.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	40.0%	4	0.0%	0	10.0%	1
PASC	24.4%	10	40.7%	11	34.1%	14	44.4%	12	14.6%	6	7.4%	2	7.3%	3	3.7%	1	19.5%	8	3.7%	1
MDSX	20.0%	3	33.3%	5	46.7%	7	40.0%	6	13.3%	2	6.7%	1	13.3%	2	13.3%	2	6.7%	1	6.7%	1
CUMB	0.0%	0	45.5%	5	60.0%	6	45.5%	5	10.0%	1	0.0%	0	30.0%	3	9.1%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
WAR	*7	*	100.0%	3	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0
GLO	27.8%	5	25.0%	2	61.1%	11	50.0%	4	0.0%	0	12.5%	1	5.6%	1	12.5%	1	5.6%	1	0.0%	0
CAPE	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	100.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	100.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
SUSX	33.3%	1	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	66.7%	2	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*
SAL	0.0%	0	33.3%	1	100.0%	2	33.3%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	33.3%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
MOR	12.5%	1	16.7%	2	25.0%	2	33.3%	4	12.5%	1	25.0%	3	37.5%	3	8.3%	1	12.5%	1	16.7%	2
HUN	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	100.0%	1	100.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>29.6%</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>39.0%</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>44.7%</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>38.7%</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>7.6%</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>6.7%</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>9.0%</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>7.2%</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>9.0%</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>8.4%</b>	<b>30</b>

**TABLE 10. FOR YOUTH ADMITTED ON A VIOLATION ONLY, WHERE MSUO IS 4<sup>TH</sup> DEGREE OR LESS,  
DEGREE OF MOST SERIOUS PRIOR ADJUDICATION (MSPA) – 2019 VS. 2021**

	1 <sup>st</sup> / 2 <sup>nd</sup>		3 <sup>rd</sup>		4 <sup>th</sup>		DP / PDP		No Prior Adjudications	
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021
ATL	0.0% 0	* *	33.3% 1	* *	33.3% 1	* *	33.3% 1	* *	0.0% 0	* *
CAM	14.3% 4	40.9% 9	67.9% 19	40.9% 9	10.7% 3	13.6% 3	7.1% 2	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	4.5% 1
ESX	0.0% 0	20.0% 1	33.3% 1	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	66.7% 2	80.0% 4
MON	0.0% 0	* *	0.0% 0	* *	100.0% 2	* *	0.0% 0	* *	0.0% 0	* *
HUD	13.3% 2	0.0% 0	26.7% 4	16.7% 2	26.7% 4	33.4% 4	20.0% 3	33.3% 4	13.3% 2	16.7% 2
MER	25.0% 1	20.0% 1	50.0% 2	60.0% 3	0.0% 0	20.0% 1	25.0% 1	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0
UNI	25.0% 1	0.0% 0	50.0% 2	0.0% 0	25.0% 1	100.0% 1	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0
BERG	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	60.0% 3	75.0% 3	20.0% 1	25.0% 1	20.0% 1	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0
BURL	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	50.0% 1	50.0% 1	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	50.0% 1	50.0% 1
OCE	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	20.0% 1	22.2% 2	0.0% 0	55.6% 5	60.0% 3	22.2% 2	20.0% 1
SOM	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	100.0% 1	20.0% 1	0.0% 0	40.0% 2	0.0% 0	40.0% 2
PASC	11.8% 2	0.0% 0	23.5% 4	0.0% 0	29.4% 5	75.0% 3	29.4% 5	25.0% 1	5.9% 1	0.0% 0
MDSX	0.0% 0	25.0% 1	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	40.0% 2	25.0% 1	60.0% 3	50.0% 2	0.0% 0	0.0% 0
CUMB	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	25.0% 1	0.0% 0	25.0% 1	0.0% 0	50.0% 2	100.0% 1
WAR	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GLO	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	100.0% 2	50.0% 1	0.0% 0	50.0% 1	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0% 0
CAPE	* *	0.0% 0	* *	0.0% 0	* *	100.0% 1	* *	0.0% 0	* *	0.0% 0
SUSX	0.0% 0	* *	0.0% 0	* *	0.0% 0	* *	0.0% 0	* *	100.0% 2	* *
SAL	* *	0.0% 0	* *	0.0% 0	* *	0.0% 0	* *	100.0% 1	* *	0.0% 0
MOR	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	20.0% 1	0.0% 0	20.0% 1	66.7% 4	40.0% 2	33.3% 2	20.0% 1	0.0% 0
HUN	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9.0% 10</b>	<b>15.0% 12</b>	<b>35.1% 39</b>	<b>25.0% 20</b>	<b>22.5% 25</b>	<b>26.3% 21</b>	<b>21.6% 24</b>	<b>18.8% 15</b>	<b>11.7% 13</b>	<b>15.0% 12</b>

**FIGURE 5. YOUTH ADMITTED ON A VIOLATION ONLY, WHERE MSUO AND MSPA  
IS 4<sup>TH</sup> DEGREE OR LESS, 2020 VS. 2021**



**TABLE 11. DETENTION ADMISSION PROCESS**

	Processed Through Intake			Court Remand <sup>8</sup>			Transfer from Other Secure Facility/Jurisdiction			Other Process <sup>9</sup>		
	Earliest <sup>10d</sup>	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021
Atlantic	86.4%	93.9%	92.8%	8.3%	2.6%	2.9%	3.0%	3.5%	4.3%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Camden	78.7%	82.4%	97.9%	21.3%	12.8%	0.4%	0.0%	4.1%	1.3%	0.0%	0.7%	0.4%
Essex	86.7%	77.0%	75.4%	10.9%	3.6%	1.5%	2.3%	10.1%	12.7%	0.1%	9.3%	10.4%
Monmouth	82.9%	93.6%	66.7%	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%	2.1%	13.9%	6.7%	4.3%	19.4%
Hudson	93.0%	85.4%	82.0%	6.3%	4.3%	5.4%	0.7%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	9.7%	12.6%
Mercer	94.1%	94.3%	90.8%	4.5%	3.8%	3.9%	1.2%	1.9%	1.3%	0.2%	0.0%	3.9%
Union	97.2%	77.0%	83.8%	1.1%	4.9%	1.4%	1.1%	0.0%	2.7%	0.6%	18.0%	12.2%
Bergen	50.7%	39.6%	52.8%	27.5%	16.7%	13.9%	2.2%	2.1%	2.8%	19.6%	41.7%	30.6%
Burlington	65.2%	74.5%	59.3%	28.0%	9.1%	1.9%	5.7%	5.5%	9.3%	1.1%	10.9%	29.6%
Ocean	33.5%	58.5%	69.2%	21.1%	9.8%	7.7%	0.5%	7.9%	3.8%	44.9%	24.4%	19.2%
Somerset	90.5%	76.9%	89.5%	0.0%	7.7%	5.3%	9.5%	11.5%	5.3%	0.0%	3.8%	0.0%
Passaic	72.6%	67.5%	70.5%	27.0%	2.5%	1.1%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	30.0%	28.4%
Middlesex	66.4%	64.5%	76.9%	32.3%	21.0%	16.9%	0.0%	4.8%	6.2%	1.3%	9.7%	0.0%
Cumberland	77.0%	97.5%	94.7%	11.9%	2.5%	2.6%	1.6%	0.0%	2.6%	9.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Warren	90.3%	100.0%	81.8%	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	9.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%
Gloucester	91.9%	88.6%	82.6%	1.0%	2.9%	4.3%	2.0%	8.6%	13.0%	5.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Cape May	53.8%	93.8%	100.0%	42.3%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%	6.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sussex	47.4%	0.0%	0.0%	47.4%	40.0%	0.0%	2.6%	0.0%	50.0%	2.6%	60.0%	50.0%
Salem	92.1%	94.7%	85.7%	5.3%	5.3%	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Morris	81.3%	52.0%	52.2%	15.6%	20.0%	0.0%	1.6%	8.0%	8.7%	1.6%	20.0%	39.1%
Hunterdon	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%	100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>82.0%</b>	<b>79.3%</b>	<b>80.9%</b>	<b>14.5%</b>	<b>6.8%</b>	<b>3.3%</b>	<b>1.6%</b>	<b>4.6%</b>	<b>5.4%</b>	<b>2.0%</b>	<b>9.3%</b>	<b>10.3%</b>

**Admission Process.** Finally, Table 11 provides basic information regarding the process by which youth are admitted to detention. By far the most common process for admitting youth to detention is via a call placed to Family Court Intake Services, with 80.9% of all admissions occurring via this route in 2021. There is variation across sites, though. For example, court remands accounted for 3.3% of all admissions (a drop from 2020), but ranged from a low of 0.0% in Monmouth, Sussex, Cape May, Morris and Hunterdon, to highs of 16.9% Middlesex and 14.3% in Salem.

<sup>d</sup> Admission process was not tracked in many sites pre-JDAI, and therefore the data is reported for the “earliest full-year of data available.” Those years are: 2005 (Atl, Cam, Mon); 2006 (Esx, Uni); 2007 (Hud); 2008 (Mer, Ber, Oce, Som, Pas); 2009 (Bur, Msx, War); 2011 (Glo); 2012 (Cmb, Cap, Ssx); 2015 (Sal); 2016 (Mor); 2017 (Hun).

## DETENTION DEPARTURES & LENGTH OF STAY (LOS)

**Overall Length of Stay.** Table 12 indicates that in 2021, across sites average length of stay (ALOS) in detention ranged from a low of 2.0 days in Sussex to a high of 147.0 days in Hunterdon. Averaging across the 21 sites there has been a collective increase of +19.3 days (+70.5%) in average length of stay since JDAI implementation. Fourteen sites have seen increases in ALOS since JDAI implementation, with Hunterdon (+134.7 days, +1095.1%), Ocean (+86.4 days, +248.3%), and Middlesex (+72.9 days, +204.8%) experiencing the largest increases. Two sites have experienced decreases of three weeks or more: Salem (-26.9 days, -81.5%) and Cape May (-22.4 days; -53.5%). Over the past year, ALOS is up across sites (+11.9 days, +34.2%); sixteen sites saw a one-year increase, with the largest increases occurring in Hunterdon (+76.0 days, +107.0%), Monmouth (+61.6 days, +303.4%), and Ocean (+53.5 days, +79.0%). On the other hand, five sites saw one-year decreases in ALOS, with the largest decreases occurring in Mercer (-36.8 days, -48.6%), Sussex (-18.6 days, -90.3%), and Union (-16.7 days, -37.2%)

**TABLE 12. AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS IN DETENTION<sup>11</sup>**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	28.9	27.9	28.5	+0.6	+2.2%	-0.4	-1.4%
Camden	21.3	41.8	57.2	+15.4	+36.8%	+35.9	+168.5%
Essex	38.5	27.8	34.9	+7.1	+25.5%	-3.6	-9.4%
Monmouth	30.3	20.3	81.9	+61.6	+303.4%	+51.6	+170.3%
Hudson	28.9	19.7	22.5	+2.8	+14.2%	-6.4	-22.1%
Mercer	27.4	75.7	38.9	-36.8	-48.6%	+11.5	42.0%
Union	28.8	44.9	28.2	-16.7	-37.2%	-0.6	-2.1%
Bergen	27.4	25.1	28.8	+3.7	+14.7%	+1.4	+5.1%
Burlington	27.5	33.8	41.5	+7.7	+22.8%	+14.0	+50.9%
Ocean	34.8	67.7	121.2	+53.5	+79.0%	+86.4	+248.3%
Somerset	23.8	27.3	45.5	+18.2	+66.7%	+21.7	+91.2%
Passaic	29.9	32.0	41.1	+9.1	+28.4%	+11.2	+37.5%
Middlesex	35.6	62.9	108.5	+45.6	+72.5%	+72.9	+204.8%
Cumberland	33.6	38.8	41.8	+3.0	+7.7%	+8.2	+24.4%
Warren	23.6	10.3	32.7	+22.4	+217.5%	+9.1	+38.6%
Gloucester	17.1	14.2	26.7	+12.5	+88.0%	+9.6	+56.1%
Cape May	41.9	35.5	19.5	-16.0	-45.1%	-22.4	-53.5%
Sussex	12.9	20.6	2.0	-18.6	-90.3%	-10.9	-84.5%
Salem	33.0	14.0	6.1	-7.9	-56.4%	-26.9	-81.5%
Morris	17.8	19.7	26.3	+6.6	+33.5%	+8.5	+47.8%
Hunterdon	12.3	71.0	147.0	+76.0	+107.0%	+4.7	+1095.1%
<b>SITE AVG<sup>12</sup></b>	<b>27.4</b>	<b>34.8</b>	<b>46.7</b>	<b>+11.9</b>	<b>+34.2%</b>	<b>+19.3</b>	<b>+70.5%</b>

Table 13 describes median length of stay in detention, i.e., the number of days within which 50% of all youth are released from detention. In 2021, median LOS ranged from a low of two days in Atlantic, Hudson, Union, Cape May, and Sussex, to a high of 147 days in Hunterdon and 70 days in Ocean. In terms of trends, prior to JDAI, across sites the median LOS averaged 11.6 days, increasing in 2021 to 18.9 days. However, individual sites varied, with nine sites experiencing a decrease and eleven sites seeing an increase. The largest pre vs. post JDAI increases in median LOS were experienced by Hunterdon (+140 days, +2000.0%) and Ocean (+47 days, +204.3%). The largest one-year increases occurred in Hunterdon (+76.0 days, +107.0%) and Ocean (+54 days, +337.5%).

Finally, with regard to the percentage of youth who remain in detention for 60 days or more, Table 14 reveals that the pre-JDAI site average for youth with these lengthier stays was 13.3%, which increased to 22.2% by 2021. The largest decreases occurred in Salem (-17.5 percentage points), Cape May (-8.6 points), and Hudson (-7.8 points), and the largest increases occurred in Hunterdon (+100.0 points), Ocean (+31.2 points), and Camden (+23.2 points).

**TABLE 13. MEDIAN LOS IN DETENTION**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	11	7	2	-5.0	-71.4%	-9.0	-81.8%
Camden	11	15	10	-5.0	-33.3%	-1.0	-9.1%
Essex	10	14	10	-4.5	-32.1%	-0.5	-5.0%
Monmouth	14	3	6	+3.0	+100.0%	-8.0	-57.1%
Hudson	7	2	2	0.0	0.0%	-5.0	-71.4%
Mercer	11	4	17	+13.0	+325.0%	+6.0	+54.5%
Union	9	16	2	-14.0	-87.5%	-7.0	-77.8%
Bergen	15	14	4	-10.0	-71.4%	-11.0	-73.3%
Burlington	11	7	24	+17.0	+242.9%	+13.0	+118.2%
Ocean	23	16	70	+54.0	+337.5%	+47.0	+204.3%
Somerset	9	8	15	+7.0	+87.5%	+6.0	+66.7%
Passaic	14	12	19	+7.0	+58.3%	+5.0	+35.7%
Middlesex	15	14	19	+5.0	+35.7%	+4	+26.7%
Cumberland	7	6	5	-1.0	-16.7%	-2.0	-28.6%
Warren	10	3	18	+15.0	+500.0%	+8.0	+80.0%
Gloucester	6	5	6	+1.0	+20.0%	-0.5	-8.3%
Cape May	30	7	2	-5.0	-71.4%	-28.0	-93.3%
Sussex	5	17	2	-15.0	-88.2%	-3.0	-60.0%
Salem	10	3	3	0.0	0.0%	-7.0	-70.0%
Morris	8	5	18	+13.0	+260.0%	+9.5	+118.8%
Hunterdon	7	71	147	+76.0	+107.0%	+140.0	+2000.0%
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>19.1</b>	<b>+7.2</b>	<b>+61.0%</b>	<b>+7.5</b>	<b>+65.0%</b>

**TABLE 14. YOUTH REMAINING IN DETENTION 60 DAYS OR MORE**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
				Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	15.5%	12.5%	14.1%	+1.6	-1.4
Camden	6.5%	23.7%	29.7%	+6.0	+23.2
Essex	21.2%	13.4%	16.6%	+3.2	-4.6
Monmouth	15.8%	11.1%	15.2%	+4.1	-0.6
Hudson	17.7%	9.7%	10.4%	+0.7	-7.3
Mercer	13.0%	23.2%	20.3%	-2.9	+7.3
Union	15.5%	20.9%	13.8%	-7.1	-1.7
Bergen	14.2%	12.2%	21.1%	+8.9	+6.9
Burlington	16.1%	30.8%	25.9%	-4.9	+9.8
Ocean	22.6%	33.3%	53.8%	+20.5	+31.2
Somerset	7.1%	12.5%	22.2%	+9.7	+15.1
Passaic	16.3%	18.8%	28.8%	+10.0	+12.5
Middlesex	17.3%	28.1%	23.3%	-4.8	+6.0
Cumberland	16.7%	25.6%	20.5%	-5.1	+3.8
Warren	6.2%	0.0%	11.1%	+11.1	+4.9
Gloucester	9.9%	6.3%	8.3%	+2.0	-1.6
Cape May	22.2%	17.6%	13.6%	-4.0	-8.6
Sussex	5.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-5.4
Salem	17.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-17.5
Morris	3.4%	7.4%	18.2%	+10.8	+14.8
Hunterdon	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	+50.0	+100.0
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>13.3%</b>	<b>17.0%</b>	<b>22.2%</b>	<b>+5.2</b>	<b>+8.9</b>

**ALOS By Departure Type.** Table 15 provides more specific information regarding average length of stay (ALOS), describing ALOS based on the circumstances of release from detention, and points to wide variation across sites. For example, for youth released from detention to a detention alternative/shelter in 2021, across sites ALOS averaged 13.3 days, however this ranged from a low of less than one week in Sussex (2.0 days), to highs of three weeks or more in Morris (25.4 days) and Cumberland (23.8 days). Across sites, ALOS for youth released to a parent/home pre-dispositional averaged 14.0 days but ranged from a low of 2 days or less in Hudson, Cape May, Ocean, Camden, Bergen, Burlington, and Middlesex to a high of 138.0 days in Monmouth and 14.2 days in Passaic. Finally, ALOS for youth released to serve a disposition increased in 18 sites compared to pre-JDAI. ALOS, for youth released at disposition, averaged 110.5 days across sites (+60.4 days pre-JDAI), but ranged from a low of 34.4 days in Sussex and 65.2 days in Somerset to a high of 231.5 days in Monmouth, 194.0 days in Ocean, 147.0 days in Salem, and 142.3 days in Cumberland.

In order to shed light on the nature of the increase in overall LOS reported earlier, Table 16 reports changes in ALOS over time for the two most frequently occurring departure types. In terms of changes pre vs. post JDAI by county, nine sites saw increases in ALOS for youth released to a detention alternative and ten sites experienced decreases, for a collective decrease of -2.2 days (-14.2%). Changes ranged from an increase of +11.2 days in Essex (+149.3%) and + 7.8 days in Atlantic (+66.1%), to a decrease of -26.5 days in Salem (-87.5%) and -16.2 days in Cape May (-77.1%). Regarding youth released from detention to a disposition, 18 sites saw an increase in ALOS and one site saw a decrease, for a collective increase of +60.4 days (+120.6%). Changes ranged from an increase of +187.3 days in Monmouth (+423.8%) and +147.1 in Ocean (+311.0%) to a decrease in Sussex of -7.5 days (-17.9%).

Additionally, because waiver cases often have the longest lengths of stay, Table 17 compares ALOS in detention to the ALOS once youth departing upon or after waiver are removed. As indicated, ALOS is 42.4 days. When removing the youth released upon/after waiver, ALOS decreases by -6.3 days across sites. The relatively small impact is due to the fact that while ALOS may be long for this group, the overall number of waiver cases is small. In fact, in 14 sites, ALOS is not impacted by waiver cases. The three sites where removing waiver cases impacts ALOS the most are Middlesex (-48.5 days), Ocean (-29.4 days), and Monmouth (-24.4 days).

Table 18 indicates that when controlling for degree of most serious current offense, youth of color remain in detention longer than white youth admitted for all offense degrees, including 4<sup>th</sup>/DP offenses (+23.0 days), 3<sup>rd</sup> degree offenses (+19.3 days), 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup> degree offenses (+17.5 days), and violations (+4.5 days). Table 19 indicates that when controlling for primary release type, youth of color remain in detention longer than white youth for each of the primary release types, including to a dispositional placement (+29.0 days), to a parent/other adult (+7.9 days), and to a detention alternative (+6.6 days).

**Nature of Departures.** Table 20 indicates that sites vary in terms of the percentage of youth released from detention to a detention alternative. Across all sites, in 2021, 53.8% of detained youth were released from detention to an alternative, up from 33.9% in the earliest recorded year for each site. However, the percentage of youth released to a detention alternative ranges from a low of 0.0% in Hunterdon and 15.4% in Ocean to highs of 100.0% in Sussex, 68.2% in Hudson, and 66.7% in Cumberland and Salem.

Taken together, the first three columns/categories of Table 20 (i.e., Detention Alternative/Shelter + Parent/Other Adult/ROR + Other Service Agency/Plcmt) represent an approximate gauge of the percentage of youth released from detention prior to final dispositional placement. This gauge indicates that in 2021, across sites 64.9% of all youth were released from detention pre-dispositionally. Sites vary substantially in terms of the proportion of youth released pre-dispositionally from detention, ranging from 0.0% in Warren, to three-quarters or more in Sussex (100.0%), Essex (81.9%), Salem (77.8%), and Sussex (77.8%).

In 2021 the proportion of youth released via a transfer to jail or upon bail – typically as a result of a waiver – ranged from zero in 13 sites to 9.6% in Passaic and 9.1% in Monmouth. Finally, the proportion of youth released from detention upon dismissal, court diversion, upon closing/inactivating the case, or because no charges were filed, ranged from zero in 15 sites to 5.3% in Bergen.

**TABLE 15. AVERAGE LOS BY DEPARTURE TYPE<sup>13, 14</sup>**

	Detention Alternative, Shelter (Pre-Dispo Placement)			Parent, Other Adult, ROR (Pre-Dispo)			Other Service Agency/Placement (Pre-Dispo)			Dispositional Placement		
	Earliest <sup>e</sup>	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021
Atlantic	11.8	18.8	19.6	6.0	16.2	12.8	14.2	5.7	7.0	59.2	30.3	137.1
Camden	11.7	17.6	16.2	11.6	5.3	2.0	20.0	15.8	4.2	23.1	102.5	116.5
Essex	7.5	19.4	18.7	4.5	13.2	9.0	28.9	52.0	99.8	58.0	84.9	88.3
Monmouth	12.7	9.8	4.0	8.4	6.0	138.0	16.1	5.0	24.6	44.2	77.9	231.5
Hudson	5.4	9.5	10.0	4.4	12.1	1.8	5.4	78.7	1.0	60.7	71.4	75.5
Mercer	13.3	12.7	16.6	4.5	2.0	*	5.3	11.7	31.7	45.1	96.8	93.0
Union	13.1	16.1	11.2	6.8	31.8	8.5	6.0	*	*	42.5	103.6	105.2
Bergen	13.5	15.8	5.0	4.8	17.5	2.0	*	54.0	77.0	43.5	39.5	78.8
Burlington	23.8	18.9	20.4	9.6	4.5	2.0	24.7	3.5	16.2	61.7	79.8	80.0
Ocean	18.7	18.0	8.5	21.1	1.1	1.0	22.1	5.0	53.0	47.3	118.4	194.4
Somerset	18.1	10.8	16.8	6.6	2.0	*	1.5	114.3	107.0	44.1	47.7	65.2
Passaic	8.9	9.3	13.5	6.7	16.6	14.2	19.3	21.7	*	49.6	67.2	70.8
Middlesex	15.7	28.4	19.8	29.9	8.3	2.0	37.5	2.7	*	42.0	92.1	125.3
Cumberland	23.6	21.8	23.8	5.2	2.0	2.5	23.5	120.0	89.0	77.0	71.0	142.3
Warren	13.7	*	19.0	9.7	*	10.0	29.8	*	66.0	43.0	*	*
Gloucester	12.9	11.0	7.7	4.1	3.0	3.4	26.0	14.0	24.6	49.4	47.3	95.0
Cape May	21.0	6.9	4.8	9.0	2.0	1.6	16.5	20.0	*	51.8	162.7	121.0
Sussex	4.8	17.8	2.0	5.7	*	*	14.5	37.0	*	41.9	*	34.4
Salem	30.3	16.4	3.8	19.3	20.0	*	24.0	*	*	72.8	*	147.0
Morris	22.0	21.7	25.4	9.6	7.0	*	37.0	3.0	17.6	29.5	65.8	99.1
Hunterdon	23.0	36.0	*	5.7	*	*	*	*	*	46.0	106.0	*
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>18.6</b>	<b>33.2</b>	<b>44.2</b>	<b>50.1</b>	<b>81.4</b>	<b>110.5</b>

<sup>e</sup> Departure type was not a variable measured in most sites' pre-JDAI data, and therefore the data is reported for the "earliest full-year of data available." Those years are: 2005 (Atlantic, Camden, Monmouth, Mercer, Bergen, Ocean, Burlington); 2006 (Essex, Hudson); 2008 (Union, Somerset, Passaic); 2009 (Middlesex, Cumberland, Warren); 2011 (Gloucester, Cape May); 2012 (Sussex); 2015 (Salem); 2016 (Morris); 2017 (Hunterdon).

