

New Jersey Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative (JDAI) 2023 Annual Data Report

State of New Jersey
Office of the Attorney General
Juvenile Justice Commission

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Background

In 2004 the Annie E. Casey Foundation selected New Jersey to be among the first states to replicate the nationally recognized Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative (JDAI). JDAI was developed in response to national trends reflecting a drastic increase in the use of secure detention for youth despite decreases in youth arrests, and the resulting overcrowding of youth detention centers nationwide. The goal of this systems-change initiative is to create more effective and efficient processes surrounding the use of detention. To that end, JDAI works to reduce the number of youth unnecessarily or inappropriately held in secure detention, while maintaining public safety and ensuring youth appear for scheduled court dates. JDAI also works to redirect resources toward successful reform strategies and to improve conditions of confinement in detention facilities for those youth who require this most secure level of supervision.

Genesis of JDAI in New Jersey: The Need for Innovation

In the 1990s New Jersey experienced the same drastic increase in the use of secure, institutional detention for youth, despite decreases in youth delinquency, faced by much of the nation. For example, in the 10-year period of 1993-2002 youth arrests for "index" offenses (i.e., the most serious offenses) in New Jersey decreased by 44.8%, and overall youth arrests decreased by 24.7%. However, during the same 10-year period average daily population in detention increased by 37.7%. These changes led to serious overcrowding in New Jersey's county-operated detention facilities. For example, in 1996 New Jersey's detention facilities were operating at 166% of approved capacity. Government's response to the problem at that time was to increase the number of detention beds. After millions of dollars spent, and a resulting 56% increase in detention capacity over just a few-year period, the adage rang true: "If you build it, they will come." By 2002, even after the detention building-boom in New Jersey, more than half of the detention centers in the state remained overcrowded, with the five most overcrowded facilities operating at anywhere from 122% to 223% of capacity.

JDAI Vision & Philosophy: Why Does This Matter?

JDAI is premised on the Annie E. Casey Foundation's philosophy, which the Juvenile Justice Commission subscribes to, that all youth involved in the justice system should have opportunities to develop into healthy, productive adults as a result of policies, practices, and programs that maximize their chances for personal transformation, protect their legal rights, reduce their likelihood of unnecessary or inappropriate incarceration, and minimize the risks they pose to their communities. Detention is a focus for several reasons.

- <u>Negative Impact of Secure Detention.</u> Research has shown that detention has critical, long-lasting consequences for court-involved youth. Youth who are detained are more likely than their non-detained counterparts to be formally charged, adjudicated, and committed to an institution. Detention disrupts connections in school, services, and families. Over the long-haul, the detention experience negatively impacts educational and employment levels. As such, detention should be reserved for the most serious, most chronic youthful offenders.
- <u>Historical Lack of Public Safety Results</u>. Detention is a stronger predictor of recidivism among youth than many other factors. Detention system reform helps the entire justice system more accurately identify which youth really need to be confined to minimize risks to the community and holds the system accountable for public safety results.
- Opportunity to Improve the Youth Justice System as a Whole. Recognizing that detention reform is an
 entryway to overall system reform, JDAI was designed to make the entire youth justice system smarter,
 fairer, more efficient, and more effective. The kind of changes a jurisdiction makes to safely reduce
 reliance on detention should influence how other parts of the system operate.

The Purpose of Detention and JDAI Core Strategies

The statutory purpose of detention is to temporarily hold youth who pose a serious risk of reoffending or a risk of flight, while their cases are pending final court disposition. To help ensure detention is used according to this purpose, and to otherwise assist jurisdictions in accomplishing their reform goals, JDAI provides a

framework for conducting a thorough, data-driven examination of the detention system, and for using that information to develop strategies for system improvement. This proven approach to systems-change has demonstrated across numerous jurisdictions in the nation that reliance on secure detention can be reduced safely, and outcomes for youth improved, through implementation of JDAI's eight core strategies. These eight core strategies are:

- (1) Building the collaboration and leadership required for the challenging work of system reform,
- (2) Relying on data to inform justice system policy and program development,
- (3) Implementing effective, objective detention admissions policies and practices,
- (4) Enhancing available alternatives to secure detention,
- (5) Reducing unnecessary delays in case processing and corresponding length of stay (LOS) in detention,
- (6) Focusing on challenges presented by "special populations," including youth detained for violations of probation and warrants, and youth awaiting dispositional placement,
- (7) Identifying strategies to reduce racial disparities in the detention system, and
- (8) Ensuring detention facilities present conditions of confinement that meet basic constitutional, statutory, and professional standards, and striving to meet best-practice standards.

Additional principles embedded in the work include ensuring that youth, families, and communities are active partners in system transformation efforts, and that reform efforts expand beyond detention to all facets of the youth justice system.

What are Detention Alternative Programs?

Detention alternatives are short-term programs that increase supervision in the community to ensure that a young person remains arrest-free and returns to court during the pendency of their case. Detention alternative programs should be arranged in a continuum from least to most restrictive and should be used for young people who score in the middle category of the detention risk screening tool or for young people who score for detention, at the decision maker's discretion. Young people not referred to detention should not be placed on an alternative and young people who score for outright release to a parent/guardian should rarely be placed on a detention alternative. Detention alternative programs may include, but are not limited to home supervision, electronic monitoring, day or evening reporting centers, and shelter care.

Impressive Results Lead to New Jersey's Designation as a "Model State"

The Juvenile Justice Commission (JJC) is the lead agency for JDAI in New Jersey, providing the management and staffing infrastructure integral to New Jersey's success as a JDAI site. The New Jersey Judiciary is a critical partner in this work, and with the JJC, has provided the leadership needed to achieve the success that has brought New Jersey national recognition. As of 2019, all 21 counties were actively participating in JDAI in New Jersey. While nationally JDAI is operational in nearly 300 local jurisdictions spanning 40 states, New Jersey is the only state to be designated a national model for detention reform by the Casey Foundation. This designation was bestowed upon New Jersey in late 2008 as a result of the impressive outcomes achieved since JDAI inception. As a model site, New Jersey receives grant funding from the Casey Foundation to support JDAI, and New Jersey's JDAI leaders are routinely called upon to conduct training and provide technical support to other states seeking to replicate our state's JDAI success.

Substantial Cost-Savings Realized

Consistent with the national JDAI experience, significant cost-savings have been realized, partially as the result of JDAI in New Jersey. The space created by significant population reductions along with other factors has spurred ten counties to close their detention centers and house their youth in other counties' facilities. At the start of JDAI, there were 17 detention centers operating in New Jersey; as of 2023, there were seven. Over the past twelve years, these shared-services agreements have resulted in approximately \$30 million in annual cost savings for the sending counties and substantial revenue increases for the receiving counties.

Nationally, in established JDAI sites detention reform has proven to be a springboard for broader youth justice system change and related cost-savings. Research indicates that detained youth are more likely to be

committed to state custody at the point of disposition than non-detained youth with similar charges and delinquency history. It is reasonable to assume, then, that a reduction in the number of youth held in detention would lead to a reduction in the number of youth committed to state custody, typically the costliest of all dispositional placements. In New Jersey this has proven to be the case. Across all 21 JDAI sites in 2023, commitments to the JJC had been cut substantially, dropping by 90.5%, with 944 fewer youth committed to state custody in 2023 alone, as compared to each site's pre-JDAI year. The decrease in commitments to state custody through JDAI has allowed the JJC to downsize operations and reduce expenditures, too. Most recently, in 2021, the JJC closed one residential community home and downsized secure care operations by closing housing units and eliminating custody posts. These downsizing efforts resulted in a sustained cut to the JJC's operational budget of \$2.6 million.

Improved Conditions of Confinement for Detained Youth

Overcrowding in detention centers leads to serious problems, including an increased risk of violent incidents and injury to youth and staff, and an increase in liability. In 2002, just prior to New Jersey's designation as a JDAI site, detention centers in nine of NJ's current JDAI sites were overcrowded, with the most overcrowded detention center operating at 223% of capacity. In recent years, annual conditions of confinement evaluations conducted for each detention center by the JJC have revealed positive results, finding that these facilities are on the whole in compliance with state regulations and standards.

JDAI: A Model of Governmental Cooperation

JDAI has earned the support of government at both the state and local levels and exemplifies the best of interagency and intergovernmental collaboration. The Attorney General's Office and the Administrative Office of the Courts have been instrumental in developing and supporting JDAI. At the state level, the New Jersey Council on Juvenile Justice System Improvement, whose members are jointly appointed by the JJC Executive Director and the Administrative Director of the New Jersey Courts, oversees JDAI and considers statewide policy and practice reforms, such as the detention Risk Screening Tool. At the local level, County Councils on Juvenile Justice System Improvement are directly responsible for implementing local reform strategies, exhibiting remarkable collaboration and innovation. The JJC provides the staffing for both the state and local councils.

Purpose of the JDAI Annual Data Report & Summary of Key Findings

As indicated above, reliance on data to inform policy and program development is key among JDAl's core strategies. Through the JDAl process, jurisdictions use data to examine the detention process to determine where opportunities for improvement exist, and to measure the impact of any reforms implemented. The JDAl Annual Data Report documents annual trends along with key indicators of detention utilization, including admissions, length of stay (LOS), and average daily population (ADP). Note that the purpose of the JDAl Annual Data Report is to illustrate the overall impact of JDAl as a statewide initiative. County-specific needs continue to drive the various, additional analyses used for system-diagnosis at the local level.

The Annual Data Report provides information regarding all 21 New Jersey JDAI sites and documents impressive changes in local detention systems – changes that are consistent with the application of JDAI core strategies and with the goal of safely reducing the unnecessary detention of New Jersey's kids. For example:

- Comparing the year prior to JDAI in each site to the current year, across sites average daily population
 has decreased by -68.9%. On any given day, there were 571 fewer youth in secure detention, with
 youth of color accounting for 89.0% of this drop.
- Comparing the year prior to JDAI in each site to 2023, collectively across sites almost nine thousand (8,732) fewer youth were admitted to detention, a decrease of -83.4%.
- Since JDAI implementation, the number of youth admitted to detention for noncompliance with the rules of probation dropped -92.7%. Additionally, youth admitted to detention for failing to appear in court decreased by -93.3%, and the number of youth admitted for other violations, rule noncompliance, or non-delinquency matters dropped by -62.6%.

- Since JDAI implementation, the number of girls in detention has decreased by -86.0% across the 21 sites. On any given day, there were 70 fewer girls in secure detention.
- Accounting for changing demographics in the general youth population, across sites the overrepresentation of youth of color in detention has decreased by -6.0 percentage points since JDAI implementation.
- In 2023, an average of just 4.1% of youth were discharged from a detention alternative program as the result of a new delinquency charge, an indicator that JDAI public safety goals are being met.
- Similarly, Uniform Crime Report figures indicate that in 2023, youth arrests were down in all 21 sites
 as compared to each site's pre-JDAI year, for a total reduction of -87.6%. Arrests for the more serious
 "index" offenses are down -79.1%. These changes provide additional evidence that JDAI public safety
 goals are being met.
- Finally, as noted above, across sites commitments to state custody with the JJC as a disposition are down -90.0% as compared to each site's pre-JDAI year.

A core principle of JDAI is recognizing that no matter how well the current system is operating, there is always room for improvement. The purpose of this report is not only to highlight the accomplishments of New Jersey's JDAI sites, but to look for areas where we can continue to grow. While the accomplishments of New Jersey's JDAI sites to date are indeed substantial, the report's findings indicate there are opportunities to continue to improve the youth justice system.

For example, seventeen sites have experienced an increase in the average (mean) length of stay since JDAI implementation, with two sites experiencing increases of +75 days or more. Averaging across sites, the mean length of stay in detention has increased by +20.0 days. Additionally, averaging across sites, the median length of stay has increased by +4.0 days and the percentage of youth remaining in detention for 60 days or more has increased by +8.6 percentage points. The gap in length of stay between youth of color and white youth also remains. In 2023, across sites the mean length of stay in detention for youth of color was +22.2 days longer than that for white youth; this gap has more than doubled since that seen pre-JDAI, when it was +10.0 days. Similarly, the median length of stay for youth of color was +10.9 days longer than that for white youth in 2023. Finally, the percentage of youth of color remaining in detention longer than 60 days is +16.0 percentage points higher than that for white youth; this gap has more than doubled over the years (the gap was +7.1 percentage points pre-JDAI).

As individual sites strive to make improvements with regard to length of stay, it is important to consider the interconnection between departure types and length of stay. Jurisdictions that release a greater proportion of youth from detention to a detention alternative in the community have shorter overall lengths of stay. For example, in Cape May, 75.0% of detained youth are released to a detention alternative, and these youth remain in detention for 15.2 days, resulting in an overall length of stay of just 12.4 days, a figure much lower than the all-sites average (47.4 days). Conversely, in Monmouth, while the average length of stay for youth released to an alternative is only 6.4 days, just 20.0% of detained youth are released to a detention alternative, a figure much lower than the all-sites average of 59.8% and lower than that in Monmouth last year (28.8%). With a larger share of Monmouth youth remaining in detention through to disposition (55.0%, as compared to 0.0% in Cape May and the all-sites average of 21.1%), Monmouth's overall length of stay of 106.4 days is much longer than Cape May's (12.4 days) and the all-sites average (47.4 days). This example illustrates how increasing the use of detention alternatives is a strategy for reducing length of stay.

It is also important to note that the length of stay for youth remaining in detention through to the final disposition of their case has more than doubled, from 50.1 days to 105.4 days, since JDAI implementation. This increase is one of the primary drivers of the overall increase in length of stay. JDAI sites should therefore redouble efforts to ensure timely case processing at all points in the court process, especially given the disparities in length of stay between youth of color and white youth noted above. To address the increase in length of stay through disposition, sites could, for example, implement a Multi-Disciplinary Team (MDT) or case expeditor or review the effectiveness of the current MDT or case expeditor, and/or review timeframes for calendaring cases and adjournment practices, all of which are strategies for helping to expedite cases through disposition. Additionally, sites should analyze their data to determine what alternatives could be added to the detention

alternative continuum to ensure more youth can be safely released pre-dispositionally, thus further reducing length of stay in detention. Finally, the Annie E. Casey Foundation's publication Timely Justice: Improving JDAI Results through Case Processing Reforms, can serve as a resource for additional strategies to address the increasing length of stay experienced by New Jersey JDAI sites.

In light of the substantial achievements made by JDAI sites in terms of reducing unnecessary admissions to detention, an intentional focus on length of stay and related case processing issues, with an emphasis on further diagnosing and addressing potential disparities in this area, continues to be an area warranting further examination and problem-solving in JDAI sites. Indeed, reducing the length of stay in detention for youth of color presents an opportunity for reducing the disproportionate confinement of youth of color.

Finally, while JDAI sites have achieved remarkable results in terms of reducing reliance on detention for youth charged with violations and low-level offenses, it seems there may be additional opportunities for improvement in this area. For example, in 2023, across sites, of youth detained on a violation only, 19.0% (73 youth) had an offense of the 4th degree or less as the most serious, immediate underlying offense. Of these youth, (53.4%, 39 youth) had an offense of the 4th degree or less as the most serious prior adjudication in their entire court history; 14 of these youth had no prior adjudications. While these figures represent small decreases compared to 2022, continuing to focus on implementing strategies to reduce detention for this population of low-level offenders, who are often "low-risk, high-need," seems warranted, considering their very limited delinquency history.

How Were These Results Achieved?

As described above, it is through the implementation of JDAI's eight core strategies that sites accomplish the goal of reducing reliance on detention, while maintaining public safety. Examples of the types of policy, practice, and programming changes implemented among New Jersey's JDAI sites that align with these core strategies are: 1) the implementation of the detention Risk Screening Tool to guide initial admissions decisions at the point of law enforcement referral to court intake services; 2) the creation of an array of probation interventions for addressing non-compliance short of filing a violation of probation and requesting a warrant to detention; 3) improved court notification procedures that increase court appearance rates and reduce warrants to detention for failure to appear (FTA); 4) practices that differentiate between reasons for non-appearance in court, and where appropriate, the use alternatives to issuing FTA warrants, such as "day time" warrants and rescheduling hearings, in instances where youth have not in fact absconded; and 5) developing a more robust continuum of detention alternatives that provides the supervision and supports necessary to assist youth in meeting release conditions.

The Impact of the Public Health Emergency

The pandemic presented significant challenges for youth justice systems, but leaders and partners from a variety of disciplines worked to ensure that gains made over the course of JDAI's implementation were not lost during this trying time. However, as the public health emergency drew to a close in 2022 and justice system operations and daily life began to normalize, JDAI sites experienced one-year increases in the primary indicators of detention utilization, with average daily population increasing +14.4% between 2021 and 2022 and by +4.2% from 2022 to 2023. While average daily population is still down -68.9% since before JDAI, it is important for all stakeholders to remain vigilant to ensure the increase does not become an ongoing trend into the future, with a specific focus on length of stay as discussed above and later in this report.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN KEY DETENTION UTILIZATION INDICATORS

Tables 1a and 1b summarize changes in the key indicators of detention utilization, before and after JDAI and over the past year. These three indicators include admissions, average length of stay (ALOS), and average daily population (ADP). Of course, ADP is a function of how many youth are admitted to detention and how long each youth stays, so a primary purpose of Tables 1a and 1b is to illustrate the interaction between the detention utilization indicators. Each of the three indicators will be discussed further in subsequent sections of the report.

As Table 1a reveals, following JDAI implementation, all 21 sites experienced a decrease in both admissions and ADP, for a remarkable, collective decrease of -83.4% in admissions and -68.9% decrease in ADP. At the same time, 17 of the 21 sites experienced an increase in ALOS.

TABLE 1a. SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN KEY DETENTION UTILIZATION INDICATORS, PRE-JDAI^a VS. 2023

TABLE 1a. 30	ADLE 18. SUMMART OF CHANGES IN RE			ILIZATION INDI	JICATURS, PRE-JUAI" VS. 202		
	Admi	ssions	AL	os	ADP		
	Kids	%	Days	%	Kids	%	
Atlantic	-358	-76.3%	+103.7	+358.8%	-7.0	-20.5%	
Camden	-1399	-83.3%	+23.2	+108.9%	-65.1	-68.8%	
Essex	-2021	-82.2%	+16.6	+43.1%	-182.6	-75.0%	
Monmouth	-474	-93.5%	+76.1	+251.2%	-32.6	-81.5%	
Hudson	-1075	-88.0%	+14.8	+51.2%	-63.9	-73.7%	
Mercer	-765	-88.6%	+14.7	+53.6%	-44.2	-73.7%	
Union	-454	-84.4%	+35.6	+123.6%	-20.9	-53.3%	
Bergen	-193	-77.5%	+11.2	+40.9%	-11.5	-56.7%	
Burlington	-211	-74.3%	+0.8	+2.9%	-15.4	-75.5%	
Ocean	-201	-83.8%	-2.2	-6.3%	-19.4	-81.9%	
Somerset	-101	-80.2%	+9.1	+38.2%	-4.8	-53.3%	
Passaic	-740	-89.7%	+28.6	+95.7%	-50.7	-72.2%	
Middlesex	-351	-78.2%	+24.3	+68.3%	-27.4	-65.1%	
Cumberland	-182	-73.1%	+9.9	+29.5%	-15.7	-57.5%	
Warren	-23	-74.2%	+26.6	+112.7%	-1.0	-43.5%	
Gloucester	-64	-64.6%	+31.4	+183.6%	-0.7	-15.9%	
Cape May	-17	-63.0%	-29.5	-70.4%	-2.1	-67.7%	
Sussex	-30	-78.9%	-0.4	-3.1%	-1.9	-86.4%	
Salem	-21	-55.3%	+20.4	+61.8%	-2.1	-72.4%	
Morris	-47	-73.4%	+9.1	+51.1%	-1.6	-64.0%	
Hunterdon	-5	-71.4%	-3.3	-26.8%	-0.2	-66.7%	
TOTAL	-8732	-83.4%	+20.0	+73.0%	-570.8	-68.9%	

While before-and-after JDAI trends in terms of admissions and ADP are extraordinary, it is important to note that sites experienced a one-year increase in two out of the three detention utilization indicators between 2022 and 2023, as seen in Table 1b. It is also important to note, however, that admissions to detention experienced a deep reduction during the pandemic, and therefore 2023 admissions, while up over 2022, remain markedly lower than pre-pandemic: there were 2317 admissions in 2019 compared to 1732 in 2023. Comparing 2019 to 2023 there was a reduction of 585 (-25.2%) admissions to detention. On the other hand, LOS during the pandemic surged, and has not recovered, increasing from 27.2 days in 2019, to 46.7 days in 2021, to 49.9 days by 2022, and remaining relatively stable at 47.4 days in 2023.

1

^a Pre-JDAI years are as follows: 2003 (Atlantic, Camden, Essex, Monmouth, Hudson); 2005 (Mercer, Union, Bergen, Burlington, Ocean); 2008 (Somerset, Passaic); 2009 (Middlesex, Cumberland, Warren); 2011 (Gloucester, Cape May); 2012 (Sussex); 2015 (Salem); 2016 (Morris); 2017 (Hunterdon).

TABLE 1b. SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN KEY DETENTION UTILIZATION INDICATORS, 2022 VS. 2023

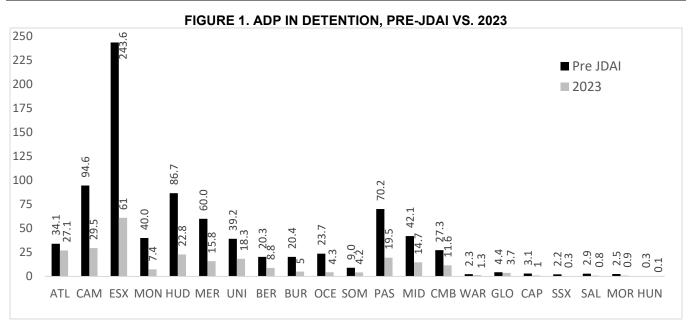
	Admis		AL		AD	
	Kids	%	Days	%	Kids	%
Atlantic	+39	+54.2%	+74.4	+127.8%	+11.9	+78.3%
Camden	+26	+10.2%	-4.0	-8.2%	-3.0	-9.2%
Essex	-8	-1.8%	+6.5	+13.4%	-12.9	-17.5%
Monmouth	-22	-40.0%	+7.0	+7.0%	-2.3	-23.7%
Hudson	-2	-1.3%	+14.0	+47.1%	+5.9	+34.9%
Mercer	+4	+4.3%	-11.6	-21.6%	+3.6	+29.5%
Union	+7	+9.1%	+24.8	+62.6%	+7.2	+64.9%
Bergen	+6	+12.0%	+6.1	+18.8%	+2.8	+46.7%
Burlington	+3	+4.3%	-3.0	-9.6%	-1.8	-26.5%
Ocean	+9	+30.0%	-9.0	-21.6%	+1.0	+30.3%
Somerset	+6	+31.6%	-74.6	-69.4%	+1.1	+35.5%
Passaic	-1	-1.2%	+27.1	+86.3%	-4.7	-19.4%
Middlesex	+22	+28.9%	-7.7	-11.4%	-1.1	-7.0%
Cumberland	+26	+63.4%	-19.4	-30.8%	+3.7	+46.8%
Warren	-4	-33.3%	+24.6	+96.1%	+0.1	+8.3%
Gloucester	+13	+59.1%	+3.9	+8.7%	+1.3	+54.2%
Cape May	+5	+100.0%	-75.6	-85.9%	+0.1	+11.1%
Sussex	+2	+33.3%	-2.5	-16.7%	-0.3	-50.0%
Salem	-10	-37.0%	+7.6	+16.6%	-1.4	-63.6%
Morris	-3	-15.0%	-1.2	-4.3%	-0.7	-43.8%
Hunterdon	+1	+100.0%	*	*	-0.1	-50.0%
TOTAL	+119	+7.4%	-2.5	-5.0%	+10.4	+4.2%

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (ADP) IN DETENTION

As illustrated in Table 2 and Figure 1, on any given day in 2023 across the 21 JDAI sites, there were 571 fewer kids in secure detention centers than there were prior to JDAI implementation, a -68.9% decrease, with all 21 sites experiencing a decrease, and with Sussex (-86.4%), Ocean (-81.9%), and Monmouth (-81.5%) seeing decreases of more than 80%. However, over the past year, combined ADP is up +4.2%. Eleven sites experienced an increase, with the largest increases seen in Atlantic (+11.9 kids; +78.3%) and Union (+7.2 kids; +64.9%). However, ten sites experienced a one-year decrease in ADP, with the largest numerical decrease occurring in Essex (-12.9 kids; -17.5%).

TABLE 2. ADP IN DETENTION

	Dra IDAI	2022	2022	1-Year (Change	Pre-Post	Change
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	Kids	%	Kids	%
Atlantic	34.1	15.2	27.1	+11.9	+78.3%	-7.0	-20.5%
Camden	94.6	32.5	29.5	-3.0	-9.2%	-65.1	-68.8%
Essex	243.6	73.9	61.0	-12.9	-17.5%	-182.6	-75.0%
Monmouth	40.0	9.7	7.4	-2.3	-23.7%	-32.6	-81.5%
Hudson	86.7	16.9	22.8	+5.9	+34.9%	-63.9	-73.7%
Mercer	60.0	12.2	15.8	+3.6	+29.5%	-44.2	-73.7%
Union	39.2	11.1	18.3	+7.2	+64.9%	-20.9	-53.3%
Bergen	20.3	6.0	8.8	+2.8	+46.7%	-11.5	-56.7%
Burlington	20.4	6.8	5.0	-1.8	-26.5%	-15.4	-75.5%
Ocean	23.7	3.3	4.3	+1.0	+30.3%	-19.4	-81.9%
Somerset	9.0	3.1	4.2	+1.1	+35.5%	-4.8	-53.3%
Passaic	70.2	24.2	19.5	-4.7	-19.4%	-50.7	-72.2%
Middlesex	42.1	15.8	14.7	-1.1	-7.0%	-27.4	-65.1%
Cumberland	27.3	7.9	11.6	+3.7	+46.8%	-15.7	-57.5%
Warren	2.3	1.2	1.3	+0.1	+8.3%	-1.0	-43.5%
Gloucester	4.4	2.4	3.7	+1.3	+54.2%	-0.7	-15.9%
Cape May	3.1	0.9	1.0	+0.1	+11.1%	-2.1	-67.7%
Sussex	2.2	0.6	0.3	-0.3	-50.0%	-1.9	-86.4%
Salem	2.9	2.2	0.8	-1.4	-63.6%	-2.1	-72.4%
Morris	2.5	1.6	0.9	-0.7	-43.8%	-1.6	-64.0%
Hunterdon	0.3	0.2	0.1	-0.1	-50.0%	-0.2	-66.7%
TOTAL ¹	828.9	247.7	258.1	+10.4	+4.2%	-570.8	-68.9%



ADMISSIONS TO DETENTION

Table 3 indicates that, comparing the year prior to JDAI in each site to 2023 across all sites, almost nine thousand (8,732) fewer youth were admitted to detention this year, a decrease of –83.4%. Admissions decreased in all sites, with Monmouth (-93.5%), Passaic (-89.7%), and Mercer (-88.6%) seeing admissions drop by approximately 90%. However, over the past year admissions collectively increased by +7.4%, with 14 sites experiencing an increase. The largest increases occurred in Cape May (+5 kids; +100%), Cumberland (+26 kids; +63.4%), Gloucester (+13 kids; +59.1%), and Atlantic (+39 kids; +54.2%). Seven sites experienced a one-year decrease: Essex, Monmouth, Hudson, Passaic, Warren, Salem and Morris. When comparing pre-pandemic data (2019) to 2023, there was a reduction of 585 (-25.2%) of admissions to detention.

TABLE 3. ADMISSIONS TO DETENTION

1-Year Change Pre-Post Change												
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023			Pre-Post Chang						
	1 10 05/ 11	2022	2020	Kids	%	Kids	%					
Atlantic	469	72	111	+39	+54.2%	-358	-76.3%					
Camden	1679	254	280	+26	+10.2%	-1399	-83.3%					
Essex	2460	447	439	-8	-1.8%	-2021	-82.2%					
Monmouth	507	55	33	-22	-40.0%	-474	-93.5%					
Hudson	1222	149	147	-2	-1.3%	-1075	-88.0%					
Mercer	863	94	98	+4	+4.3%	-765	-88.6%					
Union	538	77	84	+7	+9.1%	-454	-84.4%					
Bergen	249	50	56	+6	+12.0%	-193	-77.5%					
Burlington	284	70	73	+3	+4.3%	-211	-74.3%					
Ocean	240	30	39	+9	+30.0%	-201	-83.8%					
Somerset	126	19	25	+6	+31.6%	-101	-80.2%					
Passaic	825	86	85	-1	-1.2%	-740	-89.7%					
Middlesex	449	76	98	+22	+28.9%	-351	-78.2%					
Cumberland	249	41	67	+26	+63.4%	-182	-73.1%					
Warren	31	12	8	-4	-33.3%	-23	-74.2%					
Gloucester	99	22	35	+13	+59.1%	-64	-64.6%					
Cape May	27	5	10	+5	+100.0%	-17	-63.0%					
Sussex	38	6	8	+2	+33.3%	-30	-78.9%					
Salem	38	27	17	-10	-37.0%	-21	-55.3%					
Morris	64	20	17	-3	-15.0%	-47	-73.4%					
Hunterdon	7	1	2	+1	+100.0%	-5	-71.4%					
TOTAL	10464	1613	1732	+119	+7.4%	-8732	-83.4%					

Nature of Admissions. The purpose of detention is to temporarily hold youth who pose a serious risk to public safety or risk of flight while their cases are pending final court disposition. JDAI sites continue to work to a) ensure detention is used according to this purpose, b) minimize reliance on detention for lesser offenses and rule violations, c) increase compliance with court-ordered conditions, and d) decrease rates of failure to appear in court. Examining the reasons why youth are admitted to detention, including the most serious charge faced by detained youth, is one primary indicator of progress toward these goals.

<u>New Delinquency Charges</u>. As illustrated in Table 4 and Figure 2, in 2023, 76.4% of youth were admitted to detention as a result of new delinquency charges. However, this figure varied widely across sites, ranging from 37.5% in Sussex to 90.8% in Middlesex. Table 4 indicates that multi-year trends also vary, with ten sites experiencing increases in the percentage of youth detained for new delinquency charges since JDAI implementation, and eleven sites seeing decreases. Finally, Table 5 indicates that the percentage of youth detained for the most serious offenses – those of the 1st or 2nd degree – was 56.7% across sites. However, this figure also varied widely, from 0.0% in Sussex to 90.0% in Cape May.

