(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Chairperson and Members of New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Authority as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages four through eight be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of cash receipts and disbursements, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of cash receipts and disbursements is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2025, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mercadien, P.C. Certified Public Aecauntants

January 16, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)	

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority (the "Authority") provides a discussion and analysis to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements as a whole.

Financial Highlights

On a cash basis, the Authority reimbursed the State's Special Transportation Fund \$1,687,000,000 in fiscal year 2024, for statewide transportation system improvements. After adjusting for accrued expenses, the Authority's total obligations to the Special Transportation Fund amounted to \$1,692,972,482 to fund statewide transportation system improvements during the fiscal year. This compares to reimbursements totaling \$1,962,000,000 and total obligations of \$1,962,118,327 in the prior fiscal year.

The term "net position" refers to the difference between assets and liabilities. At the close of fiscal year 2024, the Authority had a net deficit of \$(185,224,888) as compared to a net deficit of \$(256,018,362) at June 30, 2023. The Authority's net position increased in fiscal year 2024, primarily due to the fact that the issuance of the new money bond and other available resources exceeded the capital project and debt service expenditure levels.

In fiscal year 2024, the Authority received a total of \$625,284,735 in funding from the Transportation Trust Fund Subaccount for Capital Reserves (the "Subaccount"), comprised of \$286,435,317 in payas-you-go capital funding and \$338,849,418 for federal project costs. In fiscal year 2023, the Authority received a total of \$756,270,702 in funding from the Subaccount, comprised of \$464,055,534 in payas-you-go capital funding and \$292,215,168 for federal project costs. Per legislation, the Subaccount is funded with the excess of constitutionally-dedicated State revenues not needed to satisfy the Authority's debt service costs in the prior year. The current year decrease in pay-as-you-go capital funding mostly reflects the decline in the State's Petroleum Products Gross Receipts Tax ("PPGRT") revenues from fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2023.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Management's Discussion and Analysis section is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's financial statements, which are comprised of the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. The Authority is a single program government that combines government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information concerning the Authority's cash flow for the fiscal year.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances in a manner similar to that which would be used by a private-sector business.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators as to whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating. Net position decreases when expenditures exceed revenues and other funding sources and/or liabilities increase without a corresponding increase to assets, which may indicate a worsened financial position. The Authority's net position increased by \$70,793,474 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Net Position presents information that shows how the Authority's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as underlying events occur, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that may result in cash inflows or outflows in future periods.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Authority's cash flows for the fiscal year.

Financial Analysis

The largest portion of the Authority's net position reflects its cash and cash equivalents in current assets (e.g., accounts receivable, cash and cash equivalents and investments) less any related bonds outstanding and accounts payable. The Authority's current assets are restricted in use for payment of state transportation costs and bond issues outstanding.

				Percentage
			Change	Change
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	2024-2023	2024-2023
Cash and equivalents	\$ 473,128,561	\$ 705,213,971	\$ (232,085,410)	(32.91) %
Accounts receivable - State of New Jersey	20,820,450,210	19,976,709,803	843,740,407	4.22 %
Accrued Build America Bonds	-	10,921,975	(10,921,975)	(100.00) %
Unamortized bond discount	12,137,166	12,613,407	(476,241)	(3.78) %
Total assets	21,305,715,937	20,705,459,156	600,256,781	2.90 %
Accrued interest payable	31,084,932	30,670,395	414,537	1.35 %
Accounts payable - State of New Jersey	158,951,604	152,979,122	5,972,482	3.90 %
Accounts payable - other	168,378	336,211	(167,833)	(49.92) %
Bonds payable	,	•	, , ,	,
Due within one year	1,039,015,000	986,425,000	52,590,000	5.33 %
Due after one year	19,446,733,427	18,990,284,803	456,448,624	2.40 %
Unamortized bond premium	577,508,585	555,740,037	21,768,548	3.92 %
Total liabilities	21,253,461,926	20,716,435,568	537,026,358	2.59 %
Deferred inflows of resources	237,478,899	245,041,950	(7,563,051)	(3.09) %
Net position restricted for:				
Debt service	21,982,824	10,845,417	11,137,407	102.69 %
Deferred charges	(833,935,250)	(818,838,975)	(15,096,275)	(1.84) %
Payment of state	, , , , ,	, , , , , , ,	, , , , ,	, , , , ,
transportation system costs	626,727,538	551,975,196	74,752,342	13.54 %
Net deficit	\$ (185,224,888)	\$ (256,018,362)	\$ 70,793,474	27.65 %

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis (Continued)