**TABLE 15. AVERAGE LOS BY DEPARTURE TYPE (Continued from Prior Page)**

	Jail, Bail, and/or Upon/After Waiver			Other YDC or Other Authorities			Dismissed, Diverted, Similar			Time Served		
	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021
Atlantic	42.5	515.5	*	23.7	9.8	5.0	7.0	5.0	*	*	*	*
Camden	75.5	864.0	604.6	6.5	12.3	15.8	*	20.7	17.8	*	*	*
Essex	128.3	495.0	*	8.7	17.8	43.6	16.1	*	10.3	81.9	24.0	40.0
Monmouth	93.0	*	326.3	16.2	2.3	60.6	*	*	*	*	*	615.0
Hudson	200.9	21.0	420.0	11.0	4.4	8.8	16.2	9.5	30.1	*	*	*
Mercer	333.3	1012.6	*	8.8	14.0	31.5	16.6	16.0	*	*	47.0	*
Union	209.8	*	*	7.7	10.2	3.6	13.1	1.0	*	*	295.0	*
Bergen	137.4	*	*	27.5	10.0	13.9	3.0	*	12.5	58.5	46.0	*
Burlington	13.1	*	*	7.4	3.3	50.3	15.0	*	*	*	*	*
Ocean	43.7	*	475.0	18.9	57.5	2.0	16.9	*	*	41.8	*	2.0
Somerset	276.7	*	2.0	3.4	9.7	5.0	*	*	*	22.0	*	*
Passaic	126.0	38.3	113.0	6.1	26.7	*	7.9	*	9.5	73.0	*	*
Middlesex	115.9	397.5	791.0	15.5	12.8	12.8	16.7	2.0	2.0	*	*	*
Cumberland	259.8	*	*	8.9	*	5.0	36.6	*	*	28.0	15.0	*
Warren	*	*	*	7.5	10.3	*	50.0	*	*	*	*	*
Gloucester	2.0	*	*	2.0	5.8	2.0	60.3	*	*	*	*	*
Cape May	72.5	*	*	1.0	11.0	3.0	*	6.0	*	*	*	*
Sussex	*	*	*	2.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Salem	*	*	9.0	4.6	2.0	5.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
Morris	*	*	*	7.7	3.7	2.5	20.0	*	*	*	*	*
Hunterdon	*	*	*	2.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>134.3</b>	<b>477.7</b>	<b>342.6</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>50.9</b>	<b>85.4</b>	<b>219.0</b>

**TABLE 16. CHANGES IN ALOS FOR PRIMARY DEPARTURE TYPES**

	Release to Detention Alternative, Shelter				Release to Dispositional Placement			
	1-Year Change		Earliest to Post Change		1-Year Change		Earliest to Post Change	
	Days	%	Days	%	Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	+0.8	+4.3%	+7.8	+66.1%	+106.8	+352.5%	+77.9	+131.6%
Camden	-1.4	-8.0%	+4.5	+38.5%	+14	+13.7%	+93.4	+404.3%
Essex	-0.7	-3.6%	+11.2	+149.3%	+3.4	+4.0%	+30.3	+52.2%
Monmouth	-5.8	-59.2%	-8.7	-68.5%	+153.6	+197.2%	+187.3	+423.8%
Hudson	+0.5	+5.3%	+4.6	+85.2%	+4.1	+5.7%	+14.8	+24.4%
Mercer	+3.9	+30.7%	+3.3	+24.8%	-3.8	-3.9%	+47.9	+106.2%
Union	-4.9	-30.4%	-1.9	-14.5%	+1.6	+1.5%	+62.7	+147.5%
Bergen	-10.8	-68.4%	-8.5	-63.0%	+39.3	+99.5%	+35.3	+81.1%
Burlington	+1.5	+7.9%	-3.4	-14.3%	+0.2	+0.3%	+18.3	+29.7%
Ocean	-9.5	-52.8%	-10.2	-54.5%	+76	+64.2%	+147.1	+311.0%
Somerset	+6.0	+55.6%	-1.3	-7.2%	+17.5	+36.7%	+21.1	+47.8%
Passaic	+4.2	+45.2%	+4.6	+51.7%	+3.6	+5.4%	+21.2	+42.7%
Middlesex	-8.6	-30.3%	+4.1	+26.1%	+33.2	+36.0%	+83.3	+198.3%
Cumberland	+2.0	+9.2%	+0.2	+0.8%	+71.3	+100.4%	+65.3	+84.8%
Warren	*	*	+5.3	+38.7%	*	*	*	*
Gloucester	-3.3	-30.0%	-5.2	-40.3%	+47.7	+100.8%	+45.6	+92.3%
Cape May	-2.1	-30.4%	-16.2	-77.1%	-41.7	-25.6%	+69.2	+133.6%
Sussex	-15.8	-88.8%	-2.8	-58.3%	*	*	-7.5	-17.9%
Salem	-12.6	-76.8%	-26.5	-87.5%	*	*	+74.2	+101.9%
Morris	+3.7	+17.1%	+3.4	+15.5%	+33.3	+50.6%	+69.6	+235.9%
Hunterdon	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
<b>SITE AVG</b>	-3.5	-20.8%	-2.2	-14.2%	-70.9	-87.1%	+60.4	120.6%

**TABLE 17. COMPARING ALOS WITH AND WITHOUT WAIVER CASES**

	ALOS	ALOS Without Waiver	Difference in Days
Atlantic	28.4	28.4	0.0
Camden	57.2	45.4	-11.8
Essex	34.9	34.9	0.0
Monmouth	81.9	57.5	-24.4
Hudson	22.4	17.2	-5.2
Mercer	38.8	38.8	0.0
Union	28.2	28.2	0.0
Bergen	28.8	28.8	0.0
Burlington	41.5	41.5	0.0
Ocean	121.1	91.7	-29.4
Somerset	45.5	48.1	+2.6
Passaic	41.1	33.5	-7.6
Middlesex	108.5	60.0	-48.5
Cumberland	42.8	42.8	0.0
Warren	32.6	32.7	+0.1
Gloucester	26.6	26.7	+0.1
Cape May	19.4	19.5	+0.1
Sussex	2.0	2.0	0.0
Salem	6.0	5.8	-0.2
Morris	26.3	26.4	+0.1
Hunterdon	147.0	147.0	0.0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>42.4</b>	<b>36.1</b>	<b>-6.3</b>

**TABLE 18. AVERAGE LOS BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND DEGREE OF MSCO – 2021**

	White				Youth of Color			
	1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup> /DP	N/A-No Delinq. Charges (Violation, etc.)	1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup> /DP	N/A-No Delinq. Charges (Violation, etc.)
Atlantic	1.3	*	*	*	29.9	14.8	7.0	42.6
Camden	51.6	2.3	1.0	62.6	86.3	45.4	17.7	39.5
Essex	5.3	*	*	*	34.9	26.3	43.3	42.6
Monmouth	*	*	*	*	115.56	18.3	*	12.6
Hudson	32.7	4.0	*	20.0	21.7	6.7	15.0	28.5
Mercer	*	*	*	*	43.3	27.4	43.0	31.7
Union	3.0	*	*	*	27.8	12.9	1.0	54.8
Bergen	2.0	*	*	32.0	7.7	196.0	*	41.4
Burlington	19.8	*	*	23.2	57.8	37.5	*	39.2
Ocean	116.7	*	*	82.0	254.0	24.0	*	26.3
Somerset	24.5	2.0	*	41.8	85.4	33.5	*	21.7
Passaic	2.0	*	*	*	50.6	32.5	*	33.7
Middlesex	15.5	2.0	*	16.4	198.3	17.4	54.0	108.2
Cumberland	35.5	*	2.0	9.0	60.8	24.2	*	33.1
Warren	48.5	58.0	15.0	44.0	17.0	2.0	*	*
Gloucester	90.3	*	*	48.5	21.3	10.3	2.0	13.8
Cape May	15.7	2.5	*	*	28.0	*	*	*
Sussex	*	*	*	*	2.0	*	*	*
Salem	2.0	16.0	*	21.0	3.4	*	*	4.3
Morris	19.5	*	*	9.4	47.6	21.5	*	24.8
Hunterdon	166.0	*	*	128.0	*	*	*	*
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>32.5</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>34.8</b>	<b>50.0</b>	<b>27.6</b>	<b>29.0</b>	<b>39.3</b>

**TABLE 19. AVERAGE LOS BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND PRIMARY RELEASE TYPE – 2021**

	White			Youth of Color		
	Detention Alternative, Shelter (Pre-Dispo Plcmt)	Parent, Other Adult, ROR	Dispositional Placement	Detention Alternative, Shelter (Pre-Dispo Plcmt)	Parent, Other Adult, ROR	Dispositional Placement
Atlantic	1.3	*	*	21.2	12.9	137.2
Camden	3.1	1.5	98.5	17.6	2.1	117.7
Essex	6.5	*	*	18.9	9.0	88.4
Monmouth	*	*	*	4.1	138.0	231.5
Hudson	12.0	*	99.0	9.9	1.8	74.2
Mercer	*	*	*	16.7	*	93.0
Union	*	3.0	*	11.3	9.5	105.2
Bergen	*	2.0	32.0	5.4	2.0	84.0
Burlington	16.1	2.0	26.7	24.1	2.0	92.4
Ocean	5.0	1.0	213.0	12.0	*	182.0
Somerset	2.5	*	67.3	22.6	*	59.0
Passaic	2.0	*	*	14.3	14.3	70.8
Middlesex	5.0	2.0	41.0	25.6	*	144.1
Cumberland	34.8	*	9.0	21.8	2.5	169.0
Warren	20.0	*	*	16.0	10.0	*
Gloucester	2.0	*	114.7	9.4	3.4	65.5
Cape May	2.0	2.0	95.0	7.8	1.0	134.0
Sussex	*	*	*	2.0	*	*
Salem	9.0	*	21.0	2.0	*	8.0
Morris	19.5	*	9.0	27.8	*	51.3
Hunterdon	*	*	147.0	*	*	*
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>73.2</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>102.2</b>

**TABLE 20. NATURE OF DEPARTURES FROM DETENTION (Continued on Next Page)**

	Detention Alternative, Shelter (Pre-Dispo Placement)			Parent, Other Adult, ROR (Pre-Dispo)			Other Service Agency/Placement (Pre-Dispo)			Dispositional Placement		
	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021
ATL	52.6%	59.2%	60.9%	6.6%	10.8%	26.6%	1.5%	2.5%	1.6%	32.7%	18.3%	9.4%
CAM	38.7%	62.5%	54.2%	6.5%	2.1%	4.7%	4.3%	3.2%	1.7%	47.1%	25.4%	29.2%
ESX	37.9%	71.6%	60.2%	33.2%	5.7%	7.8%	0.3%	4.6%	3.3%	22.2%	9.3%	17.5%
MON	40.6%	57.8%	42.4%	17.9%	2.2%	3.0%	5.0%	4.4%	18.2%	31.0%	17.8%	6.1%
HUD	29.5%	67.0%	68.2%	26.2%	4.9%	3.2%	1.4%	1.6%	0.6%	33.0%	15.1%	10.4%
MER	28.6%	59.8%	51.4%	21.4%	0.9%	0.0%	0.4%	2.7%	12.2%	43.1%	21.4%	24.3%
UNI	27.2%	41.8%	49.2%	21.9%	7.5%	10.8%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	37.1%	28.4%	20.0%
BERG	32.1%	39.0%	31.6%	14.6%	4.9%	7.9%	0.0%	2.4%	2.6%	33.3%	31.7%	26.3%
BURL	18.5%	44.2%	44.4%	40.3%	3.8%	3.7%	5.7%	3.8%	7.4%	27.5%	30.8%	29.6%
OCE	21.8%	24.4%	15.4%	8.6%	15.6%	7.7%	3.7%	2.2%	15.4%	40.7%	48.9%	38.5%
SOM	33.9%	37.5%	38.9%	37.0%	8.3%	0.0%	1.6%	12.5%	22.2%	18.9%	12.5%	22.2%
PASC	42.5%	50.0%	46.6%	2.7%	5.2%	9.6%	1.2%	3.1%	0.0%	47.8%	35.4%	31.5%
MDSX	15.5%	28.1%	41.7%	17.7%	9.4%	1.7%	0.9%	4.7%	0.0%	54.5%	43.8%	36.7%
CUMB	23.4%	61.5%	66.7%	34.9%	2.6%	5.1%	5.2%	2.6%	5.1%	23.0%	30.8%	15.4%
WAR	21.9%	0.0%	44.4%	28.1%	0.0%	22.2%	12.5%	0.0%	33.3%	28.1%	0.0%	0.0%
GLO	33.7%	46.9%	37.5%	34.7%	9.4%	20.8%	5.9%	12.5%	12.5%	15.8%	12.5%	20.8%
CAPE	22.2%	47.1%	36.4%	3.7%	5.9%	22.7%	7.4%	5.9%	0.0%	48.1%	17.6%	13.6%
SUSX	51.4%	85.7%	100.0%	16.2%	0.0%	0.0%	10.8%	14.3%	0.0%	18.9%	0.0%	0.0%
SAL	47.5%	55.6%	66.7%	10.0%	22.2%	0.0%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%	16.7%
MOR	15.6%	33.3%	31.8%	26.6%	25.9%	0.0%	1.6%	3.7%	13.6%	25.0%	14.8%	45.5%
HUN	12.5%	50.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	50.0%	100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>33.9%</b>	<b>57.9%</b>	<b>53.8%</b>	<b>20.7%</b>	<b>5.7%</b>	<b>7.1%</b>	<b>2.0%</b>	<b>3.5%</b>	<b>4.0%</b>	<b>35.2%</b>	<b>21.2%</b>	<b>21.6%</b>

**TABLE 20 NATURE OF DEPARTURES FROM DETENTION (Continued from Prior Page)**

	Jail, Bail, and/or Upon/After Waiver			Other YDC or Other Authorities			Dismissed, Diverted, Similar			Time Served		
	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021
ATL	1.0%	1.7%	0.0%	5.1%	6.7%	1.6%	0.5%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CAM	1.9%	0.4%	2.1%	1.5%	3.9%	5.1%	0.0%	2.5%	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
ESX	1.1%	0.3%	0.0%	1.5%	8.2%	9.0%	2.2%	0.0%	0.9%	1.7%	0.3%	0.3%
MON	2.4%	0.0%	9.1%	3.1%	17.8%	15.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
HUD	1.9%	0.5%	1.3%	1.4%	9.7%	12.3%	4.7%	1.1%	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
MER	0.7%	4.5%	0.0%	2.9%	8.0%	12.2%	3.0%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
UNI	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%	8.5%	19.4%	20.0%	2.5%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%
BERG	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	17.1%	26.3%	0.4%	0.0%	5.3%	0.8%	2.4%	0.0%
BURL	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	4.4%	17.3%	14.8%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
OCE	4.5%	0.0%	7.7%	5.3%	8.9%	7.7%	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%	11.5%	0.0%	7.7%
SOM	2.4%	0.0%	5.6%	5.5%	29.2%	11.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
PASC	1.2%	3.1%	9.6%	1.2%	3.1%	0.0%	3.2%	0.0%	2.7%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
MDSX	2.9%	3.1%	6.7%	7.0%	9.4%	11.7%	1.6%	1.6%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CUMB	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.7%	0.0%	7.7%	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	2.6%	0.0%
WAR	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.2%	100.0%	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
GLO	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.9%	18.8%	8.3%	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CAPE	14.8%	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%	17.6%	27.3%	0.0%	5.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
SUSX	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
SAL	5.0%	0.0%	8.3%	25.0%	22.2%	8.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
MOR	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.4%	22.2%	9.1%	7.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
HUN	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1.7%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>1.8%</b>	<b>25.0%</b>	<b>9.4%</b>	<b>9.7%</b>	<b>2.1%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>1.6%</b>	<b>0.5%</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>0.2%</b>

## PUBLIC SAFETY OUTCOMES

**Detention Alternative Outcomes.** Detention alternatives are short-term placements for youth who would otherwise remain in detention while their cases are pending in court. The primary purpose of detention alternatives is to provide supervision and basic supports to youth, in order to minimize the likelihood that youth will be charged with a new delinquency offense while awaiting the disposition of their current case. Alternatives also help to ensure youth appear at each required court hearing.

Table 21 describes outcomes for youth supervised via detention alternatives by reporting the nature of departures from alternative placement. In 2021, across the 21 sites, the vast majority of youth were released from detention alternatives following successful completion. Averaging across sites, 81.0% of youth were released successfully, though success rates ranged from 64.3% in Gloucester to 100.0% in Union, Middlesex, Warren, and Sussex. Importantly, the percentage of youth removed from a detention alternative as the result of a new delinquency charge is small, averaging just 4.2% across sites, and keeping at or below 10.0% in 17 sites (ranging from 0.0% in Union, Middlesex, Ocean, Somerset, Warren, Cape May, and Sussex, to 14.3% in Monmouth and 12.8% in Passaic). Finally, in 2021, 14.3% of youth were removed from alternative programs for rule violations (no new charges), ranging from a low of 0.0% in Union, Middlesex, Warren, and Sussex, to a high of 33.3% in Ocean.

**TABLE 21. DETENTION ALTERNATIVE OUTCOMES**

	Successful Completion			New Charges			Violation/Non-Compliance		
	Earliest <sup>†</sup>	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021	Earliest	2020	2021
ATL	70.6%	69.2%	67.4%	9.5%	9.0%	10.9%	19.9%	21.8%	21.7%
CAM	81.4%	67.4%	76.0%	4.3%	7.0%	3.3%	14.3%	25.7%	20.7%
ESX	78.1%	68.7%	70.3%	6.7%	9.2%	8.2%	15.2%	22.1%	21.5%
MON	78.0%	82.8%	71.4%	6.6%	10.3%	14.3%	15.4%	6.8%	14.3%
HUD	81.3%	85.4%	78.5%	9.4%	4.3%	6.9%	9.4%	10.3%	14.6%
MER	77.6%	84.3%	85.7%	2.4%	4.5%	2.9%	20.0%	11.2%	11.4%
UNI	83.3%	73.1%	100.0%	3.3%	1.9%	0.0%	13.3%	25.0%	0.0%
BERG	90.1%	92.8%	92.4%	1.0%	1.0%	6.1%	8.9%	6.2%	1.5%
BURL	83.0%	87.9%	93.3%	4.3%	4.4%	2.2%	12.8%	7.6%	4.4%
OCE	72.3%	78.3%	66.7%	0.0%	4.3%	0.0%	27.7%	17.4%	33.3%
SOM	52.6%	63.6%	70.0%	10.5%	0.0%	0.0%	36.8%	36.4%	30.0%
PASC	82.3%	80.2%	66.7%	2.0%	19.8%	12.8%	15.7%	0.0%	20.5%
MDSX	78.7%	89.5%	100.0%	4.3%	5.3%	0.0%	17.0%	5.3%	0.0%
CUMB	68.8%	72.2%	75.0%	1.3%	11.1%	3.1%	29.9%	16.7%	21.9%
WAR	83.3%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	100.0%	0.0%
GLO	90.6%	89.5%	64.3%	3.8%	0.0%	7.1%	5.7%	10.5%	28.6%
CAPE	75.0%	85.7%	85.7%	16.7%	14.3%	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%	14.3%
SUSX	93.7%	91.7%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.3%	8.3%	0.0%
SAL	78.7%	83.3%	80.0%	6.6%	0.0%	6.7%	14.8%	16.7%	13.3%
MOR	--	77.3%	76.9%	--	4.5%	0.0%	--	18.2%	23.1%
HUN	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>78.9%</b>	<b>76.2%</b>	<b>81.0%</b>	<b>4.9%</b>	<b>5.5%</b>	<b>4.2%</b>	<b>16.2%</b>	<b>18.3%</b>	<b>14.8%</b>

<sup>†</sup> Outcomes were not measured prior to JDAI, so data is reported for the earliest full-year of data available: 2006 (Atlantic, Camden, Essex, Monmouth); 2008 (Hudson, Burlington, Ocean); 2009 (Mercer); 2010 (Union, Bergen, Somerset); 2011 (Middlesex, Warren, Cumberland); 2012 (Passaic, Sussex); 2013 (Gloucester); 2014 (Cape May); 2015 (Salem); 2018 (Morris); 2019 (Hunterdon).

**Juvenile Arrests.** JDAI seeks to eliminate the unnecessary use of secure detention for youth who do not pose a serious public safety risk. In addition to the detention alternative outcomes reported above, another indicator of whether JDAI is meeting public safety goals is the change in the number of youth arrested for juvenile delinquency offenses. Juvenile arrests – both overall, and for the more serious “index” offenses, as defined by the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s Uniform Crime Report – represent the most consistently reported and readily available measure of juvenile crime.<sup>15</sup> Table 22 indicates that total juvenile arrests have decreased substantially since JDAI implementation in all 21 sites. Across sites, total juvenile arrests have decreased by -83.3%. Additionally, Table 23 reveals that arrests for the more serious “index” offenses are down in all 21 sites, for a total reduction of -81.0%.

**TABLE 22. TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS**

	Pre-JDAI	2019	2020 <sup>g</sup>	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				#	%	#	%
Atlantic	2809	753	445	-308	-40.9%	-2364	-84.2%
Camden	8511	1437	1056	-381	-26.5%	-7455	-87.6%
Essex	6208	1421	929	-492	-34.6%	-5279	-85.0%
Monmouth	3931	827	593	-234	-28.3%	-3338	-84.9%
Hudson	3612	1099	667	-432	-39.3%	-2945	-81.5%
Mercer	3888	1001	735	-266	-26.6%	-3153	-81.1%
Union	3145	727	422	-305	-42.0%	-2723	-86.6%
Bergen	4729	928	617	-311	-33.5%	-4112	-87.0%
Burlington	2607	762	448	-314	-41.2%	-2159	-82.8%
Ocean	3321	517	383	-134	-25.9%	-2938	-88.5%
Somerset	1762	412	303	-109	-26.5%	-1459	-82.8%
Passaic	3894	1479	852	-627	-42.4%	-3042	-78.1%
Middlesex	2781	854	472	-382	-44.7%	-2309	-83.0%
Cumberland	1457	542	257	-285	-52.6%	-1200	-82.4%
Warren	368	176	114	-62	-35.2%	-254	-69.0%
Gloucester	1334	467	276	-191	-40.9%	-1058	-79.3%
Cape May	716	436	358	-78	-17.9%	-358	-50.0%
Sussex	351	170	70	-100	-58.8%	-281	-80.1%
Salem	297	208	111	-97	-46.6%	-186	-62.6%
Morris	706	424	322	-102	-24.1%	-384	-54.4%
Hunterdon	251	77	50	-27	-35.1%	-201	-80.1%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>56678</b>	<b>14717</b>	<b>9,480</b>	<b>-5237</b>	<b>-35.6%</b>	<b>-47198</b>	<b>-83.3%</b>

<sup>g</sup> 2020 is the most recent year for which arrest figures are available.