TABLE 4. NATURE OF CURRENT OFFENSE/LEAD REASON FOR DETENTION

	Delinquency Charges		narges		VOP		FTA			D Violat	ion	Other \		or Non- Event ²	Other Reason ³		1 ³	
	⁵Pre	2022	2023	Pre	2022	2023	Pre	2022	2023	Pre	2022	2023	Pre	2022	2023	Pre	2022	2023
ATL	59.5%	81.9%	90.1%	19.2%	2.8%	1.8%	7.9%	6.9%	0.9%	10.4%	8.3%	5.4%	1.5%	0.0%	0.9%	1.5%	0.0%	0.9%
CAM	62.8%	63.0%	66.1%	25.6%	9.1%	10.4%	8.8%	5.1%	2.5%	0.7%	16.9%	16.8%	1.9%	5.5%	2.1%	0.2%	0.4%	2.1%
ESX	83.9%	81.7%	76.5%	4.4%	6.3%	5.5%	9.7%	1.1%	1.8%	0.7%	10.3%	14.8%	1.0%	0.7%	0.2%	0.3%	0.0%	1.1%
MON	56.0%	72.7%	78.8%	29.6%	12.7%	12.1%	8.7%	3.6%	9.1%	5.3%	5.5%	0.0%	0.2%	3.6%	0.0%	0.2%	1.8%	0.0%
HUD	75.2%	81.9%	83.0%	10.3%	8.1%	6.1%	2.7%	2.7%	4.1%	6.8%	6.0%	6.1%	5.0%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%
MER	78.1%	86.2%	71.4%	11.4%	2.1%	5.1%	5.6%	3.2%	3.1%	2.0%	5.3%	15.3%	2.4%	0.0%	1.0%	0.6%	3.2%	4.1%
UNI	68.6%	89.6%	79.8%	24.0%	1.3%	9.5%	5.8%	0.0%	4.8%	0.4%	9.1%	6.0%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
BERG	72.3%	74.0%	89.3%	18.9%	6.0%	5.4%	8.0%	6.0%	0.0%	0.8%	12.0%	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	1.8%
BURL	52.5%	85.7%	60.3%	24.6%	7.1%	9.6%	12.0%	2.9%	17.8%	0.7%	4.3%	11.0%	8.1%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%	1.4%
OCE	47.5%	73.3%	71.8%	28.8%	13.3%	5.1%	10.8%	10.0%	7.7%	3.3%	3.3%	10.3%	7.1%	0.0%	5.1%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
SOM	46.0%	84.2%	84.0%	36.5%	5.3%	12.0%	10.3%	5.3%	4.0%	1.6%	5.3%	0.0%	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
PASC	61.2%	64.0%	69.4%	20.8%	10.5%	18.8%	11.4%	12.8%	0.0%	4.0%	9.3%	11.8%	2.5%	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
MDSX	61.7%	84.2%	90.8%	33.9%	10.5%	7.1%	3.6%	2.6%	1.0%	0.7%	2.6%	1.0%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CUMB	63.1%	65.9%	77.6%	14.1%	7.3%	9.0%	10.8%	7.3%	4.5%	6.0%	14.6%	7.5%	5.2%	4.9%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	1.5%
WAR	45.2%	75.0%	62.5%	25.8%	0.0%	12.5%	16.1%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	3.2%	16.7%	0.0%	9.7%	8.3%	0.0%
GLO	75.8%	86.4%	82.9%	5.1%	4.5%	0.0%	6.1%	9.1%	0.0%	9.1%	0.0%	8.6%	3.0%	0.0%	5.7%	1.0%	0.0%	2.9%
CAPE	66.7%	60.0%	90.0%	18.5%	40.0%	0.0%	7.4%	0.0%	0.0%	7.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
SUSX	57.9%	66.7%	37.5%	34.2%	16.7%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	16.7%	37.5%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%
SAL	89.5%	77.8%	76.5%	0.0%	11.1%	0.0%	5.3%	3.7%	5.9%	2.6%	7.4%	17.6%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
MOR	68.8%	55.0%	82.4%	23.4%	15.0%	11.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%	25.0%	5.9%	6.3%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
HUN	50.0%	100.0%	50.0%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%
TOTAL	69.7%	77.2%	76.4%	16.9%	7.3%	7.4%	7.9%	3.7%	3.2%	2.7%	9.5%	10.8%	2.4%	1.7%	0.8%	0.4%	0.5%	1.4%

^b Pre-JDAI years are as follows: 2003 (Atlantic, Camden, Essex, Monmouth, Hudson); 2005 (Mercer, Union, Bergen, Burlington, Ocean); 2008 (Somerset, Passaic); 2009 (Middlesex, Cumberland, Warren); 2011 (Gloucester, Cape May); 2012 (Sussex); 2015 (Salem); 2016 (Morris); 2017 (Hunterdon).

FIGURE 2. PERCENTAGE OF YOUTH DETAINED FOR NEW CHARGES (2023)

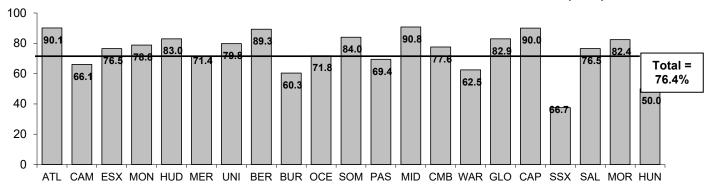


TABLE 5. DEGREE OF CURRENT OFFENSE/LEAD REASON FOR DETENTION (2023)

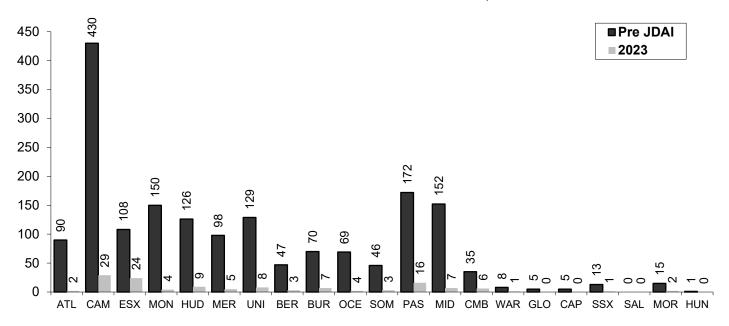
	1 st /2 nd	3 rd	4 th /DP	Other
Atlantic	73.9%	15.3%	0.9%	9.9%
Bergen	67.9%	21.4%	0.0%	10.7%
Burlington	50.7%	8.2%	1.4%	39.7%
Camden	46.1%	16.8%	3.2%	33.9%
Cape May	90.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Cumberland	68.7%	6.0%	3.0%	22.4%
Essex	49.4%	22.1%	5.0%	23.5%
Gloucester	57.1%	22.9%	2.9%	17.1%
Hudson	63.9%	17.7%	1.4%	17.0%
Hunterdon	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%
Mercer	61.2%	6.1%	4.1%	28.6%
Middlesex	69.4%	21.4%	0.0%	9.2%
Monmouth	57.6%	15.2%	6.1%	21.2%
Morris	58.8%	17.6%	5.9%	17.6%
Ocean	43.6%	20.5%	7.7%	28.2%
Passaic	62.4%	8.2%	0.0%	29.4%
Salem	64.7%	5.9%	5.9%	23.5%
Somerset	56.0%	24.0%	4.0%	16.0%
Sussex	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	62.5%
Union	63.1%	14.3%	2.4%	20.2%
Warren	50.0%	12.5%	0.0%	37.5%
TOTAL	56.7%	16.6%	3.2%	23.6%

<u>VOPs.</u> As described in Table 6 and Figure 3, since JDAI implementation there has been a remarkable reduction in reliance on detention for youth who are non-compliant with the conditions of probation. Comparing 2023 to each site's pre-JDAI year, admissions to detention for violations of probation (VOPs) have decreased by -92.7%, with 20 sites experiencing pre vs. post JDAI decreases. The largest decreases have occurred in Gloucester, Warren, and Hunterdon (-100.0% each), and thirteen additional sites have experienced decreases of 90.0% or more. Over the past year, VOP admissions were up 9.3% across sites collectively, with the largest one-year increases in the number of kids admitted for a VOP occurring in Union (+7 kids; 700%) and Passaic (+7 kids; +77.8%). However, nine sites experienced decreases, with decreases of three kids or more seen in Essex (-4 kids; -14.3%), Salem (-3 kids; -100.0%), Monmouth (-3 kids; -42.9%), and Hudson (-3 kids, -25.0%). Finally, while 7.4% of detention admissions were the result of a VOP across sites collectively in 2023, this figure varied widely, from a low of 0.0% in Gloucester, Cape May, Salem, and Hunterdon, to a high of 18.8% in Passaic (Table 4).

TABLE 6. NUMBER OF YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR VOPS

			IADMITTED	<u> </u>		1 0			
	Pre-JDAI ⁴	2022	2023	1-Yea	r Change	Pre-Post Change			
	LIG-JDAI.	2022	2023	Kids	%	Kids	%		
Atlantic	90	2	2	0	0.0%	-88	-97.8%		
Camden	430	23	29	+6	+26.1%	-401	-93.3%		
Essex	108	28	24	-4	-14.3%	-84	-77.8%		
Monmouth	150	7	4	-3	-42.9%	-146	-97.3%		
Hudson	126	12	9	-3	-25.0%	-117	-92.9%		
Mercer	98	2	5	+3	+150.0%	-93	-94.9%		
Union	129	1	8	+7	+700.0%	-121	-93.8%		
Bergen	47	3	3	0	0.0%	-44	-93.6%		
Burlington	70	5	7	+2	+40.0%	-63	-90.0%		
Ocean	69	4	2	-2	-50.0%	-67	-97.1%		
Somerset	46	1	3	+2	+200.0%	-43	-93.5%		
Passaic	172	9	16	+7	+77.8%	-156	-90.7%		
Middlesex	152	8	7	-1	-12.5%	-145	-95.4%		
Cumberland	35	3	6	+3	+100.0%	-29	-82.9%		
Warren	8	0	1	+1	+100.0%	-7	-87.5%		
Gloucester	5	1	0	-1	-100.0%	-5	-100.0%		
Cape May	5	2	0	-2	-100.0%	-5	-100.0%		
Sussex	13	1	1	0	0.0%	-12	-92.3%		
Salem	0	3	0	-3	-100.0%	0	0.0%		
Morris	15	3	2	-1	-33.3%	-13	-86.7%		
Hunterdon	1	0	0	0	0.0%	-1	-100.0%		
TOTAL	1769	118	129	11	+9.3%	-1640	-92.7%		

FIGURE 3. YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR VOPS, PRE-JDAI VS. 2023

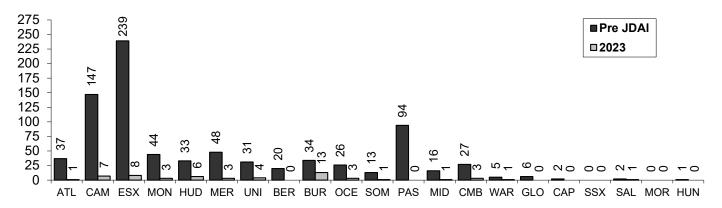


<u>FTAs</u>. Table 7 and Figure 4 indicate that JDAI sites have also experienced a remarkable decrease in admissions to detention for warrants issued for failure to appear at a scheduled court proceeding (FTA). Since JDAI implementation, FTA admissions have decreased -93.3% across sites. The largest decreases have occurred in Bergen, Passaic, Gloucester, Cape May and Hunterdon (-100.0% each), and seven additional sites have experienced decreases of 90.0% or more. However, collectively, sites experienced an increase over the past year, with FTA admissions up +8.3% across sites. The largest one-year increase occurred in Burlington (+11 kids, +550.0%); the largest numerical decrease occurred in Passaic (-11 kids; -100.0%). Once again, Table 4 reveals that the percentage of all admissions comprised of youth admitted for FTAs varies across sites. While across sites just 3.2% of detention admissions were for FTAs in 2023, this figure ranged from zero in seven sites (Bergen, Passaic, Gloucester, Cape May, Sussex, Morris and Hunterdon), to 17.8% in Burlington.

TABLE 7. NUMBER OF YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR FTAS

	I	ER OF TOUT		Pre-Post	Change		
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023		1-Year Change <i>Kids</i> %		%
Atlantic	37	5	1	-4	-80.0%	Kids -36	-97.3%
Camden	147	13	7	-6	-46.2%	-140	-95.2%
Essex	239	5	8	+3	+60.0%	-231	-96.7%
Monmouth	44	2	3	+1	+50.0%	-41	-93.2%
Hudson	33	4	6	+2	+50.0%	-27	-81.8%
Mercer	48	3	3	0	0.0%	-45	-93.8%
Union	31	0	4	4	+400%	-27	-87.1%
Bergen	20	3	0	-3	-100.0%	-20	-100.0%
Burlington	34	2	13	+11	+550.0%	-21	-61.8%
Ocean	26	3	3	0	0.0%	-23	-88.5%
Somerset	13	1	1	0	0.0%	-12	-92.3%
Passaic	94	11	0	-11	-100.0%	-94	-100.0%
Middlesex	16	2	1	-1	-50.0%	-15	-93.8%
Cumberland	27	3	3	0	0.0%	-24	-88.9%
Warren	5	0	1	+1	+100.0%	-4	-80.0%
Gloucester	6	2	0	-2	-100.0%	-6	-100.0%
Cape May	2	0	0	0	0.0%	-2	-100.0%
Sussex	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Salem	2	1	1	0	0.0%	-1	-50.0%
Morris	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Hunterdon	1	0	0	0	0.0%	-1	-100.0%
TOTAL	825	60	55	-5	-8.3%	-770	-93.3%

FIGURE 4. YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR FTAS, PRE-JDAI VS. 2023



Other Violations and Non-Delinquent Events. A review of Table 8 reveals that admissions to detention for all other violations and non-delinquency events have also decreased since JDAI implementation. Such admissions are down –62.6% across sites, with three sites seeing decreases of -100% (Monmouth, Somerset, Cape May and Hunterdon) and another two sites seeing decreases of -85% or more (Atlantic and Hudson). Note that pre vs. post JDAI increases in this category for some sites can be influenced by the increased availability and utilization of alternative to detention (ATD) programs, since this category includes ATD violations. An important trend to monitor then is the one-year change, with such admissions increasing by +9.9% collectively, and with the largest increases in the number of youth admitted for these violations occurring in Essex (+17 kids; +34.7%), and Mercer (+11 kids; +200.0%). The largest one-year decrease in the number of admissions for these violations occurred in Monmouth (-5 kids, -100.0%) and Morris (-5 kids, -83.3%).

TABLE 8. NUMBER OF YOUTH ADMITTED TO DETENTION FOR ALL OTHER VIOLATIONS (INCLUDING ATD VIOLATIONS) OR FOR NON-DELINQUENCY EVENTS⁵

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year	Change	Pre-Post Change		
	FIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Kids	%	Kids	%	
Atlantic	56	6	7	+1	+16.7%	-49	-87.5%	
Camden	43	57	53	-4	-7.0%	+10	+23.3%	
Essex	42	49	66	+17	+34.7%	+24	+57.1%	
Monmouth	28	5	0	-5	-100.0%	-28	-100.0%	
Hudson	144	10	9	-1	-10.0%	-135	-93.8%	
Mercer	38	5	16	+11	+220.0%	-22	-57.9%	
Union	9	7	5	-2	-28.6%	-4	-44.4%	
Bergen	2	6	2	-4	-66.7%	0	0.0%	
Burlington	25	3	8	+5	+166.7%	-17	-68.0%	
Ocean	25	1	6	+5	+500.0%	-19	-76.0%	
Somerset	9	1	0	-1	-100.0%	-9	-100.0%	
Passaic	54	11	9	-2	-18.2%	-45	-83.3%	
Middlesex	4	2	1	-1	-50.0%	-3	-75.0%	
Cumberland	28	8	5	-3	-37.5%	-23	-82.1%	
Warren	1	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0.0%	
Gloucester	12	0	5	+5	+500%	-7	-58.3%	
Cape May	2	0	0	0	0.0%	-2	-100.0%	
Sussex	3	1	3	+2	+200.0%	0	0.0%	
Salem	2	2	3	+1	+50.0%	+1	+50.0%	
Morris	5	6	1	-5	-83.3%	-4	-80.0%	
Hunterdon	2	0	0	0	0.0%	-2	-100.0%	
TOTAL	534	182	200	+18	+9.9%	-334	-62.6%	

Admissions for Violations with Lower-Level Underlying Offenses. Tables 9 and 10 and Figure 5 describe the prior history of youth admitted to detention for violations (VOPs, FTAs, detention alternative violations, etc.). Table 9 indicates that in 2023, of youth detained on a violation only, 19% (73 youth) had an offense of the 4th degree or less as the most serious, immediate underlying offense. This is an increase in number from 2022, where 71 (19.6%) youth detained on a violation had an underlying offense of the 4th degree or less. Similarly, Table 10 indicates that of these youth admitted on a violation with an underlying offense of the 4th degree or less, 53.4% (39 youth) had an offense of the 4th degree or less as the most serious prior adjudication in their entire court history; 14 of these youth had no prior adjudications. This is down slightly from 2022 (15 kids with no prior adjudications). Figure 5 illustrates that the site with the most youth in this category is Passaic (6 kids). The largest one-year decrease in the number of youth in this category admitted to detention occurred in Atlantic, Essex, and Hudson (-2 kids).

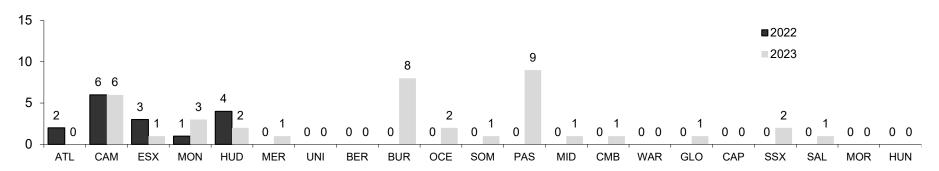
TABLE 9. FOR YOUTH ADMITTED ON A VIOLATION ONLY, DEGREE OF MOST SERIOUS IMMEDIATE UNDERLYING OFFENSE (MSUO)⁶ – 2022 VS. 2023

		1 st /	2 nd			3	rd			4	th			DP /	PDP		Violation, etc.			
	2022	2	202	:3	2022	2	202	3	202	2	202	3	2022	2	202	3	202	2	2023	3
ATL	61.5%	8	40.0%	4	23.1%	3	60.0%	6	15.4%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
CAM	26.6%	25	40.4%	36	50.0%	47	41.6%	37	8.5%	8	7.9%	7	1.1%	1	3.4%	3	13.8%	13	6.7%	6
ESX	53.7%	44	60.2%	59	42.7%	35	37.8%	37	3.7%	3	1.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	1.0%	1
MON	28.6%	4	14.3%	1	64.3%	9	28.6%	2	7.1%	1	14.3%	1	0.0%	0	14.3%	1	0.0%	0	28.6%	2
HUD	50.0%	13	62.5%	15	26.9%	7	20.8%	5	11.5%	3	8.3%	2	3.8%	1	0.0%	0	7.7%	2	8.3%	2
MER	0.0%	0	41.7%	10	60.0%	6	29.2%	7	0.0%	0	8.3%	2	20.0%	2	4.2%	1	20.0%	2	16.7%	4
UNI	37.5%	3	35.3%	6	50.0%	4	47.1%	8	0.0%	0	5.9%	1	12.5%	1	11.8%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
BERG	33.3%	4	40.0%	2	50.0%	6	60.0%	3	8.3%	1	0.0%	0	8.3%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
BURL	20.0%	2	10.7%	3	70.0%	7	42.9%	12	10.0%	1	7.1%	2	0.0%	0	14.3%	4	0.0%	0	25.0%	7
OCE	12.5%	1	9.1%	1	25.0%	2	54.5%	6	25.0%	2	9.1%	1	37.5%	3	9.1%	1	0.0%	0	18.2%	2
SOM	33.3%	1	25.0%	1	33.3%	1	25.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	25.0%	1	33.6%	1	25.0%	1
PASC	25.8%	8	32.0%	8	38.7%	12	32.0%	8	12.9%	4	24.0%	6	3.2%	1	12.0%	3	19.4%	6	0.0%	0
MDSX	25.0%	3	11.1%	1	41.7%	5	66.7%	6	25.0%	3	11.1%	1	8.3%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	11.1%	1
CUMB	42.9%	6	57.1%	8	21.4%	3	28.6%	4	28.6%	4	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	7.1%	1	7.1%	1	7.1%	1
WAR	100.0%	2	33.3%	1	0.0%	0	66.7%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
GLO	33.3%	1	20.0%	1	33.3%	1	60.0%	3	33.3%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	20.0%	1
CAPE	0.0%	0	*	*	100.0%	2	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*
SUSX	0.0%	0	25.0%	1	50.0%	1	25.0%	1	0.0%	0	50.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	50.0%	1	0.0%	0
SAL	50.0%	3	50.0%	2	50.0%	3	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	50.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
MOR	22.2%	2	0.0%	0	66.7%	6	100.0%	3	11.1%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
HUN	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
TOTAL	36.0%	130	41.7%	160	44.3%	160	39.3%	151	9.4%	34	7.3%	28	3.0%	11	4.4%	17	7.2%	26	7.3%	28

TABLE 10. FOR YOUTH ADMITTED ON A VIOLATION ONLY, WHERE MSUO IS 4^{TH} DEGREE OR LESS, DEGREE OF MOST SERIOUS PRIOR ADJUDICATION (MSPA) – 2022 VS. 2023

		1 st /	2 nd			3 ^r			VIOIT ADO		th		T -	DP	/ PDP		No Pri	or Ad	ljudicatior	าร
	2022		2023	3	2022		2023	3	2022		2023		2022		2023	3	2022		2023	
ATL	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	100.0%	2	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*
CAM	27.3%	6	12.5%	2	45.6%	10	50.0%	8	13.6%	3	6.3%	1	4.5%	1	12.5%	2	9.1%	2	18.8%	3
ESX	0.0%	0	50.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	100.0%	3	50.0%	1
MON	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	25.0%	1	100.0%	1	25.0%	1	0.0%	0	50.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
HUD	16.7%	1	50.0%	2	16.7%	1	0.0%	0	50.0%	3	25.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	16.7%	1	25.0%	1
MER	0.0%	0	14.3%	1	100.0%	4	71.4%	5	0.0%	0	14.3%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
UNI	100.0%	1	33.3%	1	0.0%	0	66.7%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
BERG	0.0%	0	*	*	50.0%	1	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	50.0%	1	*	*
BURL	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	38.5%	5	100.0%	1	7.7%	1	0.0%	0	7.7%	1	0.0%	0	46.2%	6
OCE	0.0%	0	25.0%	1	0.0%	0	25.0%	1	40.0%	2	0.0%	0	60.0%	3	50.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
SOM	100.0%	1	50.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	9.1%	1	50.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
PASC	9.1%	1	0.0%	0	45.5%	5	0.0%	0	18.2%	2	55.6%	5	0.0%	0	33.3%	3	18.2%	2	11.1%	1
MDSX	0.0%	0	50.0%	1	25.0%	1	0.0%	0	25.0%	1	50.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	50.0%	2	0.0%	0
CUMB	0.0%	0	50.0%	1	40.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	50.0%	1	60.0%	3	0.0%	0
WAR	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	100.0%	1	*	*
GLO	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	100.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
CAPE	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*
SUSX	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	100.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	100.0%	2
SAL	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	50.0%	1	0.0%	0	50.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
MOR	0.0%	0	*	*	100.0%	1	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*	0.0%	0	*	*
HUN	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
TOTAL	14.1%	10	15.1%	11	36.6%	26	31.5%	23	21.1%	15	17.8%	13	7.0%	5	16.4%	12	21.1%	15	19.2%	14

FIGURE 5. YOUTH ADMITTED ON A VIOLATION ONLY, WHERE MSUO AND MSPA IS 4^{TH} DEGREE OR LESS, 2022 VS. 2023



Admission Process. Finally, Table 11 provides basic information regarding the process by which youth are admitted to detention. By far the most common process for admitting youth to detention is via a call placed to Family Court Intake Services, with 74.1% of all admissions occurring via this route in 2023. There is variation across sites, though. For example, court remands accounted for 7.2% of all admissions (an increase from 2022), but ranged from a low of 0.0% in Gloucester, Cape May, and Hunterdon, to highs of 37.5% in Warren, 33.3% in Ocean, and 21.9% in Burlington.

TABLE 11. DETENTION ADMISSION PROCESS

	Processe	ed Through	Intake		ourt Remand	d ⁷	Transfe	er from Other		O	ther Process	8
	Earliest ^{9c}	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023
Atlantic	86.4%	91.7%	93.7%	8.3%	2.8%	5.4%	3.0%	5.6%	0.9%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Camden	78.7%	66.9%	49.6%	21.3%	1.6%	2.5%	0.0%	2.8%	2.5%	0.0%	28.7%	45.4%
Essex	86.7%	84.1%	83.8%	10.9%	2.2%	5.7%	2.3%	13.2%	10.5%	0.1%	0.4%	0.0%
Monmouth	82.9%	45.5%	63.6%	6.7%	16.4%	6.1%	3.7%	3.6%	3.0%	6.7%	34.5%	27.3%
Hudson	93.0%	81.2%	87.8%	6.3%	4.0%	4.8%	0.7%	1.3%	1.4%	0.0%	13.4%	6.1%
Mercer	94.1%	85.1%	58.2%	4.5%	0.0%	5.1%	1.2%	3.2%	2.0%	0.2%	11.7%	34.7%
Union	97.2%	67.5%	85.7%	1.1%	7.8%	4.8%	1.1%	13.0%	4.8%	0.6%	11.7%	4.8%
Bergen	50.7%	66.0%	76.8%	27.5%	24.0%	16.1%	2.2%	6.0%	7.1%	19.6%	4.0%	0.0%
Burlington	65.2%	64.3%	52.1%	28.0%	12.9%	21.9%	5.7%	1.4%	2.7%	1.1%	21.4%	23.3%
Ocean	33.5%	53.3%	30.8%	21.1%	6.7%	33.3%	0.5%	10.0%	0.0%	44.9%	30.0%	35.9%
Somerset	90.5%	63.2%	64.0%	0.0%	10.5%	16.0%	9.5%	26.3%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Passaic	72.6%	48.8%	62.4%	27.0%	1.2%	9.4%	0.4%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%	48.8%	28.2%
Middlesex	66.4%	75.0%	84.7%	32.3%	15.8%	10.2%	0.0%	7.9%	5.1%	1.3%	1.3%	0.0%
Cumberland	77.0%	90.2%	98.5%	11.9%	4.9%	1.5%	1.6%	4.9%	0.0%	9.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Warren	90.3%	83.3%	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	9.7%	16.7%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%
Gloucester	91.9%	90.9%	100.0%	1.0%	4.5%	0.0%	2.0%	4.5%	0.0%	5.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Cape May	53.8%	100.0%	100.0%	42.3%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sussex	47.4%	66.7%	75.0%	47.4%	16.7%	12.5%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	16.7%	12.5%
Salem	92.1%	92.6%	88.2%	5.3%	7.4%	11.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Morris	81.3%	35.0%	76.5%	15.6%	0.0%	5.9%	1.6%	5.0%	5.9%	1.6%	60.0%	11.8%
Hunterdon	12.5%	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	100.0%	50.0%
TOTAL	82.0%	74.6%	74.1%	14.5%	5.0%	7.2%	1.6%	6.9%	4.7%	2.0%	13.5%	14.1%

^c Admission process was not tracked in many sites pre-JDAI, and therefore the data is reported for the "earliest full-year of data available." Those years are: 2005 (Atl, Cam, Mon); 2006 (Esx, Uni); 2007 (Hud); 2008 (Mer, Ber, Oce, Som, Pas); 2009 (Bur, Msx, War); 2011 (Glo); 2012 (Cmb, Cap, Ssx); 2015 (Sal); 2016 (Mor); 2017 (Hun).

DETENTION DEPARTURES & LENGTH OF STAY (LOS)

Overall Length of Stay. Table 12 indicates that in 2023, across sites average length of stay (ALOS) in detention ranged from a low of 9.0 days in Hunterdon to a high of 132.6 days in Atlantic. Averaging across the 21 sites there has been a collective increase of +20.0 days (+73.0%) in average length of stay since JDAI implementation. Seventeen sites have seen increases in ALOS since JDAI implementation, with increases of +70 days or more in Atlantic (+103.7 days) and Monmouth (+76.1 days). Over the past year, ALOS is down across sites (-2.5 days; -5.0%); ten sites saw one-year decreases in ALOS, with the largest decreases seen in Cape May (-75.6 days; -85.9%) and Somerset (-74.6 days; -69.4%). On the other hand, ten sites saw a one-year increase, with the largest increase occurring in Atlantic (+74.4 days; +127.8%).

TABLE 12. AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS IN DETENTION¹⁰

	D. IDAI		0000	1-Year (Change	Pre-Post	Change
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	28.9	58.2	132.6	+74.4	+127.8%	+103.7	+358.8%
Camden	21.3	48.5	44.5	-4.0	-8.2%	+23.2	+108.9%
Essex	38.5	48.6	55.1	+6.5	+13.4%	+16.6	+43.1%
Monmouth	30.3	99.4	106.4	+7.0	+7.0%	+76.1	+251.2%
Hudson	28.9	29.7	43.7	+14.0	+47.1%	+14.8	+51.2%
Mercer	27.4	53.7	42.1	-11.6	-21.6%	+14.7	+53.6%
Union	28.8	39.6	64.4	+24.8	+62.6%	+35.6	+123.6%
Bergen	27.4	32.5	38.6	+6.1	+18.8%	+11.2	+40.9%
Burlington	27.5	31.3	28.3	-3.0	-9.6%	+0.8	+2.9%
Ocean	34.8	41.6	32.6	-9.0	-21.6%	-2.2	-6.3%
Somerset	23.8	107.5	32.9	-74.6	-69.4%	+9.1	+38.2%
Passaic	29.9	31.4	58.5	+27.1	+86.3%	+28.6	+95.7%
Middlesex	35.6	67.6	59.9	-7.7	-11.4%	+24.3	+68.3%
Cumberland	33.6	62.9	43.5	-19.4	-30.8%	+9.9	+29.5%
Warren	23.6	25.6	50.2	+24.6	+96.1%	+26.6	+112.7%
Gloucester	17.1	44.6	48.5	+3.9	+8.7%	+31.4	+183.6%
Cape May	41.9	88.0	12.4	-75.6	-85.9%	-29.5	-70.4%
Sussex	12.9	15.0	12.5	-2.5	-16.7%	-0.4	-3.1%
Salem	33.0	45.8	53.4	+7.6	+16.6%	+20.4	+61.8%
Morris	17.8	28.1	26.9	-1.2	-4.3%	+9.1	+51.1%
Hunterdon	12.3	*	9.0	*	*	-3.3	-26.8%
SITE AVG ¹¹	27.4	49.9	47.4	-2.5	-5.0%	+20.0	+73.0%

Table 13 describes the median length of stay in detention, i.e., the number of days within which 50% of all youth are released from detention. In 2023, median LOS ranged from a low of two days in Cape May and Hudson, to a high of 48 days in Monmouth and 30 days in Warren. In terms of trends, prior to JDAI, across sites the median LOS averaged 11.6 days, increasing in 2023 to 15.6 days. However, individual sites varied, with seven sites experiencing a decrease and thirteen sites seeing an increase. The largest pre vs. post JDAI increases in median LOS were experienced by Monmouth (+34 days; +242.9%), Warren (+20 days; 200.0%), Atlantic (+17 days; +154.4%), and Cumberland (+17 days; +242.9%). The largest one-year increases occurred in Atlantic (+24 days; +600.0%) and Monmouth (+22 days; +84.6%). When comparing pre-pandemic data (2019) to 2023, there was an increase of 20.2 days (+74.7%). Finally, with regard to the percentage of youth who remain in detention for 60 days or more, Table 14 reveals that the pre-JDAI site average for youth with these lengthier stays was 13.3%, which increased to +21.9% by 2023. The largest increases occurred in Monmouth (+31.7 percentage points) and Warren (+23.8 percentage points). Four sites experienced decreases: Cape May (-9.7 percentage points), Sussex (-5.4 percentage points), Essex (-5.1 percentage points), and Burlington (-4.3 percentage points).

