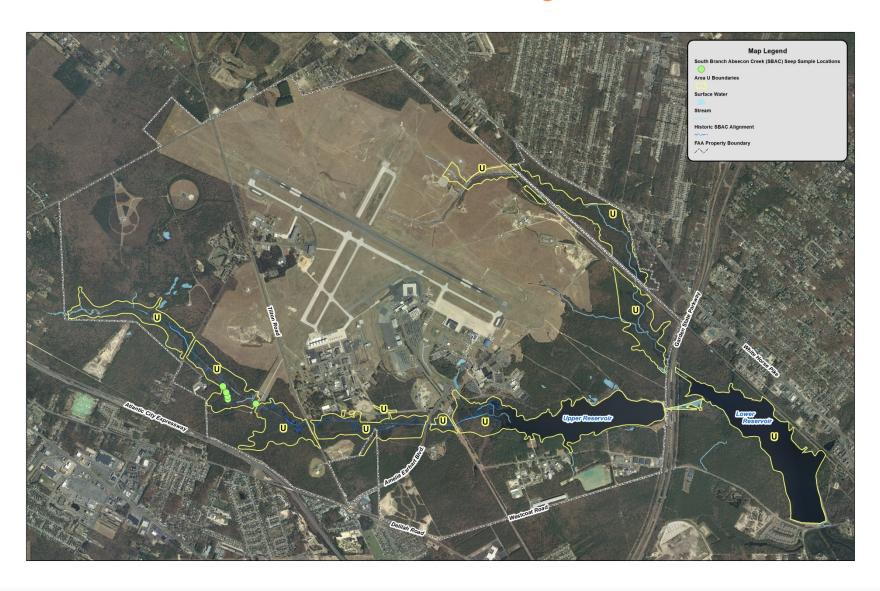


Superfund Areas of Concern



Area of Concern U – Mercury Contamination



Mercury Source Wetland Seeps





2013 Biomonitoring of Mercury in the Absecon Creek and Atlantic City Reservoir System By Thomas H Hupf



Federal Aviation Administration William J. Hughes Technical Center



Biota Monitored

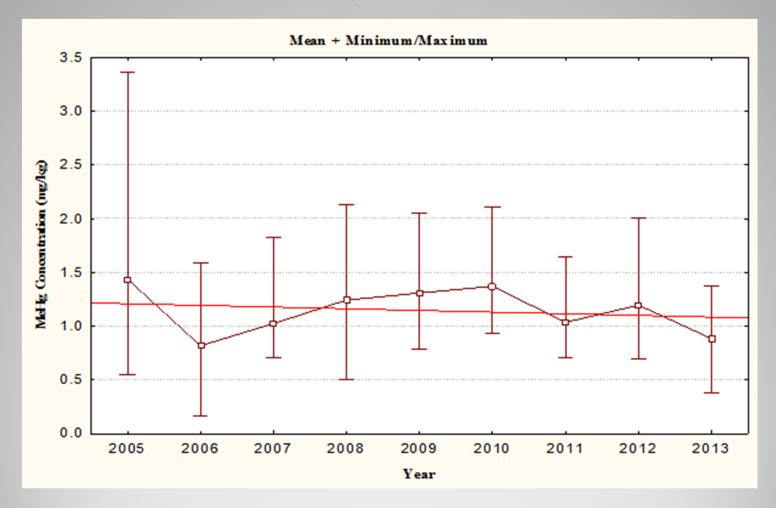
SBAC

- Isopods (2005 2013)
- Odonates (2006 2012)
- N. Long-eared Bats (2006 2012)
- Forage Fish (2002, 2009 2013)