**TABLE 23. JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR INDEX OFFENSES**

	Pre-JDAI	2019	2020	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				#	%	#	%
Atlantic	845	206	126	-80	-38.8%	-719	-85.1%
Camden	1001	311	199	-112	-36.0%	-802	-80.1%
Essex	1088	395	291	-104	-26.3%	-797	-73.3%
Monmouth	834	178	143	-35	-19.7%	-691	-82.9%
Hudson	1096	245	145	-100	-40.8%	-951	-86.8%
Mercer	641	136	95	-41	-30.1%	-546	-85.2%
Union	450	168	103	-65	-38.7%	-347	-77.1%
Bergen	796	187	139	-48	-25.7%	-657	-82.5%
Burlington	448	156	116	-40	-25.6%	-332	-74.1%
Ocean	569	108	82	-26	-24.1%	-487	-85.6%
Somerset	353	89	45	-44	-49.4%	-308	-87.3%
Passaic	737	215	125	-90	-41.9%	-612	-83.0%
Middlesex	913	308	161	-147	-47.7%	-752	-82.4%
Cumberland	475	136	69	-67	-49.3%	-406	-85.5%
Warren	81	37	32	-5	-13.5%	-49	-60.5%
Gloucester	335	83	73	-10	-12.0%	-262	-78.2%
Cape May	207	105	67	-38	-36.2%	-140	-67.6%
Sussex	60	15	15	0	0.0%	-45	-75.0%
Salem	77	47	39	-8	-17.0%	-38	-49.4%
Morris	113	88	54	-34	-38.6%	-59	-52.2%
Hunterdon	80	10	6	-4	-40.0%	-74	-92.5%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>11199</b>	<b>3223</b>	<b>2125</b>	<b>-1098</b>	<b>-34.1%</b>	<b>-9074</b>	<b>-81.0%</b>

## Youth Of Color

**Average Daily Population (ADP).** On any given day in 2021, across JDAI sites there were 543 fewer youth of color in detention than prior to JDAI implementation, a decrease of -72.6% (Table 24). Youth of color account for 88.5% of the total drop in ADP. The number of youth of color in secure detention has dropped by eighty percent or more in five sites: Mercer (-85.9%), Bergen (-83.9%), Warren (-81.8%), Hudson (-80.2%) and Salem (-80.0%).

**TABLE 24. ADP OF YOUTH OF COLOR IN DETENTION**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Kids	%	Kids	%
Atlantic	30.6	9.3	12.3	+3.0	+32.3%	-18.3	-59.8%
Camden	79.9	31.4	35.4	+4.0	+12.7%	-44.5	-55.7%
Essex	242.6	40.8	52.2	+11.4	+27.9%	-190.4	-78.5%
Monmouth	29.8	7.3	7.5	+0.2	+2.7%	-22.3	-74.8%
Hudson	82.5	17.7	16.3	-1.4	-7.9%	-66.2	-80.2%
Mercer	57.6	13.9	8.1	-5.8	-41.7%	-49.5	-85.9%
Union	38.4	15.9	9.9	-6.0	-37.7%	-28.5	-74.2%
Bergen	16.1	3.9	2.6	-1.3	-33.3%	-13.5	-83.9%
Burlington	13.4	4.6	3.0	-1.6	-34.8%	-10.4	-77.6%
Ocean	10.6	7.1	7.0	-0.1	-1.4%	-3.6	-34.0%
Somerset	7.4	4.0	3.1	-0.9	-22.5%	-4.3	-58.1%
Passaic	67.2	22.2	24.0	+1.8	+8.1%	-43.2	-64.3%
Middlesex	34.3	13.8	11.6	-2.2	-15.9%	-22.7	-66.2%
Cumberland	25.7	5.2	5.5	+0.3	+5.8%	-20.2	-78.6%
Warren	1.1	0.1	0.2	+0.1	+100.0%	-0.9	-81.8%
Gloucester	2.7	1.5	1.8	+0.3	+20.0%	-0.9	-33.3%
Cape May	2.0	1.1	1.4	+0.3	+27.3%	-0.6	-30.0%
Sussex	1.3	0.0	0.9	+0.9	>+100.0%	-0.4	-30.8%
Salem	2.5	0.6	0.5	-0.1	-16.7%	-2.0	-80.0%
Morris	2.5	0.7	1.5	+0.8	+114.3%	-1.0	-40.0%
Hunterdon	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	-0.2	-100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>748.4</b>	<b>201.1</b>	<b>204.8</b>	<b>+3.7</b>	<b>+1.8%</b>	<b>-543.6</b>	<b>-72.6%</b>

**Length of Stay (LOS).** Tables 25, 26, and 27 report average (mean) length of stay trends for youth of color and white youth across the 21 JDAI sites. Averaging across sites, mean LOS for youth of color in 2021 was 44.2 days, +11.8 days longer than that for white youth (32.4 days). This gap has increased since JDAI implementation, when youth of color remained in detention +10.0 days longer than white youth. In 2021, average LOS for youth of color was longer than that for white youth in 13 sites and shorter than that for white youth in four sites.

Tables 28, 29, and 30 describe the number of days within which half of all youth are released from detention. Averaging across sites, median LOS for youth of color youth in 2021 was 13.7 days, -6.2 days less than the median LOS for white youth (19.9 days). The trend has reversed since before JDAI, when median LOS for youth of color was +2.5 days longer than that for white youth. In 2021 median LOS for youth of color was shorter than that for white youth in seven sites and longer than that of white youth in ten sites.

Finally, Tables 31, 32, and 33 describe the percentage of youth who remain in detention for 60 days or more. In 2021, the site average for the percentage of youth of color with these lengthier stays was 18.3%, +2.5 percentage points higher than for white youth (15.8%). For this measure of length of stay, the gap between youth of color youth and white youth has decreased by -4.6 percentage points since JDAI implementation. However, more than half of JDAI sites (12) in 2021, had a larger percentage of youth of color remained in detention for more than 60 days as compared to white youth.

**TABLE 25. AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS IN DETENTION FOR YOUTH OF COLOR**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	30.8	28.8	29.8	+1.0	+3.5%	-1.0	-3.2%
Camden	22.8	40.8	58.4	+17.6	+43.1%	+35.6	+156.1%
Essex	39.0	28.2	35.2	+7.0	+24.8%	-3.8	-9.7%
Monmouth	35.1	21.9	81.9	+60.0	+274.0%	+46.8	+133.3%
Hudson	30.2	20.3	22.1	+1.8	+8.9%	-8.1	-26.8%
Mercer	27.9	77.7	38.8	-38.9	-50.1%	+10.9	+39.1%
Union	29.6	46.5	28.6	-17.9	-38.5%	-1.0	-3.4%
Bergen	28.0	28.3	31.1	+2.8	+9.9%	+3.1	+11.1%
Burlington	27.7	36.3	51.8	+15.5	+42.7%	+24.1	+87.0%
Ocean	35.5	74.3	127.0	+52.7	+70.9%	+91.5	+257.7%
Somerset	26.5	28.2	55.9	+27.7	+98.2%	+29.4	+110.9%
Passaic	30.9	32.8	42.2	+9.4	+28.7%	+11.3	+36.6%
Middlesex	39.0	61.2	137.0	+75.8	+123.9%	+98.0	+251.3%
Cumberland	35.7	38.1	46.0	+7.9	+20.7%	+10.3	+28.9%
Warren	29.5	10.3	12.0	+1.7	+16.5%	-17.5	-59.3%
Gloucester	18.7	9.7	15.3	+5.6	+57.7%	-3.4	-18.2%
Cape May	45.3	50.0	28.0	-22.0	-44.0%	-17.3	-38.2%
Sussex	29.3	*	2.0	*	*	-27.3	-93.2%
Salem	23.4	17.4	3.7	-13.7	-78.7%	-19.7	-84.2%
Morris	21.6	14.8	36.5	+21.7	+146.6%	+14.9	+69.0%
Hunterdon	17.6	*	*	*	*	*	*
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>29.7</b>	<b>35.0</b>	<b>44.2</b>	<b>+9.2</b>	<b>+26.3%</b>	<b>+14.4</b>	<b>+48.5%</b>

**TABLE 26. AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS IN DETENTION FOR WHITE YOUTH**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	19.0	10.3	1.3	-9.0	-87.4%	-17.7	-93.2%
Camden	15.3	51.2	46.3	-4.9	-9.6%	+31.0	+202.6%
Essex	12.9	8.9	5.3	-3.6	-40.4%	-7.6	-58.9%
Monmouth	22.1	4.0	*	*	*	*	*
Hudson	15.8	7.3	28.1	+20.8	+284.9%	+12.3	+77.8%
Mercer	18.3	3.0	*	*	*	*	*
Union	16.6	20.5	3.0	-17.5	-85.4%	-13.6	-81.9%
Bergen	25.4	6.5	9.5	+3.0	+46.2%	-15.9	-62.6%
Burlington	27.1	28.1	20.9	-7.2	-25.6%	-6.2	-22.9%
Ocean	34.3	54.5	108.0	+53.5	+98.2%	+73.7	+214.9%
Somerset	16.7	6.0	32.5	+26.5	+441.7%	+15.8	+94.6%
Passaic	17.7	24.2	2.0	-22.2	-91.7%	-15.7	-88.7%
Middlesex	25.4	70.9	14.9	-56.0	-79.0%	-10.5	-41.3%
Cumberland	14.0	64.0	25.5	-38.5	-60.2%	+11.5	+82.1%
Warren	18.9	*	43.0	*	*	+24.1	+127.5%
Gloucester	15.0	21.8	69.6	+47.8	+219.3%	+54.6	+364.0%
Cape May	37.7	9.0	1.9	-7.1	-78.9%	-35.8	-95.0%
Sussex	9.1	20.6	*	*	*	*	*
Salem	35.7	2.0	13.0	+11.0	+550.0%	-22.7	-63.6%
Morris	13.3	26.8	11.7	-15.1	-56.3	-1.6	-12.0%
Hunterdon	3.3	71.0	147.0	+76.0	+107.0%	+143.7	+4354.5%
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>32.4</b>	<b>+6.9</b>	<b>+27.1%</b>	<b>+12.7</b>	<b>64.5%</b>

**TABLE 27. DIFFERENCE IN AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS BETWEEN YOUTH OF COLOR & WHITE YOUTH**

	Youth of Color Average LOS is Greater Than (+) or Less Than (-) White LOS by (in Days):		
	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021
Atlantic	+11.8	+18.5	+28.5
Camden	+7.5	-10.4	+12.1
Essex	+26.1	+19.3	+29.9
Monmouth	+13.0	+17.9	*
Hudson	+14.4	+13.0	-6.0
Mercer	+9.6	+74.7	*
Union	+13.0	+26.0	+25.6
Bergen	+2.6	+21.8	+21.6
Burlington	+0.6	+8.3	+30.9
Ocean	+1.2	+19.7	+19.0
Somerset	+9.8	+22.2	+23.4
Passaic	+13.2	+8.6	+40.2
Middlesex	+13.6	-9.7	+122.1
Cumberland	+21.7	-25.9	+20.5
Warren	+10.6	*	-31.0
Gloucester	+3.7	-12.1	-54.3
Cape May	+7.6	+41.0	+26.1
Sussex	+20.2	*	*
Salem	-12.3	+15.4	-9.3
Morris	+8.3	-12.0	+24.8
Hunterdon	+14.3	*	*
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>+10.0</b>	<b>+9.5</b>	<b>+11.8</b>

**TABLE 28. MEDIAN LOS IN DETENTION FOR YOUTH OF COLOR**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	13	8	3	-5.0	-62.5%	-10.0	-76.9%
Camden	14	15	15	0.0	0.0%	+1.0	+7.1%
Essex	10	14	10	-4.0	-28.6%	0.0	0.0%
Monmouth	17	3	6	+3.0	+100.0%	-11.0	-64.7%
Hudson	7	2	2	0.0	0.0%	-5.0	-71.4%
Mercer	11	4	17	+12.5	+312.5%	+5.5	+50.0%
Union	9	13	2	-11.0	-84.6%	-7.0	-77.8%
Bergen	15	23	4	-19.0	-82.6%	-11.0	-73.3%
Burlington	10	10	34	+24.0	+240.0%	+24.0	+240.0%
Ocean	23	35	70	+35.0	+100.0%	+47.0	+204.3%
Somerset	9	8	15	+7.0	+87.5%	+6.0	+66.7%
Passaic	15	11	19	+8.0	+72.7%	+4.0	+26.7%
Middlesex	16	9	25	+16.0	+177.8%	+9.0	+56.3%
Cumberland	7	6	7	+1.0	+16.7%	0.0	0.0%
Warren	7	*	16	*	*	+9.0	+128.6%
Gloucester	6	3	5	+2.0	+66.7%	-1.0	-16.7%
Cape May	35	4	2	-2.0	-50.0%	-33.0	-94.3%
Sussex	6	7	2	-5.0	-71.4%	-4.0	-66.7%
Salem	6	8	2	-6.0	-75.0%	-4.0	-66.7%
Morris	8	4	25	+21.0	+525.0%	+17.0	+212.5%
Hunterdon	9	*	9	*	*	0.0	0.0%
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>+4.3</b>	<b>+45.7%</b>	<b>+1.7</b>	<b>+14.2%</b>

**TABLE 29. MEDIAN LOS IN DETENTION FOR WHITE YOUTH**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	6	3	1	-2.0	-66.7%	-5.0	-83.3%
Camden	7	16	2	-14.0	-87.5%	-5.0	-71.4%
Essex	2	8	3	-5.0	-62.5%	+1.0	50.0%
Monmouth	8	4	*	*	*	*	*
Hudson	4	2	20	+18.0	+900.0%	+16.0	+400.0%
Mercer	6	2	*	*	*	*	*
Union	6	21	3	-18.0	-85.7%	-3.0	-50.0%
Bergen	9	2	2	0.0	0.0%	-7.0	-77.8%
Burlington	14	4	7	+3.0	+75.5%	-7.5.0	-53.6%
Ocean	22	5	44	+39.0	+780.0%	+21.5	+97.7%
Somerset	8	6	17	+11.0	+175.0%	+8.5	+106.3%
Passaic	5	13	2	-11.0	-84.6%	-3.0	-60.0%
Middlesex	14	40	4	-36.0	-91.3%	-10.5	-75.0%
Cumberland	7	64	4	-60.0	-93.8%	-3.0	-42.9%
Warren	10	*	44	*	*	+34.0	+340.0%
Gloucester	6	6	31	+25.0	+416.7%	+25.0	+416.7%
Cape May	27	8	2	-6.0	-75.0%	-25.0	-92.6%
Sussex	5	17	*	*	*	*	*
Salem	24	2	16	+14.0	+700.0%	-8.0	-33.3%
Morris	7	5	9	+4.0	+80.0%	+2.0	+28.6%
Hunterdon	3	71	147	+76.0	+107.0%	+144.0	+4800.0%
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>14.9</b>	<b>19.9</b>	<b>+8.1</b>	<b>+54.4%</b>	<b>+13.5</b>	<b>+142.1%</b>

**TABLE 30. DIFFERENCE IN MEDIAN LOS BETWEEN YOUTH OF COLOR & WHITE YOUTH**

	Youth of Color Median LOS is Greater Than (+) or Less Than (-) White Median LOS by (in Days):		
	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021
Atlantic	+7	+5	+2
Camden	+7	-1	+13
Essex	+8	+6	+7
Monmouth	+9	-1	*
Hudson	+3	0	-18
Mercer	+5	+2	*
Union	+3	-8	-1
Bergen	+6	+21	+2
Burlington	-4	+6	+27
Ocean	+1	+30	+26
Somerset	+1	+2	-2
Passaic	+10	-2	+17
Middlesex	+2	-31	+21
Cumberland	0	-58	+3
Warren	-3	*	-28
Gloucester	0	-3	-26
Cape May	+8	-4	0
Sussex	+1	*	*
Salem	-18	+6	-14
Morris	+1	-1	+16
Hunterdon	+6	*	-138
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>+2.5</b>	<b>-5.5</b>	<b>-6.2</b>

**TABLE 31. PERCENTAGE OF YOUTH OF COLOR REMAINING IN DETENTION 60 DAYS OR MORE**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
				Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	17.1%	13.2%	14.8%	+1.6%	-2.3%
Camden	7.3%	23.8%	31.0%	+7.2%	+23.7%
Essex	21.5%	13.6%	16.7%	+3.1%	-4.8%
Monmouth	19.7%	12.2%	15.2%	+3.0%	-4.5%
Hudson	18.5%	10.2%	10.3%	+0.1%	-8.2%
Mercer	13.2%	23.9%	20.3%	-3.6%	+7.1%
Union	16.0%	22.2%	14.1%	-8.1%	-1.9%
Bergen	14.1%	14.3%	23.5%	+9.2%	+9.4%
Burlington	17.2%	33.3%	33.3%	0.0%	+16.1%
Ocean	24.3%	46.7%	55.6%	+8.9%	+31.3%
Somerset	8.7%	13.0%	0.0%	-13.0%	-8.7%
Passaic	17.0%	19.5%	26.9%	+7.4%	+9.9%
Middlesex	20.0%	28.3%	28.3%	0.0%	+8.3%
Cumberland	17.5%	23.7%	21.2%	-2.5%	+3.7%
Warren	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-14.3%
Gloucester	10.9%	0.0%	5.3%	+5.3%	-5.6%
Cape May	26.7%	27.3%	18.2%	-9.1%	-8.5%
Sussex	14.3%	*	0.0%	*	-14.3%
Salem	18.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-18.2%
Morris	6.5%	6.3%	30.8%	+24.5%	+24.3%
Hunterdon	0.0%	*	*	*	*
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>15.4%</b>	<b>17.4%</b>	<b>18.3%</b>	<b>+0.9</b>	<b>+2.9</b>

**TABLE 32. PERCENTAGE OF WHITE YOUTH REMAINING IN DETENTION 60 DAYS OR MORE**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
				Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	6.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-6.8%
Camden	3.0%	22.2%	17.4%	-4.8%	+14.4%
Essex	8.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-8.0%
Monmouth	9.1%	0.0%	*	*	*
Hudson	9.8%	0.0%	11.1%	+11.1%	+1.3%
Mercer	9.3%	0.0%	*	*	*
Union	6.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-6.9%
Bergen	14.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-14.5%
Burlington	14.0%	25.0%	11.1%	-13.9%	-2.9%
Ocean	21.2%	6.7%	50.0%	+43.3%	+28.8%
Somerset	2.9%	0.0%	25.0%	+25.0%	+22.1%
Passaic	7.8%	11.1%	0.0%	-11.1%	-7.8%
Middlesex	9.0%	27.3%	7.1%	-20.2%	-1.9%
Cumberland	8.3%	100.0%	16.7%	-83.3%	+8.4%
Warren	0.0%	*	16.7%	*	+16.7%
Gloucester	8.7%	16.7%	20.0%	+3.3%	+11.3%
Cape May	16.7%	0.0%	9.1%	+9.1%	-7.6%
Sussex	3.3%	0.0%	*	*	*
Salem	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-14.3%
Morris	0.0%	9.1%	0.0%	-9.1%	0.0%
Hunterdon	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	+50.0%	+100.0%
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>8.3%</b>	<b>13.4%</b>	<b>15.8%</b>	<b>+2.4</b>	<b>+4.5</b>

**TABLE 33. DIFFERENCE IN LOS OF 60+ DAYS BETWEEN YOUTH OF COLOR & WHITE YOUTH**

	% Youth of Color With ALOS of 60+ Days is Greater Than (+) or Less Than (-) White Youth by (in Percentage Points):		
	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021
Atlantic	+10.3	+13.2	+14.8
Camden	+4.3	+1.6	+13.6
Essex	+13.5	+13.6	+16.7
Monmouth	+10.6	+12.2	*
Hudson	+8.7	+10.2	-0.8
Mercer	+3.9	+23.9	*
Union	+9.1	+22.2	+14.1
Bergen	-0.4	+14.3	+23.5
Burlington	+3.2	+8.3	+22.2
Ocean	+3.1	+40.0	+5.6
Somerset	+5.8	+13.0	-25.0
Passaic	+9.2	+8.4	+26.9
Middlesex	+11.0	+1.0	+21.2
Cumberland	+9.2	-76.3	+4.5
Warren	+14.3	*	-16.7
Gloucester	+2.2	-16.7	-14.7
Cape May	+10.0	+27.3	+9.1
Sussex	+11.0	*	*
Salem	+3.9	0.0	0.0
Morris	+6.5	-2.8	+30.8
Hunterdon	0.0	*	*
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>+7.1</b>	<b>+4.0</b>	<b>+2.5</b>

**Disproportionality.** The findings in Table 24 indicate remarkable decreases in the number of youth of color youth in detention since JDAI implementation. Moreover, while a gap between youth of color and white youth remains for two of the three LOS indicators described above. And, for median LOS, the trend is now reversed, with youth of color having a shorter median LOS than white youth. The next question is whether these changes have had any impact on disproportionality. Table 34 indicates that since JDAI implementation, across sites the percentage of ADP comprised of youth of color is up +4.4 percentage points. In terms of detention admissions, Table 35 indicates that across sites, the percentage of all admissions comprised of youth of color is up +4.8 percentage points, which is contributing to the increase in ADP of youth of color in detention.

At the same time, however, Table 36 points to shifting demographics in the general youth population over time. Pre-JDAI, youth of color comprised 41.8% of the total youth population in all 21 sites. In the most recent year for which data are available (2020), across sites youth of color comprised 51.2% of the total youth population. While overrepresentation remains evident in 19 out of 21 sites, for the sites as a collective the gap has decreased by -5.0 percentage points. Again, though, changes over time and current figures vary across sites. For example, overrepresentation of youth of color, i.e., the difference between the percentage of youth of color in the general population vs. youth of color in detention, currently ranges from -18.6 percentage points in Hunterdon to +65.4 points in Salem, and +80.6 points in Sussex.

**TABLE 34. % OF DETENTION ADP COMPRISED OF YOUTH OF COLOR**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change <i>Percentage Points</i>	Pre-Post Change <i>Percentage Points</i>
Atlantic	89.7%	96.4%	98.4%	+2.0	+8.7
Camden	84.5%	89.4%	96.2%	+6.8	+11.7
Essex	99.6%	99.5%	99.9%	+0.4	+0.3
Monmouth	74.5%	87.5%	87.9%	+0.4	+13.4
Hudson	95.1%	99.4%	91.2%	-8.2	-3.9
Mercer	96.0%	99.9%	100.0%	+0.1	+4.0
Union	98.1%	95.8%	100.0%	+4.2	+1.9
Bergen	79.4%	92.4%	96.8%	+4.4	+17.4
Burlington	65.6%	79.6%	82.6%	+3.0	+17.0
Ocean	44.4%	76.4%	81.8%	+5.4	+37.4
Somerset	81.9%	99.9%	81.9%	-18.0	0.0
Passaic	95.6%	98.4%	96.9%	-1.5	+1.3
Middlesex	81.6%	86.0%	96.3%	+10.3	+14.7
Cumberland	94.4%	95.2%	99.0%	+3.8	+4.6
Warren	49.5%	100.0%	21.8%	-78.2	-27.7
Gloucester	62.3%	68.0%	55.0%	-13.0	-7.3
Cape May	64.7%	76.4%	91.5%	+15.1	+26.8
Sussex	58.0%	0.0%	100.0%	+100.0	+42.0
Salem	86.4%	91.0%	100.0%	+9.0	+13.6
Morris	78.6%	48.1%	80.6%	+32.5	+2.0
Hunterdon	89.1%	0.0%	0.0%	+0.0	-89.1
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>90.1%</b>	<b>93.1%</b>	<b>94.5%</b>	<b>+1.4</b>	<b>+4.4</b>

**TABLE 35. % OF DETENTION ADMISSIONS COMPRISED OF YOUTH OF COLOR**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change <i>Percentage Points</i>	Pre-Post Change <i>Percentage Points</i>
Atlantic	84.6%	94.7%	94.2%	-0.5	+9.6
Camden	79.5%	92.1%	91.0%	-1.1	+11.5
Essex	98.5%	98.4%	99.1%	+0.7	+0.6
Monmouth	62.7%	91.5%	97.2%	+5.7	+34.5
Hudson	93.9%	95.1%	94.0%	-1.1	+0.1
Mercer	94.6%	97.2%	100.0%	+2.8	+5.4
Union	94.6%	96.7%	98.6%	+1.9	+4.0
Bergen	78.3%	85.4%	88.9%	+3.5	+10.6
Burlington	66.2%	70.9%	70.4%	-0.5	+4.2
Ocean	44.6%	63.4%	53.8%	-9.6	+9.2
Somerset	69.8%	96.2%	63.2%	-33.0	-6.6
Passaic	91.9%	92.5%	97.7%	+5.2	+5.8
Middlesex	75.1%	83.9%	81.5%	-2.4	+6.4
Cumberland	89.6%	97.5%	84.2%	-13.3	-5.4
Warren	45.2%	100.0%	45.5%	-54.5	+0.3
Gloucester	54.5%	62.9%	78.3%	+15.4	+23.8
Cape May	55.6%	62.5%	56.3%	-6.2	+0.7
Sussex	18.4%	0.0%	100.0%	+100.0	+81.6
Salem	81.6%	73.7%	85.7%	+12.0	+4.1
Morris	59.4%	64.0%	60.9%	-3.1	+1.5
Hunterdon	62.5%	0.0%	0.0%	+0.0	-62.5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>86.0%</b>	<b>91.0%</b>	<b>90.8%</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>+4.8</b>

**TABLE 36. YOUTH OF COLOR OVERREPRESENTATION IN DETENTION**

Youth of Color Representation in Total Youth Population vs. Youth of Color Representation in Detention

	Pre-JDAI			Post-JDAI			Change in Gap: Pre vs. Post JDAI
	Youth of Color Representation in Youth Pop <sup>h</sup>	Youth of Color Representation in Detention <sup>i</sup>	Percentage Point Difference/Gap	Youth of Color Representation in Youth Pop.	Youth of Color Representation in Detention	Percentage Point Difference/Gap	
Atlantic	44.4%	89.7%	<b>+45.3</b>	55.7%	98.4%	<b>+42.7</b>	<b>-2.6</b>
Camden	40.4%	84.5%	<b>+44.1</b>	54.1%	96.2%	<b>+42.1</b>	<b>-2.0</b>
Essex	69.2%	99.6%	<b>+30.4</b>	73.5%	99.9%	<b>+26.4</b>	<b>-4.0</b>
Monmouth	22.1%	74.5%	<b>+52.4</b>	30.2%	87.9%	<b>+57.7</b>	<b>+5.3</b>
Hudson	75.6%	95.1%	<b>+19.5</b>	79.5%	91.2%	<b>+11.7</b>	<b>-7.8</b>
Mercer	45.6%	96.0%	<b>+50.4</b>	62.4%	100.0%	<b>+37.6</b>	<b>-12.8</b>
Union	54.2%	98.1%	<b>+43.9</b>	63.9%	100.0%	<b>+36.1</b>	<b>-7.8</b>
Bergen	35.1%	79.4%	<b>+44.3</b>	47.9%	96.8%	<b>+48.9</b>	<b>+4.6</b>
Burlington	28.6%	65.6%	<b>+37.0</b>	37.6%	82.6%	<b>+45.0</b>	<b>+8.0</b>
Ocean	15.5%	44.4%	<b>+28.9</b>	20.2%	81.8%	<b>+61.6</b>	<b>+32.7</b>
Somerset	34.3%	81.9%	<b>+47.6</b>	52.9%	81.9%	<b>+29.0</b>	<b>-18.6</b>
Passaic	58.2%	95.6%	<b>+37.4</b>	66.4%	96.9%	<b>+30.5</b>	<b>-6.9</b>
Middlesex	52.1%	81.6%	<b>+29.5</b>	68.2%	96.3%	<b>+28.1</b>	<b>-1.4</b>
Cumberland	54.0%	94.4%	<b>+40.4</b>	67.6%	99.0%	<b>+31.4</b>	<b>-9.0</b>
Warren	17.3%	49.5%	<b>+32.2</b>	27.9%	21.8%	<b>-6.1</b>	<b>-38.3</b>
Gloucester	22.9%	62.3%	<b>+39.4</b>	27.1%	55.0%	<b>+27.9</b>	<b>-11.5</b>
Cape May	17.7%	64.7%	<b>+47.0</b>	24.5%	91.5%	<b>+67.0</b>	<b>+20.0</b>
Sussex	13.8%	58.0%	<b>+44.2</b>	19.4%	100.0%	<b>+80.6</b>	<b>+36.4</b>
Salem	31.4%	86.4%	<b>+55.0</b>	34.6%	100.0%	<b>+65.4</b>	<b>+10.4</b>
Morris	30.5%	78.6%	<b>+48.1</b>	32.6%	80.6%	<b>+48.0</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
Hunterdon	15.3%	8.0%	<b>-7.3</b>	18.6%	0.0%	<b>-18.6</b>	<b>-11.3</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41.8%</b>	<b>90.1%</b>	<b>+48.3</b>	<b>51.2%</b>	<b>94.5%</b>	<b>+43.3</b>	<b>-5.0</b>

<sup>h</sup> Percent of population ages 10-17 years, source: OJJDP Statistical Briefing Book. Post-JDAI population figures are based on 2020, the most recent year for which data are available.