TABLE 13. MEDIAN LOS IN DETENTION

r		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10. 11. 12.	LOS IN DETE			
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year	Change	Pre-Post	Change
	TIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	11	4	28	+24	+600.0%	+17	+154.5%
Camden	11	5	4	-1	-20.0%	-7	-63.6%
Essex	10	15	14	-1	-6.7%	+4	+40.0%
Monmouth	14	26	48	+22	+84.6%	+34	+242.9%
Hudson	7	3	2	-1	-33.3%	-5	-71.4%
Mercer	11	13	12	-1	-7.7%	+1	+9.1%
Union	9	13	8	-5	-38.5%	-1	-11.1%
Bergen	15	12	7	-5	-41.7%	-8	-53.3%
Burlington	11	8	15	+7	+87.5%	+4	+36.4%
Ocean	23	23	14	-9	-39.1%	-9	-39.1%
Somerset	9	7	18	+11	+157.1%	+9	+100.0%
Passaic	14	15	27	+12	+76.7%	+13	+92.9%
Middlesex	15	19	16	-3	-15.8%	-1	+6.7%
Cumberland	7	39	24	-15	-38.5%	+17	+242.9%
Warren	10	14	30	+16	+110.7%	+20	+200.0%
Gloucester	6	4	8	+4	+100.0%	+2	+33.3%
Cape May	30	2	2	0	+0.0%	-28	-93.3%
Sussex	5	2	5	-3	+125.0%	0	0.0%
Salem	10	26	19	-7	-26.9%	+9	+90.0%
Morris	8	24	11	-13	-54.2%	+3	+37.5%
Hunterdon	7	*	9	*	*	+2	+28.6%
SITE AVG	11.6	13.7	15.6	+1.9	13.9%	+4.0	+34.5%

TABLE 14. YOUTH REMAINING IN DETENTION FOR 60 DAYS OR MORE

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2022	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
	PIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	15.5%	27.1%	37.8%	+10.7	+22.3
Camden	6.5%	21.4%	19.8%	-1.6	+13.3
Essex	21.2%	17.7%	16.1%	-1.6	-5.1
Monmouth	15.8%	34.6%	47.5%	+12.9	+31.7
Hudson	17.7%	17.9%	22.7%	+4.8	+5.0
Mercer	13.0%	19.6%	19.5%	-0.1	+6.5
Union	15.5%	28.4%	33.3%	+4.9	+17.8
Bergen	14.2%	18.4%	15.7%	-2.7	+1.5
Burlington	16.1%	24.6%	11.8%	-12.8	-4.3
Ocean	22.6%	30.8%	27.3%	-3.5	+4.7
Somerset	7.1%	23.8%	15.0%	-8.8	+7.9
Passaic	16.3%	16.4%	29.8%	+13.4	+13.5
Middlesex	17.3%	27.4%	27.5%	+0.1	+10.2
Cumberland	16.7%	30.0%	16.9%	-13.1	+0.2
Warren	6.2%	18.2%	30.0%	+11.8	+23.8
Gloucester	9.9%	18.2%	30.3%	+12.1	+20.4
Cape May	22.2%	28.6%	12.5%	-16.1	-9.7
Sussex	5.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-5.4
Salem	17.5%	31.0%	25.0%	-6.0	+7.5
Morris	3.4%	15.8%	21.4%	+5.6	+18.0
Hunterdon	0.0%	*	0.0%	*	0.0
SITE AVG	13.3%	22.5%	21.9%	-0.6	+8.6

ALOS By Departure Type. Table 15 provides more specific information regarding average length of stay (ALOS), describing ALOS based on the circumstances of release from detention, and points to wide variation across sites. For example, for youth released from detention to a detention alternative/shelter in 2023, across sites ALOS averaged 19.2 days, however this ranged from a low of less than one week in Hunterdon (5.0 days) and Monmouth (6.4 days), to highs of four weeks or more in Gloucester (33.6 days), Passaic (29.6 days), Warren (29.0 days), and Cumberland (28.2 days). Across sites, ALOS for youth released to a parent/home pre-dispositionally averaged 12.8 days but ranged from a low of 2.0 days or less in Atlantic, Hudson, Union, Gloucester, and Cape May, to a high of 64.0 days in Mercer and 37.0 days in Passaic. Finally, ALOS for youth released to serve a disposition increased in all sites compared to pre-JDAI. ALOS, for youth released at disposition, averaged 105.4 days across sites (+55.3 days since before JDAI) ranging from a low of 27.5 days in Sussex and 48.3 days in Morris to a high of 205.5 days in Gloucester, 173.5 days in Hudson, and 159.8 days in Salem.

In order to shed light on the nature of the increase in overall LOS reported earlier, Table 16 reports changes in ALOS over time for the two most frequently occurring departure types. In terms of changes pre vs. post JDAI by county, thirteen sites saw increases in ALOS for youth released to a detention alternative and eight sites experienced decreases, for a collective increase of +3.7 days (+23.9%). Changes ranged from an increase of +20.7 days in Passaic (+232.6%) and +20.7 days in Gloucester (+160.5%), to a decrease of -18.0 days in Hunterdon (-78.3%) and -10.0 days in Salem (-33.0%). Regarding youth released from detention to a disposition, 17 sites saw an increase in ALOS, for a collective increase of +55.3 days (+110.4%). The largest increases occurred in Hudson (+112.8 days; +185.8%) and Gloucester (+156.1 days; +316.0%).

Additionally, because waiver cases often have the longest lengths of stay, Table 17 compares ALOS in detention to the ALOS once youth departing upon or after waiver are removed. As indicated, ALOS is 47.4 days. When removing the youth released upon/after waiver, ALOS decreases by -10.0 days across sites. In twelve sites, ALOS is not impacted by waiver cases. The sites where removing waiver cases impacts ALOS the most are Atlantic (-77.7 days), and Monmouth (-42.7 days). Howver, after removing waiver cases, Monmouth (63.7 days) and Atlantic (54.9 days) still remain the sites with the longest ALOS.

Nature of Departures. Table 18 indicates that sites vary in terms of the percentage of youth released from detention to a detention alternative. Across all sites, in 2023, 59.8% of detained youth were released from detention to an alternative, up from 33.9% in the earliest recorded year for each site. However, the percentage of youth released to a detention alternative ranges from lows of 20.0% in Monmouth and 30.0% in Warren to highs of 75.0% in Cape May, 73.0% in Hudson, and 72.9% in Cumberland.

Taken together, the first three columns/categories of Table 18 (i.e., Detention Alternative/Shelter + Parent/Other Adult/ROR + Other Service Agency/Plcmt) represent an approximate gauge of the percentage of youth released from detention prior to final dispositional placement. This gauge indicates that in 2023, across sites 65.9% of all youth were released from detention pre-dispositionally. Sites vary substantially in terms of the proportion of youth released pre-dispositionally from detention, ranging from 32.5% in Monmouth to three quarters or more in Cape May (87.5%), Cumberland (78.0%), and Essex (75.3%).

In 2023 the proportion of youth released via a transfer to jail, upon making bail, and/or after waiver, ranged from zero in nine sites to 9.8% in Atlantic and 7.1% in Morris. Finally, the proportion of youth released from detention upon dismissal, court diversion, upon closing/inactivating the case, or because no charges were filed, ranged from zero in eleven sites to 4.3% in Hudson.

TABLE 15. AVERAGE LOS BY DEPARTURE TYPE^{12, 13}

		Alternative Dispo Placen		Parent	t, Other Adul t (Pre-Dispo)	t, ROR	Other Serv	/ice Agency/ (Pre-Dispo)	Placement	Dispos	sitional Place	ement
	Earliest ^d	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023
Atlantic	11.8	13.7	22.1	6.0	2.4	1.0	14.2	12.3	8.0	59.2	167.8	130.4
Camden	11.7	16.0	13.6	11.6	*	3.4	20.0	40.0	48.9	23.1	164.6	100.9
Essex	7.5	21.3	19.4	4.5	29.1	9.3	28.9	53.7	*	58.0	173.0	115.9
Monmouth	12.7	6.0	6.4	8.4	*	4.0	16.1	30.5	7.0	44.2	95.3	105.9
Hudson	5.4	14.1	19.5	4.4	4.7	1.0	5.4	*	*	60.7	82.2	173.5
Mercer	13.3	14.8	13.1	4.5	2.0	64.0	5.3	38.8	50.4	45.1	104.8	61.7
Union	13.1	21.5	16.9	6.8	2.0	1.5	6.0	*	*	42.5	85.8	132.6
Bergen	13.5	20.7	19.9	4.8	5.2	*	*	*	*	43.5	84.1	127.8
Burlington	23.8	18.6	22.2	9.6	*	15.0	24.7	43.3	28.0	61.7	72.6	57.7
Ocean	18.7	18.0	20.0	21.1	*	17.5	22.1	25.6	35.0	47.3	90.3	63.9
Somerset	18.1	13.0	23.9	6.6	*	8.3	1.5	*	*	44.1	71.5	101.5
Passaic	8.9	11.1	29.6	6.7	41.5	37.0	19.3	*	*	49.6	60.3	79.3
Middlesex	15.7	9.7	13.8	29.9	7.0	30.3	37.5	25.5	*	42.0	63.0	82.1
Cumberland	23.6	23.3	28.2	5.2	2.0	3.5	23.5	58.6	29.0	77.0	124.5	130.0
Warren	13.7	34.7	29.0	9.7	4.0	7.0	29.8	*	10.0	43.0	56.5	97.8
Gloucester	12.9	7.0	33.6	4.1	13.6	1.0	26.0	64.0	23.0	49.4	181.0	205.5
Cape May	21.0	2.0	15.2	9.0	*	2.0	16.5	*	*	51.8	*	*
Sussex	4.8	15.0	12.3	5.7	*	*	14.5	*	*	41.9	*	27.5
Salem	30.3	41.1	20.3	19.3	*	11.0	24.0	37.0	*	72.8	103.7	159.8
Morris	22.0	11.5	18.5	9.6	*	*	37.0	45.2	*	29.5	62.3	48.3
Hunterdon	23.0	*	5.0	5.7	*	*	*	*	*	46.0	*	*
SITE AVG	15.5	16.6	19.2	9.5	10.3	12.8	18.6	39.5	26.6	50.1	102.4	105.4

d Departure type was not a variable measured in most sites' pre-JDAI data, and therefore the data is reported for the "earliest full-year of data available." Those years are: 2005 (Atlantic, Camden, Monmouth, Mercer, Bergen, Ocean, Burlington); 2006 (Essex, Hudson); 2008 (Union, Somerset, Passaic); 2009 (Middlesex, Cumberland, Warren); 2011 (Gloucester, Cape May); 2012 (Sussex); 2015 (Salem); 2016 (Morris); 2017 (Hunterdon).

TABLE 15. AVERAGE LOS BY DEPARTURE TYPE (Continued from Prior Page)

	Jail, Bai	l, and/or Upo Waiver			C or Other Au		Dismissed	I, Diverted, S		Tiı	me Served	
	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023
Atlantic	42.5	473.0	79.5	23.7	1.0	2.2	7.0	*	*	*	*	*
Camden	75.5	515.0	380.0	6.5	53.6	20.6	*	3.7	2.0	*	*	969.0
Essex	128.3	1078.6	916.9	8.7	52.1	83.4	16.1	*	2.8	81.9	*	289.6
Monmouth	93.0	1024.6	919.0	16.2	6.1	2.0	*	*	3.0	*	*	*
Hudson	200.9	261.0	*	11.0	15.2	20.4	16.2	94.0	25.0	*	*	*
Mercer	333.3	740.3	453.0	8.8	51.1	28.5	16.6	32.7	14.0	*	*	*
Union	209.8	165.0	475.7	7.7	9.6	5.6	13.1	*	*	*	*	*
Bergen	137.4	*	2.0	27.5	3.6	4.9	3.0	38.0	7.0	58.5	*	20.0
Burlington	13.1	*	118.5	7.4	10.1	5.1	15.0	*	1.5	*	*	*
Ocean	43.7	*	*	18.9	*	1.0	16.9	*	119.0	41.8	30.0	*
Somerset	276.7	795.0	6.0	3.4	226.2	2.0	*	*	*	22.0	*	*
Passaic	126.0	*	271.2	6.1	2.1	*	7.9	*	22.0	73.0	*	97.0
Middlesex	115.9	348.1	344.7	15.5	6.6	1.9	16.7	*	16.0	*	*	*
Cumberland	259.8	253.3	*	8.9	*	24.3	36.6	*	*	28.0	*	77.0
Warren	*	*	*	7.5	6.5	*	50.0	*	*	*	*	*
Gloucester	2.0	286.0	*	2.0	11.7	16.9	60.3	*	*	*	*	*
Cape May	72.5	543.0	*	1.0	*	6.0	*	22.3	*	*	*	*
Sussex	*	*	*	2.0	*	2.7	*	*	*	*	*	*
Salem	*	12.0	*	4.6	3.0	1.0	*	2.0	*	*	*	*
Morris	*	5.0	5.0	7.7	3.0	4.0	20.0	63.0	*	*	*	60.0
Hunterdon	*	*	*	2.0	*	13.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
SITE AVG	134.3	464.2	331.0	9.4	28.8	12.9	21.9	36.5	21.2	50.9	30.0	252.1

TABLE 16. CHANGES IN ALOS FOR PRIMARY DEPARTURE TYPES

	Release	to Detention	n Alternative,	Shelter	Relea	se to Dispos	sitional Place	ment
	1-Year (Change	Earliest to P	ost Change	1-Year (Change	Earliest to P	ost Change
	Days	%	Days	%	Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	+8.4	+61.3%	+10.3	+87.3%	-37.4	-22.3%	+71.2	+120.3%
Camden	-2.4	-15.0%	+1.9	+16.2%	-63.7	-38.7%	+77.8	+336.8%
Essex	-1.9	-8.9%	+12.0	+160.0%	-57.1	-33.0%	+57.9	+99.8%
Monmouth	+0.4	+6.7%	-6.3	-49.6%	+10.6	+11.1%	+61.7	+139.6%
Hudson	+5.4	+38.3%	+14.1	+261.1%	+91.3	+111.1%	+112.8	+185.8%
Mercer	-1.7	-11.5%	-0.2	-1.5%	-43.1	-41.1%	+16.6	+36.8%
Union	-4.6	-21.4%	+3.8	+29.0%	+46.8	+54.5%	+90.1	+212.0%
Bergen	-0.8	-3.9%	+6.4	+47.4%	+43.7	+52.0%	+84.3	+193.8%
Burlington	+3.6	+19.4%	-1.6	-6.7%	-14.9	-20.5%	-4.0	-6.5%
Ocean	+2.0	+11.1%	+1.3	+7.0%	-26.4	-29.2%	+16.6	+35.1%
Somerset	+10.9	+83.8%	+5.8	+32.0%	+30.0	+42.0%	+57.4	+130.2%
Passaic	+18.5	+166.7%	+20.7	+232.6%	+19.0	+31.5%	+29.7	+59.9%
Middlesex	+4.1	+42.3%	-1.9	-12.1%	+19.1	+30.3%	+40.1	+95.5%
Cumberland	+4.9	+21.0%	+4.6	+19.5%	+5.5	+4.4%	+53.0	+68.8%
Warren	-5.7	-16.4%	+15.3	+111.7%	+41.3	+73.1%	+54.8	+127.4%
Gloucester	+26.6	+380.0%	+20.7	+160.5%	+24.5	+13.5%	+156.1	+316.0%
Cape May	+13.2	+660.0%	-5.8	-27.6%	*	*	*	*
Sussex	-2.7	-18.0%	+7.5	+156.3%	*	*	-14.4	-34.4%
Salem	-20.8	-50.6%	-10.0	-33.0%	+56.1	+54.1%	+87.0	+119.5%
Morris	+7.0	+60.9%	-3.5	-15.9%	-14.0	-22.5%	+18.8	+63.7%
Hunterdon	*	*	-18.0	-78.3%	0.0	0.0%	-46.0	-100.0%
SITE AVG	+2.6	+15.7%	+3.7	+23.9%	+3.0	+2.9%	+55.3	+110.4%

TABLE 17. COMPARING ALOS WITH AND WITHOUT WAIVER CASES - 2023

	ALOS	ALOS Without Waiver ^e	Difference in Days
Atlantic	132.6	54.9	-77.7
Camden	44.5	35.6	-8.9
Essex	55.1	39.5	-15.6
Monmouth	106.4	63.7	-42.7
Hudson	43.7	43.7	0.0
Mercer	42.1	27.4	-14.7
Union	64.4	48.6	-15.8
Bergen	38.6	38.6	0.0
Burlington	28.3	25.9	-2.4
Ocean	32.6	32.6	0.0
Somerset	32.9	32.9	0.0
Passaic	58.5	45.0	-13.5
Middlesex	59.9	40.7	-19.2
Cumberland	43.5	43.5	0.0
Warren	50.2	50.2	0.0
Gloucester	48.5	48.5	0.0
Cape May	12.4	12.4	0.0
Sussex	12.5	12.5	0.0
Salem	53.4	53.4	0.0
Morris	26.9	26.9	0.0
Hunterdon	9.0	9.0	0.0
SITE AVERAGE	47.4	37.4	-10.0

^e The "ALOS without waiver" column excludes youth who were released from detention sometime after the granting of a waiver to adult court.

TABLE 18. NATURE OF DEPARTURES FROM DETENTION (Continued on Next Page)

		n Alternative, -Dispo Placeme	Shelter		t, Other Adult (Pre-Dispo)			vice Agency/F (Pre-Dispo)		,	sitional Place	ment
	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023
ATL	52.6%	54.3%	47.6%	6.6%	12.9%	1.2%	1.5%	4.3%	1.2%	32.7%	25.7%	34.1%
CAM	38.7%	69.6%	65.7%	6.5%	0.0%	1.8%	4.3%	4.3%	2.9%	47.1%	17.5%	19.4%
ESX	37.9%	64.8%	68.0%	33.2%	17.0%	7.4%	0.3%	1.6%	0.0%	22.2%	9.3%	14.3%
MON	40.6%	28.8%	20.0%	17.9%	0.0%	2.5%	5.0%	15.4%	10.0%	31.0%	34.6%	55.0%
HUD	29.5%	63.4%	73.0%	26.2%	5.2%	0.7%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	33.0%	17.2%	15.6%
MER	28.6%	58.8%	59.8%	21.4%	2.1%	1.1%	0.4%	13.4%	11.5%	43.1%	11.3%	16.1%
UNI	27.2%	47.3%	48.1%	21.9%	4.1%	2.5%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	37.1%	29.7%	28.4%
BERG	32.1%	38.8%	37.3%	14.6%	16.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	26.5%	23.5%
BURL	18.5%	59.4%	64.5%	40.3%	0.0%	1.3%	5.7%	13.0%	3.9%	27.5%	18.8%	15.8%
OCE	21.8%	53.8%	45.5%	8.6%	0.0%	18.2%	3.7%	11.5%	9.1%	40.7%	30.8%	21.2%
SOM	33.9%	47.6%	45.0%	37.0%	0.0%	15.0%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	18.9%	28.6%	20.0%
PASC	42.5%	47.9%	61.9%	2.7%	2.7%	2.4%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%	47.8%	41.1%	27.4%
MDSX	15.5%	30.1%	38.2%	17.7%	2.7%	5.9%	0.9%	5.5%	0.0%	54.5%	38.4%	39.2%
CUMB	23.4%	62.5%	72.9%	34.9%	2.5%	3.4%	5.2%	7.5%	1.7%	23.0%	20.0%	15.3%
WAR	21.9%	36.4%	30.0%	28.1%	9.1%	20.0%	12.5%	0.0%	10.0%	28.1%	18.2%	40.0%
GLO	33.7%	50.0%	51.5%	34.7%	13.6%	3.0%	5.9%	4.5%	9.1%	15.8%	4.5%	12.1%
CAPE	22.2%	42.9%	75.0%	3.7%	0.0%	12.5%	7.4%	0.0%	0.0%	48.1%	0.0%	0.0%
SUSX	51.4%	100.0%	37.5%	16.2%	0.0%	0.0%	10.8%	0.0%	0.0%	18.9%	0.0%	25.0%
SAL	47.5%	69.0%	62.5%	10.0%	0.0%	6.3%	2.5%	6.9%	0.0%	10.0%	13.8%	25.0%
MOR	15.6%	42.1%	42.9%	26.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%	21.1%	0.0%	25.0%	15.8%	28.6%
HUN	12.5%	0.0%	50.0%	37.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%
TOTAL	33.9%	58.0%	59.8%	20.7%	7.2%	4.1%	2.0%	4.3%	2.0%	35.2%	18.8%	21.1%

TABLE 18. NATURE OF DEPARTURES FROM DETENTION (Continued from Prior Page)

	Jail. Bail. aı	nd/or Upon/A			C or Other Au		Dismiss	ed, Diverted,		,	Time Served	
	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023
ATL	1.0%	1.4%	9.8%	5.1%	1.4%	6.1%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CAM	1.9%	0.8%	0.7%	1.5%	5.1%	6.5%	0.0%	2.7%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%
ESX	1.1%	0.7%	1.8%	1.5%	6.4%	5.8%	2.2%	0.0%	1.3%	1.7%	0.0%	1.1%
MON	2.4%	5.8%	5.0%	3.1%	15.4%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
HUD	1.9%	1.5%	0.0%	1.4%	11.9%	6.4%	4.7%	0.7%	4.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
MER	0.7%	3.1%	3.4%	2.9%	7.2%	6.9%	3.0%	4.1%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
UNI	2.1%	1.4%	3.7%	8.5%	17.6%	17.3%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
BERG	2.0%	0.0%	2.0%	16.7%	16.3%	33.3%	0.4%	2.0%	2.0%	0.8%	0.0%	2.0%
BURL	2.3%	0.0%	2.6%	4.4%	8.7%	9.2%	1.3%	0.0%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
OCE	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%	5.3%	0.0%	3.0%	3.7%	0.0%	3.0%	11.5%	3.8%	0.0%
SOM	2.4%	4.8%	5.0%	5.5%	19.0%	15.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
PASC	1.2%	0.0%	6.0%	1.2%	8.2%	0.0%	3.2%	0.0%	1.2%	0.1%	0.0%	1.2%
MDSX	2.9%	11.0%	5.9%	7.0%	12.3%	9.8%	1.6%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CUMB	2.0%	7.5%	0.0%	6.7%	0.0%	5.1%	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	1.7%
WAR	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.2%	36.4%	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
GLO	1.0%	9.1%	0.0%	5.9%	18.2%	24.2%	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CAPE	14.8%	14.3%	0.0%	3.7%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%	42.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
SUSX	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
SAL	5.0%	3.4%	0.0%	25.0%	3.4%	6.3%	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
MOR	0.0%	5.3%	7.1%	22.4%	10.5%	14.3%	7.8%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%
HUN	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.9%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
TOTAL	1.7%	2.0%	2.5%	25.0%	8.3%	8.1%	2.1%	1.1%	1.4%	0.5%	0.1%	0.6%

PUBLIC SAFETY OUTCOMES

Detention Alternative Program Outcomes^f. Detention alternative programs function as detention in the community. These programs are short-term placements for youth who would otherwise remain in detention while their cases are pending in court. The primary purpose of detention alternative programming is to provide supervision and basic supports to youth, in order to minimize the likelihood that youth will be charged with a new delinquency offense while awaiting the disposition of their current case. Alternatives also help to ensure youth appear at each required court hearing.

Table 19 describes outcomes for youth supervised via detention alternative programming by reporting the nature of departures from alternative program placement. In 2023, across the 21 sites, the vast majority of youth were released from detention alternative programs following successful completion. Averaging across sites, 80.7% of youth were released successfully, though success rates ranged from 64.3% in Essex to 100.0% in Monmouth, Warren, and Cape May. Importantly, the percentage of youth removed from a detention alternative as the result of a new delinquency charge is small, averaging just 4.1% across sites, and keeping at or below 5.0% in 15 sites. Finally, in 2023, 15.2% of youth were removed from alternative programs for rule violations (no new charges), ranging from a low of 0.0% in Monmouth, Middlesex, Warren, and Cape May to a high of 33.3% in Morris and Sussex and 27.3% in Gloucester.

TABLE 19. DETENTION ALTERNATIVE OUTCOMES

	Successful Completion			Ŋ	New Charges			Violation/Non-Compliance			
	Earliest ^g	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023	Earliest	2022	2023		
ATL	70.6%	84.4%	73.8%	9.5%	4.4%	10.7%	19.9%	11.1%	15.5%		
CAM	81.4%	72.7%	68.2%	4.3%	4.7%	6.9%	14.3%	22.6%	24.8%		
ESX	78.1%	71.0%	64.3%	6.7%	15.2%	21.3%	15.2%	13.8%	14.4%		
MON	78.0%	81.0%	100.0%	6.6%	0.0%	0.0%	15.4%	19.0%	0.0%		
HUD	81.3%	86.7%	78.9%	9.4%	2.7%	9.4%	9.4%	10.6%	11.7%		
MER	77.6%	86.4%	76.5%	2.4%	8.6%	2.9%	20.0%	4.9%	20.6%		
UNI	83.3%	87.5%	91.3%	3.3%	9.3%	4.3%	13.3%	3.1%	4.3%		
BERG	90.1%	92.6%	95.9%	1.0%	5.8%	0.0%	8.9%	1.2%	4.1%		
BURL	83.0%	90.6%	85.0%	4.3%	5.1%	0.0%	12.8%	4.3%	15.0%		
OCE	72.3%	91.3%	76.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	27.7%	8.7%	23.5%		
SOM	52.6%	81.8%	83.3%	10.5%	0.0%	0.0%	36.8%	18.2%	16.7%		
PASC	82.3%	84.3%	74.7%	2.0%	1.2%	2.7%	15.7%	14.5%	22.7%		
MDSX	78.7%	97.4%	90.7%	4.3%	0.0%	9.3%	17.0%	2.6%	0.0%		
CUMB	68.8%	72.4%	72.5%	1.3%	3.4%	2.5%	29.9%	24.1%	25.0%		
WAR	83.3%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%		
GLO	90.6%	94.7%	72.7%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%	5.7%	5.3%	27.3%		
CAPE	75.0%	100.0%	100.0%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%	0.0%		
SUSX	93.7%	79.0%	66.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.3%	21.0%	33.3%		
SAL	78.7%	72.7%	77.8%	6.6%	9.1%	11.1%	14.8%	18.2%	11.1%		
MOR	0.0%	70.0%	66.7%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	33.3%		
HUN	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		
SITE AVG	78.9%	84.8%	80.7%	4.9%	4.0%	4.1%	16.2%	11.2%	15.2%		

f Note this table also includes youth placed directly on a detention alternative program via the Risk Screening Tool (RST).

⁹ Outcomes were not measured prior to JDAI, so data is reported for the earliest full-year of data available: 2006 (Atlantic, Camden, Essex, Monmouth); 2008 (Hudson, Burlington, Ocean); 2009 (Mercer); 2010 (Union, Bergen, Somerset); 2011 (Middlesex, Warren, Cumberland); 2012 (Passaic, Sussex); 2013 (Gloucester); 2014 (Cape May); 2015 (Salem); 2018 (Morris); 2019 (Hunterdon).

Youth Arrests. JDAI seeks to eliminate the unnecessary use of secure detention for youth who do not pose a serious public safety risk. In addition to the detention alternative outcomes reported above, another indicator of whether JDAI is meeting public safety goals is the change in the number of youth arrested for delinquency offenses. Youth arrests – both overall, and for the more serious "index" offenses, as defined by the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Report – represent the most consistently reported and readily available measure of youth crime. Table 20 indicates that total youth arrests have decreased substantially since JDAI implementation in all 21 sites. Across sites, total youth arrests have decreased by -87.6%. Additionally, Table 21 reveals that arrests for the more serious "index" offenses are down in all 21 sites, for a total reduction of -79.1% When comparing pre-pandemic data (2019) to 2023 there was an increase of 6761 (+46.1%) of total youth arrests.

TABLE 20. TOTAL YOUTH ARRESTS

	Dro IDAI	e-JDAI 2022 2023		1-Year	Change	Pre-Post Change	
	PIE-JDAI			#	%	#	%
Atlantic	2809	195	422	+227	+116.4%	-2387	-85.0%
Camden	8511	792	881	+126	+15.9%	-7593	-89.2%
Essex	6208	842	1034	+192	+22.8%	-5174	-83.3%
Monmouth	3931	351	364	+13	+3.7%	-3557	-90.7%
Hudson	3612	435	446	+11	+2.5%	-3166	-87.7%
Mercer	3888	571	640	+69	+12.1%	-3248	-83.5%
Union	3145	320	326	+6	+1.9%	-2819	-89.6%
Bergen	4729	500	592	+92	+18.4%	-4137	-87.5%
Burlington	2607	239	206	-33	-13.8%	-2401	-92.1%
Ocean	3321	187	159	-28	-15.0%	-3162	-95.2%
Somerset	1762	75	83	+8	+10.7%	-1679	-95.3%
Passaic	3894	190	214	+24	+12.6%	-3680	-94.5%
Middlesex	2781	400	424	+24	+6.0%	-2357	-84.8%
Cumberland	1457	289	228	-61	-21.1%	-1229	-84.4%
Warren	368	90	143	+53	+58.9%	-225	-61.1%
Gloucester	1334	145	196	+51	+35.2%	-1138	-85.3%
Cape May	716	550	396	-154	-28.0%	-320	-44.7%
Sussex	351	30	53	+23	+76.7%	-298	84.9%
Salem	297	48	67	+19	+39.6%	-230	-77.4%
Morris	706	119	103	-16	-13.4%	-225	-61.1%
Hunterdon	251	19	12	-7	-36.8%	-239	-95.2%
TOTAL	56668	6387	7026	+639	+10.0%	-49642	-87.6%

TABLE 21. YOUTH ARRESTS FOR INDEX OFFENSES

	Pro IDAI	Pre-JDAI 2022 2023		1-Year	Change	Pre-Post	Change
	FIE-JDAI			#	%	#	%
Atlantic	845	77	168	+91	+118.2%	-677	-80.1%
Camden	1001	145	129	-16	-11.0%	-872	-87.1%
Essex	1088	270	329	+59	+21.9%	-759	-69.8%
Monmouth	834	118	141	+23	+19.5%	-693	-83.1%
Hudson	1096	149	197	+48	+32.2%	-899	-82.0%
Mercer	641	80	103	+23	+28.8%	-538	-83.9%
Union	450	119	134	+15	+12.6%	-316	-70.2%
Bergen	796	222	263	+41	+18.5%	-533	-67.0%
Burlington	448	74	64	-10	-13.5%	-384	-85.7%
Ocean	569	63	48	-15	-23.8%	-521	-91.6%
Somerset	353	25	20	-5	-20.0%	-333	-94.3%
Passaic	737	45	68	+23	+51.1%	-669	-90.8%
Middlesex	913	164	158	-6	-3.7%	-755	-82.7%
Cumberland	475	85	71	-14	-16.5%	-404	-85.1%
Warren	81	16	40	24	+150.0%	-41	-50.6%
Gloucester	335	35	36	+1	+2.9%	-299	-89.3%
Cape May	207	420	291	-129	-30.7%	+84	+40.6%
Sussex	60	6	12	+6	+100.0%	-48	-80.0%
Salem	77	13	15	+2	+15.4%	-62	-80.5%
Morris	113	34	46	+12	+35.3%	-67	-59.3%
Hunterdon	80	9	3	-6	-66.7%	-77	-96.3%
TOTAL	11199	2169	2336	+167	+7.7%	-8863	-79.1%

YOUTH OF COLOR

Average Daily Population (ADP). On any given day in 2023, across JDAI sites there were 508 fewer youth of color in detention than prior to JDAI implementation, a decrease of –67.9% (Table 22). Youth of color account for 89.0% of the total drop in ADP. The number of youth of color in secure detention has dropped by 75% or more in three sites: Sussex (-100.0%), Monmouth (-79.9%), Essex (-76.1%) and Mercer (-77.1%).

TABLE 22. ADP OF YOUTH OF COLOR IN DETENTION

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year (Change	Pre-Post	Pre-Post Change	
	PIE-JDAI	2022		Kids	%	Kids	%	
Atlantic	30.6	15.2	27.0	+11.8	+77.6%	-3.6	-11.8%	
Camden	79.9	31.8	28.0	-3.8	-11.9%	-51.9	-65.0%	
Essex	242.6	73.7	58.0	-15.7	-21.3%	-184.6	-76.1%	
Monmouth	29.8	8.8	6.0	-2.8	-31.8%	-23.8	-79.9%	
Hudson	82.5	16.8	22.8	+6.0	+35.7%	-59.7	-72.4%	
Mercer	57.6	12.1	13.2	+1.1	+9.1%	-44.4	-77.1%	
Union	38.4	10.7	14.9	+4.2	+39.3%	-23.5	-61.2%	
Bergen	16.1	5.6	7.4	+1.8	+32.1%	-8.7	-54.0%	
Burlington	13.4	5.3	3.9	-1.4	-26.4%	-9.5	-70.9%	
Ocean	10.6	2.4	2.9	+0.5	+20.8%	-7.7	-72.6%	
Somerset	7.4	1.9	4.0	+2.1	+110.5%	-3.4	-45.9%	
Passaic	67.2	24.1	19.6	-4.5	-18.7%	-47.6	-70.8%	
Middlesex	34.3	15.6	15.4	-0.2	-1.3%	-18.9	-55.1%	
Cumberland	25.7	7.4	10.6	+3.2	+43.2%	-15.1	-58.8%	
Warren	1.1	1.1	1.2	+0.1	+9.1%	+0.1	+9.1%	
Gloucester	2.7	1.9	2.8	+0.9	+47.4%	+0.1	+3.7%	
Cape May	2.0	0.9	0.8	-0.1	-11.1%	-1.2	-60.0%	
Sussex	1.3	0.3	0.0	-0.3	-100.0%	-1.3	-100.0%	
Salem	2.5	2.2	0.8	-1.4	-63.6%	-1.7	-68.0%	
Morris	2.5	1.1	0.8	-0.3	-27.3%	-1.7	-68.0%	
Hunterdon	0.2	0.1	0.1	+0.0	0.0%	-0.1	-50.0%	
TOTAL	748.4	239.0	240.2	+1.2	+0.5%	-508.2	-67.9%	

Length of Stay (LOS). Tables 23, 24, and 25 report average (mean) length of stay trends for youth of color and white youth across the 21 JDAI sites. Averaging across sites, mean LOS for youth of color in 2023 was 50.2 days, +22.2 days longer than that for white youth (28.0 days). This gap has increased since JDAI implementation, when youth of color remained in detention +10.0 days longer than white youth. In 2023, average LOS for youth of color was longer than that for white youth in 12 sites and shorter than that for white youth in six sites.