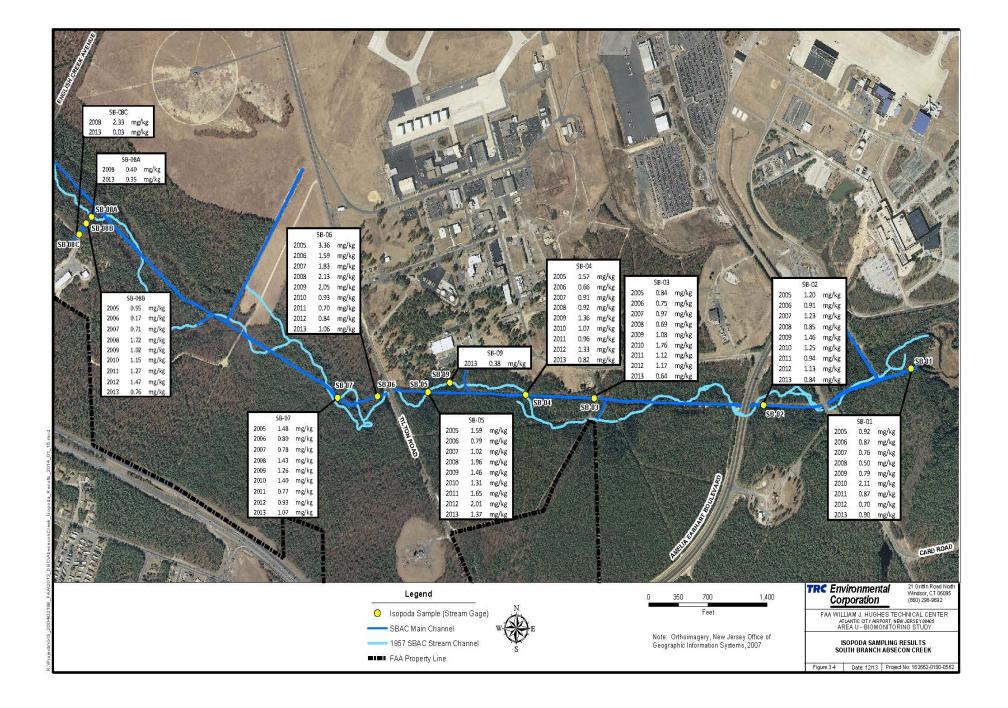
Upper/Lower Reservoirs

- Zooplankton (2004 2013)
- Forage Fish (2002, 2004 2013)
- Average-Sized Fish 4 Species (2004 2013)
- Large Fish 2 Species (2002, 2009, 2013)
- Tree Swallow Eggs (2004 2009; 2012, 2013)

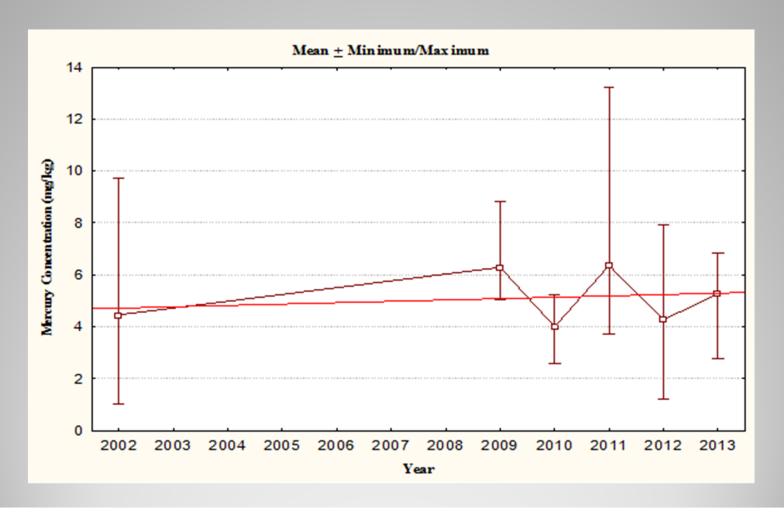
Mean Concentrations (mg/kg wet weight) of MeHg within Isopods, SBAC, 2005 - 2013



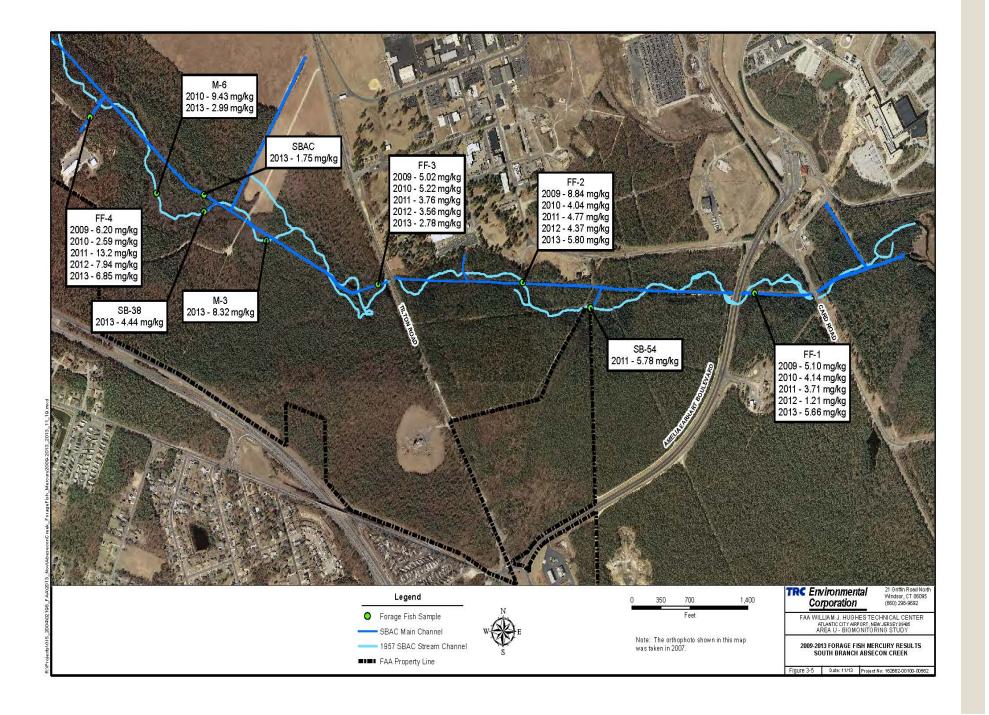
- No significant overall trend
- Significantly decreasing trend since 2009