<sup>i</sup> Figures are based on detention ADP for the pre-JDAI years noted earlier and the post-JDAI year of 2021.

## GIRLS IN DETENTION

As described in Table 37, the average daily population of girls in detention has dropped in 20 out of 21 JDAI sites; the remaining site experienced no change. Comparing each site's pre-JDAI year to 2021, on any given day there were -63.9 fewer girls in detention, a decrease of -78.6%. Four sites have experienced a decrease of 100%: Monmouth, Sussex, Salem, and Warren. However, over the past year, the number of girls in detention increased across sites collectively, with ADP up +40.3% (+5 kids), driven by an increase in length of stay.

Table 38 reveals that in 2021, more than one-thousand (1,417) fewer girls were admitted to detention as compared to each site's pre-JDAI year, a decrease of -89.9%. The largest decreases occurred in Hunterdon (-100.0%), Monmouth (-98.7%), Union (-97.6%), Cumberland (-93.1%), and Camden (-92.8%). Over the past year, the number of girls admitted to detention is down -26.9% across sites. Fifteen sites experienced one-year decreases, with the largest decreases experienced in Gloucester (-81.8%), Union (-80.0%), and Monmouth (-75.0%). Table 39 indicates that the percentage of all admissions comprised of girls has decreased by -1.6 percentage points since JDAI implementation. However, the percentage of all admissions comprised of girls varies widely. Across sites in 2021, 11.3% of all admissions were comprised of girls, but this ranged from 0.0% in Hunterdon to 50.0% in Sussex, 31.3% in Cape May, and 26.9% in Ocean.

Finally, Table 40 indicates that in 2021, length of stay for girls in detention ranged from just 2.0 days in Monmouth to 41.7 days in Camden. Averaging across sites, length of stay in detention for girls has increased +3.4 days since JDAI implementation (+18.2%). Three sites have experienced decreases in length of stay of more than two weeks for girls: Cape May (-26.4 days, -85.2%) and Monmouth (-20.3 days, -91.0%). Conversely, average length of stay for girls has increased by more than two weeks since JDAI implementation in Union (+34.3 days, +199.4%), Camden (+26.4 days, +172.5%), and Bergen (+18.3 days, +69.6%).

**TABLE 37. ADP OF GIRLS IN DETENTION**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				<i>Kids</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>Kids</i>	<i>%</i>
Atlantic	4.0	0.2	2.3	+2.1	+1050.0%	-1.7	-42.5%
Camden	15.4	4.7	3.4	-1.3	-27.7%	-12	-77.9%
Essex	20.0	1.5	4.8	+3.3	+220.0%	-15.2	-76.0%
Monmouth	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	-4.2	-100.0%
Hudson	6.7	0.9	1.2	+0.3	+33.3%	-5.5	-82.1%
Mercer	4.5	0.5	0.8	+0.3	+60.0%	-3.7	-82.2%
Union	0.9	0.2	0.5	+0.3	+150.0%	-0.4	-44.4%
Bergen	3.0	0.8	0.9	+0.1	+12.5%	-2.1	-70.0%
Burlington	4.0	0.3	0.2	-0.1	-33.3%	-3.8	-95.0%
Ocean	3.1	0.4	0.7	+0.3	+75.0%	-2.4	-77.4%
Somerset	1.2	0.0	0.6	+0.6	+100.0%	-0.6	-50.0%
Passaic	4.3	1.1	0.9	-0.2	-18.2%	-3.4	-79.1%
Middlesex	3.1	1.0	0.6	-0.4	-40.0%	-2.5	-80.6%
Cumberland	4.6	0.4	0.1	-0.3	-75.0%	-4.5	-97.8%
Warren	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	-0.2	-100.0%
Gloucester	0.3	0.3	0.1	-0.2	-66.7%	-0.2	-66.7%
Cape May	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	+100.0%	-0.5	-83.3%
Sussex	0.2	0.1	0.0	-0.1	-100.0%	-0.2	-100.0%
Salem	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	-0.5	-100.0%
Morris	0.5	0.0	0.2	+0.2	+100.0%	-0.3	-60.0%
Hunterdon	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>81.3</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>17.4</b>	<b>+5.0</b>	<b>+40.3%</b>	<b>-63.9</b>	<b>-78.6%</b>

**TABLE 38. GIRLS ADMITTED TO DETENTION**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Kids	%	Kids	%
Atlantic	67	13	8	-5	-38.5%	-59	-88.1%
Camden	376	40	27	-13	-32.5%	-349	-92.8%
Essex	335	48	36	-12	-25.0%	-299	-89.3%
Monmouth	76	4	1	-3	-75.0%	-75	-98.7%
Hudson	140	20	11	-9	-45.0%	-129	-92.1%
Mercer	104	14	12	-2	-14.3%	-92	-88.5%
Union	41	5	1	-4	-80.0%	-40	-97.6%
Bergen	43	9	8	-1	-11.1%	-35	-81.4%
Burlington	56	10	7	-3	-30.0%	-49	-87.5%
Ocean	47	11	7	-4	-36.4%	-40	-85.1%
Somerset	23	2	5	+3	+150.0%	-18	-78.3%
Passaic	72	8	6	-2	-25.0%	-66	-91.7%
Middlesex	67	9	13	+4	+44.4%	-54	-80.6%
Cumberland	72	7	5	-2	-28.6%	-67	-93.1%
Warren	5	0	1	>+1	+100.0%	-4	-80.0%
Gloucester	13	11	2	-9	-81.8%	-11	-84.6%
Cape May	7	2	5	+3	+150.0%	-2	-28.6%
Sussex	8	2	1	-1	-50.0%	-7	-87.5%
Salem	8	3	1	-2	-66.7%	-7	-87.5%
Morris	16	1	3	+2	+200.0%	-13	-81.3%
Hunterdon	1	0	0	0	0.0%	-1	-100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1577</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>-59</b>	<b>-26.9%</b>	<b>-1417</b>	<b>-89.9%</b>

**TABLE 39. % OF DETENTION ADMISSIONS COMPRISED OF GIRLS**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
				Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	14.3%	11.4%	11.6%	0.2	-2.7
Camden	22.4%	13.8%	11.5%	-2.3	-10.9
Essex	13.6%	12.4%	10.7%	-1.7	-2.9
Monmouth	15.0%	8.5%	2.8%	-5.7	-12.2
Hudson	11.5%	10.8%	6.6%	-4.2	-4.9
Mercer	12.1%	13.2%	15.8%	2.6	3.7
Union	7.6%	8.2%	1.4%	-6.8	-6.2
Bergen	17.3%	18.8%	22.2%	3.4	4.9
Burlington	19.7%	18.2%	13.0%	-5.2	-6.7
Ocean	19.6%	26.8%	26.9%	0.1	7.3
Somerset	18.3%	7.7%	26.3%	18.6	8.0
Passaic	8.7%	6.7%	6.8%	0.1	-1.9
Middlesex	14.9%	14.5%	20.0%	5.5	5.1
Cumberland	28.9%	17.5%	13.2%	-4.3	-15.7
Warren	16.1%	0.0%	9.1%	9.1	-7.0
Gloucester	13.1%	31.4%	8.7%	-22.7	-4.4
Cape May	25.9%	12.5%	31.3%	18.8	5.4
Sussex	21.1%	40.0%	50.0%	10.0	28.9
Salem	21.1%	15.8%	7.1%	-8.7	-14.0
Morris	25.0%	4.0%	13.0%	9.0	-12.0
Hunterdon	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-12.5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>12.9%</b>	<b>13.0%</b>	<b>11.3%</b>	<b>-1.7</b>	<b>-1.6</b>

**TABLE 40. AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS FOR GIRLS IN DETENTION**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	24.3	6.8	11.7	+4.9	+72.1%	-12.6	-51.9%
Camden	15.3	41.4	41.7	+0.3	+0.7%	+26.4	+172.5%
Essex	26.4	18.4	31.1	+12.7	+69.0%	+4.7	+17.8%
Monmouth	22.3	2.8	2.0	-0.8	-28.6%	-20.3	-91.0%
Hudson	15.6	13.3	6.6	-6.7	-50.4%	-9.0	-57.7%
Mercer	15.9	12.9	24.3	+11.4	+88.4%	+8.4	+52.8%
Union	17.2	12.6	51.5	+38.9	+308.7%	+34.3	+199.4%
Bergen	26.3	24.7	44.6	+19.9	+80.6%	+18.3	+69.6%
Burlington	26.2	14.4	29.7	+15.3	+106.3%	+3.5	+13.4%
Ocean	24.6	12.6	19.0	+6.4	+50.8%	-5.6	-22.8%
Somerset	21.0	7.5	34.2	+26.7	+356.0%	+13.2	+62.9%
Passaic	20.0	16.0	25.6	+9.6	+60.0%	+5.6	+28.0%
Middlesex	19.1	37.4	18.3	-19.1	-51.1%	-0.8	-4.2%
Cumberland	25.9	24.1	20.6	-3.5	-14.5%	-5.3	-20.5%
Warren	13.8	*	15.0	*	*	+1.2	+8.7%
Gloucester	7.4	10.7	20.5	+9.8	+91.6%	+13.1	+177.0%
Cape May	31.0	7.0	4.6	-2.4	-34.3%	-26.4	-85.2%
Sussex	8.0	18.3	*	*	*	*	*
Salem	13.6	37.0	5.0	-32.0	-86.5%	-8.6	-63.2%
Morris	16.6	9.0	14.5	+5.5	+61.1%	-2.1	-12.7%
Hunterdon	3.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
<b>SITE AVG</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>22.1</b>	<b>+4.9</b>	<b>+28.5%</b>	<b>+3.4</b>	<b>+18.2%</b>

## BEYOND DETENTION: INCARCERATION AS A DISPOSITION

While JDAI focuses on the pre-disposition detention system first and foremost, it does so with the understanding that improvements to the detention system can serve as a starting point for broader changes in the overall juvenile justice system. Research indicates that detained youth are more likely to be committed to state custody or otherwise incarcerated at the point of disposition than non-detained youth with similar charges and delinquency history. One measure of JDAI's broader influence, then, is the impact on the use of detention commitment programs and commitment to state custody as dispositions.

**Detention 60-Day Commitment Programs.**<sup>16</sup> N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-43(c) permits the court, under certain circumstances, to sentence a youth to a term of incarceration in a county youth detention center for a term not to exceed 60 consecutive days, provided the county has been approved by the Juvenile Justice Commission to operate a 60-day commitment program. In 2021, eleven JDAI sites operated – or contracted with counties that operated – detention centers with approved 60-day commitment programs.

Across the eleven JDAI sites<sup>17</sup> approved to utilize incarceration in a detention center as a disposition, just six youth were placed in detention as a disposition in 2021. These admissions occurred in Cumberland for a 4<sup>th</sup> degree offense, Somerset for a 3<sup>rd</sup> degree offense and Morris for two 2<sup>nd</sup> degree offenses and two 3<sup>rd</sup> degree offenses. Admissions decreased by (64.7%, -11 youth) when compared to 2020.

Given the extremely small number of youth admitted to detention commitment programs, the detailed tables regarding the commitment programs have been removed from this report. Should the number of youth committed to detention as a disposition increase substantially, those data tables will be reintroduced to this report. By way of comparison, for the full year of 2014, 165 youth were committed to detention commitment programs, and more recently, in 2019, 41 youth were committed.

**Commitments to State Custody with the JJC.** N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-44 permits the court, in certain circumstances, to sentence youth adjudicated delinquent to a term of incarceration with the Juvenile Justice Commission. Table 47 reports changes in commitments of youth to the Juvenile Justice Commission since JDAI implementation. Reduced reliance on detention pre-dispositionally has in fact led to reduced reliance on commitments to state custody as a disposition. Across sites, commitments to the JJC have decreased by -90.5%. Since the implementation of JDAI, reductions in commitments to the JJC of 95% or more have occurred in 11 sites (Bergen, Warren, Sussex, Hudson, Monmouth, Essex, Atlantic, Ocean, Cape May, Hunterdon and Union). Regarding one-year trends, six sites experienced an increase in JJC commitments between 2020 and 2021: Camden (+13 kids; +76.5%), Essex (+3 kids; +60.0%), Hudson (+3 kids; +150.0%), Cumberland (+2 kids; +100.0%), Gloucester (+1 kid; +100.0%) and Hunterdon (+1 kid; +100.0%).

**TABLE 41. COMMITMENTS TO STATE CUSTODY WITH THE JUVENILE JUSTICE COMMISSION UPON DISPOSITION**

	Pre-JDAI	2020	2021	1-Year Change		Pre-Post Change	
				<i>Kids</i>	%	<i>Kids</i>	%
Atlantic	45	2	2	0	0.0%	-43	-95.6%
Camden	378	17	30	+13	+76.5%	-348	-92.1%
Essex	121	5	8	+3	+60.0%	-113	-93.4%
Monmouth	34	1	1	0	0.0%	-33	-97.1%
Hudson	118	2	5	+3	+150.0%	-113	-95.8%
Mercer	67	14	6	-8	-57.1%	-61	-91.0%
Union	89	4	2	-2	-50.0%	-87	-97.8%
Bergen	14	0	0	0	0.0%	-14	-100.0%
Burlington	10	8	8	0	0.0%	-2	-20.0%
Ocean	23	3	1	-2	-66.7%	-22	-95.7%
Somerset	5	1	1	0	0.0%	-4	-80.0%
Passaic	53	24	21	-3	-12.5%	-32	-60.4%
Middlesex	51	15	8	-7	-46.7%	-43	-84.3%
Cumberland	24	2	4	+2	+100.0%	-20	-83.3%
Warren	2	0	0	0	0.0%	-2	-100.0%
Gloucester	3	0	1	+1	+100.0%	-2	-66.7%
Cape May	1	3	0	-3	-100.0%	-1	-100.0%
Sussex	1	0	0	0	0.0%	-1	-100.0%
Salem	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Morris	4	1	0	-1	-100.0%	-4	-100.0%
Hunterdon	0	0	1	+1	100.0%	>+1	100.0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1043</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>-2.9%</b>	<b>-944</b>	<b>-90.5%</b>

**TABLE 42. 2021 MONTHLY DETENTION ADP, BY SITE**

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
ESX	51.5	44.5	46.3	40.0	46.8	54.4	51.4	51.9	50.7	59.4	60.9	64.9	52.2
CAM	31.8	36.6	32.6	34.7	39.3	42.6	39.2	36.9	38.6	42.2	38.1	29.3	36.8
PASC	26.7	27.7	27.0	27.6	22.8	29.8	25.2	25.0	24.2	20.7	21.2	20.8	24.8
HUD	20.0	23.8	17.9	21.1	19.7	18.0	18.9	16.0	14.9	16.5	14.8	11.7	17.8
MIDSX	10.0	10.1	9.5	9.9	11.7	12.8	10.4	13.9	13.4	12.9	13.4	15.9	12.0
ATL	10.5	12.3	11.3	9.4	10.1	8.1	9.2	11.6	14.2	16.2	18.9	17.8	12.5
UNI	7.5	6.9	6.1	7.1	9.5	11.4	12.4	11.2	7.4	7.4	14.4	17.8	9.9
MON	8.4	9.7	10.3	9.0	8.8	8.3	8.3	7.5	6.8	7.0	8.1	10.0	8.5
OCE	8.6	8.9	8.4	9.2	8.6	9.0	7.6	8.2	6.0	8.9	10.6	9.7	8.6
MER	8.4	8.3	12.6	7.6	7.9	9.1	8.3	7.3	8.3	7.1	6.4	8.9	8.1
CUMB	10.5	6.1	6.1	7.0	6.1	5.3	5.4	5.9	3.6	3.0	4.1	3.9	5.6
BURL	5.4	7.1	6.4	6.5	5.8	6.8	5.4	0.6	2.7	4.9	5.4	4.8	3.6
BERG	6.5	5.2	3.1	4.5	3.2	3.0	3.3	4.1	3.7	2.2	2.7	4.4	2.7
SOM	2.9	1.9	2.5	2.6	3.5	4.7	6.1	3.2	4.4	5.0	4.0	3.8	3.8
GLO	3.5	1.7	3.0	2.2	2.7	2.5	3.4	4.0	4.0	5.1	4.1	2.0	3.2
MOR	0.6	1.1	0.1	0.4	4.1	3.2	1.7	1.7	3.7	3.3	1.5	1.0	1.9
CAPE	1.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	2.6	2.4	2.1	2.7	1.2	1.1	1.8	2.1	1.5
WAR	0.6	1.4	2.0	1.7	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.8	1.3	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.9
SUSX	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9
HUN	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.0	0.8
SAL	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.1	1.7	2.0	2.0	0.5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>214.5</b>	<b>213.9</b>	<b>207.6</b>	<b>202.7</b>	<b>216.0</b>	<b>235.2</b>	<b>220.3</b>	<b>214.7</b>	<b>211.2</b>	<b>226.8</b>	<b>234.2</b>	<b>233.0</b>	<b>216.6</b>

**TABLE 43. 2021 MONTHLY DETENTION ALTERNATIVE ADP, BY SITE**

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
ESX	68.0	80.0	40.0	55.0	51.5	56.5	52.5	52.2	64.9	69.3	73.4	74.9	61.3
CAM	57.5	56.0	51.8	43.4	35.0	31.4	30.6	28.7	30.1	45.7	48.2	33.7	40.9
HUD	20.0	18.0	15.0	20.0	15.2	19.7	20.2	20.1	24.2	22.1	22.7	21.8	19.9
PASC	14.0	16.0	13.0	12.0	18.4	19.5	23.9	22.6	10.1	13.4	13.2	15.1	16.0
BERG	20.9	23.0	15.8	13.8	13.8	11.9	9.6	10.2	10.0	12.3	11.7	12.9	13.8
ATL	9.8	6.7	7.9	10.2	11.3	14.1	7.9	6.6	5.5	5.5	8.3	8.6	8.5
BURL	8.3	9.7	12.4	7.9	4.2	2.9	4.6	7.4	9.5	5.3	13.4	16.1	8.5
CUMB	6.0	8.4	8.2	8.8	10.9	10.2	3.5	2.8	5.5	5.4	6.8	8.0	7.0
MIDSX	8.7	10.5	10.4	9.0	5.2	1.7	2.0	2.6	4.9	6.0	8.4	11.5	6.7
MON	8.4	6.9	5.4	4.5	3.7	4.8	3.7	3.5	5.3	6.8	6.2	5.9	5.4
MER	8.1	5.6	7.1	3.4	2.6	2.6	3.0	2.2	1.9	7.8	4.6	1.8	4.2
UNI	6.0	6.0	5.0	2.4	4.5	6.4	4.5	2.8	1.3	2.0	1.6	3.9	3.9
SOM	2.0	2.0	3.9	5.8	4.7	4.0	5.0	5.2	3.0	1.7	0.4	1.0	3.2
CAPE	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	2.8	3.1	1.3	0.8	2.0	3.1	3.9	3.2	2.7
GLO	5.2	3.6	3.8	2.2	0.6	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.9	0.9	2.5	3.0	2.5
MORRIS	1.8	2.3	2.0	1.0	2.0	3.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.3	3.3	1.4	2.0
OCE	1.4	1.0	0.5	1.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	2.6	4.9	3.2	3.6	5.5	2.0
SAL	2.8	1.1	1.5	1.9	1.6	1.7	0.6	0.0	1.6	1.4	3.0	3.8	1.8
SUSX	1.5	0.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.3	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.3	3.0	3.4	1.6
WAR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	0.1	0.0	0.7
HUN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>250.4</b>	<b>257.4</b>	<b>204.2</b>	<b>203.3</b>	<b>189.9</b>	<b>198.5</b>	<b>180.3</b>	<b>177.9</b>	<b>192.3</b>	<b>218.3</b>	<b>238.3</b>	<b>235.5</b>	<b>212.6</b>

**TABLE 44. 2021 MONTHLY DETENTION ADMISSIONS, BY SITE**

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
ESX	24	23	16	21	28	42	38	25	23	34	42	22	338
CAM	20	18	15	19	31	20	22	16	20	28	13	12	234
HUD	17	10	14	22	13	12	19	9	17	13	7	14	167
PASC	8	9	8	6	4	11	5	12	5	6	9	5	88
MER	2	6	16	4	5	8	4	5	7	8	2	9	76
UNI	6	5	2	3	14	7	11	4	5	4	8	5	74
ATL	6	6	6	5	9	4	6	5	5	5	7	5	69
MIDSX	6	3	7	5	9	1	6	7	5	3	8	5	65
BURL	5	8	7	0	5	4	4	3	1	7	2	8	54
CUMB	4	2	1	7	2	6	3	1	1	5	1	5	38
BERG	2	4	3	5	1	8	3	2	0	1	1	6	36
MON	4	4	3	1	3	2	2	2	4	5	1	5	36
OCE	3	0	0	2	1	1	0	5	3	6	2	3	26
MOR	4	2	0	1	7	0	0	4	3	2	0	0	23
GLO	1	1	3	1	2	2	4	0	0	6	2	1	23
SOM	0	0	2	1	1	3	2	2	5	0	1	2	19
CAPE	1	0	1	2	0	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	16
SAL	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	2	2	2	2	14
WAR	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	11
HUN	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
SUSX	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>1411</b>