			0.1	Percentage
	June 30, 2024	Ended June 30, 2023	Change 2024-2023	Change 2024-2023
Revenues	June 30, 2024	Julie 30, 2023	2024-2023	2024-2023
State appropriations				
Motor fuel taxes	\$ 471,593,091	\$ 468,727,350	\$ 2,865,741	0.61 %
Petroleum Products Gross Receipts Tax	844,093,280	813,367,764	30,725,516	3.78 %
Sales Tax	200,000,000	200,000,000	-	- %
Toll road authority	12,000,000	12,000,000	_	- %
Funding, Subaccount Capital Reserve	625,284,735	756,270,702	(130,985,967)	(17.32) %
Interest income and investment return	42,671,306	30,511,920	12,159,386	39.85 %
Amortization of bond premium and discount	46,788,467	56,333,604	(9,545,137)	(16.94) %
Total revenues	2,242,430,879	2,337,211,340	(94,780,461)	(4.06) %
Expenses		2,00.,2,0.0	(0.1,1.00,1.0.1)	(1100) 70
Operating expenses and financial costs	61.158	63,560	(2,402)	(3.78) %
State transportation costs	1,692,972,482	1,962,118,327	(269,145,845)	(13.72) %
Debt Service	, , . , .	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Bond interest expense, including				
amortization of deferred gain on				
advanced refunding	759,245,518	750,869,460	8,376,058	1.12 %
Bond interest expense, capital				
appreciation bonds	245,463,623	233,271,615	12,192,008	5.23 %
Total operating expenses	2,697,742,781	2,946,322,962	(248,580,181)	(8.44) %
Deficiencies of revenues over expenses	(455,311,902)	(609,111,622)	153,799,720	25.25 %
Other financing sources (uses)				
Build America Bond Credits	21,873,573	21,795,554	78,019	0.36 %
Bond issuance costs	(4,806,820)	(7,918,681)	3,111,861	39.30 %
Total other financing sources	17,066,753	13,876,873	3,189,880	22.99 %
Changes in net position	(438,245,149)	(595,234,749)	156,989,600	26.37 %
Net position				
Beginning of year	(256,018,362)	307,294,772	(563,313,134)	(183.31) %
Current year bond activity, net	509,038,623	31,921,615	477,117,008	1,494.65 %
Net deficit, end of year	\$ (185,224,888)	\$ (256,018,362)	\$ 70,793,474	27.65 %

Other Information

As of June 30, 2024, The Authority had \$20,485,748,427 in bonds and notes outstanding, net of unamortized bond accretions, as compared to \$19,976,709,803 in the prior fiscal year, an increase of 2.55%.

In fiscal year 2024, the Authority issued Transportation Program Bonds totaling \$1,250,000,000 which, with the related bond premium, will count against the Authority's 13-year, \$15.6 billion bonding authorization provided by P.L. 2024, c. 7 ("2024 Reauthorization").

During fiscal year 2024, the Authority retired a total of \$986,425,000 in bond principal through annual debt service payments, including \$238,275,000 of Garvee bond principal paid.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Other Information (Continued)

The Authority did not enter into any credit agreements subsequent to the close of fiscal year June 30, 2024. The Authority did not enter into any new Swap Agreements during fiscal year 2024.

The following information summarizes the changes in debt between fiscal years 2024 and 2023:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Change 2024-2023	Percentage Change 2024-2023
Bonds Payable	\$ 20,485,748,427	\$ 19,976,709,803	\$ 509,038,624	2.55 %

More detailed information about the Authority's bonds payable is presented in Note D of the financial statements.

Significant and Subsequent Events

In March 2024, the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Act was amended through the 2024 Reauthorization to renew the Transportation Trust Fund through fiscal year 2029. The 2024 Reauthorization authorizes a total of \$10.367 billion in appropriations for the State's Transportation Capital Program for fiscal years 2025 through 2029. Funding sources include revenues from the motor fuels tax, the PPGRT, the sales and use tax, and contributions from toll road authorities. Effective July 1, 2024, a new registration fee for zero emission vehicles was also created, with such revenues being deposited into the Subaccount and being available for appropriation for transportation projects. The 2024 Reauthorization allows annual adjustments to the PPGRT, effective January 1 each year, to meet revenue targets of \$2.032 billion in fiscal year 2025, \$2.115 billion in fiscal year 2026, \$2.199 billion in fiscal year 2027, \$2.282 billion in fiscal year 2028, and \$2.366 billion in fiscal year 2029. The Authority's authorization for the issuance of Transportation Program Bonds was increased and extended to \$15.6 billion through June 30, 2029 (previously \$12 billion through June 30, 2024).

In October 2024, the Authority issued 2024 Series A Transportation System Bonds in the amount of \$1,787,480,000, to purchase and refund prior issuances totaling \$1,976,375,000. The Authority also issued 2024 Series AA and BB Transportation Program Bonds in the amount of \$1,462,500,000, to purchase and refund prior issuances totaling \$1,437,360,000.

In December 2024, the Authority issued new money 2024 Series CC Transportation Program Bonds in the amount of \$1,500,000,000 in order to fund transportation project costs.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the New Jersey citizens, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability to the State of New Jersey and bondholders. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, you can contact the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority at 1035 Parkway Avenue, P.O. Box 600, Trenton, NJ 08625-0600 or visit its website at www.state.nj.us/ttfa.



NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2024

	<u> </u>	Special Revenue Fund	0	Other Funds (DSF)	Total Govern- mental Funds	irn- nds	Adjustments (Note G)	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable State of New Jarsey - Debt Service	↔	451,145,737	↔	21,982,824	\$ 473,128,561	8,561	\$ - \$ 708 708 705	\$ 473,128,561
Accounts receivable - State of New Jersey - Other Unamortized bond discount		334,701,783			334,701,783	1,783	- 12,137,166	334,701,783 334,701,783 12,137,166
Total assets	↔	785,847,520	\$	21,982,824	\$ 807,830,344	0,344	\$ 20,497,885,593	\$ 21,305,715,937
LIABILITIES	Ð		e		e		34 084 033	31 084 032
Accounts payable - State of New Jersey)	158,951,604)		158,951,604	1,604		_
Accounts payable - other		168,378		ı	16	168,378	1	168,378
Bonds and notes payable Due within one year		•		1			1,039,015,000	1,039,015,000
Due after one year		•		1		•	19,446,733,427	19,446,733,427
Unamortized bond premium		-		•		•	577,508,585	577,508,585
Total liabilities		159,119,982		1	159,119,982	9,982	21,094,341,944	21,253,461,926
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gains on advanced refundings		•		•		1	237,478,899	237,478,899
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Restricted for Debt service		•		21,982,824	21,982,824	2,824	ı	21,982,824
Deferred charges Payment of state transportation system costs		- 626,727,538			- 626,727,538	- 7,538	(833,935,250)	(833,935,250) 626,727,538
Total fund balances/net position (deficit)		626,727,538		21,982,824	648,710,362	0,362	(833,935,250)	(185,224,888)
I otal liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances/net position (deficit)	₩	785,847,520	છ	21,982,824	\$ 807,830,344	0,344	\$ 20,497,885,593	\$ 21,305,715,937

See notes to financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Fund	Other Funds (DSF)	Total Govern- mental Funds	Adjustments (Note G)	Statement of Net Position
REVENUES					
State appropriations equivalent to:					
Motor fuel taxes	\$ 471,593,091	· •	\$ 471,593,091	٠ ج	\$ 471,593,091
Petroleum Products Gross Receipts Tax	844,093,280	1	844,093,280		844,093,280
Sales Tax	200,000,000	1	200,000,000		200,000,000
Toll Road Authority	12,000,000	•	12,000,000	•	12,000,000
Funding Subaccount Capital Reserve	625,284,735	•	625,284,735	•	625,284,735
Interest income and investment return	42,671,306	•	42,671,306	•	42,671,306
Amortization of bond premium and discount, net	1	•	•	46,788,467	46,788,467
Total revenues	2,195,642,412	1	2,195,642,412	46,788,467	2,242,430,879
EXPENDITURES					
Operating expenses and financial costs	18,116	43,042	61,158	•	61,158
State transportation costs	1,692,972,482	•	1,692,972,482	•	1,692,972,482
Debt Service					
Principal	•	986,425,000	986,425,000	(986,425,000)	•
Bond interest expense, including amortization					
ot deterred gain on advanced retunding	•	766,394,030	766,394,030	(7,148,512)	759,245,518
Bond interest expense, capital appreciation bonds	•	1	,	245,463,623	245,463,623
Total expenditures	1,692,990,598	1,752,862,072	3,445,852,670	(748,109,889)	2,697,742,781
Excess/deficiency of revenues over expenditures	502,651,814	(1,752,862,072)	(1,250,210,258)	794,898,356	(455,311,902)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bonds and notes issued	1,250,000,000	•	1,250,000,000	(1,250,000,000)	1
Net bond premium	69,033,254	•	69,033,254	(69,033,254)	•
Transfers - internal activities	(1,742,125,906)	1,742,125,906	•		•
Build America Bond Credits	1	21,873,573	21,873,573	•	21,873,573
Bond issuance costs	(4,806,820)	•	(4,806,820)	•	(4,806,820)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(427,899,472)	1,763,999,479	1,336,100,007	(1,319,033,254)	17,066,753
Changes in fund balances/net position (deficit)	74,752,342	11,137,407	85,889,749	(524,134,898)	(438,245,149)
Fund balances/net position (deficit), beginning of year	551,975,196	10,845,417	562,820,613	(818,838,975)	(256,018,362)
Current year bond activity, net					
Fund balances/net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 626,727,538	\$ 21,982,824	\$ 648,710,362	\$ (833,935,250)	\$ (185,224,888)

See notes to financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Authority

The New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority (the "Authority"), located in Ewing, New Jersey, was created by the State of New Jersey (the "State") in 1984 pursuant to the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority Act in order to provide a stable, predictable funding mechanism for transportation system improvements undertaken by the New Jersey Department of Transportation and New Jersey Transit Corporation. The Authority also provides State aid to counties and municipalities for transportation system improvements.