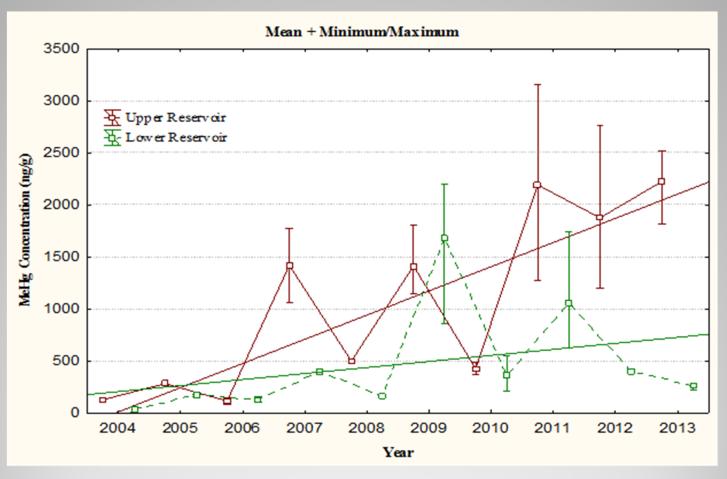
Mean Concentrations (mg/kg wet weight) of Hg within Forage Fish, SBAC, 2002 and 2009 - 2013



• No significant trends overall or since 2009

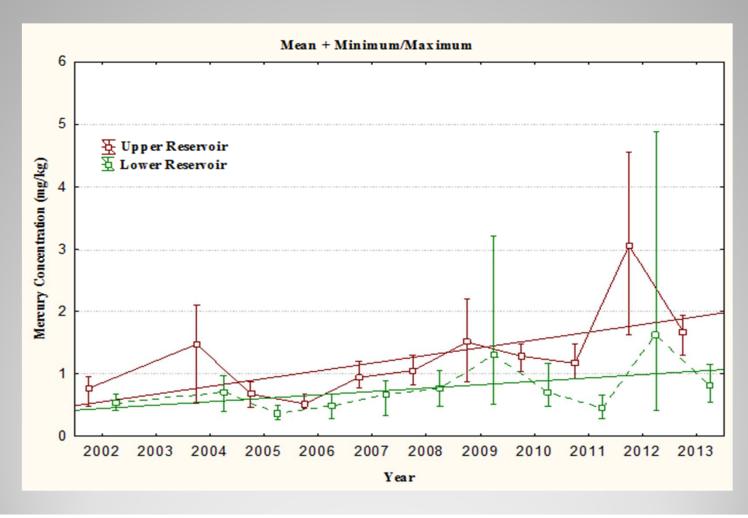


Mean Concentrations (ng/g dry weight) of MeHg within Zooplankton Upper and Lower Reservoirs, 2004 – 2013



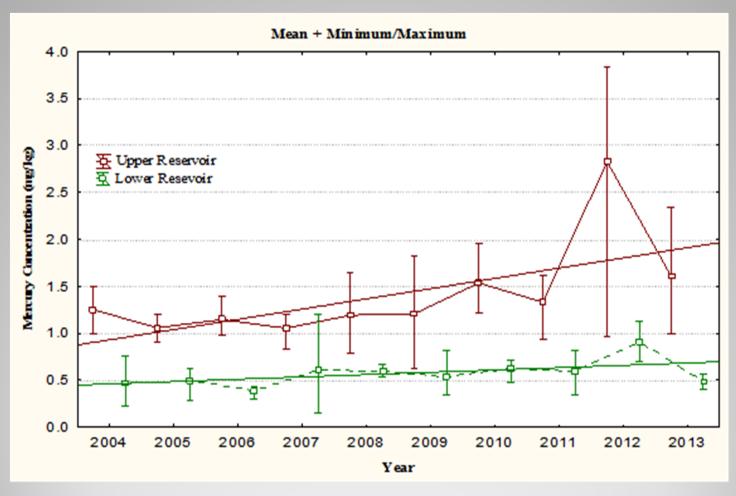
- Significantly increasing MeHg trends at Upper Reservoir and Lower Reservoir
- Significantly decreasing trend at Lower Reservoir since 2011 no trend for Upper Reservoir