**TABLE 45. 2021 MONTHLY DETENTION ALTERNATIVE ADMISSIONS, BY SITE**

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
ESX	28	12	18	24	23	35	28	26	32	30	29	35	320
CAM	21	19	19	15	20	23	10	18	21	25	19	18	228
HUD	12	8	8	14	8	14	16	12	16	9	7	5	129
PASC	10	7	4	8	3	10	11	6	6	9	1	6	81
BERG	8	9	5	4	1	6	1	3	9	6	7	8	67
MER	10	0	12	1	2	5	6	2	5	15	3	3	64
BURL	1	8	2	1	2	1	5	5	4	5	9	10	53
ATL	4	4	5	3	7	3	0	6	3	4	3	5	47
UNI	9	2	2	2	6	7	2	2	2	0	1	4	39
CUMB	3	3	1	4	2	4	1	2	2	4	2	2	30
MIDSX	7	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	4	0	5	5	26
MON	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	18
OCE	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	2	1	3	1	14
SAL	1	1	1	0	1	2	0	0	2	1	2	3	14
MORRIS	3	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	12
SOM	0	0	4	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	1	0	11
GLO	1	1	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	2	1	0	10
CAPE	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	4	1	1	10
SUSX	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	5
WAR	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
HUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>1180</b>

**TABLE 46. 2021 4-MONTH DETENTION ALOS, BY SITE (IN DAYS)**

	Jan-Apr	May-Aug	Sep-Dec	TOTAL
HUN	*	128.0	166.0	147.0
OCE	164.8	83.7	22.4	121.2
MIDSX	147.4	56.2	123.1	108.5
MON	25.6	173.3	46.9	81.9
CAM	42.6	75.8	49.7	57.2
SOM	118.3	36.3	44.9	45.5
CUMB	19.1	67.6	30.6	41.8
BURL	32.8	59.2	30.8	41.5
PAS	60.2	36.2	6.0	41.1
MER	35.4	59.5	25.9	38.9
ESX	33.2	33.5	37.9	34.9
WAR	44.7	29.7	12.0	32.7
BERG	35.6	29.0	12.0	28.8
ATL	22.3	36.4	26.6	28.5
UNI	42.8	11.2	26.6	28.2
GLO	24.6	2.5	41.2	26.7
MORRIS	8.7	6.5	30.1	26.3
HUD	26.7	21.2	19.2	22.5
CAPE	35.0	5.0	24.0	19.5
SAL	6.0	2.0	24.9	6.1
SUSX	*	35.9	23.7	2.0
<b>Site Avg</b>	<b>48.7</b>	<b>45.5</b>	<b>39.3</b>	<b>46.7</b>

**TABLE 47. 2021 4-MONTH DETENTION ALTERNATIVE ALOS, BY SITE (IN DAYS)**

	Jan-Apr	May-Aug	Sep-Dec	TOTAL
WAR	*	*	136.0	136.0
SUSX	180.5	36.0	*	133.0
MON	137.7	169.8	93.8	131.3
SAL	125.1	101.2	134.6	119.1
MIDSX	96.5	191.6	57.5	114.3
CUMB	144.7	124.3	81.9	109.1
GLO	112.6	46.0	81.5	93.9
ESX	73.0	55.1	103.4	77.4
ATL	62.8	74.2	72.8	69.3
CAM	59.2	75.4	66.2	66.8
BURL	81.8	67.2	54.7	66.6
BERG	67.7	69.4	58.7	65.3
SOM	26.0	61.3	86.3	65.3
MER	59.2	66.2	61.7	62.3
PASC	58.6	60.7	59.5	58.0
MORRIS	34.2	74.3	57.8	57.5
UNI	54.4	58.1	51.5	55.7
OCE	98.0	36.0	41.6	52.9
HUD	48.0	51.3	57.3	52.8
CAPE	*	83.8	25.3	52.6
HUN	*	*	*	*
<b>Site Avg</b>	<b>84.1</b>	<b>78.9</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>82.0</b>

**TABLE 48. 2021 STATEWIDE DETENTION CAPACITY & UTILIZATION**

<b>Detention Center<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Total 2021 (YTD) ADP<sup>b</sup> In Detention Center</b>	<b>Approved Capacity<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>ADP as % of Capacity</b>	<b>Has Been Approved for a Commitment Program?</b>	<b>Multi-Jurisdiction Facility?</b>
Atlantic	19.6	27	72.6%		X
Bergen	8.9	20	44.5%	X	X
Camden	40.0	61	65.6%		X
Essex	104.6	242	43.2%		X
Middlesex	37.7	100	37.7%	X	X
Morris	7.8	43	18.1%	X	X
Ocean	8.6	30	28.7%	X	<sup>d</sup> X
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>227.2</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>43.4%</b>	<b>4 Programs</b>	<b>7 Multi-Jurisdiction</b>

<sup>a</sup> The focus of this table is the “detention center” and not the “county,” so population figures reflect all youth in the facility listed, regardless of sending county/county of residence. This table includes all detention centers operational as of January 1, 2021.

<sup>b</sup> Average daily population in this table includes all youth in the building, including those in post-disposition detention commitment programs and federal holds (where applicable).

<sup>c</sup> “Capacity” refers to JJC approved capacity in an operational facility. NOTE: not all facilities are presently staffed for full capacity, i.e., some facilities that have populations well-below approved capacity are staffed to accommodate the actual, lower population.

<sup>d</sup> Ocean houses youth on committed status from Cumberland.

TABLE 49. ATLANTIC ANNUAL TRENDS

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 03	34.1	89.7%	11.7%	47	39.1	84.6%	14.3%	28.9	34.2%	15.5%	29.6	24.3	19.0	31.0	33.4
04	30.5	90.5%	14.4%	44	37.3	84.1%	20.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	30.4	91.5%	11.3%	45	36.1	87.8%	16.4%	27.9	33.8%	16.3%	29.1	21.3	25.3	29.2	25.6
06	24.8	89.1%	4.8%	43	34.4	85.5%	15.7%	21.8	40.0%	11.7%	24.0	7.3	17.0	23.2	21.3
07	30.3	93.9%	10.5%	43	36.8	90.2%	12.9%	24.0	40.5%	13.1%	24.8	19.5	15.5	26.5	16.4
08	24.4	88.2%	11.0%	39	27.9	83.9%	11.3%	28.4	29.6%	17.2%	29.0	23.3	20.7	30.4	24.7
09	16.3	88.3%	14.0%	26	22.0	86.7%	17.4%	23.4	42.5%	13.0%	24.5	17.9	21.4	23.3	28.1
10	19.4	91.0%	11.6%	32	18.8	89.4%	11.5%	28.5	40.4%	18.3%	28.4	29.0	14.1	29.7	31.5
11	18.3	97.9%	6.7%	30	13.1	91.1%	11.5%	39.8	39.4%	29.1%	41.4	28.3	35.1	40.1	45.2
12	13.8	95.6%	1.7%	21	13.2	92.4%	7.0%	34.8	34.4%	21.2%	36.9	8.7	9.9	40.5	19.8
13	15.2	91.4%	6.3%	21	11.4	84.7%	12.4%	39.3	38.7%	27.0%	42.1	17.9	20.1	51.6	15.6
14	15.2	93.8%	5.1%	22	11.3	88.1%	13.3%	42.9	42.2%	27.4%	46.6	20.2	25.7	45.5	45.0
15	10.5	98.6%	3.0%	21	11.2	92.5%	11.2%	23.8	51.9%	12.6%	25.0	10.2	4.6	24.1	33.9
16	10.8	97.3%	1.9%	19	9.8	87.2%	5.1%	21.9	72.7%	9.1%	23.3	8.0	1.0	21.7	52.0
17	9.2	96.3%	0.1%	15	8.5	86.3%	2.9%	49.1	61.0%	16.2%	42.0	228.0	11.0	26.5	25.7
18	5.8	84.8%	0.4%	11	8.8	94.3%	3.8%	17.6	67.0%	5.2%	10.2	154.8	6.3	20.7	6.4
19	11.2	85.4%	1.5%	17	11.0	96.2%	3.0%	32.7	56.3%	8.7%	33.2	15.8	138.6	24.4	29.9
20	9.7	96.4%	2.2%	15	9.5	94.7%	11.4%	27.9	48.3%	12.5%	30.4	6.8	10.3	18.5	72.0
21	12.5	98.4%	2.3%	22	5.8	94.2%	11.6%	28.5	56.3%	14.1%	30.5	11.7	1.3	35.6	5.8
ATD 03	21.0	81.2%	6.4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
04	19.6	83.2%	14.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	24.7	86.8%	15.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
06	26.3	86.6%	15.4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
07	23.5	88.9%	11.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
08	22.3	83.4%	10.1%	-	16.8	82.7%	9.9%	39.9	5.9%	17.6%	40.0	38.8	41.8	39.8	39.4
09	22.4	79.5%	14.7%	-	17.7	86.3%	16.0%	38.7	9.2%	18.4%	40.2	32.0	48.1	37.4	36.0
10	20.3	88.8%	8.3%	-	12.3	85.7%	8.2%	45.3	5.5%	24.8%	46.7	28.9	39.7	45.0	47.0
11	16.6	87.5%	7.7%	-	9.5	82.5%	9.6%	52.5	9.6%	38.3%	52.4	54.1	38.1	57.1	50.3
12	18.8	89.7%	5.5%	-	9.9	89.9%	5.0%	62.3	3.7%	42.2%	62.1	67.2	70.4	60.7	66.6
13	14.8	81.4%	17.3%	-	9.3	82.9%	14.4%	48.8	9.5%	31.4%	50.6	34.8	42.5	56.5	33.8
14	12.2	83.2%	12.1%	-	8.4	88.1%	18.8%	49.1	12.0%	24.1%	42.8	39.4	59.5	40.2	37.0
15	15.0	91.7%	3.0%	-	10.0	89.2%	7.5%	44.6	14.7%	31.4%	45.2	36.6	32.8	40.7	57.1
16	21.1	84.5%	0.2%	-	7.8	87.1%	3.2%	70.9	0.0%	53.6%	73.3	6.0	76.2	66.5	79.5
17	12.2	93.8%	4.4%	-	6.7	88.9%	3.7%	53.4	7.1%	38.1%	53.5	51.2	37.9	56.0	48.4
18	8.9	93.9%	3.6%	-	7.5	94.4%	5.6%	38.7	8.2%	21.2%	39.9	14.3	50.0	35.3	57.3
19	11.6	94.4%	5.0%	-	9.3	93.9%	5.3%	38.6	16.4%	17.3%	38.9	33.3	33.5	36.8	42.9
20	10.7	97.8%	1.9%	-	6.3	96.0%	4.0%	54.7	10.1%	32.9%	55.6	36.3	36.7	52.9	65.9
21	8.5	87.8%	18.5%	-	3.9	87.2%	14.9%	69.3	5.6%	33.3%	72.4	47.5	74.3	68.7	67.7

TABLE 50. CAMDEN ANNUAL TRENDS

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 03	94.6	84.5%	16.3%	131	139.9	79.5%	22.4%	21.3	34.5%	6.5%	23.0	15.3	15.3	22.4	23.6
04	78.9	85.5%	13.1%	113	134.5	80.4%	18.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	61.5	84.7%	8.9%	82	107.4	83.7%	13.7%	18.5	37.8%	5.7%	19.5	12.3	16.6	19.3	18.2
06	47.6	85.7%	9.0%	68	87.4	85.5%	13.0%	17.4	38.7%	5.3%	18.1	12.2	18.2	17.1	17.7
07	44.7	89.2%	6.5%	72	66.6	90.4%	12.3%	20.1	38.8%	7.2%	21.2	12.1	21.0	19.5	21.7
08	49.9	89.5%	8.0%	65	54.6	89.5%	12.4%	28.7	37.0%	13.8%	30.2	18.8	30.1	29.7	24.7
09	46.7	91.9%	9.2%	61	44.6	86.5%	15.0%	32.9	31.8%	19.9%	35.0	20.5	22.9	35.6	31.2
10	41.2	88.2%	16.1%	55	41.8	82.9%	13.9%	31.6	31.7%	17.1%	31.2	33.6	22.2	34.9	30.6
11	40.4	89.3%	9.3%	50	32.3	85.8%	11.9%	38.2	24.2%	23.7%	38.7	35.1	26.8	40.2	41.8
12	39.8	85.0%	7.5%	53	32.8	81.5%	10.9%	37.9	24.3%	23.8%	39.5	24.4	29.4	37.6	46.0
13	43.5	86.4%	9.7%	56	34.8	83.5%	10.6%	38.0	25.7%	24.7%	38.3	36.0	31.9	36.3	48.2
14	48.5	90.0%	11.2%	61	37.2	85.4%	14.8%	41.1	26.8%	25.1%	43.1	28.5	30.0	42.6	46.3
15	31.8	88.0%	14.6%	46	29.7	84.3%	16.6%	33.5	33.2%	18.7%	34.2	30.2	26.0	33.7	39.2
16	36.7	88.4%	14.9%	43	26.5	79.2%	12.3%	36.8	39.0%	22.0%	35.7	44.5	17.6	39.6	46.4
17	35.5	88.4%	16.0%	47	29.8	86.6%	17.3%	38.0	39.7%	23.1%	34.0	32.4	35.7	38.2	38.4
18	35.5	91.3%	9.2%	54	26.0	90.1%	11.2%	35.9	40.9%	19.8%	36.4	32.2	36.8	39.3	25.2
19	33.0	87.3%	15.0%	41	30.5	86.9%	20.5%	35.7	33.2%	19.1%	38.0	25.8	23.7	40.1	28.3
20	35.1	89.4%	13.5%	42	24.2	92.1%	13.8%	41.8	42.4%	23.7%	41.8	41.4	51.2	40.2	43.0
21	36.8	96.2%	9.2%	43	19.5	91.0%	11.5%	57.2	44.9%	29.7%	59.2	41.7	46.3	59.4	58.7
ATD 09	53.3	83.3%	19.5%	-	41.4	82.9%	20.1%	37.5	11.3%	20.6%	38.6	32.6	36.6	37.1	39.3
10	39.8	80.7%	14.0%	-	37.7	80.3%	16.8%	32.4	14.1%	14.1%	32.1	33.7	28.2	34.8	29.7
11	41.1	81.3%	19.0%	-	34.7	79.3%	19.7%	36.0	9.8%	20.2%	37.2	31.2	33.1	32.6	49.3
12	36.9	78.9%	17.9%	-	31.1	81.2%	18.0%	35.1	9.1%	17.7%	34.9	36.2	38.9	33.7	36.2
13	38.3	78.2%	10.9%	-	29.8	79.3%	12.3%	40.3	7.3%	20.5%	41.1	34.7	40.6	42.1	32.6
14	42.9	83.1%	19.3%	-	30.0	83.1%	18.9%	42.7	12.4%	22.7%	42.3	44.4	43.9	44.5	35.0
15	35.9	75.8%	11.7%	-	31.5	81.7%	18.3%	39.1	11.6%	18.0%	33.3	23.5	47.9	24.9	30.5
16	33.6	78.1%	17.1%	-	34.7	78.4%	15.8%	25.1	16.3%	7.6%	24.2	31.6	23.4	24.7	26.2
17	45.1	74.7%	15.8%	-	37.2	83.4%	16.1%	35.3	11.4%	19.2%	35.9	32.2	37.4	32.4	44.2
18	35.5	89.5%	16.8%	-	28.0	90.5%	15.8%	38.2	8.3%	19.7%	38.4	37.4	44.8	38.8	32.3
19	37.8	86.7%	12.9%	-	33.6	87.1%	20.8%	27.3	9.5%	16.5%	28.3	23.0	27.7	26.4	29.3
20	41.9	86.5%	12.6%	-	24.3	86.3%	15.4%	55.6	7.7%	35.1%	57.0	49.8	52.6	55.1	59.6
21	40.9	80.4%	12.8%	-	19.0	87.7%	13.6%	66.8	7.1%	42.9%	64.7	82.1	105.7	56.2	69.3

TABLE 51. ESSEX ANNUAL TRENDS

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 03	243.6	99.6%	8.2%	308	205.0	98.5%	13.6%	38.5	43.4%	21.2%	40.3	26.4	12.9	40.8	26.8
04	171.0	99.5%	6.5%	224	167.8	97.8%	12.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	138.5	99.6%	5.6%	191	155.9	98.1%	12.6%	30.0	51.9%	17.9%	32.2	12.6	12.9	30.8	26.3
06	115.1	99.1%	6.4%	156	178.7	97.7%	10.1%	20.6	55.2%	11.8%	21.4	13.3	13.1	20.9	19.9
07	128.6	98.9%	4.1%	151	166.2	97.4%	8.6%	22.9	54.4%	14.3%	24.1	11.1	14.1	23.8	17.5
08	114.7	98.7%	6.6%	132	123.3	97.7%	9.9%	27.6	49.3%	16.7%	28.5	18.9	11.5	28.1	26.3
09	113.2	99.7%	5.7%	142	107.8	98.6%	9.5%	33.0	49.9%	20.0%	34.6	17.1	7.9	32.7	40.2
10	100.0	99.5%	7.3%	117	99.3	98.6%	11.0%	30.9	50.8%	18.0%	31.3	27.7	12.3	30.7	38.8
11	79.0	99.2%	4.5%	102	76.6	98.9%	8.4%	35.5	53.1%	16.9%	37.1	18.1	26.9	36.0	30.9
12	70.6	99.8%	3.2%	91	72.8	98.5%	10.1%	28.6	58.5%	16.6%	30.9	7.0	4.4	30.0	18.3
13	73.6	99.9%	5.4%	105	73.5	98.9%	12.6%	28.1	60.1%	13.9%	30.0	15.2	4.9	28.7	25.0
14	83.0	99.5%	5.0%	105	62.8	99.2%	12.9%	39.7	52.0%	20.4%	43.0	17.3	13.4	41.6	24.9
15	81.7	99.4%	3.7%	104	58.6	99.0%	11.0%	39.8	50.2%	20.7%	42.7	16.2	2.2	41.8	19.8
16	71.4	100.0%	3.5%	83	42.8	98.8%	14.6%	52.2	51.0%	19.7%	52.6	49.6	1.5	55.5	22.4
17	41.0	99.9%	2.4%	65	41.5	98.2%	11.0%	36.5	50.1%	12.7%	40.3	5.5	2.7	40.0	13.2
18	43.3	99.3%	4.9%	59	41.1	98.4%	11.0%	30.4	47.8%	10.9%	33.1	6.6	4.3	33.3	14.4
19	38.6	99.8%	5.1%	60	36.9	99.1%	11.7%	23.8	49.3%	8.0%	26.0	7.9	30.8	24.3	19.1
20	41.0	99.5%	3.7%	55	32.3	98.4%	21.4%	27.8	38.0%	13.4%	29.1	18.4	8.9	28.8	24.7
21	52.5	99.9%	9.2%	75	28.2	99.1%	10.7%	34.9	44.6%	16.6%	35.4	31.2	5.3	35.2	35.6
ATD 06	97.6	-	-	-	64.9	98.1%	-	39.7	3.5%	20.0%	40.2	33.0	20.0	40.1	39.5
07	125.3	-	-	-	82.1	98.2%	7.2%	37.7	7.9%	18.9%	37.8	35.5	23.2	37.4	42.4
08	105.7	95.6%	10.8%	-	82.3	98.2%	9.4%	40.9	2.7%	20.7%	41.0	41.0	31.6	39.6	50.3
09	125.3	93.0%	10.2%	-	87.8	98.5%	8.6%	42.9	2.4%	24.0%	42.6	45.7	37.3	42.8	44.1
10	115.2	93.8%	6.8%	-	84.8	97.4%	10.0%	40.2	3.2%	20.3%	40.4	38.5	37.0	40.3	39.6
11	96.1	99.0%	9.3%	-	59.9	98.5%	9.9%	41.9	2.0%	22.3%	42.7	35.1	56.3	41.6	43.2
12	89.8	95.8%	10.1%	-	58.1	98.3%	9.9%	42.9	2.8%	20.5%	43.8	33.3	56.0	42.2	46.8
13	89.8	97.4%	10.0%	-	53.2	99.1%	13.8%	45.2	5.7%	24.7%	45.5	44.0	44.1	44.5	52.0
14	71.3	94.7%	13.8%	-	46.3	98.6%	12.6%	46.0	3.8%	24.5%	46.3	44.2	64.6	45.9	44.9
15	66.4	94.4%	11.2%	-	43.6	98.9%	12.6%	46.7	18.6%	81.4%	47.7	41.1	23.3	47.1	46.0
16	61.9	98.9%	9.0%	-	41.0	97.0%	15.2%	43.0	13.9%	16.3%	45.9	26.3	21.3	43.5	48.2
17	46.1	97.7%	7.4%	-	35.3	96.9%	10.8%	41.3	11.4%	20.4%	43.6	25.0	39.0	40.8	50.9
18	48.3	99.0%	4.7%	-	38.6	98.5%	11.0%	42.2	11.0%	20.0%	42.2	26.4	31.0	39.3	50.5
19	52.6	97.2%	2.3%	-	42.6	98.0%	10.0%	34.9	9.6%	16.2%	35.5	30.9	47.7	34.1	40.0
20	56.3	95.2%	8.4%	-	33.7	97.5%	10.6%	70.4	5.1%	46.7%	72.4	54.5	70.5	71.3	63.2
21	61.3	98.3%	8.1%	-	26.7	99.1%	9.1%	77.4	7.3%	41.9%	80.4	43.4	69.6	78.4	67.4

TABLE 52. MONMOUTH ANNUAL TRENDS

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 03	40.0	74.5%	10.5%	50	42.3	62.7%	15.0%	30.3	27.5%	15.8%	31.7	22.3	22.1	34.7	37.4
04	39.5	69.6%	11.9%	54	47.4	64.0%	13.7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	24.9	80.4%	15.4%	36	33.9	69.8%	16.7%	23.9	34.6%	10.7%	24.3	21.8	18.2	27.8	19.9
06	22.2	80.6%	13.8%	37	33.8	72.7%	17.7%	19.6	33.8%	7.1%	20.3	16.2	13.3	21.2	29.8
07	21.8	84.3%	12.7%	31	28.3	76.8%	14.7%	23.5	41.1%	11.3%	24.3	18.9	15.8	27.6	19.8
08	27.9	90.9%	4.5%	44	23.8	80.1%	14.0%	30.6	35.6%	16.4%	33.7	12.8	17.1	34.5	45.1
09	25.7	90.4%	6.9%	40	22.6	79.3%	13.8%	37.5	30.1%	20.1%	40.3	17.4	17.2	43.5	37.5
10	18.6	83.8%	7.9%	28	15.1	71.8%	14.4%	37.2	31.4%	22.9%	40.2	20.5	17.8	42.3	66.4
11	12.2	84.1%	9.0%	22	11.3	73.3%	12.6%	29.2	27.9%	17.6%	30.1	22.6	19.9	31.8	41.3
12	8.5	81.4%	9.6%	16	8.0	76.0%	20.8%	37.0	28.6%	21.4%	42.5	15.7	20.5	41.3	75.4
13	11.2	85.3%	2.0%	21	8.3	71.0%	14.0%	40.2	36.1%	26.8%	45.7	5.3	20.1	48.9	33.9
14	6.8	83.6%	1.2%	16	8.4	79.2%	5.9%	26.5	46.0%	13.0%	27.8	6.2	22.6	22.7	51.3
15	8.5	85.8%	3.3%	14	6.0	73.6%	6.9%	23.8	47.9%	13.7%	23.9	21.4	22.2	27.7	19.3
16	9.2	93.0%	0.5%	13	8.0	90.6%	6.3%	35.8	48.3%	10.3%	38.2	3.0	37.0	43.5	12.0
17	5.7	93.1%	3.8%	11	7.3	87.4%	8.0%	24.4	46.4%	14.3%	25.5	12.2	11.4	18.3	55.3
18	9.4	83.7%	5.3%	16	6.4	85.7%	14.3%	33.0	42.5%	18.8%	35.4	18.0	19.5	40.9	7.8
19	6.2	83.5%	3.3%	10	5.7	92.6%	11.8%	12.5	65.0%	6.7%	13.5	5.5	2.0	14.4	11.3
20	8.3	87.5%	0.3%	12	3.9	91.5%	8.5%	20.3	57.8%	11.1%	22.0	2.8	4.0	19.9	30.1
21	8.5	87.9%	0.0%	12	3.0	97.2%	2.8%	81.9	45.5%	15.2%	84.4	2.0	*	90.8	17.5
ATD 03	11.4	57.0%	7.9%	-	5.9	59.2%	9.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
04	11.6	63.8%	15.5%	-	6.0	68.1%	12.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	7.7	68.8%	3.9%	-	6.0	73.6%	5.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
06	13.6	75.0%	14.0%	-	9.1	72.5%	13.8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
07	25.0	73.1%	11.0%	-	15.8	84.1%	11.1%	50.7	1.5%	24.6%	50.5	51.5	44.8	53.5	56.5
08	15.5	72.4%	8.1%	-	11.9	72.7%	11.2%	38.9	4.0%	22.5%	39.7	30.9	43.8	36.7	35.8
09	19.8	73.1%	5.8%	-	12.7	70.4%	7.2%	39.8	1.4%	17.4%	41.0	26.0	29.8	45.0	37.7
10	11.1	57.2%	7.9%	-	7.4	55.1%	10.1%	49.6	6.7%	22.5%	52.5	20.8	50.4	42.4	108.2
11	9.9	65.4%	12.7%	-	7.8	66.0%	11.7%	41.1	4.5%	22.5%	40.0	50.9	44.6	38.6	53.7
12	7.6	65.1%	24.2%	-	5.3	65.1%	30.2%	42.2	3.0%	24.2%	44.5	37.0	43.1	38.9	66.3
13	8.3	69.7%	5.1%	-	6.2	71.6%	10.8%	49.0	9.2%	34.2%	51.2	32.0	51.8	47.8	51.8
14	12.3	80.6%	6.4%	-	5.5	89.4%	10.6%	59.6	1.9%	39.6%	60.6	50.0	70.8	57.6	57.8
15	10.5	73.2%	7.0%	-	5.6	79.4%	8.8%	59.3	6.3%	34.4%	62.0	28.0	74.8	58.2	42.2
16	9.0	84.4%	7.3%	-	6.3	96.0%	16.0%	52.4	3.4%	17.2%	47.5	119.0	36.7	39.3	81.3
17	8.2	92.1%	12.9%	-	5.4	89.2%	15.4%	45.4	10.5%	26.3%	47.4	33.6	30.5	51.1	26.8
18	5.9	82.1%	6.6%	-	2.8	73.8%	4.7%	55.5	0.0%	37.2%	54.6	75.8	60.9	51.0	61.6
19	5.4	81.3%	15.9%	-	4.2	92.0%	14.0%	40.9	10.6%	27.6%	45.6	83.5	26.0	56.4	28.5
20	10.5	72.8%	15.9%	-	2.3	74.2%	9.7%	89.0	16.7%	83.3%	153.4	99.0	99.0	153.4	*
21	5.4	88.0%	2.0%	-	1.2	89.0%	0.0%	131.3	0.0%	50.0%	121.0	337.0	260.5	100.8	*