Basis of Accounting

The Authority is a component unit of the State and is included in the general purpose financial statements of the State.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

In its accounting and financial reporting, the Authority follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and other entities that promulgate accounting principles. GASB Statement 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, establishes the order of priority of pronouncements and other sources of accounting and financial reporting guidance that a governmental entity should apply. Per the Statement, the sources of authoritative generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") are categorized in descending order of authority as follows: GASB Statements and Interpretations, GASB Technical Bulletins, Implementation Guides, and literature of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA") cleared by the GASB. Authoritative GAAP is incorporated periodically into the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (Codification), and when presented in the Codification, it retains its authoritative status. If the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP described above, a governmental entity should first consider accounting principles for similar transactions or other events within a source of authoritative GAAP described above and then may consider non-authoritative accounting literature from other sources. These include GASB Concepts Statements; pronouncements and other literature of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board, International Public Sector Accounting Standards Board, and International Accounting Standards Board, and AICPA literature not cleared by the GASB; practices that are widely recognized and prevalent in state and local government; literature of other professional associations or regulatory agencies; and accounting textbooks, handbooks and articles.

The basic financial statements consist of government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

The Authority, as a single program government, combines governmental fund (modified accrual basis) and government-wide (accrual basis) financial statements, which are linked together by the reconciliation of differences between the Governmental Funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements (see Note G).

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared under the current economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenditures are recognized when incurred.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared under the current financial resources measurement focus and on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this rule is that principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Accounts

In accordance with the 1995 Bond Resolution, the Authority has established the following fund accounts:

Fund Accounts	Amount	Use for Which Restricted
Special Revenue Fund (General Fund) Transportation Improvement	Deposit of all revenues received by the Authority. Also used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of State transportation costs.	Expenditures for specific purposes.
Debt Service Fund (DSF)	Amounts needed to pay matured principal and interest on bonds.	Bond interest and principal payments.

Income Taxes

As a public body, under existing statute, the Authority is exempt from both federal and State taxes.

Revenues

The primary sources of revenues are appropriations received from the State from Motor Fuel, Petroleum Products Gross Receipts Tax ("PPGRT") and sales taxes, the toll road authorities, and pay-as-you-go capital funding. As provided for in the 2016 and 2024 Transportation Trust Fund Reauthorization Acts, pay-as-you-go represents the excess of constitutionally-dedicated PPGRT revenue not needed to satisfy current year debt service costs that is deposited into the Transportation Trust Fund Subaccount for Capital Reserves ("Subaccount").

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Bond Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are reported as deferred revenues (liabilities) and are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized as revenue when received.

Bond Discount

In the government-wide financial statements, bond discounts are recognized as deferred charges (assets) and are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond discounts are recognized as expenditures when received.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gain on advanced refunding of bonds is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and is amortized over the life of old debt or the life of new debt, whichever is shorter.

Restricted Net Position

In accordance with the terms of the various bond resolutions, cash and equivalents and investments of all funds required under such bond resolutions are classified as restricted assets. The amounts by which the restricted assets exceed the corresponding liabilities they will liquidate are not available for the payment of current operating expenses.

Accounts Receivable

The following is a summary of receivables due from the State primarily to fund future bonds payable.

Due within one year	\$ 1,039,015,000
Due after one year	19,446,733,427
	\$ 20,485,748,427

The following is a summary of receivables due from the State for other purposes:

Pay-as-you-go Capital Funding	\$ 286,435,317
Petroleum Products Gross Receipts Tax	48,816,466
Less: Excess Debt Service Funds Received	
from State	 (550,000)
	\$ 334,701,783

B. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

Cash and equivalents consist primarily of State cash management fund deposits. New Jersey statutes permit the deposit of public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund ("NJCMF") or in institutions located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by any other agencies of the United States that insure deposits. NJCMF is considered to be an investment trust fund as defined in GASB Statement No. 31.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed insurance limits as follows:

- (a) The market value of the collateral must equal 5% of the average daily balance of public funds; or
- (b) If the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its cash and investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority's NJCMF funds are not subject to custodial credit risk due to the fact that the funds are held by and in the name of the NJCMF in a segregated trust account with a third-party custodian rather than in the possession of a third-party custodian. Additionally, cash and equivalents and investments of the Authority are substantially restricted under the terms of the Authority's bond resolutions for the payment of bond principal and interest expense and the extension of project loans. The bond resolutions limit investments to vehicles with limited or no custodial credit risk such as obligations of the U.S. government or its agencies, investments in certain certificates of deposit of commercial banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System, investments in cash management pools that restrict investments to U.S. government securities, money market funds that invest in high-grade AAA-rated securities, and direct and general obligations of any state that meets the minimum requirements of the resolution.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Credit risk is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's), Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P), and Fitch Ratings (Fitch). Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. Though the underlying assets and investments of the NJCMF pool are subject to credit risk, the risk is limited by a mix of the credit quality ratings of the assets in the portfolio maintained by the NJCMF.

Cash and equivalents at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

NJCMF		\$ 450,649,385
US Bank		22,479,176
Total	_	\$ 473,128,561

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The investments maintained by the Authority are not subject to interest rate risk.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

C. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE - STATE OF NEW JERSEY

The balance due of \$158,951,604 consists of amounts due the State of New Jersey Special Transportation Fund for reimbursement of State, local and New Jersey Transit transportation costs.

D. BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Bonds and notes payable consist of Transportation System Bonds Payable, Transportation Program Bonds Payable, and Federal Highway Revenue Reimbursement Notes (Indirect Garvees) Payable. Bond resolutions have been adopted by the Authority which authorize the issuance of bonds and notes to fund transportation system improvements in the State of New Jersey.

Transportation System Bonds refer to bonds issued pursuant to authorizations previously provided in P.L. 1995, c. 108 and P.L. 2006, c.3, as well as any bonds issued to refund those prior bonds. Transportation Program Bonds refer to bonds issued pursuant to P.L. 2012, c.13, P.L. 2016, c.56, and the most recent authorization enacted in March 2024, (P.L. 2024, c.7) and any bonds subsequently issued to refund those particular bonds.

The Transportation Program Bonds are issued as "state contract" debt backed by a contract between the State Treasurer and the Authority. This contract pledges that constitutionally-dedicated revenues appropriated by the Legislature will be made available to the Authority for debt service payments on its Transportation Program Bonds.

The Transportation System Bonds are secured by a separate contract between the State Treasurer and the Authority which pledges that any dedicated New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority revenues appropriated by the Legislature to the payment of such bonds will be made available to the Authority for debt service payments.

For Federal Indirect Garvee bonds, the state agency issuer submits eligible project expenses to the Federal Highway Administration for reimbursement, and a portion of such reimbursements is used to pay the resulting debt service on the Indirect Garvees. Indirect Garvee bonds are typically used to finance a series of future projects, the exact details of which have yet to be determined. Future federal appropriations are pledged to pay debt service on Indirect Garvee bonds and the State can decide whether additional revenues beyond federal appropriations will be pledged to provide security to the bond holders.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

D. BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of transportation system bonds, transportation program bonds, and Federal Highway Revenue Reimbursement notes outstanding:

		Bonds Outstanding (in Thousands)			Bonds Outstanding (in Thousands)	Amounts Due Within
Corios	Interest Rate Range	June 30, 2023	Additions (in Thousands)	Reductions (in Thousands)	June 30, 2024	One Year (in Thousands)
Series 2004 Series A	5.75%	\$ 73,645	\$ -	\$ 35,795	\$ 37,850	\$ 37,850
2005 Series B	5.25%	73,230	Ψ - -	73,230	Ψ 37,000	Ψ 37,030
2006 Series A	4.25%-5.50%	174,605	_	174,605	_	_
2006 Series C	4.93%-5.05%	3,708,585	_	-	3,708,585	248,330
2008 Series A	6.12%-6.75%	1,422,955	_	33,000	1,389,955	20,000
2009 Series A	6.23%-6.40%	869,075	_	33,000	869,075	20,000
2009 Series C Note	5.25%	150,000		_	150,000	
2009 Series C Note	5.00%	147,500	_	_	147,500	
2010 Series A	5.85%-6.25%	1,273,180	_	_	1,273,180	_
2010 Series B	6.56%	500,000	_	_	500,000	
2010 Series C	5.75%	575,000		_	575,000	133,390
2010 Series D	4.00%-5.25%	379,480	_	285,280	94,200	94,200
2013 Series A	4.00%-5.00%	14,445	_	14,445	54,200	54,200
2014 Series AA	4.25%-5.00%	604,335	_	27,520	576.815	29,025
2014 Series BB-1	5.00%	150,000	_	21,020	150,000	23,023
2014 Series BB-1 2014 Series BB-2	5.00%	114,195		_	114,195	
2014 Series AA	4.00%-5.25%	549,330	_	13,280	536,050	13,860
2016 A Garvee	4.10%-5.00%	860,810	-	88,045	772,765	7,225
2016 B Garvee	3.01%-3.23%	500,000	-	00,043	500,000	242,725
2018 A Garvee	3.00-5.00%	851,580	_	150,230	701,350	242,723
2018 Series A	4.00%-5.00%	1,531,595	-	27,840	1,503,755	39,350
2019 Series AA	3.75%-5.25%	750.000	_	27,040	750.000	39,330
2019 Series AA 2019 Series BB	3.25%-5.00%	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	-
2019 Series A	4.00%-5.00%	618,835	-	-	618,835	96,200
2019 Series B	4.08%-4.13%	380,090	-	-	380,090	90,200
2020 Series AA	3.00%-5.00%	1,500,000	_	_	1,500,000	
2020 Series AA 2021 Series A	4.00%-5.00%	580,420	-	-	580,420	27,335
2021 Series A 2022 Series A	4.00%	304,500	-	_	304,500	21,555
2022 Series AA	5.00%	586,615	-	2,920	583,695	27,375
2022 Series BB	3.00%-5.00%	750,000	-	2,920	750.000	21,313
2022 Series CC	5.00%-5.25%	750,000	-	_	750,000	_
2022 Series CC 2023 Series A	4.25%-5.25%	425,050	-	40,580	384,470	-
2023 Series AA	4.25%-5.00%	692,905	-	19,655	673,250	21,940
2023 Series AA 2023 Series BB	5.00%-5.25%	092,903	1,250,000	19,655	1,250,000	21,940
ZUZJ SEHES DD	5.00%-5.25%	22,861,960	1,250,000	986,425	23,125,535	1,039,015
Less bond accretion		(2,885,250)	1,230,000	(245,464)	(2,639,787)	1,038,013
Total		\$ 19,976,710	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 740,961	\$ 20,485,748	\$ 1,039,015
ı Ulai		ψ 13,370,710	ψ 1,200,000	Ψ /40,961	ψ 20,465,746	φ 1,038,013

