## COMMON LEVEL RANGE

# (CHAPTER 123, LAWS OF 1973)

The "average ratio" of assessed to true value of real property for a taxing district for the purposes of this act shall mean that ratio promulgated by the Director of the Division of Taxation pursuant to P.L. 1954, C. 86 (C.54:1-35.1 et seq.), as of October 1 of the year preceding the tax year as revised by the Tax Court of New Jersey.

The "common level range" for a taxing district is that range which is plus or minus 15% of the average ratio for that district.

Whenever the County Board of Taxation, Tax Court of New Jersey, or Superior Court in an appropriate case is satisfied by the proofs that the ratio of the assessed valuation of the subject property to its true value exceeds the upper limit or falls below the lower limit of the common level range, the taxable value of the property shall be revised by applying the average ratio to the true value of the property except as hereinafter provided.

If the average ratio is below the county percentage level (in all counties this level is 100%) and the ratio of the assessed value of the subject property to its true value exceeds the county percentage level, the County Board of Taxation, Tax Court of New Jersey, or Superior Court in an appropriate case shall reduce the taxable value of the property by applying the average ratio to the true value of the property.

If both the average ratio and the ratio of the assessed value of the subject property to its true value exceeds the county percentage level, the County Board of Taxation, Tax Court of New Jersey, or Superior Court in an appropriate case shall revise the taxable value of the property by applying the county percentage level to the true value of the property.

The act is not applicable with respect to any appeal from assessment of real property taken with respect to the tax year in which the taxing district shall have completed and put into operation a district-wide revaluation program approved by the Director of the Division of Taxation pursuant to Chapter 424, Laws of 1971 (C. 54:1-35.35 et seq.).

See County Board of Taxation rules with respect to a complete reassessment by a taxing district.

## CHAPTER 123, LAWS OF 1973

## **EXAMPLE I**

## Situation

\*Whenever the County Board of Taxation, Tax Court of New Jersey, or Superior Court are satisfied by the proofs that the ratio of the assessed valuation of the subject property to its true value exceeds the upper timit or falls below the lower limit of the common level range, it shall revise the taxable value of the property by applying the average ratio to the true value of the property except as hereinafter provided.

### Assumption

County percentage level	100.00%	
Average ratio	95.41%	
15% Common level range	109.72	Upper limit
15% Common level range	81.10	Lower limit

## Example

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Subject property, true value Assessment Ratio of assessment	\$100,000 \$120,000 120.00%	(Exceeds upper limit)
Reduce taxable value (Applying average ratio 95.41%)	\$100,000 x 95.41% = \$95,410	
Property, same subject Assessment Ratio of assessment	\$100,000 \$ 70,000 70.00%	(Below lower limit)

Increase taxable value \$100,000 x 95.41% = \$95,410 (Applying average ratio 95.41%)

#### \*Reference

County Tax Board - N.J.S.A. 54:3-22 Tax Court of New Jersey - N.J.S.A. 54:51A-6 Superior Court - N.J.S.A. 54:4-62

## CHAPTER 123, LAWS OF 1973

EXAMPLE II

# Situation

\*If the average ratio is below the county percentage level and the ratio of the assessed value of the subject property to its true value exceeds the county percentage level, the County Board of Taxation, Tax Court of New Jersey, or the Superior Court shall reduce the taxable value of the property by applying the average ratio to the true value of the property.

#### Assumption

County percentage level

Average ratio

15% Common level range

15% Common level range

100.00%

95.41% (Below county percentage level)

109.72

Upper limit Lower limit 81.10

#### Example

Subject property, true value

Assessment

Ratio of assessment

\$100,000

\$110,000

110.00% (Exceeds county percentage level)

Taxable value reduced \$100,000 x 95.41% = \$95,410

In this example, average ratio is below county level 95.41% assessment ratio exceeds county level 110.00%

Therefore, taxable value is reduced by applying average ratio 95.41%

## \*Reference

County Tax Board - N.J.S.A. 54:3-22 Tax Court of New Jersey - N.J.S.A. 54:51A-6 Superior Court - N.J.S.A. 54:4-62

## CHAPTER 123, LAWS OF 1973

## **EXAMPLE III**

# Situation

"If <u>both</u> the average ratio and the ratio of assessed value subject property to its true value <u>exceed</u> the county percentage level, the County Board of Taxation, Tax Court of New Jersey, or Superior Court shall revise the taxable value of the property by applying the county percentage level to the true value of the property.

#### Assumption

County percentage level	100.00%	
Average ratio	110.41%	(Exceeds county percentage level)
15% Common level range	126.97	Upper limit
15% Common level range	93.85	Lower limit

## Example

Subject property, true value	\$100,000	
Assessment	\$120,000	
Ratio of assessment	120.00%	(Exceeds county percentage level)

Taxable value decreased to county level \$100,000  $\times$  100.00% = \$100,000

In this example, both the average ratio and the assessment ratio exceed the county percentage level.

(a)	Average ratio	110.41%
(b)	Assessment ratio	120.00%

## \*Reference

County Tax Board - N.J.S.A. 54:3-22 Tax Court of New Jersey - N.J.S.A. 54:51A-6 Superior Court - N.J.S.A. 54:4-62