Mean Concentrations (mg/kg wet weight) of Hg within Forage Fish, Upper and Lower Reservoirs, 2002-2013



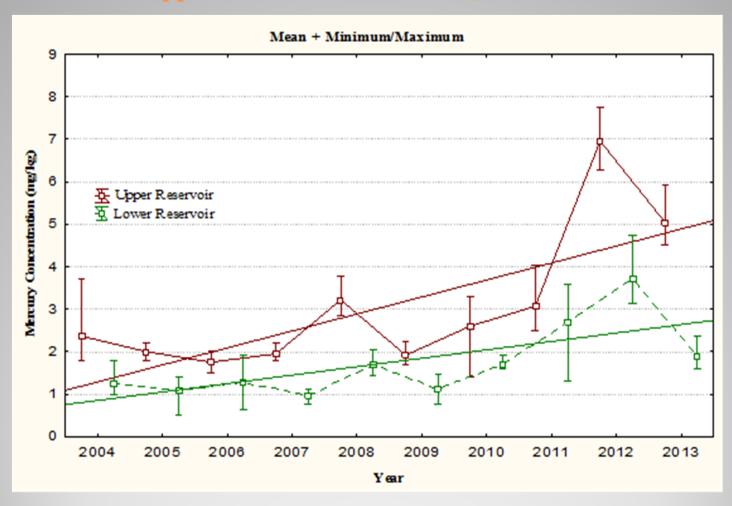
• Significantly increasing trends at Upper and Lower Reservoirs

Mean Concentrations (mg/kg wet weight) of Hg within Bluegill, Upper and Lower Reservoirs, 2004-2013



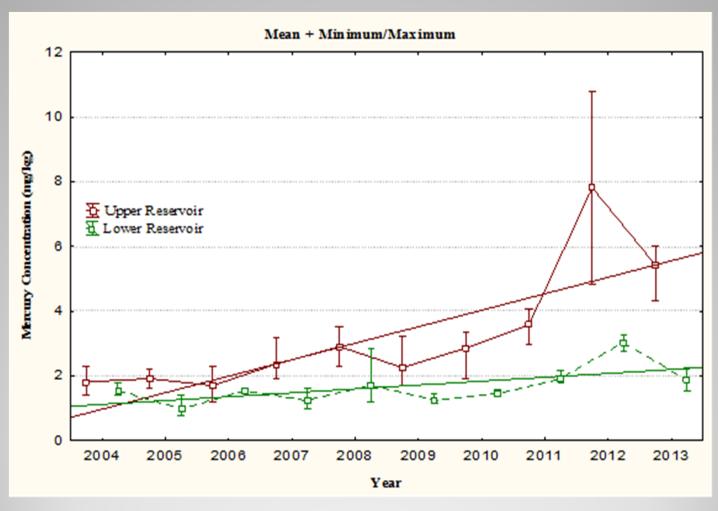
• Significantly increasing trends at Upper Reservoir and Lower Reservoir

Mean Concentrations (mg/kg wet weight) of Hg within Chain Pickerel, Upper and Lower Reservoirs, 2004-2013



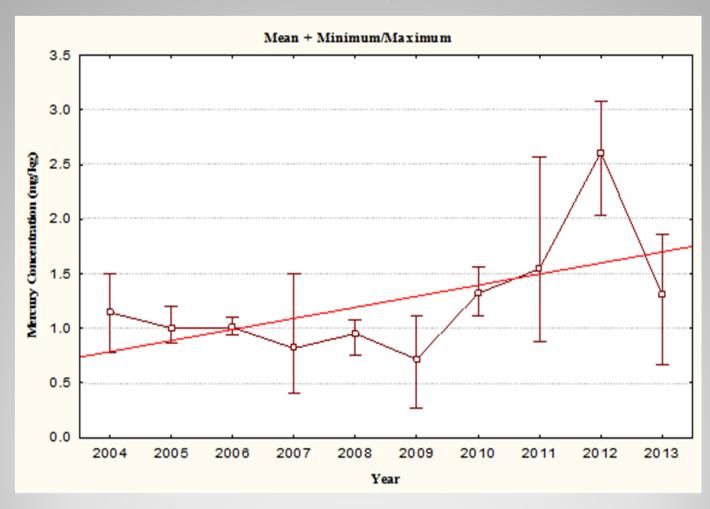
• Significantly increasing trends at Upper Reservoir and Lower Reservoir

Mean Concentrations (mg/kg wet weight) of Hg within Largemouth Bass, Upper and Lower Reservoirs, 2004-2013