TABLE 53. HUDSON ANNUAL TRENDS

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 03	86.7	95.1%	7.7%	116	101.8	93.9%	11.5%	28.9	43.9%	17.7%	30.6	15.6	15.8	34.9	22.5
04	79.2	94.6%	9.2%	112	105.8	94.1%	10.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	66.2	95.7%	5.8%	94	86.3	95.0%	8.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
06	74.3	96.9%	4.6%	102	83.4	96.9%	7.1%	28.0	57.4%	15.9%	28.4	22.2	27.3	32.6	22.4
07	63.1	98.4%	3.7%	97	83.4	96.4%	9.7%	23.3	66.8%	14.2%	24.6	10.5	8.9	29.3	16.2
08	60.8	97.8%	5.6%	86	78.9	95.6%	10.7%	24.4	61.5%	11.2%	25.6	14.1	10.8	34.2	12.2
09	62.3	98.9%	7.2%	84	51.3	95.1%	14.9%	32.6	50.1%	18.2%	35.6	15.6	9.1	40.0	23.5
10	39.3	96.2%	6.1%	55	39.8	94.8%	11.9%	29.6	55.4%	14.3%	30.5	23.0	8.3	38.4	19.8
11	38.4	95.9%	5.4%	62	43.6	95.8%	12.2%	28.5	58.4%	12.9%	31.3	10.1	36.0	32.4	19.5
12	43.1	96.7%	7.2%	56	40.6	95.5%	10.1%	38.2	41.7%	16.1%	40.0	22.0	20.9	40.5	37.1
13	30.4	98.0%	8.6%	43	37.0	98.4%	13.0%	29.8	52.5%	13.7%	31.8	15.5	31.7	36.2	22.8
14	30.2	97.4%	7.4%	44	28.4	97.1%	11.4%	34.6	44.0%	16.8%	36.3	21.3	25.2	42.8	22.6
15	28.0	94.8%	6.9%	37	22.9	96.4%	7.3%	41.5	35.8%	25.5%	42.0	36.8	41.8	40.9	40.7
16	30.3	93.1%	8.4%	44	23.3	91.4%	10.8%	35.8	35.4%	22.2%	37.4	17.1	34.7	41.8	28.2
17	30.2	96.3%	6.9%	35	23.2	92.4%	11.2%	32.8	43.3%	20.5%	33.5	26.2	17.5	38.8	28.5
18	24.8	97.3%	2.8%	31	21.5	96.1%	7.4%	29.2	45.1%	14.5%	30.5	12.9	16.3	31.2	27.9
19	30.7	97.8%	3.9%	48	24.1	94.8%	9.3%	15.5	60.4%	7.5%	16.1	9.7	10.3	19.9	10.6
20	17.8	99.4%	5.2%	26	15.4	95.1%	10.8%	19.7	64.3%	9.7%	20.4	13.3	7.3	21.1	19.4
21	17.8	91.2%	7.1%	28	13.9	94.0%	6.6%	22.5	64.9%	10.4%	23.5	6.6	28.1	28.4	11.7
ATD 08	72.9	-	15.4%	-	47.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
09	58.6	93.0%	14.0%	-	37.0	94.2%	15.7%	44.0	4.4%	23.1%	43.7	45.2	43.4	46.2	41.2
10	65.9	91.8%	13.1%	-	39.1	91.9%	14.6%	48.5	3.1%	29.1%	49.8	40.8	46.7	46.5	50.7
11	57.7	96.4%	16.6%	-	41.5	95.8%	17.8%	39.4	3.3%	17.4%	40.8	33.1	39.4	40.7	38.6
12	61.5	84.1%	9.7%	-	41.9	93.8%	15.3%	49.0	2.0%	28.0%	49.3	46.9	43.5	51.3	48.1
13	47.5	93.9%	12.1%	-	36.0	95.4%	12.4%	45.4	2.1%	28.0%	45.7	42.5	34.1	48.2	44.2
14	30.5	97.5%	12.9%	-	24.8	96.6%	13.1%	41.1	2.4%	23.2%	41.5	40.9	29.2	41.3	41.1
15	40.8	93.4%	13.3%	-	25.2	94.7%	15.2%	43.0	3.3%	21.8%	43.1	42.3	60.9	36.3	46.1
16	40.4	87.0%	10.5%	-	23.3	91.4%	10.8%	34.8	41.4%	22.2%	91.9	8.1	9.2	51.0	39.8
17	37.1	90.2%	15.0%	-	27.5	90.3%	14.8%	45.4	2.4%	24.4%	46.3	39.8	43.9	44.8	46.2
18	36.3	90.3%	14.1%	-	23.2	87.4%	12.6%	37.1	4.5%	16.7%	37.1	37.1	36.5	36.6	36.8
19	46.4	86.7%	7.2%	-	31.4	91.5%	14.3%	39.6	7.7%	19.9%	41.5	28.7	37.3	37.4	42.3
20	34.5	96.3%	5.1%	-	19.2	94.3%	12.6%	56.8	4.7%	39.1%	57.0	55.2	63.1	56.5	57.3
21	19.9	96.9%	4.8%	-	16.1	90.7%	13.2%	52.8	5.4%	40.0%	55.0	37.9	31.6	61.2	45.5

TABLE 54. MERCER ANNUAL TRENDS

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 05	60.0	96.0%	7.5%	80	71.9	94.6%	12.1%	27.4	36.2%	13.0%	28.9	15.9	18.3	28.5	21.2
06	61.2	94.2%	10.4%	80	65.3	93.5%	14.8%	30.9	36.9%	15.1%	32.9	19.4	17.5	30.9	44.2
07	55.8	98.0%	9.1%	85	63.8	93.5%	12.5%	24.1	39.2%	11.1%	25.0	18.4	11.6	26.1	16.8
08	42.5	97.3%	6.7%	57	48.2	93.6%	12.3%	26.5	41.8%	10.2%	27.6	17.7	12.9	28.5	19.1
09	29.8	95.5%	3.7%	42	34.3	90.3%	11.5%	27.0	43.3%	9.7%	29.2	10.2	7.7	28.4	33.8
10	25.0	97.4%	9.1%	36	25.3	92.4%	18.4%	28.7	39.2%	13.7%	31.9	13.8	6.4	31.8	20.4
11	25.7	94.2%	8.4%	35	22.8	90.8%	10.6%	32.4	35.4%	14.0%	33.1	27.2	23.7	35.9	15.9
12	23.7	98.5%	4.0%	34	18.5	93.7%	14.0%	34.2	39.5%	15.0%	37.5	12.2	12.1	38.1	27.3
13	29.6	96.6%	4.7%	42	16.3	90.3%	14.8%	47.3	34.2%	22.1%	52.8	12.4	19.2	53.4	42.0
14	27.0	100.0%	8.0%	39	14.8	98.3%	20.2%	55.0	37.1%	26.9%	63.5	22.8	1.7	62.4	24.3
15	16.0	98.5%	8.4%	23	11.5	96.4%	13.8%	40.6	46.9%	19.6%	42.6	26.8	18.2	42.2	35.7
16	14.6	100.0%	2.3%	20	13.0	100.0%	5.8%	23.8	44.2%	9.6%	24.0	20.7	*	22.4	9.0
17	25.2	95.9%	3.3%	34	11.3	93.4%	11.0%	48.3	32.6%	29.1%	51.0	31.4	38.6	52.1	48.7
18	18.9	96.5%	5.2%	30	9.9	95.8%	12.6%	63.7	33.9%	26.6%	68.6	25.5	46.0	68.9	47.9
19	19.7	97.6%	7.6%	28	12.3	95.9%	12.2%	43.9	39.7%	22.8%	46.1	30.0	29.0	47.1	32.4
20	14.0	99.9%	3.4%	28	8.8	97.2%	13.2%	75.7	52.7%	23.2%	82.5	12.9	3.0	88.8	28.7
21	8.1	100.0%	10.1%	18	6.3	100.0%	15.8%	38.9	32.4%	20.3%	41.9	24.4	*	36.8	48.6
ATD 08	-	-	-	-	12.8	91.6%	9.1%	27.5	8.7%	8.7%	26.8	33.7	24.8	27.1	31.7
09	-	-	-	-	11.3	90.4%	11.0%	24.9	5.6%	6.4%	25.3	21.7	19.2	24.8	30.8
10	12.6	-	-	-	10.2	88.5%	14.8%	24.3	10.6%	3.8%	23.8	28.0	16.6	24.5	29.4
11	19.8	-	-	-	14.1	90.5%	10.7%	32.7	13.5%	12.8%	32.9	31.7	23.9	31.2	48.2
12	22.3	-	-	-	15.3	90.2%	15.3%	40.3	10.9%	16.8%	42.6	25.7	33.5	42.6	35.4
13	17.7	-	-	-	12.3	90.5%	20.4%	40.1	15.0%	21.6%	42.7	28.8	51.2	39.9	35.1
14	18.3	90.0%	21.1%	-	12.3	92.6%	23.6%	41.6	9.3%	28.6%	45.6	29.6	56.9	39.1	44.1
15	26.9	97.5%	15.0%	-	14.8	98.9%	14.0%	45.7	7.6%	24.5%	46.0	39.1	29.5	45.8	40.5
16	15.9	96.1%	3.9%	-	17.5	95.7%	14.3%	31.6	23.1%	7.7%	35.4	13.7	24.0	33.8	23.4
17	14.1	95.2%	10.5%	-	11.0	97.1%	11.8%	42.2	15.8%	30.0%	42.9	37.6	34.3	45.0	19.0
18	10.4	97.2%	22.6%	-	9.6	94.8%	17.4%	36.2	14.8%	16.5%	38.6	25.6	37.5	35.0	38.8
19	7.9	98.8%	15.2%	-	8.4	99.1%	11.9%	41.6	16.9%	18.6%	43.6	29.4	90.0	45.2	29.8
20	6.3	98.7%	17.4%	-	7.9	69.8%	8.4%	55.9	6.7%	38.2%	57.2	45.7	36.0	52.8	65.9
21	4.2	96.1%	7.8%	-	5.3	98.4%	18.7%	62.3	2.9%	40.0%	67.7	25.3	43.5	54.4	95.5

**TABLE 55. UNION ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 05	39.2	98.1%	2.4%	55	45.0	94.6%	7.6%	28.8	33.5%	15.5%	29.8	17.2	16.6	29.9	29.0
06	26.3	96.1%	2.9%	42	40.2	96.3%	10.8%	21.5	41.5%	11.5%	23.2	6.6	29.9	20.5	25.1
07	28.3	97.8%	1.6%	44	38.8	95.9%	7.5%	19.2	44.2%	7.6%	20.3	5.4	9.3	20.1	17.8
08	32.0	97.4%	5.4%	47	36.5	94.5%	11.0%	26.2	36.4%	13.8%	27.8	13.0	11.5	27.0	26.9
09	34.5	91.9%	4.9%	54	35.1	95.5%	10.9%	29.9	42.5%	15.7%	31.8	15.6	41.3	28.5	32.6
10	30.0	96.3%	3.9%	43	29.7	96.1%	8.7%	32.5	36.5%	18.4%	34.8	3.9	23.8	33.9	28.7
11	26.2	97.8%	4.3%	56	23.1	95.7%	9.0%	33.6	32.8%	17.4%	34.4	26.0	17.0	34.2	34.8
12	42.9	98.0%	5.7%	54	16.3	93.9%	9.2%	58.3	18.0%	43.5%	29.1	48.6	25.2	61.8	56.6
13	32.1	97.3%	11.3%	54	14.7	94.9%	10.2%	62.5	21.2%	26.4%	65.7	33.6	32.1	58.5	85.7
14	26.0	97.1%	9.6%	39	14.3	96.5%	12.3%	62.4	23.3%	28.2%	60.4	76.6	65.3	64.0	60.8
15	23.8	99.0%	4.3%	30	12.2	97.3%	8.2%	57.4	22.3%	28.4%	59.7	36.8	32.6	66.5	37.0
16	19.6	97.6%	3.5%	26	13.8	92.7%	7.3%	63.4	39.0%	30.5%	66.3	23.8	9.8	67.1	77.8
17	16.0	95.0%	7.2%	20	10.0	93.3%	10.0%	53.3	31.7%	21.8%	55.4	31.5	29.6	60.4	42.4
18	13.8	86.7%	11.2%	21	7.3	89.8%	11.4%	62.7	37.5%	26.1%	64.9	37.9	41.5	43.2	172.6
19	14.7	91.8%	2.7%	26	10.0	92.5%	7.5%	45.9	39.7%	22.4%	47.3	26.9	80.6	35.2	67.1
20	16.6	95.8%	1.3%	35	5.1	96.7%	8.2%	44.9	43.3%	20.9%	47.5	12.6	20.5	46.0	48.5
21	9.9	100.0%	4.9%	14	6.2	98.6%	1.4%	28.2	58.5%	13.8%	27.5	51.5	3.0	25.8	37.0
ATD 10	25.1	96.5%	8.1%	-	12.5	96.0%	9.9%	52.1	1.3%	28.0%	50.5	67.4	37.0	53.2	52.0
11	17.0	91.7%	9.1%	-	12.8	91.4%	8.6%	47.3	12.2%	29.7%	47.3	47.0	38.8	49.2	43.3
12	10.9	87.3%	7.2%	-	7.3	90.5%	14.3%	47.8	9.0%	32.6%	50.8	26.4	58.4	45.4	54.0
13	8.0	95.2%	19.6%	-	6.8	96.3%	39.6%	41.2	0.0%	10.3%	43.9	30.9	46.6	34.0	72.6
14	8.7	88.7%	9.8%	-	7.8	89.2%	15.1%	29.8	9.5%	9.5%	31.6	19.0	35.9	31.3	18.7
15	6.1	99.4%	1.7%	-	5.3	93.8%	4.7%	51.2	15.5%	25.4%	52.3	22.6	22.4	47.3	40.3
16	8.5	96.0%	14.5%	-	11.3	84.4%	15.5%	20.3	18.5%	0.0%	23.0	16.1	12.8	24.7	12.8
17	13.8	97.4%	14.1%	-	9.4	96.5%	12.4%	44.6	13.3%	31.6%	43.9	51.3	6.0	44.4	42.4
18	16.7	94.7%	7.9%	-	10.6	94.5%	7.9%	41.3	8.8%	22.4%	40.6	49.1	57.2	40.4	37.3
19	11.5	96.5%	12.1%	-	7.2	94.2%	8.1%	41.4	5.9%	17.6%	40.6	56.0	37.0	35.8	59.8
20	6.4	98.7%	1.3%	-	4.5	85.2%	9.3%	48.6	2.8%	51.4%	55.6	37.0	49.5	58.9	47.3
21	3.9	95.3%	0.0%	-	3.3	97.4%	0.0%	55.7	0.0%	40.0%	55.6	62.2	73.5	51.6	74.3

**TABLE 56. BERGEN ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 05	20.3	79.4%	14.7%	32	20.8	78.3%	17.3%	27.4	30.1%	14.2%	27.6	26.3	25.4	25.4	31.0
06	12.2	88.2%	13.3%	21	10.6	82.7%	12.6%	38.1	34.1%	23.0%	38.5	35.8	34.7	40.3	38.4
07	8.9	80.3%	11.3%	15	9.8	78.0%	11.9%	26.5	37.2%	17.7%	26.6	25.7	23.0	30.2	25.4
08	12.6	87.4%	12.3%	22	11.5	81.2%	10.9%	25.1	37.8%	14.3%	24.2	32.9	13.5	29.6	24.8
09	10.0	78.4%	8.6%	18	12.0	77.8%	14.6%	27.0	41.0%	14.4%	28.5	18.7	28.5	28.9	17.3
10	10.7	80.6%	6.5%	19	9.3	78.4%	9.0%	34.5	32.1%	22.6%	35.7	21.0	37.0	36.9	32.4
11	9.4	75.1%	23.4%	18	9.6	80.0%	13.0%	31.1	27.2%	15.8%	27.9	53.9	40.5	30.5	20.8
12	6.4	86.7%	14.6%	13	7.8	88.2%	11.8%	26.5	31.6%	16.8%	25.9	29.9	36.3	21.5	29.9
13	8.1	76.0%	13.4%	15	8.6	76.7%	18.4%	31.0	27.6%	20.4%	32.6	24.1	30.3	32.0	33.2
14	8.1	80.8%	14.4%	17	8.6	81.6%	17.5%	27.3	45.0%	16.0%	28.2	23.5	31.6	30.7	20.3
15	8.4	81.4%	7.6%	14	9.8	82.1%	12.0%	23.9	42.3%	12.2%	24.7	17.3	22.3	26.5	22.3
16	6.5	96.7%	5.0%	9	6.0	95.8%	12.5%	23.4	22.7%	13.6%	25.6	13.3	28.0	23.1	22.2
17	6.8	86.5%	7.0%	13	6.9	72.3%	12.0%	34.8	30.0%	18.9%	37.0	17.1	20.1	26.1	49.6
18	5.2	78.4%	78.4%	13	6.5	84.6%	20.5%	22.0	47.8%	11.6%	22.7	18.7	31.6	19.3	21.4
19	3.2	81.5%	15.0%	7	6.4	84.4%	20.8%	18.1	65.1%	10.5%	19.2	13.8	17.1	16.6	21.1
20	4.2	92.4%	19.5%	7	4.0	85.4%	18.8%	25.1	41.5%	12.2%	25.2	24.7	6.5	23.9	35.9
21	2.7	96.8%	32.3%	8	3.0	88.9%	22.2%	28.8	63.2%	21.1%	24.6	44.6	9.5	48.4	17.4
ATD 09	29.3	-	-	-	16.7	52.6%	7.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	28.9	-	-	-	16.7	78.7%	7.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	14.8	-	-	-	9.7	72.4%	11.2%	59.9	5.9%	17.6%	60.7	52.1	58.4	45.8	73.9
12	18.0	79.9%	9.2%	-	10.1	71.1%	11.6%	61.9	2.8%	38.5%	63.1	50.1	60.1	60.7	66.3
13	19.1	77.8%	11.4%	-	9.9	70.4%	17.3%	53.1	0.8%	31.1%	57.4	32.7	44.9	59.4	50.5
14	18.1	67.3%	8.7%	-	12.7	70.4%	10.5%	38.3	0.0%	27.0%	38.6	36.3	37.2	34.6	39.7
15	12.3	79.5%	11.8%	-	9.8	63.2%	13.7%	43.5	3.4%	73.3%	44.7	28.7	37.3	49.6	42.5
16	4.3	62.0%	18.1%	-	5.8	69.6%	13.0%	19.6	17.4%	0.0%	19.1	23.0	19.3	20.0	20.7
17	13.4	53.8%	7.1%	-	9.5	51.8%	11.4%	38.4	4.3%	16.5%	37.4	45.0	31.5	34.7	47.1
18	15.2	77.1%	7.9%	-	7.4	64.0%	14.6%	44.7	1.1%	17.0%	45.8	29.7	43.2	54.1	41.9
19	15.0	75.2%	7.8%	-	7.8	68.8%	12.9%	44.5	5.3%	16.8%	46.9	29.6	43.4	53.5	44.7
20	18.7	74.7%	15.7%	-	8.3	71.1%	21.0%	66.8	8.2%	44.3%	71.2	47.2	66.4	62.5	70.5
21	13.8	82.2%	11.6%	-	5.6	77.6%	17.9%	65.3	1.0%	50.0%	65.3	42.3	52.9	57.1	65.0

**TABLE 57. BURLINGTON ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 05	20.4	65.6%	19.6%	34	23.7	66.2%	19.7%	27.5	36.6%	16.1%	27.8	26.2	27.1	29.1	13.3
06	12.9	69.4%	21.0%	21	19.3	73.6%	25.1%	20.8	43.8%	11.2%	22.2	16.6	23.8	19.8	22.1
07	25.1	76.4%	16.5%	40	27.1	74.2%	16.9%	25.6	30.9%	14.0%	25.3	27.0	25.9	26.0	17.7
08	18.0	79.1%	8.2%	29	23.7	73.9%	10.9%	25.0	31.0%	10.6%	25.6	20.9	18.2	27.5	27.1
09	18.9	72.0%	11.8%	32	23.3	68.8%	17.9%	23.8	27.2%	10.8%	25.4	16.3	22.1	25.9	9.1
10	16.0	81.2%	14.0%	34	18.3	77.2%	17.8%	26.3	31.7%	14.5%	26.7	23.8	22.5	29.1	17.1
11	9.4	85.7%	14.9%	14	11.4	78.8%	15.3%	23.4	38.8%	11.2%	23.1	24.5	19.5	23.1	31.2
12	10.8	84.6%	14.8%	18	12.3	77.7%	16.9%	27.5	41.5%	14.1%	28.6	22.1	18.8	31.2	23.0
13	12.8	82.2%	15.5%	23	12.8	83.0%	17.6%	27.3	43.0%	15.2%	27.6	25.8	24.4	23.0	63.1
14	11.7	85.8%	5.8%	22	13.2	86.1%	16.5%	29.9	40.6%	12.9%	33.8	9.7	29.6	31.2	16.6
15	9.0	90.9%	11.7%	22	10.3	87.9%	16.1%	25.6	39.1%	13.3%	28.4	10.4	22.3	26.5	22.3
16	2.9	61.6%	14.1%	8	8.3	81.8%	21.2%	13.1	46.4%	3.6%	9.0	25.6	6.0	16.3	4.5
17	8.8	86.4%	12.2%	16	6.5	80.8%	19.2%	25.9	40.0%	11.4%	27.4	19.8	28.4	27.2	5.0
18	8.6	69.7%	3.0%	14	6.2	73.0%	10.8%	33.5	27.3%	21.2%	34.5	26.9	18.9	42.4	25.9
19	9.3	83.1%	7.6%	17	8.0	70.8%	14.6%	31.5	30.3%	19.2%	33.3	19.7	34.1	34.7	14.2
20	5.8	79.6%	5.0%	11	4.6	70.9%	18.2%	33.8	48.1%	30.8%	39.0	14.4	28.1	34.4	36.1
21	3.6	82.6%	6.3%	8	4.5	70.4%	13.0%	41.5	35.2%	25.9%	43.2	29.7	20.9	45.2	283.0
ATD 08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30.8	0.0%	4.3%	32.2	22.4	26.2	32.3	*
09	-	-	-	-	4.3	57.7%	9.6%	33.9	0.0%	9.1%	35.6	21.2	32.9	34.2	*
10	5.6	-	-	-	3.3	75.0%	12.5%	40.6	6.9%	13.8%	42.9	26.0	42.1	42.4	37.0
11	10.9	-	-	-	8.7	75.0%	6.7%	37.4	9.3%	18.6%	37.2	39.9	37.9	37.4	39.7
12	18.1	-	-	-	11.8	76.8%	14.1%	43.6	7.5%	22.4%	45.9	27.7	38.5	44.8	30.7
13	16.6	69.3%	7.5%	-	11.0	71.2%	6.1%	42.8	4.7%	24.4%	42.9	41.6	46.3	41.6	54.4
14	15.6	80.3%	6.7%	-	11.4	86.1%	12.4%	47.0	5.3%	24.1%	50.4	20.3	78.4	41.3	30.0
15	11.4	77.9%	9.3%	-	8.8	78.1%	11.4%	38.6	9.9%	15.8%	39.6	22.5	33.3	40.4	22.5
16	9.9	76.8%	16.9%	-	8.8	80.0%	20.0%	33.7	9.5%	14.3%	33.3	36.4	30.5	31.0	68.0
17	7.0	72.7%	16.1%	-	5.4	81.5%	13.8%	45.3	9.6%	21.9%	47.9	33.3	58.0	42.6	30.8
18	7.6	70.0%	15.5%	-	6.1	74.3%	17.6%	37.4	6.3%	15.6%	37.9	34.7	42.4	38.3	28.7
19	9.3	82.6%	9.0%	-	6.3	78.9%	11.8%	43.1	6.8%	28.8%	45.4	31.8	38.3	47.6	20.5
20	12.1	72.6%	8.6%	-	5.3	62.9%	14.5%	68.2	0.5%	45.0%	128.5	29.0	53.0	166.4	*
21	8.5	60.2%	12.3%	-	4.4	56.7%	13.2%	66.6	0.0%	28.5%	69.5	36.0	72.0	68.2	34.0