Tables 26, 27, and 28 describe the number of days within which half of all youth are released from detention. Averaging across sites, median LOS for youth of color youth in 2023 was 15.9 days, +10.9 days longer than the median LOS for white youth (5.0 days). This gap has increased since JDAI implementation, when median LOS for youth of color was +2.5 days longer than that for white youth. In 2023, median LOS for youth of color was shorter than that for white youth in just five sites and longer than that of white youth in twelve sites.

Tables 29, 30, and 31 describe the percentage of youth who remain in detention for 60 days or more. In 2023, the site average for the percentage of youth of color with these lengthier stays was 22.2%, +16.0 percentage points higher than for white youth (6.0%). For this measure of length of stay, the gap between youth of color youth and white youth has increased by +8.9 percentage points since JDAI implementation, and in 2023, thirteen JDAI sites had a larger percentage of youth of color remaining in detention for more than 60 days as compared to white youth.

Finally, Table 32 indicates that when controlling for degree of most serious current offense, youth of color remain in detention longer than white youth admitted for all offense degrees, but this was most pronounced for 1st/2nd degree offenses (+42.7 days) and violations (+17.7 days). Table 33 indicates that when controlling for primary release type, youth of color remain in detention longer than white youth for each of the primary release types, but again this was most pronounced for youth of color released at dispositional placement (+20.0 days) and to a parent/other adult (+9.5 days).

TABLE 23. AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS IN DETENTION FOR YOUTH OF COLOR

	1712222201711	0 (OE (ME) (IV)	LOO IN DETEN					
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year Change		Pre-Post	Change	
	TTC-0D/A	2022 20	2023	Days	%	Days	%	
Atlantic	30.8	61.6	146.5	+84.9	+137.8%	+115.7	+375.6%	
Camden	22.8	50.9	46.0	-4.9	-9.6%	+23.2	+101.8%	
Essex	39.0	49.4	57.5	+8.1	+16.4%	+18.5	+47.4%	
Monmouth	35.1	72.9	104.9	+32.0	+43.9%	+69.8	+198.9%	
Hudson	30.2	27.7	45.9	+18.2	+65.7%	+15.7	+52.0%	
Mercer	27.9	54.3	42.7	-11.6	-21.4%	+14.8	+53.0%	
Union	29.6	37.7	67.4	+29.7	+78.8%	+37.8	+127.7%	
Bergen	28.0	38.9	33.8	-5.1	-13.1%	+5.8	+20.7%	
Burlington	27.7	30.4	29.5	-0.9	-3.0%	+1.8	+6.5%	
Ocean	35.5	53.1	25.6	-27.5	-51.8%	-9.9	-27.9%	
Somerset	26.5	123.3	21.9	-101.4	-82.2%	-4.6	-17.4%	
Passaic	30.9	31.8	58.5	+26.7	+84.0%	+27.6	+89.3%	
Middlesex	39.0	71.7	70.6	-1.1	-1.5%	+31.6	+81.0%	
Cumberland	35.7	59.7	42.7	-17.0	-28.5%	+7.0	+19.6%	
Warren	29.5	28.7	55.6	+26.9	+93.7%	+26.1	+88.5%	
Gloucester	18.7	43.7	54.6	+10.9	+24.9%	+35.9	+192.0%	
Cape May	45.3	122.4	15.2	-107.2	-87.6%	-30.1	-66.4%	
Sussex	29.3	2.0	4.7	+2.7	+135.0%	-24.6	-84.0%	
Salem	23.4	46.5	53.4	+6.9	+14.8%	+30.0	+128.2%	
Morris	21.6	30.0	26.0	-4.0	-13.3%	+4.4	+20.4%	
Hunterdon	17.6	*	9.0	*	*	-8.6	-48.9%	
SITE AVG	29.7	51.8	50.2	-1.6	-3.1%	+20.5	+69.0%	

TABLE 24. AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS IN DETENTION FOR WHITE YOUTH

		•	2022		Change	Pre-Post	Change
	Pre-JDAI	2022 2023	2023	Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	19.0	1.7	6.4	+4.7	+276.5%	-12.6	-66.3%
Camden	15.3	12.2	27.5	+15.7	+125.4%	+12.2	+79.7%
Essex	12.9	6.7	5.0	-1.7	-25.4%	-7.9	-61.2%
Monmouth	22.1	303.0	113.6	-189.4	-62.5%	+91.5	+414.0%
Hudson	15.8	61.0	6.9	-54.1	-88.7%	-8.9	-56.3%
Mercer	18.3	1.0	12.5	+11.5	+1150.0%	-5.8	-31.7%
Union	16.6	50.3	19.4	-30.9	-61.4%	+2.8	+16.9%
Bergen	25.4	12.9	74.5	+61.6	+477.5%	+49.1	+193.3%
Burlington	27.1	34.3	24.7	-9.6	-28.0%	-2.4	-8.9%
Ocean	34.3	23.2	43.5	+20.3	+87.5%	+9.2	+26.8%
Somerset	16.7	12.6	132.0	+119.4	+947.6%	+115.3	+690.4%
Passaic	17.7	2.0	*	*	*	*	*
Middlesex	25.4	11.4	9.7	-1.7	-14.9%	-15.7	-61.8%
Cumberland	14.0	85.2	49.6	-35.6	-41.8%	+35.6	+254.3%
Warren	18.9	12.0	2.0	-10.0	-83.3%	-16.9	-89.4%
Gloucester	15.0	46.8	25.7	-21.1	-45.1%	+10.7	+71.3%
Cape May	37.7	2.0	4.0	+2.0	+100.0%	-33.7	-89.4%
Sussex	9.1	41.0	17.2	-23.8	-58.0%	+8.1	+89.0%
Salem	35.7	42.2	*	*	*	*	*
Morris	13.3	22.6	30.3	+7.7	+34.1%	+17.0	+127.8%
Hunterdon	3.3	*	*	*	*	*	*
SITE AVG	19.7	39.2	28.0	-11.2	-28.6%	+8.3	+42.1%

TABLE 25. DIFFERENCE IN AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS BETWEEN YOUTH OF COLOR & WHITE YOUTH

	Youth of Color Average LO	S is Greater Than (+) or Less Than	(-) White LOS by (in Days):
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023
Atlantic	+11.8	+59.9	+140.1
Camden	+7.5	+38.7	+18.5
Essex	+26.1	+42.7	+52.5
Monmouth	+13.0	-230.1	-8.7
Hudson	+14.4	-33.3	+39.0
Mercer	+9.6	+53.3	+30.2
Union	+13.0	-12.6	+48.0
Bergen	+2.6	+26	-40.7
Burlington	+0.6	-3.9	+4.8
Ocean	+1.2	+29.9	+28.6
Somerset	+9.8	+110.7	-110.1
Passaic	+13.2	+29.8	*
Middlesex	+13.6	+60.3	+60.9
Cumberland	+21.7	-25.5	-6.9
Warren	+10.6	+16.7	+53.6
Gloucester	+3.7	-3.1	+28.9
Cape May	+7.6	+120.4	+11.2
Sussex	+20.2	-39.0	-12.5
Salem	-12.3	+4.3	*
Morris	+8.3	+7.4	-4.3
Hunterdon	+14.3	*	*
SITE AVG	+10.0	+12.6	+22.2

TABLE 26. MEDIAN LOS IN DETENTION FOR YOUTH OF COLOR

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year (Change	Pre-Post	Change
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	13	4	31	+27	+675.0%	+18	+138.5%
Camden	14	6	4	-2	-33.3%	-10	-71.4%
Essex	10	15	15	0	0.0%	+5	+50.0%
Monmouth	17	26	30	+4	+15.4%	+13	+76.5%
Hudson	7	3	2	-1	-33.3%	-5	-71.4%
Mercer	11	13	12	-1	-7.7%	+1	+9.1%
Union	9	10	9	-1	-10.0%	0	0.0%
Bergen	15	15	4	-11	-73.3%	-11	-73.3%
Burlington	10	11	15	+4	+36.4%	+5	+50.0%
Ocean	23	33	16	-16	-48.5%	-6	-26.1%
Somerset	9	10	11	+1	+10.0%	+2	+22.2%
Passaic	15	16	27	+11	+68.8%	+12	+80.0%
Middlesex	16	20	18	-2	-10.0%	+2	+12.5%
Cumberland	7	35	25	-10	-28.6%	+18	+257.1%
Warren	7	22	49	+27	+122.7%	+42	+600.0%
Gloucester	6	5	18	+13	+260.0%	+12	+200.0%
Cape May	35	3	2	-1	-33.3%	-33	-94.3%
Sussex	6	2	6	+4	+200.0%	0	0.0%
Salem	6	28	19	-9	-32.1%	+13	+216.7%
Morris	8	26	11	-15	-57.7%	+3	+37.5%
Hunterdon	9	*	9	*	*	0	0.0%
SITE AVG	12.0	15.1	15.9	+0.8	5.3%	+3.9	32.5%

TABLE 27. MEDIAN LOS IN DETENTION FOR WHITE YOUTH

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year	Change	Pre-Post Change	
	FIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Days	%	Days	%
Atlantic	6	2	2	0	0.0%	-4	-66.7%
Camden	7	4	4	0	0.0%	-3	-42.9%
Essex	2	2	2	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Monmouth	8	32	78	+46	+143.8%	+70	+875.0%
Hudson	4	2	2	0	0.0%	-2	-50.0%
Mercer	6	1	13	+12	+1200.0%	+7	+116.7%
Union	6	34	2	-32	-94.1%	-4	-66.7%
Bergen	9	4	47	+43	+1075.0%	+38	+422.2%
Burlington	14	5	16	+11	+220.0%	+2	+14.3%
Ocean	22	10	10	0	0.0%	-12	-54.5%
Somerset	8	7	132	+125	+1785.7%	+124	+1550.0%
Passaic	5	2	*	*	*	*	*
Middlesex	14	7	2	-5	-71.4%	-12	-85.7%
Cumberland	7	41	*	*	*	*	*
Warren	10	12	*	*	*	*	*
Gloucester	6	2	3	1	+50.0%	-3	-50.0%
Cape May	27	2	4	2	+100.0%	-23	-85.2%
Sussex	5	41	3	-38	-92.7%	-2	-40.0%
Salem	24	9	*	*	*	*	*
Morris	7	11	11	0	0.0%	+4	+57.1%
Hunterdon	3	*	*	*	*	*	*
SITE AVG	9.5	11.5	5.0	-6.5	-56.5%	-4.5	-47.4%

TABLE 28. DIFFERENCE IN MEDIAN LOS BETWEEN YOUTH OF COLOR & WHITE YOUTH

	Youth of Color Median LOS is Greater Than (+) or Less Than (-) White Median LOS by (in					
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023			
Atlantic	+7	+2	+29			
Camden	+7	+2	0			
Essex	+8	+13	+13			
Monmouth	+9	-6	-48			
Hudson	+3	+1	0			
Mercer	+5	+12	-1			
Union	+3	-24	+7			
Bergen	+6	+11	-43			
Burlington	-4	+6	-1			
Ocean	+1	+23	+6			
Somerset	+1	+3	-121			
Passaic	+10	+14	+27			
Middlesex	+2	+13	+16			
Cumberland	0	-6	+25			
Warren	-3	+10	+49			
Gloucester	0	+3	+15			
Cape May	+8	+1	-2			
Sussex	+1	-39	+3			
Salem	-18	+19	+19			
Morris	+1	+17	0			
Hunterdon	+6	*	+9			
SITE AVG	+2.5	+3.6	+10.9			

TABLE 29. PERCENTAGE OF YOUTH OF COLOR REMAINING IN DETENTION 60 DAYS OR MORE

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
	PIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	17.1%	28.8%	41.9%	+13.1	+24.8
Camden	7.3%	22.4%	19.5%	-2.9	+12.2
Essex	21.5%	18.1%	16.9%	-1.2	-4.6
Monmouth	19.7%	34.8%	42.4%	+7.6	+22.7
Hudson	18.5%	18.3%	24.1%	+5.8	+5.6
Mercer	13.2%	19.8%	20.0%	+0.2	+6.8
Union	16.0%	27.0%	34.2%	+7.2	+18.2
Bergen	14.1%	21.6%	13.3%	-8.3	-0.8
Burlington	17.2%	24.1%	12.3%	-11.8	-4.9
Ocean	24.3%	37.5%	20.0%	-17.5	-4.3
Somerset	8.7%	27.8%	11.1%	-16.7	+2.4
Passaic	17.0%	16.7%	29.8%	+13.1	+12.8
Middlesex	20.0%	29.4%	32.1%	+2.7	+12.1
Cumberland	17.5%	28.6%	17.3%	-11.3	-0.2
Warren	14.3%	22.2%	33.3%	+11.1	+19.0
Gloucester	10.9%	13.3%	34.6%	+21.3	+23.7
Cape May	26.7%	40.0%	16.7%	-23.3	-10.0
Sussex	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-14.3
Salem	18.2%	29.2%	25.0%	-4.2	+6.8
Morris	6.5%	14.3%	18.2%	+3.9	+11.7
Hunterdon	0.0%	*	0.0%	*	0.0
SITE AVG	15.4%	23.7%	22.0%	-1.7	+6.6

TABLE 30. PERCENTAGE OF WHITE YOUTH REMAINING IN DETENTION 60 DAYS OR MORE

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
	FIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	6.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-6.8
Camden	3.0%	6.3%	23.8%	+17.5	+20.8
Essex	8.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-8.0
Monmouth	9.1%	33.3%	71.4%	+38.1	+62.3
Hudson	9.8%	12.5%	0.0%	-12.5	-9.8
Mercer	9.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-9.3
Union	6.9%	3.1%	20.0%	+16.9	+13.1
Bergen	14.5%	0.8%	33.3%	+32.5	+18.8
Burlington	14.0%	3.1%	10.5%	+7.4	-3.5
Ocean	21.2%	20.0%	38.5%	+18.5	+17.3
Somerset	2.9%	0.0%	50.0%	+50.0	+47.1
Passaic	7.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-7.8
Middlesex	9.0%	0%	5.6%	+5.6	-3.4
Cumberland	8.3%	40.0%	14.3%	-25.7	+6.0
Warren	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0.0
Gloucester	8.7%	1.6%	14.3%	+12.7	+5.6
Cape May	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-16.7
Sussex	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-3.3
Salem	14.3%	40.0%	0.0%	-40.0	-14.3
Morris	0.0%	20.0%	33.3%	+13.3	+33.3
Hunterdon	0.0%	*	0.0%	*	0.0
SITE AVG	8.3%	9.0%	6.0%	+3.0	-2.3

TABLE 31. DIFFERENCE IN LOS OF 60+ DAYS BETWEEN YOUTH OF COLOR & WHITE YOUTH

Hunterdon	0.0	*	0.0
Morris	+6.5	-5.7	-15.1
Salem	+3.9	-10.8	+25.0
Sussex	+11.0	0.0	0.0
Cape May	+10.0	+40.0	+16.7
Gloucester	+2.2	+11.7	+20.3
Warren	+14.3	+22.2	+33.3
Cumberland	+9.2	-11.4	+3.0
Middlesex	+11.0	+29.4	+26.5
Passaic	+9.2	+16.7	+29.8
Somerset	+5.8	+27.8	-38.9
Ocean	+3.1	+17.5	-14.7
Burlington	+3.2	+21.0	+1.8
Bergen	-0.4	+20.8	-20.0
Union	+9.1	+23.9	+14.2
Mercer	+3.9	+19.8	+20.0
Hudson	+8.7	+5.8	+24.1
Monmouth	+10.6	+1.5	-29.0
Essex	+13.5	+18.1	+16.9
Camden	+4.3	+16.1	-4.3
Atlantic	Pre-JDAI +10.3	2022 +28.8	2023 +41.9
	D 1541	(in Percentage Points):	
	% Youth of Color With ALOS	of 60+ Days is Greater Than (+) or	Less Than (-) White Youth by

TABLE 32. AVERAGE LOS BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND DEGREE OF MSCO - 2023

	White				Youth of Color			
	1 st /2 nd	3 rd	4 th /DP	N/A-No Delinq. Charges (Violation, etc.)	1 st /2 nd	3 rd	4 th /DP	N/A-No Delinq. Charges (Violation, etc.)
Atlantic	6.1	*	*	8.0	175.8	29.3	1.0	108.6
Camden	27.9	*	83.0	6.7	72.3	25.2	13.6	27.5
Essex	3.1	14.0	*	1.5	79.1	31.4	21.4	43.7
Monmouth	121.7	*	*	65.0	165.9	48.9	96.8	34.9
Hudson	7.6	2.0	*	*	47.6	32.0	29.8	56.0
Mercer	16.0	*	*	9.0	48.9	78.0	23.0	25.4
Union	2.0	*	*	89.0	80.6	34.9	2.5	47.9
Bergen	102.7	66.0	*	7.0	34.2	32.0	*	34.6
Burlington	19.6	15.0	*	31.0	35.7	32.2	29.0	19.5
Ocean	59.2	8.3	*	*	24.5	25.3	72.5	14.8
Somerset	240.0	24.0	*	*	15.1	19.3	2.0	45.8
Passaic	*	*	*	*	64.9	50.4	*	46.0
Middlesex	5.8	29.0	*	*	82.1	38.1	*	78.3
Cumberland	76.3	9.0	*	16.5	40.9	2.0	5.5	56.5
Warren	2.0	*	*	*	52.5	6.0	*	71.0
Gloucester	29.8	*	*	1.0	77.5	10.7	60.0	49.8
Cape May	2.0	*	*	6.0	15.2	*	*	*
Sussex	*	*	2.0	27.3	*	*	1.0	6.5
Salem	*	*	*	*	53.8	23.0	11.1	70.5
Morris	30.3	*	*	*	24.1	*	11.0	35.3
Hunterdon	*	*	*	*	5.0	*	*	13.0
TOTAL	30.2	21.1	29.0	23.2	72.9	31.7	26.3	40.9

TABLE 33. AVERAGE LOS BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND PRIMARY RELEASE TYPE - 2023

		White		Youth of Color			
	Detention Alternative, Shelter (Pre-Dispo Plcmt)	Parent, Other Adult, ROR	Dispositional Placement	Detention Alternative, Shelter (Pre-Dispo Plcmt)	Parent, Other Adult, ROR	Dispositional Placement	
Atlantic	1.3	*	18.5	25.1	1.0	135.4	
Camden	14.1	*	74.0	13.5	3.4	102.0	
Essex	7.1	1.9	*	20.0	11.3	115.9	
Monmouth	5.0	*	138.0	6.6	4.0	98.7	
Hudson	8.5	*	*	20.2	1.0	173.5	
Mercer	16.0	*	*	13.1	64.0	61.7	
Union	2.0	*	89.0	18.6	1.5	134.5	
Bergen	47.0	*	172.0	13.3	*	119.0	
Burlington	20.0	*	57.7	22.9	15.0	57.7	
Ocean	19.6	7.0	72.0	20.2	22.8	43.5	
Somerset	24.0	*	240.0	23.9	8.3	55.3	
Passaic	*	*	*	29.6	37.0	79.3	
Middlesex	3.3	9.0	34.3	17.4	73.0	86.0	
Cumberland	9.3	5.0	129.0	29.6	2.0	130.3	
Warren	2.0	*	*	42.5	7.0	97.8	
Gloucester	6.0	1.0	155.0	39.6	*	222.3	
Cape May	2.0	*	*	17.8	2.0	*	
Sussex	15.0	*	27.5	7.0	*	*	
Salem	*	*	*	20.3	11.0	159.8	
Morris	6.5	*	78.0	24.5	*	38.3	
Hunterdon	*	*	*	5.0	*	*	
TOTAL	11.4	4.6	89.4	19.7	14.1	109.4	

Disproportionality. The findings in Table 22 indicate remarkable decreases in the number of youth of color in detention since JDAI implementation. The next question is whether these changes have had any impact on disproportionality.

Table 34 indicates that since JDAI implementation, across sites the percentage of ADP comprised of youth of color is up +3.4 percentage points. Table 35 then indicates that across sites, the percentage of all admissions comprised of youth of color is up +5.2 percentage points, which is contributing to the increase in ADP of youth of color in detention. And, as described in Tables 25 - 33, youth of color remain in detention longer than white youth, which again contributes to the increase in the percentage of ADP comprised of youth of color.

At the same time, however, Table 36 points to shifting demographics in the general youth population over time. Pre-JDAI, youth of color comprised 41.8% of the total youth population in all 21 sites, but in the most recent year for which data are available (2020), youth of color comprised 51.2% of the total youth population. While overrepresentation remains evident in all 21 sites, for the sites as a collective, overrepresentation of youth of color in detention has decreased by -6.0 percentage points. Again, though, changes over time and current figures vary across sites. For example, overrepresentation of youth of color, i.e., the difference between the percentage of youth of color in the general population vs. youth of color in detention, currently ranges from -9.1 percentage points in Sussex to +81.4 percentage points in Hunterdon and +65.6 percentage points in Warren.

TABLE 34. % OF DETENTION ADP COMPRISED OF YOUTH OF COLOR

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
	FIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	89.7%	99.9%	98.5%	-1.4	+8.8
Camden	84.5%	98.0%	94.8%	-3.2	+10.3
Essex	99.6%	99.8%	98.5%	-1.3	-1.1
Monmouth	74.5%	91.6%	81.8%	-9.8	+7.3
Hudson	95.1%	99.7%	99.6%	-0.1	+4.5
Mercer	96.0%	99.6%	83.1%	-16.5	-12.9
Union	98.1%	96.0%	81.4%	-14.6	-16.7
Bergen	79.4%	92.8%	84.7%	-8.1	+5.3
Burlington	65.6%	77.4%	78.0%	+0.6	+12.4
Ocean	44.4%	72.4%	67.7%	-4.7	+23.3
Somerset	81.9%	63.7%	95.9%	+32.2	+14.0
Passaic	95.6%	99.8%	100.0%	+0.2	+4.4
Middlesex	81.6%	98.8%	91.5%	-7.3	+9.9
Cumberland	94.4%	92.9%	91.5%	-1.4	-2.9
Warren	49.5%	89.2%	93.5%	+4.3	+44.0
Gloucester	62.3%	81.7%	87.3%	+5.6	+25.0
Cape May	64.7%	98.8%	83.8%	-15	+19.1
Sussex	58.0%	51.4%	10.3%	-41.1	-47.7
Salem	86.4%	99.9%	100.0%	+0.1	+13.6
Morris	78.6%	71.4%	86.7%	15.3	+8.1
Hunterdon	89.1%	96.8%	100.0%	+3.2	+10.9
TOTAL	90.1%	96.6%	93.5%	-3.1	+3.4

TABLE 35. % OF DETENTION ADMISSIONS COMPRISED OF YOUTH OF COLOR

	D	0000	0000	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	84.6%	94.4%	92.8%	-1.6	+8.2
Camden	79.5%	93.3%	92.5%	-0.8	+13.0
Essex	98.5%	98.2%	95.0%	-3.2	-3.5
Monmouth	62.7%	92.7%	78.8%	-13.9	+16.1
Hudson	93.9%	94.6%	94.6%	+0.0	+0.7
Mercer	94.6%	96.8%	96.9%	+0.1	+2.3
Union	94.6%	84.4%	89.3%	+4.9	-5.3
Bergen	78.3%	72.0%	91.1%	+19.1	+12.8
Burlington	66.2%	77.1%	75.3%	-1.8	+9.1
Ocean	44.6%	60.0%	69.2%	+9.2	+24.6
Somerset	69.8%	84.2%	96.0%	+11.8	+26.2
Passaic	91.9%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0	+8.1
Middlesex	75.1%	92.1%	84.7%	-7.4	+9.6
Cumberland	89.6%	85.4%	91.0%	+5.6	+1.4
Warren	45.2%	83.3%	87.5%	+4.2	+42.3
Gloucester	54.5%	72.7%	77.1%	+4.4	+22.6
Cape May	55.6%	60.0%	80.0%	+20.0	+24.4
Sussex	18.4%	33.3%	37.5%	+4.2	+19.1
Salem	81.6%	85.2%	100.0%	+14.8	+18.4
Morris	59.4%	70.0%	88.2%	+18.2	+28.8
Hunterdon	62.5%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0	+37.5
TOTAL	86.0%	91.5%	91.2%	-0.3	+5.2

TABLE 36. YOUTH OF COLOR OVERREPRESENTATION IN DETENTION

Youth of Color Representation in Total Youth Population vs. Youth of Color Representation in Detention

	Tor Color Repress	Pre-JDAI	•		Post-JDAI			
	Youth of Color Representation in Youth Poph	Youth of Color Representation in Detention ⁱ	Percentage Point Difference/Gap	Youth of Color Representation in Youth Pop.	Youth of Color Representation in Detention	Percentage Point Difference/Gap	Gap: Pre vs. Post JDAI	
Atlantic	44.4%	89.7%	+45.3	51.2%	98.5%	+47.3	+2.0	
Camden	40.4%	84.5%	+44.1	54.1%	94.8%	+40.7	-3.7	
Essex	69.2%	99.6%	+30.4	73.5%	98.5%	+25.0	-5.4	
Monmouth	22.1%	74.5%	+52.4	30.2%	81.8%	+51.6	-0.8	
Hudson	75.6%	95.1%	+19.5	79.5%	99.6%	+20.1	+0.6	
Mercer	45.6%	96.0%	+50.4	62.4%	83.1%	+20.7	-29.7	
Union	54.2%	98.1%	+43.9	63.9%	81.4%	+17.5	-26.4	
Bergen	35.1%	79.4%	+44.3	47.9%	84.7%	+36.8	-7.5	
Burlington	28.6%	65.6%	+37.0	37.6%	78.0%	+40.4	+3.4	
Ocean	15.5%	44.4%	+28.9	20.2%	67.7%	+47.5	+18.6	
Somerset	34.3%	81.9%	+47.6	52.9%	95.9%	+43.0	-4.6	
Passaic	58.2%	95.6%	+37.4	66.4%	100.0%	+33.6	-3.8	
Middlesex	52.1%	81.6%	+29.5	68.2%	91.5%	+23.3	-6.2	
Cumberland	54.0%	94.4%	+40.4	67.6%	91.5%	+23.9	-16.5	
Warren	17.3%	49.5%	+32.2	27.9%	93.5%	+65.6	+33.4	
Gloucester	22.9%	62.3%	+39.4	27.1%	87.3%	+60.2	+20.8	
Cape May	17.7%	64.7%	+47.0	24.5%	83.8%	+59.3	+12.3	
Sussex	13.8%	58.0%	+44.2	19.4%	10.3%	-9.1	-53.3	
Salem	31.4%	86.4%	+55.0	34.6%	100.0%	+65.4	+10.4	
Morris	30.5%	78.6%	+48.1	32.6%	86.7%	+54.1	+6.0	
Hunterdon	15.3%	8.0%	-7.3	18.6%	100.0%	+81.4	+88.7	
TOTAL	41.8%	90.1%	+48.3	51.2%	93.5%	+42.3	-6.0	

^h Percent of population ages 10-17 years, source: OJJDP Statistical Briefing Book. Post-JDAI population figures are based on 2020, the most recent year for which data are available.

ⁱ Figures are based on detention ADP for the pre-JDAI years noted earlier and the post-JDAI year of 2023.

GIRLS IN DETENTION

As described in Table 37, the average daily population of girls in detention has dropped in 18 out of 21 JDAI sites; the remaining sites experienced no change. Comparing each site's pre-JDAI year to 2023, on any given day there were -69.9 fewer girls in detention, a decrease of -86.0%. Four sites have experienced a decrease of 100%: Union, Cape May, Sussex, and Salem. The number of girls in detention decreased across sites collectively over the last year, with ADP down -3.4% (-0.4 girls).

Table 38 reveals that in 2023, more than one thousand (1,400) fewer girls were admitted to detention as compared to each site's pre-JDAI year, a decrease of -88.8%. Decreases of more than 90% occurred in Cape May and Hunterdon (-100.0% each), Monmouth (-96.1%), Hudson (-93.6%), Essex (-92.8%) Camden (-90.7%), Cumberland (-90.3%). Over the past year, the number of girls admitted to detention is up +0.6% (+1 girl) across sites. Eight sites experienced one-year decreases, with the largest decreases experienced in Essex (-11 girls, -31.4%) and Middlesex (-6 girls, -37.5%). Table 39 indicates that the percentage of all admissions comprised of girls has decreased by -2.7 percentage points since JDAI implementation. However, the percentage of all admissions comprised of girls varies widely. Across sites in 2023, 10.2% of all admissions were comprised of girls, but this ranged from 0.0% in Cape May and Hunterdon to 29.4% in Morris and 25.0% in Sussex and Warren.

Finally, Table 40 indicates that in 2023, length of stay for girls in detention ranged from just 5.2 days in Union to 71.3 days in Somerset and 42.4 days in Middlesex. Averaging across sites, length of stay in detention for girls has increased +4.0 days since JDAI implementation (+21.4%). Two sites have experienced increases in length of stay of nearly three weeks or more for girls: Somerset (+50.3 days, +239.5%) and Middlesex (+23.3 days, +122.0%). Conversely, average length of stay for girls has decreased by more than two weeks since JDAI implementation in one site Ocean (-17,4 days, -70.7%).