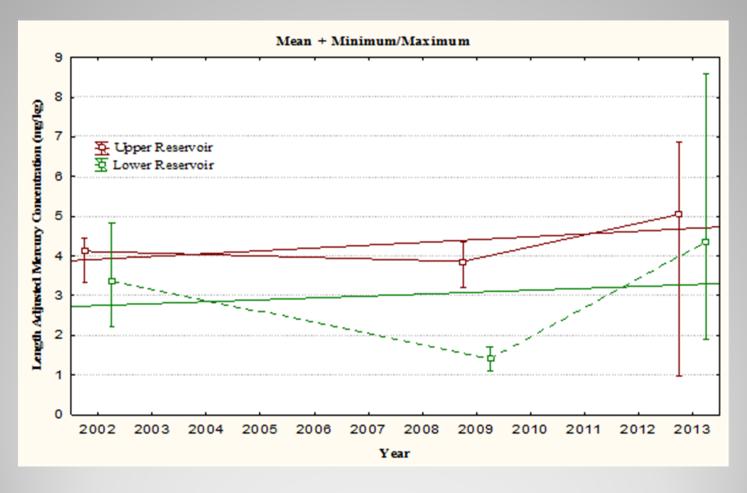
• Significantly increasing trends at Upper Reservoir and Lower Reservoir

Mean Concentration (mg/kg wet weight) of Hg within Yellow Perch, Lower Reservoir, 2004-2013



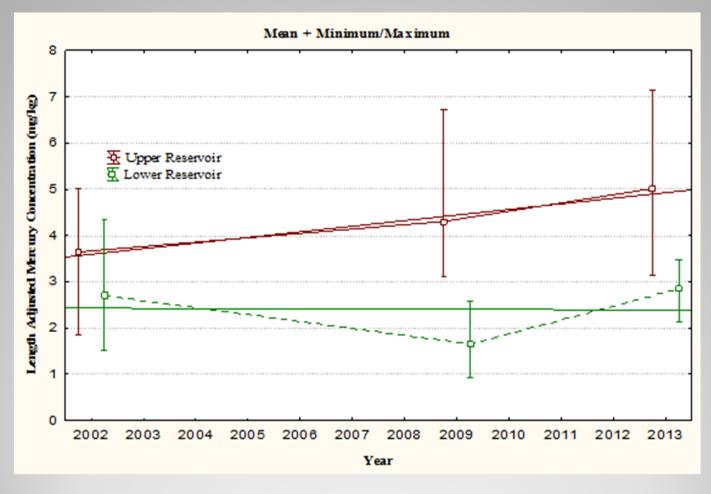
• Significantly increasing trend at Lower Reservoir

Mean Concentrations (mg/kg wet weight) of Hg within Large Chain Pickerel, Upper and Lower Reservoirs, 2002, 2009, and 2013



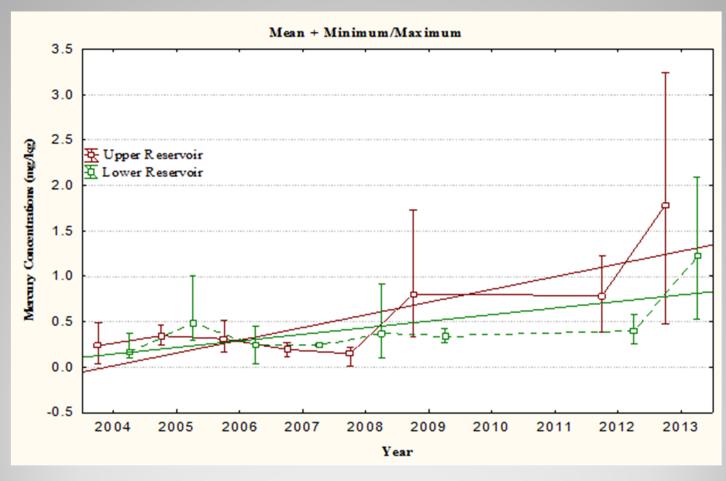
No significant trends for Upper and Lower Reservoirs

Mean Concentrations (mg/kg wet weight) of Hg within Large Largemouth Bass, Upper and Lower Reservoirs, 2002, 2009, and 2013



- Significantly increasing trend for Upper Reservoir
 - No significant trend for Lower Reservoir

Mean Concentrations (mg/kg) of Hg within Tree Swallow Eggs, Upper and Lower Reservoirs, 2004-2013



Significantly increasing trend at Upper Reservoir and Lower Reservoir

TREND SUMMARY





Upper Reservoir Trends

- Zooplankton MeHg Increasing
 Forage Fish Hg Increasing
 Bluegill Hg Increasing
 Chain Pickerel Hg Increasing
 Largemouth Bass Hg Increasing
 Large Largemouth Bass Hg Increasing
 Tree Swallow Egg Hg Increasing