**TABLE 58. OCEAN ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 05	23.7	44.4%	13.1%	33	20.0	44.6%	19.6%	34.8	23.5%	22.6%	37.3	24.6	34.2	35.7	36.1
06	20.3	38.7%	10.0%	32	16.0	39.6%	15.6%	44.9	16.7%	28.8%	45.6	42.1	38.0	52.5	60.0
07	24.2	46.2%	10.7%	38	19.4	40.8%	15.0%	38.6	21.0%	22.2%	41.5	17.5	33.3	41.7	48.0
08	21.7	44.9%	13.9%	40	15.4	37.8%	19.5%	31.7	23.1%	14.3%	33.6	21.9	27.5	32.1	51.0
09	18.2	59.2%	6.2%	32	14.9	52.5%	12.8%	34.8	23.5%	22.6%	37.3	24.6	34.2	35.7	36.1
10	12.5	51.2%	11.7%	23	11.9	36.4%	16.8%	44.9	16.7%	28.8%	45.6	42.1	38.0	52.5	60.0
11	13.3	48.4%	13.7%	22	10.7	34.4%	18.8%	38.5	15.7%	19.7%	41.3	26.6	27.0	82.0	35.8
12	13.0	30.3%	6.8%	21	13.1	35.0%	14.0%	32.5	20.8%	16.1%	34.6	19.8	36.5	17.9	31.1
13	13.0	44.2%	9.5%	21	11.3	39.0%	16.9%	34.7	20.0%	19.3%	37.6	20.1	34.2	39.2	29.6
14	9.9	42.9%	13.2%	19	8.3	38.0%	24.0%	36.3	22.3%	20.2%	41.3	18.6	31.9	41.9	49.1
15	11.0	56.7%	15.3%	16	5.8	50.0%	32.9%	47.0	28.2%	32.4%	54.4	30.7	53.8	35.2	57.5
16	9.3	64.1%	14.0%	13	4.8	52.6%	21.1%	75.7	19.0%	28.6%	91.1	37.2	43.0	107.9	15.0
17	10.4	61.2%	1.4%	16	5.4	63.1%	12.3%	63.3	16.9%	36.9%	68.2	23.2	62.6	63.4	64.8
18	7.3	39.3%	9.9%	12	5.3	54.7%	18.8%	30.7	30.3%	19.7%	32.8	22.1	28.3	37.3	22.3
19	7.7	63.4%	7.2%	15	5.5	63.6%	15.2%	37.1	26.2%	14.8%	39.4	24.1	40.8	39.0	24.9
20	9.3	76.4%	4.4%	12	3.4	63.4%	26.8%	67.7	46.7%	33.3%	87.7	12.6	54.5	56.0	117.0
21	8.6	81.8%	8.2%	13	2.2	53.8%	26.9%	121.2	30.8%	53.8%	139.7	19.0	108.0	129.0	120.0
ATD 08	-	-	-	-	8.0	42.7%	25.0%	48.1	12.9%	22.8%	51.6	36.4	55.5	37.4	49.3
09	-	-	-	-	7.4	40.4%	22.5%	33.5	14.3%	13.1%	34.2	31.2	32.1	38.4	31.0
10	-	-	-	-	6.3	28.9%	22.4%	37.3	13.7%	20.5%	38.9	30.9	34.3	34.0	56.5
11	6.9	37.6%	13.4%	-	5.4	36.9%	12.3%	41.6	8.0%	29.3%	42.2	38.1	37.2	56.6	41.8
12	8.9	34.9%	7.2%	-	5.1	41.0%	14.8%	44.5	15.6%	29.7%	47.6	25.4	49.9	25.1	44.3
13	5.3	32.7%	12.7%	-	5.2	32.3%	22.6%	38.5	6.9%	19.0%	40.1	32.9	40.0	34.6	45.7
14	3.0	46.2%	24.7%	-	2.8	45.5%	18.2%	30.1	5.4%	13.5%	27.6	40.4	31.1	30.5	29.0
15	2.5	74.0%	33.4%	-	1.7	60.0%	35.0%	48.9	0.0%	26.3%	48.7	49.5	29.8	50.8	73.6
16	3.9	62.6%	9.0%	-	2.5	80.0%	20.0%	33.7	0.0%	12.5%	36.0	18.0	36.0	41.2	16.5
17	3.5	57.7%	8.9%	-	1.8	63.6%	18.2%	58.7	0.0%	40.0%	65.1	22.7	60.2	77.5	38.3
18	5.3	51.7%	5.7%	-	2.9	51.4%	5.7%	45.3	8.3%	18.4%	44.4	55.3	50.8	31.2	50.0
19	2.9	71.6%	3.9%	-	2.3	70.4%	3.7%	39.9	0.0%	25.0%	36.8	*	29.0	29.3	59.5
20	4.4	78.5%	36.1%	-	1.8	81.8%	22.7%	63.3	0.0%	50.0%	45.8	173.5	24.5	136.0	59.5
21	2.0	20.6%	10.6%	-	1.2	21.4%	14.3%	52.9	0.0%	40.0%	36.0	64.0	40.3	43.5	*

**TABLE 59. SOMERSET ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 08	9.0	81.9%	12.9%	14	10.5	69.8%	18.3%	23.8	39.4%	7.1%	24.5	21.0	16.7	32.2	14.8
09	7.6	75.8%	7.1%	15	9.5	80.7%	13.2%	20.9	47.0%	7.0%	21.7	15.4	35.1	19.8	12.0
10	6.3	77.1%	4.4%	13	6.9	72.3%	13.3%	28.3	32.2%	8.0%	30.9	10.8	19.5	41.0	15.1
11	5.6	71.2%	4.0%	12	5.4	70.8%	7.7%	26.3	35.5%	8.1%	27.1	17.4	20.8	12.4	82.4
12	4.0	65.7%	4.0%	8	3.5	78.6%	14.3%	30.0	37.2%	14.0%	30.8	24.0	16.3	32.0	54.4
13	2.8	85.4%	10.5%	6	2.8	84.8%	9.1%	75.6	42.4%	21.2%	82.3	27.5	192.6	72.8	8.0
14	3.1	84.5%	2.5%	7	3.1	75.7%	8.1%	29.8	42.5%	17.5%	31.4	10.3	19.7	35.7	29.8
15	2.4	69.8%	0.7%	6	2.9	71.4%	11.4%	18.3	37.5%	9.4%	20.6	2.5	7.8	22.6	24.4
16	2.4	86.1%	1.7%	7	2.8	100.0%	27.3%	52.6	40.0%	30.0%	74.0	2.3	206.0	35.6	*
17	1.5	90.7%	13.6%	3	2.4	89.7%	10.3%	25.1	40.7%	18.5%	26.3	17.7	14.5	21.2	34.8
18	2.2	97.1%	4.8%	6	2.7	96.9%	12.5%	26.7	25.0%	17.9%	29.2	12.0	24.0	19.8	47.0
19	1.9	97.4%	0.1%	5	1.8	90.5%	4.8%	22.8	26.1%	17.4%	23.8	2.0	9.5	23.7	25.0
20	4.0	99.9%	0.6%	5	2.2	96.2%	7.7%	27.3	37.5%	18.8%	29.1	7.5	6.0	33.9	15.1
21	3.8	81.9%	16.7%	8	1.6	63.2%	26.3%	45.5	27.8%	22.2%	48.7	34.2	32.5	63.1	27.0
ATD 10	2.6	88.5%	5.1%	-	1.9	82.6%	4.3%	36.7	5.3%	10.6%	36.7	*	23.4	44.8	35.4
11	2.1	80.0%	2.9%	-	1.7	81.0%	4.8%	39.4	13.6%	18.2%	38.7	55.0	29.0	44.7	25.0
12	1.4	95.1%	1.4%	-	1.3	100.0%	6.7%	30.8	0.0%	14.3%	32.9	6.0	26.0	31.3	*
13	2.6	92.0%	1.6%	-	1.3	81.3%	6.7%	39.9	0.0%	13.3%	41.6	16.0	26.0	46.9	36.5
14	4.7	87.0%	0.0%	-	1.3	80.0%	0.0%	43.3	7.7%	23.1%	43.3	*	39.0	35.4	55.5
15	1.6	71.0%	0.0%	-	1.0	58.3%	0.0%	49.5	7.7%	23.1%	49.5	*	53.8	67.0	30.0
16	0.3	100.0%	0.0%	-	2.0	100.0%	0.0%	24.8	0.0%	0.0%	*	24.8	*	26.3	22.5
17	1.3	67.4%	18.7%	-	1.3	73.3%	20.0%	40.0	0.0%	17.6%	43.8	22.3	27.2	47.5	35.7
18	1.6	64.1%	1.4%	-	1.3	80.0%	6.7%	43.4	8.3%	33.3%	46.6	8.0	66.0	38.0	31.7
19	2.5	85.1%	4.6%	-	1.1	76.9%	7.7%	61.7	7.7%	46.2%	63.4	41.0	70.0	68.9	60.0
20	1.8	100.0%	7.3%	-	1.1	100.0%	7.7%	51.5	9.0%	36.4%	51.7	49.0	*	40.5	80.7
21	3.2	83.8%	13.9%	-	0.9	70.0%	18.2%	65.3	10.0%	60.0%	72.1	4.0	64.0	64.3	75.0

**TABLE 60. PASSAIC ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 08	70.2	95.6%	6.1%	97	68.8	91.9%	8.7%	29.9	36.9%	16.3%	30.8	20.0	17.7	32.7	28.7
09	48.1	94.0%	7.0%	70	42.7	92.0%	9.2%	36.0	29.5%	19.6%	36.5	31.4	30.8	35.0	38.4
10	41.2	94.9%	3.5%	59	46.5	93.7%	9.1%	28.1	35.7%	12.5%	29.6	12.3	26.3	31.8	23.4
11	46.4	95.9%	2.2%	59	38.7	93.8%	6.9%	33.9	37.0%	18.5%	35.7	10.7	17.3	34.5	36.3
12	25.5	93.5%	1.6%	40	25.5	93.5%	7.8%	40.0	36.5%	12.6%	42.0	16.6	80.6	41.0	31.9
13	25.3	97.1%	4.3%	39	24.9	94.6%	6.7%	36.6	38.5%	19.7%	37.6	20.7	27.6	41.9	30.9
14	21.5	94.0%	8.0%	37	23.3	93.6%	11.1%	27.1	41.6%	15.3%	28.2	19.1	13.4	30.2	26.0
15	22.3	92.0%	2.3%	33	20.2	94.6%	7.4%	34.8	39.1%	20.2%	35.7	21.3	24.8	38.8	32.1
16	31.0	98.9%	1.7%	37	21.3	94.1%	8.2%	31.3	38.5%	16.7%	33.1	12.3	9.8	39.3	20.5
17	23.8	94.1%	6.7%	33	20.7	91.1%	12.5%	39.4	36.3%	18.8%	42.6	18.2	21.8	40.7	42.6
18	27.8	96.5%	5.2%	44	17.4	93.3%	9.1%	36.2	27.4%	22.1%	37.5	21.9	23.3	37.6	38.9
19	23.4	98.2%	8.1%	31	16.9	97.0%	13.3%	41.4	24.4%	26.7%	43.5	27.8	45.6	44.1	38.3
20	22.5	98.4%	5.0%	28	10.0	92.5%	6.7%	32.0	37.5%	12.5%	29.1	7.5	24.2	37.6	28.8
21	24.8	96.9%	3.7%	31	7.3	97.7%	6.8%	41.1	20.5%	28.8%	42.2	25.6	2.0	28.8	58.4
ATD 12	-	-	-	-	28.3	94.1%	8.0%	48.5	1.6%	31.1%	48.9	43.1	41.2	48.4	49.2
13	35.1	90.6%	13.7%	-	27.4	92.4%	10.6%	40.6	7.3%	24.1%	41.4	33.8	36.0	39.9	42.5
14	36.8	93.3%	19.2%	-	25.3	94.7%	9.2%	48.2	3.7%	28.7%	48.7	36.6	30.4	46.0	53.1
15	51.5	91.5%	13.9%	-	23.6	92.2%	10.6%	50.3	5.2%	25.6%	48.7	62.5	35.0	53.5	45.2
16	53.9	97.1%	13.4%	-	33.0	93.9%	15.9%	14.5	49.2%	3.3%	14.9	11.3	8.8	14.4	15.6
17	42.9	95.8%	11.3%	-	24.2	96.0%	26.8%	50.8	9.3%	32.0%	52.7	41.3	59.1	47.1	50.2
18	30.2	99.4%	7.8%	-	16.7	96.4%	10.5%	43.1	7.0%	23.6%	44.9	29.3	38.2	45.3	41.7
19	33.8	96.9%	3.1%	-	14.4	91.9%	18.6%	53.1	7.7%	39.2%	57.1	33.7	41.5	40.9	63.8
20	32.9	98.3%	12.9%	-	6.8	97.6%	12.9%	80.0	2.3%	46.5%	84.8	55.1	107.3	65.3	94.0
21	16.0	93.7%	9.5%	-	6.8	97.5%	13.6%	58.0	2.9%	31.4%	70.1	47.5	74.3	66.0	67.7

**TABLE 61. MIDDLESEX ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 09	42.1	81.6%	7.3%	-	37.4	75.1%	14.9%	35.6	30.9%	17.3%	38.7	19.1	25.4	34.6	46.2
10	39.9	85.2%	8.0%	-	33.3	76.5%	13.8%	35.9	30.0%	18.4%	38.9	17.5	23.9	41.8	37.1
11	23.4	87.3%	8.9%	-	24.9	82.6%	14.4%	32.3	29.0%	15.3%	34.2	20.8	23.3	42.3	27.4
12	25.2	88.7%	9.0%	40	25.4	83.6%	17.7%	32.7	39.2%	18.9%	36.1	16.3	25.8	39.3	31.7
13	11.7	95.3%	7.7%	27	12.3	85.8%	18.9%	28.7	18.4%	13.5%	32.3	12.4	11.8	31.1	26.8
14	17.2	95.4%	4.7%	27	14.0	85.7%	11.3%	32.2	26.8%	15.9%	34.2	17.4	12.1	37.0	37.6
15	16.8	93.3%	3.9%	26	15.7	88.8%	12.8%	33.7	30.9%	12.2%	37.0	12.6	20.4	22.3	50.8
16	17.6	94.7%	6.9%	24	14.5	87.9%	17.2%	39.6	26.2%	24.6%	42.4	18.3	17.1	26.8	52.3
17	21.1	85.2%	20.9%	28	12.0	81.9%	22.2%	43.3	25.8%	21.3%	46.0	33.1	31.2	33.9	55.7
18	15.6	86.6%	8.4%	20	10.6	91.3%	18.9%	42.9	42.1%	19.0%	43.8	39.3	41.9	41.6	55.9
19	14.8	89.9%	4.3%	22	8.5	84.3%	11.8%	44.2	47.1%	21.2%	47.5	18.9	32.9	20.8	71.6
20	16.0	86.0%	6.0%	21	5.2	83.9%	14.5%	62.9	40.6%	28.1%	67.6	37.4	70.9	41.9	78.4
21	12.0	96.3%	5.3%	15	5.4	81.5%	20.0%	108.5	36.7%	23.3%	133.4	18.3	14.9	60.1	188.9
ATD 11	-	-	-	-	7.4	79.8%	14.6%	47.8	12.8%	13.8%	52.0	21.6	-	-	-
12	10.8	-	-	-	5.6	83.6%	23.9%	41.7	6.5%	25.8%	46.3	33.8	39.1	49.7	35.3
13	11.6	88.0%	7.9%	-	7.5	90.0%	11.1%	44.2	7.4%	24.5%	45.6	31.9	61.2	43.4	35.5
14	25.6	90.5%	4.9%	-	10.8	80.8%	9.2%	41.9	5.8%	20.0%	43.3	27.0	38.4	48.3	32.1
15	33.8	96.7%	9.1%	-	7.8	87.2%	19.7%	53.6	4.8%	32.3%	56.8	21.8	33.8	50.0	58.5
16	28.0	93.4%	12.7%	-	6.8	88.9%	22.2%	48.7	9.5%	31.6%	52.4	25.6	34.6	49.8	57.6
17	26.9	94.8%	12.1%	-	5.4	94.1%	15.7%	48.3	10.2%	52.7%	51.3	33.0	36.6	67.2	61.9
18	27.8	96.8%	11.6%	-	5.3	96.8%	13.8%	49.9	6.2%	57.9%	52.4	33.1	36.6	67.2	61.9
19	27.0	96.8%	11.6%	-	6.7	93.5%	12.3%	48.9	10.4%	53.9%	48.2	34.9	38.7	58.6	55.8
20	6.0	96.1%	2.9%	-	1.6	89.4%	10.5%	59.9	1.7%	64.4%	61.4	18.0	50.0	59.1	69.8
21	6.7	71.2%	7.5%	-	2.2	61.5%	11.5%	114.3	5.6%	77.8%	116.2	81.0	103.3	149.7	77.8

**TABLE 62. CUMBERLAND ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 09	27.3	94.4%	17.0%	40	20.8	89.6%	28.9%	33.6	44.4%	16.7%	36.8	25.9	14.0	37.3	31.6
10	22.3	92.3%	10.8%	38	17.8	87.8%	22.5%	36.0	46.2%	18.3%	41.2	18.7	23.2	37.0	40.7
11	18.1	93.6%	5.9%	28	15.6	90.9%	16.6%	30.8	50.0%	14.6%	34.4	12.6	25.5	33.1	27.0
12	11.1	94.6%	9.0%	17	10.5	92.1%	29.4%	30.0	45.4%	13.8%	37.8	8.1	20.7	27.2	41.9
13	9.9	95.9%	12.4%	19	10.8	87.6%	16.3%	23.6	47.2%	14.2%	24.7	18.0	4.5	28.0	19.4
14	10.3	89.8%	9.3%	20	7.7	90.2%	17.4%	48.4	28.7%	24.1%	54.0	21.4	21.7	61.5	30.4
15	8.7	81.2%	4.3%	13	5.8	85.5%	13.0%	38.5	44.6%	21.5%	41.7	16.1	57.3	35.7	30.9
16	7.4	99.7%	9.7%	11	3.8	93.3%	20.0%	72.6	21.1%	36.8%	58.8	146.7	*	86.9	41.8
17	9.0	96.1%	7.2%	13	6.5	93.6%	16.7%	30.4	27.9%	14.7%	33.6	16.6	42.0	30.0	27.7
18	4.2	98.4%	1.2%	7	3.7	93.2%	4.5%	27.1	42.1%	15.8%	27.1	*	31.0	32.6	16.7
19	5.0	97.2%	22.0%	7	4.3	88.2%	2.0%	26.7	44.9%	18.4%	26.1	40.0	10.3	36.6	19.2
20	5.4	95.2%	7.1%	7	3.3	97.5%	17.5%	38.8	46.2%	25.6%	42.0	24.1	64.0	40.8	33.6
21	5.6	99.0%	1.8%	8	3.2	84.2%	13.2%	41.8	48.7%	20.5%	46.8	20.6	25.5	48.8	37.0
ATD 12	6.9	91.9%	20.5%	-	4.8	91.4%	29.3%	44.1	5.2%	24.1%	49.5	28.4	23.3	47.2	37.0
13	8.2	92.9%	17.6%	-	4.8	89.7%	19.0%	42.8	5.9%	21.6%5	46.4	29.5	28.3	41.5	47.9
14	8.6	89.5%	7.5%	-	3.4	92.7%	12.2%	78.9	12.8%	56.4%	84.1	43.2	98.5	97.8	44.9
15	5.8	82.0%	18.3%	-	3.4	75.6%	4.9%	52.9	5.6%	30.6%	49.9	77.8	42.9	65.5	36.2
16	5.7	87.5%	18.6%	-	3.3	84.6%	38.5%	41.9	0.0%	28.6%	49.0	24.0	56.0	41.6	29.0
17	9.7	94.5%	12.1%	-	4.9	94.9%	11.9%	27.8	11.4%	13.6%	29.6	16.3	47.5	24.5	29.7
18	6.4	93.3%	4.8%	-	2.2	92.3%	7.7%	51.6	0.0%	26.1%	53.4	12.0	21.0	46.3	67.4
19	5.2	97.6%	2.6%	-	3.1	89.2%	0.0%	52.3	5.7%	42.9%	52.8	37.0	43.0	48.8	65.5
20	5.3	100.0%	14.2%	-	2.2	100.0%	15.4%	62.1	4.5%	40.9%	60.7	71.0	*	47.9	76.4
21	7.0	77.6%	12.8%	-	2.5	83.3%	23.3%	109.1	16.1%	64.5%	121.7	75.4	109.7	91.8	178.2