TABLE 37. ADP OF GIRLS IN DETENTION

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year	Change	Pre-Post Change		
	PIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Kids	%	Kids	%	
Atlantic	4.0	1.5	0.9	-0.6	-40.0%	-3.1	-77.5%	
Camden	15.4	2.2	2.6	+0.4	+18.2%	-12.8	-83.1%	
Essex	20.0	2.0	1.9	-0.1	-5.0%	-18.1	-90.5%	
Monmouth	4.2	0.6	0.2	-0.4	-66.7%	-4.0	-95.2%	
Hudson	6.7	8.0	0.1	-0.7	-87.5%	-6.6	-98.5%	
Mercer	4.5	0.1	0.7	+0.6	+600.0%	-3.8	-84.4%	
Union	0.9	0.1	0.0	-0.1	-100.0%	-0.9	-100.0%	
Bergen	3.0	0.3	0.9	+0.6	+200.0%	-2.1	-70.0%	
Burlington	4.0	0.4	0.8	+0.4	+100.0%	-3.2	-80.0%	
Ocean	3.1	0.4	0.5	+0.1	+25.0%	-2.6	-83.9%	
Somerset	1.2	0.3	0.5	+0.2	+66.7%	-0.7	-58.3%	
Passaic	4.3	1.4	0.3	-1.1	-78.6%	-4.0	-93.0%	
Middlesex	3.1	0.8	1.7	+0.9	+112.5%	-1.4	-45.2%	
Cumberland	4.6	0.4	0.3	-0.1	-25.0%	-4.3	-93.5%	
Warren	0.2	0.1	0.2	+0.1	+100.0%	0.0	0.0%	
Gloucester	0.3	0.0	0.1	+0.1	+100.0%	-0.2	-66.7%	
Cape May	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	-0.6	-100.0%	
Sussex	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	-0.2	-100.0%	
Salem	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	-0.5	-100.0%	
Morris	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%	
Hunterdon	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%	
TOTAL	81.3	11.8	11.4	-0.4	-3.4%	-69.9	-86.0%	

TABLE 38. GIRLS ADMITTED TO DETENTION

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year	Change	Pre-Post Change		
	FIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Kids	%	Kids	%	
Atlantic	67	8	10	+2	+25.0%	-57	-85.1%	
Camden	376	32	35	+3	+9.4%	-341	-90.7%	
Essex	335	35	24	-11	-31.4%	-311	-92.8%	
Monmouth	76	6	3	-3	-50.0%	-73	-96.1%	
Hudson	140	13	9	-4	-30.8%	-131	-93.6%	
Mercer	104	11	14	+3	+27.3%	-90	-86.5%	
Union	41	6	5	-1	-16.7%	-36	-87.8%	
Bergen	43	8	8	0	0.0%	-35	-81.4%	
Burlington	56	8	15	+7	+87.5%	-41	-73.2%	
Ocean	47	5	9	+4	+80.0%	-38	-80.9%	
Somerset	23	4	3	-1	-25.0%	-20	-87.0%	
Passaic	72	6	9	+3	+50.0%	-63	-87.5%	
Middlesex	67	16	10	-6	-37.5%	-57	-85.1%	
Cumberland	72	6	7	+1	+16.7%	-65	-90.3%	
Warren	5	2	2	0	0.0%	-3	-60.0%	
Gloucester	13	1	6	+5	+500.0%	-7	-53.8%	
Cape May	7	1	0	-1	-100.0%	-7	-100.0%	
Sussex	8	0	2	+2	+200.0%	-6	-75.0%	
Salem	8	1	1	0	0.0%	-7	-87.5%	
Morris	16	7	5	-2	-28.6%	-11	-68.8%	
Hunterdon	1	0	0	0	0.0%	-1	-100.0%	
TOTAL	1577	176	177	+1	+0.6%	-1400	-88.8%	

TABLE 39. % OF DETENTION ADMISSIONS COMPRISED OF GIRLS

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year Change	Pre-Post Change
	PIE-JDAI	2022	2023	Percentage Points	Percentage Points
Atlantic	14.3%	11.1%	9.0%	-2.1	-5.3
Camden	22.4%	12.6%	12.5%	-0.1	-9.9
Essex	13.6%	7.8%	5.5%	-2.3	-8.1
Monmouth	15.0%	10.9%	9.1%	-1.8	-5.9
Hudson	11.5%	8.7%	6.1%	- 2.6	-5.4
Mercer	12.1%	11.7%	14.3%	+2.6	+2.2
Union	7.6%	7.8%	6.0%	-1.8	-1.6
Bergen	17.3%	16.0%	14.3%	-1.7	-3.0
Burlington	19.7%	11.4%	20.5%	+9.1	+0.8
Ocean	19.6%	16.7%	23.1%	+6.4	+3.5
Somerset	18.3%	21.1%	12.0%	-9.1	-6.3
Passaic	8.7%	7.0%	10.6%	+3.6	+1.9
Middlesex	14.9%	21.1%	10.2%	-10.9	-4.7
Cumberland	28.9%	14.6%	10.4%	-4.2	-18.5
Warren	16.1%	16.7%	25.0%	+8.3	+8.9
Gloucester	13.1%	4.5%	17.1%	+12.6	+4.0
Cape May	25.9%	20.0%	0.0%	-20.0	-25.9
Sussex	21.1%	0.0%	25.0%	+25.0	+3.9
Salem	21.1%	3.7%	5.9%	+2.2	-15.2
Morris	25.0%	35.0%	29.4%	-5.6	+4.4
Hunterdon	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	-12.5
TOTAL	12.9%	10.9%	10.2%	-0.7	-2.7

TABLE 40. AVERAGE (MEAN) LOS FOR GIRLS IN DETENTION

	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	1-Year	Change	Pre-Post	Change	
	Pie-JDAI	2022	2023	Days	%	Days	%	
Atlantic	24.3	36.6	19.2	-17.4	-47.5%	-5.1	-21.0%	
Camden	15.3	28.5	30.9	+2.4	+8.4%	+15.6	+102.0%	
Essex	26.4	51.5	13.7	-37.8	-73.4%	-12.7	-48.1%	
Monmouth	22.3	27.6	33.3	+5.7	+20.7%	+11.0	+49.3%	
Hudson	15.6	32.6	5.8	-26.8	-82.2%	-9.8	-62.8%	
Mercer	15.9	20.9	16.4	-4.5	-21.5%	+0.5	+3.1%	
Union	17.2	7.0	5.2	-1.8	-25.7%	-12.0	-69.8%	
Bergen	26.3	33.7	36.6	+2.9	+8.6%	+10.3	+39.2%	
Burlington	26.2	17.9	22.8	+4.9	+27.4%	-3.4	-13.0%	
Ocean	24.6	29.4	7.2	-22.2	-75.5%	-17.4	-70.7%	
Somerset	21.0	22.0	71.3	+49.3	+224.1%	+50.3	+239.5%	
Passaic	20.0	40.0	14.2	-25.8	-64.5%	-5.8	-29.0%	
Middlesex	19.1	10.8	42.4	+31.6	+292.6%	+23.3	+122.0%	
Cumberland	25.9	28.0	11.8	-16.2	-57.9%	-14.1	-54.5%	
Warren	13.8	22.0	31.3	+9.3	+42.3%	+17.5	+126.8%	
Gloucester	7.4	2.0	16.2	+14.2	+710.0%	+8.8	+118.9%	
Cape May	31.0	3.0	*	*	*	*	*	
Sussex	8.0	*	6.5	*	*	-1.5	-18.8%	
Salem	13.6	2.0	11.0	+9.0	+450.0%	-2.6	-19.1%	
Morris	16.6	25.8	35.3	+9.5	+36.8%	+18.7	+112.7%	
Hunterdon	3.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	
SITE AVG	18.7	23.2	22.7	-0.5	-2.2%	+4.0	+21.4%	

BEYOND DETENTION: INCARCERATION AS A DISPOSITION

While JDAI focuses on the pre-disposition detention system first and foremost, it does so with the understanding that improvements to the detention system can serve as a starting point for broader changes in the overall youth justice system. Research indicates that detained youth are more likely to be committed to state custody or otherwise incarcerated at the point of disposition than non-detained youth with similar charges and delinquency history. One measure of JDAI's broader influence, then, is the impact on the use of detention commitment programs and commitment to state custody as dispositions.

Detention 60-Day Commitment Programs. ¹⁴ N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-43(c) permits the court, under certain circumstances, to sentence a youth to a term of incarceration in a county youth detention center for a term not to exceed 60 consecutive days, provided the county has been approved by the Juvenile Justice Commission to operate a 60-day commitment program. In 2023, eleven JDAI sites operated – or contracted with counties that operated – detention centers with approved 60-day commitment programs.

Across the eleven JDAI sites¹⁵ approved to utilize incarceration in a detention center as a disposition, just eighteen youth were placed in detention as a disposition in 2023. These admissions occurred in Bergen (two 1st degree offenses and one 3rd degree offense), Middlesex (three 2nd degree offenses and seven 3rd degree offenses), and Ocean (two 2nd degree offenses and three 3rd degree offenses). Admissions increased by (+80.0%, +8 youth) when compared to 2022.

Given the extremely small number of youth admitted to detention commitment programs, the detailed tables regarding the commitment programs have been removed from this report. Should the number of youth committed to detention as a disposition increase substantially, those data tables will be reintroduced to this report. By way of comparison, for the full year of 2014, 165 youth were committed to detention commitment programs, which merited a more complete analysis in the form of detailed tables.

Commitments to State Custody with the JJC. N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-44 permits the court, in certain circumstances, to sentence youth adjudicated delinquent to a term of incarceration with the Juvenile Justice Commission. Table 41 reports changes in commitments of youth to the Juvenile Justice Commission since JDAI implementation. Reduced reliance on detention pre-dispositionally has in fact led to reduced reliance on commitments to state custody as a disposition. Across sites, commitments to the JJC have decreased by -90.5%. Since the implementation of JDAI, reductions in commitments to the JJC of 95% or more have occurred in five sites (Atlantic, Camden, Mercer, Cape May, and Sussex). Regarding one-year trends, collectively sites experienced an increase of +5.3% between 2022 and 2023. Ten individual sites experienced an increase, with the largest increases occurring in Essex (+12 kids, +80.0%), Hudson (+4 kids, +100.0%), Ocean (+4 kids, +100.0%), and Bergen (+3 kids, +150.0%).

TABLE 41. COMMITMENTS TO STATE CUSTODY WITH THE JUVENILE JUSTICE COMMISSION UPON DISPOSITION

	Dra IDAI	2022	2022	1-Year	Change	Pre-Post	Change
	Pre-JDAI	2022	2023	Kids	%	Kids	%
Atlantic	45	8	1	-7	-87.5%	-44	-97.8%
Camden	378	19	11	-8	-42.1%	-367	-97.1%
Essex	121	15	27	+12	+80.0%	-94	-77.7%
Monmouth	34	1	3	+2	+200.0%	-31	-91.2%
Hudson	118	4	8	+4	+100.0%	-110	-93.2%
Mercer	67	2	0	-2	-100.0%	-67	-100.0%
Union	89	8	10	+2	+25.0%	-79	-88.8%
Bergen	14	2	5	+3	+150.0%	-9	-64.3%
Burlington	10	5	5	0	0.0%	-5	-50.0%
Ocean	23	0	4	+4	+100.0%	-19	-82.6%
Somerset	5	2	1	-1	-50.0%	-4	-80.0%
Passaic	53	10	7	-3	-30.0%	-46	-86.8%
Middlesex	51	13	9	-4	-30.8%	-42	-82.4%
Cumberland	24	1	2	+1	+100.0%	-22	-91.7%
Warren	2	0	1	+1	+100.0%	-1	-50.0%
Gloucester	3	1	3	+2	+200.0%	0	0.0%
Cape May	1	0	0	0	0.0%	-1	-100.0%
Sussex	1	0	0	0	0.0%	-1	-100.0%
Salem	0	0	1	+1	+100.0%	+1	+100.0%
Morris	4	3	1	-2	-66.7%	-3	-75.0%
Hunterdon	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
TOTAL	1043	94	99	+5	+5.3%	-944	-90.5%

TABLE 42. 2023 MONTHLY DETENTION ADP, BY SITE

	TABLE 42. 2023 MONTHLY DETENTION ADP, BY SITE												
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
ESX	61.6	59.4	63.7	59.7	59.2	61.5	60.8	64.8	61.7	59.4	59.8	60.8	61.0
CAM	28.1	30.3	23.6	27.5	28.5	34.6	21.4	37.8	33.6	27.5	23.9	21.4	29.5
ATL	15.5	16.4	15.5	19.5	20.5	24.4	38.6	35.3	39.8	36.3	32.9	38.6	27.1
HUD	19.3	19.2	24.4	23.6	24.3	26.4	19.6	28.4	22.1	17.2	19.1	19.6	22.8
PASC	18.9	15.5	14.8	21.4	21.8	17.5	0.0	21.3	19.6	18.8	21.2	0.0	19.5
UNI	12.2	13.7	14.6	16.1	19.4	18.7	0.4	21.2	21.6	22.3	21.5	0.4	18.3
MER	9.4	9.0	11.5	11.9	16.4	17.5	19.9	19.3	20.4	18.9	18.8	19.9	15.8
MIDSX	21.6	22.1	19.6	16.4	15.8	15.2	9.4	1.3	13.6	14.4	13.7	9 .4	14.7
CUMB	8.8	11.3	9.1	4.6	5.9	5.3	16.9	14.8	17.8	15.2	17.9	16.9	11.6
BERG	7.1	8.4	8.8	6.3	5.6	10.2	11.5	8.0	10.4	10.5	9.3	11.5	8.8
MON	10.5	6.5	6.4	8.1	10.7	11.9	5.3	5.0	4.8	6.7	6.5	5.3	7.4
BURL	5.1	4.9	6.3	5.1	7.8	2.9	2.6	6.0	5.9	3.7	5.2	2.6	5.0
OCE	3.0	3.9	4.4	4.6	0.5	3.3	23.3	6.5	5.9	5.4	5.0	23.3	4.3
SOM	3.4	4.0	2.4	1.2	4.6	4.6	0.0	5.0	4.0	4.7	5.7	0.0	4.2
GLO	2.2	2.2	4.2	4.3	4.1	2.9	4.8	4.2	4.4	2.4	5.4	4.8	3.7
WAR	3.0	2.6	0.7	0.2	1.5	2.0	38.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	38.6	1.3
CAPE	0.1	0.0	1.1	2.2	1.5	0.0	2.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	2.3	1.0
MOR	1.7	1.1	1.6	2.1	1.3	1.1	6.1	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.2	6.1	0.9
SAL	0.1	0.4	2.4	1.6	3.2	1.6	6.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.2	0.8
SUSX	0.7	0.9	0.2	1.0	0.7	0.0	18.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	18.4	0.3
HUN	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
TOTAL	232.9	231.8	235.0	237.4	253.1	261.6	270.9	281.9	288.6	266.2	268.5	306.3	258.1
_			TABLE	E 43. 2023 I	MONTHLY	DETENTIO	N ALTERN	IATIVE ADI	P, BY SITE				
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
ESX	71.6	84.3	77.6	76.5	83.2	75.6	80.8	94.8	93.3	72.3	99.1	88.6	83.1
CAM	53.0	58.7	59.3	56.8	49.5	67.9	66.8	69.7	74.2	71.2	66.0	70.3	63.6
PASC	14.0	16.0	13.0	14.0	14.7	17.2	18.9	18.8	18.4	15.8	19.4	23.5	34.2
HUD	25.3	23.5	21.2	19.4	18.4	21.3	19.2	22.5	26.3	28.7	31.0	27.4	23.7
BERG	13.2	19.1	22.1	14.9	11.5	16.3	17.6	21.8	22.8	17.5	11.7	14.9	16.9
ATL	16.9	17.5	15.4	10.9	8.5	7.4	7.6	12.1	17.9	13.0	13.1	10.3	12.6
BURL	9.1	9.9	9.6	8.3	13.2	19.6	12.3	15.1	18.4	21.8	18.6	17.4	11.6
CUMB	8.7	8.2	12.5	13.1	12.7	9.2	8.7	9.3	8.2	6.8	3.4	0.9	8.5
MIDSX	3.7	6.6	6.2	7.3	7.9	10.2	10.0	11.2	9.8	10.9	9.0	5.2	8.2
MER	6.0	6.5	8.8	6.7	10.5	8.7	6.2	8.4	6.5	8.2	4.3	4.3	7.1
SAL	7.4	4.8	6.5	7.9	8.4	6.3	5.5	6.3	5.3	5.1	5.0	3.9	6.0
MORRIS	0.0	0.5	3.2	4.2	4.4	3.3	0.3	0.4	2.0	2.7	3.2	1.2	4.3
UNI	3.9	2.9	3.4	3.2	3.6	4.8	6.0	5.0	3.3	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.8
CAPE	3.4	3.9	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.8	2.4	4.6	4.5	3.9	3.9	0.7	3.6
SOM	3.4	4.2	3.5	2.6	3.0	4.0	4.5	3.8	4.8	4.0	2.7	2.7	3.6

1.3

1.2

5.1

5.7

1.5

0.0

1.0

2.9

1.0

3.4

1.9

0.0

277

4.7

2.9

1.0

2.0

2.8

0.0

317.2

7.1

2.7

2.3

8.0

2.7

0.0

331.3

4.8

2.8

2.6

0.0

0.4

0.0

296.5

6.3

4.7

2.3

0.0

0.3

0.0

307

7.0

5.3

1.0

0.0

1.2

0.9

289.7

3.4

2.2

1.9

1.8

1.5

0.1

301.7

GLO

SUSX

MON

WAR

OCE

HUN

TOTAL

2.3

1.5

2.5

0.0

0.0

0.0

245.9

3.0

1.0

2.5

0.5

0.0

0.0

273.6

1.9

0.9

1.0

1.4

1.8

0.0

273.4

0.9

0.0

1.0

1.7

3.2

0.0

256.5

1.5

0.3

1.9

6.3

1.8

0.0

265.3

TABLE 44. 2023 MONTHLY DETENTION ADMISSIONS, BY SITE

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
ESX	38	22	37	35	40	50	49	38	35	38	37	20	439
CAM	30	19	24	24	19	19	26	29	22	16	27	25	280
HUD	13	11	16	7	12	16	10	17	8	12	10	15	147
ATL	5	10	9	5	4	6	10	19	8	10	14	11	111
MER	5	5	7	8	9	11	11	14	4	9	9	6	98
MIDSX	12	4	8	7	8	18	6	10	4	12	2	7	98
PASC	4	10	3	14	6	8	11	4	2	7	9	7	85
SUSX	8	3	7	7	5	6	11	10	5	11	1	10	84
BURL	3	5	2	7	12	3	13	7	7	5	6	3	73
CUMB	8	6	6	1	6	3	14	5	4	5	6	3	67
BERG	4	7	4	3	7	4	3	4	5	3	6	6	56
OCE	2	3	2	1	2	4	4	9	4	1	2	5	39
GLO	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	6	2	5	3	3	35
MON	1	1	3	6	2	5	1	5	1	5	2	1	33
SOM	5	2	1	2	4	2	0	3	0	1	2	3	25
MOR	1	3	3	1	2	3	0	2	0	2	0	0	17
SAL	1	0	8	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	3	17
CAPE	1	0	2	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	10
UNI	8	3	7	7	5	6	11	10	5	11	1	10	84
WAR	0	1	2	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	8
HUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
TOTAL	151	118	153	140	152	167	188	192	117	153	139	138	1808

TABLE 45. 2023 MONTHLY DETENTION ALTERNATIVE ADMISSIONS, BY SITE

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
ESX	44	28	28	35	42	40	48	36	40	40	42	24	447
CAM	37	28	22	21	19	28	32	22	41	28	36	19	333
HUD	6	3	10	11	15	12	11	13	14	14	9	9	127
BURL	4	5	2	5	15	6	14	10	12	11	12	7	103
MER	4	7	7	8	10	9	12	7	10	10	4	13	101
BERG	13	13	7	2	7	13	8	8	8	5	4	4	92
PASC	8	8	5	8	10	11	7	7	4	8	5	8	89
ATL	3	7	5	3	0	2	10	10	11	7	10	4	72
UNI	6	7	9	4	5	4	4	3	3	4	3	1	53
CUMB	3	5	7	1	3	4	7	4	2	2	6	4	48
MIDSX	5	2	6	*	5	6	4	5	3	6	1	1	44
MON	2	1	0	0	2	6	1	3	2	1	4	1	23
SAL	2	0	8	2	2	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	21
OCE	0	1	4	1	2	1	3	5	0	0	1	1	19
GLO	1	1	1	0	3	0	1	6	0	3	1	1	18
MORRIS	0	3	2	2	1	1	1	2	0	1	1	1	15
SUSX	2	0	1	0	1	2	2	0	2	1	2	1	14
CAPE	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	0	2	0	0	13
SOM	3	0	1	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	11
WAR	0	1	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
HUN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
TOTAL	145	121	128	108	148	148	169	144	155	143	142	102	1653

TABLE 46. 2023 6-MONTH DETENTION ALOS, BY SITE (IN DAYS)

	Jan-June	July-Dec	TOTAL
ATL	174.4	111.4	132.9
MON	157.9	49.5	106.4
UNI	86.9	44.6	64.4
MIDSX	58.5	61.9	59.9
PAS	58.8	58.1	58.5
ESX	63.2	47.3	55.1
SAL	42.4	77.6	53.4
WAR	38.3	98.0	50.2
GLO	61.7	40.9	48.5
CAM	26.3	59.7	44.6
HUD	39.8	47.0	43.7
CUMB	31.9	57.2	43.5
MER	29.9	52.4	42.1
BERG	38.7	38.5	38.6
SOM	39.3	13.8	32.9
OCE	47.5	24.1	32.6
BURL	36.6	21.6	28.3
MORRIS	27.8	23.7	26.9
SUSX	14.5	6.5	12.5
CAPE	15.8	2.0	12.4
HUN	*	9.0	9.0
Site Avg	54.5	45.0	47.4

TABLE 47. 2023 6-MONTH DETENTION ALTERNATIVE ALOS, BY SITE (IN DAYS)

	Jan-June	July-Dec	TOTAL
SAL	82.3	154.1	106.2
CAPE	77.7	111.7	92.3
CUMB	70.6	118.7	91.1
MER	105.0	70.2	88.6
BERG	89.1	77.6	83.3
PASC	76.3	82.3	79.3
WAR	35.8	104.8	74.1
ESX	75.3	66.9	71.1
ATL	109.7	41.1	70.1
CAM	67.4	66.7	67.1
HUD	60.3	69.5	64.9
MIDSX	52.9	68.2	61.8
MON	67.0	43.4	53.3
SOM	40.6	60.6	52.3
MORRIS	37.6	57.5	47.6
GLO	57.8	29.8	44.9
BURL	60.7	34.6	44.4
SUSX	23.4	60.8	42.1
UNI	38.2	46.4	40.8
OCE	39.0	26.7	31.2
HUN	*	*	*
Site Avg	63.3	69.6	65.3

TABLE 48. 2023 STATEWIDE DETENTION CAPACITY & UTILIZATION

Detention Center ^a	Total 2023 (YTD) ADP ^b In Detention Center	Rated Capacity ^c	ADP as % of Capacity	Has Been Approved for a Commitment Program?	Multi-Jurisdiction Facility?
Atlantic	17.8	20	89.0%		X
Bergen	12.8	24	53.3%	X	X
Camden	28.3	61	46.2%		X
Essex	128.0	242	52.9%		X
Middlesex	50.3	100	50.3%	X	X
Morris	6.9	43	15.8%	X	X
Ocean	14.0	30	46.7%	X	d X
TOTAL	258.1	520	49.6%	4 Programs	7 Multi-Jurisdiction

^a The focus of this table is the "detention center" and not the "county," so population figures reflect all youth in the <u>facility</u> listed, regardless of sending county/county of residence. This table includes all detention centers operational as of January 1, 2023.

b Average daily population in this table includes all youth in the building, including those in post-disposition detention commitment programs and federal holds (where applicable).

^c "Capacity" refers to JJC approved rated capacity in an operational facility as of 2023.

^d Ocean houses youth on committed status from Cumberland.

TABLE 49. ATLANTIC ANNUAL TRENDS

TABLE 4	ADP Admissions						s				ALOS	<u> </u>			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	W	В	н
DET 03	34.1	89.7%	11.7%	47	39.1	84.6%	14.3%	28.9	34.2%	15.5%	29.6	24.3	19.0	31.0	33.4
04	30.5	90.5%	14.4%	44	37.3	84.1%	20.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	30.4	91.5%	11.3%	45	36.1	87.8%	16.4%	27.9	33.8%	16.3%	29.1	21.3	25.3	29.2	25.6
06	24.8	89.1%	4.8%	43	34.4	85.5%	15.7%	21.8	40.0%	11.7%	24.0	7.3	17.0	23.2	21.3
07	30.3	93.9%	10.5%	43	36.8	90.2%	12.9%	24.0	40.5%	13.1%	24.8	19.5	15.5	26.5	16.4
08	24.4	88.2%	11.0%	39	27.9	83.9%	11.3%	28.4	29.6%	17.2%	29.0	23.3	20.7	30.4	24.7
09	16.3	88.3%	14.0%	26	22.0	86.7%	17.4%	23.4	42.5%	13.0%	24.5	17.9	21.4	23.3	28.1
10	19.4	91.0%	11.6%	32	18.8	89.4%	11.5%	28.5	40.4%	18.3%	28.4	29.0	14.1	29.7	31.5
11	18.3	97.9%	6.7%	30	13.1	91.1%	11.5%	39.8	39.4%	29.1%	41.4	28.3	35.1	40.1	45.2
12	13.8	95.6%	1.7%	21	13.2	92.4%	7.0%	34.8	34.4%	21.2%	36.9	8.7	9.9	40.5	19.8
13	15.2	91.4%	6.3%	21	11.4	84.7%	12.4%	39.3	38.7%	27.0%	42.1	17.9	20.1	51.6	15.6
14	15.2	93.8%	5.1%	22	11.3	88.1%	13.3%	42.9	42.2%	27.4%	46.6	20.2	25.7	45.5	45.0
15	10.5	98.6%	3.0%	21	11.2	92.5%	11.2%	23.8	51.9%	12.6%	25.0	10.2	4.6	24.1	33.9
16	10.8	97.3%	1.9%	19	9.8	87.2%	5.1%	21.9	72.7%	9.1%	23.3	8.0	1.0	21.7	52.0
17	9.2	96.3%	0.1%	15	8.5	86.3%	2.9%	49.1	61.0%	16.2%	42.0	228.0	11.0	26.5	25.7
18	5.8	84.8%	0.4%	11	8.8	94.3%	3.8%	17.6	67.0%	5.2%	10.2	154.8	6.3	20.7	6.4
19	11.2	85.4%	1.5%	17	11.0	96.2%	3.0%	32.7	56.3%	8.7%	33.2	15.8	138.6	24.4	29.9
20	9.7	96.4%	2.2%	15	9.5	94.7%	11.4%	27.9	48.3%	12.5%	30.4	6.8	10.3	18.5	72.0
21	12.5	98.4%	2.3%	22	5.8	94.2%	11.6%	28.5	56.3%	14.1%	30.5	11.7	1.3	35.6	5.8
22	15.2	99.9%	9.5%	18	6.0	94.4%	11.1%	58.2	57.1%	27.1%	61.0	36.6	1.7	59.9	76.0
23	27.1	98.5%	0.2%	43	9.3	92.8%	9.0%	132.6	30.5%	37.8%	146.9	19.2	6.4	132.6	261.4
ATD 03	21.0	81.2%	6.4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
04	19.6	83.2%	14.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	24.7	86.8%	15.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
06	26.3	86.6%	15.4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
07	23.5	88.9%	11.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80	22.3	83.4%	10.1%	-	16.8	82.7%	9.9%	39.9	5.9%	17.6%	40.0	38.8	41.8	39.8	39.4
09	22.4	79.5%	14.7%	-	17.7	86.3%	16.0%	38.7	9.2%	18.4%	40.2	32.0	48.1	37.4	36.0
10	20.3	88.8%	8.3%	-	12.3	85.7%	8.2%	45.3	5.5%	24.8%	46.7	28.9	39.7	45.0	47.0
11	16.6	87.5%	7.7%	-	9.5	82.5%	9.6%	52.5	9.6%	38.3%	52.4	54.1	38.1	57.1	50.3
12	18.8	89.7%	5.5%	-	9.9	89.9%	5.0%	62.3	3.7%	42.2%	62.1	67.2	70.4	60.7	66.6
13	14.8	81.4%	17.3%	-	9.3	82.9%	14.4%	48.8	9.5%	31.4%	50.6	34.8	42.5	56.5	33.8
14		83.2%	12.1%	-	8.4	88.1%	18.8%	49.1	12.0%	24.1%	42.8	39.4	59.5	40.2	37.0
15	15.0	91.7%	3.0%	-	10.0	89.2%	7.5%	44.6	14.7%	31.4%	45.2	36.6	32.8	40.7	57.1
16	21.1	84.5%	0.2%	-	7.8	87.1%	3.2%	70.9	0.0%	53.6%	73.3	6.0	76.2	66.5	79.5
17	12.2	93.8%	4.4%	-	6.7	88.9%	3.7%	53.4	7.1%	38.1%	53.5	51.2	37.9	56.0	48.4
18	8.9	93.9%	3.6%	-	7.5	94.4%	5.6%	38.7	8.2%	21.2%	39.9	14.3	50.0	35.3	57.3
19	11.6	94.4%	5.0%	-	9.3	93.9%	5.3%	38.6	16.4%	17.3%	38.9	33.3	33.5	36.8	42.9

20	10.7	97.8%	1.9%	-	6.3	96.0%	4.0%	54.7	10.1%	32.9%	55.6	36.3	36.7	52.9	65.9
21	8.5	87.8%	18.5%	-	3.9	87.2%	14.9%	69.3	5.6%	33.3%	72.4	47.5	74.3	68.7	67.7
22	8.9	98.6%	11.4%	-	4.3	96.1%	9.8%	101.7	0.0%	25.0%	105.5	71.4	*	91.8	203.0
23	12.6	90.4%	17.3%	-	6.0	93.1%	15.3%	70.1	8.4%	43.4%	72.3	56.6	69.1	74.0	37.3

TABLE 50. CAMDEN ANNUAL TRENDS

I ABLE 50). CAMD	EN ANNUA			-										
			DP		F	Admissions	5			1	ALOS	<u> </u>	ı	1	
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	w	В	Н
DET 03	94.6	84.5%	16.3%	131	139.9	79.5%	22.4%	21.3	34.5%	6.5%	23.0	15.3	15.3	22.4	23.6
04	78.9	85.5%	13.1%	113	134.5	80.4%	18.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	61.5	84.7%	8.9%	82	107.4	83.7%	13.7%	18.5	37.8%	5.7%	19.5	12.3	16.6	19.3	18.2
06	47.6	85.7%	9.0%	68	87.4	85.5%	13.0%	17.4	38.7%	5.3%	18.1	12.2	18.2	17.1	17.7
07	44.7	89.2%	6.5%	72	66.6	90.4%	12.3%	20.1	38.8%	7.2%	21.2	12.1	21.0	19.5	21.7
80	49.9	89.5%	8.0%	65	54.6	89.5%	12.4%	28.7	37.0%	13.8%	30.2	18.8	30.1	29.7	24.7
09	46.7	91.9%	9.2%	61	44.6	86.5%	15.0%	32.9	31.8%	19.9%	35.0	20.5	22.9	35.6	31.2
10	41.2	88.2%	16.1%	55	41.8	82.9%	13.9%	31.6	31.7%	17.1%	31.2	33.6	22.2	34.9	30.6
11	40.4	89.3%	9.3%	50	32.3	85.8%	11.9%	38.2	24.2%	23.7%	38.7	35.1	26.8	40.2	41.8
12	39.8	85.0%	7.5%	53	32.8	81.5%	10.9%	37.9	24.3%	23.8%	39.5	24.4	29.4	37.6	46.0
13	43.5	86.4%	9.7%	56	34.8	83.5%	10.6%	38.0	25.7%	24.7%	38.3	36.0	31.9	36.3	48.2
14	48.5	90.0%	11.2%	61	37.2	85.4%	14.8%	41.1	26.8%	25.1%	43.1	28.5	30.0	42.6	46.3
15	31.8	88.0%	14.6%	46	29.7	84.3%	16.6%	33.5	33.2%	18.7%	34.2	30.2	26.0	33.7	39.2
16	36.7	88.4%	14.9%	43	26.5	79.2%	12.3%	36.8	39.0%	22.0%	35.7	44.5	17.6	39.6	46.4
17	35.5	88.4%	16.0%	47	29.8	86.6%	17.3%	38.0	39.7%	23.1%	34.0	32.4	35.7	38.2	38.4
18	35.5	91.3%	9.2%	<u>54</u>	26.0	90.1%	11.2%	35.9	40.9%	19.8%	36.4	32.2	36.8	39.3	25.2
19	33.0	87.3%	15.0%	41	30.5	86.9%	20.5%	35.7	33.2%	19.1%	38.0	25.8	23.7	40.1	28.3
20	35.1	89.4%	13.5%	42	24.2	92.1%	13.8%	41.8	42.4%	23.7%	41.8	41.4	51.2	40.2	43.0
21	36.8	96.2%	9.2%	43	19.5	91.0%	11.5%	57.2	44.9%	29.7%	59.2	41.7	46.3	59.4	58.7
22	32.5	98.0%	6.8%	44	21.1	93.3%	12.6%	48.5	51.0%	21.4%	51.1	28.5	12.2	56.0	31.8
23	29.5	94.8%	8.7%	44	23.3	92.5%	12.5%	44.5	52.7%	19.8%	46.7	30.9	27.5	48.7	29.9
ATD 09	53.3	83.3%	19.5%	-	41.4	82.9%	20.1%	37.5	11.3%	20.6%	38.6	32.6	36.6	37.1	39.3
10	39.8	80.7%	14.0%	-	37.7	80.3%	16.8%	32.4	14.1%	14.1%	32.1	33.7	28.2	34.8	29.7
11	41.1	81.3%	19.0%	-	34.7	79.3%	19.7%	36.0	9.8%	20.2%	37.2	31.2	33.1	32.6	49.3
12	36.9	78.9%	17.9%	-	31.1	81.2%	18.0%	35.1	9.1%	17.7%	34.9	36.2	38.9	33.7	36.2
13	38.3	78.2%	10.9%	-	29.8	79.3%	12.3%	40.3	7.3%	20.5%	41.1	34.7	40.6	42.1	32.6
14	42.9	83.1%	19.3%	-	30.0	83.1%	18.9%	42.7	12.4%	22.7%	42.3	44.4	43.9	44.5	35.0
15	35.9	75.8%	11.7%	-	31.5	81.7%	18.3%	39.1	11.6%	18.0%	33.3	23.5	47.9	24.9	30.5
16	33.6	78.1%	17.1%	-	34.7	78.4%	15.8%	25.1	16.3%	7.6%	24.2	31.6	23.4	24.7	26.2
17	45.1	74.7%	15.8%	-	37.2	83.4%	16.1%	35.3	11.4%	19.2%	35.9	32.2	37.4	32.4	44.2
18	35.5	89.5%	16.8%	-	28.0	90.5%	15.8%	38.2	8.3%	19.7%	38.4	37.4	44.8	38.8	32.3
19	37.8	86.7%	12.9%	-	33.6	87.1%	20.8%	27.3	9.5%	16.5%	28.3	23.0	27.7	26.4	29.3
20	41.9	86.5%	12.6%	-	24.3	86.3%	15.4%	55.6	7.7%	35.1%	57.0	49.8	52.6	55.1	59.6
21	40.9	80.4%	12.8%	-	19.0	87.7%	13.6%	66.8	7.1%	42.9%	64.7	82.1	105.7	56.2	69.3