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

D. BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Total maturities of transportation system bonds, transportation program bonds, and Federal Highway Revenue Reimbursement notes are as follows:

	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
Year Ending June 30,	 _	 _	 _
2025	\$ 1,039,015,000	\$ 748,915,965	\$ 1,787,930,965
2026	1,063,640,000	717,521,070	1,781,161,070
2027	1,069,170,000	691,218,992	1,760,388,992
2028	1,120,865,000	657,160,179	1,778,025,179
2029	1,219,680,000	620,838,130	1,840,518,130
2030-2034	5,115,670,000	2,613,667,327	7,729,337,327
2035-2039	5,639,210,000	1,878,588,501	7,517,798,501
2040-2044	4,363,160,000	1,019,538,192	5,382,698,192
2045-2049	2,077,420,000	380,977,888	2,458,397,888
2050	417,705,000	 19,011,313	 436,716,313
Total	\$ 23,125,535,000	\$ 9,347,437,557	\$ 32,472,972,557
Less: unamortized bond			
accretion	 2,639,786,573		
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 20,485,748,427		

Interest payments vary by series. The majority of the Authority's debts have fixed rate interest payments, payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15. Excluded from these debts are capital appreciation bonds. Capital appreciation bonds do not pay interest periodically, but add the interest value to the face value of the bond to be paid at maturity.

The bonds are secured primarily by revenues received by the Authority from the State. The payment of all such revenues to the Authority is subject to and dependent upon appropriations being made from time to time by the State Legislature. The State Legislature has no legal obligation to make such appropriations.

2006 Series C and 2008, 2009, and 2010 Series A - Capital Appreciation Bonds

The Series 2006C, 2008A, 2009A and 2010A bonds were issued as capital appreciation bonds. The bonds were originally issued at principal values of \$1,115,496,792, \$1,122,744,638, \$416,230,924 and \$859,253,361, respectively. Portions of the total issuances that were capital appreciation bonds were \$1,115,496,792, \$249,999,638, \$142,730,924 and \$359,253,361, respectively. Interest on each series is not payable on a current basis. Interest is calculated on the basis of a 360-day year and is part of the accreted value from the date of issuance through the date of maturity or prior redemption, compounded semi-annually each June and December 15th. The accreted values of the bonds reflect the initial principal of the bonds as noted above plus the interest accrued from the date of issuance. As of June 30, 2024, capital appreciation bonds are reported net of their unamortized bond accretion values of \$980,646,404, \$734,176,958, \$502,101,276 and \$422,861,935, respectively. The bonds are payable upon the respective maturity dates at the accreted values or prior to maturity at the greater of the accreted values and the present value of the accreted value discounted at the applicable tax-exempt municipal bond rate plus 30 basis points. Total accreted values at maturity are expected to be \$3,708,585,000, \$1,422,955,000, \$869,075,000 and \$1,273,180,000, respectively.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

D. BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

2010 Series B and 2010 Series C - Build America Bonds

The 2010 Series B and 2010 Series C Transportation System Bonds were issued as Build America Bonds. These federally taxable bonds were issued in connection with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, constituting Section 54AA of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for which the Authority, through the State, is entitled to receive a cash subsidy from the United States Treasury equal to 35% of the interest payable on each bond series on each interest payment date. The Budget Control Act of 2011 reduced the amount of the subsidy paid by the United States Treasury.

In fiscal year 2020 the Authority fully refunded the 2009 Series B bonds and partially refunded the 2010 Series C bonds, reducing the amount of qualifying federally taxable bond tax credits by approximately 40%. The Authority received credits totaling \$21,873,573 in fiscal year 2024. This represents 33% of the total interest due on June and December 15th for these series and a 2% decrease on the original subsidy.

There can be no certainty the United States Treasury will not make further cuts to the program. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to their maturity at the option of the Authority upon a material reduction or elimination of the subsidy payments.

2016 Series A and B Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Notes (Indirect Garvees)

On November 2, 2016, the Authority issued \$3,241,425,000 of Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Notes (Indirect Garvees) which consisted of \$2,741,425,000 of publicly offered 2016 Series A Indirect Garvees and \$500,000,000 of 2016 Series B Indirect Garvees, which are bank loan notes, purchased by Bank of America, N.A. Both series of notes are secured solely through reimbursements received by or on behalf of the New Jersey Department of Transportation pursuant to Title 23 of the United States Code from the Federal Highway Administration. The proceeds were used to fund Transportation Capital Program expenditures for fiscal years 2017, 2018 and part of fiscal year 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, a total of \$145,801,505 in debt service (\$88,045,000 in principal and \$57,756,505 in interest) was paid on these obligations.