Lower Reservoir Trends

- Zooplankton MeHg Increasing
 Forage Fish Hg Increasing
 Bluegill Hg Increasing
 Chain Pickerel Hg Increasing
 Largemouth Bass Hg Increasing
 Yellow Perch Hg Increasing
 Tree Swallow Egg Hg Increasing

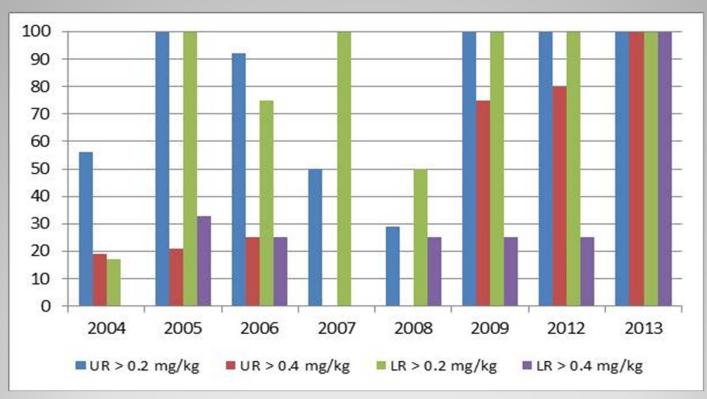
SBAC Trends

Isopods Hg Decreasing (2009 – 2013)

Fish, Aerial Insectivores & Piscivores

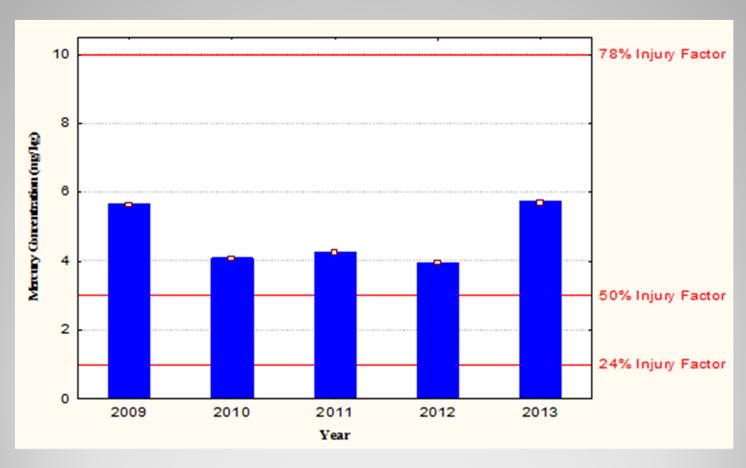
- Fish
- Tree Swallow
- Belted Kingfisher
- Osprey
- Mink

Tree Swallow – Risks at Upper and Lower Reservoir from Hg Egg Concentrations (% Exceeding Effect Levels)



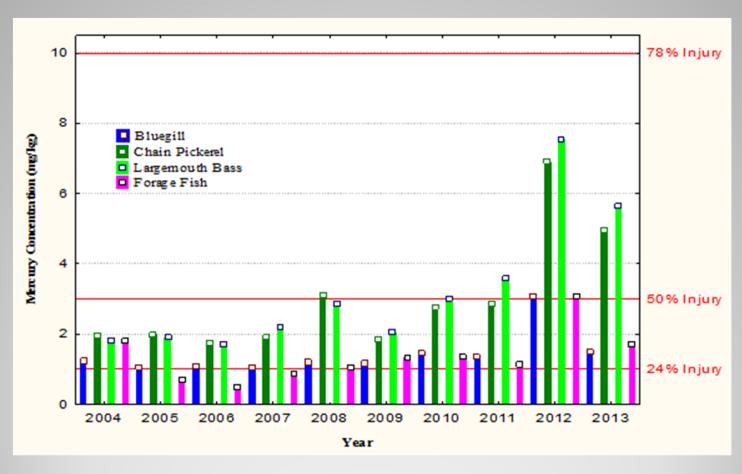
- 0.2 mg/kg Tree Swallow Effect Concentration (Jackson, 2011)
- 0.4 mg/kg Tree Swallow Effect Concentration (Heintz et al., 2009)