22	44.3	88.7%	11.3%	-	25.2	90.4%	11.9%	70.1	1.4%	43.4%	71.5	61.0	74.6	66.5	75.7
23	63.6	88.5%	10.2%		27.8	87.1%	15.6%	67.1	6.0%	45.6%	70.4	47.0	74.2	63.0	78.8

TABLE 51. ESSEX ANNUAL TRENDS

TABLE 01	LOOLA	ANNUAL 1 Al	OP		-	Admissions	S				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	W	В	н
DET 03	243.6	99.6%	8.2%	308	205.0	98.5%	13.6%	38.5	43.4%	21.2%	40.3	26.4	12.9	40.8	26.8
04	171.0	99.5%	6.5%	224	167.8	97.8%	12.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	138.5	99.6%	5.6%	191	155.9	98.1%	12.6%	30.0	51.9%	17.9%	32.2	12.6	12.9	30.8	26.3
06	115.1	99.1%	6.4%	156	178.7	97.7%	10.1%	20.6	55.2%	11.8%	21.4	13.3	13.1	20.9	19.9
07	128.6	98.9%	4.1%	151	166.2	97.4%	8.6%	22.9	54.4%	14.3%	24.1	11.1	14.1	23.8	17.5
08	114.7	98.7%	6.6%	132	123.3	97.7%	9.9%	27.6	49.3%	16.7%	28.5	18.9	11.5	28.1	26.3
09	113.2	99.7%	5.7%	142	107.8	98.6%	9.5%	33.0	49.9%	20.0%	34.6	17.1	7.9	32.7	40.2
10	100.0	99.5%	7.3%	117	99.3	98.6%	11.0%	30.9	50.8%	18.0%	31.3	27.7	12.3	30.7	38.8
11	79.0	99.2%	4.5%	102	76.6	98.9%	8.4%	35.5	53.1%	16.9%	37.1	18.1	26.9	36.0	30.9
12	70.6	99.8%	3.2%	91	72.8	98.5%	10.1%	28.6	58.5%	16.6%	30.9	7.0	4.4	30.0	18.3
13	73.6	99.9%	5.4%	105	73.5	98.9%	12.6%	28.1	60.1%	13.9%	30.0	15.2	4.9	28.7	25.0
14	83.0	99.5%	5.0%	105	62.8	99.2%	12.9%	39.7	52.0%	20.4%	43.0	17.3	13.4	41.6	24.9
15	81.7	99.4%	3.7%	104	58.6	99.0%	11.0%	39.8	50.2%	20.7%	42.7	16.2	2.2	41.8	19.8
16	71.4	100.0%	3.5%	83	42.8	98.8%	14.6%	52.2	51.0%	19.7%	52.6	49.6	1.5	55.5	22.4
17	41.0	99.9%	2.4%	65	41.5	98.2%	11.0%	36.5	50.1%	12.7%	40.3	5.5	2.7	40.0	13.2
18	43.3	99.3%	4.9%	59	41.1	98.4%	11.0%	30.4	47.8%	10.9%	33.1	6.6	4.3	33.3	14.4
19	38.6	99.8%	5.1%	60	36.9	99.1%	11.7%	23.8	49.3%	8.0%	26.0	7.9	30.8	24.3	19.1
20	41.0	99.5%	3.7%	55	32.3	98.4%	21.4%	27.8	38.0%	13.4%	29.1	18.4	8.9	28.8	24.7
21	52.5	99.9%	9.2%	75	28.2	99.1%	10.7%	34.9	44.6%	16.6%	35.4	31.2	5.3	35.2	35.6
22	73.9	99.8%	2.7%	87	37.2	98.2%	7.8%	48.6	36.6%	17.7%	48.4	51.5	6.7	43.8	102.2
23	61.0	98.5%	2.7%	90	36.6	95.0%	5.5%	55.1	32.9%	16.1%	57.7	13.7	5.0	56.6	70.1
ATD 06	97.6	-	-	-	64.9	98.1%	-	39.7	3.5%	20.0%	40.2	33.0	20.0	40.1	39.5
07	125.3	-	-	-	82.1	98.2%	7.2%	37.7	7.9%	18.9%	37.8	35.5	23.2	37.4	42.4
08	105.7	95.6%	10.8%	-	82.3	98.2%	9.4%	40.9	2.7%	20.7%	41.0	41.0	31.6	39.6	50.3
09	125.3	93.0%	10.2%	-	87.8	98.5%	8.6%	42.9	2.4%	24.0%	42.6	45.7	37.3	42.8	44.1
10	115.2	93.8%	6.8%	-	84.8	97.4%	10.0%	40.2	3.2%	20.3%	40.4	38.5	37.0	40.3	39.6
11	96.1	99.0%	9.3%	-	59.9	98.5%	9.9%	41.9	2.0%	22.3%	42.7	35.1	56.3	41.6	43.2
12	89.8	95.8%	10.1%	-	58.1	98.3%	9.9%	42.9	2.8%	20.5%	43.8	33.3	56.0	42.2	46.8
13	89.8	97.4%	10.0%	-	53.2	99.1%	13.8%	45.2	5.7%	24.7%	45.5	44.0	44.1	44.5	52.0
14	71.3	94.7%	13.8%	-	46.3	98.6%	12.6%	46.0	3.8%	24.5%	46.3	44.2	64.6	45.9	44.9
15	66.4	94.4%	11.2%	-	43.6	98.9%	12.6%	46.7	18.6%	81.4%	47.7	41.1	23.3	47.1	46.0
16	61.9	98.9%	9.0%	-	41.0	97.0%	15.2%	43.0	13.9%	16.3%	45.9	26.3	21.3	43.5	48.2
17	46.1	97.7%	7.4%	-	35.3	96.9%	10.8%	41.3	11.4%	20.4%	43.6	25.0	39.0	40.8	50.9
18	48.3	99.0%	4.7%	-	38.6	98.5%	11.0%	42.2	11.0%	20.0%	42.2	26.4	31.0	39.3	50.5
19	52.6	97.2%	2.3%	-	42.6	98.0%	10.0%	34.9	9.6%	16.2%	35.5	30.9	47.7	34.1	40.0
20	56.3	95.2%	8.4%	-	33.7	97.5%	10.6%	70.4	5.1%	46.7%	72.4	54.5	70.5	71.3	63.2

21	61.3	98.3%	8.1%	-	26.7	99.1%	9.1%	77.4	7.3%	41.9%	80.4	43.4	69.6	78.4	67.4
22	49.4	99.9%	3.3%	-	32.8	100.0%	4.3%	68.0	4.1%	46.2%	68.7	58.8	31.0	69.4	51.3
23		99.8%	8.3%	-	37.3	99.8%	8.3%	71.1	4.5%	57.1%	71.6	66.1	42.0	71.2	65.5

TABLE 52. MONMOUTH ANNUAL TRENDS

		IOUTH ANN AI	DP		Δ	Admissions	3				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	w	В	н
DET 03	40.0	74.5%	10.5%	50	42.3	62.7%	15.0%	30.3	27.5%	15.8%	31.7	22.3	22.1	34.7	37.4
04	39.5	69.6%	11.9%	54	47.4	64.0%	13.7%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	24.9	80.4%	15.4%	36	33.9	69.8%	16.7%	23.9	34.6%	10.7%	24.3	21.8	18.2	27.8	19.9
06	22.2	80.6%	13.8%	37	33.8	72.7%	17.7%	19.6	33.8%	7.1%	20.3	16.2	13.3	21.2	29.8
07	21.8	84.3%	12.7%	31	28.3	76.8%	14.7%	23.5	41.1%	11.3%	24.3	18.9	15.8	27.6	19.8
08	27.9	90.9%	4.5%	44	23.8	80.1%	14.0%	30.6	35.6%	16.4%	33.7	12.8	17.1	34.5	45.1
09	25.7	90.4%	6.9%	40	22.6	79.3%	13.8%	37.5	30.1%	20.1%	40.3	17.4	17.2	43.5	37.5
10	18.6	83.8%	7.9%	28	15.1	71.8%	14.4%	37.2	31.4%	22.9%	40.2	20.5	17.8	42.3	66.4
11	12.2	84.1%	9.0%	22	11.3	73.3%	12.6%	29.2	27.9%	17.6%	30.1	22.6	19.9	31.8	41.3
12	8.5	81.4%	9.6%	16	8.0	76.0%	20.8%	37.0	28.6%	21.4%	42.5	15.7	20.5	41.3	75.4
13	11.2	85.3%	2.0%	21	8.3	71.0%	14.0%	40.2	36.1%	26.8%	45.7	5.3	20.1	48.9	33.9
14	6.8	83.6%	1.2%	16	8.4	79.2%	5.9%	26.5	46.0%	13.0%	27.8	6.2	22.6	22.7	51.3
15	8.5	85.8%	3.3%	14	6.0	73.6%	6.9%	23.8	47.9%	13.7%	23.9	21.4	22.2	27.7	19.3
16	9.2	93.0%	0.5%	13	8.0	90.6%	6.3%	35.8	48.3%	10.3%	38.2	3.0	37.0	43.5	12.0
17	5.7	93.1%	3.8%	11	7.3	87.4%	8.0%	24.4	46.4%	14.3%	25.5	12.2	11.4	18.3	55.3
18	9.4	83.7%	5.3%	16	6.4	85.7%	14.3%	33.0	42.5%	18.8%	35.4	18.0	19.5	40.9	7.8
19	6.2	83.5%	3.3%	10	5.7	92.6%	11.8%	12.5	65.0%	6.7%	13.5	5.5	2.0	14.4	11.3
20	8.3	87.5%	0.3%	12	3.9	91.5%	8.5%	20.3	57.8%	11.1%	22.0	2.8	4.0	19.9	30.1
21	8.5	87.9%	0.0%	12	3.0	97.2%	2.8%	81.9	45.5%	15.2%	84.4	2.0	*	90.8	17.5
22	9.7	91.6%	6.6%	4	4.5	92.7%	10.9%	99.4	42.3%	34.6%	107.1	27.6	303.0	54.7	158.2
23	7.4	81.8%	3.3%	3	2.8	96.9%	5.5%	106.4	30.0%	47.5%	114.6	33.3	113.6	120.2	57.1
ATD 03	11.4	57.0%	7.9%	-	5.9	59.2%	9.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
04	11.6	63.8%	15.5%	-	6.0	68.1%	12.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	7.7	68.8%	3.9%	-	6.0	73.6%	5.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
06	13.6	75.0%	14.0%	-	9.1	72.5%	13.8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
07	25.0	73.1%	11.0%	-	15.8	84.1%	11.1%	50.7	1.5%	24.6%	50.5	51.5	44.8	53.5	56.5
08	15.5	72.4%	8.1%	-	11.9	72.7%	11.2%	38.9	4.0%	22.5%	39.7	30.9	43.8	36.7	35.8
09	19.8	73.1%	5.8%	-	12.7	70.4%	7.2%	39.8	1.4%	17.4%	41.0	26.0	29.8	45.0	37.7
10	11.1	57.2%	7.9%	-	7.4	55.1%	10.1%	49.6	6.7%	22.5%	52.5	20.8	50.4	42.4	108.2
11	9.9	65.4%	12.7%		7.8	66.0%	11.7%	41.1	4.5%	22.5%	40.0	50.9	44.6	38.6	53.7
12	7.6	65.1%	24.2%		5.3	65.1%	30.2%	42.2	3.0%	24.2%	44.5	37.0	43.1	38.9	66.3
13	8.3	69.7%	5.1%	_	6.2	71.6%	10.8%	49.0	9.2%	34.2%	51.2	32.0	51.8	47.8	51.8
14	12.3	80.6%	6.4%	_	5.5	89.4%	10.6%	59.6	1.9%	39.6%	60.6	50.0	70.8	57.6	57.8
15	10.5	73.2%	7.0%		5.6	79.4%	8.8%	59.3	6.3%	34.4%	62.0	28.0	74.8	58.2	42.2
16	9.0	84.4%	7.3%	_	6.3	96.0%	16.0%	52.4	3.4%	17.2%	47.5	119.0	36.7	39.3	81.3

17	8.2	92.1%	12.9%	-	5.4	89.2%	15.4%	45.4	10.5%	26.3%	47.4	33.6	30.5	51.1	26.8
18	5.9	82.1%	6.6%	-	2.8	73.8%	4.7%	55.5	0.0%	37.2%	54.6	75.8	60.9	51.0	61.6
19	5.4	81.3%	15.9%	-	4.2	92.0%	14.0%	40.9	10.6%	27.6%	45.6	83.5	26.0	56.4	28.5
20	10.5	72.8%	15.9%	-	2.3	74.2%	9.7%	89.0	16.7%	83.3%	153.4	99.0	99.0	153.4	*
21	5.4	88.0%	2.0%	-	1.2	89.0%	0.0%	131.3	0.0%	50.0%	121.0	337.0	260.5	100.8	*
22	5.7	87.3%	20.2%	-	1.8	86.0%	24.0%	91.4	7.7.%	57.7%	101.6	48.4	89.3	93.4	60.0
23	1.9	70.1%	18.7%	-	1.9	82.6%	13.0%	53.3	0.0%	33.3%	50.5	67.0	47.3	57.3	49.0

TABLE 53. HUDSON ANNUAL TRENDS

		IA IA			Į.	Admissions	5				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	M	F	w	В	Н
DET 03	86.7	95.1%	7.7%	116	101.8	93.9%	11.5%	28.9	43.9%	17.7%	30.6	15.6	15.8	34.9	22.5
04	79.2	94.6%	9.2%	112	105.8	94.1%	10.2%	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-
05	66.2	95.7%	5.8%	94	86.3	95.0%	8.3%	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-
06	74.3	96.9%	4.6%	102	83.4	96.9%	7.1%	28.0	57.4%	15.9%	28.4	22.2	27.3	32.6	22.4
07	63.1	98.4%	3.7%	97	83.4	96.4%	9.7%	23.3	66.8%	14.2%	24.6	10.5	8.9	29.3	16.2
08	60.8	97.8%	5.6%	86	78.9	95.6%	10.7%	24.4	61.5%	11.2%	25.6	14.1	10.8	34.2	12.2
09	62.3	98.9%	7.2%	84	51.3	95.1%	14.9%	32.6	50.1%	18.2%	35.6	15.6	9.1	40.0	23.5
10	39.3	96.2%	6.1%	55	39.8	94.8%	11.9%	29.6	55.4%	14.3%	30.5	23.0	8.3	38.4	19.8
11	38.4	95.9%	5.4%	62	43.6	95.8%	12.2%	28.5	58.4%	12.9%	31.3	10.1	36.0	32.4	19.5
12	43.1	96.7%	7.2%	56	40.6	95.5%	10.1%	38.2	41.7%	16.1%	40.0	22.0	20.9	40.5	37.1
13	30.4	98.0%	8.6%	43	37.0	98.4%	13.0%	29.8	52.5%	13.7%	31.8	15.5	31.7	36.2	22.8
14	30.2	97.4%	7.4%	44	28.4	97.1%	11.4%	34.6	44.0%	16.8%	36.3	21.3	25.2	42.8	22.6
15	28.0	94.8%	6.9%	37	22.9	96.4%	7.3%	41.5	35.8%	25.5%	42.0	36.8	41.8	40.9	40.7
16	30.3	93.1%	8.4%	44	23.3	91.4%	10.8%	35.8	35.4%	22.2%	37.4	17.1	34.7	41.8	28.2
17	30.2	96.3%	6.9%	35	23.2	92.4%	11.2%	32.8	43.3%	20.5%	33.5	26.2	17.5	38.8	28.5
18	24.8	97.3%	2.8%	31	21.5	96.1%	7.4%	29.2	45.1%	14.5%	30.5	12.9	16.3	31.2	27.9
19	30.7	97.8%	3.9%	48	24.1	94.8%	9.3%	15.5	60.4%	7.5%	16.1	9.7	10.3	19.9	10.6
20	17.8	99.4%	5.2%	26	15.4	95.1%	10.8%	19.7	64.3%	9.7%	20.4	13.3	7.3	21.1	19.4
21	17.8	91.2%	7.1%	28	13.9	94.0%	6.6%	22.5	64.9%	10.4%	23.5	6.6	28.1	28.4	11.7
22	16.9	99.7%	4.6%	20	12.4	94.6%	8.7%	29.7	56.7%	17.9%	29.4	32.6	61.0	28.5	26.7
23	22.8	99.6%	0.3%	28	12.3	94.6%	6.1%	43.7	58.9%	22.7%	46.3	5.8	6.9	56.6	23.8
ATD 08	72.9	-	15.4%	-	47.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
09	58.6	93.0%	14.0%	-	37.0	94.2%	15.7%	44.0	4.4%	23.1%	43.7	45.2	43.4	46.2	41.2
10	65.9	91.8%	13.1%	-	39.1	91.9%	14.6%	48.5	3.1%	29.1%	49.8	40.8	46.7	46.5	50.7
11	57.7	96.4%	16.6%	-	41.5	95.8%	17.8%	39.4	3.3%	17.4%	40.8	33.1	39.4	40.7	38.6
12	61.5	84.1%	9.7%	-	41.9	93.8%	15.3%	49.0	2.0%	28.0%	49.3	46.9	43.5	51.3	48.1
13	47.5	93.9%	12.1%	-	36.0	95.4%	12.4%	45.4	2.1%	28.0%	45.7	42.5	34.1	48.2	44.2
14	30.5	97.5%	12.9%	-	24.8	96.6%	13.1%	41.1	2.4%	23.2%	41.5	40.9	29.2	41.3	41.1
15	40.8	93.4%	13.3%	-	25.2	94.7%	15.2%	43.0	3.3%	21.8%	43.1	42.3	60.9	36.3	46.1
16	40.4	87.0%	10.5%		23.3	91.4%	10.8%	34.8	41.4%	22.2%	91.9	8.1	9.2	51.0	39.8
17	37.1	90.2%	15.0%	-	27.5	90.3%	14.8%	45.4	2.4%	24.4%	46.3	39.8	43.9	44.8	46.2

18	36.3	90.3%	14.1%	-	23.2	87.4%	12.6%	37.1	4.5%	16.7%	37.1	37.1	36.5	36.6	36.8
19	46.4	86.7%	7.2%	-	31.4	91.5%	14.3%	39.6	7.7%	19.9%	41.5	28.7	37.3	37.4	42.3
20	34.5	96.3%	5.1%	-	19.2	94.3%	12.6%	56.8	4.7%	39.1%	57.0	55.2	63.1	56.5	57.3
21	19.9	96.9%	4.8%	-	16.1	90.7%	13.2%	52.8	5.4%	40.0%	55.0	37.9	31.6	61.2	45.5
22	20.1	95.4%	4.6%	-	10.5	92.1%	16.7%	55.6	2.7%	45.1%	57.4	45.0	42.6	58.5	57.0
23	23.7	97.6%	2.5%	-	10.6	92.9%	11.8%	64.9	35.8%	61.4%	65.6	70.3	87.8	59.4	80.7

TABLE 54. MERCER ANNUAL TRENDS

TABLE 0	l III EI (O	ANNUA A	DP	<u> </u>	Į į	dmission	S				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 05	60.0	96.0%	7.5%	80	71.9	94.6%	12.1%	27.4	36.2%	13.0%	28.9	15.9	18.3	28.5	21.2
06	61.2	94.2%	10.4%	80	65.3	93.5%	14.8%	30.9	36.9%	15.1%	32.9	19.4	17.5	30.9	44.2
07	55.8	98.0%	9.1%	85	63.8	93.5%	12.5%	24.1	39.2%	11.1%	25.0	18.4	11.6	26.1	16.8
08	42.5	97.3%	6.7%	57	48.2	93.6%	12.3%	26.5	41.8%	10.2%	27.6	17.7	12.9	28.5	19.1
09	29.8	95.5%	3.7%	42	34.3	90.3%	11.5%	27.0	43.3%	9.7%	29.2	10.2	7.7	28.4	33.8
10	25.0	97.4%	9.1%	36	25.3	92.4%	18.4%	28.7	39.2%	13.7%	31.9	13.8	6.4	31.8	20.4
11	25.7	94.2%	8.4%	35	22.8	90.8%	10.6%	32.4	35.4%	14.0%	33.1	27.2	23.7	35.9	15.9
12	23.7	98.5%	4.0%	34	18.5	93.7%	14.0%	34.2	39.5%	15.0%	37.5	12.2	12.1	38.1	27.3
13	29.6	96.6%	4.7%	42	16.3	90.3%	14.8%	47.3	34.2%	22.1%	52.8	12.4	19.2	53.4	42.0
14	27.0	100.0%	8.0%	39	14.8	98.3%	20.2%	55.0	37.1%	26.9%	63.5	22.8	1.7	62.4	24.3
15	16.0	98.5%	8.4%	23	11.5	96.4%	13.8%	40.6	46.9%	19.6%	42.6	26.8	18.2	42.2	35.7
16	14.6	100.0%	2.3%	20	13.0	100.0%	5.8%	23.8	44.2%	9.6%	24.0	20.7	*	22.4	9.0
17	25.2	95.9%	3.3%	34	11.3	93.4%	11.0%	48.3	326%	29.1%	51.0	31.4	38.6	52.1.	48.7
18	18.9	96.5%	5.2%	30	9.9	95.8%	12.6%	63.7	33.9%	26.6%	68.6	25.5	46.0	68.9	47.9
19	19.7	97.6%	7.6%	28	12.3	95.9%	12.2%	43.9	39.7%	22.8%	46.1	30.0	29.0	47.1	32.4
20	14.0	99.9%	3.4%	28	8.8	97.2%	13.2%	75.7	52.7%	23.2%	82.5	12.9	3.0	88.8	28.7
21	8.1	100.0%	10.1%	18	6.3	100.0%	15.8%	38.9	32.4%	20.3%	41.9	24.4	*	36.8	48.6
22	12.2	99.6%	0.9%	17	7.8	96.8%	11.7%	53.7	43.3%	19.6%	57.5	20.9	1.0	57.2	39.6
23	15.8	83.1%	4.5%	20	8.2	96.9%	6.1%	42.1	44.8%	19.5%	45.8	16.4	12.5	46.4	28.9
ATD 08	-	-	-	-	12.8	91.6%	9.1%	27.5	8.7%	8.7%	26.8	33.7	24.8	27.1	31.7
09	-	-	-	-	11.3	90.4%	11.0%	24.9	5.6%	6.4%	25.3	21.7	19.2	24.8	30.8
10	12.6	ı	-	-	10.2	88.5%	14.8%	24.3	10.6%	3.8%	23.8	28.0	16.6	24.5	29.4
11	19.8	•	•	-	14.1	90.5%	10.7%	32.7	13.5%	12.8%	32.9	31.7	23.9	31.2	48.2
12	22.3	•	•	-	15.3	90.2%	15.3%	40.3	10.9%	16.8%	42.6	25.7	33.5	42.6	35.4
13	17.7	ı	-	-	12.3	90.5%	20.4%	40.1	15.0%	21.6%	42.7	28.8	51.2	39.9	35.1
14	18.3	90.0%	21.1%	-	12.3	92.6%	23.6%	41.6	9.3%	28.6%	45.6	29.6	56.9	39.1	44.1
15	26.9	97.5%	15.0%	-	14.8	98.9%	14.0%	45.7	7.6%	24.5%	46.0	39.1	29.5	45.8	40.5
16	15.9	96.1%	3.9%	-	17.5	95.7%	14.3%	31.6	23.1%	7.7%	35.4	13.7	24.0	33.8	23.4
17	14.1	95.2%	10.5%	-	11.0	97.1%	11.8%	42.2	15.8%	30.0%	42.9	37.6	34.3	45.0	19.0
18	10.4	97.2%	22.6%	-	9.6	94.8%	17.4%	36.2	14.8%	16.5%	38.6	25.6	37.5	35.0	38.8
19	7.9	98.8%	15.2%	-	8.4	99.1%	11.9%	41.6	16.9%	18.6%	43.6	29.4	90.0	45.2	29.8
20	6.3	98.7%	17.4%	-	7.9	69.8%	8.4%	55.9	6.7%	38.2%	57.2	45.7	36.0	52.8	65.9
21	4.2	96.1%	7.8%	-	5.3	98.4%	18.7%	62.3	2.9%	40.0%	67.7	25.3	43.5	54.4	95.5
22	7.8	97.2%	10.3%	-	7.7	97.8%	9.8%	63.9	3.7%	51.9%	64.5	60.5	43.5	62.7	109.2
23	7.1	94.9%	10.6%	_	8.4	95.0%	14.8%	88.6	5.8%	56.3%	93.2	54.3	60.0	86.0	130.0

TABLE 55. UNION ANNUAL TRENDS

	1	AINUAL	DP		,	Admissions	S				ALOS				
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 05	39.2	98.1%	2.4%	55	45.0	94.6%	7.6%	28.8	33.5%	15.5%	29.8	17.2	16.6	29.9	29.0
06	26.3	96.1%	2.9%	42	40.2	96.3%	10.8%	21.5	41.5%	11.5%	23.2	6.6	29.9	20.5	25.1
07	28.3	97.8%	1.6%	44	38.8	95.9%	7.5%	19.2	44.2%	7.6%	20.3	5.4	9.3	20.1	17.8
08	32.0	97.4%	5.4%	47	36.5	94.5%	11.0%	26.2	36.4%	13.8%	27.8	13.0	11.5	27.0	26.9
09	34.5	91.9%	4.9%	54	35.1	95.5%	10.9%	29.9	42.5%	15.7%	31.8	15.6	41.3	28.5	32.6
10	30.0	96.3%	3.9%	43	29.7	96.1%	8.7%	32.5	36.5%	18.4%	34.8	3.9	23.8	33.9	28.7
11	26.2	97.8%	4.3%	56	23.1	95.7%	9.0%	33.6	32.8%	17.4%	34.4	26.0	17.0	34.2	34.8
12	42.9	98.0%	5.7%	54	16.3	93.9%	9.2%	58.3	18.0%	43.5%	29.1	48.6	25.2	61.8	56.6
13	32.1	97.3%	11.3%	54	14.7	94.9%	10.2%	62.5	21.2%	26.4%	65.7	33.6	32.1	58.5	85.7
14	26.0	97.1%	9.6%	39	14.3	96.5%	12.3%	62.4	23.3%	28.2%	60.4	76.6	65.3	64.0	60.8
15	23.8	99.0%	4.3%	30	12.2	97.3%	8.2%	57.4	22.3%	28.4%	59.7	36.8	32.6	66.5	37.0
16	19.6	97.6%	3.5%	26	13.8	92.7%	7.3%	63.4	39.0%	30.5%	66.3	23.8	9.8	67.1	77.8
17	16.0	95.0%	7.2%	20	10.0	93.3%	10.0%	53.3	31.7%	21.8%	55.4	31.5	29.6	60.4	42.4
18	13.8	86.7%	11.2%	21	7.3	89.8%	11.4%	62.7	37.5%	26.1%	64.9	37.9	41.5	43.2	172.6
19	14.7	91.8%	2.7%	26	10.0	92.5%	7.5%	45.9	39.7%	22.4%	47.3	26.9	80.6	35.2	67.1
20	16.6	95.8%	1.3%	35	5.1	96.7%	8.2%	44.9	43.3%	20.9%	47.5	12.6	20.5	46.0	48.5
21	9.9	100.0%	4.9%	14	6.2	98.6%	1.4%	28.2	58.5%	13.8%	27.5	51.5	3.0	25.8	37.0
22	11.1	96.0%	0.9%	19	6.4	84.4%	7.8%	39.6	37.8%	28.4%	42.5	7.0	50.3	35.3	49.3
23	18.3	81.4%	0.2%	26	7.0	89.3%	6.0%	64.4	45.7%	33.3%	68.3	5.2	19.4	82.6	25.6
ATD 10	25.1	96.5%	8.1%	-	12.5	96.0%	9.9%	52.1	1.3%	28.0%	50.5	67.4	37.0	53.2	52.0
11	17.0	91.7%	9.1%	-	12.8	91.4%	8.6%	47.3	12.2%	29.7%	47.3	47.0	38.8	49.2	43.3
12	10.9	87.3%	7.2%	-	7.3	90.5%	14.3%	47.8	9.0%	32.6%	50.8	26.4	58.4	45.4	54.0
13	8.0	95.2%	19.6%	-	6.8	96.3%	39.6%	41.2	0.0%	10.3%	43.9	30.9	46.6	34.0	72.6
14	8.7	88.7%	9.8%	-	7.8	89.2%	15.1%	29.8	9.5%	9.5%	31.6	19.0	35.9	31.3	18.7
15	6.1	99.4%	1.7%	-	5.3	93.8%	4.7%	51.2	15.5%	25.4%	52.3	22.6	22.4	47.3	40.3
16	8.5	96.0%	14.5%	-	11.3	84.4%	15.5%	20.3	18.5%	0.0%	23.0	16.1	12.8	24.7	12.8
17	13.8	97.4%	14.1%	-	9.4	96.5%	12.4%	44.6	13.3%	31.6%	43.9	51.3	6.0	44.4	42.4
18	16.7	94.7%	7.9%	-	10.6	94.5%	7.9%	41.3	8.8%	22.4%	40.6	49.1	57.2	40.4	37.3
19	11.5	96.5%	12.1%	_	7.2	94.2%	8.1%	41.4	5.9%	17.6%	40.6	56.0	37.0	35.8	59.8
20	6.4	98.7%	1.3%	-	4.5	85.2%	9.3%	48.6	2.8%	51.4%	55.6	37.0	49.5	58.9	47.3
21	3.9	95.3%	0.0%	_	3.3	97.4%	0.0%	55.7	0.0%	40.0%	55.6	62.2	73.5	51.6	74.3
22	3.4	100.0%	10.6%	_	2.4	89.0%	11.0%	48.9	0.0%	36.4%	59.4	29.0	29.5	50.3	70.3
23	3.8	88.2%	13.0%	_	4.4	88.7%	15.1%	40.8	2.4%	23.8%	41.6	37.0	61.3	38.4	38.9