2018 Series A Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Refunding Notes (Indirect Garvees)

On July 25, 2018, the Authority issued \$1,195,730,000 of Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Refunding Notes (Indirect Garvees). These notes are secured through reimbursements received by, or on behalf of the New Jersey Department of Transportation pursuant to Title 23 of the United States Code from the Federal Highway Administration. The proceeds were used to refund \$1,300,000,000 in 2016 Series A Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Notes for fiscal year 2019 and generated \$124 million in net present value debt service savings.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, a total of \$192,497,913 in debt service (\$150,230,000 in principal and \$42,267,913 in interest) was paid on these obligations. Combined with the 2016 Series A and B Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Notes, a total of \$338,299,418 in debt service was paid on the Federal Highway Reimbursement Revenue Notes for the year ended June 30, 2024.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

D. BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

New Bonds Issued in FY 2024

In fiscal year 2024, the Authority issued \$1,250,000,000 in 2023 Series BB Transportation Program Bonds. The proceeds of any new Transportation Program Bond issuance and associated bond premiums are used to support transportation projects within the State of New Jersey.

E. REFUNDINGS

When conditions warrant, the Authority sells various issues of bonds to provide for the refunding of previously issued obligations in order to achieve interest cost savings. A bond refunding is typically categorized as either current, in which outstanding bonds are called and paid off within 90 days, an advanced refunding, in which the new bond proceeds are placed into escrow until the call date of the bonds, or a forward refunding, in which an issuer and underwriter agree that the issuer will issue refunding bonds on a specified future date and which the underwriter will purchase those bonds at a specified price. The funds originally pledged for the prior bonds secures the refunding bonds.

The proceeds received from the sales of the bond issues are used to currently refund the outstanding bond issues or to deposit into an irrevocable escrow fund held by an escrow agent, an amount that, when combined with interest earnings thereon, will be at least equal to the sum of the first optional redemption date thereof and the premium required to redeem the bonds outstanding on such date. Accordingly, the Authority's assets and the liabilities for defeased bonds are not included in the Authority's financial statements. Typically, these transactions result in a deduction of debt service over the term of the bonds.

There were no bond refundings for the Authority in fiscal year 2024.

As of June 30, 2024, the Authority has approximately \$10,893,690,000 bonds outstanding which have been previously defeased and are secured by investments held in escrow by the bond trustee. The escrow accounts are not controlled by the Authority. The bonds are considered extinguished and accordingly, the assets and related debt obligations are not reflected on the financial statements of the Authority.

F. CONCENTRATION OF RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

Cash and Equivalents

The Authority maintains cash and short-term investment balances which may exceed federally insured limits. It historically has not experienced any credit-related losses.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

G. ADJUSTMENTS - RECONCILIATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Long-term liabilities (bonds payable, notes payable and accrued interest payable) applicable to the Authority's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long term, are reported in the statement of net position. Balances as of June 30, 2024, were:

Bonds payable (June 30, 2023)	\$ 19,976,709,803
Add issuance of bonds and notes	1,250,000,000
Less scheduled principal payments	(986,425,000)
Less net principal reduction from refunded debt	-
Add accretion of capital appreciation bonds	245,463,624
Bonds payable (June 30, 2024)	\$ 20,485,748,427
Accrued interest payable	\$ 31,084,932

(2) Bonds and notes issued and net bond premium proceeds contribute to the change in fund balance in governmental funds. In the government-wide statements, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities.

Proceeds consisting of bonds and notes issued and net bond premium were received from:

2023 Series BB Transportation Program Bonds	\$ 1,319,033,254
Total	\$ 1,319,033,254

(3) Repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and thus reduces the net position/fund balances. For the Authority as a whole, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in an expense in the statement of activities. Principal payments, including amounts required for refunding bond issues, were made as follows:

Total	\$ 986,425,000
Scheduled principal payments of Garvee Bonds	238,275,000
Scheduled principal payments	\$ 748,150,000

(4) Unamortized bond premium is recorded as deferred revenue (other liabilities) in the statement of net position and is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization revenue is recorded in the statement of activities. In governmental funds financial statements, bond premiums are recognized as revenue when received. Balances as of June 30, 2024, were:

Bond premium	\$ 1,205,180,234
Accumulated amortization	(627,671,649)
Total unamortized bond premium	\$ 577,508,585
Amortization revenue	\$ 47,264,707

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

G. ADJUSTMENTS - RECONCILIATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(5) Unamortized bond discount is recorded as an asset (deferred charge) in the statement of net position and is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization expense is recorded in the statement of activities. In governmental funds financial statements, bond discounts are expensed when incurred. Balances as of June 30, 2024, were:

Bond discount	\$ 14,322,811
Accumulated amortization	 (2,185,645)
Total unamortized bond discount	\$ 12,137,166
Amortization expense	\$ 476,240

