



Veterinarians & New Jersey Sales Tax

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Introduction

This bulletin explains the New Jersey Sales and Use Tax rules for veterinarians: when they must collect Sales Tax from their customers on products and services and when they must pay Sales or Use Tax on items they purchase. Veterinarians perform both taxable and nontaxable services. Medical services performed on animals are exempt from New Jersey Sales Tax. Services that are not performed as a necessary part of medical services are taxable.

Effective January 1, 2018, the New Jersey Sales and Use Tax rate decreases from 6.875% to 6.625%. The tax rate was reduced from 7% to 6.875% in 2017. Additional information about the Sales and Use Tax rate change is available [online](#).

Exempt Services

The following services to animals are examples of nontaxable services:

- Dental cleaning
- Diagnostic tests
- Disposal of animals through cremation or burial
- Euthanasia of animals
- Examinations
- Hospitalization
- Medical treatment
- Surgery
- Therapeutic treatment such as medicinal baths using prescription drugs administered by a veterinarian

Taxable Services

Separately stated charges for the following services to animals are taxable unless provided because of the animal's disease, injury, or other medical need. (If these services are simply included at no extra charge as part of the veterinarian's professional service, the professional service fee remains nontaxable.)

- Boarding
- Washing and shampooing
- Grooming
- Clipping and styling fur
- Trimming nails or claws

Purchases

Equipment

Veterinarians are required to pay tax on their purchases of all items of office equipment, surgical equipment, and all other machinery, apparatus, or equipment used in connection with the services they perform.

Purchases for Resale

Veterinarians may issue a valid **New Jersey Resale Certificate (Form ST-3)** or the **Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificate of Exemption (Form ST-SST)** and not pay Sales Tax on purchases of items that are intended for resale. Such items include insect sprays, powders, and collars. Veterinarians must collect and remit Sales Tax on the retail sales of those items to customers.

Consumable Items

Transactions are taxable when veterinarians purchase consumable items such as disposable supplies, drugs, medicines, vitamins, and mineral supplements for use in the treatment of animals. The veterinarian must pay tax when making such purchases because he/she is considered the retail purchaser of the items he uses in performing professional services for clients. Veterinarians must charge Sales Tax on retail sales of consumable items if those items are sold in the regular course of business, as if by pharmacists or retailers, or if the veterinarian separately states a charge to the customer as opposed to merely listing the items used in the performance of medical services. For example, if a bill says, "Vet services, including follow-up visit and medication – \$100," the bill is not subject to tax. However, if the bill separately states a charge for drugs, the medication is taxable.

Boarding Charges

In general, charges for the boarding of animals other than for medical reasons are subject to Sales Tax. Veterinarians purchasing food and medicine strictly for the care of boarded animals may issue a valid resale certificate to the seller in lieu of paying tax. Veterinarians must charge their customers Sales Tax on the food and medicine, as well as on the charges for boarding. (For an exception, see *Farmers* below.)

Charges for boarding horses are taxable. Charges for rental of a stall in which to keep a horse also are taxable, regardless of whether boarding services also are provided.

When an animal stays with the veterinarian for medical examination, treatment, or convalescence, the charges for this hospital stay are part of the veterinarian's charges for professional medical services. These charges are not treated as taxable boarding charges.

Farmers

Agricultural enterprises (enterprises that produce agricultural products for sale) are exempt from Sales Tax when they purchase feed, supplies, and medicines for the "farm animals" that they are in the business of raising for meat, fur, skins, food products (e.g., milk, eggs), or for breeding purposes. Such

a business may use a **Farmer's Exemption Certificate (Form ST-7)** or the **Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificate of Exemption (Form ST-SST)** and not pay Sales Tax when purchasing these items.

Veterinarians, however, may not issue an ST-7 exemption certificate, even if they are purchasing medicines and supplies used only in the treatment of "farm animals." Veterinarians must pay tax on the purchase of medicines and supplies used in treating animals.

A business that breeds or raises horses for sale is considered an agricultural enterprise for Sales Tax purposes. Agricultural enterprises in the business of breeding and raising horses for sale are exempt from Sales Tax on the charges for boarding a stud or brood mare for breeding purposes. When purchasing this service, the business may use Form ST-7 and not pay Sales Tax. However, a business that boards or trains horses, rents horses for riding, or keeps horses for the business owner's enjoyment is not an agricultural enterprise for Sales and Use Tax purposes and may not use Form ST-7.

Use Tax

When veterinarians purchase office equipment, supplies, or other taxable items from sellers that do not collect New Jersey Sales Tax, they may have to pay New Jersey Use Tax on those purchases. Use Tax is calculated at the same rate as Sales Tax on the price paid for all such items. In general, Use Tax is reported and paid on the New Jersey Sales and Use Tax returns (**Forms ST-50 and ST-51**). However, certain nonseller businesses (businesses that never sell taxable merchandise such as medicines, animal feed, or grooming supplies, or taxable services such as grooming), if qualified, are authorized to report and pay Use Tax using the **Annual Business Use Tax Return (Form ST-18B)**. For more information on Use Tax, see publication [ANJ-7](#), *Use Tax in New Jersey*.

For More Information

Contact the Division's Customer Service Center at 609-292-6400 or [email](#) us. Many State tax forms and publications are available on our [website](#).