TABLE 56. BERGEN ANNUAL TRENDS

		AIAUNUAL AI			Α	dmissions	3				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 05	20.3	79.4%	14.7%	32	20.8	78.3%	17.3%	27.4	30.1%	14.2%	27.6	26.3	25.4	25.4	31.0
06	12.2	88.2%	13.3%	21	10.6	82.7%	12.6%	38.1	34.1%	23.0%	38.5	35.8	34.7	40.3	38.4
07	8.9	80.3%	11.3%	15	9.8	78.0%	11.9%	26.5	37.2%	17.7%	26.6	25.7	23.0	30.2	25.4
80	12.6	87.4%	12.3%	22	11.5	81.2%	10.9%	25.1	37.8%	14.3%	24.2	32.9	13.5	29.6	24.8
09	10.0	78.4%	8.6%	18	12.0	77.8%	14.6%	27.0	41.0%	14.4%	28.5	18.7	28.5	28.9	17.3
10	10.7	80.6%	6.5%	19	9.3	78.4%	9.0%	34.5	32.1%	22.6%	35.7	21.0	37.0	36.9	32.4
11	9.4	75.1%	23.4%	18	9.6	80.0%	13.0%	31.1	27.2%	15.8%	27.9	53.9	40.5	30.5	20.8
12	6.4	86.7%	14.6%	13	7.8	88.2%	11.8%	26.5	31.6%	16.8%	25.9	29.9	36.3	21.5	29.9
13	8.1	76.0%	13.4%	15	8.6	76.7%	18.4%	31.0	27.6%	20.4%	32.6	24.1	30.3	32.0	33.2
14	8.1	80.8%	14.4%	17	8.6	81.6%	17.5%	27.3	45.0%	16.0%	28.2	23.5	31.6	30.7	20.3
15	8.4	81.4%	7.6%	14	9.8	82.1%	12.0%	23.9	42.3%	12.2%	24.7	17.3	22.3	26.5	22.3
16	6.5	96.7%	5.0%	9	6.0	95.8%	12.5%	23.4	22.7%	13.6%	25.6	13.3	28.0	23.1	22.2
17	6.8	86.5%	7.0%	13	6.9	72.3%	12.0%	34.8	30.0%	18.9%	37.0	17.1	20.1	26.1	49.6
18	5.2	78.4%	78.4%	13	6.5	84.6%	20.5%	22.0	47.8%	11.6%	22.7	18.7	31.6	19.3	21.4
19	3.2	81.5%	15.0%	7	6.4	84.4%	20.8%	18.1	65.1%	10.5%	19.2	13.8	17.1	16.6	21.1
20	4.2	92.4%	19.5%	7	4.0	85.4%	18.8%	25.1	41.5%	12.2%	25.2	24.7	6.5	23.9	35.9
21	2.7	96.8%	32.3%	8	3.0	88.9%	22.2%	28.8	63.2%	21.1%	24.6	44.6	9.5	48.4	17.4
22	6.0	92.8%	5.8%	9	4.1	72.0%	16.0%	32.5	38.8%	18.4%	32.3	33.7	12.9	29.1	59.1
23	8.8	84.7%	0.2%	14	4.7	91.1%	14.3%	38.6	49.0%	15.7%	38.9	36.6	74.5	47.0	20.0
ATD 09	29.3	-	-	-	16.7	52.6%	7.9%	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	28.9	-	-	-	16.7	78.7%	7.9%	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	14.8	-	-	-	9.7	72.4%	11.2%	59.9	5.9%	17.6%	60.7	52.1	58.4	45.8	73.9
12	18.0	79.9%	9.2%	-	10.1	71.1%	11.6%	61.9	2.8%	38.5%	63.1	50.1	60.1	60.7	66.3
13	19.1	77.8%	11.4%	-	9.9	70.4%	17.3%	53.1	0.8%	31.1%	57.4	32.7	44.9	59.4	50.5
14	18.1	67.3%	8.7%	-	12.7	70.4%	10.5%	38.3	0.0%	27.0%	38.6	36.3	37.2	34.6	39.7
15	12.3	79.5%	11.8%	-	9.8	63.2%	13.7%	43.5	3.4%	73.3%	44.7	28.7	37.3	49.6	42.5
16	4.3	62.0%	18.1%	-	5.8	69.6%	13.0%	19.6	17.4%	0.0%	19.1	23.0	19.3	20.0	20.7
17	13.4	53.8%	7.1%	-	9.5	51.8%	11.4%	38.4	4.3%	16.5%	37.4	45.0	31.5	34.7	47.1
18	15.2	77.1%	7.9%	-	7.4	64.0%	14.6%	44.7	1.1%	17.0%	45.8	29.7	43.2	54.1	41.9
19	15.0	75.2%	7.8%	-	7.8	68.8%	12.9%	44.5	5.3%	16.8%	46.9	29.6	43.4	53.5	44.7
20	18.7	74.7%	15.7%		8.3	71.1%	21.0%	66.8	8.2%	44.3%	71.2	47.2	66.4	62.5	70.5
21	13.8	82.2%	11.6%	-	5.6	77.6%	17.9%	65.3	1.0%	50.0%	65.3	42.3	52.9	57.1	65.0
22	13.3	84.0%	18.3%	-	7.5	76.7%	16.7%	80.1	1.1%	56.5%	75.7	97.1	72.0	90.9	81.6
23	16.9	57.0%	16.8%	-	7.7	77.2%	14.1%	83.3	1.0%	57.7%	87.5	60.3	67.2	73.2	98.0

TABLE 57. BURLINGTON ANNUAL TRENDS

		AI	OP		A	Admissions	S				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	W	В	Н
DET 05	20.4	65.6%	19.6%	34	23.7	66.2%	19.7%	27.5	36.6%	16.1%	27.8	26.2	27.1	29.1	13.3
06	12.9	69.4%	21.0%	21	19.3	73.6%	25.1%	20.8	43.8%	11.2%	22.2	16.6	23.8	19.8	22.1
07	25.1	76.4%	16.5%	40	27.1	74.2%	16.9%	25.6	30.9%	14.0%	25.3	27.0	25.9	26.0	17.7
08	18.0	79.1%	8.2%	29	23.7	73.9%	10.9%	25.0	31.0%	10.6%	25.6	20.9	18.2	27.5	27.1
09	18.9	72.0%	11.8%	32	23.3	68.8%	17.9%	23.8	27.2%	10.8%	25.4	16.3	22.1	25.9	9.1
10	16.0	81.2%	14.0%	34	18.3	77.2%	17.8%	26.3	31.7%	14.5%	26.7	23.8	22.5	29.1	17.1
11	9.4	85.7%	14.9%	14	11.4	78.8%	15.3%	23.4	38.8%	11.2%	23.1	24.5	19.5	23.1	31.2
12	10.8	84.6%	14.8%	18	12.3	77.7%	16.9%	27.5	41.5%	14.1%	28.6	22.1	18.8	31.2	23.0
13	12.8	82.2%	15.5%	23	12.8	83.0%	17.6%	27.3	43.0%	15.2%	27.6	25.8	24.4	23.0	63.1
14	11.7	85.8%	5.8%	22	13.2	86.1%	16.5%	29.9	40.6%	12.9%	33.8	9.7	29.6	31.2	16.6
15	9.0	90.9%	11.7%	22	10.3	87.9%	16.1%	25.6	39.1%	13.3%	28.4	10.4	22.3	26.5	22.3
16	2.9	61.6%	14.1%	8	8.3	81.8%	21.2%	13.1	46.4%	3.6%	9.0	25.6	6.0	16.3	4.5
17	8.8	86.4%	12.2%	16	6.5	80.8%	19.2%	25.9	40.0%	11.4%	27.4	19.8	28.4	27.2	5.0
18	8.6	69.7%	3.0%	14	6.2	73.0%	10.8%	33.5	27.3%	21.2%	34.5	26.9	18.9	42.4	25.9
19	9.3	83.1%	7.6%	17	8.0	70.8%	14.6%	31.5	30.3%	19.2%	33.3	19.7	34.1	34.7	14.2
20	5.8	79.6%	5.0%	11	4.6	70.9%	18.2%	33.8	48.1%	30.8%	39.0	14.4	28.1	34.4	36.1
21	3.6	82.6%	6.3%	8	4.5	70.4%	13.0%	41.5	35.2%	25.9%	43.2	29.7	20.9	45.2	283.0
22	6.8	77.4%	6.3%	9	5.8	77.1%	11.4%	31.3	49.3%	24.6%	33.3	17.8	34.3	31.8	26.0
23	5.0	78.0%	15.3%	11	6.1	75.3%	20.5%	28.3	36.8%	11.8%	29.7	22.8	24.7	31.3	10.5
ATD 08	-	-	-	-		-	-	30.8	0.0%	4.3%	32.2	22.4	26.2	32.3	*
09	-	-	-	-	4.3	57.7%	9.6%	33.9	0.0%	9.1%	35.6	21.2	32.9	34.2	*
10	5.6	-	-	-	3.3	75.0%	12.5%	40.6	6.9%	13.8%	42.9	26.0	42.1	42.4	37.0
11	10.9	-	-	-	8.7	75.0%	6.7%	37.4	9.3%	18.6%	37.2	39.9	37.9	37.4	39.7
12	18.1	-	-	-	11.8	76.8%	14.1%	43.6	7.5%	22.4%	45.9	27.7	38.5	44.8	30.7
13	16.6	69.3%	7.5%	-	11.0	71.2%	6.1%	42.8	4.7%	24.4%	42.9	41.6	46.3	41.6	54.4
14	15.6	80.3%	6.7%	-	11.4	86.1%	12.4%	47.0	5.3%	24.1%	50.4	20.3	78.4	41.3	30.0
15	11.4	77.9%	9.3%	-	8.8	78.1%	11.4%	38.6	9.9%	15.8%	39.6	22.5	33.3	40.4	22.5
16	9.9	76.8%	16.9%	-	8.8	80.0%	20.0%	33.7	9.5%	14.3%	33.3	36.4	30.5	31.0	68.0
17	7.0	72.7%	16.1%	-	5.4	81.5%	13.8%	45.3	9.6%	21.9%	47.9	33.3	58.0	42.6	30.8
18	7.6	70.0%	15.5%	-	6.1	74.3%	17.6%	37.4	6.3%	15.6%	37.9	34.7	42.4	38.3	28.7
19	9.3	82.6%	9.0%	-	6.3	78.9%	11.8%	43.1	6.8%	28.8%	45.4	31.8	38.3	47.6	20.5
20	12.1	72.6%	8.6%	-	5.3	62.9%	14.5%	68.2	0.5%	45.0%	128.5	29.0	53.0	166.4	*
21	8.5	60.2%	12.3%		4.4	56.7%	13.2%	66.6	0.0%	28.5%	69.5	36.0	72.0	68.2	34.0
22	17.8	81.5%	15.5%	-	9.5	79.8%	14.8%	58.2	2.6%	36.8%	59.6	101.0	53.1	60.0	60.7
23	11.6	75.8%	15.9%	-	8.6	72.8%	24.3%	44.4	0.0%	18.8%	48.1	33.9	39.7	44.2	66.3

TABLE 58. OCEAN ANNUAL TRENDS

		ANNUAL A			Α	dmissions	3				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 05	23.7	44.4%	13.1%	33	20.0	44.6%	19.6%	34.8	23.5%	22.6%	37.3	24.6	34.2	35.7	36.1
06	20.3	38.7%	10.0%	32	16.0	39.6%	15.6%	44.9	16.7%	28.8%	45.6	42.1	38.0	52.5	60.0
07	24.2	46.2%	10.7%	38	19.4	40.8%	15.0%	38.6	21.0%	22.2%	41.5	17.5	33.3	41.7	48.0
08	21.7	44.9%	13.9%	40	15.4	37.8%	19.5%	31.7	23.1%	14.3%	33.6	21.9	27.5	32.1	51.0
09	18.2	59.2%	6.2%	32	14.9	52.5%	12.8%	34.8	23.5%	22.6%	37.3	24.6	34.2	35.7	36.1
10	12.5	51.2%	11.7%	23	11.9	36.4%	16.8%	44.9	16.7%	28.8%	45.6	42.1	38.0	52.5	60.0
11	13.3	48.4%	13.7%	22	10.7	34.4%	18.8%	38.5	15.7%	19.7%	41.3	26.6	27.0	82.0	35.8
12	13.0	30.3%	6.8%	21	13.1	35.0%	14.0%	32.5	20.8%	16.1%	34.6	19.8	36.5	17.9	31.1
13	13.0	44.2%	9.5%	21	11.3	39.0%	16.9%	34.7	20.0%	19.3%	37.6	20.1	34.2	39.2	29.6
14	9.9	42.9%	13.2%	19	8.3	38.0%	24.0%	36.3	22.3%	20.2%	41.3	18.6	31.9	41.9	49.1
15	11.0	56.7%	15.3%	16	5.8	50.0%	32.9%	47.0	28.2%	32.4%	54.4	30.7	53.8	35.2	57.5
16	9.3	64.1%	14.0%	13	4.8	52.6%	21.1%	75.7	19.0%	28.6%	91.1	37.2	43.0	107.9	15.0
17	10.4	61.2%	1.4%	16	5.4	63.1%	12.3%	63.3	16.9%	36.9%	68.2	23.2	62.6	63.4	64.8
18	7.3	39.3%	9.9%	12	5.3	54.7%	18.8%	30.7	30.3%	19.7%	32.8	22.1	28.3	37.3	22.3
19	7.7	63.4%	7.2%	15	5.5	63.6%	15.2%	37.1	26.2%	14.8%	39.4	24.1	40.8	39.0	24.9
20	9.3	76.4%	4.4%	12	3.4	63.4%	26.8%	67.7	46.7%	33.3%	87.7	12.6	54.5	56.0	117.0
21	8.6	81.8%	8.2%	13	2.2	53.8%	26.9%	121.2	30.8%	53.8%	139.7	19.0	108.0	129.0	120.0
22	3.3	72.4%	12.0%	6	2.5	60.0%	16.7%	41.6	23.1%	30.8%	44.5	29.4	23.2	55.3	43.3
23	4.3	67.7%	12.1%	9	3.3	69.2%	23.1%	32.6	30.3%	27.3%	38.3	7.2	43.5	24.2	28.0
ATD 08	-	-	-	-	8.0	42.7%	25.0%	48.1	12.9%	22.8%	51.6	36.4	55.5	37.4	49.3
09	-	-	-	-	7.4	40.4%	22.5%	33.5	14.3%	13.1%	34.2	31.2	32.1	38.4	31.0
10	-	-	-	-	6.3	28.9%	22.4%	37.3	13.7%	20.5%	38.9	30.9	34.3	34.0	56.5
11	6.9	37.6%	13.4%	-	5.4	36.9%	12.3%	41.6	8.0%	29.3%	42.2	38.1	37.2	56.6	41.8
12	8.9	34.9%	7.2%	-	5.1	41.0%	14.8%	44.5	15.6%	29.7%	47.6	25.4	49.9	25.1	44.3
13	5.3	32.7%	12.7%	-	5.2	32.3%	22.6%	38.5	6.9%	19.0%	40.1	32.9	40.0	34.6	45.7
14	3.0	46.2%	24.7%	-	2.8	45.5%	18.2%	30.1	5.4%	13.5%	27.6	40.4	31.1	30.5	29.0
15	2.5	74.0%	33.4%	-	1.7	60.0%	35.0%	48.9	0.0%	26.3%	48.7	49.5	29.8	50.8	73.6
16	3.9	62.6%	9.0%	-	2.5	80.0%	20.0%	33.7	0.0%	12.5%	36.0	18.0	36.0	41.2	16.5
17	3.5	57.7%	8.9%	-	1.8	63.6%	18.2%	58.7	0.0%	40.0%	65.1	22.7	60.2	77.5	38.3
18	5.3	51.7%	5.7%	-	2.9	51.4%	5.7%	45.3	8.3%	18.4%	44.4	55.3	50.8	31.2	50.0
19	2.9	71.6%	3.9%	-	2.3	70.4%	3.7%	39.9	0.0%	25.0%	36.8	*	29.0	29.3	59.5
20	4.4	78.5%	36.1%	-	1.8	81.8%	22.7%	63.3	0.0%	50.0%	45.8	173.5	24.5	136.0	59.5
21	2.0	20.6%	10.6%	-	1.2	21.4%	14.3%	52.9	0.0%	40.0%	36.0	64.0	40.3	43.5	*
22	4.5	31.9%	6.7%	-	1.7	42.8%	14.0%	64.3	0.0%	43.4%	68.2	38.3	69.7	59.5	*
23	1.5	67.2%	18.3%	-	1.6	57.9%	26.3%	31.2	0.0%	5.9%	36.3	21.0	40.3	24.2	*

TABLE 59. SOMERSET ANNUAL TRENDS

		AI	DP		Δ	Admissions	3				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 08	9.0	81.9%	12.9%	14	10.5	69.8%	18.3%	23.8	39.4%	7.1%	24.5	21.0	16.7	32.2	14.8
09	7.6	75.8%	7.1%	15	9.5	80.7%	13.2%	20.9	47.0%	7.0%	21.7	15.4	35.1	19.8	12.0
10	6.3	77.1%	4.4%	13	6.9	72.3%	13.3%	28.3	32.2%	8.0%	30.9	10.8	19.5	41.0	15.1
11	5.6	71.2%	4.0%	12	5.4	70.8%	7.7%	26.3	35.5%	8.1%	27.1	17.4	20.8	12.4	82.4
12	4.0	65.7%	4.0%	8	3.5	78.6%	14.3%	30.0	37.2%	14.0%	30.8	24.0	16.3	32.0	54.4
13	2.8	85.4%	10.5%	6	2.8	84.8%	9.1%	75.6	42.4%	21.2%	82.3	27.5	192.6	72.8	8.0
14	3.1	84.5%	2.5%	7	3.1	75.7%	8.1%	29.8	42.5%	17.5%	31.4	10.3	19.7	35.7	29.8
15	2.4	69.8%	0.7%	6	2.9	71.4%	11.4%	18.3	37.5%	9.4%	20.6	2.5	7.8	22.6	24.4
16	2.4	86.1%	1.7%	7	2.8	100.0%	27.3%	52.6	40.0%	30.0%	74.0	2.3	206.0	35.6	*
17	1.5	90.7%	13.6%	3	2.4	89.7%	10.3%	25.1	40.7%	18.5%	26.3	17.7	14.5	21.2	34.8
18	2.2	97.1%	4.8%	6	2.7	96.9%	12.5%	26.7	25.0%	17.9%	29.2	12.0	24.0	19.8	47.0
19	1.9	97.4%	0.1%	5	1.8	90.5%	4.8%	22.8	26.1%	17.4%	23.8	2.0	9.5	23.7	25.0
20	4.0	99.9%	0.6%	5	2.2	96.2%	7.7%	27.3	37.5%	18.8%	29.1	7.5	6.0	33.9	15.1
21	3.8	81.9%	16.7%	8	1.6	63.2%	26.3%	45.5	27.8%	22.2%	48.7	34.2	32.5	63.1	27.0
22	3.1	63.7%	10.8%	5	1.5	84.2%	21.1%	107.5	47.6%	23.8%	127.7	22.0	12.6	156.8	23.0
23	4.2	95.9%	13.1%	7	2.1	96.0%	12.0%	32.9	40.0%	15.0%	26.1	71.3	132.0	25.0	17.0
ATD 10	2.6	88.5%	5.1%	-	1.9	82.6%	4.3%	36.7	5.3%	10.6%	36.7	*	23.4	44.8	35.4
11	2.1	80.0%	2.9%	-	1.7	81.0%	4.8%	39.4	13.6%	18.2%	38.7	55.0	29.0	44.7	25.0
12	1.4	95.1%	1.4%	-	1.3	100.0%	6.7%	30.8	0.0%	14.3%	32.9	6.0	26.0	31.3	*
13	2.6	92.0%	1.6%	-	1.3	81.3%	6.7%	39.9	0.0%	13.3%	41.6	16.0	26.0	46.9	36.5
14	4.7	87.0%	0.0%	-	1.3	80.0%	0.0%	43.3	7.7%	23.1%	43.3	*	39.0	35.4	55.5
15	1.6	71.0%	0.0%	-	1.0	58.3%	0.0%	49.5	7.7%	23.1%	49.5	*	53.8	67.0	30.0
16	0.3	100.0%	0.0%	-	2.0	100.0%	0.0%	24.8	0.0%	0.0%	*	24.8	*	26.3	22.5
17	1.3	67.4%	18.7%	-	1.3	73.3%	20.0%	40.0	0.0%	17.6%	43.8	22.3	27.2	47.5	35.7
18	1.6	64.1%	1.4%	-	1.3	80.0%	6.7%	43.4	8.3%	33.3%	46.6	8.0	66.0	38.0	31.7
19	2.5	85.1%	4.6%	-	1.1	76.9%	7.7%	61.7	7.7%	46.2%	63.4	41.0	70.0	68.9	60.0
20	1.8	100.0%	7.3%		1.1	100.0%	7.7%	51.5	9.0%	36.4%	51.7	49.0	*	40.5	80.7
21	3.2	83.8%	13.9%	-	0.9	70.0%	18.2%	65.3	10.0%	60.0%	72.1	4.0	64.0	64.3	75.0
22	5.1	83.8%	1.6%	-	1.5	83.3%	5.6%	56.5	18.2%	36.4%	56.5	*	102.3	29.0	102.3
23	3.6	100.0%	0.2%	-	0.9	100.0%	0.0%	52.3	0.0%	50.0%	53.9	34.0	*	45.6	65.5

TABLE 60. PASSAIC ANNUAL TRENDS

		AIC ANNUA AI	OP .		A	dmissions	3				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 08	70.2	95.6%	6.1%	97	68.8	91.9%	8.7%	29.9	36.9%	16.3%	30.8	20.0	17.7	32.7	28.7
09	48.1	94.0%	7.0%	70	42.7	92.0%	9.2%	36.0	29.5%	19.6%	36.5	31.4	30.8	35.0	38.4
10	41.2	94.9%	3.5%	59	46.5	93.7%	9.1%	28.1	35.7%	12.5%	29.6	12.3	26.3	31.8	23.4
11	46.4	95.9%	2.2%	59	38.7	93.8%	6.9%	33.9	37.0%	18.5%	35.7	10.7	17.3	34.5	36.3
12	25.5	93.5%	1.6%	40	25.5	93.5%	7.8%	40.0	36.5%	12.6%	42.0	16.6	80.6	41.0	31.9
13	25.3	97.1%	4.3%	39	24.9	94.6%	6.7%	36.6	38.5%	19.7%	37.6	20.7	27.6	41.9	30.9
14	21.5	94.0%	8.0%	37	23.3	93.6%	11.1%	27.1	41.6%	15.3%	28.2	19.1	13.4	30.2	26.0
15	22.3	92.0%	2.3%	33	20.2	94.6%	7.4%	34.8	39.1%	20.2%	35.7	21.3	24.8	38.8	32.1
16	31.0	98.9%	1.7%	37	21.3	94.1%	8.2%	31.3	38.5%	16.7%	33.1	12.3	9.8	39.3	20.5
17	23.8	94.1%	6.7%	33	20.7	91.1%	12.5%	39.4	36.3%	18.8%	42.6	18.2	21.8	40.7	42.6
18	27.8	96.5%	5.2%	44	17.4	93.3%	9.1%	36.2	27.4%	22.1%	37.5	21.9	23.3	37.6	38.9
19	23.4	98.2%	8.1%	31	16.9	97.0%	13.3%	41.4	24.4%	26.7%	43.5	27.8	45.6	44.1	38.3
20	22.5	98.4%	5.0%	28	10.0	92.5%	6.7%	32.0	37.5%	12.5%	29.1	7.5	24.2	37.6	28.8
21	24.8	96.9%	3.7%	31	7.3	97.7%	6.8%	41.1	20.5%	28.8%	42.2	25.6	2.0	28.8	58.4
22	24.2	99.8%	6.0%	32	7.1	100.0%	7.0%	31.4	34.2%	16.4%	30.8	40.0	2.0	26.5	37.5
23	19.5	100.0%	1.5%	27	7.1	100.0%	10.6%	58.5	20.2%	29.8%	63.8	14.2	*	50.9	70.6
ATD 12	-	-	-	-	28.3	94.1%	8.0%	48.5	1.6%	31.1%	48.9	43.1	41.2	48.4	49.2
13	35.1	90.6%	13.7%	-	27.4	92.4%	10.6%	40.6	7.3%	24.1%	41.4	33.8	36.0	39.9	42.5
14	36.8	93.3%	19.2%	-	25.3	94.7%	9.2%	48.2	3.7%	28.7%	48.7	36.6	30.4	46.0	53.1
15	51.5	91.5%	13.9%	-	23.6	92.2%	10.6%	50.3	5.2%	25.6%	48.7	62.5	35.0	53.5	45.2
16	53.9	97.1%	13.4%	-	33.0	93.9%	15.9%	14.5	49.2%	3.3%	14.9	11.3	8.8	14.4	15.6
17	42.9	95.8%	11.3%	-	24.2	96.0%	26.8%	50.8	9.3%	32.0%	52.7	41.3	59.1	47.1	50.2
18	30.2	99.4%	7.8%	-	16.7	96.4%	10.5%	43.1	7.0%	23.6%	44.9	29.3	38.2	45.3	41.7
19	33.8	96.9%	3.1%	-	14.4	91.9%	18.6%	53.1	7.7%	39.2%	57.1	33.7	41.5	40.9	63.8
20	32.9	98.3%	12.9%	-	6.8	97.6%	12.9%	80.0	2.3%	46.5%	84.8	55.1	107.3	65.3	94.0
21	16.0	93.7%	9.5%	-	6.8	97.5%	13.6%	58.0	2.9%	31.4%	70.1	47.5	74.3	66.0	67.7
22	16.8	97.6%	8.5%	-	10.1	97.5%	16.0%	73.4	7.2%	33.7%	80.5	38.1	2.0	50.7	84.9
23	34.2	100.0%	11.8%	-	7.4	100.0%	14.6%	79.3	5.3%	54.7%	77.8	64.5	223.5	66.3	87.0

TABLE 61. MIDDLESEX ANNUAL TRENDS

		AIN AIN	DP		Į.	Admissions	S				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	н
DET 09	42.1	81.6%	7.3%	-	37.4	75.1%	14.9%	35.6	30.9%	17.3%	38.7	19.1	25.4	34.6	46.2
10	39.9	85.2%	8.0%	-	33.3	76.5%	13.8%	35.9	30.0%	18.4%	38.9	17.5	23.9	41.8	37.1
11	23.4	87.3%	8.9%	-	24.9	82.6%	14.4%	32.3	29.0%	15.3%	34.2	20.8	23.3	42.3	27.4
12	25.2	88.7%	9.0%	40	25.4	83.6%	17.7%	32.7	39.2%	18.9%	36.1	16.3	25.8	39.3	31.7
13	11.7	95.3%	7.7%	27	12.3	85.8%	18.9%	28.7	18.4%	13.5%	32.3	12.4	11.8	31.1	26.8
14	17.2	95.4%	4.7%	27	14.0	85.7%	11.3%	32.2	26.8%	15.9%	34.2	17.4	12.1	37.0	37.6
15	16.8	93.3%	3.9%	26	15.7	88.8%	12.8%	33.7	30.9%	12.2%	37.0	12.6	20.4	22.3	50.8
16	17.6	94.7%	6.9%	24	14.5	87.9%	17.2%	39.6	26.2%	24.6%	42.4	18.3	17.1	26.8	52.3
17	21.1	85.2%	20.9%	28	12.0	81.9%	22.2%	43.3	25.8%	21.3%	46.0	33.1	31.2	33.9	55.7
18	15.6	86.6%	8.4%	20	10.6	91.3%	18.9%	42.9	42.1%	19.0%	43.8	39.3	41.9	41.6	55.9
19	14.8	89.9%	4.3%	22	8.5	84.3%	11.8%	44.2	47.1%	21.2%	47.5	18.9	32.9	20.8	71.6
20	16.0	86.0%	6.0%	21	5.2	83.9%	14.5%	62.9	40.6%	28.1%	67.6	37.4	70.9	41.9	78.4
21	12.0	96.3%	5.3%	15	5.4	81.5%	20.0%	108.5	36.7%	23.3%	133.4	18.3	14.9	60.1	188.9
22	15.8	98.8%	5.4%	22	6.3	92.1%	21.1%	67.6	32.9%	27.4%	77.7	10.8	11.4	71.4	74.5
23	14.7	91.5%	10.7%	18	8.2	84.7%	10.2%	59.9	36.3%	27.5%	62.6	42.4	9.7	84.4	63.1
ATD 11	-	-	-	-	7.4	79.8%	14.6%	47.8	12.8%	13.8%	52.0	21.6	-	-	-
12	10.8	-	-	-	5.6	83.6%	23.9%	41.7	6.5%	25.8%	46.3	33.8	39.1	49.7	35.3
13	11.6	88.0%	7.9%	-	7.5	90.0%	11.1%	44.2	7.4%	24.5%	45.6	31.9	61.2	43.4	35.5
14	25.6	90.5%	4.9%	-	10.8	80.8%	9.2%	41.9	5.8%	20.0%	43.3	27.0	38.4	48.3	32.1
15	33.8	96.7%	9.1%	-	7.8	87.2%	19.7%	53.6	4.8%	32.3%	56.8	21.8	33.8	50.0	58.5
16	28.0	93.4%	12.7%	-	6.8	88.9%	22.2%	48.7	9.5%	31.6%	52.4	25.6	34.6	49.8	57.6
17	26.9	94.8%	12.1%	-	5.4	94.1%	15.7%	48.3	10.2%	52.7%	51.3	33.0	36.6	67.2	61.9
18	27.8	96.8%	11.6%	-	5.3	96.8%	13.8%	49.9	6.2%	57.9%	52.4	33.1	36.6	67.2	61.9
19	27.0	96.8%	11.6%	-	6.7	93.5%	12.3%	48.9	10.4%	53.9%	48.2	34.9	38.7	58.6	55.8
20	6.0	96.1%	2.9%	-	1.6	89.4%	10.5%	59.9	1.7%	64.4%	61.4	18.0	50.0	59.1	69.8
21	6.7	71.2%	7.5%	-	2.2	61.5%	11.5%	114.3	5.6%	77.8%	116.2	81.0	103.3	149.7	77.8
22	6.3	75.5%	16.8%	-	2.5	90.0%	13.3%	85.5	2.6%	53.8%	84.7	93.0	80.3	113.4	78.6
23	8.2	89.3%	8.0%	-	3.7	90.9%	9.1%	61.8	2.3%	44.2%	64.1	47.3	80.0	56.8	51.4