(6) Deferred gain on advanced refundings is recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the statement of net position and is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of new debt, whichever is shorter. Amortization revenue is recorded in the statement of activities. In governmental funds financial statements, deferred gain on advanced refunding is not applicable. Balances as of June 30, 2024, were:

Net gain on advanced refunding	\$ 258,269,332
Net loss on advanced refunding	(20,790,433)
Net deferred gain on advanced refundings	\$ 237,478,899
Amortization revenue as a component of interest expense	\$ 7,563,051

The adjustment related to current year bond activity, net, is comprised of the following:

Bond principal payments	\$ (986,425,000)
Net bond premium	(69,033,254)
Bond issuance costs	4,806,820
Net bond proceeds	1,314,226,434
Escrow Fund Deposit	-
Capital appreciation bonds	245,463,623
Current year bond activity, net	\$ 509,038,623

H. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Effective July 1, 2024, a new registration fee for zero emission vehicles was also created, with such revenues being deposited into the Subaccount and being available for appropriation for transportation projects. The 2024 Reauthorization allows annual adjustments to the PPGRT, effective January 1 each year, to meet revenue targets of \$2.032 billion in fiscal year 2025, \$2.115 billion in fiscal year 2026, \$2.199 billion in fiscal year 2027, \$2.282 billion in fiscal year 2028, and \$2.366 billion in fiscal year 2029. The Authority's authorization for the issuance of Transportation Program Bonds was increased and extended to \$15.6 billion through June 30, 2029 (previously \$12 billion through June 30, 2024).

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

H. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

In October 2024, the Authority issued 2024 Series A Transportation System Bonds in the amount of \$1,787,480,000, to purchase and refund prior issuances totaling \$1,976,375,000. The Authority also issued 2024 Series AA and BB Transportation Program Bonds in the amount of \$1,462,500,000, to purchase and refund prior issuances totaling \$1,437,360,000.

In December 2024, the Authority issued new money 2024 Series CC Transportation Program Bonds in the amount of \$1,500,000,000 in order to fund transportation project costs.



(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

32,795,547	ca Bond Credits 32,795,547 12,000,000	uthority - 200,000,000	Total \$ 620,926 471,593,091 697,643,281 200,000,000 44,795,547 33,621,000 1,447,652,919 1,116,736 685,513,362 728,456,260 32,795,547	Debt Service 471,593,091 697,643,281 200,000,000 12,000,000 32,733,250 1,413,969,622 - 685,513,362 -	Transportation Improvement \$ 620,926	Cash Balances, June 30, 2023 RECEIPTS Motor fuel taxes Petroleum Products Gross Receipts and Sales Tax Toll Road Authority Build America Bond Credits Operating transfers in Total Receipts DISBURSEMENTS Operating expenses and financial costs Bond interest expense Principal retirement of bonds payable Operating transfers out
	987,750 33,683,297 d financial costs 1,116,736 - 1,116,736	32,795,547 887,750 33,683,297 JRSEMENTS d financial costs 1,116,736 - onds payable - 32,795,547		1,413,969,622	33,912,283	Total Disbursements Cash Balances June 30 2024
	887,750 33,683,297 3URSEMENTS and financial costs 1,116,736	32,795,547 887,750 33,683,297 EMENTS ancial costs 1,116,736		728,456,260	•	tirement of bonds payable
onds payable -	33,683,297	32,795,547 887,750 33,683,297 EMENTS ancial costs 1,116,736		685,513,362	1	est expense
onds payable -	887,750 33,683,297 3URSEMENTS	32,795,547 887,750 33,683,297 EMENTS		1	1,116,736	expenses and financial costs
d financial costs 1,116,736 -	33,683,297	32,795,547 887,750 33,683,297				DISBURSEMENTS
JRSEMENTS d financial costs - onds payable -	887,750	32,795,547 887,750	ļ	1,413,969,622	33,683,297	pts
33,683,297 JRSEMENTS d financial costs - onds payable -		32,795,547	l	32,733,250	887,750	ansfers in
- 32,795,547 887,750 887,750 33,683,297 JRSEMENTS 4 financial costs 1,116,736				697,643,281	•	Products Gross Receipts and Sales Tax
- 32,795,547 edits 887,750 JRSEMENTS 1,116,736 onds payable		1		471,593,091	ı	axes
	- icts Gross Receipts and Sales Tax - rity	- lcts Gross Receipts and Sales Tax				RECEIPTS
ECEIPTS	RECEIPTS - Icts Gross Receipts and Sales Tax -	RECEIPTS - Icts Gross Receipts and Sales Tax		€		ces, June 30, 2023
## 620,926 ## ## 620,926 ## ## 620,926 ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	\$ 620,926 \$ 'S - eipts and Sales Tax -	\$ 620,926 \$		Debt Service	Transportation Improvement	

Note: Cash balances consist of checking account activity only.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Chairperson and Members of New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each fund of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected or corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mercadien, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

January 16, 2025

NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None reported.

NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

None reported.