SBAC Fish – Comparison of Whole-Body Hg Concentrations with Injury Factors



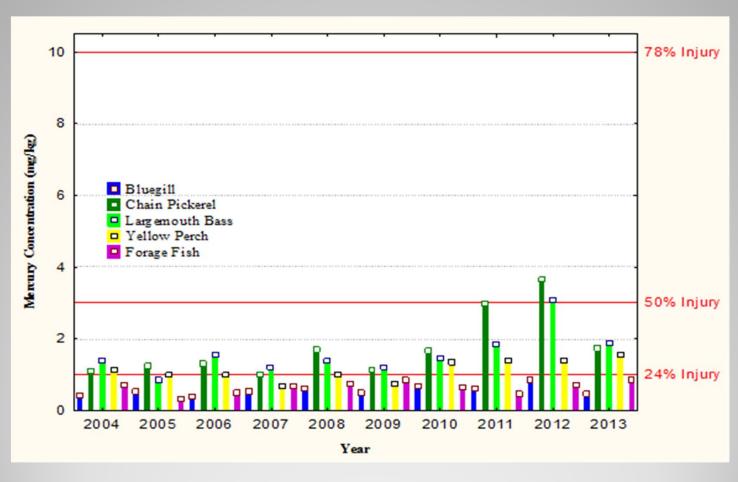
Pinelands Mean Background Eastern Mudminnow Concentration is 0.15 mg/kg

Upper Reservoir Fish – Comparison of Whole- Body Hg Concentrations with Injury Factors



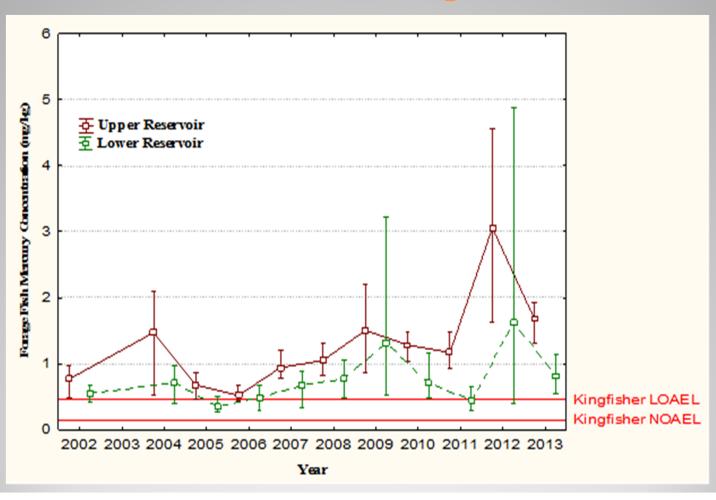
- Pinelands Background Forage Fish Concentration is 0.19 mg/kg
- Pinelands Background Predatory Fish Concentration is 0.58 mg/kg

Lower Reservoir Fish – Comparison of Whole-Body Hg Concentrations with Injury Factors



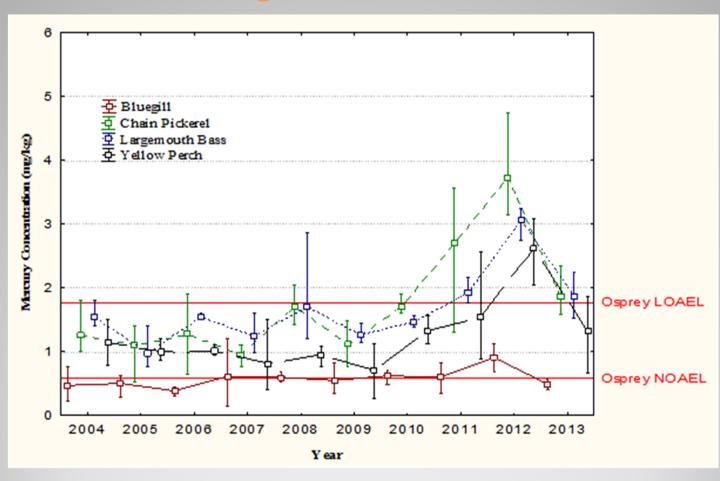
- Pinelands Background Forage Fish Concentration is 0.19 mg/kg
- Pinelands Background Predatory Fish Concentration is 0.58 mg/kg

Belted Kingfisher – Comparison of Forage Fish Hg Concentrations with Forage Fish TRVs