TABLE 62. CUMBERLAND ANNUAL TRENDS

		A	OP .	_	A	Admissions	3				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	W	В	н
DET 09	27.3	94.4%	17.0%	40	20.8	89.6%	28.9%	33.6	44.4%	16.7%	36.8	25.9	14.0	37.3	31.6
10	22.3	92.3%	10.8%	38	17.8	87.8%	22.5%	36.0	46.2%	18.3%	41.2	18.7	23.2	37.0	40.7
11	18.1	93.6%	5.9%	28	15.6	90.9%	16.6%	30.8	50.0%	14.6%	34.4	12.6	25.5	33.1	27.0
12	11.1	94.6%	9.0%	17	10.5	92.1%	29.4%	30.0	45.4%	13.8%	37.8	8.1	20.7	27.2	41.9
13	9.9	95.9%	12.4%	19	10.8	87.6%	16.3%	23.6	47.2%	14.2%	24.7	18.0	4.5	28.0	19.4
14	10.3	89.8%	9.3%	20	7.7	90.2%	17.4%	48.4	28.7%	24.1%	54.0	21.4	21.7	61.5	30.4
15	8.7	81.2%	4.3%	13	5.8	85.5%	13.0%	38.5	44.6%	21.5%	41.7	16.1	57.3	35.7	30.9
16	7.4	99.7%	9.7%	11	3.8	93.3%	20.0%	72.6	21.1%	36.8%	58.8	146.7	*	86.9	41.8
17	9.0	96.1%	7.2%	13	6.5	93.6%	16.7%	30.4	27.9%	14.7%	33.6	16.6	42.0	30.0	27.7
18	4.2	98.4%	1.2%	7	3.7	93.2%	4.5%	27.1	42.1%	15.8%	27.1	*	31.0	32.6	16.7
19	5.0	97.2%	22.0%	7	4.3	88.2%	2.0%	26.7	44.9%	18.4%	26.1	40.0	10.3	36.6	19.2
20	5.4	95.2%	7.1%	7	3.3	97.5%	17.5%	38.8	46.2%	25.6%	42.0	24.1	64.0	40.8	33.6
21	5.6	99.0%	1.8%	8	3.2	84.2%	13.2%	41.8	48.7%	20.5%	46.8	20.6	25.5	48.8	37.0
22	7.9	92.9%	5.9%	6	3.4	85.4%	14.6%	62.9	27.5%	30.0%	69.1	28.0	85.2	63.9	39.5
23	11.6	91.5%	2.7%	19	5.6	91.0%	10.4%	43.5	28.8%	16.9%	47.1	11.8	49.6	26.3	79.6
ATD 12	6.9	91.9%	20.5%	-	4.8	91.4%	29.3%	44.1	5.2%	24.1%	49.5	28.4	23.3	47.2	37.0
13	8.2	92.9%	17.6%	-	4.8	89.7%	19.0%	42.8	5.9%	21.6%5	46.4	29.5	28.3	41.5	47.9
14	8.6	89.5%	7.5%	-	3.4	92.7%	12.2%	78.9	12.8%	56.4%	84.1	43.2	98.5	97.8	44.9
15	5.8	82.0%	18.3%	-	3.4	75.6%	4.9%	52.9	5.6%	30.6%	49.9	77.8	42.9	65.5	36.2
16	5.7	87.5%	18.6%	-	3.3	84.6%	38.5%	41.9	0.0%	28.6%	49.0	24.0	56.0	41.6	29.0
17	9.7	94.5%	12.1%	-	4.9	94.9%	11.9%	27.8	11.4%	13.6%	29.6	16.3	47.5	24.5	29.7
18	6.4	93.3%	4.8%	-	2.2	92.3%	7.7%	51.6	0.0%	26.1%	53.4	12.0	21.0	46.3	67.4
19	5.2	97.6%	2.6%	-	3.1	89.2%	0.0%	52.3	5.7%	42.9%	52.8	37.0	43.0	48.8	65.5
20	5.3	100.0%	14.2%	-	2.2	100.0%	15.4%	62.1	4.5%	40.9%	60.7	71.0	*	47.9	76.4
21	7.0	77.6%	12.8%	-	2.5	83.3%	23.3%	109.1	16.1%	64.5%	121.7	75.4	109.7	91.8	178.2
22	6.5	90.3%	8.9%	-	2.9	88.6%	11.4%	90.4	6.9%	51.7%	91.9	79.3	96.0	61.6	158.3
23	8.5	85.6%	15.4%	-	4.0	91.7%	12.5%	91.1	0.0%	62.5%	89.2	91.3	126.3	92.8	72.3

TABLE 63. WARREN ANNUAL TRENDS

		AIN AINIOA	DP		F	Admissions	S				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 09	2.3	49.5%	8.2%	7	2.6	45.2%	16.1%	23.6	28.1%	6.2%	25.4	13.8	18.9	35.7	6.7
10	3.0	37.9%	16.0%	7	3.4	39.0%	12.2%	26.5	21.1%	13.2%	25.2	35.0	25.1	31.3	13.0
11	2.3	42.0%	0.0%	5	2.3	39.3%	0.0%	31.9	22.6%	16.1%	31.9	*	32.2	28.6	7.7
12	3.2	72.2%	0.2%	9	2.5	60.0%	3.3%	33.2	31.0%	17.2%	34.3	3.0	29.1	48.8	13.2
13	1.2	64.5%	5.7%	3	1.3	20.0%	13.3%	40.1	29.4%	17.6%	43.7	12.5	14.1	89.0	231.0
14	1.4	49.4%	0.0%	4	1.2	42.9%	0.0%	33.2	0.0%	18.2%	33.2	*	35.3	36.7	8.0
15	1.4	88.1%	0.0%	5	1.8	90.9%	0.0%	26.6	22.7%	13.6%	26.6	*	25.0	21.0	43.4
16	2.9	97.1%	0.0%	7	1.3	80.0%	0.0%	25.5	0.0%	16.7%	25.5	*	7.0	18.5	72.0
17	0.3	83.2%	2.1%	2	1.3	66.7%	13.3%	7.7	73.3%	0.0%	8.5	2.0	2.0	11.3	7.0
18	0.5	37.6%	0.0%	2	0.8	44.4%	0.0%	21.3	25.0%	0.0%	21.3	*	22.8	7.0	58.0
19	0.3	0.8%	0.0%	2	0.4	20.0%	0.0%	28.0	66.7%	33.3%	28.0	*	33.2	2.0	*
20	0.1	100.0%	0.0%	2	0.3	100.0%	0.0%	10.3	66.7%	0.0%	10.3	*	*	14.5	*
21	0.9	21.8%	4.5%	3	0.9	45.5%	9.1%	32.6	11.1%	11.1%	34.8	15.0	43.0	12.0	*
22	1.2	89.2%	11.6%	4	1.0	83.3%	16.7%	25.6	18.2%	18.2%	26.0	22.0	12.0	33.4	2.0
23	1.3	93.5%	9.6%	4	0.7	87.5%	25.0%	50.2	10.0%	30.0%	58.3	31.3	2.0	44.5	77.5
ATD 11	2.8	18.7%	0.0%	-	0.9	16.7%	0.0%	88.3	8.3%	50.0%	88.3	*	96.8	14.0	160.0
12	3.4	23.3%	22.6%	-	1.5	22.2%	22.2%	72.7	0.0%	42.9%	77.7	60.3	78.8	14.0	68.5
13	2.1	26.6%	27.0%	-	0.8	11.1%	11.1%	74.9	0.0%	54.5%	64.5	102.7	69.4	99.5	22.0
14	0.8	18.6%	0.0%	-	0.4	50.0%	0.0%	59.0	16.7%	50.0%	59.0	*	81.3	24.0	5.0
15	2.0	83.8%	0.0%	-	1.3	80.0%	0.0%	33.5	0.0%	9.1%	33.5	*	50.0	31.9	14.0
16	3.0	66.8%	0.0%	-	1.5	66.7%	0.0%	47.8	0.0%	20.0%	47.8	*	44.7	52.5	*
17	2.1	78.2%	4.0%	-	0.6	28.6%	14.3%	30.5	9.2%	0.0%	29.6	31.3	26.5	22.6	*
18	1.7	67.6%	0.8%	-	0.7	33.3%	5.8%	31.8	13.9%	0.0%	31.3	29.6	30.5	24.4	*
19	1.2	39.3%	4.0%		0.3	33.3%	33.3%	41.4	8.4%	25.0%	40.2	29.6	36.4	16.7	*
20	0.0	100.0%	0.0%		0.1	100.0%	0.0%	9.0	0.0%	0.0%	9.0	*	*	*	9.0
21	0.7	48.5%	51.5%	_	0.2	50.0%	50.0%	136.0	0.0%	100.0%	132.0	140.0	140.0	132.0	*
22	0.7	69.1%	0.0%	-	0.3	69.2%	0.0%	40.5	33.3%	66.7%	40.5	*	20.0	64.0	*
23	1.8	64.7%	6.9%	_	0.8	77.8%	11.1%	74.1	11.1%	55.6%	77.6	46.0	118.0	61.6	*

TABLE 64. GLOUCESTER ANNUAL TRENDS

		Al	DP		ļ	Admissions	6				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	W	В	Н
DET 11	4.4	62.3%	7.2%	11	8.3	54.5%	13.1%	17.1	44.6%	9.9%	18.5	7.4	15.0	19.0	16.3
12	3.8	53.6%	8.8%	9	6.8	48.8%	9.8%	16.4	41.8%	6.3%	16.4	17.0	15.5	14.4	48.0
13	6.8	69.4%	5.2%	11	7.0	54.8%	17.9%	29.2	39.5%	13.6%	34.5	7.6	16.2	42.0	14.3
14	3.2	48.0%	3.4%	8	4.6	47.3%	9.1%	21.2	28.3%	5.0%	22.3	9.6	21.1	22.4	12.3
15	3.6	87.2%	6.0%	7	5.2	77.4%	14.5%	17.7	35.7%	10.7%	19.2	9.3	11.9	22.8	2.8
16	4.8	82.8%	0.9%	7	3.0	58.3%	16.7%	58.3	33.3%	26.7%	62.3	2.0	62.0	71.1	25.3
17	1.9	58.4%	11.3%	6	4.6	67.3%	10.9%	10.9	71.7%	3.8%	10.0	18.6	7.8	13.5	5.0
18	1.6	57.1%	2.2%	5	3.9	70.2%	4.3%	13.1	68.1%	6.4%	13.6	4.0	26.3	8.3	4.9
19	3.2	80.1%	16.2%	6	2.7	84.4%	21.9%	26.9	44.1%	14.7%	26.0	30.6	24.3	18.5	36.1
20	2.3	68.0%	13.1%	5	2.9	62.9%	31.4%	14.2	56.3%	6.3%	15.6	10.7	21.8	9.3	13.0
21	3.2	55.0%	4.3%	7	1.9	78.3%	8.7%	26.7	50.0%	8.3%	27.9	20.5	69.6	17.2	10.0
22	2.4	81.7%	0.1%	3	1.8	72.7%	4.5%	44.6	59.1%	18.2%	46.7	2.0	46.8	48.3	13.0
23	3.7	87.3%	3.7%	2	2.9	77.1%	17.1%	48.5	36.4%	30.3%	54.2	16.2	25.7	54.1	60.0
ATD 13	7.1	56.5%	23.8%	•	4.0	50.0%	27.1%	63.1	0.0%	62.3%	65.9	47.4	57.7	69.8	95.0
14	5.5	50.9%	18.0%	-	4.4	52.8%	3.8%	39.9	7.7%	19.2%	40.1	35.5	34.3	48.2	25.3
15	4.6	85.9%	14.1%	-	3.5	76.2%	9.5%	47.5	0.0%	25.8%	49.0	39.8	33.3	53.3	51.5
16	3.4	90.5%	0.5%	-	1.5	100.0%	16.7%	93.3	0.0%	60.0%	93.3	*	154.0	89.4	64.0
17	7.0	76.0%	4.3%		4.0	54.2%	12.5%	54.5	12.5%	35.0%	52.9	16.8	26.8	63.4	48.0
18	4.1	71.3%	11.4%	-	2.9	57.1%	20.0%	49.8	17.1%	25.7%	51.0	25.0	36.3	56.1	71.2
19	3.5	77.5%	22.8%	-	2.3	75.0%	21.4%	55.4	12.5%	37.5%	59.0	47.9	56.2	52.1	60.5
20	5.1	35.9%	8.1%	-	2.1	52.0%	20.0%	72.5	0.0%	47.4%	87.2	31.4	82.8	52.9	127.0
21	2.5	59.6%	2.4%		0.8	70.0%	10.0%	93.9	0.0%	57.1%	99.5	22.0	102.0	107.1	30.0
22	3.9	82.6%	12.0%	_	1.3	68.8%	12.5%	90.4	10.5%	42.1%	108.7	55.5	80.0	117.3	98.3
23	3.4	63.5%	3.8%	-	1.5	63.5%	3.8%	44.9	15.4%	23.1%	44.9	*	61.0	41.7	64.0

TABLE 65. CAPE MAY ANNUAL TRENDS

		Al	DP		ļ	Admissions	S				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 11	3.1	64.7%	18.0%	6	2.3	55.6%	25.9%	41.9	7.4%	22.2%	35.9	39.6	37.7	36.2	70.5
12	1.9	48.5%	29.7%	5	2.2	42.3%	38.5%	31.2	3.7%	14.8%	35.7	20.6	15.3	46.6	19.3
13	3.7	42.8%	35.1%	7	2.8	44.1%	26.5%	36.9	13.9%	13.9%	34.7	43.6	34.7	39.5	40.3
14	2.6	46.8%	26.2%	6	2.3	60.7%	25.0%	33.1	33.3%	11.1%	28.1	44.9	53.4	15.0	31.5
15	1.4	22.5%	18.1%	4	1.2	42.9%	14.3%	43.6	26.7%	40.0%	43.6	80.0	53.3	36.2	41.5
16	1.0	68.1%	79.8%	3	1.8	57.1%	14.3%	17.1	62.5%	25.0%	6.3	93.0	24.8	6.3	19.0
17	1.1	86.8%	1.9%	3	1.8	47.6%	14.3%	21.0	43.5%	17.4%	23.7	2.6	25.5	6.6	25.0
18	1.3	49.1%	42.0%	4	1.6	57.9%	10.5%	19.1	47.4%	5.3%	20.1	1.0	11.4	11.9	7.5
19	1.3	84.9%	40.9%	5	1.8	57.1%	9.5%	19.6	44.4%	11.1%	16.6	43.5	21.8	20.7	13.8
20	1.4	76.4%	2.8%	3	1.3	62.5%	12.5%	35.5	35.3%	17.6%	39.3	7.0	9.0	23.0	171.5
21	1.5	91.5%	4.5%	4	1.3	56.3%	31.3%	19.5	77.3%	13.6%	27.9	4.6	1.9	1.6	59.6
22	0.9	98.8%	0.9%	1	0.4	60.0%	20.0%	88.0	71.4%	28.6%	102.1	3.0	2.0	182.6	32.0
23	1.0	83.8%	0.0%	3	0.8	80.0%	0.0%	12.4	75.0%	12.5%	12.4	*	4.0	21.8	2.0
ATD 14	3.2	40.9%	28.9%	-	1.8	50.0%	27.3%	65.6	0.0%	37.5%	70.8	53.0	76.9	51.9	54.5
15	1.6	35.4%	5.8%	-	0.8	20.0%	10.0%	79.1	0.0%	50.0%	85.3	36.0	51.5	163.5	*
16	5.9	36.8%	0.0%	-	2.0	50.0%	0.0%	79.6	0.0%	71.4%	100.0	*	78.2	83.0	*
17	2.6	67.3%	24.0%	-	1.4	64.7%	11.8%	53.4	0.0%	27.8%	45.9	91.0	50.6	54.8	34.4
18	2.4	47.1%	31.5%	-	1.7	40.0%	30.0%	37.1	5.0%	15.0%	41.7	23.4	36.3	35.0	48.5
19	1.6	61.4%	4.0%	-	1.1	69.2%	0.0%	54.0	8.3%	25.0%	47.4	127.0	55.5	58.0	20.0
20	2.5	46.3%	1.8%	-	1.0	58.3%	16.7%	69.6	7.1%	35.7%	80.2	8.0	87.3	579	50.0
21	2.7	66.0%	33.4%	-	0.8	60.0%	60.0%	52.6	14.3%	42.9%	58.5	46.8	56.0	75.0	35.0
22	2.6	48.4%	34.2%	-	0.8	66.7%	11.1%	112.8	0.0%	84.6%	106.9	124.8	107.0	74.5	174.5
23	3.6	36.3%	0.8%	-	1.1	53.8%	7.7%	92.3	0.0%	66.7%	97.7	11.0	101.5	69.5	126.7

TABLE 66. SUSSEX ANNUAL TRENDS

		Al	DP		A	dmissions	3				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 12	2.2	58.0%	10.0%	7	3.2	18.4%	21.1%	12.9	56.8%	5.4%	14.1	8.0	9.1	*	29.3
13	1.5	24.9%	9.1%	4	2.5	6.7%	16.7%	27.1	41.9%	3.2%	30.5	13.0	13.2	157.3	*
14	1.1	34.6%	1.7%	4	1.6	31.6%	10.5%	29.0	44.4%	22.2%	32.1	4.5	28.1	*	31.4
15	2.0	41.5%	25.0%	7	2.3	42.3%	30.8%	27.9	20.0%	12.0%	32.3	16.6	27.2	28.9	*
16	2.5	32.4%	49.3%	5	2.0	25.0%	37.5%	48.0	10.0%	20.0%	37.9	71.7	40.9	64.7	*
17	0.8	0.7%	0.3%	3	0.8	30.0%	10.0%	30.9	50.0%	25.0%	35.0	2.0	40.3	*	2.5
18	0.9	53.0%	24.3%	3	1.3	43.8%	18.8%	17.3	27.8%	0.0%	17.1	21.0	18.1	16.3	16.9
19	0.7	37.5%	38.3%	3	1.0	33.3%	33.3%	17.8	33.3%	0.0%	14.9	28.0	20.9	2.0	12.0
20	0.3	0.0%	26.8%	1	0.4	0.0%	40.0%	20.6	28.6%	0.0%	22.3	18.3	20.6	*	*
21	0.9	100.0%	0.0%	2	0.2	100.0%	60.0%	2.0	100.0%	0.0%	2.0	*	*	2.0	*
22	0.6	51.4%	0.0%	1	0.5	33.3%	0.0%	15.0	66.7%	0.0%	15.0	*	41.0	*	2.0
23	0.3	10.3%	9.4%	1	0.7	37.5%	25.0%	12.5	50.0%	0.0%	14.5	6.5	17.2	*	4.0
ATD 12	2.9	16.8%	15.5%	-	2.8	11.8%	23.5%	29.3	12.5%	9.4%	31.3	21.0	26.9	*	53.0
13	2.6	25.9%	12.6%	-	2.6	16.1%	9.8%	24.3	6.3%	3.1%	23.1	31.0	23.7	38.0	16.7
14	3.8	7.4%	10.3%	-	2.8	9.1%	24.2%	27.0	12.5%	6.3%	31.0	15.0	26.3	49.0	4.0
15	3.8	11.1%	30.1%	-	2.7	12.5%	31.3%	32.4	12.1%	21.5%	36.0	22.6	32.8	28.0	28.0
16	3.1	24.0%	61.7%	-	1.3	20.0%	40.0%	70.0	0.0%	71.4%	79.5	57.3	66.8	78.0	*
17	1.3	46.6%	0.0%	-	1.4	29.4%	0.0%	32.1	12.5%	18.8%	32.1	*	27.2	60.0	17.0
18	5.3	31.3%	65.5%	-	4.3	22.2%	17.8%	47.1	11.1%	25.0%	47.7	44.7	42.2	43.0	91.7
19	3.1	8.6%	32.6%	-	3.7	37.8%	15.6%	28.5	5.0%	7.5%	22.5	33.0	26.9	29.7	54.0
20	2.2	15.9%	35.8%	-	0.8	0.0%	60.0%	63.5	0.0%	41.7%	52.0	75.0	56.5	141.0	*
21	1.6	45.1%	6.0%	-	0.4	26.6%	14.3%	133.0	0.0%	66.7%	181.5	36.0	181.5	36.0	*
22	2.6	51.3%	0.0%	-	1.7	50.0%	0.0%	57.9	7.6%	19.2%	57.9	*	46.0	55.0	80.4
23	2.2	24.6%	43.0%	-	1.2	21.4%	35.7%	42.1	0.0%	87.3%	58.4	28.7	49.0	*	9.5

TABLE 67. SALEM ANNUAL TRENDS

		Al	DP		Δ	dmissions	3				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 15	2.9	86.4%	15.8%	6	3.2	81.6%	21.1%	33.0	47.5%	17.5%	37.8	13.6	35.7	41.0	9.4
16	2.6	66.1%	7.5%	5	2.5	71.0%	19.4%	38.1	34.4%	25.0%	38.6	36.0	52.2	27.7	40.3
17	1.9	72.8%	26.6%	6	3.1	75.7%	16.2%	23.0	44.1%	14.7%	20.2	35.7	34.3	19.3	11.0
18	1.9	95.7%	17.1%	6	3.0	86.1%	13.9%	13.1	60.0%	8.6%	11.4	27.0	6.0	14.5	14.0
19	1.1	90.2%	15.5%	4	1.3	87.5%	18.8%	10.3	55.6%	0.0%	9.3	13.8	9.7	11.1	1.0
20	0.9	91.0%	4.7%	5	1.6	73.7%	15.8%	14.0	55.6%	0.0%	11.1	37.0	2.0	20.0	2.0
21	0.5	100.0%	0.0%	2	1.2	85.7%	7.1%	6.1	66.7%	0.0%	6.2	5.0	13.0	3.7	*
22	2.2	99.9%	0.0%	6	2.2	85.2%	3.7%	45.8	20.7%	31.0%	47.3	2.0	42.2	48.9	20.5
23	0.8	100.0%	3.9%	4	1.4	100.0%	5.9%	53.4	31.3\$	25.0%	56.2	11.0	*	66.7	13.5
ATD 15	5.8	74.4%	27.4%	-	4.9	64.4%	33.9%	36.0	8.2%	18.0%	35.0	38.1	38.2	31.8	64.8
16	3.0	81.1%	13.2%	-	2.2	73.1%	19.2%	42.9	3.7%	25.9%	44.1	37.6	41.1	45.4	26.0
17	1.3	67.4%	18.7%	-	3.6	73.3%	20.0%	35.2	0.0%	17.6%	43.8	22.3	27.2	47.5	35.7
18	3.8	80.1%	28.2%	-	2.3	78.6%	17.9%	41.8	4.5%	27.3%	30.1	66.8	42.9	25.2	65.5
19	3.1	82.4%	19.3%	-	2.1	84.0%	32.0%	49.7	8.0%	20.0%	58.8	33.4	45.4	50.3	58.0
20	3.9	91.6%	26.1%	-	1.5	88.9%	22.2%	107.3	0.0%	50.0%	95.5	65.5	59.5	116.6	123.0
21	1.8	97.8%	4.0%	-	1.2	92.9%	0.0%	119.1	6.7%	53.3%	116.0	135.0	4.0	133.7	44.0
22	4.5	78.1%	0.0%	-	2.0	79.2%	0.0%	73.4	4.5%	36.4%	73.4	*	91.6	73.1	44.7
23	6.0	95.9%	8.9%	-	1.8	95.2%	19.0%	106.2	0.0%	63.0%	116.2	62.4	55.0	133.2	76.0

TABLE 68. MORRIS ANNUAL TRENDS

		Al	DP .		P	Admissions	6				ALOS	3			
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 16	2.5	28.8%	10.3%	11	5.3	59.4%	25.0%	25.5	39.1%	10.9%	28.4	16.6	13.3	31.3	39.2
17	2.7	90.3%	8.8%	9	3.0	61.1%	13.9%	27.6	33.3%	12.8%	28.7	18.8	13.1	37.4	25.0
18	1.1	69.7%	1.8%	5	3.6	60.5%	7.0%	11.7	70.7%	7.3%	12.3	3.7	5.4	2.8	24.7
19	1.4	50.4%	21.4%	8	3.7	54.5%	15.9%	14.9	38.5%	2.6%	14.4	17.0	15.0	5.7	23.1
20	1.4	48.1%	1.2%	3	2.1	64.0%	4.0%	19.7	55.6%	7.4%	20.1	9.0	26.8	7.8	21.9
21	1.8	80.6%	11.9%	5	1.9	60.9%	13.0%	26.3	18.2%	18.2%	27.5	14.5	11.7	18.0	35.8
22	1.6	71.4%	34.0%	4	1.6	70.0%	35.0%	28.1	26.3%	15.8%	29.4	25.8	22.6	23.2	32.8
23	0.9	86.7%	54.3%	3	1.4	88.2%	29.4%	26.9	42.9%	21.4%	24.6	35.3	30.3	14.3	40.0
ATD 18	0.9	34.4%	20.4%	-	1.8	50.0%	14.3%	15.7	14.3%	0.0%	14.7	21.5	20.5	11.5	10.6
19	0.7	37.7%	13.2%	-	1.4	76.5%	23.5%	16.5	6.7%	0.0%	19.0	9.5	15.7	15.0	20.3
20	1.7	62.1%	0.0%	-	1.9	43.5%	4.3%	30.7	4.3%	8.7%	32.0	4.0	27.1	35.3	38.7
21	2.0	52.3%	1.9%	-	1.0	50.0%	8.3%	57.5	7.7%	38.5%	61.1	14.0	52.7	59.5	83.3
22	1.3	68.7%	11.5%	-	0.8	70.0%	30.0%	49.6	0.0%	30.0%	62.4	19.6	54.0	86.0	19.0
23	4.3	54.3%	31.5%	-	1.3	66.7%	33.3%	47.6	11.1%	33.3%	33.9	70.2	44.0	19.8	44.7

TABLE 69. HUNTERDON ANNUAL TRENDS

	ADP				Admissions			ALOS							
	ADP	Youth of Color	Female	High	Monthly	Youth of Color	Female	Total	1-5 Days	60+ Days	М	F	w	В	Н
DET 17	0.3	89.1%	2.2%	1	0.6	87.5%	12.5%	12.3	50.0%	0.0%	13.6	3.0	3.3	17.6	*
18	0.3	6.0%	9.0%	1	0.5	40.0%	20.0%	22.4	20.0%	20.0%	25.5	10.0	34.3	4.5	*
19	0.5	8.0%	0.0%	1	0.5	33.3%	0.0%	22.8	40.0%	20.0%	22.8	*	32.7	2.0	14.0
20	0.2	0.0%	0.0%	1	0.1	0.0%	0.0%	71.0	0.0%	50.0%	71.0	*	71.0	*	*
21	0.8	0.0%	0.0%	2	0.2	0.0%	0.0%	147.0	0.0%	100.0%	147.0	*	147.0	*	*
22	0.2	96.8%	0.0%	1	0.1	100.0%	0.0%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
23	0.1	100.0%	0.0%	1	0.2	100.0%	0.0%	9.0	50.0%	0.0%	9.0	*	*	13.0	5.0
ATD 19	0.3	93.8%	0.0%	-	0.2	50.0%	0.0%	49.0	0.0%	50.0%	49.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	91.0
20	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
21	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
22	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
23	0.1	100.0%	0.0%	*	0.1	100.0%	0.0%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Notes

General Notes.

If and when data modifications or updates occur, previously distributed reports are not adjusted and redistributed. Instead, subsequent reports are adjusted to reflect the most recently verified data. The research & reform specialist working with each site can provide clarification regarding any data changes in a given site.

ADP figures for any county with a cap or restriction on daily population during any given time period include youth held out-of-county, i.e., reflect total youth from that county in secure detention. Note that LOS figures for counties under such a cap/restriction reflect the length of stay in secure detention, including time spent in-county and out-of-county.

¹ Because each JDAI site has a different pre-JDAI year, pre-JDAI all-sites figures do not reflect numbers from one specific year. All-sites pre-JDAI figures are derived by tallying figures from each individual site's pre-JDAI year.

² "Other Violation or Non-Delinquent Event" includes situations such as municipal warrants; violation of a deferred disposition; violation of drug court; return to detention from an alternative for family issues, equipment problems, or other issues not directly related to the youth's non-compliant behavior; violation of diversion; violations of other court-ordered conditions that are not clearly a VOP or detention alternative violation; program violations where no VOP is filed; violations where the exact nature is unknown; contempt of court on a non-delinquency matter; and status offenses/family crisis matters.

³ "Other Reason" includes out-of-state warrants, parole warrants, detainers, and temporary detention (transfer from other secure facility) for the purpose of testifying at a trial or appearing in court.

⁴ Prior to the annual report of 2011, in the original cohort of sites, pre-JDAI (2003) figures that relied on case-level data for analysis were based on a 4-month sample of cases. In 2011 staff worked to build complete case-level data sets for these sites for their pre-JDAI year, in order to allow for better analysis of pre vs. post JDAI changes. In Hudson, however, in accordance with detention record-retention rules, admission/departure logbooks had been destroyed by 2011, and since in 2003 Hudson did not have an electronic means of otherwise maintaining case-level data, a full-year case-level data file could not be built. As such, Hudson's pre-JDAI figures in Tables 6-8 are extrapolated based on the original 4-month sample. For example, in the 4-month sample for 2003, 10.3% of admissions were for VOPs, and 10.3% of 1222 total annual admissions is 126, the extrapolated estimate for total VOP admissions in Hudson in 2003. Similarly, for 47 of Essex's 2460 admissions in 2003, a review of records in 2011 could not determine the type of act/lead reason for admission, and so the same method is used for these 47 cases.

⁵ Includes detention alternative violations; municipal warrants; violation of a deferred disposition; violation of drug court; return to detention from an alternative for family issues, equipment problems, or other issues not directly related to the youth's non-compliant behavior; violation of diversion; violations of other court-ordered conditions that are not clearly a VOP or detention alternative violation; program violations where no VOP was filed; violations where the exact nature is unknown; contempt of court on a non-delinquency matter; and status offenses/family crisis matters.

⁶ If the current offense is a VOP or other violation of a disposition, this reflects the most serious adjudicated offense for which the youth is currently on probation. If the current offense is an FTA, ATD violation, or other violation of the terms of pre-dispositional release, this reflects the most serious offense of all open pending charges at the time of the admission to detention.

⁷ Court remand includes youth remanded to detention at any point in the case process. Note that this includes youth previously in the community or on a detention alternative who have not been charged with a new offense or violation, but who are remanded upon adjudication to await disposition, or upon disposition to await placement. In other words, the primary reason for the remand is tied to the case process, and not to *new* behavior of the youth. However,

when this occurs, the "Nature of Offense/Lead Reason for Detention" for which the youth is detained is recorded as the charge for which the youth was newly adjudicated or disposed

- ⁸ "Other" admission process includes situations such as youth admitted directly on a warrant to detain or from a detention alternative (without a call to/processing via intake services); youth brought directly to the detention center by an alternative program on a violation (without a warrant); extradition from out-of-state; return on detainer from a hospital/mental health facility pre-disposition; via the prosecutor's office; and a few cases where the exact nature of the admission process is unknown.
- ¹⁰ Length of stay is calculated based on youth departing detention during the time period of interest, and for each youth, LOS is the number of days between and including the departure date and the admission date.
- ¹¹ Length of Stay: All-Site Average Beginning with the 2010 Annual Report, all-site figures are now derived by adding up each site's LOS figure, and dividing by the number of sites. Previously, within a cohort of sites, each youth's length of stay was summed and divided by the total number of youth. The "youth-based" ALOS and "site-based" ALOS yield similar, though not exactly the same, results. This change occurred as the result of the ongoing addition of new JDAI sites, which resulted in totals for <u>each cohort</u> of sites being replaced with a single, <u>all-sites</u> total or average, and factors related to how data are maintained for each cohort of sites.

¹² Departure Type Clarification

"Detention Alternative/Shelter" includes youth released to detention alternatives/alternative supervision/shelter a) prior to the final case disposition or b) at/post-disposition, but prior to final dispositional placement (i.e., released to alternative supervision to await placement availability). Situation b) occurs infrequently, and as such is not reported as its own category in this report.

"Other Service Agency/Placement (pre-dispo)" includes youth released to a hospital; mental health/diagnostic facility; DCP&P custody; treatment or dispositional program, pre-dispositionally; or youth released to their dispositional placement prior to the date of final disposition.

"Jail, Bail, Upon/After Waiver" includes youth who were transferred to the jail for any reason (waiver, adult charges filed in criminal, adult charges pending at time of admission, age, etc.), youth who made bail or who were ROR after adult charges were filed in criminal court, and youth who were otherwise released upon or after waiver, including upon sentencing following waiver.

"Other Authorities" include youth released to the custody of out-of-state authorities (typically youth admitted on out-of-state warrants); BICE (immigration); JJC parole or secure facility (typically following admission for a parole warrant); or the police (typically when it is determined youth was in fact an adult).

"Similar" in the "dismissed/diverted" category includes cases where no charges were formally filed in court; the case was closed or inactivated with no further action, including cases where probation was terminated; cases where a youth, having been admitted as a sanction for drug-court noncompliance, was returned home to continue with drug court; cases where no indictment was returned for a youth waived to adult court (and the charges were not reopened in juvenile court); and youth that had been admitted on a status offense or family crisis matter.

"Other" cases are those where the circumstances of release could not be clearly determined, or rare cases that do not fall into any of the above categories. NOTE: In light of the very small number of cases that fall into this category, cases categorized as "other" are not included in the Departure Type tables.

- ¹³ For counties with a 60-day commitment program, data regarding departures and LOS pertain to youth leaving/LOS in the detention center on "detention status." In other words, if a youth in the detention center pre-dispositionally is ultimately disposed to the detention commitment program, the "departure date" used in the youth's LOS calculation is the date the youth's status changed from "detention" to "disposed/commitment," and the departure type will be recorded as "dispositional placement."
- ¹⁴ Refers only to those JDAI sites that house youth in detention centers which have been approved by the Juvenile Justice Commission to operate 60-day commitment programs as a dispositional option.
- ¹⁵ These sites include Bergen, Cumberland, Hudson, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Somerset, Sussex, Union, and Warren.