**TABLE 63. WARREN ANNUAL TRENDS**

		ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
		ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET	09	2.3	49.5%	8.2%	7	2.6	45.2%	16.1%	23.6	28.1%	6.2%	25.4	13.8	18.9	35.7	6.7
	10	3.0	37.9%	16.0%	7	3.4	39.0%	12.2%	26.5	21.1%	13.2%	25.2	35.0	25.1	31.3	13.0
	11	2.3	42.0%	0.0%	5	2.3	39.3%	0.0%	31.9	22.6%	16.1%	31.9	*	32.2	28.6	7.7
	12	3.2	72.2%	0.2%	9	2.5	60.0%	3.3%	33.2	31.0%	17.2%	34.3	3.0	29.1	48.8	13.2
	13	1.2	64.5%	5.7%	3	1.3	20.0%	13.3%	40.1	29.4%	17.6%	43.7	12.5	14.1	89.0	231.0
	14	1.4	49.4%	0.0%	4	1.2	42.9%	0.0%	33.2	0.0%	18.2%	33.2	*	35.3	36.7	8.0
	15	1.4	88.1%	0.0%	5	1.8	90.9%	0.0%	26.6	22.7%	13.6%	26.6	*	25.0	21.0	43.4
	16	2.9	97.1%	0.0%	7	1.3	80.0%	0.0%	25.5	0.0%	16.7%	25.5	*	7.0	18.5	72.0
	17	0.3	83.2%	2.1%	2	1.3	66.7%	13.3%	7.7	73.3%	0.0%	8.5	2.0	2.0	11.3	7.0
	18	0.5	37.6%	0.0%	2	0.8	44.4%	0.0%	21.3	25.0%	0.0%	21.3	*	22.8	7.0	58.0
	19	0.3	0.8%	0.0%	2	0.4	20.0%	0.0%	28.0	66.7%	33.3%	28.0	*	33.2	2.0	*
	20	0.1	100.0%	0.0%	2	0.3	100.0%	0.0%	10.3	66.7%	0.0%	10.3	*	*	14.5	*
	21	0.9	21.8%	4.5%	3	0.9	45.5%	9.1%	32.6	11.1%	11.1%	34.8	15.0	43.0	12.0	*
ATD	11	2.8	18.7%	0.0%	-	0.9	16.7%	0.0%	88.3	8.3%	50.0%	88.3	*	96.8	14.0	160.0
	12	3.4	23.3%	22.6%	-	1.5	22.2%	22.2%	72.7	0.0%	42.9%	77.7	60.3	78.8	14.0	68.5
	13	2.1	26.6%	27.0%	-	0.8	11.1%	11.1%	74.9	0.0%	54.5%	64.5	102.7	69.4	99.5	22.0
	14	0.8	18.6%	0.0%	-	0.4	50.0%	0.0%	59.0	16.7%	50.0%	59.0	*	81.3	24.0	5.0
	15	2.0	83.8%	0.0%	-	1.3	80.0%	0.0%	33.5	0.0%	9.1%	33.5	*	50.0	31.9	14.0
	16	3.0	66.8%	0.0%	-	1.5	66.7%	0.0%	47.8	0.0%	20.0%	47.8	*	44.7	52.5	*
	17	2.1	78.2%	4.0%	-	0.6	28.6%	14.3%	30.5	9.2%	0.0%	29.6	31.3	26.5	22.6	*
	18	1.7	67.6%	0.8%	-	0.7	33.3%	5.8%	31.8	13.9%	0.0%	31.3	29.6	30.5	24.4	*
	19	1.2	39.3%	4.0%	-	0.3	33.3%	33.3%	41.4	8.4%	25.0%	40.2	29.6	36.4	16.7	*
	20	0.0	100.0%	0.0%	-	0.1	100.0%	0.0%	9.0	0.0%	0.0%	9.0	*	*	*	9.0
	21	0.7	48.5%	51.5%	-	0.2	50.0%	50.0%	136.0	0.0%	100.0%	132.0	140.0	140.0	132.0	*

**TABLE 64. GLOUCESTER ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 11	4.4	62.3%	7.2%	11	8.3	54.5%	13.1%	17.1	44.6%	9.9%	18.5	7.4	15.0	19.0	16.3
12	3.8	53.6%	8.8%	9	6.8	48.8%	9.8%	16.4	41.8%	6.3%	16.4	17.0	15.5	14.4	48.0
13	6.8	69.4%	5.2%	11	7.0	54.8%	17.9%	29.2	39.5%	13.6%	34.5	7.6	16.2	42.0	14.3
14	3.2	48.0%	3.4%	8	4.6	47.3%	9.1%	21.2	28.3%	5.0%	22.3	9.6	21.1	22.4	12.3
15	3.6	87.2%	6.0%	7	5.2	77.4%	14.5%	17.7	35.7%	10.7%	19.2	9.3	11.9	22.8	2.8
16	4.8	82.8%	0.9%	7	3.0	58.3%	16.7%	58.3	33.3%	26.7%	62.3	2.0	62.0	71.1	25.3
17	1.9	58.4%	11.3%	6	4.6	67.3%	10.9%	10.9	71.7%	3.8%	10.0	18.6	7.8	13.5	5.0
18	1.6	57.1%	2.2%	5	3.9	70.2%	4.3%	13.1	68.1%	6.4%	13.6	4.0	26.3	8.3	4.9
19	3.2	80.1%	16.2%	6	2.7	84.4%	21.9%	26.9	44.1%	14.7%	26.0	30.6	24.3	18.5	36.1
20	2.3	68.0%	13.1%	5	2.9	62.9%	31.4%	14.2	56.3%	6.3%	15.6	10.7	21.8	9.3	13.0
21	3.2	55.0%	4.3%	7	1.9	78.3%	8.7%	26.7	50.0%	8.3%	27.9	20.5	69.6	17.2	10.0
ATD 13	7.1	56.5%	23.8%	-	4.0	50.0%	27.1%	63.1	0.0%	62.3%	65.9	47.4	57.7	69.8	95.0
14	5.5	50.9%	18.0%	-	4.4	52.8%	3.8%	39.9	7.7%	19.2%	40.1	35.5	34.3	48.2	25.3
15	4.6	85.9%	14.1%	-	3.5	76.2%	9.5%	47.5	0.0%	25.8%	49.0	39.8	33.3	53.3	51.5
16	3.4	90.5%	0.5%	-	1.5	100.0%	16.7%	93.3	0.0%	60.0%	93.3	*	154.0	89.4	64.0
17	7.0	76.0%	4.3%	-	4.0	54.2%	12.5%	54.5	12.5%	35.0%	52.9	16.8	26.8	63.4	48.0
18	4.1	71.3%	11.4%	-	2.9	57.1%	20.0%	49.8	17.1%	25.7%	51.0	25.0	36.3	56.1	71.2
19	3.5	77.5%	22.8%	-	2.3	75.0%	21.4%	55.4	12.5%	37.5%	59.0	47.9	56.2	52.1	60.5
20	5.1	35.9%	8.1%	-	2.1	52.0%	20.0%	72.5	0.0%	47.4%	87.2	31.4	82.8	52.9	127.0
21	2.5	59.6%	2.4%	-	0.8	70.0%	10.0%	93.9	0.0%	57.1%	99.5	22.0	102.0	107.1	30.0

**TABLE 65. CAPE MAY ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 11	3.1	64.7%	18.0%	6	2.3	55.6%	25.9%	41.9	7.4%	22.2%	35.9	39.6	37.7	36.2	70.5
12	1.9	48.5%	29.7%	5	2.2	42.3%	38.5%	31.2	3.7%	14.8%	35.7	20.6	15.3	46.6	19.3
13	3.7	42.8%	35.1%	7	2.8	44.1%	26.5%	36.9	13.9%	13.9%	34.7	43.6	34.7	39.5	40.3
14	2.6	46.8%	26.2%	6	2.3	60.7%	25.0%	33.1	33.3%	11.1%	28.1	44.9	53.4	15.0	31.5
15	1.4	22.5%	18.1%	4	1.2	42.9%	14.3%	43.6	26.7%	40.0%	43.6	80.0	53.3	36.2	41.5
16	1.0	68.1%	79.8%	3	1.8	57.1%	14.3%	17.1	62.5%	25.0%	6.3	93.0	24.8	6.3	19.0
17	1.1	86.8%	1.9%	3	1.8	47.6%	14.3%	21.0	43.5%	17.4%	23.7	2.6	25.5	6.6	25.0
18	1.3	49.1%	42.0%	4	1.6	57.9%	10.5%	19.1	47.4%	5.3%	20.1	1.0	11.4	11.9	7.5
19	1.3	84.9%	40.9%	5	1.8	57.1%	9.5%	19.6	44.4%	11.1%	16.6	43.5	21.8	20.7	13.8
20	1.4	76.4%	2.8%	3	1.3	62.5%	12.5%	35.5	35.3%	17.6%	39.3	7.0	9.0	23.0	171.5
21	1.5	91.5%	4.5%	4	1.3	56.3%	31.3%	19.5	77.3%	13.6%	27.9	4.6	1.9	1.6	59.6
ATD 14	3.2	40.9%	28.9%	-	1.8	50.0%	27.3%	65.6	0.0%	37.5%	70.8	53.0	76.9	51.9	54.5
15	1.6	35.4%	5.8%	-	0.8	20.0%	10.0%	79.1	0.0%	50.0%	85.3	36.0	51.5	163.5	*
16	5.9	36.8%	0.0%	-	2.0	50.0%	0.0%	79.6	0.0%	71.4%	100.0	*	78.2	83.0	*
17	2.6	67.3%	24.0%	-	1.4	64.7%	11.8%	53.4	0.0%	27.8%	45.9	91.0	50.6	54.8	34.4
18	2.4	47.1%	31.5%	-	1.7	40.0%	30.0%	37.1	5.0%	15.0%	41.7	23.4	36.3	35.0	48.5
19	1.6	61.4%	4.0%	-	1.1	69.2%	0.0%	54.0	8.3%	25.0%	47.4	127.0	55.5	58.0	20.0
20	2.5	46.3%	1.8%	-	1.0	58.3%	16.7%	69.6	7.1%	35.7%	80.2	8.0	87.3	579	50.0
21	2.7	66.0%	33.4%	-	0.8	60.0%	60.0%	52.6	14.3%	42.9%	58.5	46.8	56.0	75.0	35.0

TABLE 66. SUSSEX ANNUAL TRENDS

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 12	2.2	58.0%	10.0%	7	3.2	18.4%	21.1%	12.9	56.8%	5.4%	14.1	8.0	9.1	*	29.3
13	1.5	24.9%	9.1%	4	2.5	6.7%	16.7%	27.1	41.9%	3.2%	30.5	13.0	13.2	157.3	*
14	1.1	34.6%	1.7%	4	1.6	31.6%	10.5%	29.0	44.4%	22.2%	32.1	4.5	28.1	*	31.4
15	2.0	41.5%	25.0%	7	2.3	42.3%	30.8%	27.9	20.0%	12.0%	32.3	16.6	27.2	28.9	*
16	2.5	32.4%	49.3%	5	2.0	25.0%	37.5%	48.0	10.0%	20.0%	37.9	71.7	40.9	64.7	*
17	0.8	0.7%	0.3%	3	0.8	30.0%	10.0%	30.9	50.0%	25.0%	35.0	2.0	40.3	*	2.5
18	0.9	53.0%	24.3%	3	1.3	43.8%	18.8%	17.3	27.8%	0.0%	17.1	21.0	18.1	16.3	16.9
19	0.7	37.5%	38.3%	3	1.0	33.3%	33.3%	17.8	33.3%	0.0%	14.9	28.0	20.9	2.0	12.0
20	0.3	0.0%	26.8%	1	0.4	0.0%	40.0%	20.6	28.6%	0.0%	22.3	18.3	20.6	*	*
21	0.9	100.0%	0.0%	2	0.2	100.0%	60.0%	2.0	100.0%	0.0%	2.0	*	*	2.0	*
ATD 12	2.9	16.8%	15.5%	-	2.8	11.8%	23.5%	29.3	12.5%	9.4%	31.3	21.0	26.9	*	53.0
13	2.6	25.9%	12.6%	-	2.6	16.1%	9.8%	24.3	6.3%	3.1%	23.1	31.0	23.7	38.0	16.7
14	3.8	7.4%	10.3%	-	2.8	9.1%	24.2%	27.0	12.5%	6.3%	31.0	15.0	26.3	49.0	4.0
15	3.8	11.1%	30.1%	-	2.7	12.5%	31.3%	32.4	12.1%	21.5%	36.0	22.6	32.8	28.0	28.0
16	3.1	24.0%	61.7%	-	1.3	20.0%	40.0%	70.0	0.0%	71.4%	79.5	57.3	66.8	78.0	*
17	1.3	46.6%	0.0%	-	1.4	29.4%	0.0%	32.1	12.5%	18.8%	32.1	*	27.2	60.0	17.0
18	5.3	31.3%	65.5%	-	4.3	22.2%	17.8%	47.1	11.1%	25.0%	47.7	44.7	42.2	43.0	91.7
19	3.1	8.6%	32.6%	-	3.7	37.8%	15.6%	28.5	5.0%	7.5%	22.5	33.0	26.9	29.7	54.0
20	2.2	15.9%	35.8%	-	0.8	0.0%	60.0%	63.5	0.0%	41.7%	52.0	75.0	56.5	141.0	*
21	1.6	45.1%	6.0%	-	0.4	26.6%	14.3%	133.0	0.0%	66.7%	181.5	36.0	181.5	36.0	*

TABLE 67. SALEM ANNUAL TRENDS

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 15	2.9	86.4%	15.8%	6	3.2	81.6%	21.1%	33.0	47.5%	17.5%	37.8	13.6	35.7	41.0	9.4
16	2.6	66.1%	7.5%	5	2.5	71.0%	19.4%	38.1	34.4%	25.0%	38.6	36.0	52.2	27.7	40.3
17	1.9	72.8%	26.6%	6	3.1	75.7%	16.2%	23.0	44.1%	14.7%	20.2	35.7	34.3	19.3	11.0
18	1.9	95.7%	17.1%	6	3.0	86.1%	13.9%	13.1	60.0%	8.6%	11.4	27.0	6.0	14.5	14.0
19	1.1	90.2%	15.5%	4	1.3	87.5%	18.8%	10.3	55.6%	0.0%	9.3	13.8	9.7	11.1	1.0
20	0.9	91.0%	4.7%	5	1.6	73.7%	15.8%	14.0	55.6%	0.0%	11.1	37.0	2.0	20.0	2.0
21	0.5	100.0%	0.0%	2	1.2	85.7%	7.1%	6.1	66.7%	0.0%	6.2	5.0	13.0	3.7	*
ATD 15	5.8	74.4%	27.4%	-	4.9	64.4%	33.9%	36.0	8.2%	18.0%	35.0	38.1	38.2	31.8	64.8
16	3.0	81.1%	13.2%	-	2.2	73.1%	19.2%	42.9	3.7%	25.9%	44.1	37.6	41.1	45.4	26.0
17	1.3	67.4%	18.7%	-	3.6	73.3%	20.0%	35.2	0.0%	17.6%	43.8	22.3	27.2	47.5	35.7
18	3.8	80.1%	28.2%	-	2.3	78.6%	17.9%	41.8	4.5%	27.3%	30.1	66.8	42.9	25.2	65.5
19	3.1	82.4%	19.3%	-	2.1	84.0%	32.0%	49.7	8.0%	20.0%	58.8	33.4	45.4	50.3	58.0
20	3.9	91.6%	26.1%	-	1.5	88.9%	22.2%	107.3	0.0%	50.0%	95.5	65.5	59.5	116.6	123.0
21	1.8	97.8%	4.0%	-	1.2	92.9%	0.0%	119.1	6.7%	53.3%	116.0	135.0	4.0	133.7	44.0

**TABLE 68. MORRIS ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 16	2.5	28.8%	10.3%	11	5.3	59.4%	25.0%	25.5	39.1%	10.9%	28.4	16.6	13.3	31.3	39.2
17	2.7	90.3%	8.8%	9	3.0	61.1%	13.9%	27.6	33.3%	12.8%	28.7	18.8	13.1	37.4	25.0
18	1.1	69.7%	1.8%	5	3.6	60.5%	7.0%	11.7	70.7%	7.3%	12.3	3.7	5.4	2.8	24.7
19	1.4	50.4%	21.4%	8	3.7	54.5%	15.9%	14.9	38.5%	2.6%	14.4	17.0	15.0	5.7	23.1
20	1.4	48.1%	1.2%	3	2.1	64.0%	4.0%	19.7	55.6%	7.4%	20.1	9.0	26.8	7.8	21.9
21	1.8	80.6%	11.9%	5	1.9	60.9%	13.0%	26.3	18.2%	18.2%	27.5	14.5	11.7	18.0	35.8
ATD 18	0.9	34.4%	20.4%	-	1.8	50.0%	14.3%	15.7	14.3%	0.0%	14.7	21.5	20.5	11.5	10.6
19	0.7	37.7%	13.2%	-	1.4	76.5%	23.5%	16.5	6.7%	0.0%	19.0	9.5	15.7	15.0	20.3
20	1.7	62.1%	0.0%	-	1.9	43.5%	4.3%	30.7	4.3%	8.7%	32.0	4.0	27.1	35.3	38.7
21	2.0	52.3%	1.9%	-	1.0	50.0%	8.3%	57.5	7.7%	38.5%	61.1	14.0	52.7	59.5	83.3

**TABLE 69. HUNTERDON ANNUAL TRENDS**

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	W	B	H
DET 17	0.3	89.1%	2.2%	1	0.6	87.5%	12.5%	12.3	50.0%	0.0%	13.6	3.0	3.3	17.6	*
18	0.3	6.0%	9.0%	1	0.5	40.0%	20.0%	22.4	20.0%	20.0%	25.5	10.0	34.3	4.5	*
19	0.5	8.0%	0.0%	1	0.5	33.3%	0.0%	22.8	40.0%	20.0%	22.8	*	32.7	2.0	14.0
20	0.2	0.0%	0.0%	1	0.1	0.0%	0.0%	71.0	0.0%	50.0%	71.0	*	71.0	*	*
21	0.8	0.0%	0.0%	2	0.2	0.0%	0.0%	147.0	0.0%	100.0%	147.0	*	147.0	*	*
ATD 19	0.3	93.8%	0.0%	-	0.2	50.0%	0.0%	49.0	0.0%	50.0%	49.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	91.0
20	*	*	*	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
21	*	*	*	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

## Notes

### General Notes.

If and when data modifications or updates occur, previously distributed reports are not adjusted and redistributed. Instead, subsequent reports are adjusted to reflect the most recently verified data. The research & reform specialist working with each site can provide clarification regarding any data changes in a given site.

ADP figures for any county with a cap or restriction on daily population during any given time period include youth held out-of-county, i.e., reflect total youth from that county in secure detention. Note that LOS figures for counties under such a cap/restriction reflect the length of stay in secure detention, including time spent in-county and out-of-county

---

<sup>1</sup> Because each JDAI site has a different pre-JDAI year, pre-JDAI all-sites figures do not reflect numbers from one specific year. All-sites pre-JDAI figures are derived by tallying figures from each individual site's pre-JDAI year.

<sup>2</sup> "Other Violation or Non-Delinquent Event" includes situations such as municipal warrants; violation of a deferred disposition; violation of drug court; return to detention from an alternative for family issues, equipment problems, or other issues not directly related to the youth's non-compliant behavior; violation of diversion; violations of other court-ordered conditions that are not clearly a VOP or detention alternative violation; program violations where no VOP is filed; violations where the exact nature is unknown; contempt of court on a non-delinquency matter; and status offenses/family crisis matters.

<sup>3</sup> "Other Reason" includes out-of-state warrants, parole warrants, detainers, and temporary detention (transfer from other secure facility) for the purpose of testifying at a trial or appearing in court.

<sup>4</sup> Prior to the annual report of 2011, in the original cohort of sites, pre-JDAI (2003) figures that relied on case-level data for analysis were based on a 4-month sample of cases. In 2011 staff worked to build complete case-level data sets for these sites for their pre-JDAI year, in order to allow for better analysis of pre vs. post JDAI changes. In Hudson, however, in accordance with detention record-retention rules, admission/departure logbooks had been destroyed by 2011, and since in 2003 Hudson did not have an electronic means of otherwise maintaining case-level data, a full-year case-level data file could not be built. As such, Hudson's pre-JDAI figures in Tables 6-8 are extrapolated based on the original 4-month sample. For example, in the 4-month sample for 2003, 10.3% of admissions were for VOPs, and 10.3% of 1222 total annual admissions is 126, the extrapolated estimate for total VOP admissions in Hudson in 2003. Similarly, for 47 of Essex's 2460 admissions in 2003, a review of records in 2011 could not determine the type of act/lead reason for admission, and so the same method is used for these 47 cases.

<sup>5</sup> Includes detention alternative violations; municipal warrants; violation of a deferred disposition; violation of drug court; return to detention from an alternative for family issues, equipment problems, or other issues not directly related to the youth's non-compliant behavior; violation of diversion; violations of other court-ordered conditions that are not clearly a VOP or detention alternative violation; program violations where no VOP was filed; violations where the exact nature is unknown; contempt of court on a non-delinquency matter; and status offenses/family crisis matters.

<sup>6</sup> If the current offense is a VOP or other violation of a disposition, this reflects the most serious adjudicated offense for which the youth is currently on probation. If the current offense is an FTA, ATD violation, or other violation of the terms of pre-dispositional release, this reflects the most serious offense of all open pending charges at the time of the admission to detention.

<sup>7</sup> Throughout the report, an asterisk (\*) denotes that there were no cases in the category for analysis. For example, Table 9 includes only those youth admitted to detention on a violation, and then reports the most serious underlying offense for those youth. In Warren, in 2020, there were no youth admitted to detention on a violation, so there is no data to analyze regarding the most serious underlying offense for that category of youth.

---

<sup>8</sup> Court remand includes youth remanded to detention at any point in the case process. Note that this includes youth previously in the community or on a detention alternative who have not been charged with a new offense or violation, but who are remanded upon adjudication to await disposition, or upon disposition to await placement. In other words, the primary reason for the remand is tied to the case process, and not to *new* behavior of the youth. However, when this occurs, the “Nature of Offense/Lead Reason for Detention” for which the youth is detained is recorded as the charge for which the youth was newly adjudicated or disposed

<sup>9</sup> “Other” admission process includes situations such as youth admitted directly on a warrant to detain or from a detention alternative (without a call to/processing via intake services); youth brought directly to the detention center by an alternative program on a violation (without a warrant); extradition from out-of-state; return on detainer from a hospital/mental health facility pre-disposition; via the prosecutor’s office; and a few cases where the exact nature of the admission process is unknown.

<sup>11</sup> Length of stay is calculated based on youth departing detention during the time period of interest, and for each youth, LOS is the number of days between and including the departure date and the admission date.

<sup>12</sup> Length of Stay: All-Site Average - Beginning with the 2010 Annual Report, all-site figures are now derived by adding up each site’s LOS figure, and dividing by the number of sites. Previously, within a cohort of sites, each youth’s length of stay was summed and divided by the total number of youth. The “youth-based” ALOS and “site-based” ALOS yield similar, though not exactly the same, results. This change occurred as the result of the ongoing addition of new JDAI sites, which resulted in totals for each cohort of sites being replaced with a single, all-sites total or average, and factors related to how data are maintained for each cohort of sites.

<sup>13</sup> Departure Type Clarification

“Detention Alternative/Shelter” includes youth released to detention alternatives/alternative supervision/shelter a) prior to the final case disposition or b) at/post-disposition, but prior to final dispositional placement (i.e., released to alternative supervision to await placement availability). Situation b) occurs infrequently, and as such is not reported as its own category in this report.

“Other Service Agency/Placement (pre-dispo)” includes youth released to a hospital; mental health/diagnostic facility; DCP&P custody; treatment or dispositional program, pre-dispositionally; or youth released to their dispositional placement prior to the date of final disposition.

“Jail, Bail, Upon/After Waiver” includes youth who were transferred to the jail for any reason (waiver, adult charges filed in criminal, adult charges pending at time of admission, age, etc.), youth who made bail or who were ROR after adult charges were filed in criminal court, and youth who were otherwise released upon or after waiver.

“Other Authorities” include youth released to the custody of out-of-state authorities (typically youth admitted on out-of-state warrants); BICE (immigration); JJC parole or secure facility (typically following admission for a parole warrant); or the police (typically when it is determined youth was in fact an adult).

“Similar” in the “dismissed/diverted” category includes cases where no charges were formally filed in court; the case was closed or inactivated with no further action, including cases where probation was terminated; cases where a youth, having been admitted as a sanction for drug-court noncompliance, was returned home to continue with drug court; cases where no indictment was returned for a youth waived to adult court (and the charges were not reopened in juvenile court); and youth that had been admitted on a status offense or family crisis matter.

“Other” cases are those where the circumstances of release could not be clearly determined, or rare cases that do not fall into any of the above categories. NOTE: In light of the very small number of cases that fall into this category, cases categorized as “other” are not included in the Departure Type tables.

<sup>14</sup> For counties with a 60-day commitment program, data regarding departures and LOS pertain to youth leaving/LOS in the detention center on “detention status.” In other words, if a youth in the detention center pre-dispositionally is ultimately disposed to the detention commitment program, the “departure date” used in the youth’s LOS calculation is the date the youth’s status changed from “detention” to “disposed/commitment,” and the departure type will be recorded as “dispositional placement.”

---

<sup>15</sup> Other crime indicators, based on reports of crime (as opposed to arrests for crime), show decreases, too. For example, the total crime index for the state of New Jersey, which is the count of index offenses *reported* to the police (murder, rape, robbery, burglary, aggravated assault, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft), reflects decreases in crime since 2003. And, since 2003 the percent of reported crime cleared by arrest has remained the same. For example, in 2003 there were 252,149 reported index offenses, and 19.2% were cleared by arrest. In 2015, there were 168,611 reported index offenses (a large decrease), and 22.0% were cleared by arrest.

<sup>16</sup> Refers only to those JDAI sites that house youth in detention centers which have been approved by the Juvenile Justice Commission to operate 60-day commitment programs as a dispositional option.

<sup>17</sup> These sites include Bergen, Cumberland, Hudson, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Somerset, Sussex, Union, and Warren.