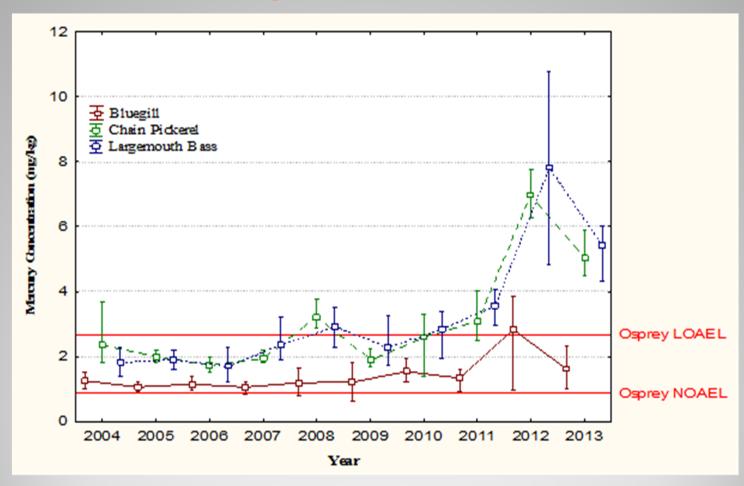


• Pinelands Background Forage Fish Concentration is 0.19 mg/kg

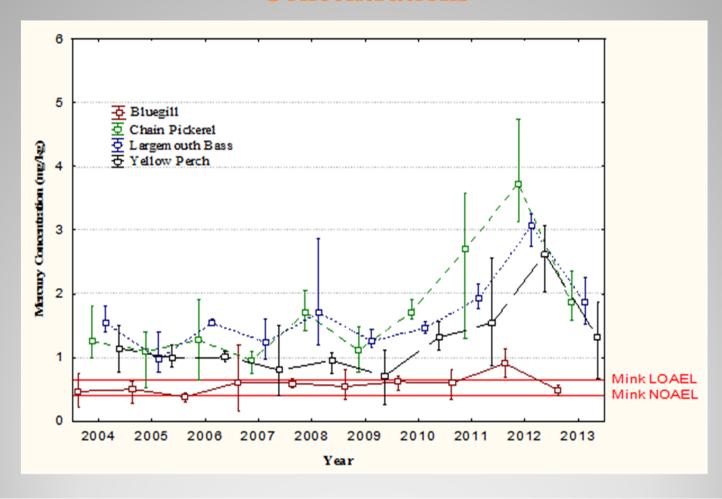
Osprey – Risks at Lower Reservoir from Average-Size Fish Hg Concentrations



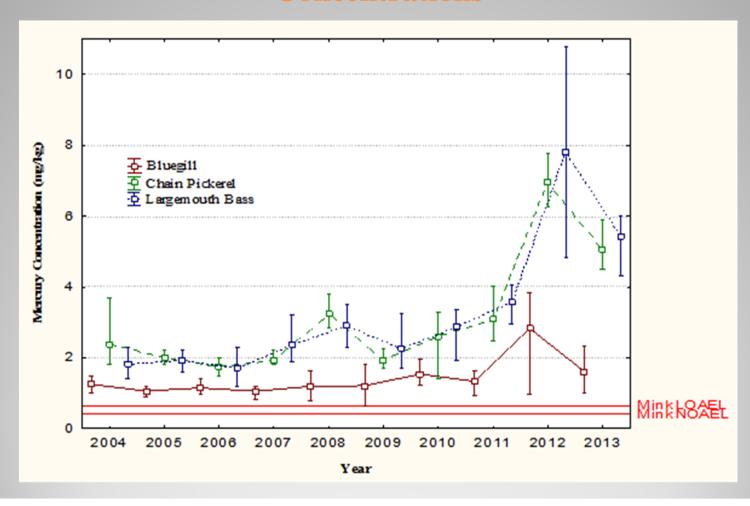
Osprey – Risks at Upper Reservoir from Average-Size Fish Hg Concentrations



Mink – Risks at Lower Reservoir from Average-Size Fish Hg Concentrations



Mink – Risks at Upper Reservoir from Average-Size Fish Hg Concentrations



BIOMONITORING BIOTA CONCLUSIONS



- SBAC Decreasing Trends in Isopods from 2009 – 2012
- Upper Reservoir Increasing Trend in Zooplankton, Forage Fish, Bluegills, Chain Pickerel, Largemouth Bass & Tree Swallow Eggs
- Lower Reservoir Increasing Trends in Zooplankton, Bluegills, Chain Pickerel, Largemouth Bass, Yellow Perch & Tree Swallow Eggs
- Large Increases in Reservoir Biota Hg in 2011/2012 Likely Attributable to Re-Inundation of Hg-Contaminated Sediments in Upper Reservoir

SUMMARY



- Classic Hg Biomagnification in Reservoirs.
- SBAC Degraded Area is Different than Reservoir Impacts to Biota.

REASONS FOR CONCERN

- Upward trends in Hg in most biota.
- Hg in zooplankton and forage fish are 3X higher in UR and 2X higher in LR in 10 yrs.
- Hg in ECP is 5X higher in UR and 2X higher in LR in 10 yrs.
- Hg in LMB IS 6X higher in UR and 2X higher in LR in 10 yrs.
- Increasing Ecological Risks and potential injury to the fish, tree swallows and Piscivores due to high Hg levels.